

ASM[®] HANDBOOK

Volume

3

Alloy Phase Diagrams



The Materials
Information Society

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Section 1

Introduction to Alloy Phase Diagrams

Hugh Baker, Editor

ALLOY PHASE DIAGRAMS are useful to metallurgists, materials engineers, and materials scientists in four major areas: (1) development of new alloys for specific applications, (2) fabrication of these alloys into useful configurations, (3) design and control of heat treatment procedures for specific alloys that will produce the required mechanical, physical, and chemical properties, and (4) solving problems that arise with specific alloys in their performance in commercial applications, thus improving product predictability. In all these areas, the use of phase diagrams allows research, development, and production to be done more efficiently and cost effectively.

In the area of alloy development, phase diagrams have proved invaluable for tailoring existing alloys to avoid overdesign in current applications, designing improved alloys for existing and new applications, designing special alloys for special applications, and developing alternative alloys or alloys with substitute alloying elements to replace those containing scarce, expensive, hazardous, or "critical" alloying elements. Application of alloy phase diagrams in processing includes their use to select proper parameters for working ingots, blooms, and billets, finding causes and cures for microporosity and cracks in castings and welds, controlling solution heat treating to prevent damage caused by incipient melting, and developing new processing technology.

In the area of performance, phase diagrams give an indication of which phases are thermodynamically stable in an alloy and can be expected to be present over a long time when the part is subjected to a particular temperature (e.g., in an automotive

exhaust system). Phase diagrams also are consulted when attacking service problems such as pitting and intergranular corrosion, hydrogen damage, and hot corrosion.

In a majority of the more widely used commercial alloys, the allowable composition range encompasses only a small portion of the relevant phase diagram. The nonequilibrium conditions that are usually encountered in practice, however, necessitate the knowledge of a much greater portion of the diagram. Therefore, a thorough understanding of alloy phase diagrams in general and their practical use will prove to be of great help to a metallurgist expected to solve problems in any of the areas mentioned above.

Common Terms

Before the subject of alloy phase diagrams is discussed in detail, several of the commonly used terms will be discussed.

Phases. All materials exist in gaseous, liquid, or solid form (usually referred to as a *phase*), depending on the conditions of state. *State variables* include composition, temperature, pressure, magnetic field, electrostatic field, gravitational field, and so on. The term "phase" refers to that region of space occupied by a physically homogeneous material. However, there are two uses of the term: the strict sense normally used by physical scientists and the somewhat looser sense normally used by materials engineers.

In the strictest sense, homogeneous means that the physical properties throughout the region of space occupied by the phase are absolutely identical, and any change in condition of state, no matter how small, will result in a different phase. For example, a sample of solid metal with an apparently homogeneous appearance is not truly a single-phase material, because the pressure condition varies in the sample due to its own weight in the gravitational field.

In a phase diagram, however, each single-phase field (phase fields are discussed in a following section) is usually given a single label, and engineers often find it convenient to use this label to refer to all the materials lying within the field, regardless of how much the physical properties of the materials continuously change from one part of the field to another. This means that in engineering practice, the distinction between the

terms "phase" and "phase field" is seldom made, and all materials having the same phase name are referred to as the same phase.

Equilibrium. There are three types of equilibria: stable, metastable, and unstable. These three conditions are illustrated in a mechanical sense in Fig. 1. Stable equilibrium exists when the object is in its lowest energy condition; metastable equilibrium exists when additional energy must be introduced before the object can reach true stability; unstable equilibrium exists when no additional energy is needed before reaching metastability or stability. Although true stable equilibrium conditions seldom exist in metal objects, the study of equilibrium systems is extremely valuable, because it constitutes a limiting condition from which actual conditions can be estimated.

Polymorphism. The structure of solid elements and compounds under stable equilibrium conditions is crystalline, and the crystal structure of each is unique. Some elements and compounds, however, are *polymorphic* (multishaped); that is, their structure transforms from one crystal structure to another with changes in temperature and pressure, each unique structure constituting a distinctively separate phase. The term *allotropy* (existing in another form) is usually used to describe polymorphic changes in chemical elements. Crystal structure of metals and alloys is discussed in a later section of this Introduction; the allotropic transformations of the elements are listed in the Appendix to this Volume.

Metastable Phases. Under some conditions, metastable crystal structures can form instead of stable structures. Rapid freezing is a common method of producing metastable structures, but some (such as Fe_3C , or "cementite") are produced at moderately slow cooling rates. With extremely rapid freezing, even thermodynamically unstable structures (such as amorphous metal "glasses") can be produced.

Systems. A physical system consists of a substance (or a group of substances) that is isolated from its surroundings, a concept used to facilitate study of the effects of conditions of state. "Isolated" means that there is no interchange of mass between the substance and its surroundings. The substances in alloy systems, for example, might be two metals, such as copper and zinc; a metal and a nonmetal, such as iron and carbon; a metal and an intermetallic compound, such as iron and cementite; or several metals, such as aluminum,

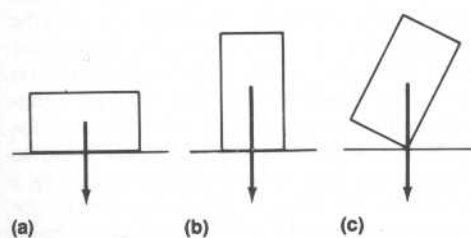


Fig. 1 Mechanical equilibria: (a) Stable, (b) Metastable, (c) Unstable

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magnesium, and manganese. These substances constitute the *components* comprising the system and should not be confused with the various phases found within the system. A system, however, also can consist of a single component, such as an element or compound.

Phase Diagrams. In order to record and visualize the results of studying the effects of state variables on a system, diagrams were devised to show the relationships between the various phases that appear within the system under equilibrium conditions. As such, the diagrams are variously called *constitutional diagrams*, *equilibrium diagrams*, or *phase diagrams*. A single-component phase diagram can be simply a one- or two-dimensional plot showing the phase changes in the substance as temperature and/or pressure change. Most diagrams, however, are two- or three-dimensional plots describing the phase relationships in systems made up of two or more components, and these usually contain fields (areas) consisting of mixed-phase fields, as well as single-phase fields. The plotting schemes in common use are described in greater detail in subsequent sections of this Introduction.

System Components. Phase diagrams and the systems they describe are often classified and named for the number (in Latin) of components in the system:

Number of components	Name of system or diagram
One	Unary
Two	Binary
Three	Ternary
Four	Quaternary
Five	Quinary
Six	Sexinary
Seven	Septenary
Eight	Octanary
Nine	Nonary
Ten	Decinary

Phase Rule. The *phase rule*, first announced by J. Willard Gibbs in 1876, relates the physical state of a mixture to the number of constituents in the system and to its conditions. It was also Gibbs who first called each homogeneous region in a system by the term "phase." When pressure and temperature are the state variables, the rule can be written as follows:

$$f = c - p + 2$$

where f is the number of independent variables (called *degrees of freedom*), c is the number of components, and p is the number of stable phases in the system.

Unary Diagrams

Invariant Equilibrium. According to the phase rule, three phases can exist in stable equilibrium only at a single point on a unary diagram ($f = 1 - 3 + 2 = 0$). This limitation is illustrated as point O in the hypothetical unary pressure-temperature (PT) diagram shown in Fig. 2. In this diagram, the three states (or phases)—solid, liquid, and gas—are represented by the three correspondingly la-

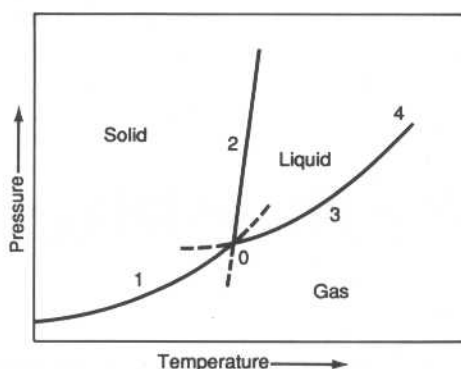


Fig. 2 Schematic pressure-temperature phase diagram

beled fields. Stable equilibrium between any two phases occurs along their mutual boundary, and *invariant equilibrium* among all three phases occurs at the so-called *triple point*, O , where the three boundaries intersect. This point also is called an *invariant point* because, at that location on the diagram, all externally controllable factors are fixed (no degrees of freedom). At this point, all three states (phases) are in equilibrium, but any changes in pressure and/or temperature will cause one or two of the states (phases) to disappear.

Univariant Equilibrium. The phase rule says that stable equilibrium between two phases in a unary system allows one degree of freedom ($f = 1 - 2 + 2$). This condition, called *univariant equilibrium* or *monovariant equilibrium*, is illustrated as lines 1, 2, and 3 separating the single-phase fields in Fig. 2. Either pressure or temperature may be freely selected, but not both. Once a pressure is selected, there is only one temperature that will satisfy equilibrium conditions, and conversely. The three curves that issue from the triple point are called *triple curves*: line 1, representing the reaction between the solid and the gas phases, is the *sublimation curve*; line 2 is the *melting curve*; and line 3 is the *vaporization curve*. The vaporization curve ends at point 4, called a *critical point*, where the physical distinction between the liquid and gas phases disappears.

Bivariant Equilibrium. If both the pressure and temperature in a unary system are freely and arbitrarily selected, the situation corresponds to having two degrees of freedom, and the phase rule says that only one phase can exist in stable equilibrium ($p = 1 - 2 + 2$). This situation is called *bivariant equilibrium*.

Binary Diagrams

If the system being considered comprises two components, a composition axis must be added to the PT plot, requiring construction of a three-dimensional graph. Most metallurgical problems, however, are concerned only with a fixed pressure of one atmosphere, and the graph reduces to a two-dimensional plot of temperature and composition (TX diagram).

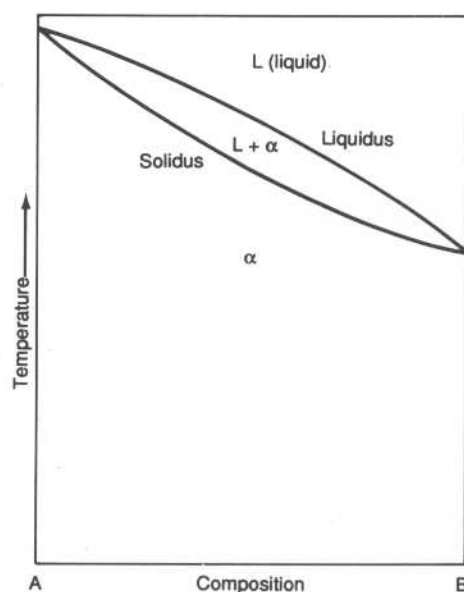


Fig. 3 Schematic binary phase diagram showing miscibility in both the liquid and solid states

The Gibbs phase rule applies to all states of matter (solid, liquid, and gaseous), but when the effect of pressure is constant, the rule reduces to:

$$f = c - p + 1$$

The stable equilibria for binary systems are summarized as follows:

Number of components	Number of phases	Degrees of freedom	Equilibrium
2	3	0	Invariant
2	2	1	Univariant
2	1	2	Bivariant

Miscible Solids. Many systems are comprised of components having the same crystal structure, and the components of some of these systems are completely miscible (completely soluble in each other) in the solid form, thus forming a *continuous solid solution*. When this occurs in a binary system, the phase diagram usually has the general appearance of that shown in Fig. 3. The diagram consists of two single-phase fields separated by a two-phase field. The boundary between the liquid field and the two-phase field in Fig. 3 is called the *liquidus*; that between the two-phase field and the solid field is the *solidus*. In general, a liquidus is the locus of points in a phase diagram representing the temperatures at which alloys of the various compositions of the system begin to freeze on cooling or finish melting on heating; a solidus is the locus of points representing the temperatures at which the various alloys finish freezing on cooling or begin melting on heating. The phases in equilibrium across the two-phase field in Fig. 3 (the liquid and solid solutions) are called *conjugate phases*.

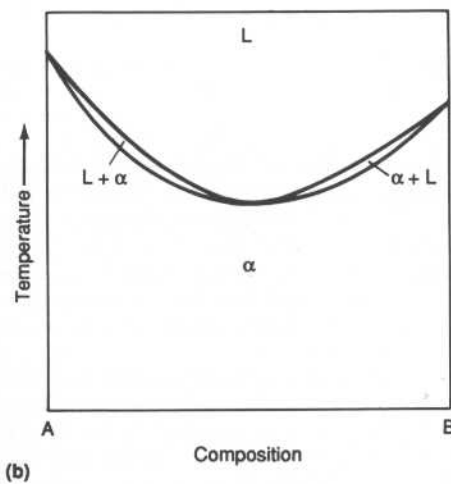
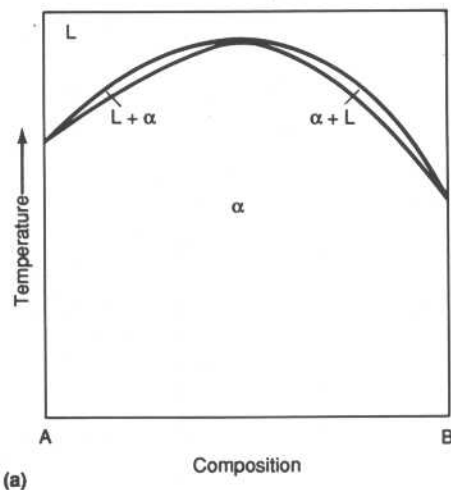


Fig. 4 Schematic binary phase diagrams with solid-state miscibility where the liquidus shows a maximum (a) and a minimum (b)

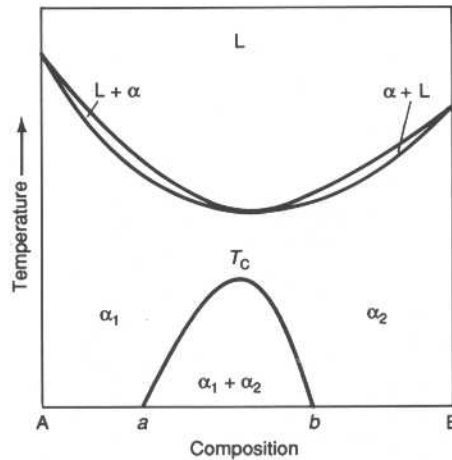


Fig. 5 Schematic binary phase diagram with a minimum in the liquidus and a miscibility gap in the solid state

If the solidus and liquidus meet tangentially at some point, a maximum or minimum is produced in the two-phase field, splitting it into two portions as shown in Fig. 4. It also is possible to have a gap in miscibility in a single-phase field; this is shown in Fig. 5. Point T_c , above which phases α_1 and α_2 become indistinguishable, is a critical point similar to point 4 in Fig. 2. Lines $a-T_c$ and $b-T_c$, called *solvus* lines, indicate the limits of solubility of component B in A and A in B, respectively. The configurations of these and all other phase diagrams depend on the thermodynamics of the system, as discussed later in this Introduction.

Eutectic Reactions. If the two-phase field in the solid region of Fig. 5 is expanded so that it touches the solidus at some point, as shown in Fig. 6(a), complete miscibility of the components is lost. Instead of a single solid phase, the diagram now shows two separate solid *terminal* phases, which are in three-phase equilibrium with the liquid at

point P , an invariant point that occurred by coincidence. (Three-phase equilibrium is discussed in the following section.) Then, if this two-phase field in the solid region is even further widened so that the solvus lines no longer touch at the invariant point, the diagram passes through a series of configurations, finally taking on the more familiar shape shown in Fig. 6(b). The three-phase reaction that takes place at the invariant point E , where a liquid phase freezes into a mixture of two solid phases, is called a *eutectic* reaction (from the Greek word for “easily melted”). The alloy that corresponds to the eutectic composition is called a *eutectic alloy*. An alloy having a composition to the left of the eutectic point is called a *hypoeutectic alloy* (from the Greek word for “less than”); an alloy to the right is a *hypereutectic alloy* (meaning “greater than”).

In the eutectic system described above, the two components of the system have the same crystal structure. This, and other factors, allows complete miscibility between them. Eutectic systems, however, also can be formed by two components having different crystal structures. When this occurs, the liquidus and solidus curves (and their extensions into the two-phase field) for each of the terminal phases (see Fig. 6c) resemble those for the situation of complete miscibility between system components shown in Fig. 3.

Three-Phase Equilibrium. Reactions involving three conjugate phases are not limited to the eutectic reaction. For example, upon cooling, a single solid phase can change into a mixture of two new solid phases or, conversely, two solid phases can react to form a single new phase. These and the other various types of invariant reactions observed in binary systems are listed in Table 1 and illustrated in Fig. 7 and 8.

Intermediate Phases. In addition to the three solid terminal-phase fields, α , β , and ϵ , the diagram in Fig. 7 displays five other solid-phase fields, γ , δ , δ' , η , and σ , at intermediate compositions. Such phases are called *intermediate phases*. Many intermediate phases, such as those

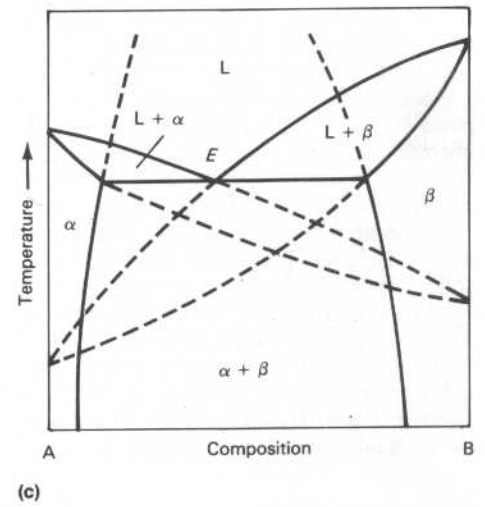
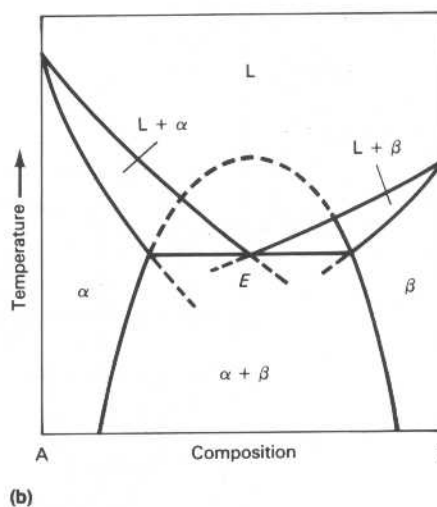
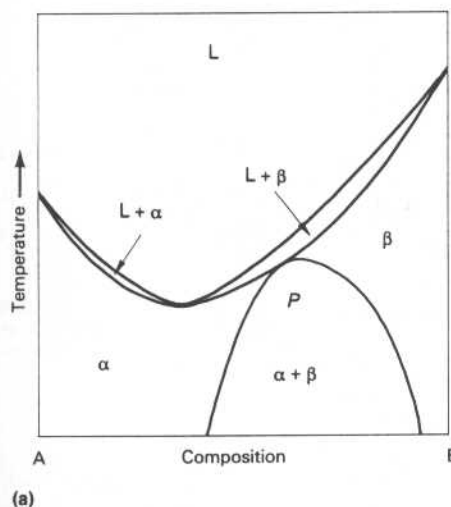


Fig. 6 Schematic binary phase diagrams with invariant points. (a) Hypothetical diagram of the type shown in Fig. 5, except that the miscibility gap in the solid touches the solidus curve at invariant point P ; an actual diagram of this type probably does not exist. (b) and (c) Typical eutectic diagrams for components having the same crystal structure (b) and components having different crystal structures (c); the eutectic (invariant) points are labeled E . The dashed lines in (b) and (c) are metastable extensions of the stable-equilibria lines.

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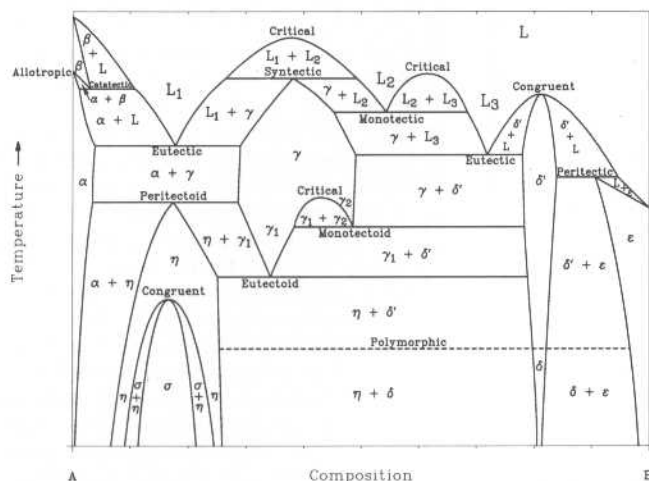


Fig. 7 Hypothetical binary phase diagram showing intermediate phases formed by various invariant reactions and a polymorphic transformation

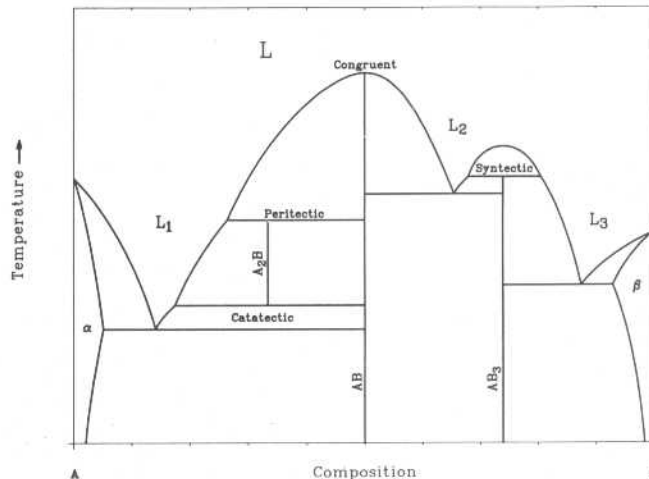


Fig. 8 Hypothetical binary phase diagram showing three intermetallic line compounds and four melting reactions

illustrated in Fig. 7, have fairly wide ranges of homogeneity. However, many others have very limited or no significant homogeneity range.

When an intermediate phase of limited (or no) homogeneity range is located at or near a specific ratio of component elements that reflects the normal positioning of the component atoms in the crystal structure of the phase, it is often called a compound (or *line compound*). When the components of the system are metallic, such an intermediate phase is often called an *intermetallic compound*. (Intermetallic compounds should not be confused with chemical compounds, where the type of bonding is different from that in crystals and where the ratio has chemical significance.) Three intermetallic compounds (with four types of melting reactions) are shown in Fig. 8.

In the hypothetical diagram shown in Fig. 8, an alloy of composition AB will freeze and melt isothermally, without the liquid or solid phases undergoing changes in composition; such a phase change is called *congruent*. All other reactions are *incongruent*; that is, two phases are formed from one phase on melting. Congruent and incongruent phase changes, however, are not limited to line compounds: the terminal component B (pure phase ϵ) and the highest-melting composition of intermediate phase δ' in Fig. 7, for example, freeze and melt congruently, while δ' and ϵ freeze and melt incongruently at other compositions.

Metastable Equilibrium. In Fig. 6(c), dashed lines indicate the portions of the liquidus and solidus lines that disappear into the two-phase solid region. These dashed lines represent valuable information, as they indicate conditions that would exist under metastable equilibrium, such as might theoretically occur during extremely rapid cooling. Metastable extensions of some stable-equilibria lines also appear in Fig. 2 and 6(b).

dimensions becomes more complicated. One option is to add a third composition dimension to the base, forming a solid diagram having binary diagrams as its vertical sides. This can be represented as a modified isometric projection, such as shown in Fig. 9. Here, boundaries of single-phase fields (liquidus, solidus, and solvus lines in the binary diagrams) become surfaces; single- and two-phase areas become volumes; three-phase lines become volumes; and four-phase points, while not shown in Fig. 9, can exist as an invariant plane. The composition of a binary eutectic liquid, which is a point in a two-component system, becomes a line in a ternary diagram, as shown in Fig. 9.

Although three-dimensional projections can be helpful in understanding the relationships in a

diagram, reading values from them is difficult. Therefore, ternary systems are often represented by views of the binary diagrams that comprise the faces and two-dimensional projections of the liquidus and solidus surfaces, along with a series of two-dimensional horizontal sections (*isotherms*) and vertical sections (*isopleths*) through the solid diagram.

Vertical sections are often taken through one corner (one component) and a congruently melting binary compound that appears on the opposite face; when such a plot can be read like any other true binary diagram, it is called a *quasibinary* section. One possibility is illustrated by line 1-2 in the isothermal section shown in Fig. 10. A vertical section between a congruently melting binary compound on one face and one on a dif-

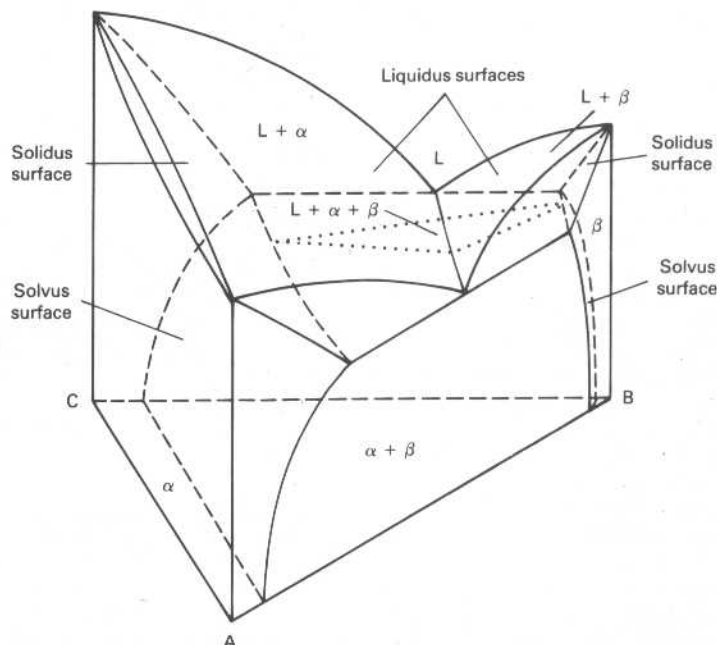


Fig. 9 Ternary phase diagram showing three-phase equilibrium. Source: 56Rhi

Ternary Diagrams

When a third component is added to a binary system, illustrating equilibrium conditions in two

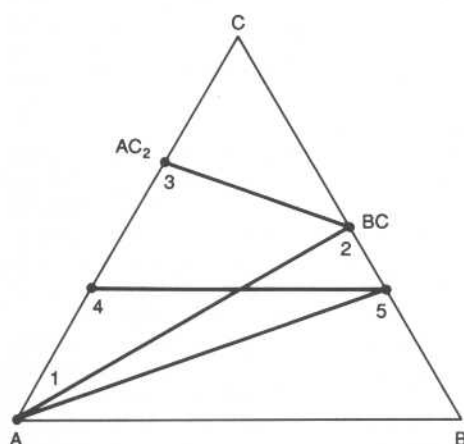


Fig. 10 Isothermal section of a ternary diagram with phase boundaries deleted for simplification

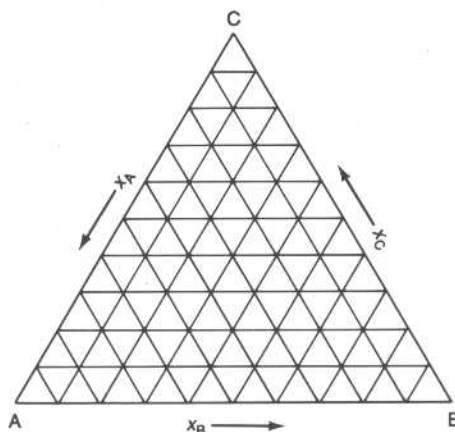


Fig. 11 Triangular composition grid for isothermal sections; x is the composition of each constituent in mole fraction or percent

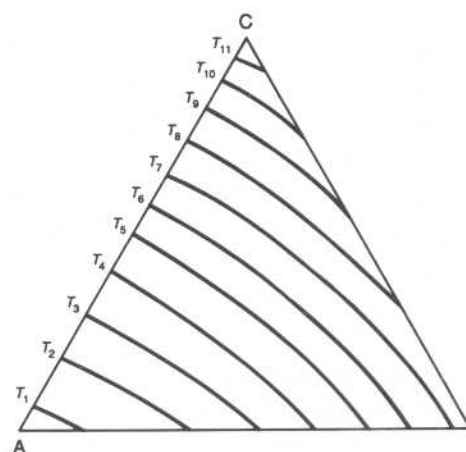


Fig. 12 Liquidus projection of a ternary phase diagram showing isothermal contour lines. Source: Adapted from 56Rhi

ferent face might also form a quasibinary section (see line 2-3).

All other vertical sections are not true binary diagrams, and the term *pseudobinary* is applied to them. A common pseudobinary section is one where the percentage of one of the components is held constant (the section is parallel to one of the faces), as shown by line 4-5 in Fig. 10. Another is one where the ratio of two constituents is held constant and the amount of the third is varied from 0 to 100% (line 1-5).

Isothermal Sections. Composition values in the triangular isothermal sections are read from a triangular grid consisting of three sets of lines parallel to the faces and placed at regular composition intervals (see Fig. 11). Normally, the point of the triangle is placed at the top of the illustration.

tion, component A is placed at the bottom left, B at the bottom right, and C at the top. The amount of component A is normally indicated from point C to point A, the amount of component B from point A to point B, and the amount of component C from point B to point C. This scale arrangement is often modified when only a corner area of the diagram is shown.

Projected Views. Liquidus, solidus, and solvus surfaces by their nature are not isothermal. Therefore, equal-temperature (isothermal) contour lines are often added to the projected views of these surfaces to indicate their shape (see Fig. 12). In addition to (or instead of) contour lines, views often show lines indicating the temperature troughs (also called "valleys" or "grooves")

formed at the intersections of two surfaces. Arrowheads are often added to these lines to indicate the direction of decreasing temperature in the trough.

Thermodynamic Principles

The reactions between components, the phases formed in a system, and the shape of the resulting phase diagram can be explained and understood through knowledge of the principles, laws, and terms of thermodynamics, and how they apply to the system.

Internal Energy. The sum of the kinetic energy (energy of motion) and potential energy (stored energy) of a system is called its *internal energy*, E . Internal energy is characterized solely by the state of the system.

Closed System. A thermodynamic system that undergoes no interchange of mass (material) with its surroundings is called a *closed system*. A closed system, however, can interchange energy with its surroundings.

First Law. The *First Law of Thermodynamics*, as stated by Julius von Mayer, James Joule, and Hermann von Helmholtz in the 1840s, states that *energy can be neither created nor destroyed*. Therefore, it is called the *Law of Conservation of Energy*. This law means that the total energy of an isolated system remains constant throughout any operations that are carried out on it; that is, for any quantity of energy in one form that disappears from the system, an equal quantity of another form (or other forms) will appear.

For example, consider a closed gaseous system to which a quantity of heat energy, δQ , is added and a quantity of work, δW , is extracted. The First Law describes the change in internal energy, dE , of the system as follows:

$$dE = \delta Q - \delta W$$

In the vast majority of industrial processes and material applications, the only work done by or on a system is limited to pressure/volume terms.

Table 1 Invariant reactions

Type	Reaction
Eutectic (involves liquid and solid)	$L_1 \xrightarrow{\quad} L \xrightarrow{\quad} S$ Monotectic
	$S_1 \xrightarrow{\quad} L \xrightarrow{\quad} S_2$ Eutectic
	$L \xrightarrow{\quad} S_1 \xrightarrow{\quad} S_2$ Catatctic (Metatctic)
Eutectoid (involves solid only)	$S_1 \xrightarrow{\quad} S_1 \xrightarrow{\quad} S_2$ Monotectoid
	$S_2 \xrightarrow{\quad} S_1 \xrightarrow{\quad} S_3$ Eutectoid
Peritectic (involves liquid and solid)	$L_1 \xrightarrow{\quad} L \xrightarrow{\quad} S$ Syntectic
	$L \xrightarrow{\quad} L \xrightarrow{\quad} S_2$ Peritectic
Peritectoid (involves solid only)	$S_1 \xrightarrow{\quad} S_1 \xrightarrow{\quad} S_2$ Peritectoid

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Any energy contributions from electric, magnetic, or gravitational fields are neglected, except for electrowinning and electrorefining processes such as those used in the production of copper, aluminum, magnesium, the alkaline metals, and the alkaline earths. With the neglect of field effects, the work done by a system can be measured by summing the changes in volume, dV , times each pressure causing a change. Therefore, when field effects are neglected, the First Law can be written:

$$dE = \delta Q - PdV$$

Enthalpy. Thermal energy changes under constant pressure (again neglecting any field effects) are most conveniently expressed in terms of the *enthalpy*, H , of a system. Enthalpy, also called *heat content*, is defined by:

$$H = E + PV$$

Enthalpy, like internal energy, is a function of the state of the system, as is the product PV .

Heat Capacity. The *heat capacity*, C , of a substance is the amount of heat required to raise its temperature one degree; that is:

$$C = \frac{\delta Q}{\delta T}$$

However, if the substance is kept at constant volume ($dV = 0$):

$$\delta Q = dE$$

and

$$C_v = \left(\frac{\delta Q}{\delta T} \right)_v = \left(\frac{dE}{dT} \right)_v$$

If, instead, the substance is kept at constant pressure (as in many metallurgical systems),

$$C_p = \left(\frac{dE}{dT} + \frac{PdV}{dT} \right)_p$$

$$C_p = \left[\frac{d(E + PV)}{dT} \right]_p$$

and

$$C_p = \left(\frac{dH}{dT} \right)_p$$

Second Law. While the First Law establishes the relationship between the heat absorbed and the work performed by a system, it places no restriction on the source of the heat or its flow direction. This restriction, however, is set by the *Second Law of Thermodynamics*, which was advanced by Rudolf Clausius and William Thomson (Lord Kelvin). The Second Law states that *the spontaneous flow of heat always is from the higher temperature body to the lower temperature body. In other words, all naturally occurring processes tend to take place spontaneously in the direction that will lead to equilibrium.*

Entropy. The Second Law is most conveniently stated in terms of *entropy*, S , another property of state possessed by all systems. Entropy represents the energy (per degree of absolute temperature, T) in a system that is not available for work. In terms of entropy, the Second Law states that *all natural processes tend to occur only with an increase in entropy, and the direction of the process always is such as to lead to an increase in entropy.* For processes taking place in a system in equilibrium with its surroundings, the change in entropy is defined as follows:

$$dS = \frac{\delta Q}{T} = \frac{dE + PdV}{T}$$

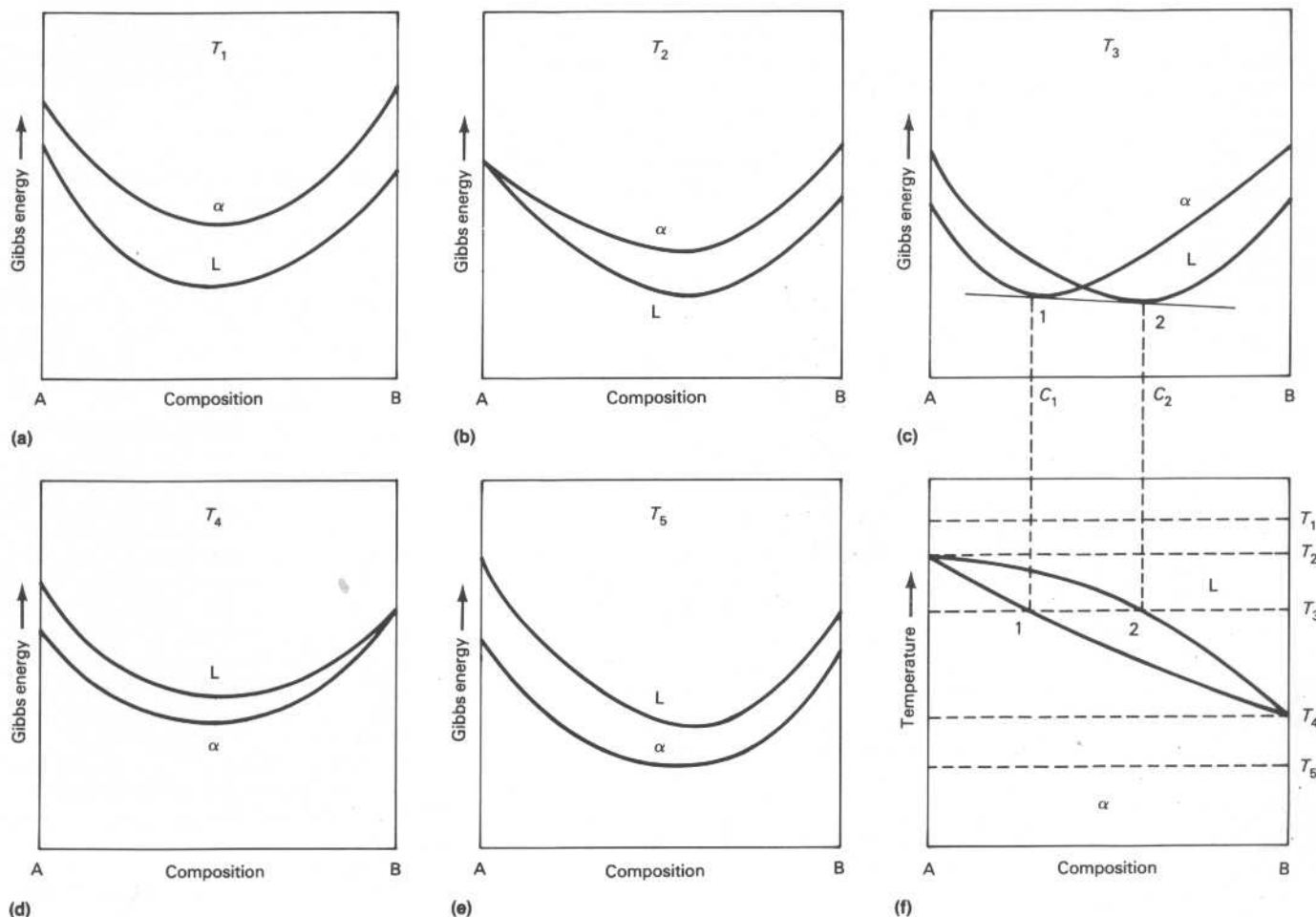


Fig. 13 Use of Gibbs energy curves to construct a binary phase diagram that shows miscibility in both the liquid and solid states. Source: Adapted from 66Pri

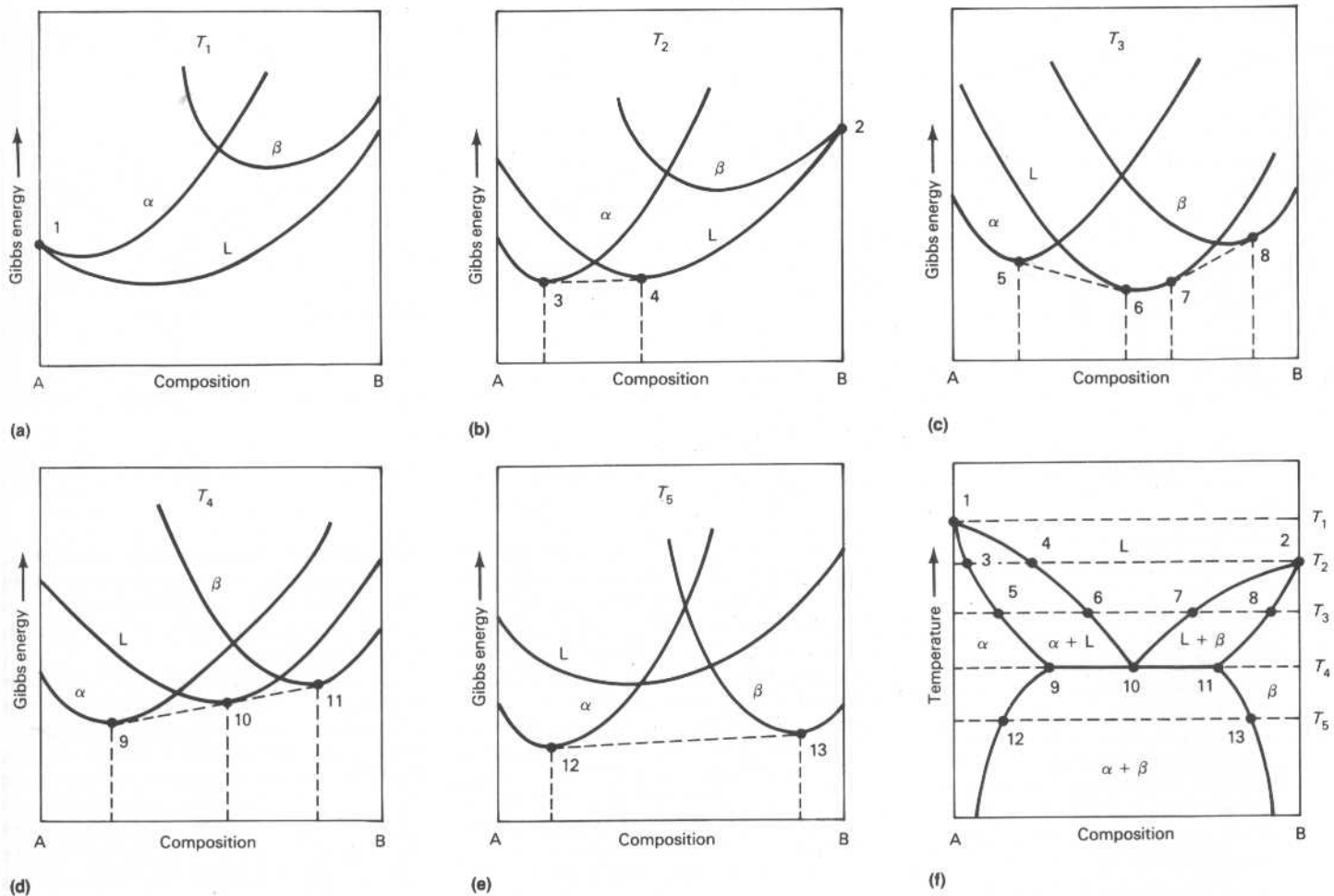


Fig. 14 Use of Gibbs energy curves to construct a binary phase diagram of the eutectic type. Source: Adapted from 68Gor

Third Law. A principle advanced by Theodore Richards, Walter Nernst, Max Planck, and others, often called the *Third Law of Thermodynamics*, states that *the entropy of all chemically homogeneous materials can be taken as zero at absolute zero temperature (0 K)*. This principle allows calculation of the absolute values of entropy of pure substances solely from heat capacity.

Gibbs Energy. Because both S and V are difficult to control experimentally, an additional term, *Gibbs energy*, G , is introduced, whereby:

$$G = E + PV - TS \equiv H - TS$$

and

$$dG = dE + PdV + VdP - TdS - SdT$$

However,

$$dE = TdS - PdV$$

Therefore,

$$dG = VdP - SdT$$

Here, the change in Gibbs energy of a system undergoing a process is expressed in terms of two

independent variables, pressure and absolute temperature, which are readily controlled experimentally. If the process is carried out under conditions of constant pressure and temperature, the change in Gibbs energy of a system at equilibrium with its surroundings (a reversible process) is zero. For a spontaneous (irreversible) process, the change in Gibbs energy is less than zero (negative); that is, the Gibbs energy decreases during the process, and it reaches a minimum at equilibrium.

Features of Phase Diagrams

The areas (fields) in a phase diagram, and the position and shapes of the points, lines, surfaces, and intersections in it, are controlled by thermodynamic principles and the thermodynamic properties of all of the phases that constitute the system.

Phase-field Rule. The *phase-field rule* specifies that at constant temperature and pressure, the number of phases in adjacent fields in a multi-component diagram must differ by one.

Theorem of Le Châtelier. The *theorem of Henri Le Châtelier*, which is based on thermodynamic principles, states that *if a system in equilibrium is subjected to a constraint by which the*

equilibrium is altered, a reaction occurs that opposes the constraint, i.e., a reaction that partially nullifies the alteration. The effect of this theorem on lines in a phase diagram can be seen in Fig. 2. The slopes of the sublimation line (1) and the vaporization line (3) show that the system reacts to increasing pressure by making the denser phases (solid and liquid) more stable at higher pressure. The slope of the melting line (2) indicates that this hypothetical substance contracts on freezing. (Note that the boundary between liquid water and ordinary ice, which expands on freezing, slopes toward the pressure axis.)

Clausius-Clapeyron Equation. The theorem of Le Châtelier was quantified by Benoit Clapeyron and Rudolf Clausius to give the following equation:

$$\frac{dP}{dT} = \frac{\Delta H}{T\Delta V}$$

where dP/dT is the slope of the univariant lines in a PT diagram such as those shown in Fig. 2, ΔV is the difference in molar volume of the two phases in the reaction, and ΔH is the difference in molar enthalpy of the two phases (the heat of the reaction).

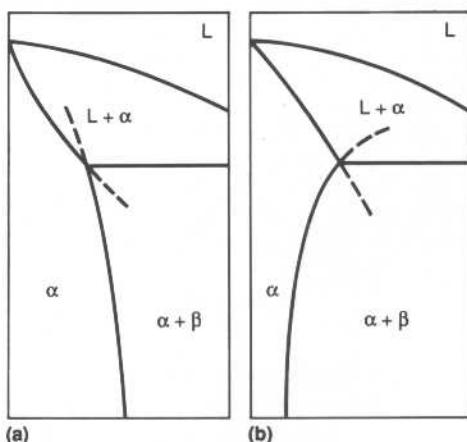


Fig. 15 Examples of acceptable intersection angles for boundaries of two-phase fields. Source: 56Rhi

Solutions. The shapes of liquidus, solidus, and solvus curves (or surfaces) in a phase diagram are determined by the Gibbs energies of the relevant phases. In this instance, the Gibbs energy must include not only the energy of the constituent components, but also the energy of mixing of these components in the phase.

Consider, for example, the situation of complete miscibility shown in Fig. 3. The two phases, liquid and solid α , are in stable equilibrium in the two-phase field between the liquidus and solidus lines. The Gibbs energies at various temperatures are calculated as a function of composition for ideal liquid solutions and for ideal solid solutions of the two components, A and B. The result is a series of plots similar to those shown in Fig. 13(a) to (e).

At temperature T_1 , the liquid solution has the lower Gibbs energy and, therefore, is the more stable phase. At T_2 , the melting temperature of A, the liquid and solid are equally stable only at a composition of pure A. At temperature T_3 , between the melting temperatures of A and B, the Gibbs energy curves cross. Temperature T_4 is the melting temperature of B, while T_5 is below it.

Construction of the two-phase liquid-plus-solid field of the phase diagram in Fig. 13(f) is as follows. According to thermodynamic principles, the compositions of the two phases in equilibrium with each other at temperature T_3 can be determined by constructing a straight line that is tangential to both curves in Fig. 13(c). The points of tangency, 1 and 2, are then transferred to the phase diagram as points on the solidus and liquidus, respectively. This is repeated at sufficient temperatures to determine the curves accurately.

If, at some temperature, the Gibbs energy curves for the liquid and the solid tangentially touch at some point, the resulting phase diagram will be similar to those shown in Fig. 4(a) and (b), where a maximum or minimum appears in the liquidus and solidus curves.

Mixtures. The two-phase field in Fig. 13(f) consists of a mixture of liquid and solid phases. As stated above, the compositions of the two phases in equilibrium at temperature T_3 are C_1 and C_2 . The horizontal isothermal line connecting

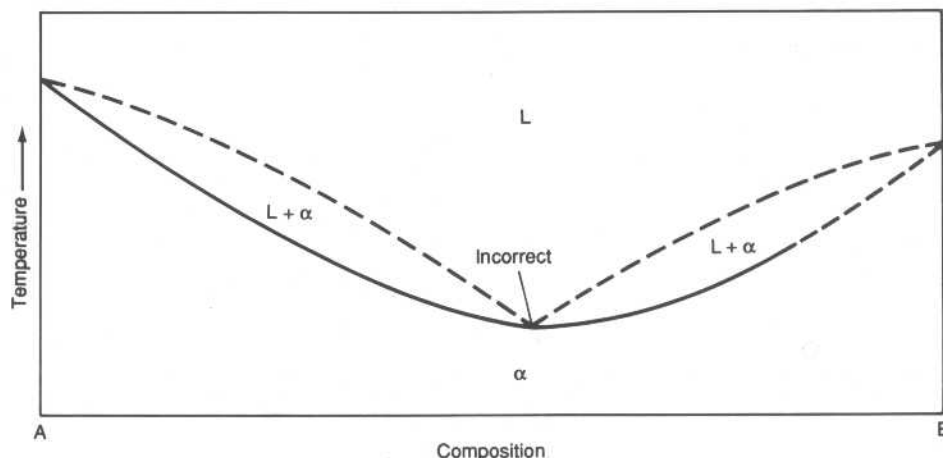


Fig. 16 An example of a binary phase diagram with a minimum in the liquidus that violates the Gibbs-Kononov Rule. Source: 81Goo

points 1 and 2, where these compositions intersect temperature T_3 , is called a *tie line*. Similar tie lines connect the coexisting phases throughout all two-phase fields (areas) in binary and (volumes) in ternary systems, while *tie triangles* connect the coexisting phases throughout all three-phase regions (volumes) in ternary systems.

Eutectic phase diagrams, a feature of which is a field where there is a mixture of two solid phases, also can be constructed from Gibbs energy curves. Consider the temperatures indicated on the phase diagram in Fig. 14(f) and the Gibbs energy curves for these temperatures (Fig. 14a-e). When the points of tangency on the energy curves are transferred to the diagram, the typical shape of a eutectic system results. The mixture of solid α and β that forms upon cooling through the eutectic point k has a special microstructure, as discussed later.

Binary phase diagrams that have three-phase reactions other than the eutectic reaction, as well

as diagrams with multiple three-phase reactions, also can be constructed from appropriate Gibbs energy curves. Likewise, Gibbs energy surfaces and tangential planes can be used to construct ternary phase diagrams.

Curves and Intersections. Thermodynamic principles also limit the shape of the various boundary curves (or surfaces) and their intersections. For example, see the *PT* diagram shown in Fig. 2. The Clausius-Clapeyron equation requires that at the intersection of the triple curves in such a diagram, the angle between adjacent curves should never exceed 180° or, alternatively, the extension of each triple curve between two phases must lie within the field of third phase.

The angle at which the boundaries of two-phase fields meet also is limited by thermodynamics. That is, the angle must be such that the extension of each beyond the point of intersection projects into a two-phase field, rather than a one-phase field. An example of correct intersections can be

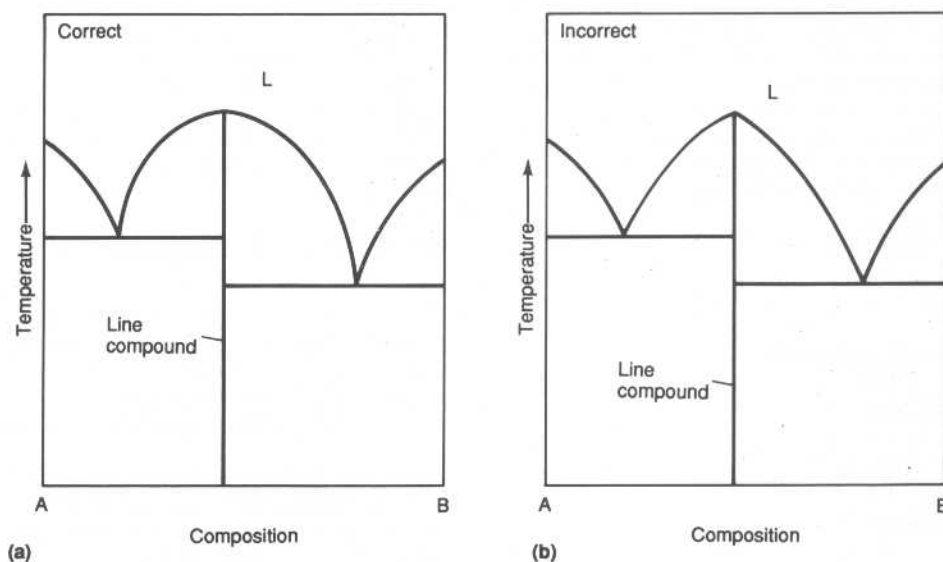


Fig. 17 Schematic diagrams of binary systems containing congruent-melting compounds but having no association of the component atoms in the melt common. The diagram in (a) is consistent with the Gibbs-Kononov Rule, whereas that in (b) violates the rule. Source: 81Goo

Typical Phase-Rule Violations

(See Fig. 18)

1. A two-phase field cannot be extended to become part of a pure-element side of a phase diagram at zero solute. In example 1, the liquidus and the solidus must meet at the melting point of the pure element.
2. Two liquidus curves must meet at one composition at a eutectic temperature.
3. A tie line must terminate at a phase boundary.
4. Two solvus boundaries (or two liquidus, or two solidus, or a solidus and a solvus) of the same phase must meet (i.e., intersect) at one composition at an invariant temperature. (There should not be two solubility values for a phase boundary at one temperature.)
5. A phase boundary must extrapolate into a two-phase field after crossing an invariant point. The validity of this feature, and similar features related to invariant temperatures, is easily demonstrated by constructing hypothetical free-energy diagrams slightly below and slightly above the invariant temperature and by observing the relative positions of the relevant tangent points to the free energy curves. After intersection, such boundaries can also be extrapolated into metastable regions of the phase diagram. Such extrapolations are sometimes indicated by dashed or dotted lines.
6. Two single-phase fields (α and β) should not be in contact along a horizontal line. (An invariant-temperature line separates two-phase fields in contact.)
7. A single-phase field (α in this instance) should not be apportioned into subdivisions by a single line. Having created a horizontal (invariant) line at 6 (which is an error), there may be a temptation to extend this line into a single-phase field, α , creating an additional error.
8. In a binary system, an invariant-temperature line should involve equilibrium among three phases.
9. There should be a two-phase field between two single-phase fields (Two single phases cannot touch except at a point. However, second-order and higher-order transformations may be exceptions to this rule.)
10. When two phase boundaries touch at a point, they should touch at an extremity of temperature.
11. A touching liquidus and solidus (or any two touching boundaries) must have a horizontal common tangent at the congruent point. In this instance, the solidus at the melting point is too "sharp" and appears to be discontinuous.
12. A local minimum point in the lower part of a single-phase field (in this instance, the liquid) cannot be drawn without an additional boundary in contact with it. (In this instance, a horizontal monotectic line is most likely missing.)
13. A local maximum point in the lower part of a single-phase field cannot be drawn without a monotectic, monotectoid, syntectic, and sintectoid reaction occurring below it at a lower temperature. Alternatively, a solidus curve must be drawn to touch the liquidus at point 13.
14. A local maximum point in the upper part of a single-phase field cannot be drawn without the phase boundary touching a reversed monotectic, or a monotectoid, horizontal reaction line coinciding with the temperature of the maximum. When a 14 type of error is introduced, a minimum may be created on either side (or on one side) of 14. This introduces an additional error, which is the opposite of 13, but equivalent to 13 in kind.
15. A phase boundary cannot terminate within a phase field. (Termination due to lack of data is, of course, often shown in phase diagrams, but this is recognized to be artificial.)
16. The temperature of an invariant reaction in a binary system must be constant. (The reaction line must be horizontal.)
17. The liquidus should not have a discontinuous sharp peak at the melting point of a compound. (This rule is not applicable if the liquid retains the molecular state of the compound, i.e., in the situation of an ideal association.)
18. The compositions of all three phases at an invariant reaction must be different.
19. A four-phase equilibrium is not allowed in a binary system.
20. Two separate phase boundaries that create a two-phase field between two phases in equilibrium should not cross each other.

Problems Connected With Phase-Boundary Curvatures

Although phase rules are not violated, three additional unusual situations (21, 22, and 23) have also been included in Fig. 18. In each instance, a more subtle thermodynamic problem may exist related to these situations. Examples are discussed below where several thermodynamically unlikely diagrams are considered. The problems with each of these situations involve an indicated rapid change of slope of a phase boundary. If such situations are to be associated with realistic thermodynamics, the temperature (or the composition) dependence of the thermodynamic functions of the phase (or phases) involved would be expected to show corresponding abrupt and unrealistic variations in the phase diagram regions where such abrupt phase boundary changes are proposed, without any clear reason for them. Even the onset of ferromagnetism in a phase does not normally cause an abrupt change of slope of the related phase boundaries. The unusual changes of slope considered here are:

21. Two inflection points are located too closely to each other.
22. An abrupt reversal of the boundary direction (more abrupt than a typical smooth "retrograde"). This particular change can occur only if there is an accompanying abrupt change in the temperature dependence of the thermodynamic properties of either of the two phases involved (in this instance, δ or λ in relation to the boundary). The boundary turn at 22 is very unlikely to be explained by any realistic change in the composition dependence of the Gibbs energy functions.
23. An abrupt change in the slope of a single-phase boundary. This particular change can occur only by an abrupt change in the composition dependence of the thermodynamic properties of the single phase involved (in this instance, the δ phase). It cannot be explained by any possible abrupt change in the temperature dependence of the Gibbs energy function of the phase. (If the temperature dependence were involved, there would also be a change in the boundary of the ϵ phase.)

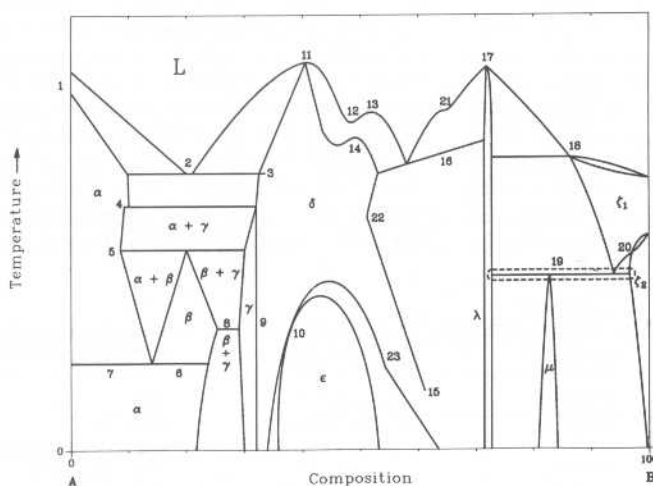


Fig. 18 Hypothetical binary phase diagram showing many typical errors of construction. See the accompanying text for discussion of the errors at points 1 to 23. Source: 91Oka1

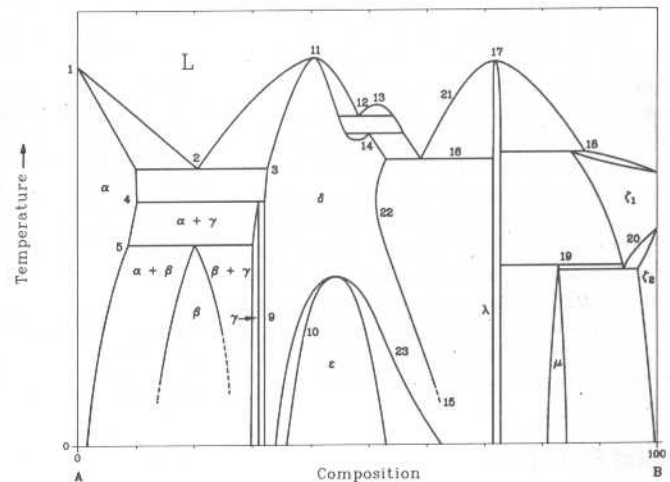


Fig. 19 Error-free version of the phase diagram shown in Fig. 18. Source: 91Oka1

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seen in Fig. 6(b), where both the solidus and solvus lines are concave. However, the curvature of both boundaries need not be concave; Fig. 15 shows two equally acceptable (but unlikely) intersections where convex and concave lines are mixed.

Congruent Transformations. The *congruent point* on a phase diagram is where different phases of same composition are in equilibrium. The *Gibbs-Konovalev Rule* for congruent points, which was developed by Dmitry Konovalev from a thermodynamic expression given by J. Willard Gibbs, states that the slope of phase boundaries at congruent transformations must be zero (horizontal). Examples of correct slope at the maximum and minimum points on liquidus and solidus curves can be seen in Fig. 4. Often, the inner curve on a diagram such as that shown in Fig. 4 is erroneously drawn with a sharp inflection (see Fig. 16).

A similar common construction error is found in the diagrams of systems containing congruently melting compounds (such as the line compounds shown in Fig. 17) but having little or no association of the component atoms in the melt (as with most metallic systems). This type of error is especially common in partial diagrams, where one or more system components is a compound instead of an element. (The slope of liquidus and solidus curves, however, must *not* be zero when they terminate at an element, or at a compound having complete association in the melt.)

Common Construction Errors. Hiroaki Okamoto and Thaddeus Massalski have prepared the hypothetical binary phase shown in Fig. 18, which exhibits many typical errors of construction (marked as points 1 to 23). The explanation for each error is given in the accompanying text; one possible error-free version of the same diagram is shown in Fig. 19.

Higher-Order Transitions. The transitions considered in this Introduction up to this point have been limited to the common thermodynamic types called *first-order transitions*—that is, changes involving distinct phases having different lattice parameters, enthalpies, entropies, densities, and so on. Transitions not involving discontinuities in composition, enthalpy, entropy, or molar volume are called *higher-order transitions* and occur less frequently. The change in the magnetic quality of iron from ferromagnetic to paramagnetic as the temperature is raised above 771 °C (1420 °F) is an example of a second-order transition: no phase change is involved and the Gibbs phase rule does not come into play in the transition. Another example of a higher-order transition is the continuous change from a random arrangement of the various kinds of atoms in a multicomponent crystal structure (a *disordered structure*) to an arrangement where there is some degree of *crystal ordering* of the atoms (an *ordered structure*, or *superlattice*), or the reverse reaction.

Crystal Structure

A *crystal* is a solid consisting of atoms or molecules arranged in a pattern that is repetitive in three dimensions. The arrangement of the atoms

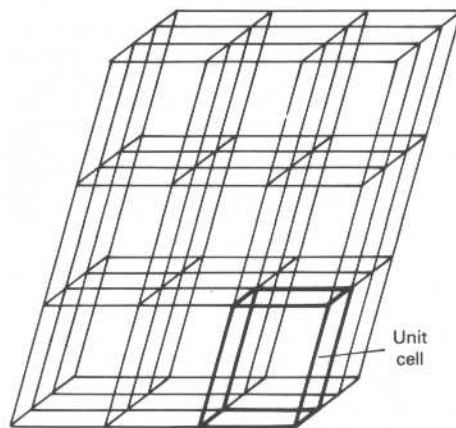


Fig. 20 A space lattice

or molecules in the interior of a crystal is called its *crystal structure*. The *unit cell* of a crystal is the smallest pattern of arrangement that can be contained in a parallelepiped, the edges of which form the *a*, *b*, and *c* axes of the crystal. The three-dimensional aggregation of unit cells in the crystal forms a *space lattice*, or *Bravais lattice* (see Fig. 20).

Crystal Systems. Seven different *crystal systems* are recognized in crystallography, each having a different set of axes, unit-cell edge lengths, and interaxial angles (see Table 2). Unit-cell edge lengths *a*, *b*, and *c* are measured along the corresponding *a*, *b*, and *c* axes (see Fig. 21). Unit-cell faces are identified by capital letters: face *A* contains axes *b* and *c*, face *B* contains *c* and *a*, and face *C* contains *a* and *b*. (Faces are not labeled in Fig. 21.) *Interaxial angle* α occurs in face *A*, angle β in face *B*, and angle γ in face *C* (see Fig. 21).

Lattice Dimensions. It should be noted that the unit-cell edge lengths and interaxial angles are unique for each crystalline substance. The unique edge lengths are called *lattice parameters*. The term *lattice constant* also has been used for the length of an edge, but the values of edge length are not constant, varying with composition within a phase field and also with temperature due to thermal expansion and contraction. (Reported lattice parameter values are assumed to be room-temperature values unless otherwise specified.) Interaxial angles other than 90° or 120° also can change slightly with changes in composition. When the edges of the unit cell are not equal in

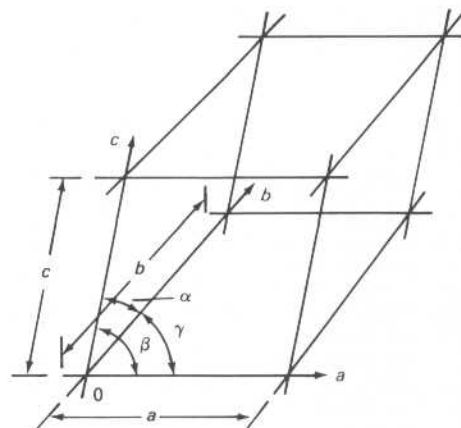


Fig. 21 Crystal axes and unit-cell edge lengths. Unit-cell faces are shown, but to avoid confusion they are not labeled.

all three directions, all unequal lengths must be stated to completely define the crystal. The same is true if all interaxial angles are not equal. When defining the unit-cell size of an alloy phase, the possibility of crystal ordering occurring over several unit cells should be considered. For example, in the copper-gold system, a superlattice forms that is made up of 10 cells of the disordered lattice, creating what is called *long-period ordering*.

Lattice Points. As shown in Fig. 20, a space lattice can be viewed as a three-dimensional network of straight lines. The intersections of the lines (called *lattice points*) represent locations in space for the same kind of atom or group of atoms of identical composition, arrangement, and orientation. There are five basic arrangements for lattice points within a unit cell. The first four are: primitive (simple), having lattice points solely at cell corners; base-face centered (end-centered), having lattice points centered on the *C* faces, or ends of the cell; all-face centered, having lattice points centered on all faces; and innercentered (body-centered), having lattice points at the center of the volume of the unit cell. The fifth arrangement, the primitive rhombohedral unit cell, is considered a separate basic arrangement, as shown in the following section on crystal structure nomenclature. These five basic arrangements are identified by capital letters as follows: *P* for the primitive cubic, *C* for the cubic cell with lattice points on the two *C* faces, *F* for all-face-centered cubic, *I* for innercentered (body-centered) cubic, and *R* for primitive rhombohedral.

Table 2 Relationships of edge lengths and of interaxial angles for the seven crystal systems

Crystal system	Edge lengths	Interaxial angles	Examples
Triclinic (anorthic)	$a \neq b \neq c$	$\alpha \neq \beta \neq \gamma \neq 90^\circ$	HgK
Monoclinic	$a \neq b \neq c$	$\alpha = \gamma = 90^\circ \neq \beta$	β -S; CoSb ₂
Orthorhombic	$a \neq b \neq c$	$\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90^\circ$	α -S; Ga; Fe ₃ C (cementite)
Tetragonal	$a = b \neq c$	$\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90^\circ$	β -Sn (white); TiO ₂
Hexagonal	$a = b \neq c$	$\alpha = \beta = 90^\circ; \gamma = 120^\circ$	Zn; Cd; NiAs
Rhombohedral(a)	$a = b = c$	$\alpha = \beta = \gamma \neq 90^\circ$	As; Sb; Bi; calcite
Cubic	$a = b = c$	$\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 90^\circ$	Cu; Ag; Au; Fe; NaCl

(a) Rhombohedral crystals (sometimes called trigonal) also can be described by using hexagonal axes (rhombohedral-hexagonal).

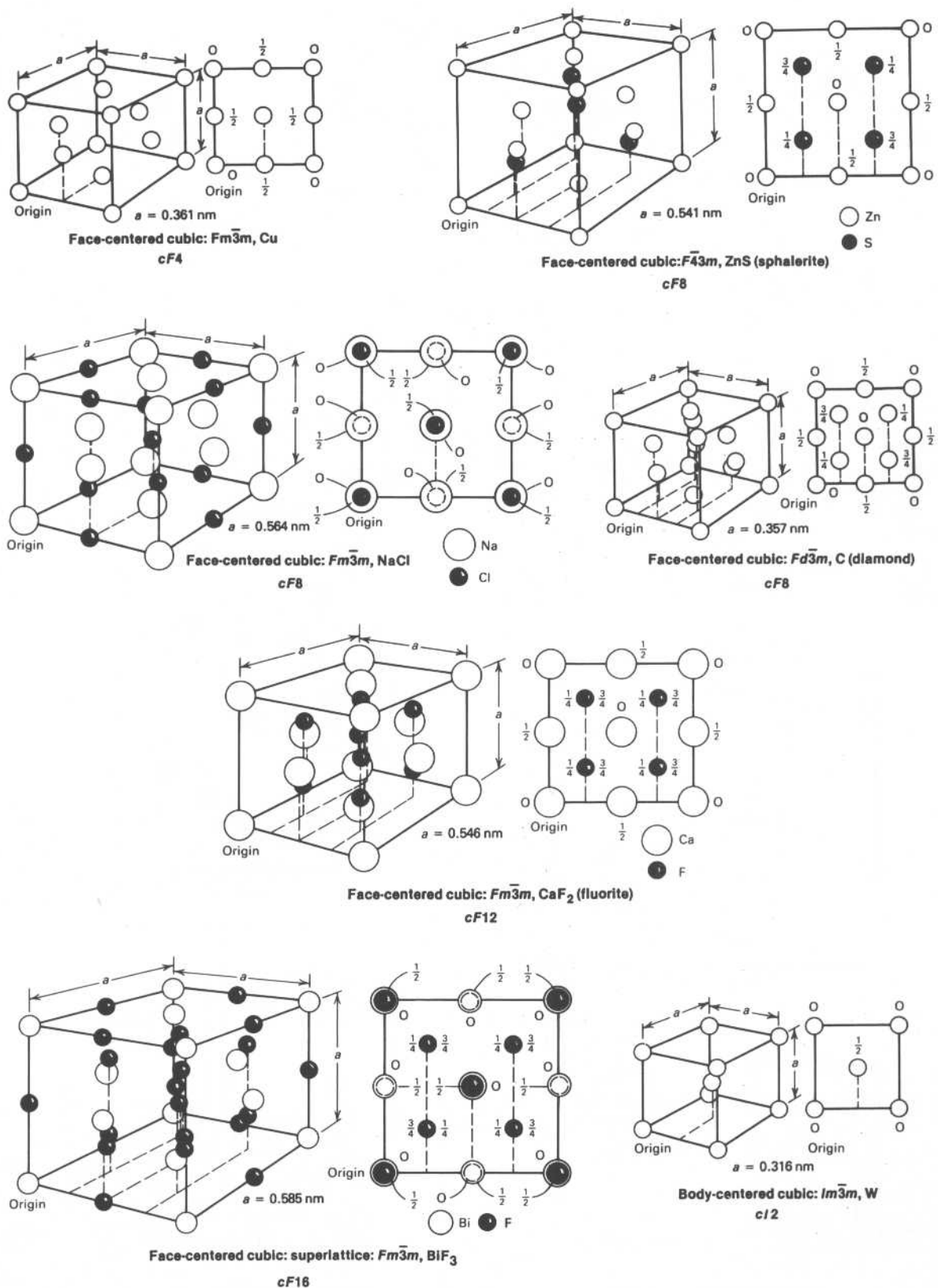


Fig. 22 Schematic drawings of the unit cells and ion positions for some simple metal crystals, arranged alphabetically according to Pearson symbol. Also listed are the space lattice and crystal system, space-group notation, and prototype for each crystal. Reported lattice parameters are for the prototype crystal. (continued)

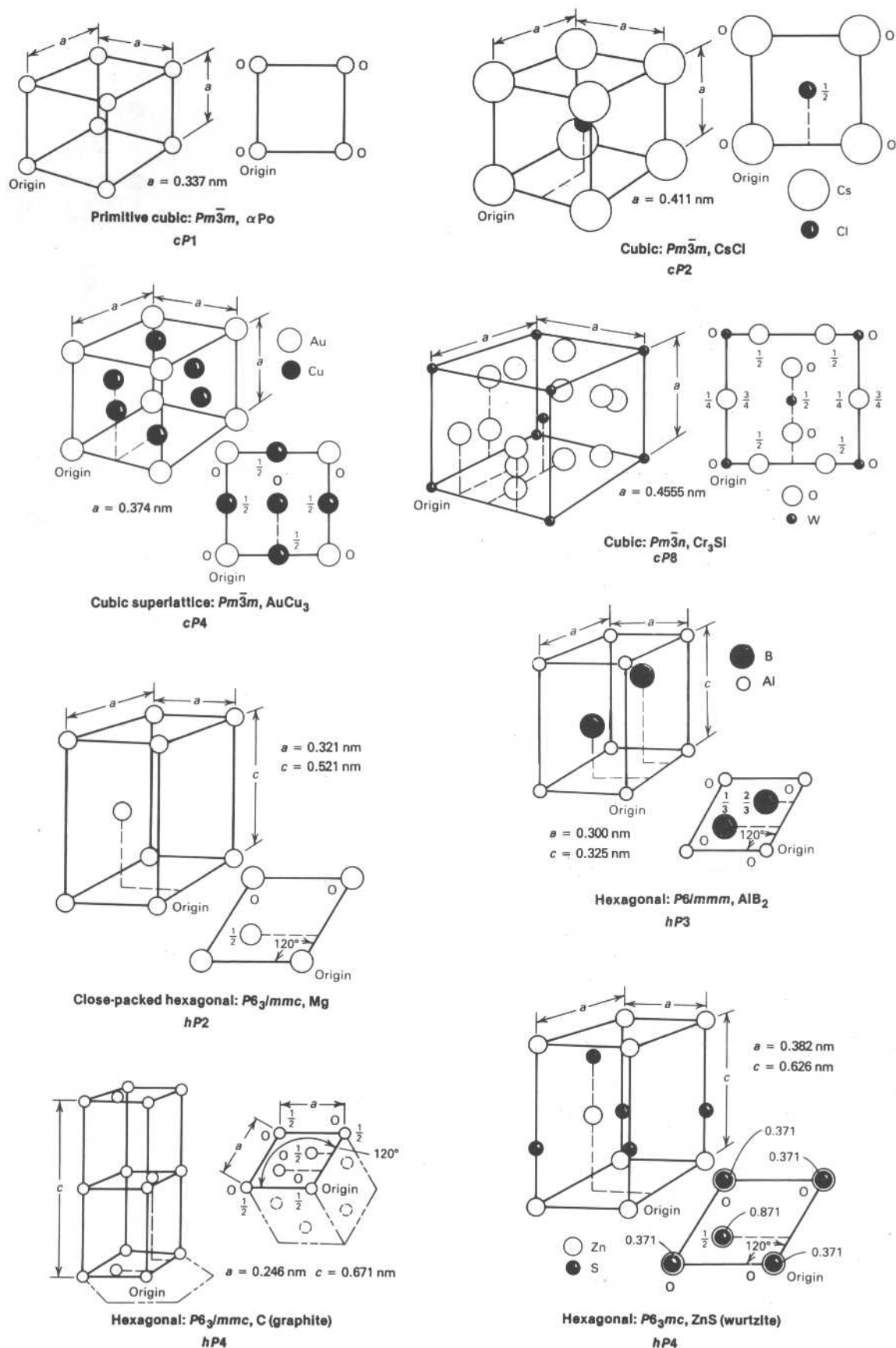


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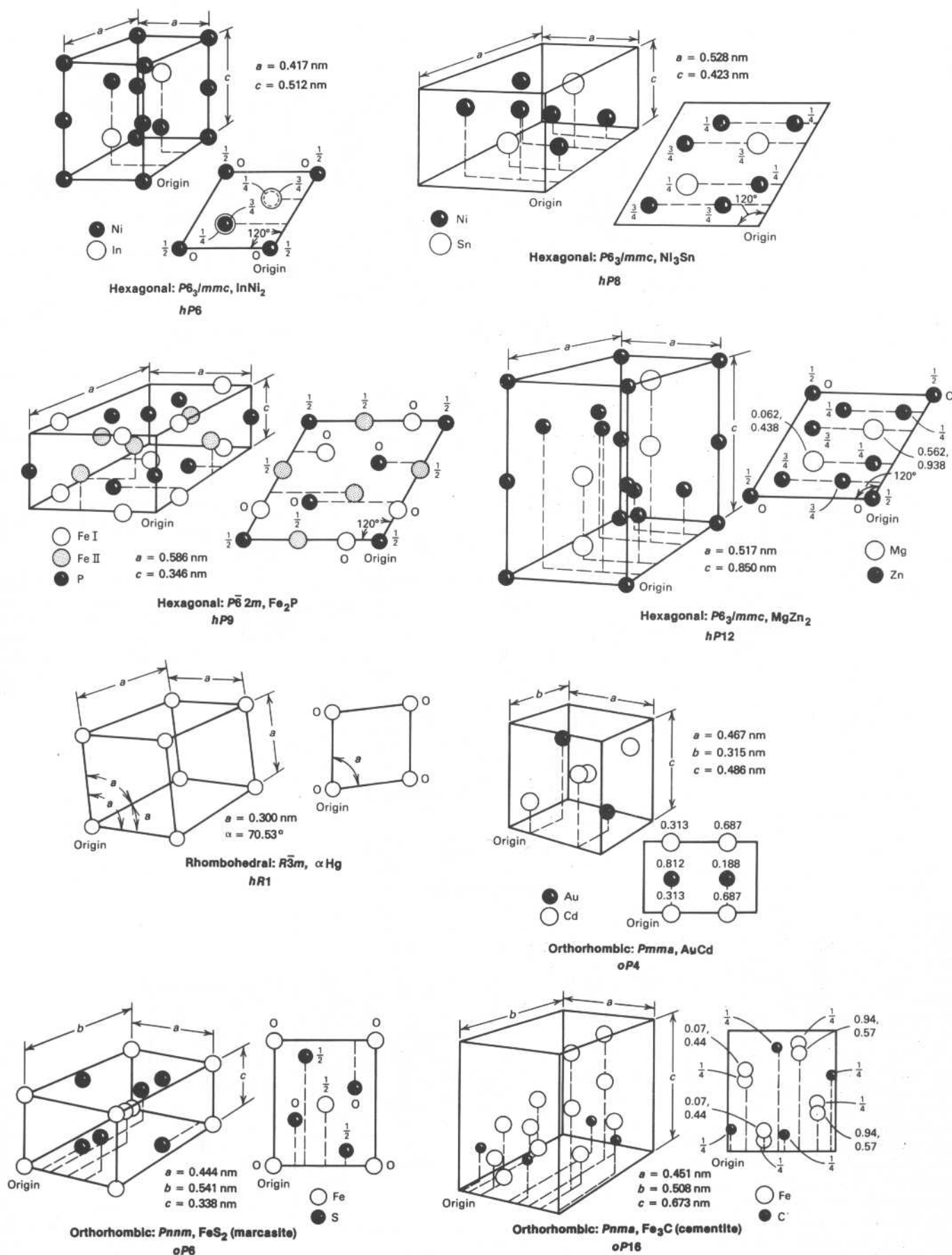


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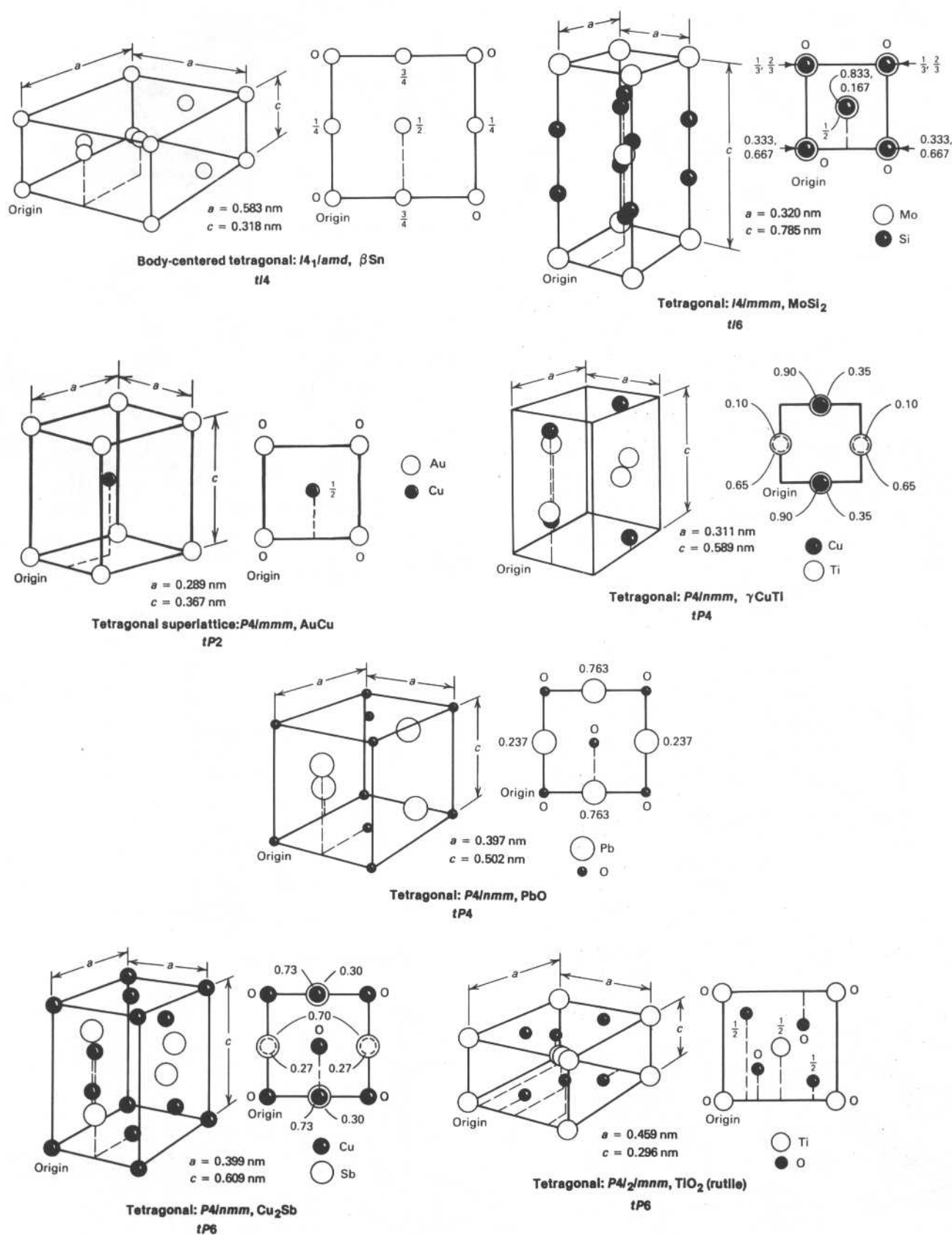


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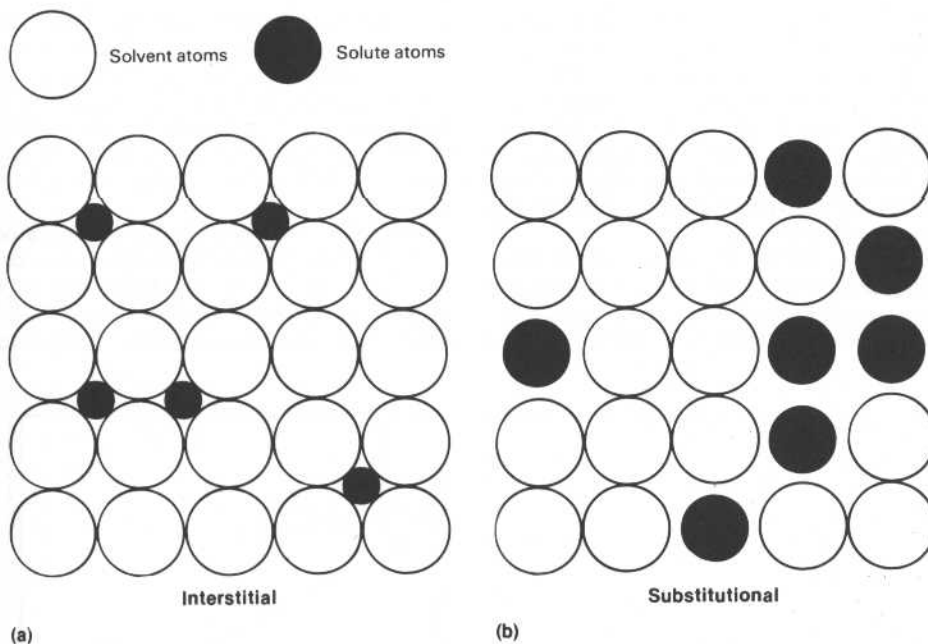


Fig. 23 Solid-solution mechanisms. (a) Interstitial. (b) Substitutional

Crystal Structure Nomenclature. When the seven crystal systems are considered together with the five space lattices, the combinations listed in Table 3 are obtained. These 14 combinations form the basis of the system of *Pearson symbols* developed by William B. Pearson, which

are widely used to identify crystal types. As can be seen in Table 3, the Pearson symbol uses a small letter to identify the crystal system and a capital letter to identify the space lattice. To these is added a number equal to the number of atoms in the unit cell conventionally selected for the particular crystal type. When determining the number of atoms in the unit cell, it should be remembered that each atom that is shared with an adjacent cell (or cells) must be counted as only a fraction of an atom. The Pearson symbols for some simple metal crystals are shown in Fig. 22,

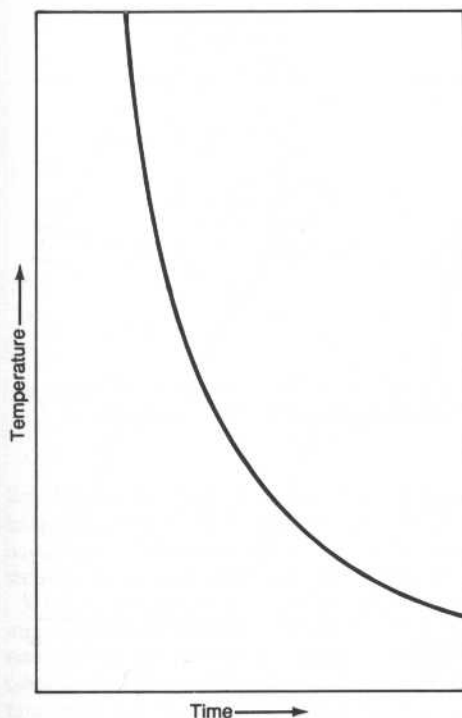


Fig. 24 Ideal cooling curve with no phase change

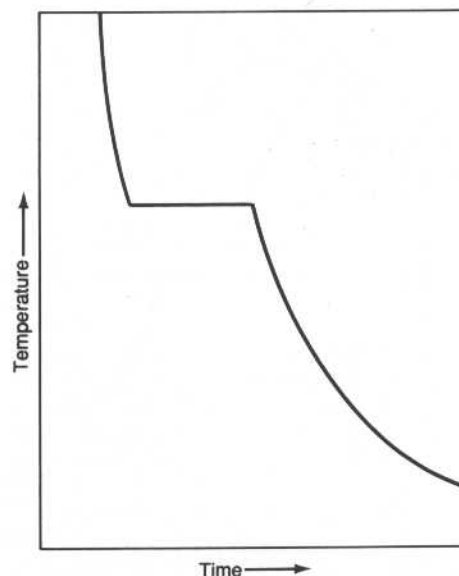


Fig. 25 Ideal freezing curve of a pure metal

Table 3 The 14 space (Bravais) lattices and their Pearson symbols

Crystal system	Space lattice	Pearson symbol
Triclinic (anorthic)	Primitive	<i>aP</i>
Monoclinic	Primitive	<i>mP</i>
	Base-centered(a)	<i>mC</i>
Orthorhombic	Primitive	<i>oP</i>
	Base-centered(a)	<i>oC</i>
	Face-centered	<i>oF</i>
	Body-centered	<i>oI</i>
Tetragonal	Primitive	<i>tP</i>
	Body-centered	<i>tI</i>
Hexagonal	Primitive	<i>hP</i>
Rhombohedral	Primitive	<i>hR</i>
Cubic	Primitive	<i>cP</i>
	Face-centered	<i>cF</i>
	Body-centered	<i>cI</i>

(a) The face that has a lattice point at its center may be chosen as the *c* face (the *xy* plane), denoted by the symbol *C*, or as the *a* or *b* face, denoted by *A* or *B*, because the choice of axes is arbitrary and does not alter the actual translations of the lattice.

along with schematic drawings illustrating the atom arrangements in the unit cell. It should be noted that in these schematic representations, the different kinds of atoms in the prototype crystal illustrated are drawn to represent their relative sizes, but in order to show the arrangements more clearly, all the atoms are shown much smaller than their true effective size in real crystals.

Several of the many possible crystal structures are so commonly found in metallic systems that they are often identified by three-letter abbreviations that combine the space lattice with the crystal system. For example, *bcc* is used for body-centered cubic (two atoms per unit cell), *fcc* for face-centered cubic (four atoms per unit cell), and *cph* for close-packed hexagonal (two atoms per unit cell).

Space-group notation is a symbolic description of the space lattice and symmetry of a crystal. It consists of the symbol for the space lattice followed by letters and numbers that designate the symmetry of the crystal. The space-group notation for each unit cell illustrated in Fig. 22 is identified next to it. For a more complete list of Pearson symbols and space-group notations, consult the Appendix.

To assist in classification and identification, each crystal structure type is assigned a representative substance (element or phase) having that structure. The substance selected is called the *structure prototype*. Generally accepted prototypes for some metal crystals are listed in Fig. 22.

An important source of information on crystal structures for many years was *Structure Reports* (*Strukturbericht* in German). In this publication, crystal structures were classified by a designation consisting of a capital letter (*A* for elements, *B* for *AB*-type phases, *C* for *AB₂*-type phases, *D* for other binary phases, *E* for ternary phases, and *L* for superlattices), followed by a number consecutively assigned (within each group) at the time the type was reported. To further distinguish among crystal types, inferior letters and numbers, as well as prime marks, were added to some designations. Because the *Strukturbericht* designation cannot be conveniently and systematically expanded to

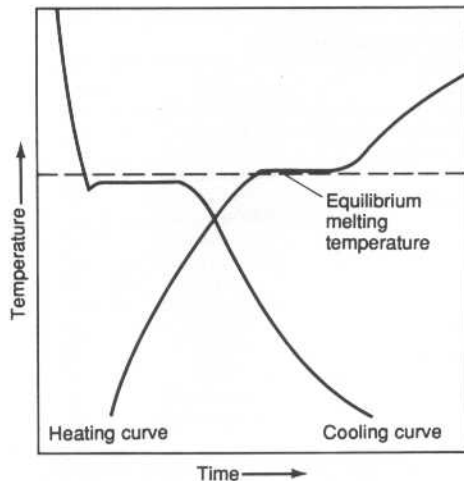


Fig. 26 Natural freezing and melting curves of a pure metal. Source: 56Rhi

cover the large variety of crystal structures currently being encountered, the system is falling into disuse.

The relations among common Pearson symbols, space groups, structure prototypes, and Strukturbericht designations for crystal systems are given in various tables in the Appendix. Crystallographic information for the metallic elements can be found in the table of allotropes in the Appendix; data for intermetallic phases of the systems included in this Volume are listed with the phase diagrams. Crystallographic data for an exhaustive list of intermediate phases are presented in 91Vi1 (see the Bibliography at the end of this Introduction).

Solid-Solution Mechanisms. There are only two mechanisms by which a crystal can dissolve atoms of a different element. If the atoms of the solute element are sufficiently smaller than the atoms comprising the solvent crystal, the solute atoms can fit into the spaces between the larger atoms to form an *interstitial solid solution* (see Fig. 23a). The only solute atoms small enough to fit into the interstices of metal crystals, however, are hydrogen, nitrogen, carbon, and boron. (The other small-diameter atoms, such as oxygen, tend to form compounds with metals rather than dissolve in them.) The rest of the elements dissolve in solid metals by replacing a solvent atom at a lattice point to form a *substitutional solid solution* (see Fig. 23b). When both small and large solute atoms are present, the solid solution can be both interstitial and substitutional. The addition of foreign atoms by either mechanism results in distortion of the crystal lattice and an increase in its internal energy. This distortion energy causes some hardening and strengthening of the alloy, called *solution hardening*. The solvent phase becomes saturated with the solute atoms and reaches its limit of homogeneity when the distortion energy reaches a critical value determined by the thermodynamics of the system.

Determination of Phase Diagrams

The data used to construct phase diagrams are obtained from a wide variety of measurements, many of which are conducted for reasons other than the determination of phase diagrams. No one research method will yield all of the information needed to construct an accurate diagram, and no diagram can be considered fully reliable without corroborating results obtained from the use of at least one other method.

Knowledge of the chemical composition of the sample and the individual phases is important in the construction of accurate phase diagrams. For example, the samples used should be prepared

from high-purity constituents and accurately analyzed.

Chemical analysis is used in the determination of phase-field boundaries by measuring compositions of phases in a sample equilibrated at a fixed temperature by means of such methods as the diffusion-couple technique. The composition of individual phases can be measured by wet chemical methods, electron probe microanalysis, and so on.

Cooling Curves. One of the most widely used methods for the determination of phase boundaries is thermal analysis. The temperature of a sample is monitored while allowed to cool naturally from an elevated temperature (usually in the

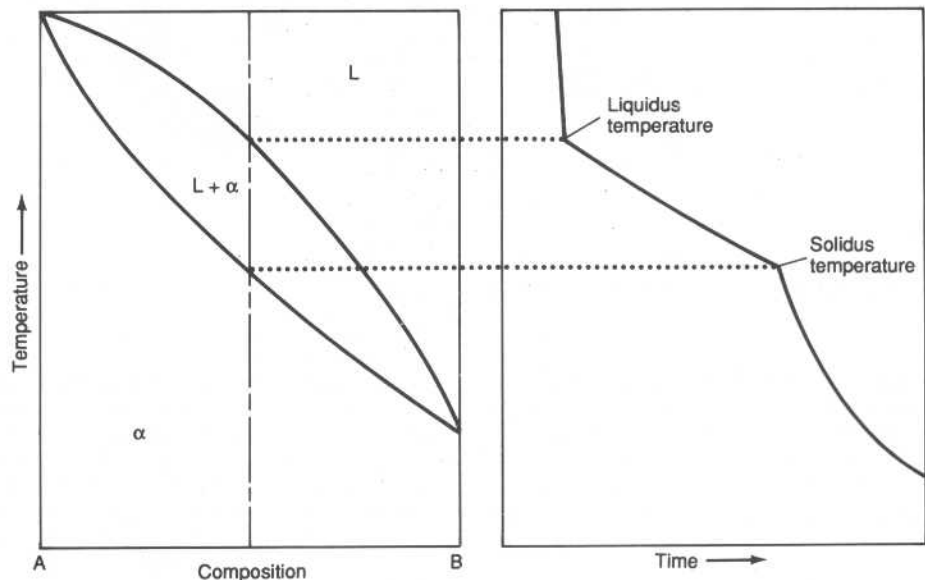


Fig. 27 Ideal freezing curve of a solid-solution alloy

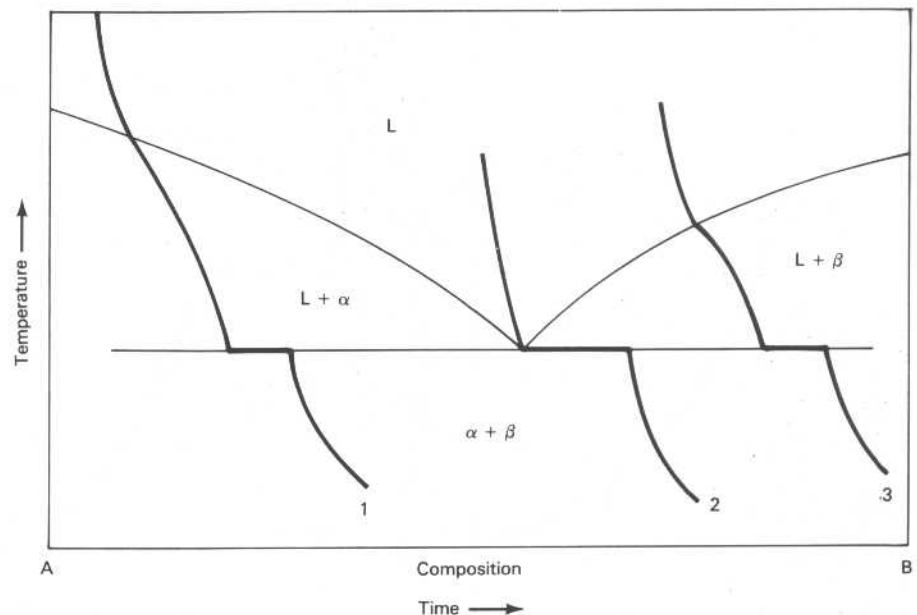


Fig. 28 Ideal freezing curves of (1) a hypoeutectic alloy, (2) a eutectic alloy, and (3) a hypereutectic alloy superimposed on a portion of a eutectic phase diagram. Source: Adapted from 66Pri

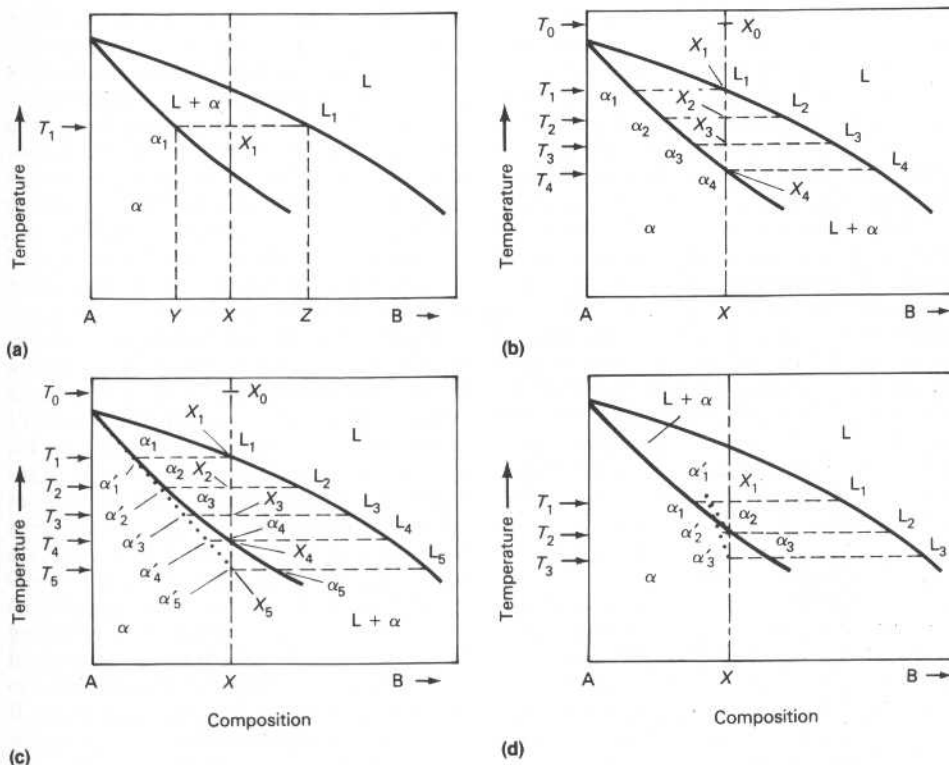


Fig. 29 Portion of a binary phase diagram containing a two-phase liquid-plus-solid field illustrating (a) the lever rule and its application to (b) equilibrium freezing, (c) nonequilibrium freezing and (d) heating of a homogenized sample. Source: 56Rhi

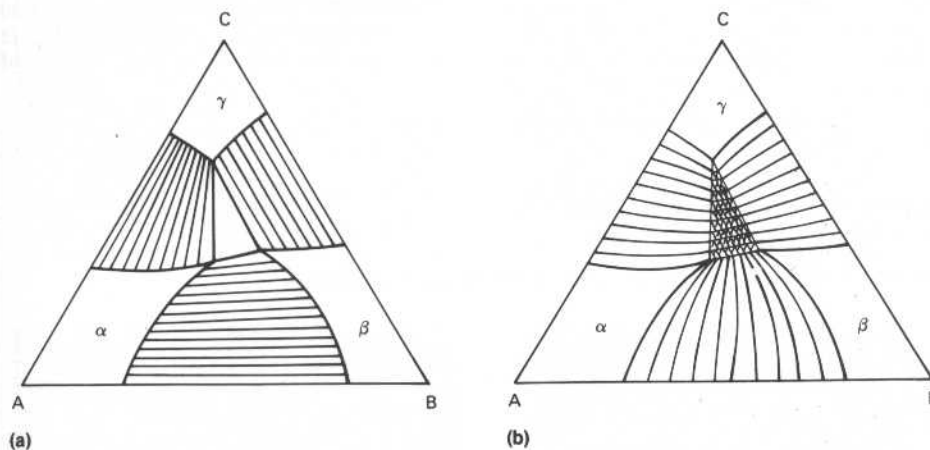


Fig. 30 Alternative systems for showing phase relationships in multiphase regions of ternary diagram isothermal sections. (a) Tie lines. (b) Phase-fraction lines. Source: 84Mor

liquid field). The shape of the resulting curves of temperature versus time are then analyzed for deviations from the smooth curve found for materials undergoing no phase changes (see Fig. 24).

When a pure element is cooled through its freezing temperature, its temperature is maintained near that temperature until freezing is complete (see Fig. 25). The true freezing/melting temperature, however, is difficult to determine from a cooling curve because of the nonequilibrium conditions inherent in such a dynamic test. This is

illustrated in the cooling and heating curves shown in Fig. 26, where the effects of both supercooling and superheating can be seen. The dip in the cooling curve often found at the start of freezing is caused by a delay in the start of crystallization.

The continual freezing that occurs during cooling through a two-phase liquid-plus-solid field results in a reduced slope to the curve between the liquidus and solidus temperatures (see Fig. 27). By preparing several samples having composi-

tions across the diagram, the shape of the liquidus curves and the eutectic temperature of eutectic system can be determined (see Fig. 28). Cooling curves can be similarly used to investigate all other types of phase boundaries.

Differential thermal analysis is a technique used to increase test sensitivity by measuring the difference between the temperature of the sample and a reference material that does not undergo phase transformation in the temperature range being investigated.

Crystal Properties. X-ray diffraction methods are used to determine both crystal structure and lattice parameters of solid phases present in a system at various temperatures (phase identification). Lattice parameter scans across a phase field are useful in determining the limits of homogeneity of the phase; the parameters change with changing composition within the single-phase field, but they remain constant once the boundary is crossed into a two-phase field.

Physical Properties. Phase transformations within a sample are usually accompanied by changes in its physical properties (linear dimensions and specific volume, electrical properties, magnetic properties, hardness, etc.). Plots of these changes versus temperature or composition can be used in a manner similar to cooling curves to locate phase boundaries.

Metallographic Methods. Metallography can be used in many ways to aid in phase diagram determination. The most important problem with metallographic methods is that they usually rely on rapid quenching to preserve (or indicate) elevated-temperature microstructures for room-temperature observation. Hot-stage metallography, however, is an alternative. The application of metallographic techniques is discussed in the section on reading phase diagrams.

Thermodynamic Modeling. Because a phase diagram is a representation of the thermodynamic relationships between competing phases, it is theoretically possible to determine a diagram by considering the behavior of relevant Gibbs energy functions for each phase present in the system and physical models for the reactions in the system. How this can be accomplished is demonstrated for the simple problem of complete solid miscibility shown in Fig. 13. The models required to calculate the possible boundaries in the more complicated diagrams usually encountered are, of course, also more complicated, and involve the use of the equations governing solutions and solution interaction originally developed for physical chemistry. Although modeling alone cannot produce a reliable phase diagram, it is a powerful technique for validating those portions of a phase diagram already derived from experimental data. In addition, modeling can be used to estimate the relations in areas of diagrams where no experimental data exist, allowing much more efficient design of subsequent experiments.

Reading Phase Diagrams

Composition Scales. Phase diagrams to be used by scientists are usually plotted in atomic percent-age (or mole fraction), while those to be used by



Fig. 31 Copper alloy C71500 (copper nickel, 30%) ingot. Dendritic structure shows coring: light areas are nickel rich; dark areas are low in nickel. 20x. Source: 85ASM

engineers are usually plotted in weight percentage. Conversions between weight and atomic composition also can be made using the equations given in the box below and standard atomic weights listed in the Appendix.

Lines and Labels. Magnetic transitions (Curie temperature and Néel temperature) and uncertain or speculative boundaries are usually shown in phase diagrams as nonsolid lines of various types. The components of metallic systems, which usually are pure elements, are identified in phase diagrams by their symbols. (The symbols used for chemical elements are listed in the Appendix.) Allotropes of polymorphic elements are distinguished by small (lower-case) Greek letter prefixes. (The Greek alphabet appears in the Appendix.)

Terminal solid phases are normally designated by the symbol (in parentheses) for the allotrope of the component element, such as (Cr) or (α Ti). Continuous solid solutions are designated by the names of both elements, such as (Cu,Pd) or (β Ti, β Y).

Intermediate phases in phase diagrams are normally labeled with small (lower-case) Greek letters. However, certain Greek letters are conventionally used for certain phases, particularly disordered solutions: for example, β for disordered bcc, ζ or ϵ for disordered cph, γ for the γ -brass-type structure, and σ for the σ CrFe-type structure.

For line compounds, a stoichiometric phase name is used in preference to a Greek letter (for example, A_2B_3 rather than δ). Greek letter prefixes are used to indicate high- and low-temperature forms of the compound (for example, αA_2B_3 for the low-temperature form and βA_2B_3 for the high-temperature form).

Lever Rule. As explained in the section on the features of phase diagrams, a tie line is an imaginary horizontal line drawn in a two-phase field connecting two points that represent two coexisting phases in equilibrium at the temperature indicated by the line. Tie lines can be used to determine the fractional amounts of the phases in

equilibrium by employing the *lever rule*. The lever rule is a mathematical expression derived by the principle of conservation of matter in which the phase amounts can be calculated from the bulk composition of the alloy and compositions of the conjugate phases, as shown in Fig. 29(a).

At the left end of the line between α_1 and L_1 , the bulk composition is $Y\%$ component B and $100 - Y\%$ component A, and consists of 100% α solid solution. As the percentage of component B in the bulk composition moves to the right, some liquid appears along with the solid. With further increases in the amount of B in the alloy, more of the mixture consists of liquid, until the material becomes entirely liquid at the right end of the tie line. At bulk composition X , which is less than halfway to point L_1 , there is more solid present than liquid. According to the lever rule, the percentages of the two phases present can be calculated as follows:

$$\% \text{ liquid} = \frac{\text{length of line } \alpha_1 X_1}{\text{length of line } \alpha_1 L_1} \times 100$$

$$\% \text{ solid } \alpha = \frac{\text{length of line } X_1 L_1}{\text{length of line } \alpha_1 L_1} \times 100$$

It should be remembered that the calculated amounts of the phases present are either in weight or atomic percentages and, as shown in the box on page 29, do not directly indicate the area or volume percentages of the phases observed in microstructures.

Phase-Fraction Lines. Reading the phase relationships in many ternary diagram sections (and other types of sections) often can be difficult because of the great many lines and areas present. *Phase-fraction lines* are used by some to simplify this task. In this approach, the sets of often non-

parallel tie lines in the two-phase fields of isothermal sections (see Fig. 30a) are replaced with sets of curving lines of equal phase fraction (Fig. 30b). Note that the phase-fraction lines extend through the three-phase region, where they appear as a triangular network. As with tie lines, the number of phase-fraction lines used is up to the individual using the diagram. Although this approach to reading diagrams may not seem helpful for such a simple diagram, it can be a useful aid in more complicated systems. For more information on this topic, see 84Mor and 91Mor.

Solidification. Tie lines and the lever rule can be used to understand the freezing of a solid-solution alloy. Consider the series of tie lines at different temperatures shown in Fig. 29(b), all of which intersect the bulk composition X . The first crystals to freeze have the composition α_1 . As the temperature is reduced to T_2 and the solid crystals grow, more A atoms are removed from the liquid than B atoms, thus shifting the composition of the remaining liquid to L_2 . Therefore, during freezing, the compositions of both the layer of solid freezing out on the crystals and the remaining liquid continuously shift to higher B contents and become leaner in A. Therefore, for equilibrium to be maintained, the solid crystals must absorb B atoms from the liquid and B atoms must migrate (diffuse) from the previously frozen material into subsequently deposited layers. When this happens, the average composition of the solid material follows the solidus line to temperature T_4 , where it equals the bulk composition of the alloy.

Coring. If cooling takes place too rapidly for maintenance of equilibrium, the successive layers deposited on the crystals will have a range of local compositions from their centers to their edges (a condition known as *coring*). The development of

Composition Conversions

The following equations can be used to make conversions in binary systems:

$$\text{wt\% A} = \frac{\text{at.\% A} \times \text{at. wt of A}}{(\text{at.\% A} \times \text{at. wt of A}) + (\text{at.\% B} \times \text{at. wt of B})} \times 100$$

$$\text{at.\% A} = \frac{\text{wt\% A} / \text{at. wt of A}}{(\text{at.\% A} / \text{at. wt of A}) + (\text{wt\% B} / \text{at. wt of B})} \times 100$$

The equation for converting from atomic percentages to weight percentages in higher-order systems is similar to that for binary systems, except that an additional term is added to the denominator for each additional component. For ternary systems, for example:

$$\text{wt\% A} = \frac{\text{at.\% A} \times \text{at. wt of A}}{(\text{at.\% A} \times \text{at. wt of A}) + (\text{at.\% B} \times \text{at. wt of B}) + (\text{at.\% C} \times \text{at. wt of C})} \times 100$$

$$\text{at.\% A} = \frac{\text{wt\% A} / \text{at. wt of A}}{(\text{wt\% A} / \text{at. wt of A}) + (\text{wt\% B} / \text{at. wt of B}) + (\text{wt\% C} / \text{at. wt of C})} \times 100$$

The conversion from weight to atomic percentages for higher-order systems is easy to accomplish on a computer with a spreadsheet program.

this condition is illustrated in Fig. 29(c). Without diffusion of B atoms from the material that solidified at temperature T_1 into the material freezing at T_2 , the average composition of the solid formed up to that point will not follow the solidus line. Instead it will remain to the left of the solidus, following compositions α'_1 through α'_5 . Note that final freezing does not occur until temperature T_5 , which means that nonequilibrium solidification takes place over a greater temperature range than equilibrium freezing. Because most metals freeze by the formation and growth of "tree-like" crystals, called *dendrites*, coring is sometimes called *dendritic segregation*. An example of cored dendrites is shown in Fig. 31.

Liquation. Because the lowest freezing material in a cored microstructure is segregated to the edges of the solidifying crystals (the grain boundaries), this material can remelt when the alloy sample is heated to temperatures below the equilibrium solidus line. If grain-boundary melting (called *liquation*, or "burning") occurs while the sample also is under stress, such as during hot forming, the liquefied grain boundaries will rupture and the sample will lose its ductility and be characterized as *hot short*.

Liquation also can have a deleterious effect on the mechanical properties (and microstructure) of the sample after it returns to room temperature. This is illustrated in Fig. 29(d) for a homogenized sample. If homogenized alloy X is heated into the liquid-plus-solid region for some reason (inadvertently or during welding, etc.), it will begin to melt when it reaches temperature T_2 ; the first liquid to appear will have the composition L_2 . When the sample is heated at normal rates to temperature T_1 , the liquid formed so far will have a composition L_1 , but the solid will not have time to reach the equilibrium composition α_1 . The average composition will instead lie at some intermediate value, such as α'_1 . According to the lever rule, this means that less than the equilibrium amount of liquid will form at this temperature. If the sample is then rapidly cooled from temperature T_1 , solidification will occur in the normal manner, with a layer of material having composition α_1 deposited on existing solid grains. This is followed by layers of increasing B content up to composition α_3 at temperature T_3 , where all of the liquid is converted to solid. This produces coring in the previously melted regions along the grain boundaries, and sometimes even

voids that decrease the strength of the sample. Homogenization heat treatment will eliminate the coring, but not the voids.

Eutectic Microstructures. When an alloy of eutectic composition (such as alloy 2 in Fig. 28) is cooled from the liquid state, the eutectic reaction occurs at the eutectic temperature, where the two distinct liquidus curves meet. At this temperature, both α and β solid phases must deposit on the grain nuclei until all of the liquid is converted to solid. This simultaneous deposition results in microstructures made up of distinctively shaped particles of one phase in a matrix of the other phase, or alternate layers of the two phases. Examples of characteristic eutectic microstructures include spheroidal, nodular, or globular; acicular (needles) or rod; and lamellar (platelets, Chinese script or dendritic, or filigreed). Each eutectic alloy has its own characteristic microstructure when slowly cooled (see Fig. 32). More rapid cooling, however, can affect the microstructure obtained (see Fig. 33). Care must be taken in characterizing eutectic structures, because elongated particles can appear nodular and flat platelets can appear elongated or needlelike when viewed in cross section.

If the alloy has a composition different from the eutectic composition (such as alloy 1 or 3 in Fig. 28), the alloy will begin to solidify before the eutectic temperature is reached. If the alloy is hypoeutectic (such as alloy 1), some dendrites of α will form in the liquid before the remaining liquid solidifies at the eutectic temperature. If the alloy is hypereutectic (such as alloy 3), the first (primary) material to solidify will be dendrites of β . The microstructure produced by slow cooling of a hypoeutectic and hypereutectic alloy will consist of relatively large particles of *primary constituent*, consisting of the phase that begins to freeze first surrounded by relatively fine eutectic structure. In many instances, the shape of the particles will show a relationship to their dendritic origin (see Fig. 34a). In other instances, the initial dendrites will have filled out somewhat into *idiomorphic particles* (particles having their own characteristic shape) that reflect the crystal structure of the phase (see Fig. 34b).

As stated earlier, cooling at a rate that does not allow sufficient time to reach equilibrium conditions will affect the resulting microstructure. For example, it is possible for an alloy in a eutectic system to obtain some eutectic structure in an alloy outside the normal composition range for such a structure. This is illustrated in Fig. 35. With relatively rapid cooling of alloy X, the composition of the solid material that forms will follow line $\alpha_1\text{--}\alpha_4$ rather than the solidus line to α_4 . As a result, the last liquid to solidify will have the eutectic composition L_4 , rather than L_3 , and will form some eutectic structure in the microstructure. The question of what takes place when the temperature reaches T_5 is discussed later.

Eutectoid Microstructures. Because the diffusion rates of atoms are so much lower in solids than in liquids, nonequilibrium transformation is even more important in solid/solid reactions (such as the eutectoid reaction) than in liquid/solid reactions (such as the eutectic reaction). With slow cooling through the eutectoid tempera-

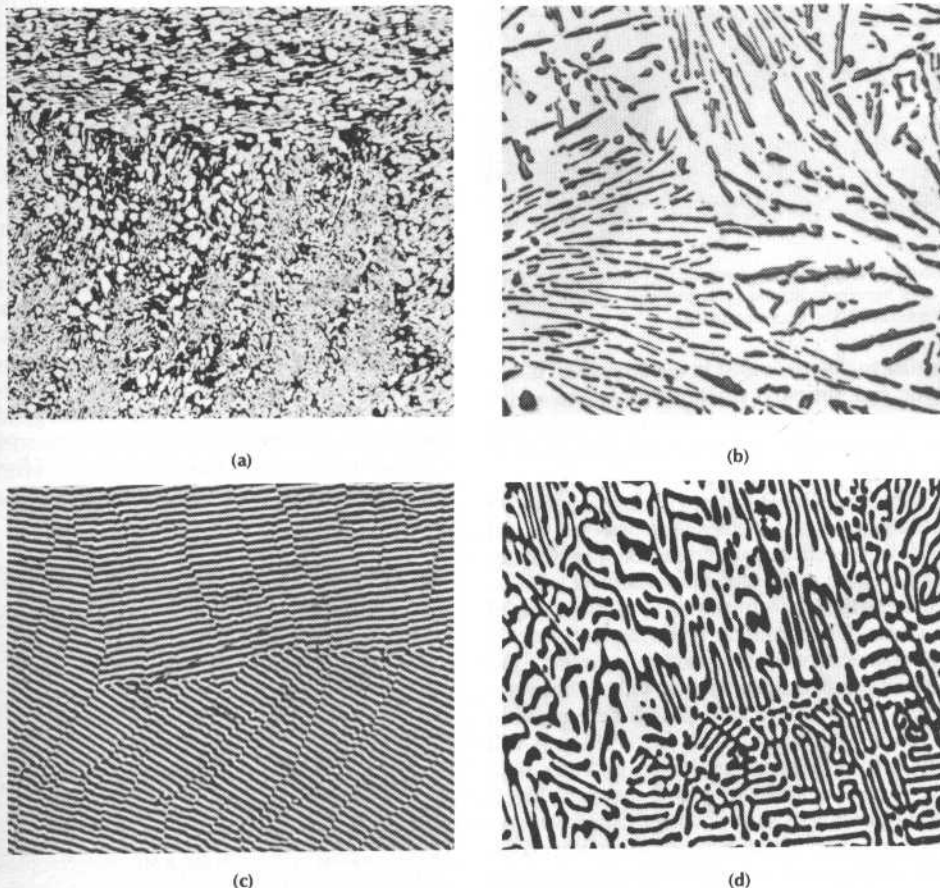
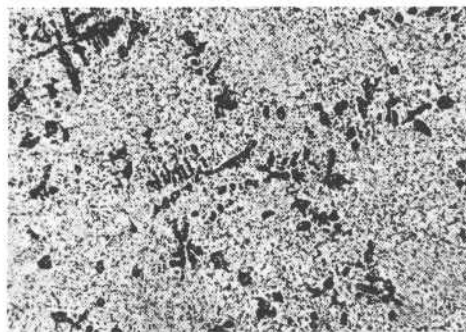


Fig. 32 Examples of characteristic eutectic microstructures in slowly cooled alloys. (a) 50Sn-50In alloy showing globules of tin-rich intermetallic phase (light) in a matrix of dark indium-rich intermetallic phase. 150 \times . (b) Al-13Si alloy showing an acicular structure consisting of short, angular particles of silicon (dark) in a matrix of aluminum. 200 \times . (c) Al-33Cu alloy showing a lamellar structure consisting of dark platelets of CuAl₂ and light platelets of aluminum solid solution. 180 \times . (d) Mg-37Sn alloy showing a lamellar structure consisting of Mg₂Sn "Chinese script" (dark) in a matrix of magnesium solid solution. 250 \times . Source: 85ASM

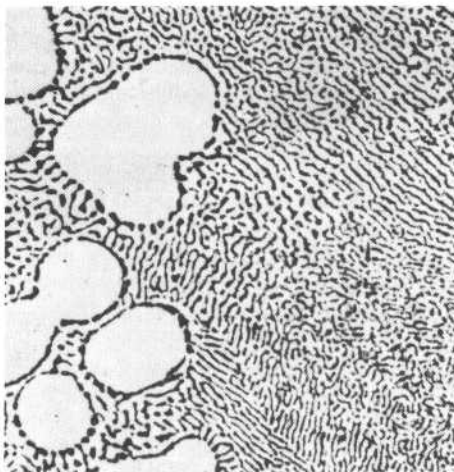


(a)

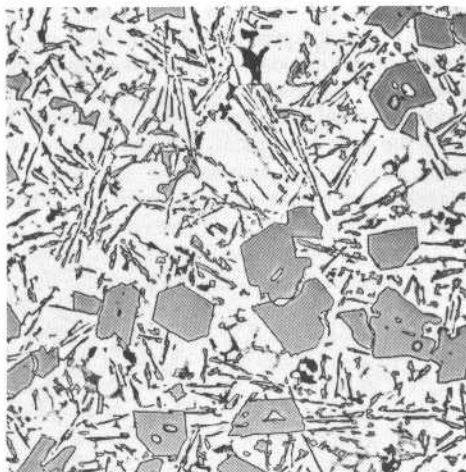


(b)

Fig. 33 Effect of cooling rate on the microstructure of Sn-37Pb alloy (eutectic soft solder). (a) Slowly cooled sample shows a lamellar structure consisting of dark platelets of lead-rich solid solution and light platelets of tin. 375x. (b) More rapidly cooled sample shows globules of lead-rich solid solution, some of which exhibit a slightly dendritic structure, in a matrix of tin. 375x. Source: 85ASM



(a)



(b)

Fig. 34 Examples of primary particle shape. (a) Sn-30Pb hypoeutectic alloy showing dendritic particles of tin-rich solid solution in a matrix of tin-lead eutectic. 500x. (b) Al-19Si hypereutectic alloy, phosphorus-modified, showing idiomorphic particles of silicon in a matrix of aluminum-silicon eutectic. 100x. Source: 85ASM

ture, most alloys of eutectoid composition, such as alloy 2 in Fig. 36, transform from a single-phase microstructure to a lamellar structure consisting of alternate platelets of α and β arranged in groups (or "colonies"). The appearance of this structure is very similar to lamellar eutectic structure (see Fig. 37). When found in cast irons and steels, this structure is called "pearlite" because of its shiny mother-of-pearl appearance under the microscope (especially under oblique illumination); when similar eutectoid structure is found in nonferrous alloys, it often is called "pearlite-like" or "pearlitic."

The terms *hypoeutectoid* and *hypereutectoid* have the same relationship to the eutectoid composition as hypoeutectic and hypereutectic do in a eutectic system; alloy 1 in Fig. 36 is a hypoeutectoid alloy, whereas alloy 3 is hypereutectoid. The solid-state transformation of such alloys takes place in two steps, much like the freezing of hypoeutectic and hypereutectic alloys, except that the microconstituents that form before the eutectoid temperature is reached are referred to as *proeutectoid constituents* rather than "primary."

Microstructures of Other Invariant Reactions. Phase diagrams can be used in a manner

similar to that described in the discussion of eutectic and eutectoid reactions to determine the microstructures expected to result from cooling an alloy through any of the other six types of reactions listed in Table 1.

Solid-State Precipitation. If alloy X in Fig. 35 is homogenized at a temperature between T_3 and T_5 , it will reach an equilibrium condition; that is, the β portion of the eutectic constituent will dissolve and the microstructure will consist solely of α grains. Upon cooling below temperature T_5 , this microstructure will no longer represent equilibrium conditions, but instead will be supersaturated with B atoms. In order for the sample to return to equilibrium, some of the B atoms will tend to congregate in various regions of the sample to form colonies of new β material. The B atoms in some of these colonies, called *Guinier-Preston zones*, will drift apart, while other colonies will grow large enough to form incipient, but not distinct, particles. The difference in crystal structures and lattice parameters between the α and β phases causes lattice strain at the boundary between the two materials, thereby raising the total energy level of the sample and hardening and strengthening it. At this stage, the incipient parti-

cles are difficult to distinguish in the microstructure. Instead, there usually is only a general darkening of the structure. If sufficient time is allowed, the β regions will break away from their host grains of α and precipitate as distinct particles, thereby relieving the lattice strain and returning the hardness and strength to the former levels. This process is illustrated for a simple eutectic system, but it can occur wherever similar conditions exist in a phase diagram; that is, there is a range of alloy compositions in the system for which there is a transition on cooling from a single-solid region to a region that also contains a second solid phase, and where the boundary between the regions slopes away from the composition line as cooling continues. Several examples of such systems are shown schematically in Fig. 38.

Although this entire process is called *precipitation hardening*, the term normally refers only to the portion before much actual precipitation takes place. Because the process takes some time, the term *age hardening* is often used instead. The rate at which aging occurs depends on the level of supersaturation (how far from equilibrium), the amount of lattice strain originally developed (amount of lattice mismatch), the fraction left to be relieved (how far along the process has progressed), and the aging temperature (the mobility of the atoms to migrate). The β precipitate usually takes the form of small idiomorphic particles situated along the grain boundaries and within the grains of α phase. In most instances, the particles are more or less uniform in size and oriented in a systematic fashion. Examples of precipitation microstructures are shown in Fig. 39.

Examples of Phase Diagrams

The general principles of reading alloy phase diagrams are discussed in the preceding section. The application of these principles to actual diagrams for typical alloy systems is illustrated below.

The Copper-Zinc System. The metallurgy of brass alloys has long been of great commercial importance. The copper and zinc contents of five of the most common wrought brasses are:

UNS No.	Common name	Zinc content, wt%	
		Nominal	Range
C23000	Red brass, 85%	15	14.0-16.0
C24000	Low brass, 80%	20	18.5-21.5
C26000	Cartridge brass, 70%	30	28.5-31.5
C27000	Yellow brass, 65%	35	32.5-37.0
C28000	Muntz metal, 60%	40	37.0-41.0

As can be seen in Fig. 40, these alloys encompass a wide range of the copper-zinc phase diagram. The alloys on the high-copper end (red brass, low brass, and cartridge brass) lie within the copper solid-solution phase field and are called *alpha brasses* after the old designation for this field. As expected, the microstructure of these brasses consists solely of grains of copper solid solution (see

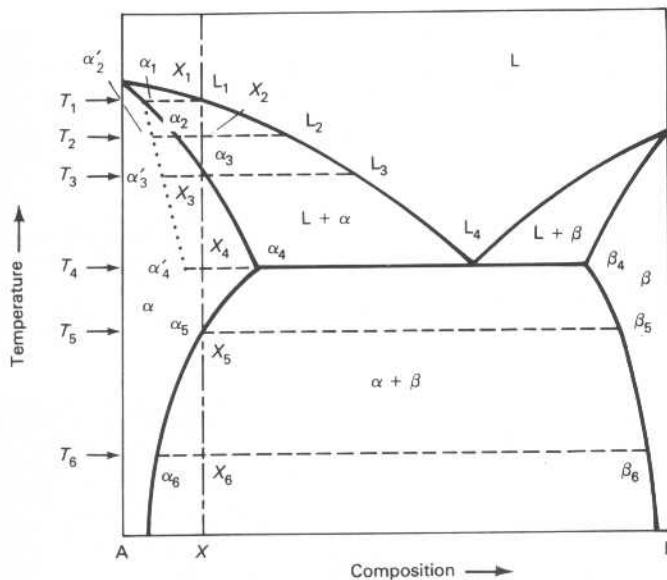


Fig. 35 Schematic binary phase diagram, illustrating the effect of cooling rate on an alloy lying outside the equilibrium eutectic transformation line. Rapid solidification into a terminal phase field can result in some eutectic structure being formed; homogenization at temperatures in the single-phase field will eliminate the eutectic structure; β phase will precipitate out of solution upon slow cooling into the α -plus- β field. Source: Adapted from 56Rhi

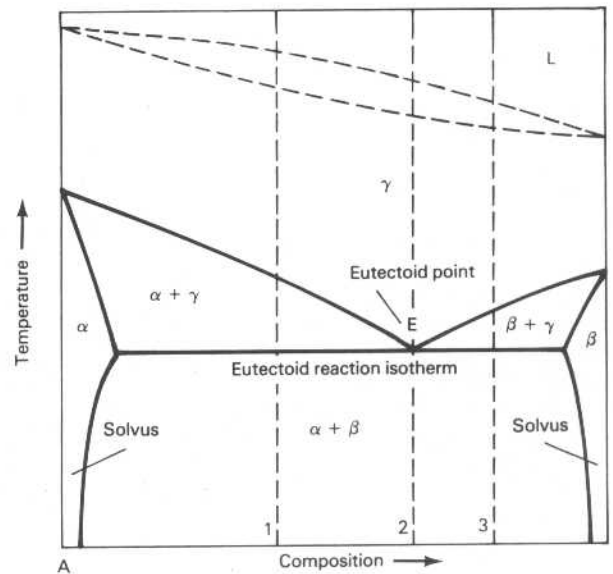


Fig. 36 Schematic binary phase diagram of a eutectoid system. Source: Adapted from 56Rhi

Fig. 41a). The strain on the copper crystals caused by the presence of the zinc atoms, however, produces solution hardening in the alloys. As a result, the strength of the brasses, in both the work-hardened and the annealed conditions, increases with increasing zinc content.

The composition range for those brasses containing higher amounts of zinc (yellow brass and Muntz metal), however, overlaps into the two-phase (Cu)-plus- β field. Therefore, the microstructure of these so-called alpha-beta alloys shows various amounts of β phase (see Fig. 41b and c), and their strengths are further increased over those of the alpha brasses.

The Aluminum-Copper System. Another alloy system of great commercial importance is aluminum-copper. Although the phase diagram of this system is fairly complicated (see Fig. 42), the alloys of concern in this discussion are limited to the region at the aluminum side of the diagram where a simple eutectic is formed between the

aluminum solid solution and the θ (Al_2Cu) phase. This family of alloys (designated the 2xxx series) has nominal copper contents ranging from 2.3 to 6.3 wt%, making them hypoeutectic alloys.

A critical feature of this region of the diagram is the shape of the aluminum solvus line. At the eutectic temperature (548.2 °C, or 1018.8 °F), 5.65 wt% Cu will dissolve in aluminum. At lower temperatures, however, the amount of copper that can remain in the aluminum solid solution under

equilibrium conditions drastically decreases, reaching less than 1% at room temperature. This is the typical shape of the solvus line for precipitation hardening; if any of these alloys are homogenized at temperatures in or near the solid-solution phase field, they can be strengthened by aging at a substantially lower temperature.

The Titanium-Aluminum, Titanium-Chromium, and Titanium-Vanadium Systems. The phase diagrams of titanium systems are domi-

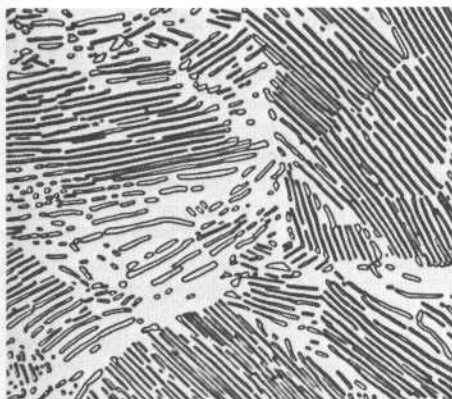


Fig. 37 Fe-0.8C alloy showing a typical pearlite eutectoid structure of alternate layers of light ferrite and dark cementite. 500x. Source: 85ASM

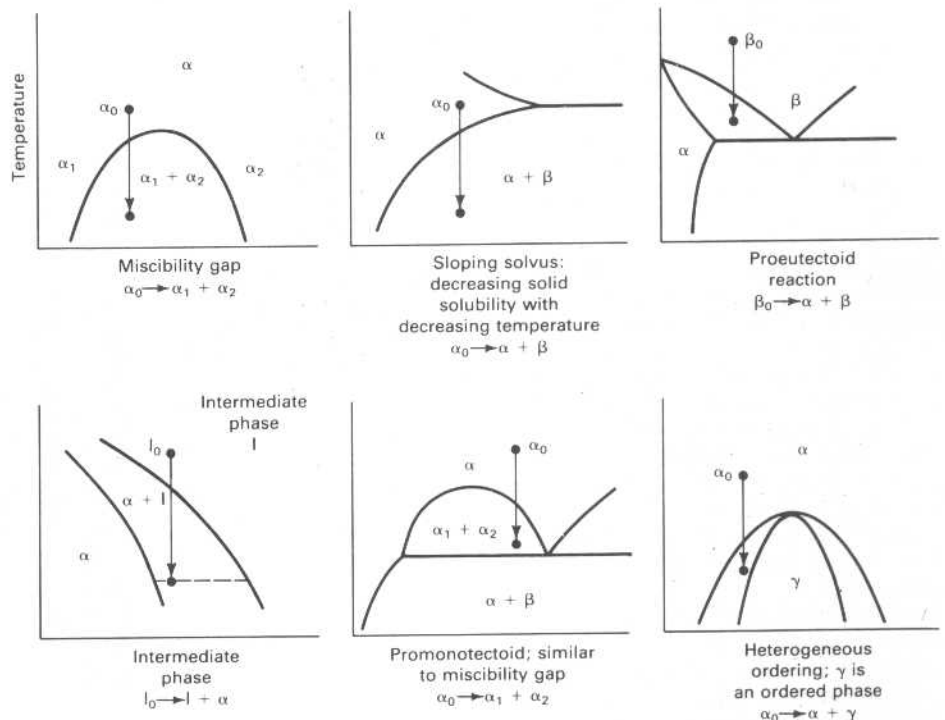


Fig. 38 Examples of binary phase diagrams that give rise to precipitation reactions. Source: 85ASM

nated by the fact that there are two allotropic forms of solid titanium: cph α Ti is stable at room temperature and up to 882 °C (1620 °F); bcc β Ti is stable from 882 °C (1620 °F) to the melting temperature. Most alloying elements used in commercial titanium alloys can be classified as alpha stabilizers (such as aluminum) or beta stabilizers (such as vanadium and chromium), depending on whether the allotropic transformation temperature is raised or lowered by the alloying addition (see Fig. 43). Beta stabilizers are further classified as those that are completely miscible with β Ti (such as vanadium, molybdenum, tantalum, and niobium) and those that form eutectoid systems with titanium (such as chromium and iron). Tin and zirconium also are often alloyed in titanium, but instead of stabilizing either phase, they have extensive solubilities in both α Ti and β Ti. The microstructures of commercial titanium alloys are complicated, because most contain more than one of these four types of alloying elements.

The Iron-Carbon System. The iron-carbon diagram maps out the stable equilibrium conditions between iron and the graphitic form of carbon (see Fig. 44). Note that there are three allotropic forms of solid iron: the low-temperature phase, α ; the medium-temperature phase, γ ; and the high-temperature phase, δ . In addition, ferritic iron undergoes a magnetic phase transition at 771 °C (1420 °F) between the low-temperature ferromagnetic state and the higher-temperature paramagnetic state. The common name for bcc α -iron is "ferrite" (from *ferrum*, Latin for "iron"); the fcc γ phase is called "austenite" after William Roberts-Austen; bcc δ -iron is also commonly called ferrite, because (except for its temperature range) it is the same as α -iron. The main feature of the iron-carbon diagram is the presence of both a eutectic and a eutectoid reaction, along with the great difference between the solid solubilities of carbon in ferrite and austenite. It is these features that allow such a wide variety of microstructures and mechanical properties to be developed in iron-carbon alloys through proper heat treatment.

The Iron-Cementite System. In the solidification of steels, stable equilibrium conditions do not exist. Instead, any carbon not dissolved in the iron is tied up in the form of the metastable intermetallic compound, Fe_3C (also called cementite because of its hardness), rather than remaining as free graphite (see Fig. 45). It is, therefore, the iron-cementite phase diagram, rather than the iron-carbon diagram, that is important to industrial metallurgy. It should be remembered, however, that although cementite is an extremely enduring phase, given sufficient time, or the presence of a catalyzing substance, it will break down to iron and carbon. In cast irons, silicon is the catalyzing agent that allows free carbon (flakes, nodules, etc.) to appear in the microstructure (see Fig. 46).

The boundary lines on the iron-carbon and iron-cementite diagrams that are important to the heat treatment of steel and cast iron have been assigned special designations, which have been found useful in describing the treatments. These lines, where thermal arrest takes place during heating or cooling due to a solid-state reaction,

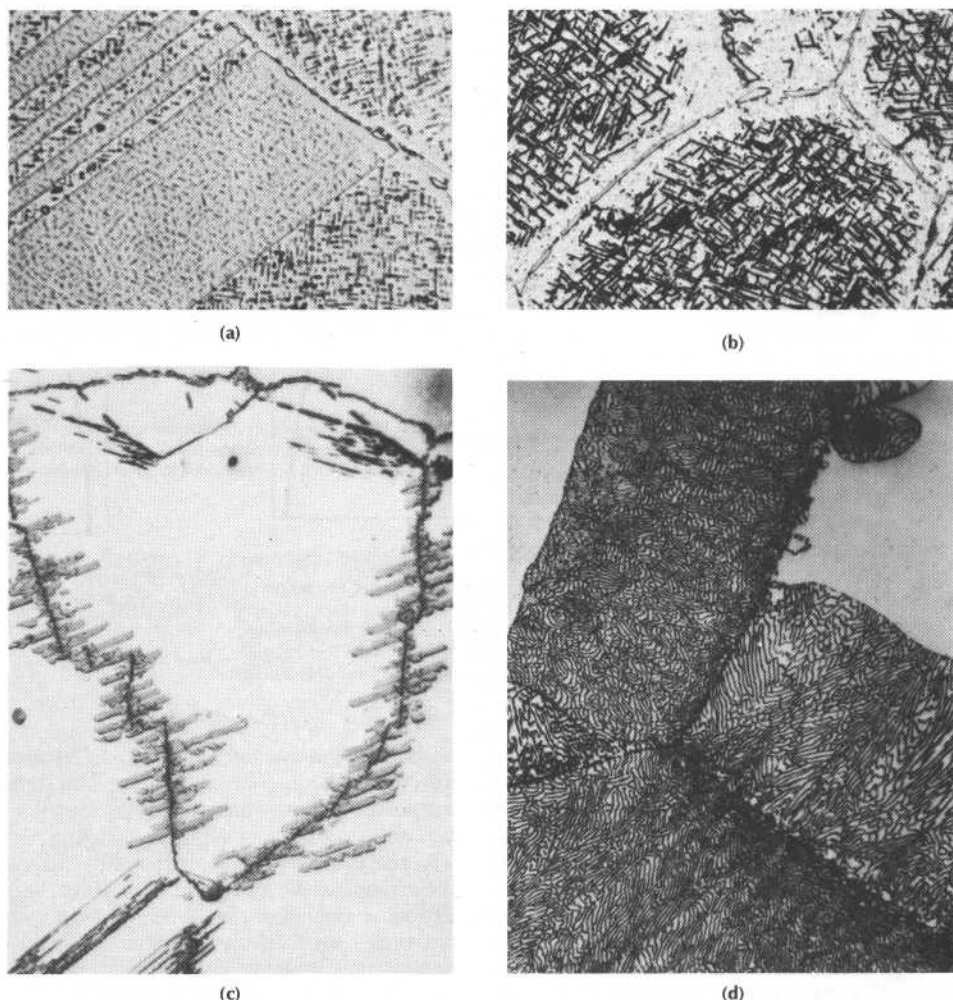


Fig. 39 Examples of characteristic precipitation microstructures. (a) General and grain-boundary precipitation of Co_3Ti (γ' phase) in a Co-12Fe-6Ti alloy aged 3×10^3 min at 800 °C (1470 °F). 1260x. (b) General precipitation (intragranular Widmanstätten) and localized grain-boundary precipitation in an Al-18Ag alloy aged 90 h at 375 °C (710 °F), with a distinct precipitation-free zone near the grain boundaries. 500x. (c) Preferential, or localized, precipitation along grain boundaries in a Ni-20Cr-1Al alloy. 500x. (d) Cellular, or discontinuous, precipitation growing out uniformly from the grain boundaries in an Fe-24.8Zn alloy aged 6 min at 600 °C (1110 °F). 1000x. Source: 85ASM

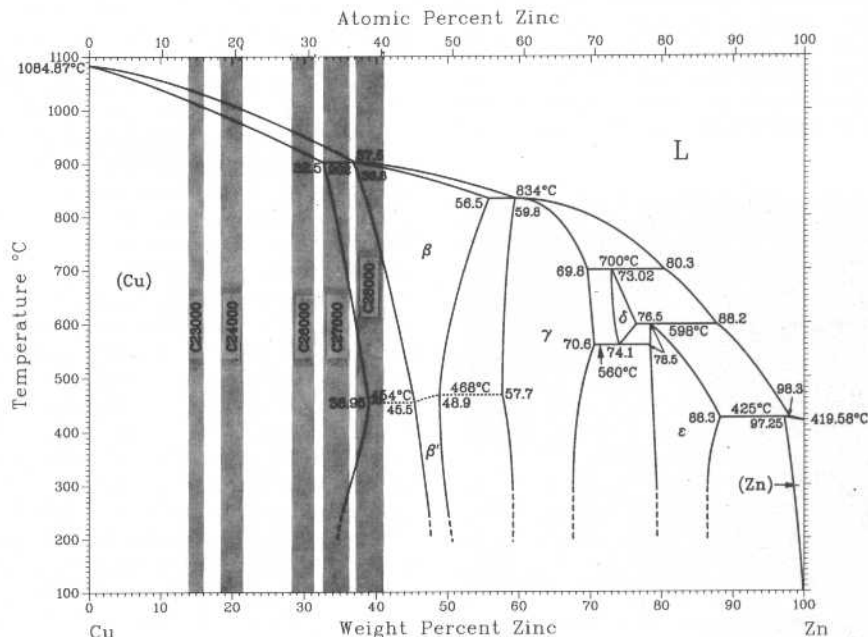


Fig. 40 The copper-zinc phase diagram, showing the composition range for five common brasses. Source: Adapted from 90Mas

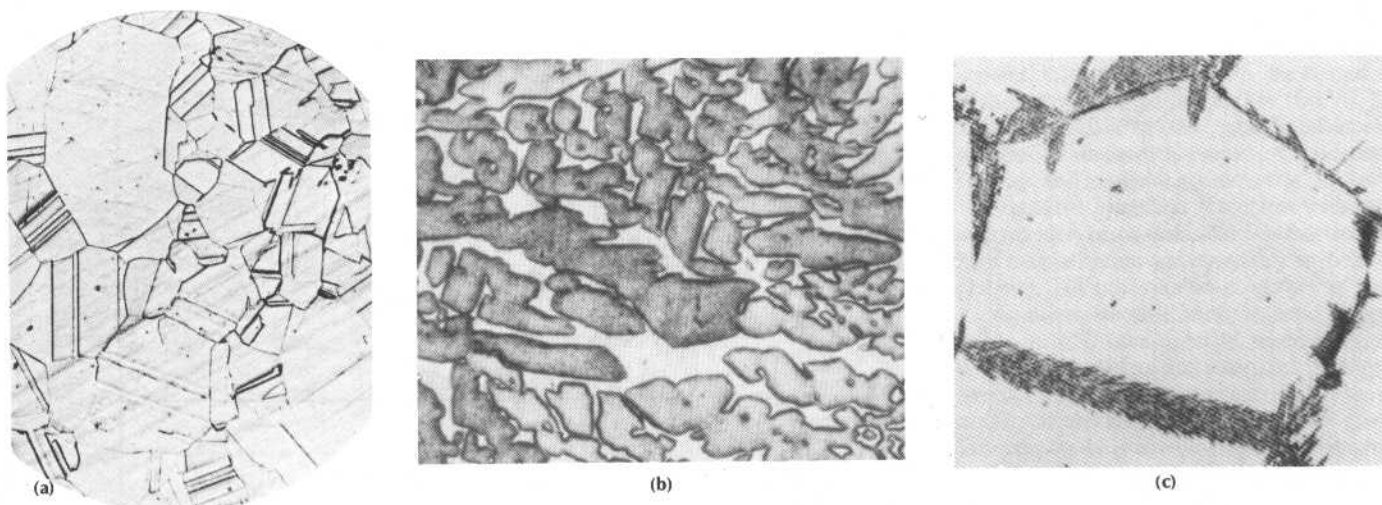


Fig. 41 The microstructures of two common brasses. (a) C26000 (cartridge brass, 70%), hot rolled, annealed, cold rolled 70%, and annealed at 638 °C (1180 °F), showing equiaxed grains of copper solid solution. Some grains are twinned. 75x. (b) C28000 (Muntz metal, 60%) ingot, showing dendrites of copper solid solution in a matrix of β . 200x. (c) C28000 (Muntz metal, 60%), showing feathery of copper solid solution that formed at β grain boundaries during quenching of the all- β structure. 100x. Source: 85ASM

are assigned the letter “A” for *arrêt* (French for “arrest”). These designations are shown in Fig. 45. To further differentiate the lines, an “e” is added to identify those indicating the changes occurring at equilibrium (to give Ae_1 , Ae_3 , Ae_4 , and Ae_{cm}). Also, because the temperatures at which changes actually occur on heating or cooling are displaced somewhat from the equilibrium values, the “e” is replaced with “c” (for *chauffage*, French for “heating”) when identifying the slightly higher temperatures associated with changes that occur on heating. Likewise, “e” is replaced with “r” (for *refroidissement*, French for “cooling”) when identifying those slightly lower temperatures associated with changes occurring on cooling. These designations are convenient terms because they are used not only for binary alloys of iron and carbon, but also for commercial steels and cast irons, regardless of the other elements present in them. Alloying elements such as manganese, chromium, nickel, and molybdenum, however, do affect these temperatures (mainly A_3). For example, nickel lowers A_3 , whereas chromium raises it.

The microstructures obtained in steels by slowly cooling are as follows. At carbon contents from 0.007 to 0.022%, the microstructure consists of ferrite grains with cementite precipitated in from ferrite, usually in too fine a form to be visible by light microscopy. (Because certain other metal atoms that may be present can substitute for some of the iron atoms in Fe_3C , the more general term, “carbide,” is often used instead of “cementite” when describing microstructures.) In the hypoeutectoid range (from 0.022 to 0.76% C), ferrite and pearlite grains constitute the microstructure. In the hypereutectoid range (from 0.76 to 2.14% C), pearlite grains plus carbide precipitated from austenite are visible.

Slowly cooled hypoeutectic cast irons (from 2.14 to 4.3% C) have a microstructure consisting of dendritic pearlite grains (transformed from hypoeutectic primary austenite) and grains of iron-cementite eutectic (called “ledeburite”) con-

sisting of carbide and transformed austenite, plus carbide precipitated from austenite and particles of free carbon. For slowly cooled hypereutectic cast iron (between 4.3 and 6.67% C), the microstructure shows primary particles of carbide and free carbon, plus grains of transformed austenite.

Cast irons and steels, of course, are not used in their slowly cooled as-cast condition. Instead, they are more rapidly cooled from the melt, then subjected to some type of heat treatment and, for wrought steels, some type of hot and/or cold work. The great variety of microconstituents and

microstructures that result from these treatments is beyond the scope of a discussion of stable and metastable equilibrium phase diagrams. Phase diagrams are invaluable, however, when designing heat treatments. For example, normalizing is usually accomplished by air cooling from about 55 °C (100 °F) above the upper transformation temperature (A_3 for hypoeutectoid alloys and A_{cm} for hypereutectoid alloys). Full annealing is done by controlled cooling from about 28 to 42 °C (50 to 75 °F) above A_3 for both hypoeutectoid and hypereutectoid alloys. All tempering and process

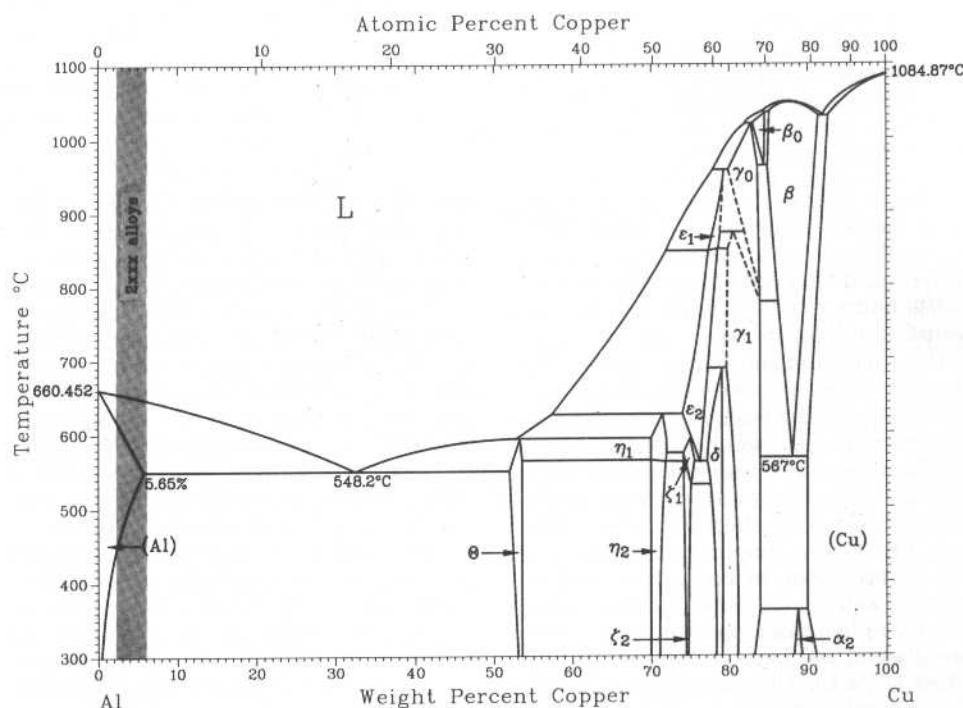


Fig. 42 The aluminum-copper phase diagram, showing the composition range for the 2xxx series of precipitation-hardenable aluminum alloys. Source: 90Mas

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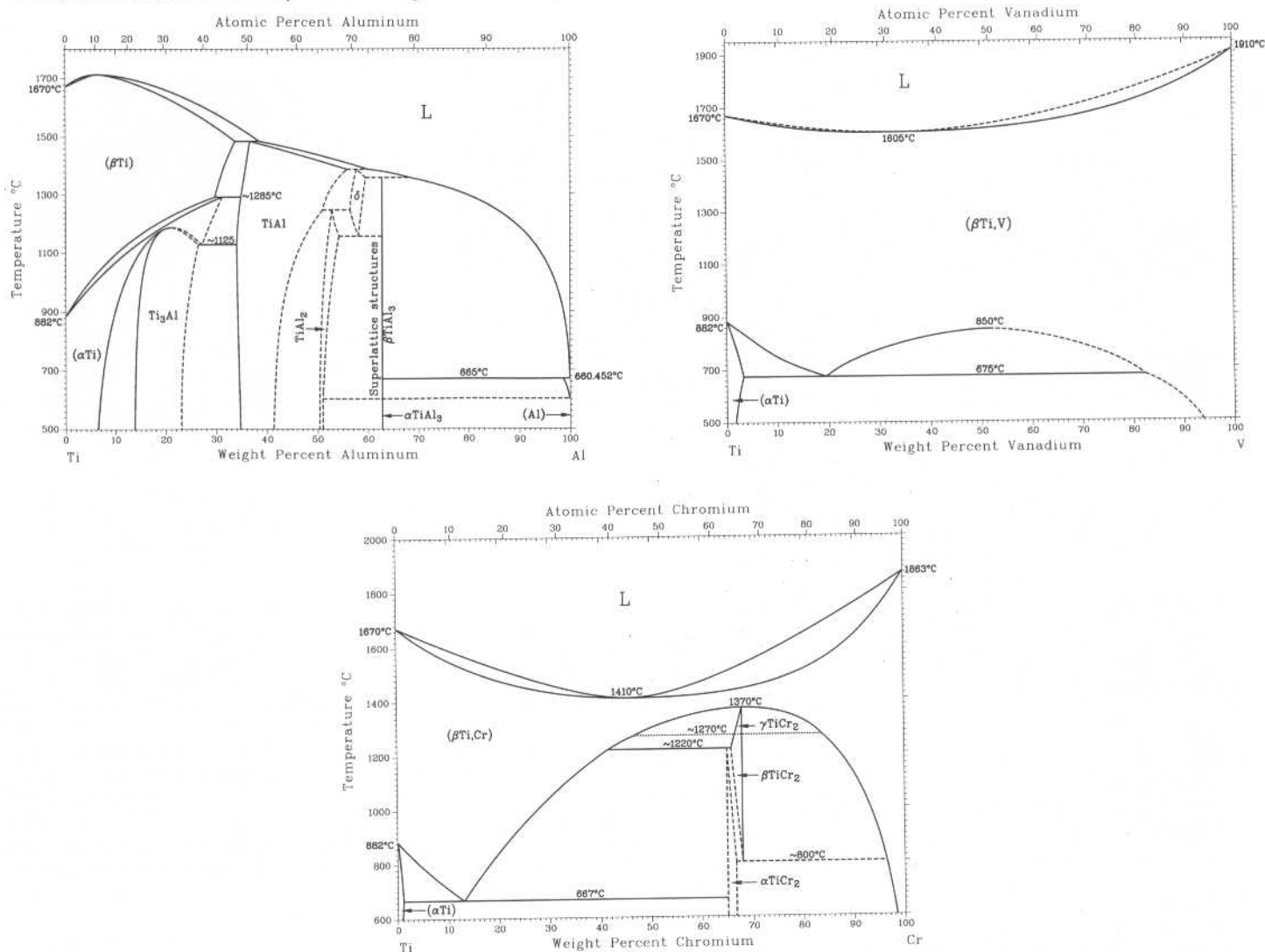


Fig. 43 Three representative binary titanium phase diagrams, showing alpha stabilization (Ti-Al), beta stabilization with complete miscibility (Ti-V), and beta stabilization with a eutectoid reaction (Ti-Cr). Source: 90Mas

annealing operations are done at temperatures below the lower transformation temperature (A_1). Austenitizing is done at a temperature sufficiently above A_3 and A_{cm} to ensure complete transformation to austenite, but low enough to prevent grain growth from being too rapid.

The Iron-Chromium-Nickel System. Many commercial cast irons and steels contain ferrite-stabilizing elements (such as silicon, chromium, molybdenum, and vanadium) and/or austenite stabilizers (such as manganese and nickel). The diagram for the binary iron-chromium system is representative of the effect of a ferrite stabilizer (see Fig. 47). At temperatures just below the solidus, bcc chromium forms a continuous solid solution with bcc (δ) ferrite. At lower temperatures, the γ -iron phase appears on the iron side of the diagram and forms a "loop" extending to about 11.2% Cr. Alloys containing up to 11.2% Cr, and sufficient carbon, are hardenable by quenching from temperatures within the loop.

At still lower temperatures, the bcc solid solution is again continuous bcc ferrite, but this time

with α Fe. This continuous bcc phase field confirms that δ -ferrite is the same as α -ferrite. The nonexistence of γ -iron in Fe-Cr alloys having more than about 13% Cr, in the absence of carbon, is an important factor in both the hardenable and nonhardenable grades of iron-chromium stainless steels. At these lower temperatures, a material known as sigma phase also appears in different amounts from about 14 to 90% Cr. Sigma is a hard, brittle phase and usually should be avoided in commercial stainless steels. Formation of sigma, however, is time dependent; long periods at elevated temperatures are usually required.

The diagram for the binary iron-nickel system is representative of the effect of an austenite stabilizer (see Fig. 47). The fcc nickel forms a continuous solid solution with fcc (γ) austenite that dominates the diagram, although the α -ferrite phase field extends to about 6% Ni. The diagram for the ternary iron-chromium-nickel system shows how the addition of ferrite-stabilizing chromium affects the iron-nickel system (see Fig. 48). As can be seen, the popular 18-8 stainless

steel, which contains about 8% Ni, is an all-austenite alloy at 900 °C (1652 °F), even though it also contains about 18% Cr.

Practical Applications of Phase Diagrams

The following are but a few of the many instances where phase diagrams and phase relationships have proved invaluable in the efficient solving of practical metallurgical problems.

Alloy Design

Age Hardening Alloys. One of the earliest uses of phase diagrams in alloy development was in the suggestion in 1919 by the U.S. Bureau of Standards that precipitation of a second phase from solid solution would harden an alloy. The age hardening of certain aluminum-copper alloys (then called "Duralumin" alloys) had been accidentally discovered in 1904, but this process was

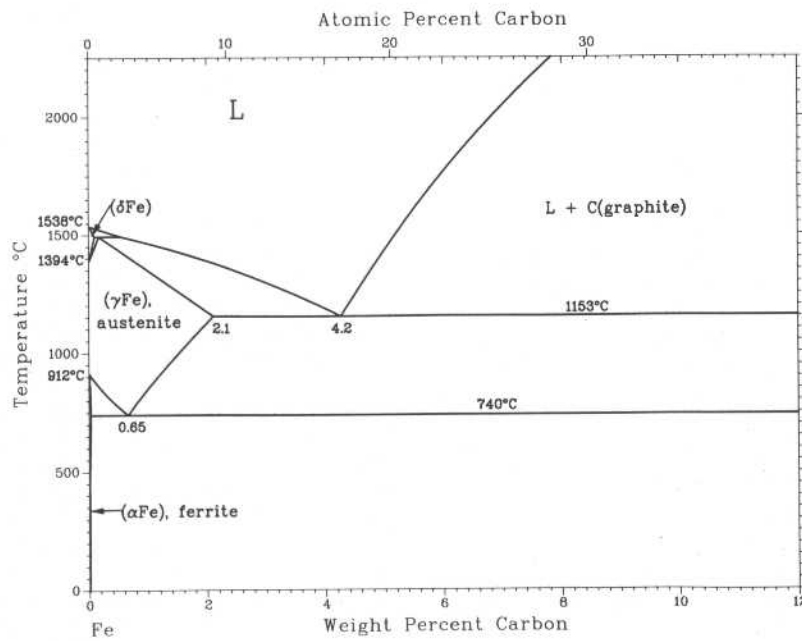


Fig. 44 The iron-carbon phase diagram. Source: Adapted from 90Mas

thought to be a unique and curious phenomenon. The work at the Bureau, however, showed the scientific basis of this process (which was discussed in previous sections of this Introduction). This work has now led to the development of several families of commercial "age hardening" alloys covering different base metals.

Austenitic Stainless Steel. In connection with a research project aimed at the conservation of always expensive, sometimes scarce, materials, the question arose: Can manganese and aluminum be substituted for nickel and chromium in stainless steels? (In other words, can standard chromium-nickel stainless steels be replaced with an austenitic alloy system?) The answer came in two stages—in both instances with the help of phase diagrams. It was first determined that manganese should be capable of replacing nickel because it stabilizes the γ -iron phase (austenite), and

aluminum may substitute for chromium because it stabilizes the α -iron phase (ferrite), leaving only a small γ loop (see Fig. 47 and 49). Aluminum is known to impart good high-temperature oxidation resistance to iron. Next, the literature on phase diagrams of the aluminum-iron-manganese system was reviewed, which suggested that a range of compositions exists where the alloy would be austenitic at room temperature. A non-magnetic alloy with austenitic structure containing 44% Fe, 45% Mn, and 11% Al was prepared. However, it proved to be very brittle, presumably because of the precipitation of a phase based on β -Mn. By examining the phase diagram for carbon-iron-manganese (Fig. 50), as well as the diagram for aluminum-carbon-iron, the researcher determined that the problem could be solved through the addition of carbon to the aluminum-iron-manganese system, which would move the

composition away from the β Mn phase field. The carbon addition also would further stabilize the austenite phase, permitting reduced manganese content. With this information, the composition of the alloy was modified to 7 to 10% Al, 30 to 35% Mn, and 0.75 to 1% C, with the balance iron. It had good mechanical properties, oxidation resistance, and moderate stainlessness.

Permanent Magnets. A problem with permanent magnets based on Fe-Nd-B is that they show high magnetization and coercivity at room temperature, but unfavorable properties at higher temperatures. Because hard magnetic properties are limited by nucleation of severed magnetic domains, the surface and interfaces of grains in the sintered and heat-treated material are the controlling factor. Therefore, the effects of alloying additives on the phase diagrams and microstructural development of the Fe-Nd-B alloy system plus additives were studied. These studies showed that the phase relationships and domain-nucleation difficulties were very unfavorable for the production of a magnet with good magnetic properties at elevated temperatures by the sintering method. However, such a magnet might be produced from Fe-Nd-C material by some other process, such as melt spinning or bonding (see 91Hay).

Processing

Hacksaw Blades. In the production of hacksaw blades, a strip of high-speed steel for the cutting edges is joined to a backing strip of low-alloy steel by laser or electron beam welding. As a result, a very hard martensitic structure forms in the weld area that must be softened by heat treatment before the composite strip can be further rolled or set. To avoid the cost of the heat treatment, an alternative technique was investigated. This technique involved alloy additions during welding to create a microstructure that would not require subsequent heat treatment. Instead of expensive experiments, several mathematical simulations were made based on additions of various steels or pure metals. In these simulations, the hardness of

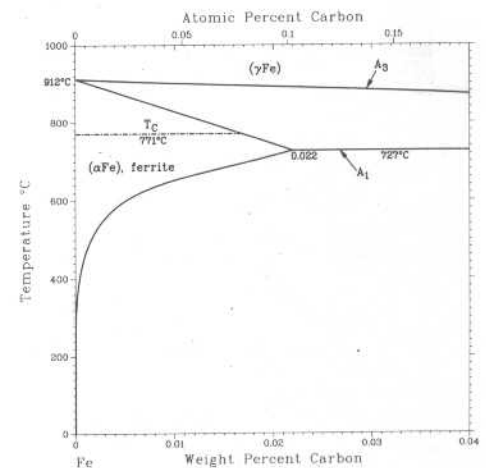
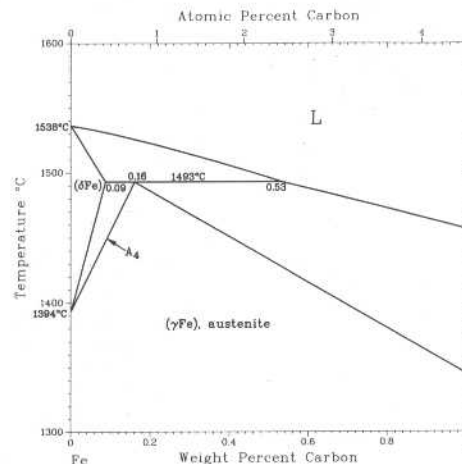
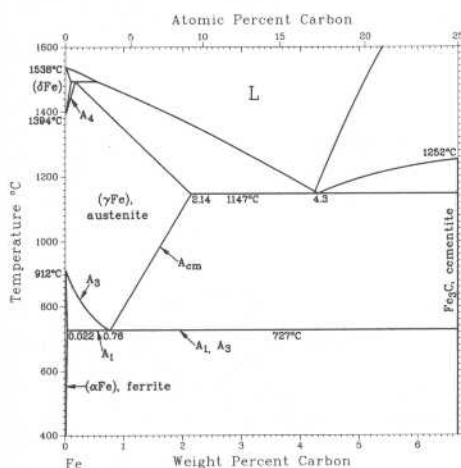


Fig. 45 The iron-cementite phase diagram and details of the δ Fe) and α Fe) phase fields. Source: Adapted from 90Mas

the weld was determined by combining calculations of the equilibrium phase diagrams and available information to calculate (assuming the average composition of the weld) the martensite transformation temperatures and amounts of retained austenite, untransformed ferrite, and carbides formed in the postweld microstructure. Of those alloy additions considered, chromium was found to be the most efficient (see 91Hay).

Hardfacing. A phase diagram was used to design a nickel-base hardfacing alloy for corrosion and wear resistance. For corrosion resistance, a matrix of at least 15% Cr was desired; for abrasion resistance, a minimum amount of primary chromium-boride particles was desired. After consulting the B-Cr-Ni phase diagram, a series of samples having acceptable amounts of total chro-

mium borides and chromium matrix were made and tested. Subsequent fine tuning of the composition to ensure fabricability of welding rods, weldability, and the desired combination of corrosion, abrasion, and impact resistance led to a patented alloy.

Performance

Heating elements made of Nichrome (a nickel-chromium-iron alloy registered by Driver-Harris Company, Inc., Harrison, NJ) in a heat treating furnace were failing prematurely. Reference to nickel-base phase diagrams suggested that low-melting eutectics can be produced by very small quantities of the chalcogens (sulfur, selenium, or tellurium), and it was thought that one of these

eutectics could be causing the problem. Investigation of the furnace system resulted in the discovery that the tubes conveying protective atmosphere to the furnace were made of sulfur-cured rubber, which could result in liquid metal being formed at temperatures as low as 637 °C (1179 °F) (see Fig. 51). Armed with this information, a metallurgist solved the problem by substituting neoprene for the rubber.

Electric Motor Housings. At moderately high service temperatures, cracks developed in electric motor housings that had been extruded from aluminum produced from a combination of recycled and virgin metal. Extensive studies revealed that the cracking was caused by small amounts of lead and bismuth in the recycled metal reacting to form bismuth-lead eutectic at the grain boundaries at 327 and ~270 °C (621 and ~518 °F), respectively, much below the melting point of pure aluminum (660.45 °C, or 1220.81 °F) (see Fig. 52). The question became: How much lead and bismuth can be tolerated in this instance? The phase diagrams showed that aluminum alloys containing either lead or bismuth in amounts exceeding their respective solubility limits (<0.05% and ~0.2%) can lead to hot cracking of the aluminum.

Carbide Cutting Tools. A manufacturer of carbide cutting tools once experienced serious trouble with brittleness of the sintered carbide. No impurities were found. The range of compositions for cobalt-bonded sintered carbides is shown in the shaded area of Fig. 53, along the dashed line connecting pure tungsten carbide (marked "WC") on the right and pure cobalt at the lower left. At 1400 °C (2552 °F), materials with these compositions consist of particles of tungsten carbide suspended in liquid metal. However, when there is a deficiency of carbon, compositions drop into the region labeled WC + η + liquid, or the region labeled WC + η where tungsten carbide particles are surrounded by a matrix of η phase. The η

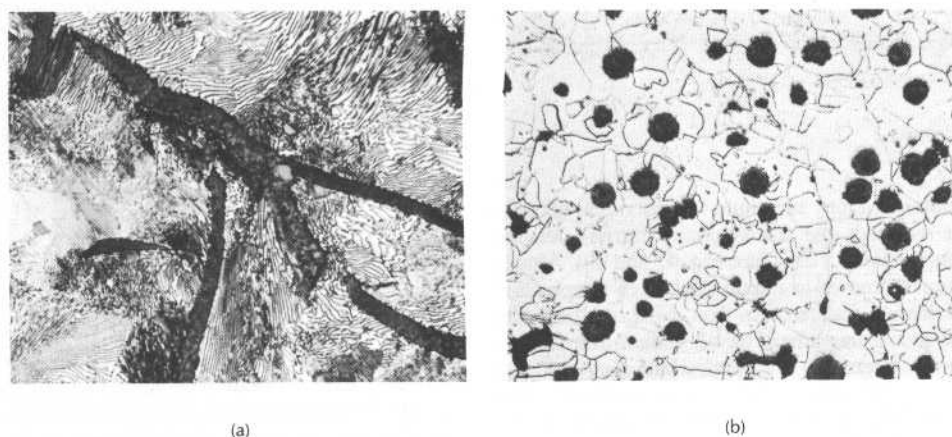


Fig. 46 The microstructures of two types of cast irons. (a) As-cast class 30 gray iron, showing type A graphite flakes in a matrix of pearlite. 500x. (b) As-cast grade 60-45-12 ductile iron, showing graphite nodules (produced by the addition of a calcium-silicon compound during pouring) in a ferrite matrix. 100x. Source: 85ASM

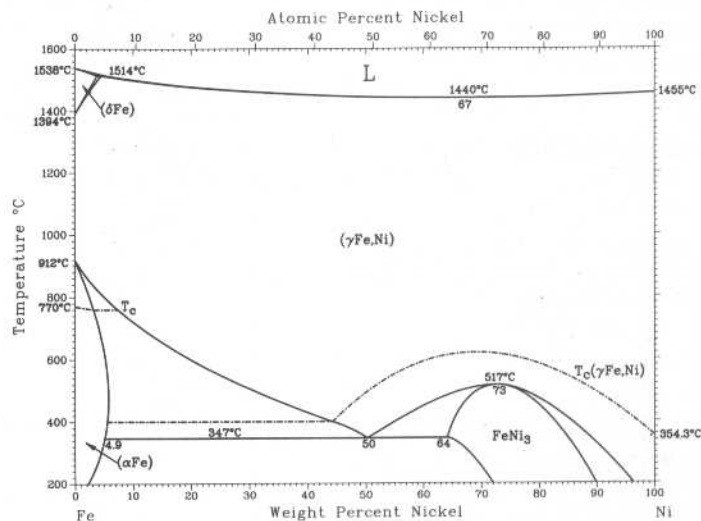
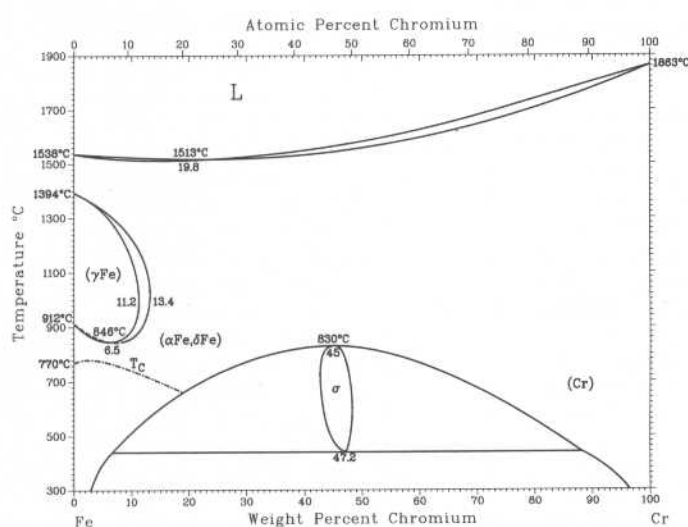


Fig. 47 Two representative binary iron phase diagrams, showing ferrite stabilization (Fe-Cr) and austenite stabilization (Fe-Ni). Source: 90Mas

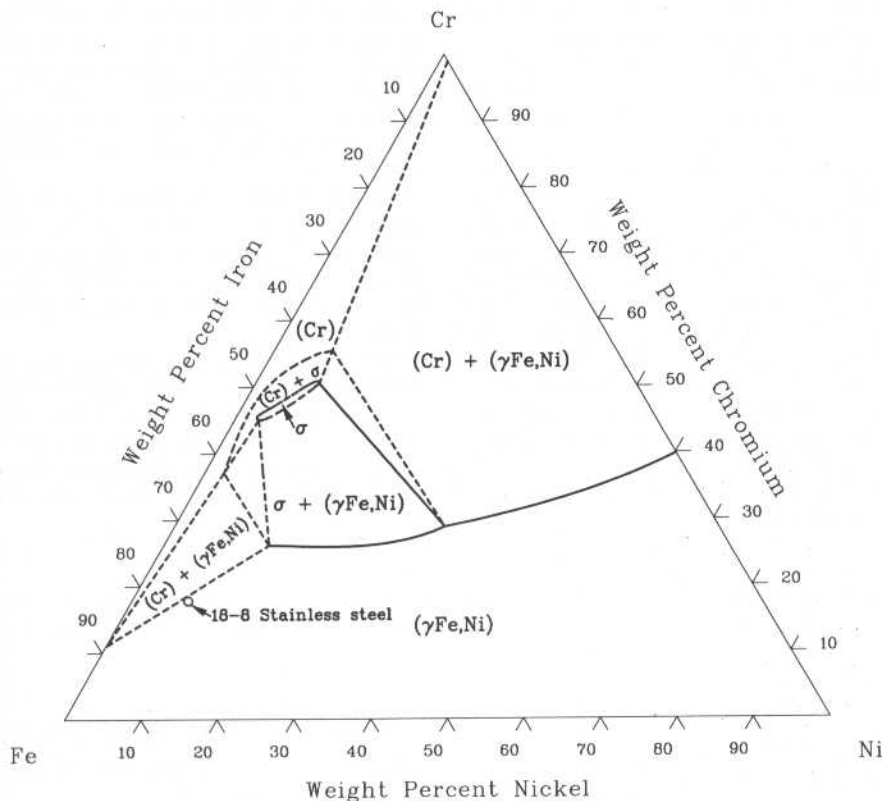


Fig. 48 The isothermal section at 900 °C (1652 °F) of the iron-chromium-nickel ternary phase diagram, showing the nominal composition of 18-8 stainless steel. Source: Adapted from Ref 1

phase is known to be brittle. The upward adjustment of the carbon content by only a few hundredths of a weight percent eliminated this problem.

Solid-State Electronics. In the early stages of the solid-state industry, a phenomenon known as the "purple plague" nearly destroyed the fledgling industry. Components were failing where the

gold lead wires were fused to aluminized transistor and integrated circuits. A purple residue was formed, which was thought to be a product of corrosion. Actually, what was happening was the formation of an intermetallic compound, an aluminum-gold precipitate (Al_2Au) that is purple in color and very brittle. Millions of actual and opportunity dollars were lost in identifying the

problem and its solution, which could have been avoided had the proper phase diagram been examined (see Fig. 54).

A question concerning purple plague problems, however, has remained unresolved: whether or not the presence of silicon near the gold-aluminum interface has an influence on the stability and rate of formation of the damaging intermetallic phase. An examination of the phase relationships in the Al-Al₂Au-Si subternary system showed no stable ternary Al-Au-Si phases (see 91Hay). It was suggested instead that the reported effect of silicon may be due to a reaction between silicon and alumina (Al_2O_3) at the aluminum-gold interface that becomes thermodynamically feasible in the presence of gold.

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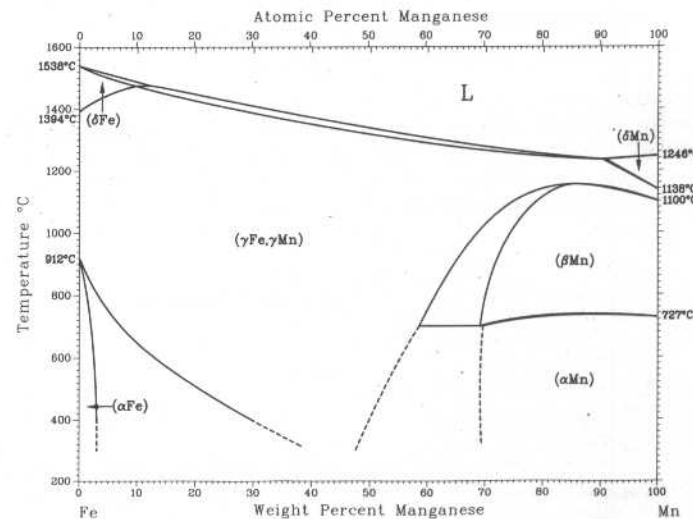
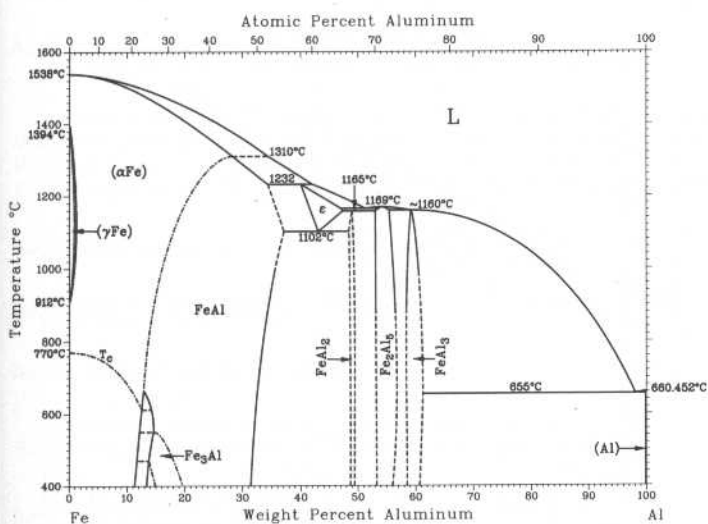


Fig. 49 The aluminum-iron and iron-manganese phase diagrams. Source: Ref 2

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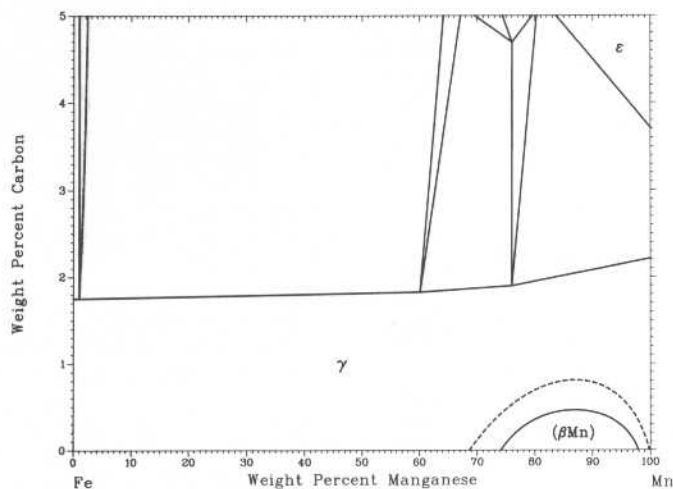


Fig. 50 The isothermal section at 1100 °C (2012 °F) of the iron-manganese-carbon phase diagram. Source: Adapted from Ref 3

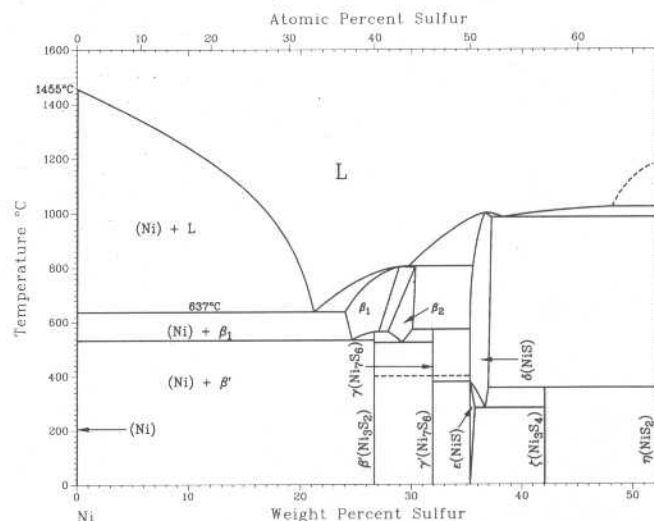


Fig. 51 The nickel-sulfur phase diagram. Source: Adapted from 90Mas

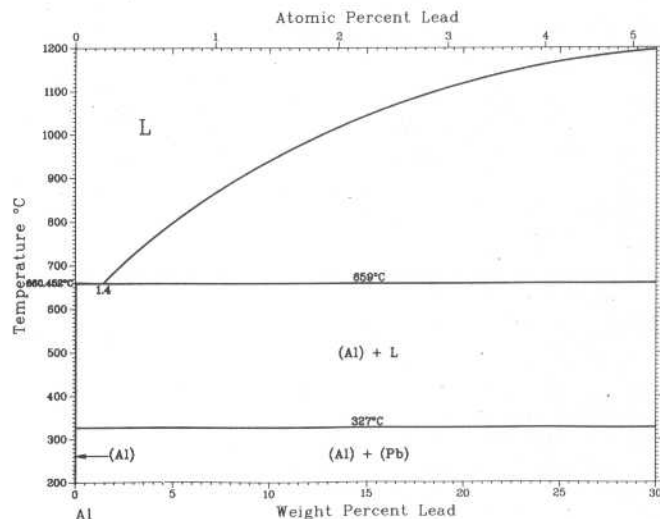
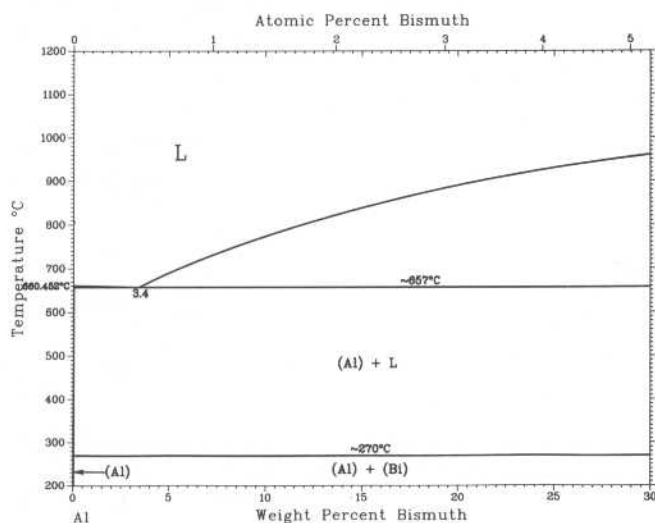


Fig. 52 The aluminum-bismuth and aluminum-lead phase diagrams. Source: Adapted from 90Mas

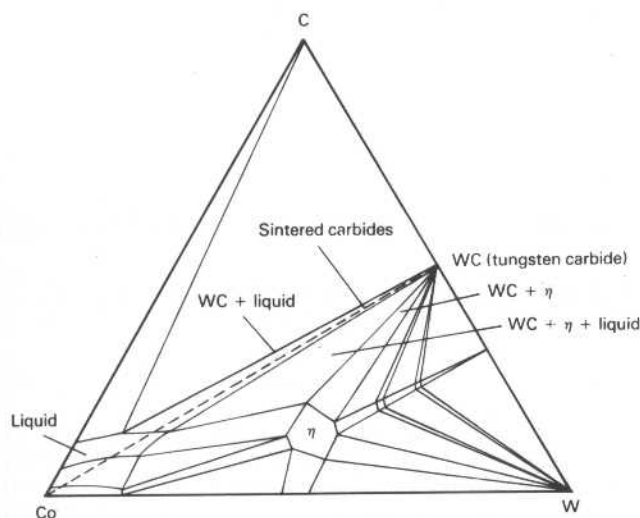


Fig. 53 The isothermal section at 1400 °C (2552 °F) of the cobalt-tungsten-carbon phase diagram. Source: Adapted from Ref 4

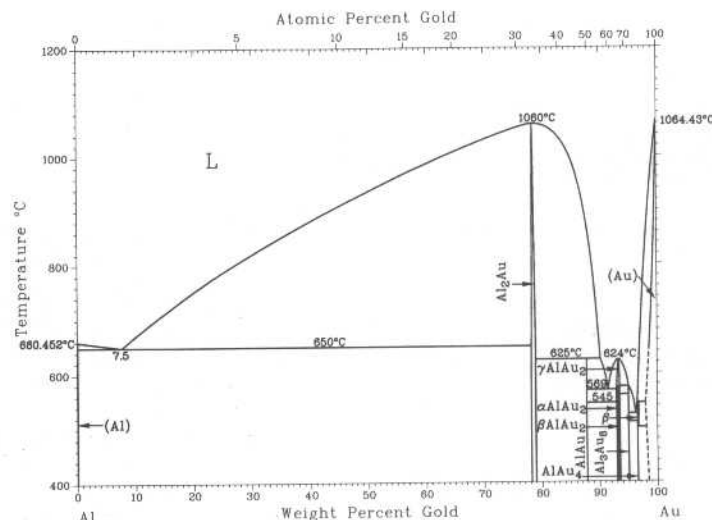


Fig. 54 The aluminum-gold phase diagram. Source: Ref 5

Volume Fraction

In order to relate the weight fraction of a phase present in an alloy specimen as determined from a phase diagram to its two-dimensional appearance as observed in a micrograph, it is necessary to be able to convert between weight-fraction values and areal-fraction values, both in decimal fractions. This conversion can be developed as follows:

The weight fraction of the phase is determined from the phase diagram, using the lever rule.

$$\text{Volume portion of the phase} = \frac{\text{weight fraction of the phase}}{\text{phase density}}$$

Total volume of all phases present = sum of the volume portions of each phase.

$$\text{Volume fraction of the phase} = \frac{\text{weight fraction of the phase}}{\text{phase density} \times \text{total volume}}$$

It has been shown by stereology and quantitative metallography that areal fraction is equal to volume fraction [85ASM]. (Areal fraction of a phase is the sum of areas of the phase intercepted by a microscopic traverse of the observed region of the specimen divided by the total area of the observed region.) Therefore:

$$\text{Areal fraction of the phase} = \frac{\text{weight fraction of the phase}}{\text{phase density} \times \text{total volume}}$$

The phase density value for the preceding equation can be obtained by measurement or calculation. The densities of chemical elements, and some line compounds, can be found in the literature. Alternatively, the density of a unit cell of a phase comprising one or more elements can be calculated from information about its crystal structure and the atomic weights of the elements comprising it as follows:

$$\text{Weight of each element} = \text{number of atoms} \times \frac{\text{atomic weight}}{\text{Avogadro's number}}$$

Total cell weight = sum of weights of each element

Density = total cell weight / cell volume

For example, the calculated density of pure copper, which has a fcc structure and a lattice parameter of 0.36146 nm, is:

$$\rho = \frac{4 \text{ atoms/cell} \times 63.546 \text{ g/mol}}{6.0227 \times 10^{23} \text{ atoms/mol} \times (0.36146 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m})^3} = 8.937 \text{ Mg/m}^3$$

This compares favorably with the published value of 8.93.

91Hay: F.H. Hayes, Ed., *User Aspects of Phase Diagrams*, The Institute of Metals, London, 1991. A collection of 35 papers and posters presented at a conference held June 1990 in Petten, The Netherlands.

91Mor: J.E. Morral and H. Gupta, Phase Boundary, ZPF, and Topological Lines on Phase Diagrams, *Scr. Metall.*, Vol 25 (No. 6), 1991, p 1393-1396. Reviews three different ways of considering the lines on a phase diagram.

91Oka1: H. Okamoto and T.B. Massalski, Thermodynamically Improbable Phase Diagrams, *J. Phase Equilibria*, Vol 12 (No. 2), 1991, p 148-168. Presents examples of phase-rule violations and problems with phase-boundary curvatures; also discusses unusual diagrams.

91Oka2: H. Okamoto, Reevaluation of Thermodynamic Models for Phase Diagram Evaluation, *J. Phase Equilibria*, Vol 12 (No. 6), 1991, p 623-643. Reviews the basic principles of thermodynamic calculation of phase diagrams, simplification of thermodynamic models, and reliability of thermodynamic data and parameters; also presents examples of unlikely calculated phase diagrams.

91Vil: P. Villars and L.D. Calvert, *Pearson's Handbook of Crystallographic Data for Intermediate Phases*, ASM International, 1991. This third edition of Pearson's comprehensive compilation includes data from all the international literature from 1913 to 1989.

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Cr-Te...2•161	Er-Ru...2•190	Ga-Y...2•218	Hg-La...2•245	La-Pb...2•273	N-Zr...2•300	Os-U...2•329	Ru-U...2•356
Cr-Ti...2•161	Er-Se...2•190	Ga-Yb...2•218	Hg-Li...2•246	La-S...2•273	Na-O...2•300	Os-V...2•329	Ru-V...2•356
Cr-U...2•161	Er-Te...2•190	Ga-Zn...2•218	Hg-Mg...2•246	La-Sb...2•274	Na-Pb...2•301	Os-W...2•329	S-Se...2•357
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Cr-W...2•162	Er-Tl...2•191	Gd-Ge...2•219	Hg-Pb...2•247	La-Sn...2•275	Na-S...2•301	P-Pd...2•330	S-Te...2•358
Cr-Zr...2•162	Eu-Ga...2•191	Gd-In...2•219	Hg-Rb...2•247	La-Sr...2•275	Na-Sb...2•302	P-Pr...2•330	S-Ti...2•358
Cs-Ge...2•163	Eu-Ge...2•192	Gd-Mg...2•220	Hg-S...2•247	La-Tl...2•275	Na-Se...2•302	P-Ru...2•331	Sb-Se...2•358
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Cu-Ni...2•173	Fe-Si...2•203	Ge-Sb...2•230	In-Sb...2•258	Mn-Mo...2•285	Ni-P...2•313	Pd-Ti...2•341	Sm-Tl...2•369
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Cu-Pb...2•175	Fe-Tb...2•204	Ge-Si...2•231	In-Si...2•259	Mn-Ni...2•286	Ni-Pr...2•314	Pd-V...2•342	Sn-Te...2•370
Cu-Pd...2•175	Fe-Te...2•204	Ge-Sm...2•232	In-Sm...2•260	Mn-Ni...2•287	Ni-Pt...2•314	Pd-W...2•343	Sn-Ti...2•370
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Cu-Pu...2•176	Fe-Ti...2•205	Ge-Sr...2•232	In-Sr...2•260	Mn-Pd...2•287	Ni-Re...2•315	Pd-Yb...2•343	Sn-U...2•371
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Cu-S...2•176	Fe-U...2•205	Ge-Te...2•233	In-Te...2•261	Mn-Pu...2•288	Ni-Ru...2•316	Pr-Sb...2•344	Sn-Yb...2•371
Cu-Sb...2•177	Fe-V...2•206	Ge-Ti...2•233	In-Th...2•261	Mn-Sb...2•288	Ni-S...2•316	Pr-Se...2•344	Sn-Zn...2•372
Cu-Se...2•178	Fe-W...2•206	Ge-Tl...2•234	In-Ti...2•262	Mn-Si...2•289	Ni-Sb...2•317	Pr-Sn...2•345	Sn-Zr...2•372
Cu-Si...2•178	Fe-Zn...2•206	Ge-Tm...2•234	In-Tl...2•262	Mn-Sm...2•289	Ni-Sc...2•317	Pr-Sr...2•345	Sr-Te...2•372
Cu-Sn...2•178	Fe-Zr...2•207	Ge-U...2•234	In-Tm...2•262	Mn-Sn...2•289	Ni-Se...2•317	Pr-Te...2•345	Sr-Tl...2•373
Cu-Sr...2•179	Ga-Gd...2•207	Ge-Y...2•235	In-V...2•263	Mn-Ti...2•290	Ni-Si...2•318	Pr-Ti...2•346	Sr-Zn...2•373
Cu-Te...2•179	Ga-Ho...2•207	Ge-Yb...2•235	In-Y...2•263	Mn-U...2•290	Ni-Sm...2•318	Pr-Tl...2•346	Ta-Th...2•373
Cu-Th...2•180	Ga-In...2•208	Ge-Zn...2•235	In-Yb...2•263	Mn-V...2•290	Ni-Sn...2•318	Pt-Rh...2•346	Ta-Ti...2•374
Cu-Ti...2•180	Ga-La...2•208	H-La...2•236	In-Zn...2•264	Mn-Y...2•291	Ni-Ta...2•319	Pt-Si...2•347	Ta-U...2•374
Cu-Tl...2•181	Ga-Li...2•208	H-Nb...2•236	Ir-La...2•264	Mn-Zn...2•291	Ni-Te...2•319	Pt-Sn...2•347	Ta-V...2•374
Cu-V...2•181	Ga-Lu...2•209	H-Nd...2•237	Ir-Mo...2•264	Mn-Zr...2•291	Ni-Ti...2•319	Pt-Te...2•347	Ta-W...2•375
Cu-Yb...2•181	Ga-Mg...2•209	H-Ni...2•237	Ir-Nb...2•265	Mo-N...2•292	Ni-U...2•320	Pt-Ti...2•348	Ta-Zr...2•375
Cu-Zn...2•182	Ga-Mn...2•209	H-Pd...2•237	Ir-Ni...2•265	Mo-Nb...2•292	Ni-V...2•320	Pt-Tl...2•348	Tb-Ti...2•375
Cu-Zr...2•182	Ga-Mo...2•210	H-Sr...2•238	Ir-Pd...2•265	Mo-Ni...2•292	Ni-W...2•320	Pt-U...2•348	Te-Ti...2•376
Dy-Fe...2•182	Ga-Na...2•210	H-Ta...2•238	Ir-Pt...2•266	Mo-O...2•293	Ni-Y...2•321	Pt-V...2•349	Te-U...2•376
Dy-Ga...2•183	Ga-Nb...2•210	H-Ti...2•238	Ir-Rh...2•266	Mo-Os...2•293	Ni-Yb...2•321	Pt-Zr...2•349	Te-Yb...2•376
Dy-Ge...2•183	Ga-Nd...2•211	H-U...2•239	Ir-Ru...2•266	Mo-P...2•293	Ni-Zn...2•321	Pu-Sc...2•349	Te-Zn...2•377
Dy-In...2•183	Ga-Ni...2•211	H-V...2•239	Ir-Ta...2•267	Mo-Pd...2•294	Ni-Zr...2•322	Pu-U...2•350	Th-Ti...2•377
Dy-Mn...2•184	Ga-Pb...2•211	H-Zr...2•239	Ir-Th...2•267	Mo-Pt...2•294	Np-Pu...2•322	Pu-Zn...2•350	Th-Tl...2•377
Dy-Ni...2•184	Ga-Pd...2•212	Hf-Ir...2•240	Ir-Ti...2•267	Mo-Pu...2•294	Np-U...2•322	Pu-Zr...2•350	Th-Zn...2•378
Dy-Pb...2•184	Ga-Pr...2•212	Hf-Mn...2•240	Ir-U...2•268	Mo-Rh...2•295	O-Pb...2•323	Rb-Sb...2•351	Th-Zr...2•378
Dy-Pd...2•185	Ga-Pt...2•212	Hf-Mo...2•240	Ir-V...2•268	Mo-Ru...2•295	O-Pr...2•323	Rb-Se...2•351	Ti-U...2•378
Dy-S...2•185	Ga-Pu...2•213	Hf-Ni...2•241	Ir-W...2•268	Mo-S...2•295	O-Pu...2•323	Rb-Tl...2•351	Ti-V...2•379
Dy-Sb...2•185	Ga-S...2•213	Hf-Nb...2•241	Ir-Zr...2•269	Mo-Si...2•296	O-Sn...2•324	Re-Ru...2•352	Ti-W...2•379
Dy-Sn...2•186	Ga-Sb...2•214	Hf-Ni...2•241	K-Na...2•269	Mo-Ta...2•296	O-Ti...2•324	Re-Si...2•352	Ti-Y...2•379
Dy-Te...2•186	Ga-Sc...2•214	Hf-O...2•242	K-Pb...2•269	Mo-Ti...2•296	O-V...2•325	Re-Sn...2•352	Ti-Zr...2•380
Dy-Tl...2•186	Ga-Se...2•214	Hf-Os...2•242	K-Rb...2•270	Mo-U...2•297	O-W...2•325	Re-U...2•353	Tl-Yb...2•380
Dy-Zr...2•187	Ga-Sm...2•215	Hf-Rh...2•242	K-S...2•270	Mo-V...2•297	O-Y...2•326	Re-V...2•353	Tl-Zn...2•380
Er-Fe...2•187	Ga-Sn...2•215	Hf-Si...2•243	K-Sb...2•270	Mo-W...2•297	O-Zr...2•326	Rh-Se...2•353	U-Zr...2•381
Er-Ga...2•187	Ga-Sr...2•215	Hf-Ta...2•243	K-Se...2•271	Mo-Zr...2•298	Os-Pt...2•326	Rh-Ta...2•354	V-W...2•381
Er-Ge...2•188	Ga-Tb...2•216	Hf-U...2•243	K-Sn...2•271	N-Nb...2•298	Os-Pu...2•327	Rh-Ti...2•354	V-Zr...2•381
Er-In...2•188	Ga-Te...2•216	Hf-V...2•244	K-Te...2•271	N-Ni...2•298	Os-Re...2•327	Rh-Te...2•354	W-Zr...2•382
Er-Mn...2•188	Ga-Tl...2•216	Hf-W...2•244	K-Tl...2•272	N-Ta...2•299	Os-Rh...2•327	Rh-V...2•355	Y-Zn...2•382
Er-Ni...2•189	Ga-Tm...2•217	Hf-Zr...2•244	La-Mg...2•272	N-Th...2•299	Os-Ru...2•328	Ru-Si...2•355	Y-Zr...2•382
Er-Pd...2•189	Ga-U...2•217	Hg-In...2•245	La-Mn...2•272	N-Ti...2•299	Os-Si...2•328	Ru-Ta...2•355	Yb-Zn...2•383

Introduction to Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

THE 1046 BINARY SYSTEMS presented in this Section have been selected for their commercial importance from the almost 3000 systems covered in *Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams*, Second Edition. The diagrams used were reproduced from that compilation, from more recent evaluations, or, in some instances, updated evaluations based on the most recent literature. The source is indicated with each phase diagram. "Unpublished" indicates the source is a complete evaluation that has not yet been published in the *Journal of Phase Equilibria* or in a monograph. The crystal structure data shown with the diagrams have been updated in some instances with information from *Pearson's Handbook of Crystallographic Data for Intermetallic Phases*, Second Edition.

Except when the information for a system is from one of the General References listed in the following pages, the specific author of the information is listed as the source, along with the year the investigation was completed. To locate the author's complete investigation of a system, consult the Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams Index in this Section, which lists source information for all 2965 binary alloy systems for which data exist.

Because this Handbook is designed to be used mainly by engineers to solve industrial problems, the primary composition scale is plotted in weight percent. Atomic percentages are shown as a secondary scale at the top of the diagrams. Conversions between weight and atomic composition also can be made using the standard atomic weights listed in the Appendix. For the sake of clarity, grid lines are not superimposed on the phase diagrams. However, tick marks are provided along the composition scale as well as the temperature scale, which is shown in degrees Celsius. Celsius temperatures can be easily converted to degrees Fahrenheit using the table in the Appendix. Magnetic transitions (Curie temperature and Néel temperature) are shown as dot-dashed lines. Dashed lines are used to denote uncertain or speculative boundaries.

All diagrams presented in this Section of the Handbook are for stable equilibrium conditions, except where metastable conditions are indicated.

Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams Index

This index gives source information for all 2965 binary alloy systems. Column 2 designates all

binary abstracts published in *Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams*, Second Edition (called "M2") and indicates if information for the system has been updated in the *Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams Updating Service* by listing the update year. Abstracts are a shortened version of the full evaluation giving concise descriptions of key features of the system, crystal structure data, primary references, and the equilibrium diagram, if any. Column 3 gives the source of the original abstract or the most recent full evaluation. Full evaluations include expanded information on the phase diagram, and any lattice parameter, thermodynamic, magnetism, and pressure information and ancillary figures available. A key to abbreviated titles of Alloy Phase Diagram Program source publications and General References used in column 3 precede the index. Systems marked "unpublished" have been submitted to the Alloy Phase Diagram Program, but have not yet been published. References to sources that are non-Alloy Phase Diagram publications follow the index. Column 4 indicates whether the evaluation includes a phase diagram (D) or is text only (T). Diagrams for systems marked by an asterisk are published in this handbook.

Binary General References

The following list of references has provided the foundation of much of the phase diagram data that is currently cited in the literature. To conserve space, these references will be cited by their general reference symbol in the index.

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[Chiotti]: P. Chiotti, V.V. Akhachinskij, and I. Ansara, *The Chemical Thermodynamics of Actinide Elements and Compounds*, Part 5: The Actinide Binary Alloys, V. Medvedev, M.H. Rand, E.F. Westrum, Jr., and F.L. Oetting, Ed., International Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna (1981).

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[Ivanov]: O.S. Ivanov, T.A. Badaeva, R.M. Sofronova, V.B. Kishenevskii, and N.P. Kushnir, *Phase Diagrams of Uranium Alloys*, Nauka, Moscow (1972).

[Kubaschewski]: O. Kubaschewski, *Iron--Binary Phase Diagrams*, Springer-Verlag, New York (1982).

[Metals]: *Metals Handbook*, Metallography, Structures and Phase Diagrams, Vol. 8, 8th ed., American Society for Metals, Metals Park, OH (1973).

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[Molybdenum]: L. Brewer, *Molybdenum: Physico-Chemical Properties of Its Compounds and Alloys*, O. Kubaschewski, Ed., Atomic Energy Review Special Issue No. 7, International Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna (1980).

[Pearson3]: P. Villars and L.D. Calvert, *Pearson's Handbook of Crystallographic Data for Intermetallic Phases*, Vol. 1, 2, and 3, American Society for Metals, Metals Park, OH (1985).

[Pearson4]: P. Villars and L.D. Calvert, *Pearson's Handbook of Crystallographic Data for Intermetallic Phases*, 2nd ed., Vol. 1, 2, 3, and 4, ASM International, Materials Park, OH (1991).

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Plutonium: Physico-Chemical Properties of Its Compounds and Alloys, O. Kubaschewski, Ed., Atomic Energy Review Special Issues No. 1, International Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna (1966).

[Shunk]: F.A. Shunk, *Constitution of Binary Alloys, Second Supplement*, McGraw-Hill, New York or General Electric Co., Business Growth Services, Schenectady, New York (1969).

[Smith]: J.F. Smith, O.N. Carlson, D.T. Peterson, and T.E. Scott, *Thorium: Preparation and Properties*, Iowa State University Press, Ames, IA (1975).

[Smithells]: C.J. Smithells and E.A. Brandes, *Metals Reference Book*, 5th ed., Butterworths, Woburn, MA (1976).

[Thorium]: M.H. Rand, O. von Goldbeck, R. Ferro, K. Girgis, and A.L. Dragoo, *Thorium: Physico-Chemical Properties of Its Compounds and Alloys*, O. Kubaschewski, Ed., Atomic Energy Review Special Issue No. 5, International Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna (1981).

[Zirconium]: C.B. Alcock, K.T. Jacob, S. Zador, O. von Goldbeck, H. Nowotny, K. Seifert, and O. Kubaschewski, *Zirconium: Physico-Chemical Properties of Its Compounds and Alloys*, O. Kubaschewski, Ed., Atomic Energy Review Special Issue No. 6, International Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna (1976).

Key to Titles

Key to titles of Alloy Phase Diagram Publications abbreviated under "Published" and "Data Source":

BAPD

Bulletin of Alloy Phase Diagrams

ASM International

Binary Beryllium

Phase Diagrams of Binary Beryllium Alloys

ASM International, 1987

Binary Gold

Phase Diagrams of Binary Gold Alloys

ASM International, 1988

Binary Iron

Phase Diagrams of Binary Iron Alloys

ASM International, 1993

Binary Magnesium

Phase Diagrams of Binary Magnesium Alloys

ASM International, 1988

Binary Nickel

Phase Diagrams of Binary Nickel Alloys

ASM International, 1991

Binary Titanium

Phase Diagrams of Binary Titanium Alloys

ASM International, 1987

Binary Tungsten

Phase Diagrams of Binary Tungsten Alloys

The Indian Institute of Metals, 1991

Binary Vanadium

Phase Diagrams of Binary Vanadium Alloys

ASM International, 1989

Indium

Phase Diagrams of Indium Alloys and Their Engineering Applications

ASM International, 1992

JAPD

Journal of Alloy Phase Diagrams

The Indian Institute of Metals

JPE

Journal of Phase Equilibria

ASM International

M2

Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams, 2nd edition

ASM International, 1990

91

Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams Updating Service

ASM International, Dec. 1991

92

Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams Updating Service

ASM International, July and Dec. 1992

Binary Alloys Index

System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type
Ac-Ag	M2	Unpublished	T	*Ag-Mo	M2	BAPD 11(6)	D	*Al-Bi	M2	BAPD 5(3)	D
Ac-Au	M2	Binary Gold	T	Ag-N	M2	BAPD 11(5)	T	Al-Br	No Data		
Ac-B	M2	M2	D	*Ag-Na	M2	BAPD 7(2)	D	Al-C	M2,91,92	M2	D
Ac-Cr	M2	BAPD 6(5)	D	Ag-Nb	M2	BAPD 10(6)	T	*Al-Ca	M2	BAPD 9(6)	D
Ac-Cu	M2	M2	T	*Ag-Nd	M2	BAPD 6(1)	D	*Al-Cd	M2	BAPD 3(2)	D
Ac-H	M2	M2	T	Ag-Ne	M2	Unpublished	T	*Al-Ce	M2	BAPD 9(6)	D
Ac-Mg	M2	Unpublished	T	*Ag-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D	Al-Cl	No Data		
Ac-Mo	M2	M2	D	Ag-Np	M2	M2	T	Al-Cm	No Data		
Ac-O	M2	M2	T	Ag-O	M2	JPE 13(2)	D	*Al-Co	M2	BAPD 10(6)	D
Ac-Pt	M2	BAPD 10(4a)	D	Ag-Os	M2	BAPD 7(4)	D	*Al-Cr	M2	Unpublished	D
Ac-S	M2	M2	T	*Ag-P	M2	BAPD 9(3)	D	Al-Cs	M2	Unpublished	T
Ac-W		Binary Tungsten	T	Ag-Pa	M2	M2	T	*Al-Cu	M2	[85Mur]	D
*Ag-Al	M2	BAPD 8(6)	D	*Ag-Pb	M2	BAPD 8(4)	D	Al-Dy	M2	M2	D
Ag-Am	No Data			*Ag-Pd	M2	BAPD 9(3)	D	*Al-Er	M2	BAPD 9(6)	D
Ag-Ar	M2	Unpublished	T	Ag-Pm	M2,91	M2	T	Al-Eu	M2,91	M2	D
*Ag-As	M2	BAPD 11(2)	D	Ag-Po	M2	M2	T	Al-F	No Data		
Ag-At	M2	Unpublished	T	*Ag-Pr	M2	BAPD 6(1)	D	*Al-Fe	M2	Binary Iron	D
*Ag-Au	M2	Binary Gold	D	*Ag-Pt	M2	BAPD 8(4)	D	*Al-Ga	M2	BAPD 4(2)	D
Ag-B	M2,92	BAPD 11(6)	T	Ag-Pu	M2	[70Woo]	D	*Al-Gd	M2	BAPD 9(6)	D
Ag-Ba	M2,92	Unpublished	D	Ag-Ra	M2	Unpublished	T	*Al-Ge	M2	BAPD 5(4)	D
*Ag-Be	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	Ag-Rb	M2	BAPD 7(1)	T	*Al-H	M2	JPE 13(1)	D
*Ag-Bi	M2	BAPD 1(2)	D	Ag-Re	M2	BAPD 9(3)	D	Al-Hf	M2	Unpublished	D
Ag-Br	M2	M2	T	Ag-Rh	M2	BAPD 7(4)	D	*Al-Hg	M2	BAPD 6(3)	D
Ag-C	M2	BAPD 9(3)	D	Ag-Rn	M2	Unpublished	T	*Al-Ho	M2	BAPD 9(6)	D
*Ag-Ca	M2	BAPD 9(3)	D	Ag-Ru	M2	BAPD 7(4)	D	Al-I	No Data		
*Ag-Cd	M2	[Hansen]	D	*Ag-S	M2	BAPD 7(3)	D	*Al-In	M2	Indium	D
*Ag-Ce	M2	BAPD 6(5)	D	*Ag-Sb	M2	[Hansen]	D	Al-Ir	M2	M2	D
Ag-Cl	M2	M2	T	*Ag-Sc	M2	BAPD 4(4)	D	Al-K	M2	Unpublished	T
*Ag-Co	M2	BAPD 7(3)	D	*Ag-Se	M2	BAPD 11(3)	D	*Al-La	M2	BAPD 9(6)	D
Ag-Cr	M2	BAPD 11(3)	D	*Ag-Si	M2	BAPD 10(6)	D	*Al-Li	M2,91	BAPD 3(2)	D
Ag-Cs	M2	BAPD 7(3)	T	*Ag-Sm	M2,91	BAPD 6(2)	D	Al-Lu	M2	M2	D
*Ag-Cu	M2	Unpublished	D	*Ag-Sn	M2	BAPD 8(4)	D	*Al-Mg	M2	Binary Magnesium	D
*Ag-Dy	M2	BAPD 6(1)	D	*Ag-Sr	M2	BAPD 11(2)	D	*Al-Mn	M2	BAPD 8(5)	D
*Ag-Er	M2	BAPD 6(1)	D	Ag-Ta	M2	BAPD 9(3)	T	Al-Mo	M2,91	Unpublished	D
*Ag-Eu	M2	BAPD 6(1)	D	Ag-Tb	M2	BAPD 6(2)	D	Al-N	M2	BAPD 7(4)	D
Ag-F	M2	M2	T	Ag-Tc	M2	Unpublished	T	Al-Na	M2	BAPD 4(4)	D
*Ag-Fe	M2	Binary Iron	D	*Ag-Te	M2	JPE 12(1)	D	*Al-Nb	M2	Unpublished	D
Ag-Fr	M2	Unpublished	T	Ag-Th	M2,92	JPE 12(3)	D	*Al-Nd	M2,91	BAPD 10(1)	D
*Ag-Ga	M2,92	JPE 13(3)	D	*Ag-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	*Al-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D
*Ag-Gd	M2	BAPD 6(2)	D	*Ag-Tl	M2	BAPD 10(6)	D	Al-Np	M2	BAPD 10(2)	T
*Ag-Ge	M2	BAPD 9(1)	D	Ag-Tm	M2	M2	D	Al-O	M2	BAPD 6(6)	D
Ag-H	M2,92	JPE 12(6)	T	Ag-U	M2	BAPD 10(6)	D	Al-Os	M2	Unpublished	T
Ag-He	M2	Unpublished	T	Ag-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	Al-P	M2	BAPD 6(3)	D
Ag-Hf	M2	BAPD 10(2)	T	Ag-W	M2,92	Binary Tungsten	D	*Al-Pb	M2	BAPD 5(1)	D
*Ag-Hg	M2	Unpublished	D	Ag-Xe	M2	Unpublished	T	*Al-Pd	M2	BAPD 7(4)	D
*Ag-Ho	M2	BAPD 6(2)	D	*Ag-Y	M2	BAPD 4(4)	D	Al-Pm	M2	M2	D
Ag-I	M2	M2	T	*Ag-Yb	M2	BAPD 6(2)	D	*Al-Pr	M2	BAPD 10(1)	D
*Ag-In	M2	Indium	D	*Ag-Zn	M2	[40And]	D	*Al-Pt	M2	BAPD 7(1)	D
Ag-Ir	M2	BAPD 7(4)	D	*Ag-Zr	M2	JPE 13(2)	D	Al-Pu	M2	BAPD 10(4a)	D
Ag-K	M2	BAPD 7(3)	T	Al-Am	M2	BAPD 10(3)	T	Al-Rb	M2	Unpublished	T
Ag-Kr	M2	Unpublished	T	*Al-As	M2	BAPD 5(6)	D	Al-Re	M2	Unpublished	T
*Ag-La	M2	BAPD 4(4)	D	*Al-Au	M2,91	BAPD 8(2)	D	Al-Rh	M2	M2	D
*Ag-Li	M2	BAPD 7(3)	D	Al-B	M2	BAPD 11(6)	D	Al-Ru	M2	M2	D
Ag-Lu	M2	BAPD 4(4)	D	*Al-Ba	M2,92	BAPD 2(3)	D	*Al-S	M2,91	BAPD 8(2)	D
*Ag-Mg	M2	Binary Magnesium	D	*Al-Be	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	*Al-Sb	M2	BAPD 5(5)	D
Ag-Mn	M2	BAPD 11(5)	D					Al-Sc	M2,91	BAPD 10(1)	D
								*Al-Se	M2	BAPD 10(6)	D
								*Al-Si	M2	BAPD 5(1)	D

(continued)

2•6/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type
Al-Sm	M2	BAPD 10(1)	D	As-Cl	No Data			As-Zr	M2,91	BAPD 11(6)	T
*Al-Sn	M2	BAPD 4(4)	D	As-Cm	M2	M2	T	At-Au	M2	Binary Gold	T
*Al-Sr	M2	BAPD 10(6)	D	*As-Co	M2	BAPD 11(6)	D	At-Mo	M2	M2	D
*Al-Ta	M2	Unpublished	D	As-Cr	M2	BAPD 11(5)	D	At-W		Binary Tungsten	T
Al-Tb	M2	M2	D	As-Cs	M2	M2	T	Au-B	M2	Binary Gold	D
Al-Tc	M2	M2	T	*As-Cu	M2	BAPD 9(5)	D	Au-Ba	M2	Binary Gold	T
*Al-Te	M2	BAPD 11(2)	D	As-Dy	M2	M2	D	*Au-Be	M2	Binary Beryllium	D
*Al-Th	M2	BAPD 10(4a)	D	As-Er	M2	M2	D	*Au-Bi	M2	M2	D
*Al-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	As-Eu	M2	BAPD 7(3)	D	Au-Br	M2	Binary Gold	T
Al-Tl	M2,92	BAPD 10(2)	D	As-F	No Data			Au-C	M2	Binary Gold	D
Al-Tm	M2	M2	D	*As-Fe	M2	Binary Iron	D	*Au-Ca	M2	Binary Gold	D
*Al-U	M2,91	BAPD 11(1)	D	*As-Ga	M2	M2	D	*Au-Cd	M2	Binary Gold	D
*Al-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	As-Gd	M2	BAPD 7(4)	T	*Au-Ce	M2	Binary Gold	D
*Al-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D	*As-Ge	M2,91	BAPD 6(3)	D	Au-Cl	M2	Binary Gold	D
*Al-Y	M2	BAPD 10(1)	D	As-H	M2	M2	T	Au-Cm	No Data		
*Al-Yb	M2	BAPD 10(1)	D	As-Hf	M2	M2	T	*Au-Co	M2	Binary Gold	D
*Al-Zn	M2	BAPD 4(1)	D	As-Hg	M2	M2	T	*Au-Cr	M2	Binary Gold	D
*Al-Zr	M2,92	JPE 13(3)	D	As-Ho	M2	M2	D	Au-Cs	M2	Binary Gold	D
Am-As	M2	M2	T	As-I	No Data			*Au-Cu	M2	Binary Gold	D
Am-B	M2	M2	D	*As-In	M2	Indium	D	Au-Dy	M2	Binary Gold	D
Am-Be	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	As-Ir	M2	M2	T	Au-Er	M2	Binary Gold	D
Am-Bi	M2	M2	T	*As-K	M2	[61Dor1]	D	*Au-Eu	M2	M2	D
Am-C	M2	M2	T	As-La	M2	BAPD 7(4)	T	Au-F	M2	Binary Gold	T
Am-Co	M2	M2	T	As-Li	M2	M2	T	*Au-Fe	M2	Binary Iron	D
Am-Cr	M2	BAPD 6(5)	D	As-Lu	M2	M2	D	Au-Fr	M2	[68Gull1]	T
Am-Cu	M2	M2	T	As-Mg	M2	Binary Magnesium	D	*Au-Ga	M2	Binary Gold	D
Am-Fe	M2	M2	T	*As-Mn	M2	BAPD 10(5)	D	Au-Gd	M2	Binary Gold	D
Am-H	M2	M2	T	As-Mo	M2,91	[Molybdenum]	D	*Au-Ge	M2	Binary Gold	D
Am-Ir	M2	M2	T	As-N	M2	M2	T	Au-H	M2	Binary Gold	T
Am-Mo	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	As-Nb	M2	M2	T	Au-He	M2	Binary Gold	T
Am-N	M2	M2	T	*As-Nd	M2	BAPD 7(4)	D	Au-Hf	M2	Binary Gold	D
Am-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	T	*As-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D	*Au-Hg	M2	BAPD 10(1)	D
Am-O	M2,91	[Elliott]	T	As-Np	M2	M2	T	Au-Ho	M2	Binary Gold	D
Am-Os	M2	M2	T	As-O	M2	M2	T	Au-I	M2	Binary Gold	T
Am-P	M2	M2	T	*As-P	M2	JPE 12(3)	D	*Au-In	M2	Indium	D
Am-Pd	M2	M2	T	As-Pa	M2	M2	T	Au-Ir	M2	Binary Gold	T
Am-Pt	M2	BAPD 10(2)	D	*As-Pb	M2	BAPD 11(2)	D	*Au-K	M2	Binary Gold	D
Am-Pu	M2	[66Ell]	D	*As-Pd	M2,91,92	BAPD 11(5)	D	Au-Kr	M2	Binary Gold	T
Am-Rh	M2	M2	T	As-Pm	No Data			*Au-La	M2	Binary Gold	D
Am-Ru	M2	M2	T	As-Pr	M2	BAPD 7(4)	T	*Au-Li	M2	Binary Gold	D
Am-S	M2	M2	T	As-Pt	M2	BAPD 11(5)	D	Au-Lu	M2	Binary Gold	D
Am-Sb	M2	M2	T	As-Pu	M2	M2	T	*Au-Mg	M2	Binary Magnesium	D
Am-Se	M2	M2	T	As-Rb	M2	M2	T	*Au-Mn	M2	Binary Gold	D
Am-Si	M2	M2	D	As-Re	M2	M2	T	Au-Mo	M2	Binary Gold	D
Am-Te	M2	M2	T	As-Rh	M2	M2	T	Au-N	M2	Binary Gold	T
Am-W		Binary Tungsten	T	As-Ru	M2	M2	T	*Au-Na	M2	Binary Gold	D
Ar-Au	M2	Binary Gold	T	*As-S	M2	M2	D	*Au-Nb	M2	Binary Gold	D
Ar-Be	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	*As-Sb	M2	M2	D	Au-Nd	M2	Binary Gold	D
Ar-Cu	M2	Unpublished	T	As-Sc	M2	BAPD 7(4)	T	Au-Ne	M2	Binary Gold	T
Ar-Mg	M2	Binary Magnesium	T	*As-Se	M2	M2	D	*Au-Ni	M2	Binary Gold	D
Ar-Mo	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	*As-Si	M2	BAPD 6(3)	D	Au-Np	M2	Binary Gold	T
Ar-W		Binary Tungsten	T	As-Sm	M2	M2	D	Au-O	M2	Binary Gold	T
*As-Au	M2	Binary Gold	D	*As-Sn	M2,91	BAPD 11(3)	D	Au-Os	M2	Binary Gold	T
As-B	M2	M2	D	As-Sr	M2	M2	T	Au-P	M2	Binary Gold	D
As-Ba	M2	M2	T	As-Ta	M2	M2	T	Au-Pa	M2	Binary Gold	D
As-Be	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	As-Tb	M2	M2	D	*Au-Pb	M2	Binary Gold	D
*As-Bi	M2	[53Gea]	D	As-Tc	M2	M2	T	*Au-Pd	M2	Binary Gold	D
As-Bk	M2	M2	T	*As-Te	M2	M2	D	Au-Pm	M2	Binary Gold	D
As-Br	No Data			As-Th	M2	[Smith]	D	Au-Po	M2	Binary Gold	T
As-C	M2	M2	T	As-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	*Au-Pr	M2	Binary Gold	D
As-Ca	M2	M2	T	*As-Tl	M2	Unpublished	D	*Au-Pt	M2	Binary Gold	D
*As-Cd	M2	JPE 13(2)	D	As-Tm	M2	M2	D	*Au-Pu	M2	Binary Gold	D
As-Ce	M2	BAPD 7(3)	T	As-U	M2	M2	D	Au-Ra	M2	Binary Gold	T
As-Cf	M2	M2	T	As-V	M2	JPE 12(4)	T	*Au-Rb	M2	Binary Gold	D
				As-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T	Au-Re	M2	Binary Gold	T
				As-Y	M2	BAPD 7(4)	T	Au-Rh	M2	Binary Gold	D
				*As-Yb	M2	M2	D	Au-Rn	M2	Binary Gold	T
				*As-Zn	M2	JPE 13(2)	D	Au-Ru	M2	Binary Gold	D
								Au-S	M2	Binary Gold	D
								*Au-Sb	M2	Binary Gold	D

(continued)

System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type
Au-Sc	M2	Binary Gold	D	B-Pu	M2	Unpublished	D	Ba-Np	No Data		
*Au-Se	M2	Binary Gold	D	B-Rb	No Data			Ba-O	M2	M2	D
*Au-Si	M2	Binary Gold	D	*B-Re	M2	[72Por]	D	Ba-Os	No Data		
Au-Sm	M2	Binary Gold	D	B-Rh	M2	[Moffatt]	D	*Ba-P	M2	M2	D
*Au-Sn	M2	Binary Gold	D	*B-Ru	M2	[63Obr]	D	*Ba-Pb	M2	[Hansen]	D
*Au-Sr	M2	Binary Gold	D	B-S	M2	[Moffatt]	D	Ba-Pd	M2,91	JPE 12(4)	D
Au-Ta	M2	Binary Gold	D	B-Sb	M2,91	M2	D	Ba-Pm	M2	M2	D
Au-Tb	M2	Binary Gold	D	*B-Sc	M2	BAPD 11(4)	D	Ba-Po	M2	M2	T
Au-Tc	M2	Binary Gold	T	B-Se	M2	[69Bor]	D	Ba-Pr	M2	BAPD 9(3)	D
*Au-Te	M2	Binary Gold	D	*B-Si	M2	BAPD 5(5)	D	Ba-Pt	M2,91	JPE 12(4)	D
*Au-Th	M2,91	Binary Gold	D	B-Sm	M2	Unpublished	D	Ba-Pu	M2	M2	T
*Au-Ti	M2	Binary Gold	D	B-Sn	M2	M2	D	Ba-Rb	M2	BAPD 5(5)	T
*Au-Tl	M2	Binary Gold	D	B-Sr	M2	M2	D	Ba-Re	No Data		
Au-Tm	M2	Binary Gold	D	*B-Ta	M2	M2	D	Ba-Rh	M2	M2	T
*Au-U	M2	M2	D	B-Tb	M2	BAPD 11(4)	D	Ba-Ru	No Data		
*Au-V	M2	Binary	D	B-Tc	M2	M2	D	Ba-S	M2	M2	D
		Vanadium		B-Te	No Data			Ba-Sb	M2	M2	T
Au-W	M2	Binary	D	B-Th	M2	[Moffatt]	D	Ba-Sc	M2	M2	D
		Tungsten		*B-Ti	M2	Binary	D	*Ba-Se	M2	JPE 12(4)	D
Au-Xe	M2	Binary Gold	T			Titanium		*Ba-Si	M2	[64Obi2]	D
Au-Y	M2	Binary Gold	T	B-Tl	M2,91	M2	D	Ba-Sm	M2	BAPD 9(3)	D
*Au-Yb	M2	Binary Gold	D	B-Tm	M2	Unpublished	D	Ba-Sn	M2,91	M2	D
*Au-Zn	M2	BAPD 10(1)	D	B-U	M2	M2	D	Ba-Sr	M2,91	BAPD 8(6)	D
*Au-Zr	M2	Binary Gold	D	*B-V	M2,91	Binary	D	Ba-Ta	No Data		
B-Ba	M2	M2	D			Vanadium		Ba-Tb	M2	M2	T
B-Be	M2	Binary	D	*B-W	M2,92	Binary	D	Ba-Tc	No Data		
		Beryllium				Tungsten		*Ba-Te	M2	Unpublished	D
B-Bi	M2,91	M2	D	*B-Y	M2	Unpublished	D	Ba-Th	No Data		
*B-C	M2,92	M2	D	B-Yb	M2	Unpublished	D	Ba-Ti	M2	Binary	D
B-Ca	M2	M2	D	B-Zn	M2,91	M2	D			Titanium	
B-Cd	M2	Unpublished	D	*B-Zr	M2	[Zirconium]	D	*Ba-Tl	M2	[66Bru]	D
B-Ce	M2	Unpublished	D	Ba-Be	M2,91	Binary	D	Ba-Tm	M2	M2	T
B-Cm	No Data					Beryllium		Ba-U	No Data		
*B-Co	M2	BAPD 9(4)	D	Ba-Bi	M2	[38Gru]	D	Ba-V	M2	Binary	D
*B-Cr	M2	BAPD 7(3)	D	Ba-Br	M2	M2	D			Vanadium	
B-Cs	No Data			Ba-C	M2	M2	T	Ba-W	M2	Binary	T
*B-Cu	M2	BAPD 3(1)	D	*Ba-Ca	M2	BAPD 7(4)	D			Tungsten	
B-Dy	M2	Unpublished	D	*Ba-Cd	M2	M2	D	Ba-Y	M2	M2	D
B-Er	M2	Unpublished	D	Ba-Ce	M2	M2	T	Ba-Yb	M2,91	BAPD 9(3)	D
B-Eu	M2	Unpublished	D	Ba-Cl	M2	M2	D	*Ba-Zn	M2	JPE 12(4)	D
*B-Fe	M2	Binary Iron	D	Ba-Cm	No Data			Ba-Zr	No Data		
B-Ga	M2,91	M2	D	Ba-Co	M2	Unpublished	T	Be-Bi	M2	Binary	D
B-Gd	M2	Unpublished	D	Ba-Cr	M2	BAPD 6(3)	T			Beryllium	
B-Ge	M2	BAPD 5(5)	D	Ba-Cs	M2	BAPD 5(5)	T	Be-Br	M2	Binary	T
B-H	M2	M2	T	*Ba-Cu	M2	BAPD 5(6)	D			Beryllium	
B-Hf	M2	M2	D	Ba-Dy	M2	M2	T	Be-C	M2	Binary	T
B-Hg	M2	Unpublished	D	Ba-Er	M2	M2	T			Beryllium	
B-Ho	M2	Unpublished	D	Ba-Eu	M2,91	BAPD 9(3)	D	Be-Ca	M2,91	Binary	D
B-In	M2	Indium	D	Ba-F	M2	M2	D			Beryllium	
B-Ir	M2	M2	T	Ba-Fe	M2	M2	D	Be-Cd	M2	Binary	T
B-K	M2	M2	T	*Ba-Ga	M2	JPE 12(5)	D			Beryllium	
B-La	M2,91	Unpublished	D	Ba-Gd	M2	M2	T	Be-Ce	M2	Binary	D
B-Li	M2	BAPD 10(3)	T	*Ba-Ge	M2	M2	D			Beryllium	
B-Lu	M2	Unpublished	D	*Ba-H	M2	[60Pet1]	D	Be-Cl	M2	Binary	D
B-Mg	M2	Binary	D	Ba-Hf	No Data					Beryllium	
		Magnesium		*Ba-Hg	M2	M2	D	Be-Cm	M2	Binary	T
*B-Mn	M2,91	BAPD 7(6)	D	Ba-Ho	M2	M2	T			Beryllium	
*B-Mo	M2,91	BAPD 9(4)	D	Ba-I	M2	M2	D	*Be-Co	M2	BAPD 9(5)	D
B-N	M2	M2	D	*Ba-In	M2	Indium	D	*Be-Cr	M2	Binary	D
B-Na	M2	M2	T	Ba-Ir	No Data					Beryllium	
*B-Nb	M2	M2	D	Ba-K	M2	BAPD 5(5)	T	Be-Cs	M2	Binary	T
B-Nd	M2	Unpublished	D	Ba-La	M2	M2	D			Beryllium	
*B-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D	*Ba-Li	M2	BAPD 5(5)	D	*Be-Cu	M2,92	BAPD 8(3)	D
B-Np	M2	M2	D	Ba-Lu	M2	M2	T	Be-Dy	M2	Binary	T
B-O	M2	M2	D	*Ba-Mg	M2	Binary	D			Beryllium	
B-Os	M2	M2	D			Magnesium		Be-Er	M2	Binary	T
B-P	M2	M2	T	Ba-Mn	M2	[64Obi1]	D			Beryllium	
B-Pa	M2	M2	D	Ba-Mo	M2	M2	D	Be-Eu	M2	Binary	T
B-Pb	M2	M2	D	Ba-N	M2	M2	T			Beryllium	
*B-Pd	M2	Unpublished	D	*Ba-Na	M2	BAPD 6(1)	D	Be-F	M2	Binary	T
B-Pm	M2	Unpublished	D	Ba-Nb	No Data					Beryllium	
B-Pr	M2	Unpublished	D	Ba-Nd	M2	BAPD 9(3)	D	*Be-Fe	M2	Binary Iron	D
*B-Pt	M2	M2	D	Ba-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D				

(continued)

2•8/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type
Be-Ga	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	Be-S	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	Bi-Lu	M2	M2	D
Be-Gd	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	Be-Sb	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	*Bi-Mg	M2	Binary Magnesium	D
Be-Ge	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	Be-Sc	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	*Bi-Mn	M2	M2	D
Be-H	M2,91	Binary Beryllium	D	Be-Se	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	Bi-Mo	M2	M2	D
*Be-Hf	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	*Be-Si	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	Bi-N	M2	M2	T
Be-Hg	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	Be-Sm	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	*Bi-Na	M2	JPE 12(4)	D
Be-Ho	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	Be-Sn	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	Bi-Nb	M2	[Moffatt]	D
Be-I	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	Be-Sr	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	*Bi-Nd	M2	BAPD 10(4a)	D
Be-In	M2	Indium	D	Be-Ta	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	*Bi-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D
Be-Ir	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	Be-Tb	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	Bi-Np	M2	M2	T
Be-K	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	Be-Tc	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	Bi-O	M2	M2	T
Be-La	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	Be-Te	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	Bi-Os	M2	Unpublished	D
Be-Li	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	*Be-Th	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	Bi-P	M2	M2	T
Be-Lu	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	*Be-Ti	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	Bi-Pa	M2	BAPD 2(4)	T
Be-Mg	M2	Binary Magnesium	D	Be-Tl	No Data			*Bi-Pb	M2,92	JPE 13(1)	D
Be-Mn	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	Be-Tm	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	*Bi-Pd	M2	Unpublished	D
Be-Mo	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	Be-U	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	Bi-Pm	No Data		
Be-N	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	Be-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	Bi-Po	M2	M2	T
Be-Na	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	*Be-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D	Bi-Pr	M2	M2	D
*Be-Nb	M2,91	Binary Beryllium	D	Be-Y	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	*Bi-Pt	M2	JPE 12(2)	D
Be-Nd	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	Be-Yb	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	Bi-Pu	M2	[Chiotti]	D
*Be-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D	Be-Zn	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	*Bi-Rb	M2	Unpublished	D
Be-Np	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	*Be-Zr	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	Bi-Re	M2	M2	D
Be-O	M2,91	Binary Beryllium	D	Bi-Br	M2	M2	D	Bi-Rh	M2	[Elliott]	D
Be-Os	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	Bi-C	M2	Unpublished	T	Bi-Ru	M2	[Moffatt]	D
Be-P	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	*Bi-Ca	M2,91	M2	D	*Bi-S	M2	Unpublished	D
Be-Pa	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	*Bi-Cd	M2	BAPD 9(4)	D	*Bi-Sb	M2	Unpublished	D
Be-Pb	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	Bi-Ce	M2	BAPD 9(4)	D	Bi-Sc	M2	BAPD 10(4a)	T
Be-Pd	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	Bi-Cl	M2	M2	D	*Bi-Se	M2	Unpublished	D
Be-Pm	M2	M2	T	Bi-Cm	M2	M2	T	Bi-Si	M2	BAPD 6(4)	D
Be-Po	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	Bi-Co	M2	JPE 12(3)	D	*Bi-Sm	M2	M2	D
Be-Pr	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	Bi-Cr	M2	BAPD 9(3)	D	*Bi-Sn	M2	M2	D
Be-Pt	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	*Bi-Cs	M2	JPE 12(4)	D	*Bi-Sr	M2	[Elliott]	D
Be-Pu	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	*Bi-Cu	M2	BAPD 5(2)	D	Bi-Ta	M2,92	JPE 13(3)	T
Be-Rb	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	Bi-Dy	M2	BAPD 10(4a)	D	Bi-Tb	M2	M2	D
Be-Re	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	Bi-Er	M2	M2	D	Bi-Tc	No Data		
Be-Rh	M2	Binary Beryllium	T	Bi-Eu	M2	BAPD 10(4a)	T	*Bi-Te	M2	Unpublished	D
Be-Ru	M2	Binary Beryllium	D	Bi-Fe	M2	Binary Iron	D	Bi-Th	M2	M2	D
				*Bi-Ga	M2	M2	D	Bi-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D
				Bi-Gd	M2	BAPD 10(4a)	D	*Bi-Tl	M2	Unpublished	D
				*Bi-Ge	M2	BAPD 7(6)	D	Bi-Tm	M2	M2	D
				Bi-H	M2	M2	T	*Bi-U	M2	[Chiotti]	D
				Bi-Hf	M2	M2	D	Bi-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D
				*Bi-Hg	M2	Unpublished	D	Bi-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T
				Bi-Ho	M2	M2	D	Bi-Xe	M2	[Elliott]	T
				Bi-I	M2	M2	D	*Bi-Y	M2	BAPD 10(4a)	D
				*Bi-In	M2	Indium	D	*Bi-Yb	M2	M2	D
				Bi-Ir	M2	M2	D	*Bi-Zn	M2,91	M2	D
				*Bi-K	M2	JPE 12 (1)	D	*Bi-Zr	M2,91	BAPD 11(3)	D
				*Bi-La	M2	BAPD 10(4a)	D	Bk-Mo	M2	[Molybdenum]	D
				*Bi-Li	M2	JPE 12(4)	D	Bk-N	M2	M2	T
								Bk-O	M2	M2	T
								Bk-P	M2	M2	T
								Bk-S	M2	M2	T
								Bk-Sb	M2	M2	T
								Bk-W		Binary Tungsten	T
								Br-Cu	M2	Unpublished	D
								Br-In	M2	Indium	D
								Br-K	M2	M2	D
								Br-Mg	M2	Binary Magnesium	T
								Br-Mo	M2	M2	D
								Br-Na	M2	M2	D
								Br-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	T
								Br-Rb	M2	M2	D
								Br-Sc	M2	M2	D
								Br-Sr	M2	M2	D
								Br-Te	M2	M2	D

(continued)

System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type
Br-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T	Ca-Ce	M2	BAPD 8(6)	D	Cd-Ce	M2	BAPD 9(1)	D
C-Ca	M2	M2	T	Ca-Cl	M2	M2	D	Cd-Co	M2	M2	T
C-Cd	M2	M2	T	Ca-Cm	No Data			Cd-Cr	M2	JPE 13(2)	D
C-Ce	M2	M2	D	Ca-Co	M2	M2	D	Cd-Cs	M2	BAPD 8(6)	D
*C-Co	M2	JPE 12(4)	D	Ca-Cr	M2	BAPD 6(3)	T	*Cd-Cu	M2	BAPD 11(2)	D
*C-Cr	M2	BAPD 11(2)	D	Ca-Cs	M2	BAPD 6(2)	T	Cd-Dy	M2	BAPD 9(1)	T
C-Cs	M2	[87Gor]	T	*Ca-Cu	M2	BAPD 5(6)	D	Cd-Er	M2	BAPD 9(1)	T
*C-Cu	M2	Unpublished	D	Ca-Dy	M2	BAPD 8(6)	T	*Cd-Eu	M2	BAPD 9(1)	D
C-Dy	M2	BAPD 7(5)	T	Ca-Er	M2	BAPD 8(6)	T	Cd-Fe	M2	Binary Iron	D
C-Er	M2	BAPD 7(5)	T	Ca-Eu	M2	BAPD 8(6)	D	*Cd-Ga	M2	Unpublished	D
C-Eu	M2	BAPD 7(5)	T	Ca-F	M2	M2	D	*Cd-Gd	M2	BAPD 9(1)	D
*C-Fe	M2	Binary Iron	D	Ca-Fe	M2	Binary Iron	D	*Cd-Ge	M2	BAPD 7(2)	D
C-Ga	No Data			*Ca-Ga	M2,92	JPE 13(3)	D	Cd-H	M2	M2	T
C-Gd	M2	BAPD 7(5)	T	Ca-Gd	M2	BAPD 8(6)	T	Cd-Hf	M2	M2	T
C-Ge	M2	BAPD 5(5)	D	*Ca-Ge	M2	M2	D	*Cd-Hg	M2	JPE 13(4)	D
*C-Hf	M2	BAPD 11(4)	D	Ca-H	M2	M2	D	Cd-Ho	M2	BAPD 9(1)	T
C-Hg	M2	M2	T	*Ca-Hg	M2	M2	D	*Cd-In	M2	JPE 13(3)	D
C-Ho	M2	BAPD 7(5)	T	Ca-Ho	M2	M2	T	Cd-Ir	No Data		
C-In	M2	Indium	T	*Ca-In	M2	Indium	D	Cd-K	M2	BAPD 8(6)	D
C-Ir	M2	M2	D	Ca-Ir	M2	Unpublished	T	Cd-Kr	M2	M2	T
C-K	M2	M2	T	Ca-K	M2	BAPD 6(1)	T	*Cd-La	M2	BAPD 9(1)	D
*C-La	M2	BAPD 7(5)	D	Ca-La	M2	BAPD 8(6)	D	*Cd-Li	M2	BAPD 9(1)	D
C-Li	M2	BAPD 10(1)	D	*Ca-Li	M2	BAPD 8(2)	D	Cd-Lu	M2	BAPD 9(1)	T
C-Lu	M2	BAPD 7(6)	T	Ca-Lu	M2	M2	D	*Cd-Mg	M2	BAPD 5(1)	D
C-Mg	M2	Binary Magnesium	T	*Ca-Mg	M2	Binary Magnesium	D	Cd-Mn	M2	Unpublished	D
*C-Mn	M2	M2	D	Ca-Mn	M2	[Shunk]	D	Cd-Mo	M2	M2	D
*C-Mo	M2	M2	D	Ca-Mo	M2	M2	D	Cd-N	M2	BAPD 9(3)	T
C-Na	M2	M2	T	Ca-N	M2	BAPD 11(5)	D	*Cd-Na	M2	BAPD 9(1)	D
C-Nb	M2	Unpublished	D	*Ca-Na	M2	BAPD 6(1)	D	Cd-Nb	M2	M2	T
C-Nd	M2	BAPD 7(6)	T	Ca-Nb	M2	M2	T	Cd-Nd	M2	BAPD 9(2)	D
*C-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D	*Ca-Nd	M2	BAPD 8(6)	D	*Cd-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D
C-Np	M2	M2	T	*Ca-Ni	M2,91	Binary Nickel	D	Cd-Np	M2	BAPD 2(4)	D
C-Os	M2	[Moffatt]	D	Ca-Np	No Data			Cd-O	M2	BAPD 8(2)	D
C-Pa	M2	M2	T	*Ca-O	M2	BAPD 6(4)	D	Cd-Os	M2	M2	T
C-Pb	M2	M2	T	Ca-Os	No Data			*Cd-P	M2	M2	D
C-Pd	M2	M2	D	Ca-P	M2	M2	T	*Cd-Pb	M2	BAPD 9(6)	D
C-Po	M2	M2	T	*Ca-Pb	M2	JPE 13(2)	D	Cd-Pd	M2	M2	D
*C-Pr	M2	M2	D	*Ca-Pd	M2,92	M2	D	Cd-Pm	M2	M2	D
C-Pt	M2	M2	D	Ca-Pm	M2	M2	D	Cd-Po	M2	M2	T
C-Pu	M2	M2	D	Ca-Po	M2	M2	T	Cd-Pr	M2	BAPD 9(2)	D
C-Rb	M2	M2	T	Ca-Pr	M2	BAPD 8(6)	T	Cd-Pt	M2	[52Now]	D
C-Re	M2	M2	D	*Ca-Pt	M2	M2	D	Cd-Pu	M2	[64Wit]	D
C-Rh	M2	M2	D	Ca-Pu	M2	BAPD 10(4a)	D	Cd-Rb	M2	BAPD 8(6)	D
C-Ru	M2	M2	D	Ca-Rb	M2	BAPD 6(1)	T	Cd-Re	M2	M2	T
C-Sb	M2	M2	T	Ca-Re	No Data			Cd-Rh	M2	M2	T
*C-Sc	M2	M2	D	Ca-Rh	M2	M2	T	Cd-Ru	No Data		
C-Se	M2	M2	T	Ca-Ru	No Data			Cd-S	M2	Unpublished	D
*C-Si	M2	BAPD 5(5)	D	Ca-S	M2	M2	T	*Cd-Sb	M2	M2	D
C-Sm	M2	BAPD 7(6)	T	*Ca-Sb	M2	M2	D	Cd-Sc	M2	BAPD 9(2)	T
C-Sn	M2	M2	T	Ca-Sc	M2	M2	D	*Cd-Se	M2	Unpublished	D
C-Sr	M2	M2	T	Ca-Se	M2	M2	T	Cd-Si	M2	BAPD 6(6)	D
*C-Ta	M2	[86Barl]	D	*Ca-Si	M2	M2	D	*Cd-Sm	M2	BAPD 9(2)	D
C-Tb	M2	BAPD 7(6)	T	Ca-Si	M2	BAPD 8(6)	T	*Cd-Sn	M2	BAPD 10(3)	D
C-Tc	M2,91	M2	D	Ca-Sn	M2,91	M2	D	*Cd-Sr	M2	M2	D
C-Te	No Data			*Ca-Sr	M2	BAPD 7(5)	D	Cd-Ta	No Data		
*C-Th	M2	[69Ben1]	D	Ca-Ta	No Data			Cd-Tb	M2	BAPD 9(2)	T
*C-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	Ca-Tb	M2	M2	D	Cd-Tc	M2	M2	T
C-Tl	M2	M2	T	Ca-Te	M2	M2	T	*Cd-Te	M2	BAPD 10(4)	D
C-Tm	M2	BAPD 7(6)	T	Ca-Th	No Data			*Cd-Th	M2	Unpublished	D
*C-U	M2	[67Sto,69Ben2]	D	Ca-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	Cd-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D
*C-V	M2,91	Binary Vanadium	D	*Ca-Tl	M2	M2	D	*Cd-Tl	M2	M2	D
*C-W	M2,91	Binary Tungsten	D	Ca-Tm	M2	M2	D	Cd-Tm	M2	BAPD 9(2)	T
*C-Y	M2	BAPD 7(6)	D	Ca-U	M2	M2	T	Cd-U	M2	BAPD 1(2)	D
C-Yb	M2	BAPD 7(6)	T	Ca-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	Cd-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D
C-Zn	M2	M2	T	Ca-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T	Cd-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T
*C-Zr	M2	M2	D	Ca-Y	M2	BAPD 8(6)	D	*Cd-Y	M2	BAPD 9(2)	D
*Ca-Cd	M2	M2	D	*Ca-Yb	M2	BAPD 8(6)	D	*Cd-Yb	M2	BAPD 9(2)	D
				Ca-Zr	No Data			*Cd-Zn	M2	BAPD 5(1)	D
								Cd-Zr	M2	[Zirconium]	D
								Ce-Cl	M2	M2	D

(continued)

2•10/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type
Ce-Cm	No Data			Cf-Pt	M2	M2	T	*Co-Mo	M2	[Molybdenum]	D
*Ce-Co	M2	[74Gsc1]	D	Cf-S	M2	M2	T	Co-N	M2	Unpublished	T
Ce-Cr	M2	BAPD 11(5)	D	Cf-Sb	M2	M2	T	Co-Na	M2	BAPD 11(5)	T
Ce-Cs	No Data			Cf-W		Binary Tungsten	T	*Co-Nb	M2	[67Par]	D
*Ce-Cu	M2	BAPD 9(3a)	D					*Co-Nd	M2	[74Ray2]	D
Ce-Dy	M2	BAPD 3(1)	T	*Cl-Cs	M2	M2	D	*Co-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D
Ce-Er	M2	M2	D	Cl-Cu	M2	Unpublished	D	Co-Np	M2	M2	T
Ce-Eu	M2	BAPD 3(2)	D	Cl-Dy	M2	M2	D	Co-O	M2	M2	D
*Ce-Fe	M2	Binary Iron	D	Cl-Er	M2	M2	D	Co-Os	M2	[52Kos]	D
*Ce-Ga	M2	M2	D	*Cl-Ga	M2	M2	D	*Co-P	M2	BAPD 11(6)	D
Ce-Gd	M2	BAPD 3(2)	D	Cl-Gd	M2	M2	D	Co-Pb	M2	M2	D
*Ce-Ge	M2	BAPD 10(2)	D	*Cl-Hg	M2	M2	D	*Co-Pd	M2,91	JPE 12(1)	D
Ce-H	M2	M2	D	*Cl-In	M2	Indium	D	Co-Pm	No Data		
Ce-Hf	M2	M2	D	Cl-K	M2	M2	D	*Co-Pr	M2	[74Ray1]	D
Ce-Hg	M2	Unpublished	D	Cl-La	M2	M2	D	*Co-Pt	M2	M2	D
Ce-Ho	M2	M2	D	Cl-Mg	M2	Binary Magnesium	T	*Co-Pu	M2	[61Poo]	D
*Ce-In	M2	Indium	D					Co-Rb	M2	Unpublished	T
*Ce-Ir	M2	JPE 12(5)	D	Cl-Mo	M2	M2	D	*Co-Re	M2	M2	D
Ce-La	M2	BAPD 2(4)	D	*Cl-Na	M2	M2	D	Co-Rh	M2	[52Kos]	D
Ce-Li	No Data			Cl-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D	Co-Ru	M2	[52Kos]	D
Ce-Lu	M2	M2	D	Cl-Pd	M2	M2	D	*Co-S	M2	[08Fri]	D
*Ce-Mg	M2	Binary Magnesium	D	Cl-Rb	M2	M2	D	*Co-Sb	M2,91	BAPD 11(3)	D
				Cl-Sc	M2	M2	D	Co-Se	M2	[Moffatt]	D
*Ce-Mn	M2	Unpublished	D	Cl-Sn	M2	M2	D	*Co-Se	M2	M2	D
Ce-Mo	M2	Unpublished	D	Cl-Sr	M2	M2	D	*Co-Si	M2	JPE 12(5)	D
Ce-N	M2	[74Gsc2]	D	Cl-Te	M2	M2	D	*Co-Sm	M2	[Moffatt]	D
Ce-Na	No Data			Cl-Th	M2	M2	D	*Co-Sn	M2	JPE 12(1)	D
Ce-Nb	M2	M2	D	Cl-Tl	M2	M2	D	Co-Sr	M2	JPE 13(3)	T
Ce-Nd	M2	M2	D	Cl-Tm	M2	M2	D	*Co-Ta	M2,91	[86Bar2]	D
*Ce-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D	Cl-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T	*Co-Tb	M2	M2	D
Ce-Np	No Data							Co-Tc	M2	M2	T
*Ce-O	M2	M2	D	Cl-Y	M2	M2	D	*Co-Te	M2	Unpublished	D
Ce-Os	M2	M2	T	Cl-Yb	M2	M2	D	*Co-Th	M2	Unpublished	D
Ce-P	M2	M2	T	Cm-Cr	M2	BAPD 6(5)	D	Co-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D
Ce-Pb	M2	M2	D	Cm-Cu	M2	M2	T				
*Ce-Pd	M2,91	M2	D	Cm-Ir	M2	M2	T	*Co-Tl	M2	M2	T
Ce-Pm	M2	M2	D	Cm-Mo	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	Co-Tm	M2	M2	T
Ce-Po	M2	[Shunk]	T	Cm-N	M2	M2	T	Co-U	M2	Unpublished	D
Ce-Pr	M2	BAPD 3(2)	D	Cm-O	M2	M2	T	*Co-V	M2	JPE 12(3)	D
Ce-Pt	M2	M2	D	Cm-P	M2	M2	T	*Co-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D
*Ce-Pu	M2	[Plutonium]	D	Cm-Pd	M2	M2	T				
Ce-Rb	No Data			Cm-Pt	M2	BAPD 10(2)	D	*Co-Y	M2,92	JPE 12(5)	D
Ce-Re	M2	M2	T	Cm-Rh	M2	M2	T	Co-Yb	M2	[76lan]	D
Ce-Rh	M2	M2	D	Cm-S	M2	M2	T	*Co-Zn	M2	M2	D
Ce-Ru	M2,92	M2	D	Cm-Sb	M2	M2	T	Co-Zr	M2	[64Pec]	D
*Ce-S	M2	[74Gsc1]	D	Cm-Se	M2	M2	T	Cr-Cs	M2	BAPD 5(4)	D
Ce-Sb	M2	M2	D	Cm-Si	M2	M2	T	*Cr-Cu	M2	BAPD 5(4)	D
Ce-Sc	M2	BAPD 3(2)	D	Cm-Te	M2	M2	T	Cr-Dy	M2	M2	D
Ce-Se	M2	M2	D	Cm-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T	Cr-Er	M2	M2	D
*Ce-Si	M2	BAPD 10(1)	D					Cr-Eu	M2	M2	D
Ce-Sm	M2	BAPD 3(2)	D	*Co-Cr	M2	BAPD 11(4)	D	*Cr-Fe	M2	Binary Iron	D
*Ce-Sn	M2	M2	D	Co-Cs	No Data			*Cr-Ga	M2	[72Bor]	D
Ce-Sr	No Data			*Co-Cu	M2	BAPD 5(2)	D	Cr-Gd	M2	[Elliott]	D
Ce-Ta	M2	[66Den1]	D	*Co-Dy	M2	M2	D	*Cr-Ge	M2	BAPD 7(5)	D
Ce-Tb	M2	M2	D	*Co-Er	M2	M2	D	Cr-H	M2	JPE 12(6)	D
Ce-Tc	M2	M2	T	Co-Eu	No Data			*Cr-Hf	M2	BAPD 7(6)	D
*Ce-Te	M2	M2	D	*Co-Fe	M2	Binary Iron	D	Cr-Hg	M2	BAPD 10(2)	D
Ce-Th	M2	M2	D	*Co-Ga	M2	M2	D	Cr-Ho	M2	[75Sve]	D
*Ce-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	*Co-Gd	M2	M2	D	Cr-In	M2	Indium	D
				*Co-Ge	M2	JPE 12(1)	D	*Cr-Ir	M2	BAPD 11(1)	D
*Ce-Tl	M2	Unpublished	D	Co-H	M2	M2	D	Cr-K	M2	BAPD 5(4)	D
Ce-Tm	M2	M2	D	*Co-Hf	M2	JPE 12(4)	D	Cr-La	M2	M2	D
Ce-U	M2	[Elliott]	D	Co-Hg	M2	M2	T	Cr-Li	M2	BAPD 5(4)	D
Ce-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	*Co-Ho	M2	M2	D	*Cr-Lu	M2,92	[Moffatt]	D
				Co-In	M2	Indium	D	Cr-Mg	M2	Binary Magnesium	T
Ce-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D	Co-Ir	M2	[52Kos]	D				
				Co-K	M2	Unpublished	T	*Cr-Mn	M2	BAPD 7(5)	D
Ce-Y	M2	BAPD 3(2)	D	Co-La	M2	[74Ray1]	D	*Cr-Mo	M2	BAPD 8(3)	D
Ce-Yb	M2	BAPD 3(1)	T	Co-Li	M2	BAPD 11(5)	T	Cr-N	M2	Unpublished	D
*Ce-Zn	M2	M2	D	Co-Lu	M2	M2	D	Cr-Na	M2	BAPD 5(4)	D
Ce-Zr	M2,91	JPE 12(1)	D	Co-Mg	M2	Binary Magnesium	D	*Cr-Nb	M2	BAPD 7(5)	D
Cf-Mo	M2	[Molybdenum]	D					Cr-Nd	M2	[Moffatt]	D
Cf-O	M2	M2	T	*Co-Mn	M2	BAPD 11(2)	D	*Cr-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D

(continued)

System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type
Cr-Np	M2	BAPD 6(5)	D	Cs-Pt	M2	[81Loe]	T	Cu-Ra	M2	[68Gul1]	T
*Cr-O	M2	[80Ban]	D	Cs-Pu	No Data			Cu-Rb	M2	BAPD 7(1)	T
*Cr-Os	M2	BAPD 11(1)	D	*Cs-Rb	M2	BAPD 4(4)	D	Cu-Re	M2	Unpublished	D
Cr-P	M2	BAPD 11(5)	D	Cs-Re	No Data			*Cu-Rh	M2	BAPD 2(4)	D
Cr-Pb	M2	BAPD 9(2)	D	Cs-Rh	M2	[81Loe]	T	Cu-Rn	M2	Unpublished	T
*Cr-Pd	M2	BAPD 11(1)	D	Cs-Ru	M2	[81Loe]	T	Cu-Ru	M2,92	Unpublished	D
Cr-Pm	No Data			*Cs-S	M2	[Smithells]	D	*Cu-S	M2	BAPD 4(3)	D
Cr-Po	M2	BAPD 9(2)	T	*Cs-Sb	M2	[61Dor2]	D	*Cu-Sb	M2	M2	D
Cr-Pr	M2	M2	D	Cs-Sc	No Data			Cu-Sc	M2	BAPD 9(3a)	D
*Cr-Pt	M2	BAPD 11(1)	D	*Cs-Se	M2	M2	D	*Cu-Se	M2	BAPD 2(3)	D
Cr-Pu	M2	BAPD 6(5)	D	Cs-Si	M2	M2	T	*Cu-Si	M2	BAPD 7(2)	D
Cr-Ra	M2	BAPD 6(4)	T	Cs-Sm	No Data			Cu-Sm	M2	BAPD 9(3a)	D
Cr-Rb	M2	BAPD 5(4)	D	*Cs-Sn	M2	[87Mel]	D	*Cu-Sn	M2	BAPD 11(3)	D
*Cr-Re	M2	BAPD 8(2)	D	Cs-Sr	M2	BAPD 6(1)	T	*Cu-Sr	M2	BAPD 5(4)	D
*Cr-Rh	M2	BAPD 8(2)	D	Cs-Ta	M2,91	JAPD 6(2)	D	Cu-Ta	M2	BAPD 10(6)	D
*Cr-Ru	M2	BAPD 8(2)	D	*Cs-Te	M2	Unpublished	D	Cu-Tb	M2	BAPD 9(3a)	D
*Cr-S	M2,91	Unpublished	D	Cs-Th	No Data			Cu-Tc	M2	Unpublished	D
*Cr-Sb	M2,92	BAPD 11(5)	D	Cs-Ti	M2	BAPD 10(2)	D	*Cu-Te	M2	Unpublished	D
*Cr-Sc	M2	BAPD 6(5)	D	*Cs-Tl	M2	[81Bus]	D	*Cu-Th	M2	BAPD 7(1)	D
*Cr-Se	M2	Unpublished	D	Cs-Tm	No Data			*Cu-Ti	M2	Binary	D
*Cr-Si	M2	BAPD 8(5)	D	Cs-U	No Data			Cu-Tl	M2	Titanium	D
Cr-Sm	M2	[73Sve]	D	Cs-V	M2	Binary	D	BAPD 5(2)			D
*Cr-Sn	M2	BAPD 9(2)	D	Cs-W	M2	Vanadium	T	Cu-Tm	M2	BAPD 9(3a)	D
Cr-Sr	M2	BAPD 6(4)	T			Binary		Cu-U	M2	[Metals]	D
*Cr-Ta	M2	BAPD 8(2)	D	Cs-Y	No Data			*Cu-V	M2	Binary	D
Cr-Tb	M2	[71Sve]	D	Cs-Yb	No Data					Vanadium	
Cr-Tc	M2	BAPD 7(6)	D	Cs-Zn	M2	BAPD 8(5)	T	Cu-W	M2	Binary	D
*Cr-Te	M2	Unpublished	D	Cs-Zr	M2	BAPD 8(1)	D			Tungsten	
Cr-Th	M2	BAPD 6(5)	D	*Cu-Dy	M2	BAPD 9(3a)	D	Cu-Xe	M2	Unpublished	T
*Cr-Ti	M2	Binary	D	*Cu-Er	M2	BAPD 9(3a)	D	Cu-Y	M2,92	BAPD 2(3)	D
		Titanium		*Cu-Eu	M2	BAPD 9(3a)	D	*Cu-Yb	M2	BAPD 9(3a)	D
Cr-Tl	No Data			Cu-F	M2	Unpublished	T	*Cu-Zn	M2	Unpublished	D
Cr-Tm	M2	M2	D	*Cu-Fe	M2	Binary Iron	D	*Cu-Zr	M2	BAPD 11(5)	D
*Cr-U	M2	BAPD 6(5)	D	Cu-Fr	M2	M2	T	D-Fe		Binary Iron	D
*Cr-V	M2	Binary	D	*Cu-Ga	M2	Unpublished	D	D-Nb	M2	BAPD 4(1)	T
		Vanadium		*Cu-Gd	M2	BAPD 9(3a)	D	D-Ta	92	[90Con]	D
*Cr-W	M2	Binary	D	*Cu-Ge	M2	BAPD 7(1)	D	D-V	M2	Binary	D
		Tungsten		*Cu-H	M2	[86Bar3]	D			Vanadium	
Cr-Y	M2,92	BAPD 6(5)	D	Cu-He	M2	Unpublished	T	Dy-Er	M2	BAPD 4(3)	D
Cr-Yb	M2	M2	D	*Cu-Hf	M2	BAPD 9(1)	D	*Dy-Fe	M2	Binary Iron	D
Cr-Zn	M2	JPE 13(2)	D	*Cu-Hg	M2	BAPD 6(6)	D	*Dy-Ga	M2	[Moffatt]	D
*Cr-Zr	M2	BAPD 7(3)	D	Cu-Ho	M2	BAPD 9(3a)	D	Dy-Gd	M2	BAPD 4(3)	D
Cs-Cu	M2	BAPD 8(1)	T	Cu-I	M2	M2	T	*Dy-Ge	M2,91	[77Ere]	D
Cs-F	M2	M2	D	*Cu-In	M2,91	Indium	D	Dy-H	M2	[58Mul]	D
Cs-Fe	M2	Binary Iron	T	*Cu-Ir	M2	BAPD 8(2)	D	Dy-Hf	No Data		
Cs-Ga	M2	BAPD 11(4)	D	Cu-K	M2	BAPD 7(3)	T	Dy-Hg	M2	Unpublished	D
*Cs-Ge	M2	M2	D	Cu-Kr	M2	Unpublished	T	Dy-Ho	M2	BAPD 4(3)	D
Cs-H	M2	M2	T	*Cu-La	M2,91	BAPD 2(3)	D	Dy-I	M2	M2	D
Cs-Hf	M2	BAPD 8(1)	D	*Cu-Li	M2	BAPD 7(2)	D	*Dy-In	M2	Indium	D
*Cs-Hg	M2	[Hansen]	D	Cu-Lu	M2	BAPD 9(3a)	D	Dy-Ir	M2	JPE 13(2)	D
Cs-Ho	No Data			*Cu-Mg	M2,92	Binary	D	Dy-K	No Data		
Cs-I	M2	M2	D			Magnesium		Dy-La	M2	M2	D
*Cs-In	M2	Indium	D	*Cu-Mn	M2	Unpublished	D	Dy-Lu	M2	M2	D
Cs-Ir	M2	M2	T	Cu-Mo	M2	BAPD 11(2)	D	Dy-Mg	M2,92	Binary	D
*Cs-K	M2	BAPD 4(4)	D	Cu-N	M2	M2	T			Magnesium	
Cs-La	No Data			Cu-Na	M2	BAPD 7(2)	D	*Dy-Mn	M2	[67Kir1]	D
Cs-Li	M2	BAPD 10(3)	D	*Cu-Nb	M2,91	BAPD 2(4)	D	Dy-Mo	M2	M2	D
Cs-Lu	No Data			*Cu-Nd	M2	BAPD 9(3a)	D	Dy-N	M2	M2	T
Cs-Mg	M2	Binary	D	Cu-Ne	M2	Unpublished	T	Dy-Na	No Data		
		Magnesium		*Cu-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D	Dy-Nb	No Data		
Cs-Mo	M2,91	M2	D	Cu-Np	M2	M2	T	Dy-Nd	M2	BAPD 3(3)	D
Cs-N	M2	M2	T	*Cu-O	M2,91	BAPD 5(2)	D	*Dy-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D
*Cs-Na	M2	BAPD 3(3)	D	Cu-Os	M2	Unpublished	D	Dy-Np	No Data		
Cs-Nb	M2	BAPD 9(1)	D	*Cu-P	M2	M2	D	Dy-O	M2	M2	T
Cs-Nd	No Data			Cu-Pa	M2	M2	T	Dy-Os	M2	[80Pal,59Boz]	T
Cs-Ni	No Data			*Cu-Pb	M2	BAPD 5(5)	D	Dy-P	M2	M2	T
Cs-Np	No Data			*Cu-Pd	M2	JPE 12(2)	D	*Dy-Pb	M2	[68Mcm]	D
*Cs-O	M2	M2	D	Cu-Pm	M2	BAPD 9(3a)	D	*Dy-Pd	M2	M2	D
Cs-Os	M2	[81Loe]	T	Cu-Po	M2	Unpublished	T	Dy-Pm	M2	M2	D
Cs-P	M2	M2	T	Cu-Pr	M2	BAPD 9(3a)	D	Dy-Po	M2	M2	T
Cs-Pb	M2	M2	T	*Cu-Pt	M2	Unpublished	D	Dy-Pr	M2	M2	D
Cs-Pd	M2	[81Loe]	T	Cu-Pu	M2	[67Kut1]	D	Dy-Pt	M2	M2	D
Cs-Pr	M2	M2	D					Dy-Pu	M2,92	M2	D

(continued)

2•12/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type
Dy-Re	M2	[65Ell]	T	Er-Ta	M2	[66Den1]	D	Eu-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D
Dy-Rh	M2	M2	D	Er-Tb	M2	BAPD 4(3)	D	Eu-Y	M2	M2	D
Dy-Ru	M2	M2	D	Er-Tc	M2	M2	T	Eu-Yb	M2	M2	D
*Dy-S	M2	M2	D	*Er-Te	M2	M2	D	Eu-Zn	M2	M2	D
*Dy-Sb	M2	M2	D	*Er-Th	M2	M2	D	Eu-Zr	M2	M2	D
Dy-Sc	No Data			*Er-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	F-In	M2	Indium	T
Dy-Se	M2	M2	T	*Er-Tl	M2	Unpublished	D	F-K	M2	M2	D
Dy-Si	M2	M2	T	Er-Tm	M2	M2	D	F-Mg	M2	Binary Magnesium	T
Dy-Sm	M2	M2	D	Er-U	M2	M2	T	F-Mo	M2	M2	D
*Dy-Sn	M2	M2	D	Er-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	F-Na	M2	M2	D
Dy-Sr	No Data			Er-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D	F-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	T
Dy-Ta	M2	[66Den1]	D	Er-Y	M2	BAPD 4(1)	D	F-Rb	M2	M2	D
Dy-Tb	M2	M2	D	Er-Yb	M2	M2	D	F-Sm	M2	M2	D
Dy-Tc	M2	M2	T	Er-Zn	M2	M2	D	F-Sn	M2	M2	D
*Dy-Te	M2	M2	D	Er-Zr	M2	[Zirconium]	D	F-W	92	Binary Tungsten	T
Dy-Th	M2	[69Bad]	D	Es-Mo	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	F-Yb	M2	M2	D
Dy-Ti	M2	M2	D	Es-O	M2	M2	T	*Fe-Ga	M2,91	Binary Iron	D
*Dy-Tl	M2	Unpublished	D	Es-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T	*Fe-Gd	M2	Binary Iron	D
Dy-Tm	M2	M2	D	Eu-Fe	M2	Binary Iron	D	*Fe-Ge	M2	Binary Iron	D
Dy-U	M2	M2	T	*Eu-Ga	M2	[78Yat]	D	*Fe-H	M2	Binary Iron	D
Dy-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	*Eu-Ge	M2	JPE 12(4)	D	*Fe-Hf	M2	Binary Iron	D
Dy-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D	Eu-H	M2	M2	T	Fe-Hg	M2	Binary Iron	D
Dy-Y	M2	BAPD 4(1)	D	Eu-Hf	M2	M2	D	*Fe-Ho	M2,91	Binary Iron	D
Dy-Yb	M2	M2	D	Eu-Hg	M2	Unpublished	T	Fe-In	M2	Binary Iron	D
Dy-Zn	M2	M2	D	Eu-Ho	M2	BAPD 4(2)	T	*Fe-Ir	M2	Binary Iron	D
*Dy-Zr	M2	[60Cro]	D	*Eu-In	M2	Indium	D	Fe-K	M2	Binary Iron	D
*Er-Fe	M2	Binary Iron	D	Eu-Ir	M2	Unpublished	T	*Fe-La	M2	Binary Iron	D
*Er-Ga	M2	M2	D	Eu-K	No Data			Fe-Li	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Gd	M2	BAPD 4(3)	D	Eu-La	M2,91	M2	D	*Fe-Lu	M2	Binary Iron	D
*Er-Ge	M2	M2	D	*Eu-Mg	M2,92	Binary Magnesium	D	Fe-Mg	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-H	M2	[58Mul]	D	Eu-Mn	M2	M2	D	*Fe-Mn	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Hf	M2	[Hafnium]	D	Eu-Mo	M2	M2	D	*Fe-Mo	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Hg	M2	Unpublished	D	Eu-N	M2	M2	T	*Fe-N	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Ho	M2	BAPD 4(3)	D	Eu-Na	No Data			Fe-Na	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-I	M2	M2	D	Eu-Nb	M2	M2	D	*Fe-Nb	M2	Binary Iron	D
*Er-In	M2	Indium	D	Eu-Ni	M2,92	Binary Nickel	D	*Fe-Nd	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Ir	M2	JPE 13(2)	D	Eu-Np	No Data			*Fe-Ni	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-K	No Data			Eu-O	M2	M2	D	Fe-Np	M2	Binary Iron	T
Er-La	M2	M2	D	Eu-Os	No Data			*Fe-O	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Li	No Data			Eu-P	M2	M2	T	Fe-Os	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Lu	M2	M2	D	*Eu-Pb	M2	[67Mcm]	D	*Fe-P	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Mg	M2	Binary Magnesium	D	*Eu-Pd	M2	M2	D	Fe-Pb	M2	Binary Iron	D
*Er-Mn	M2	[67Kir2]	D	Eu-Po	M2	M2	T	*Fe-Pd	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Mo	M2	M2	D	Eu-Pr	No Data			Fe-Pm	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-N	M2	M2	T	*Eu-Pt	M2	[81Ian]	D	Fe-Pr	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Na	No Data			Eu-Pu	M2	M2	D	Fe-Pt	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Nb	M2	[61Lov]	T	Eu-Re	M2	M2	T	*Fe-Pu	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Nd	M2	BAPD 3(3)	D	Eu-Rh	No Data			Fe-Rb	M2	Binary Iron	T
*Er-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D	Eu-Ru	No Data			Fe-Re	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Np	No Data			Eu-S	M2	M2	D	*Fe-Rh	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-O	M2	[61Lov]	D	Eu-Sb	M2	M2	T	Fe-Ru	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Os	M2	M2	T	Eu-Sc	M2	M2	D	*Fe-S	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-P	M2	M2	T	Eu-Se	M2	M2	T	*Fe-Sb	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Pb	M2	M2	T	Eu-Si	M2	M2	T	*Fe-Sc	M2	Binary Iron	D
*Er-Pd	M2,91	[73Loe]	D	Eu-Sm	M2	M2	T	*Fe-Se	M2,91	Binary Iron	D
Er-Pm	M2	M2	D	Eu-Sn	M2	M2	T	*Fe-Si	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Po	M2	[Shunk]	T	Eu-Sr	No Data			*Fe-Sm	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Pr	M2	M2	D	Eu-Ta	M2	M2	D	*Fe-Sn	M2,92	Binary Iron	D
*Er-Pt	M2	M2	D	Eu-Tb	No Data			Fe-Sr	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Pu	M2	M2	D	*Eu-Te	M2	[70Sad]	D	Fe-Ta	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Re	M2	M2	D	Eu-Th	M2	M2	D	*Fe-Tb	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Rh	M2	[73Gha]	D	Eu-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	T	Fe-Tc	M2	Binary Iron	D
*Er-Ru	M2	M2	D	Eu-Tl	M2	M2	T	*Fe-Te	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-S	M2	M2	T	Eu-U	M2	M2	D	*Fe-Th	M2,91	Binary Iron	D
Er-Sb	M2	M2	T	Eu-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	*Fe-Ti	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Sc	M2	BAPD 4(1)	D					Fe-Tl	M2	Binary Iron	T
*Er-Se	M2	M2	D					*Fe-Tm	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Si	M2	M2	D					*Fe-U	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Sm	M2	M2	D					*Fe-V	M2	Binary Iron	D
Er-Sn	M2	M2	D					*Fe-W	M2	Binary Iron	D

(continued)

System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type
Fe-Y	M2	Binary Iron	D	Gd-Ho	M2	BAPD 4(3)	D	*Ge-Na	M2	M2	D
Fe-Yb	M2	Binary Iron	D	Gd-I	M2	M2	D	*Ge-Nb	M2	[Moffatt]	D
*Fe-Zn	M2	Binary Iron	D	*Gd-In	M2	Indium	D	*Ge-Nd	M2	BAPD 10(2)	D
*Fe-Zr	M2	Binary Iron	D	Gd-Ir	M2	Unpublished	D	*Ge-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D
Fm-Mo	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	Gd-K	No Data			Ge-Np	No Data		
Fr-Mg	M2	[68Gul2]	T	Gd-La	M2	BAPD 2(4)	D	Ge-O	M2	[56Tru]	D
Fr-Mo	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	Gd-Li	No Data			Ge-Os	M2	M2	T
Fr-W		Binary	T	Gd-Lu	M2		D	*Ge-P	M2,91	BAPD 6(3)	D
		Tungsten		*Gd-Mg	M2	Binary	D	*Ge-Pb	M2	BAPD 5(4)	D
*Ga-Gd	M2	BAPD 11(1)	D			Magnesium		*Ge-Pd	M2	JPE 13(4)	D
Ga-Ge	M2	BAPD 6(3)	D	Gd-Mn	M2	M2	D	Ge-Pm	No Data		
Ga-H	No Data			Gd-Mo	M2	BAPD 1(2)	D	*Ge-Pr	M2,91	BAPD 10(3)	D
Ga-Hf	M2	M2	D	Gd-N	M2	M2	T	*Ge-Pt	M2	JPE 13(4)	D
Ga-Hg	M2	[60Pre]	D	Gd-Na	No Data			Ge-Pu	M2	M2	T
*Ga-Ho	M2	M2	D	Gd-Nb	M2	M2	T	Ge-Rb	M2	M2	D
Ga-I	M2	M2	D	Gd-Nd	M2	BAPD 3(3)	D	Ge-Re	M2	[Moffatt]	D
*Ga-In	M2	Indium	D	*Gd-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D	Ge-Rh	M2	M2	D
Ga-Ir	M2	M2	T	Gd-Np	No Data			Ge-Ru	M2	M2	D
Ga-K	M2	BAPD 11(4)	D	Gd-O	M2	M2	T	*Ge-S	M2	[63Liu]	D
*Ga-La	M2	BAPD 11(1)	D	Gd-Os	M2	[80Pal]	T	*Ge-Sb	M2	BAPD 7(3)	D
*Ga-Li	M2	JPE 12(1)	D	Gd-P	M2	M2	T	*Ge-Sc	M2	BAPD 7(6)	D
*Ga-Lu	M2	[79Yat]	D	*Gd-Pb	M2	JPE 12(6)	D	*Ge-Se	M2	BAPD 11(3)	D
*Ga-Mg	M2,91	Binary	D	*Gd-Pd	M2	M2	D	*Ge-Si	M2	BAPD 5(2)	D
		Magnesium		Gd-Pm	M2	M2	D	*Ge-Sm	M2	BDPD 9(5)	D
*Ga-Mn	M2	[80Lu]	D	Gd-Po	M2	M2	T	*Ge-Sn	M2	BAPD 5(3)	D
*Ga-Mo	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	Gd-Pr	M2	M2	D	*Ge-Sr	M2	M2	D
Ga-N	M2	M2	T	Gd-Pt	M2	M2	D	Ge-Ta	M2,92	JPE 12(6)	T
*Ga-Na	M2	BAPD 11(4)	D	Gd-Pu	M2	M2	D	*Ge-Tb	M2	M2	D
*Ga-Nb	M2	M2	D	Gd-Re	M2	M2	D	*Ge-Te	M2	M2	D
*Ga-Nd	M2	[Moffatt]	D	*Gd-Rh	M2	M2	D	Ge-Th	M2	[Thorium]	D
*Ga-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D	Gd-Ru	M2	[Moffatt]	D	*Ge-Ti	M2	Binary	D
Ga-Np	M2	M2	T	Gd-S	M2	M2	D			Titanium	
Ga-O	M2	M2	T	*Gd-Sb	M2	M2	D	*Ge-Tl	M2	BAPD 6(2)	D
Ga-Os	M2	M2	T	Gd-Sc	M2	BAPD 4(2)	D	*Ge-Tm	M2	M2	D
Ga-P	M2	[Shunk]	D	*Gd-Se	M2	[82Pri]	D	*Ge-U	M2	[60Lya]	D
*Ga-Pb	M2	JPE 12(1)	D	Gd-Si	M2	BAPD 9(5)	D	Ge-V	M2	Binary	D
*Ga-Pd	M2	M2	D	Gd-Sm	M2	BAPD 4(2)	D			Vanadium	
Ga-Pm	M2,92	M2	D	*Gd-Sn	M2	JPE 12(6)	D	Ge-W	M2	Binary	D
*Ga-Pr	M2	M2	D	Gd-Sr	No Data					Tungsten	
*Ga-Pt	M2	M2	D	Gd-Ta	M2	[66Den1]	D	*Ge-Y	M2	BAPD 9(1)	D
*Ga-Pu	M2	BAPD 9(3)	D	Gd-Tb	M2	BAPD 4(3)	D	*Ge-Yb	M2	[83Ere]	D
Ga-Rb	M2,92	BAPD 11(4)	D	Gd-Tc	M2	M2	T	*Ge-Zn	M2	BAPD 6(6)	D
Ga-Re	M2	M2	D	*Gd-Te	M2	M2	D	Ge-Zr	M2	BAPD 7(1)	D
Ga-Rh	M2	M2	T	Gd-Th	M2	[69Bad]	D	H-Hf	M2,91	M2	D
Ga-Ru	M2	M2	T	*Gd-Ti	M2	Binary	D	H-Hg	M2	M2	T
*Ga-S	M2	[67Rus]	D			Titanium		H-Ho	M2	M2	T
*Ga-Sb	M2	BAPD 9(5)	D	*Gd-Tl	M2	Unpublished	D	H-In	M2	Indium	T
*Ga-Sc	M2	[79Yat]	D	Gd-Tm	M2	M2	D	H-Ir	M2,91	Unpublished	T
*Ga-Se	M2	[Moffatt]	D	Gd-U	M2	[Elliott]	T	H-K	M2	M2	T
Ga-Si	M2	BAPD 6(4)	D	Gd-V	M2	Binary	D	*H-La	M2	BAPD 11(1)	D
*Ga-Sm	M2	[Moffatt]	D			Vanadium		H-Li	M2	M2	D
*Ga-Sn	M2	JPE 13(2)	D	Gd-W	M2	Binary	D	H-Lu	M2	[82Sub]	D
*Ga-Sr	M2	JPE 13(2)	D			Tungsten		H-Mg	M2	BAPD 8(5)	D
Ga-Ta	M2	M2	D	Gd-Y	M2	BAPD 4(2)	D	H-Mn	M2	Unpublished	D
*Ga-Tb	M2	[Moffatt]	D	Gd-Yb	M2	BAPD 4(3)	D	H-Mo	M2	[Molybdenum]	D
*Ga-Te	M2	Unpublished	D	Gd-Zn	M2	M2	D	H-Na	M2	BAPD 11(3)	D
Ga-Th	M2	M2	T	Gd-Zr	M2	M2	D	*H-Nb	M2	BAPD 4(1)	D
Ga-Ti	M2	Binary	D	Ge-H	M2	[Elliott]	T	*H-Nd	M2	M2	D
		Titanium		Ge-Hf	M2	BAPD 11(3)	D	*H-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D
*Ga-Tl	M2	JPE 12(6)	D	Ge-Hg	M2	Unpublished	T	H-Np	M2	M2	T
*Ga-Tm	M2	[Moffatt]	D	*Ge-Ho	M2	[80Ere]	D	H-Os	M2	Unpublished	T
*Ga-U	M2	[73Bus]	D	Ge-I	M2	M2	D	H-Pa	M2	M2	T
*Ga-V	M2	Binary	D	*Ge-In	M2	Indium	D	H-Pb	M2	M2	T
		Vanadium		Ge-Ir	M2	M2	T	*H-Pd	M2	Unpublished	D
Ga-W	M2	Binary	T	*Ge-K	M2	M2	D	H-Po	M2	[Shunk]	T
		Tungsten		*Ge-La	M2	BAPD 10(4)	D	H-Pr	M2	M2	D
*Ga-Y	M2	[77Yat]	D	*Ge-Li	M2	M2	D	H-Pt	M2,91	Unpublished	T
*Ga-Yb	M2,92	JPE 13(1)	D	*Ge-Lu	M2	M2	D	H-Pu	M2	[56Mul]	D
*Ga-Zn	M2	BAPD 11(1)	D	*Ge-Mg	M2	Binary	D	H-Rb	M2	M2	T
*Ga-Zr	M2	[Shunk]	D			Magnesium		H-Re	M2	Unpublished	T
*Gd-Ge	M2	BAPD 10(2)	D	*Ge-Mn	M2	BAPD 11(5)	D	H-Rh	M2,91	Unpublished	T
Gd-H	M2	[60Bec]	D	*Ge-Mo	M2	BAPD 8(1)	D	H-Ru	M2,91	Unpublished	T
Gd-Hg	M2	Unpublished	D	Ge-N	M2	BAPD 11(6)	T	H-Sb	M2	M2	T

(continued)

2•14/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type
H-Sc	M2	M2	D	*Hf-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	Ho-Mo	M2	M2	D
H-Se	M2	M2	T	*Hf-W	M2,92	Binary Tungsten	D	Ho-N	M2	M2	T
H-Si	M2	Unpublished	D	Hf-Y	M2	[62Lun]	D	Ho-Na	No Data		
H-Sm	M2	M2	D	Hf-Yb	M2	[Moffatt]	D	Ho-Nb	No Data		
H-Sn	M2	M2	T	Hf-Zn	M2	M2	T	Ho-Nd	M2	M2	D
*H-Sr	M2	[64Pet]	D	*Hf-Zr	M2	BAPD 3(1)	D	Ho-Ni	M2,92	Binary Nickel	D
*H-Ta	M2	JPE 12(3)	D	Hg-Ho	M2	Unpublished	D	Ho-Np	No Data		
H-Tb	M2	M2	T	*Hg-In	M2	Indium	D	Ho-O	M2	M2	T
H-Te	No Data			Hg-Ir	M2	M2	D	Ho-Os	M2	M2	T
H-Th	M2	[Smith]	D	*Hg-K	M2	[79Vol]	D	Ho-P	M2	M2	T
*H-Ti	M2,92	Binary Titanium	D	*Hg-La	M2	Unpublished	D	Ho-Pb	M2	M2	T
H-Tl	M2	M2	T	*Hg-Li	M2	[Hansen]	D	*Ho-Pd	M2,91	M2	D
H-Tm	M2	M2	D	Hg-Lu	M2	Unpublished	T	Ho-Pm	M2	M2	D
*H-U	M2	Unpublished	D	*Hg-Mg	M2	Binary Magnesium	D	Ho-Po	M2	M2	T
*H-V	M2	Vanadium	D	Hg-Mn	M2	M2	D	Ho-Pr	M2	M2	D
H-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T	Hg-Mo	M2	M2	D	Ho-Pt	M2	M2	D
H-Y	M2	BAPD 9(3)	D	Hg-N	M2	M2	T	Ho-Pu	M2,91	M2	D
H-Yb	M2	M2	D	*Hg-Na	M2	M2	D	Ho-Rb	No Data		
H-Zn	M2	BAPD 10(6)	D	Hg-Nb	M2	Unpublished	D	Ho-Re	M2	M2	T
*H-Zr	M2	BAPD 11(4)	D	Hg-Nd	M2	Unpublished	D	Ho-Rh	M2	M2	D
He-Mo	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	Hg-Ni	M2,91	Binary Nickel	D	Ho-Ru	M2	M2	D
He-W		Binary Tungsten	T	Hg-Np	No Data			Ho-S	M2	M2	T
Hf-Hg	M2	M2	D	Hg-O	M2	M2	T	*Ho-Sb	M2	M2	D
Hf-In	M2	Indium	T	Hg-Os	M2	M2	D	Ho-Se	M2,91	M2	T
*Hf-Ir	M2	M2	D	Hg-P	No Data			Ho-Si	M2	[Pearson3]	T
Hf-K	M2	BAPD 8(1)	D	*Hg-Pb	M2	[Hansen]	D	Ho-Sm	M2	M2	D
Hf-La	No Data			Hg-Pd	M2	BAPD 11(1)	D	Ho-Sn	M2	M2	T
Hf-Li	M2	BAPD 10(3)	D	Hg-Po	M2	M2	T	Ho-Sr	No Data		
Hf-Lu	No Data			Hg-Pr	M2	Unpublished	D	Ho-Ta	M2	[Moffatt]	D
Hf-Mg	M2	Binary Magnesium	D	Hg-Pt	M2	BAPD 11(1)	D	Ho-Tb	M2	BAPD 4(3)	D
*Hf-Mn	M2	Unpublished	D	Hg-Pu	M2	[59Sch]	D	Ho-Tc	M2	M2	T
*Hf-Mo	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	*Hg-Rb	M2	[Hansen]	D	*Ho-Te	M2	[74Yar]	D
*Hf-N	M2	BAPD 11(2)	D	Hg-Re	M2	M2	D	Ho-Th	M2	M2	D
Hf-Na	M2	BAPD 8(1)	D	Hg-Rh	M2	[67Jan]	D	Ho-Ti	No Data		
*Hf-Nb	M2,91	JPE 12(2)	D	Hg-Ru	M2	M2	D	*Ho-Tl	M2	Unpublished	D
*Hf-Ni	M2,91	Binary Nickel	D	*Hg-S	M2	JPE 13(5)	D	Ho-Tm	M2	M2	D
Hf-Np	No Data			Hg-Sb	M2	BAPD 11(4)	D	Ho-U	M2	M2	T
*Hf-O	M2	[Hafnium]	D	Hg-Sc	M2	Unpublished	T	Ho-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D
*Hf-Os	M2	M2	D	*Hg-Se	M2	JPE 13(5)	D	Ho-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D
Hf-P	M2	M2	T	Hg-Si	M2	Unpublished	T	Ho-Y	M2	BAPD 4(1)	D
Hf-Pd	M2	[72Shu]	D	Hg-Sm	M2	Unpublished	D	Ho-Yb	M2	M2	D
Hf-Po	M2	M2	T	*Hg-Sn	M2	M2	D	Ho-Zn	M2	M2	D
Hf-Pr	M2	[71Gri]	D	*Hg-Sr	M2	M2	D	Ho-Zr	M2	M2	D
Hf-Pt	M2	M2	T	Hg-Ta	M2	[05Bol]	T	I-In	M2	Indium	D
Hf-Pu	M2	M2	D	Hg-Tb	M2	Unpublished	D	I-K	M2	M2	D
Hf-Rb	M2	BAPD 8(1)	D	*Hg-Te	M2	Unpublished	D	I-Mg	M2	Binary Magnesium	T
Hf-Re	M2	[63Tay]	D	Hg-Th	M2	[58Dom]	D	I-Mo	M2	M2	D
*Hf-Rh	M2	M2	D	Hg-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	I-Na	M2	M2	D
Hf-Ru	M2	M2	D	*Hg-Tl	M2	Unpublished	D	I-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	T
Hf-Si	M2	M2	T	Hg-Tm	M2	Unpublished	T	I-Rb	M2,91	M2	D
Hf-Sb	M2	M2	T	Hg-U	M2	M2	D	I-Se	M2	M2	D
Hf-Sc	M2	M2	D	Hg-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	I-Sr	M2	M2	D
Hf-Se	M2	M2	T	Hg-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T	I-Tb	M2	M2	D
*Hf-Si	M2	BAPD 10(4)	D	Hg-Y	M2	Unpublished	D	I-Te	M2	M2	D
Hf-Sm	No Data			Hg-Yb	M2	Unpublished	D	I-Th	M2	[Smith]	D
Hf-Sn	M2	JPE 12(4)	D	*Hg-Zn	M2	Unpublished	D	I-Tl	M2	M2	D
Hf-Sr	No Data			Hg-Zr	M2	M2	D	I-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T
*Hf-Ta	M2	JAPD 5(2)	D	Ho-I	M2	M2	D	I-Y	M2	M2	D
Hf-Tb	No Data			*Ho-In	M2	Indium	D	In-Ir	M2	Indium	T
Hf-Tc	M2	M2	T	Ho-Ir	M2	Unpublished	D	*In-K	M2,92	Indium	D
Hf-Te	M2	M2	D	Ho-K	No Data			In-Kr	M2	M2	T
Hf-Th	M2	[58Gib]	D	Ho-La	M2	M2	D	*In-La	M2	Indium	D
Hf-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	Ho-Li	No Data			*In-Li	M2	Indium	D
Hf-Tl	No Data			Ho-Lu	M2	M2	D	*In-Lu	M2	Indium	D
Hf-Tm	No Data			Ho-Mg	M2	Binary Magnesium	D	*In-Mg	M2	Indium	D
*Hf-U	M2	[60Pet2]	D	*Ho-Mn	M2	[67Kir2]	D	*In-Mn	M2,92	Indium	D
								In-Mo	M2	Indium	D
								In-N	M2	Indium	T

(continued)

System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type
*In-Na	M2	Indium	D	Ir-Se	M2	M2	T	*La-Mg	M2	Binary	D
*In-Nb	M2	Indium	D	Ir-Si	M2	M2	T	*La-Mn	M2	Magnesium	D
*In-Nd	M2,91	Indium	D	Ir-Sm	M2	Unpublished	D	La-Mo	M2	BAPD 11(5)	D
*In-Ni	M2	Indium	D	Ir-Sn	M2	M2	T	La-N	M2	M2	D
In-Np	No Data			Ir-Sr	M2	M2	T	La-Na	M2	M2	T
In-O	M2,91	Indium	D	*Ir-Ta	M2	[Metals]	D	La-Nb	No Data		
In-Os	M2	Indium	T	Ir-Tb	M2	Unpublished	D	La-Nd	M2	Unpublished	D
*In-P	M2	Indium	D	Ir-Tc	M2	M2	D	La-Ni	M2,91	BAPD 2(4)	D
*In-Pb	M2	Indium	D	Ir-Te	M2	M2	D	La-Np	No Data	Binary Nickel	D
*In-Pd	M2	Indium	D	*Ir-Th	M2	JPE 12(5)	D	La-O	M2	M2	T
In-Pm	M2	Indium	D	*Ir-Ti	M2,92	Binary	D	La-Os	M2	M2	T
*In-Pr	M2	Indium	D			Titanium		La-P	M2	M2	T
*In-Pt	M2,91	Indium	D	Ir-Tl	No Data			*La-Pb	M2,92	JPE 13(1)	D
*In-Pu	M2	Indium	D	Ir-Tm	M2	Unpublished	D	La-Pd	M2	M2	T
*In-Rb	M2	Indium	D	*Ir-U	M2	JPE 13(5)	D	La-Pm	M2	M2	D
In-Re	M2	Indium	T	*Ir-V	M2	Binary	D	La-Pr	M2	M2	D
In-Rh	M2	Indium	T			Vanadium		La-Pt	M2	M2	D
In-Ru	M2	Indium	T	*Ir-W	M2,92	Binary	D	La-Pu	M2	M2	D
*In-S	M2	Indium	D			Tungsten		La-Rb	No Data		
*In-Sb	M2	Indium	D	Ir-Y	M2	Unpublished	D	La-Re	M2	M2	D
*In-Sc	M2	Indium	D	Ir-Yb	M2	JPE 13(2)	D	La-Rh	M2	M2	D
*In-Se	M2,91	Indium	D	Ir-Zn	M2	[64Rhy]	T	La-Ru	M2,91	M2	D
*In-Si	M2	Indium	D	*Ir-Zr	M2	JPE 13(5)	D	*La-S	M2	Unpublished	D
*In-Sm	M2	Indium	D	K-La	No Data			*La-Sb	M2	[54Vog]	D
*In-Sn	M2,91	Indium	D	K-Li	M2	BAPD 10(3)	D	*La-Sc	M2	BAPD 3(1)	D
*In-Sr	M2	Indium	D	K-Mg	M2	Binary	D	*La-Se	M2	M2	D
In-Ta	M2	Indium	D			Magnesium		La-Si	M2	M2	T
*In-Tb	M2	Indium	D	K-Mo	M2	M2	D	La-Sm	M2	M2	D
*In-Te	M2,91	Indium	D	K-N	M2	M2	T	*La-Sn	M2,92	JPE 13(1)	D
*In-Th	M2	Indium	D	*K-Na	M2	BAPD 3(3)	D	La-Sr	No Data		
*In-Ti	M2	Indium	D	K-Nb	M2	BAPD 9(4)	D	La-Ta	M2	[Moffatt]	D
*In-Tl	M2	Indium	D	K-Nd	No Data			La-Tb	M2	M2	D
*In-Tm	M2	Indium	D	K-Ni	M2	[65Swi]	T	La-Te	M2	[65Haa]	D
In-U	M2	Indium	D	K-Np	No Data			La-Th	M2	[69Bad]	D
*In-V	M2	Indium	D	K-O	M2	M2	T	La-Ti	M2	Binary	D
In-W	M2	Binary	T	K-Os	M2	M2	T			Titanium	
		Tungsten		K-P	M2	M2	T	*La-Tl	M2	Unpublished	D
*In-Y	M2	Indium	D	*K-Pb	M2	M2	D	La-Tm	M2	M2	D
*In-Yb	M2	Indium	D	K-Pd	M2	M2	T	La-U	M2	M2	T
*In-Zn	M2	Indium	D	K-Pr	No Data			La-V	M2	Binary	D
In-Zr	M2	Indium	D	K-Pu	M2	[59Sch]	T			Vanadium	
Ir-K	M2	[64Rhy]	T	*K-Rb	M2	BAPD 4(4)	D	La-W	M2	Binary	D
*Ir-La	M2	JPE 12(5)	D	K-Re	No Data					Tungsten	
Ir-Li	M2	JPE 13(1)	D	K-Rh	M2	M2	T	La-Y	M2	BAPD 3(1)	D
Ir-Lu	M2	Unpublished	D	K-Ru	M2	M2	T	La-Yb	M2	M2	D
Ir-Mg	M2	Binary	D	*K-S	M2	M2	D	*La-Zn	M2	[41Rol]	D
		Magnesium		*K-Sb	M2	[61Dor2]	D	La-Zr	M2	M2	T
Ir-Mn	M2	Unpublished	D	*K-Se	M2	M2	D	*Li-Mg	M2	Binary	D
*Ir-Mo	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	K-Si	M2	M2	T			Magnesium	
Ir-N	M2	[05Emi]	T	K-Sm	No Data			Li-Mn	M2	[64Obl]	D
Ir-Na	M2	[64Rhy]	T	*K-Sn	M2	M2	D	Li-Mo	M2	M2	D
*Ir-Nb	M2	Unpublished	D	K-Sr	M2	BAPD 6(2)	T	Li-N	M2,92	JPE 13(3)	D
Ir-Nd	M2	Unpublished	D	K-Ta	M2	JAPD 6(1)	D	*Li-Na	M2	BAPD 10(3)	D
*Ir-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D	K-Tb	No Data			Li-Nb	M2	BAPD 9(4)	D
Ir-Np	M2	M2	T	*K-Te	M2	BAPD 11(5)	D	Li-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D
Ir-O	M2	M2	T	K-Th	M2	M2	T	Li-Np	No Data		
Ir-Os	M2	Unpublished	D	K-Ti	M2	BAPD 10(2)	D	Li-O	M2,92	JPE 13(3)	T
Ir-P	M2	BAPD 11(4)	D	*K-Tl	M2	M2	T	Li-Os	M2	JPE 13(1)	T
Ir-Pa	M2	M2	T	K-Tm	No Data			Li-P	M2	Unpublished	T
Ir-Pb	M2	M2	T	K-U	M2	M2	T	*Li-Pb	M2	[Hansen]	D
*Ir-Pd	M2,91	JPE 12(5)	D	K-V	M2	Binary	D	*Li-Pd	M2	JPE 13(1)	D
Ir-Pm	M2	Unpublished	D			Vanadium		Li-Pt	M2	JPE 12(6)	D
Ir-Pr	M2	Unpublished	D	K-W	M2	Binary	T	Li-Pu	M2	M2	D
*Ir-Pt	M2	[30Mul, 56Rau]	D			Tungsten		Li-Rb	M2	BAPD 10(3)	D
				K-Y	No Data			Li-Re	M2	JPE 12(6)	T
Ir-Pu	M2	M2	T	K-Yb	No Data			Li-Rh	M2	JPE 12(6)	D
Ir-Rb	M2	[76Vol]	T	K-Zn	M2	BAPD 8(6)	D	Li-Ru	M2	JPE 12(6)	T
Ir-Re	M2	Unpublished	D	K-Zr	M2	BAPD 10(3)	D	*Li-S	M2	Unpublished	D
*Ir-Rh	M2,91	JPE 12(5)	D	Kr-Mo	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	Li-Sb	M2	M2	D
*Ir-Ru	M2	JPE 13(5)	D	Kr-W		Binary	T	*Li-Se	M2	[71Cun]	D
Ir-S	M2	M2	T			Tungsten		*Li-Si	M2	BAPD 11(3)	D
Ir-Sb	M2	Unpublished	D	La-Li	No Data			*Li-Sn	M2	[Moffatt]	D
Ir-Sc	M2	Unpublished	T	La-Lu	M2	M2	D				

(continued)

2•16/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type
*Li-Sr	M2	BAPD 10(3)	D	Mg-N	M2	Binary	D	*Mg-Yb	M2	Binary	D
Li-Ta	M2	JAPD 6(1)	D			Magnesium				Magnesium	
Li-Tb	No Data			Mg-Na	M2	Binary	D	*Mg-Zn	M2	Binary	D
Li-Tc	M2	Unpublished	T			Magnesium				Magnesium	
*Li-Te	M2	JPE 13(3)	D	Mg-Nb	M2	Binary	D	*Mg-Zr	M2	Binary	D
Li-Th	No Data					Magnesium				Magnesium	
Li-Ti	M2	BAPD 10(2)	D	Mg-Nd	M2,91	Binary	D	*Mn-Mo	M2	[Molybdenum]	D
*Li-Tl	M2	[34Gru]	D			Magnesium		*Mn-N	M2	BAPD 11(1)	D
Li-Tm	No Data			*Mg-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D	Mn-Na	No Data		
Li-U	M2	M2	T	Mg-Np	M2	[68Gul1]	T	Mn-Nb	M2	M2	D
Li-V	M2	Binary	D	Mg-O	M2	Binary	D	*Mn-Nd	M2,92	[70Kir]	D
		Vanadium				Magnesium		*Mn-Ni	M2	JPE 12(3)	D
Li-W	M2	Binary	T	Mg-Os	M2	[68Gul2]	T	Mn-Np	M2	M2	T
		Tungsten		Mg-P	M2	Binary	T	*Mn-O	M2	M2	D
Li-Y	No Data					Magnesium		*Mn-P	M2	[50Ber]	D
Li-Yb	No Data			Mg-Pa	M2	[68Gul1]	T	Mn-Pb	M2	[56Pel]	D
*Li-Zn	M2	JPE 12(1)	D	*Mg-Pb	M2	Binary	D	*Mn-Pd	M2	[Hansen]	D
Li-Zr	M2	BAPD 8(1)	D			Magnesium		Mn-Pm	91	[90Sac]	D
Li-Mo	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	Mg-Pd	M2	Binary	D	*Mn-Pr	M2	M2	D
Lu-Mg	M2	Binary	D			Magnesium		Mn-Pt	M2	[55Rau]	D
		Magnesium		Mg-Pm	M2	[68Gul2]	T	*Mn-Pu	M2	[55Kon]	D
Lu-Mn	M2	M2	D	Mg-Po	M2	Binary	T	Mn-Rb	No Data		
Lu-Mo	M2	[Molybdenum]	D			Magnesium		Mn-Re	M2	[61Sav]	D
Lu-N	M2	M2	T	Mg-Pr	M2	BAPD 10(1)	D	Mn-Rh	M2	[55Rau,59Hel]	D
Lu-Na	No Data			Mg-Pt	M2	Binary	T	Mn-Ru	M2	M2	D
Lu-Nb	No Data					Magnesium		Mn-S	M2	Unpublished	D
Lu-Nd	M2	M2	D	Mg-Pu	M2	M2	D	*Mn-Sb	M2	M2	D
Lu-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	T	Mg-Ra	M2	[68Gul2]	T	Mn-Sc	M2	M2	D
Lu-Np	No Data			Mg-Rb	M2	Binary	D	Mn-Se	M2	Unpublished	D
Lu-O	M2	M2	T			Magnesium		*Mn-Si	M2,91	BAPD 11(5)	D
Lu-Os	M2	M2	T	Mg-Re	M2	[68Gul2]	T	*Mn-Sm	M2	[70Kir]	D
Lu-P	M2	M2	T	Mg-Rh	M2	Binary	T	*Mn-Sn	M2	M2	D
*Lu-Pb	M2	[69Mcm]	D			Magnesium		Mn-Sr	M2	M2	D
Lu-Pd	M2	M2	T	Mg-Ru	M2	Binary	T	Mn-Ta	M2	[60Sav]	D
Lu-Pm	M2	M2	D			Magnesium		Mn-Tb	M2	[70Kir]	D
Lu-Po	M2	M2	T	Mg-S	M2	Binary	D	Mn-Tc	M2	M2	T
Lu-Pr	M2	M2	D			Magnesium		Mn-Te	M2	Unpublished	D
Lu-Pt	M2	M2	D	*Mg-Sb	M2	Binary	D	Mn-Th	M2	[Brandes]	D
Lu-Pu	M2,91	M2	D			Magnesium		*Mn-Ti	M2	Binary	D
Lu-Rb	No Data			*Mg-Sc	M2	Binary	D			Titanium	
Lu-Re	M2	M2	T			Magnesium		Mn-Tl	M2	M2	D
Lu-Rh	M2	M2	D	Mg-Se	M2	Binary	T	Mn-Tm	M2	M2	D
Lu-Ru	M2	M2	D			Magnesium		*Mn-U	M2	[Hansen]	D
Lu-S	M2	M2	T	*Mg-Si	M2	Binary	D	*Mn-V	M2,92	Binary	D
Lu-Sb	M2,91	M2	T			Magnesium				Vanadium	
Lu-Sc	No Data			*Mg-Sm	M2	M2	D	Mn-W	M2	Binary	T
Lu-Se	M2	M2	T	*Mg-Sn	M2	Binary	D			Tungsten	
Lu-Si	M2	M2	D			Magnesium		*Mn-Y	M2,91	JPE 12(4)	D
Lu-Sm	M2	M2	D	*Mg-Sr	M2	Binary	D	Mn-Yb	M2	M2	D
Lu-Sn	M2	M2	D			Magnesium		*Mn-Zn	M2	BAPD 11(4)	D
Lu-Sr	No Data			Mg-Ta	M2	[68Gul2]	T	*Mn-Zr	M2	Unpublished	D
Lu-Ta	M2	[66Den1]	D	Mg-Tb	M2	Binary	D	*Mo-N	M2	M2	D
Lu-Tb	M2	M2	D			Magnesium		Mo-Na	M2	M2	D
Lu-Tc	M2	M2	T	Mg-Tc	M2	[68Gul2]	T	*Mo-Nb	M2,91	[Molybdenum]	D
Lu-Te	M2	M2	T	Mg-Te	M2	Binary	T	Mo-Nd	M2	M2	D
Lu-Th	M2	M2	D			Magnesium		Mo-Ne	M2	[Molybdenum]	D
Lu-Ti	M2	M2	D	*Mg-Th	M2	Binary	D	*Mo-Ni	M2,91	Binary Nickel	D
*Lu-Tl	M2	M2	D			Magnesium		Mo-No	M2	[Molybdenum]	D
Lu-Tm	M2	M2	D	Mg-Ti	M2	Binary	D	Mo-Np	M2	[Molybdenum]	D
Lu-U	M2	M2	T			Magnesium		*Mo-O	M2	BAPD 1(2)	D
Lu-V	M2	Binary	D	*Mg-Tl	M2	Binary	D	*Mo-Os	M2	[Molybdenum]	D
		Vanadium				Magnesium		*Mo-P	M2	[Molybdenum]	D
Lu-W	M2	Binary	D	Mg-Tm	M2	Binary	D	Mo-Pa	M2	[Molybdenum]	D
		Tungsten				Magnesium		Mo-Pb	M2	M2	D
Lu-Y	M2	M2	D	Mg-U	M2	Binary	D	*Mo-Pd	M2,92	M2	D
Lu-Yb	M2,91	BAPD 4(3)	D			Magnesium		Mo-Pm	M2	M2	D
Lu-Zn	M2	M2	D	Mg-V	M2	Binary	D	Mo-Po	M2	[Molybdenum]	T
Lu-Zr	M2	M2	D			Magnesium		Mo-Pr	M2	M2	D
Md-Mo	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	Mg-W	M2	Binary	T	*Mo-Pt	M2	BAPD 1(2)	D
*Mg-Mn	M2	Binary	D			Tungsten		*Mo-Pu	M2	[Molybdenum]	D
		Magnesium		*Mg-Y	M2,92	Binary	D	Mo-Ra	M2	[Molybdenum]	D
Mg-Mo	M2	Binary	D			Magnesium		Mo-Rb	M2	M2	D
		Magnesium						Mo-Re	M2	M2	D

(continued)

System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type
*Mo-Rh	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	Na-Np	No Data			*Nb-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D
Mo-Rn	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	*Na-O	M2	BAPD 8(3)	D	Nb-Y	M2	JPE 12(2)	D
*Mo-Ru	M2	M2	D	Na-Os	M2	[81Loe]	T	Nb-Yb	M2	M2	D
*Mo-S	M2	BAPD 1(2)	D	Na-P	No Data			Nb-Zn	M2	JPE 13(4)	D
Mo-Sb	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	*Na-Pb	M2	[Metals]	D	*Nb-Zr	M2,92	BAPD 3(1)	D
Mo-Sc	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	Na-Pd	M2	M2	D	*Nd-Ni	M2,92	Binary Nickel	D
Mo-Se	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	Na-Po	M2	M2	T	Nd-Np	No Data		
*Mo-Si	M2	JPE 12(4)	D	Na-Pr	No Data			Nd-O	M2	M2	D
Mo-Sm	M2	M2	D	Na-Pt	M2	M2	D	Nd-Os	M2	M2	T
Mo-Sn	M2	BAPD 1(2)	D	Na-Pu	M2	M2	T	Nd-P	M2	M2	T
Mo-Sr	M2	M2	D	*Na-Rb	M2	BAPD 3(3)	D	Nd-Pb	M2	M2	T
*Mo-Ta	M2	JAPD 2(3)	D	Na-Re	No Data			Nd-Pd	M2,92	M2	D
Mo-Tb	M2	M2	D	Na-Rh	M2	[81Loe]	T	Nd-Pm	M2	M2	D
Mo-Tc	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	Na-Ru	M2	[81Loe]	T	Nd-Pr	M2	BAPD 3(2)	D
Mo-Te	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	*Na-S	M2	M2	D	*Nd-Pt	M2	M2	D
Mo-Th	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	*Na-Sb	M2	[06Mat]	D	Nd-Pu	M2	M2	D
*Mo-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	Na-Sc	No Data			Nd-Rb	No Data		
Mo-Tl	M2	M2	D	*Na-Se	M2	M2	D	Nd-Re	M2	M2	T
Mo-Tm	M2	M2	D	Na-Si	M2	JPE 13(1)	T	*Nd-Rh	M2	M2	D
*Mo-U	M2	M2	D	Na-Sm	No Data			Nd-Ru	M2,91	M2	D
*Mo-V	M2	JPE 13(1)	D	*Na-Sn	M2	M2	D	Nd-S	M2	M2	T
*Mo-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D	*Na-Sr	M2	BAPD 6(1)	D	*Nd-Sb	M2	M2	D
Mo-Xe	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	Na-Ta	M2,91	JAPD 6(1)	D	Nd-Sc	M2	BAPD 3(3)	D
Mo-Y	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	Na-Tb	No Data			Nd-Se	M2	M2	T
Mo-Yb	M2	M2	D	*Na-Te	M2	BAPD 11(5)	D	*Nd-Si	M2	BAPD 10(3)	D
Mo-Zn	M2	[Molybdenum]	D	Na-Th	M2	[42Gru]	D	Nd-Sm	M2	BAPD 3(2)	D
*Mo-Zr	M2	[Zirconium]	D	Na-Ti	M2	BAPD 10(2)	D	*Nd-Sn	M2	M2	D
N-Na	M2	M2	T	*Na-Tl	M2	[36Gru]	D	Nd-Sr	M2	[78Esh]	D
*N-Nb	M2	[74Lev]	D	Na-Tm	No Data			Nd-Ta	M2	[Moffatt]	D
N-Nd	M2	M2	T	Na-U	M2	M2	T	Nd-Tb	M2	M2	D
*N-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D	Na-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	*Nd-Te	M2	M2	D
N-Np	M2	M2	T	Na-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T	Nd-Th	M2	[67Bad1]	D
N-Os	M2	M2	T	Na-Y	No Data			*Nd-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D
N-Pa	M2	M2	T	Na-Yb	No Data			*Nd-Tl	M2	Unpublished	D
N-Pb	M2	M2	T	Na-Zn	M2	BAPD 8(6)	D	Nd-Tm	M2	M2	D
N-Pd	M2	[10Sie]	T	Na-Zr	M2	BAPD 8(1)	D	Nd-U	M2	M2	D
N-Pr	M2	M2	T	Nb-Nd	M2	M2	T	Nd-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D
N-Pt	No Data			*Nb-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	D	Nd-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D
N-Pu	M2	BAPD 10(5)	D	Nb-Np	No Data			Nd-Y	M2	BAPD 3(2)	D
N-Rb	M2	M2	T	Nb-O	M2	[59Ell,Shunk]	D	Nd-Yb	M2	BAPD 3(2)	D
N-Re	M2	M2	T	*Nb-Os	M2	[77Wat]	D	*Nd-Zn	M2	[72Mas]	D
N-Rh	No Data			Nb-P	M2	M2	T	Nd-Zr	M2	[Shunk,Elliott]	T
N-Ru	No Data			Nb-Pb	M2	M2	T	Ne-W		Binary Tungsten	T
N-Sb	No Data			*Nb-Pd	M2	BAPD 9(4)	D	Ni-Np	M2	Binary Nickel	T
N-Sc	M2	M2	T	Nb-Pr	No Data			*Ni-O	M2	Binary Nickel	D
N-Se	M2	M2	T	*Nb-Pt	M2	M2	D	*Ni-Os	M2	Binary Nickel	D
N-Si	M2	BAPD 11(6)	D	Nb-Pu	M2	M2	D	*Ni-P	M2	Binary Nickel	D
N-Sm	M2	M2	T	Nb-Rb	M2	BAPD 11(3)	D	*Ni-Pb	M2	Binary Nickel	D
N-Sn	M2	[08Fis,10Sie]	T	Nb-Re	M2	[60Gra]	D	*Ni-Pd	M2	Binary Nickel	D
N-Sr	M2	M2	T	*Nb-Rh	M2	[64Rit]	D	Ni-Pm	M2	Binary Nickel	T
*N-Ta	M2	[75Gat]	D	*Nb-Ru	M2	M2	D	Ni-Po	M2	[Moffatt]	D
N-Tb	M2	M2	T	Nb-S	M2	M2	D	*Ni-Pr	M2	Binary Nickel	D
N-Tc	M2	M2	T	Nb-Sb	M2	M2	D	*Ni-Pt	M2	Binary Nickel	D
N-Te	M2	M2	T	Nb-Sc	M2	M2	D	*Ni-Pu	M2	Binary Nickel	D
*N-Th	M2	M2	D	Nb-Se	M2	M2	D	Ni-Rb	No Data		
*N-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	*Nb-Si	M2	Unpublished	D	*Ni-Re	M2,92	Binary Nickel	D
N-Tl	M2	M2	T	Nb-Sm	M2,92	[Moffatt]	D	*Ni-Rh	M2	Binary Nickel	D
N-Tm	M2	M2	T	Nb-Sn	M2	[Shunk]	D	*Ni-Ru	M2	Binary Nickel	D
*N-U	M2	[Metals]	D	Nb-Sr	No Data			*Ni-S	M2	Binary Nickel	D
N-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	*Nb-Ta	M2	JAPD 3(1)	D	*Ni-Sb	M2	Binary Nickel	D
N-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D	Nb-Tb	No Data			*Ni-Sc	M2	Binary Nickel	D
N-Y	M2	M2	D	Nb-Tc	M2	M2	T	*Ni-Se	M2	Binary Nickel	D
N-Yb	M2	M2	T	Nb-Te	M2	M2	D	*Ni-Si	M2	Binary Nickel	D
N-Zn	M2	BAPD 9(3)	T	*Nb-Th	M2	[56Car]	D	*Ni-Sm	M2	Binary Nickel	D
*N-Zr	M2	[Zirconium]	D	*Nb-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	*Ni-Sn	M2	Binary Nickel	D
Na-Nb	M2	BAPD 9(4)	D	Nb-Tl	M2	M2	D	Ni-Sr	M2	Binary Nickel	D
Na-Nd	No Data			Nb-Tm	No Data			*Ni-Ta	M2	Binary Nickel	D
Na-Ni	M2	Binary Nickel	T	*Nb-U	M2	M2	D	Ni-Tb	M2	Binary Nickel	T
				*Nb-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D				

(continued)

2•18/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type
Ni-Te	M2	Binary Nickel	D	O-Te	M2	M2	D	P-Th	M2	M2	D
*Ni-Te	M2	Binary Nickel	D	O-Th	M2	[Smith]	D	*P-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D
Ni-Th	M2,91	Binary Nickel	D	*O-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	P-Tl	M2	Unpublished	D
*Ni-Ti	M2	Binary Nickel	D	O-Tl	M2	M2	T	P-Tm	M2	M2	T
Ni-Tl	M2	[08Vos]	D	O-Tm	M2	M2	T	P-U	M2	M2	T
Ni-Tm	M2	Binary Nickel	T	O-U	M2	[Elliott]	D	P-V	M2	JPE 12(4)	T
*Ni-U	M2	Binary Nickel	D	*O-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	P-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T
*Ni-V	M2	Binary Nickel	D	*O-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D	P-Y	M2	M2	T
*Ni-W	M2,91	Binary Tungsten	D	*O-Y	M2	BAPD 11(1)	D	P-Yb	M2	M2	T
*Ni-Y	M2	Binary Nickel	D	O-Yb	M2	M2	T	*P-Zn	M2	JPE 12(4)	D
*Ni-Yb	M2	Binary Nickel	D	O-Zn	M2	BAPD 8(2)	D	P-Zr	M2	M2	T
*Ni-Zn	M2	Binary Nickel	D	*O-Zr	M2	BAPD 7(2)	D	Pa-Pt	M2	BAPD 10(2)	T
*Ni-Zr	M2	Binary Nickel	D	Os-P	M2	M2	D	Pa-Rh	M2	M2	T
Np-O	M2	M2	D	Os-Pb	No Data			Pa-Sb	M2	M2	T
Np-Os	M2	M2	T	Os-Pd	M2	[63Tyl]	D	Pa-Th	M2	M2	T
Np-P	M2	M2	T	Os-Pr	M2	M2	D	Pa-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T
Np-Pb	No Data			*Os-Pt	M2	M2	D	*Pb-Pd	M2	M2	D
Np-Pd	M2	M2	T	*Os-Pu	M2	[55Kon]	D	Pb-Pm	M2	[63Wil]	T
Np-Pr	No Data			Os-Rb	M2	[81Loc]	T	Pb-Po	M2	M2	T
Np-Pt	M2	BAPD 10(2)	T	*Os-Re	M2	[62Tyl1]	D	*Pb-Pr	M2	M2	D
*Np-Pu	M2	BAPD 6(3)	D	*Os-Rh	M2	M2	D	*Pb-Pt	M2	[Hansen]	D
Np-Rb	No Data			*Os-Ru	M2	[62Tyl2]	D	*Pb-Pu	M2	BAPD 9(3)	D
Np-Re	M2	M2	T	Os-S	M2	M2	D	*Pb-Rb	M2	[77Kuz, 64Hew]	D
Np-Rh	M2	M2	T	Os-Sb	M2	M2	T	Pb-Re	No Data		
Np-Ru	M2	M2	T	Os-Sc	M2	M2	T	*Pb-Rh	M2	M2	D
Np-S	M2	M2	T	Os-Se	M2	M2	D	Pb-Ru	M2	M2	T
Np-Sb	M2	M2	T	*Os-Si	M2	M2	D	*Pb-S	M2	BAPD 7(4)	D
Np-Sc	No Data			Os-Sm	M2	[59Com,80Pal]	T	*Pb-Sb	M2	BAPD 2(1)	D
Np-Se	M2	M2	T	Os-Sn	M2	M2	T	Pb-Sc	No Data		
Np-Si	M2	M2	T	Os-Sr	No Data			*Pb-Se	M2	Unpublished	D
Np-Sm	No Data			Os-Ta	M2	[60Kau]	D	Pb-Si	M2	BAPD 5(3)	D
Np-Sn	M2	M2	T	Os-Tb	M2	[59Boz,80Pal]	T	Pb-Sm	M2	[Moffatt]	D
Np-Sr	No Data			Os-Tc	M2	M2	T	*Pb-Sn	M2	BAPD 9(2)	D
Np-Ta	No Data			Os-Te	M2	M2	D	*Pb-Sr	M2	[81Bru]	D
Np-Tb	No Data			*Os-Th	M2	M2	D	Pb-Ta	No Data		
Np-Te	M2	M2	T	Os-Ti	M2	Binary Nickel	D	Pb-Tb	M2	M2	T
Np-Th	No Data			Os-Tl	No Data			*Pb-Te	M2	BAPD 10(4)	D
Np-Ti	No Data			Os-Tm	M2	M2	T	Pb-Th	M2	M2	D
Np-Tl	M2	M2	T	*Os-U	M2	[Shunk]	D	Pb-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D
Np-Tm	No Data			*Os-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	*Pb-Tl	M2	[Hultgren,B]	D
*Np-U	M2	BAPD 6(3)	D	*Os-W	M2,92	Binary Tungsten	D	Pb-Tm	M2	M2	T
Np-V	No Data			Os-Y	M2	[73Sav]	D	Pb-U	M2	BAPD 8(6)	D
Np-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T	Os-Yb	M2	M2	D	Pb-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	T
Np-Y	No Data			Os-Zn	M2	M2	T	Pb-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T
Np-Yb	No Data			*Os-Zr	M2	M2	D	*Pb-Y	M2	[67Car]	D
Np-Zn	No Data			P-Pa	M2	M2	T	*Pb-Yb	M2	JPE 12(4)	D
Np-Zr	No Data			P-Pb	M2	[1898Gra, 22Bru]	T	*Pb-Zn	M2	[Hansen]	D
O-Os	M2	M2	T	*P-Pd	M2	Unpublished	D	Pb-Zr	M2	M2	D
O-Pa	M2	M2	T	P-Pt	M2	BAPD 11(5)	D	Pd-Pr	M2	JAPD 6(2)	D
*O-Pb	M2	BAPD 9(2)	D	P-Pu	M2	M2	T	*Pd-Pt	M2,91	M2	D
O-Pd	M2	[Pearson3]	T	P-Rb	M2	M2	T	*Pd-Pu	M2	[67Kut1]	D
O-Pm	M2	M2	T	P-Re	M2	M2	T	Pd-Rb	M2	[81Loc]	T
O-Po	M2	M2	T	P-Rh	M2	BAPD 11(4)	D	Pd-Re	M2	M2	D
*O-Pr	M2	M2	D	*P-Ru	M2	M2	D	*Pd-Rh	M2	M2	D
O-Pt	M2	[Pearson3]	T	P-S	91	[79Bla]	D	*Pd-Ru	M2	M2	D
*O-Pu	M2	BAPD 11(2)	D	P-Sb	M2,91	JPE 12(2)	D	*Pd-S	M2,92	[76Mat]	D
O-Rb	M2	M2	D	P-Sc	M2	M2	T	*Pd-Sb	M2,92	M2	D
O-Re	M2	[Pearson3]	T	P-Se	M2	Unpublished	D	Pd-Sc	M2	M2	D
O-Rh	M2	M2	T	P-Si	M2	BAPD 6(2)	D	*Pd-Se	M2,91	JPE 13(1)	D
O-Ru	M2	M2	T	P-Sm	M2	M2	T	*Pd-Si	M2,91	JPE 12(3)	D
O-Sb	M2	M2	D	*P-Sn	M2	[20Viv]	D	*Pd-Sm	M2	M2	D
O-Sc	M2	M2	D	P-Sr	M2	M2	T	*Pd-Sn	M2	M2	D
O-Se	M2	M2	T	P-Ta	M2	[Pearson3]	T	Pd-Sr	M2	M2	T
O-Si	M2	BAPD 11(1)	D	P-Tb	M2	M2	T	Pd-Ta	M2	JAPD 6(2)	D
O-Sm	M2	M2	T	P-Tc	M2	M2	T	Pd-Tb	M2,91	M2	T
*O-Sn	M2	[Hansen]		P-Te	M2	[42Mon]	T	Pd-Tc	M2	M2	D
O-Sr	M2	[56Swa, 63Sch]	T								
O-Ta	M2	[72Jeh]	D								
O-Tb	M2	M2	D								
O-Tc	M2	M2	T								

(continued)

System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type
*Pd-Te	M2	JPE 13(1)	D	Pr-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D	Rb-Sc	No Data		
Pd-Th	M2	M2	D	Pr-Y	M2	M2	D	*Rb-Se	M2	M2	D
*Pd-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	Pr-Yb	No Data			Rb-Si	M2	M2	T
*Pd-Tl	M2	M2	D	*Pr-Zn	M2	[70Mas]	D	Rb-Sm	No Data		
Pd-Tm	M2	M2	T	Pt-Pu	M2	BAPD 10(4a)	D	Rb-Sn	M2	M2	T
*Pd-U	M2,92	[56Cat, 63Pel]	D	Pt-Rb	M2	[81Loc]	T	Rb-Sr	M2	BAPD 6(1)	T
				Pt-Re	M2	M2	D	Rb-Ta	M2,91	JAPD 6(3)	D
*Pd-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	*Pt-Rh	M2,92	[Moffatt]	D	Rb-Tb	No Data		
				Pt-Ru	M2	[72Hut]	D	Rb-Te	M2	Unpublished	D
*Pd-W	M2,91,92	Binary Tungsten	D	Pt-S	M2	Unpublished	D	Rb-Th	No Data		
				Pt-Sb	M2,92	M2	D	Rb-Ti	M2	BAPD 10(2)	D
*Pd-Y	M2,91	M2	D	Pt-Sc	M2	M2	D	*Rb-Tl	M2	[70Thu]	D
*Pd-Yb	M2	[73Ian]	D	Pt-Se	M2	M2	T	Rb-Tm	No Data		
*Pd-Zn	M2	M2	D	*Pt-Si	M2	JPE 12(5)	D	Rb-U	No Data		
Pd-Zr	M2,92	JAPD 6(1)	D	Pt-Sm	M2	M2	D	Rb-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D
Pm-Po	M2	M2	T	*Pt-Sn	M2	[Hansen]	D			Tungsten	T
Pm-Pr	M2	M2	D	Pt-Sr	M2	M2	D	Rb-W	M2		
Pm-Pu	M2,92	M2	D	Pt-Ta	M2	[81Wat]	D				
Pm-Rh	M2	M2	D	Pt-Tb	M2	M2	D	Rb-Y	No Data		
Pm-Ru	M2	M2	D	Pt-Tc	M2	M2	D	Rb-Yb	No Data		
Pm-Sm	M2	M2	D	*Pt-Te	M2	M2	D	Rb-Zn	M2	BAPD 8(5)	D
Pm-Tb	M2	M2	D	Pt-Th	M2	BAPD 11(3)	D	Rb-Zr	M2	BAPD 8(1)	D
Pm-Th	M2	M2	D	*Pt-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	Re-Rh	M2	[62Ty13]	D
Pm-Tl	M2	[88Sac]	D					*Re-Ru	M2	[62Rud]	D
Pm-Tm	M2	M2	D	*Pt-Tl	M2	M2	D	Re-S	M2	M2	T
Pm-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	Pt-Tm	M2	M2	D	Re-Sb	M2	M2	D
				*Pt-U	M2	BAPD 11(3)	D	Re-Sc	M2	[66Sav]	D
Pm-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T	*Pt-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	Re-Se	M2	M2	T
								*Re-Si	M2	Unpublished	D
Pm-Y	M2	M2	D	Pt-W	M2,91	Binary Tungsten	D	Re-Sm	M2	M2	T
Po-Pr	M2	[63Ker,Shunk]	T					Re-Sn	M2	M2	D
Po-Pt	M2	M2	T	Pt-Y	M2	BAPD 11(5)	D	Re-Sr	No Data		
Po-S	M2	[Hansen]	T	Pt-Yb	M2	M2	D	Re-Ta	M2	[60Bro]	D
Po-Sc	M2	M2	T	Pt-Zn	M2	JPE 12(4)	D	Re-Tb	M2	[68Sav]	D
Po-Sm	M2	M2	T	*Pt-Zr	M2	M2	D	Re-Tc	M2	M2	D
Po-Sr	M2	M2	T	Pu-Rb	No Data			*Re-Te	M2	[77Kur]	D
Po-Ta	M2	[60Wit]	T	Pu-Re	M2	[67Bow]	D	Re-Th	M2	[77Gar]	D
Po-Tb	M2	M2	T	Pu-Rh	M2	[78Lan]	D	Re-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D
Po-Ti	M2	M2	T	Pu-Ru	M2	[67Kut2]	D				
Po-Tm	M2	M2	T	Pu-S	M2	M2	T	Re-Tl	No Data		
Po-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T	Pu-Sb	M2	M2	T	Re-Tm	M2	M2	T
				*Pu-Sc	M2	M2	D	*Re-U	M2	M2	D
Po-Y	M2	M2	T	Pu-Se	M2	M2	T	*Re-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D
Po-Yb	M2	M2	T	Pu-Si	M2	[Shunk]	D				
Po-Zn	M2	M2	T	Pu-Sm	M2	M2	D	Re-W	M2,92	Binary Tungsten	D
Po-Zr	M2	M2	T	Pu-Sn	M2	BAPD 9(2)	D				
Pr-Pt	M2	M2	D	Pu-Sr	M2	M2	T	Re-Y	M2	[61Lun]	D
Pr-Pu	M2	M2	D	Pu-Ta	M2	JPE 12(5)	D	Re-Yb	M2	M2	T
Pr-Rb	No Data			Pu-Tb	M2	M2	D	Re-Zn	M2	M2	T
Pr-Re	M2	[64Ell]	D	Pu-Te	M2	M2	T	Re-Zr	M2	M2	D
Pr-Rh	M2	M2	D	Pu-Th	M2	BAPD 6(3)	D	Rh-Ru	M2	[84Pas]	D
Pr-Ru	M2	M2	D	Pu-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	Rh-S	M2,92	[Moffatt]	D
Pr-S	M2,91	M2	T					Rh-Sb	M2	[Shunk]	D
*Pr-Sb	M2	M2	D	Pu-Tl	M2	[58Boc]	T	Rh-Sc	M2	[58Com, 61Dwi]	T
Pr-Sc	No Data			Pu-Tm	M2	M2	D				
*Pr-Se	M2	[70Yar]	D	*Pu-U	M2,92	BAPD 10(2)	D	*Rh-Se	M2	M2	D
*Pr-Si	M2	M2	D	Pu-V	M2,91	JPE 12(5)	D	Rh-Si	M2,92	JPE 13(1)	D
Pr-Sm	M2	M2	D	Pu-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D	Rh-Sm	M2	M2	D
*Pr-Sn	M2	M2	D					Rh-Sn	M2	[Hansen]	D
Pr-Sr	No Data			Pu-Y	M2	M2	D	Rh-Sr	M2	M2	T
Pr-Ta	M2	[Moffatt]	D	Pu-Yb	M2	M2	D	*Rh-Ta	M2	[64Gie]	D
Pr-Tb	M2	M2	D	*Pu-Zn	M2	[Chiotti]	D	Rh-Tb	M2	M2	D
Pr-Tc	M2	[64Dar]	T	*Pu-Zr	M2	[Elliott]	D	Rh-Tc	M2	M2	D
*Pr-Te	M2	[70Yar]	D	Ra-S	M2	M2	T	Rh-Te	M2,91	M2	D
Pr-Th	M2	[67Bad1]	D	Ra-Se	M2	M2	T	Rh-Th	M2	[63Tho]	D
Pr-Ti	M2	M2	D	Ra-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T	*Rh-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D
*Pr-Tl	M2	Unpublished	D								
Pr-Tm	M2	M2	D	Rb-Re	No Data			Rh-Tl	No Data		
Pr-U	M2	M2	D	Rb-Rh	M2	[81Loc]	T	Rh-Tm	M2	M2	T
Pr-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	Rb-Ru	M2	[81Loc]	T	*Rh-U	M2	[Ivanov]	D
				Rb-S	M2	M2	D	*Rh-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D
				*Rb-Sb	M2	[61Dor2]	D				

(continued)

2•20/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type
Rh-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D	Sb-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	T	*Sm-Sn	M2	[82Bor]	D
Rh-Y	M2	M2	D	Sb-W	M2,92	Binary Tungsten	T	Sm-Sr	No Data		
Rh-Yb	M2	[76Ian]	D	*Sb-Y	M2	[70Sch]	D	Sm-Ta	M2	[66Den2]	D
Rh-Zn	M2	M2	D	Sb-Yb	M2	M2	D	Sm-Tb	M2	M2	D
Rh-Zr	M2	Unpublished	D	*Sb-Zn	M2	[27Tak,66Vui]	D	Sm-Te	M2	M2	T
Rn-W		Binary Tungsten	T	Sb-Zr	M2	Unpublished	D	Sm-Th	M2	M2	D
Ru-S	M2,91	M2	D	Sc-Se	M2	M2	T	Sm-Ti	No Data		
Ru-Sb	M2	M2	T	Sc-Si	M2	BAPD 7(4)	D	*Sm-Tl	M2	Unpublished	D
Ru-Sc	M2	[Moffatt]	D	Sc-Sm	No Data			Sm-Tm	M2	M2	D
Ru-Se	M2	M2	D	Sc-Sn	M2	M2	T	Sm-U	M2	M2	D
*Ru-Si	M2,92	M2	D	Sc-Sr	M2	M2	D	Sm-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D
Ru-Sm	M2,91	M2	D	Sc-Ta	M2	[66Den1]	D	Sm-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D
Ru-Sn	M2	M2	D	Sc-Tb	M2	M2	D	Sm-Y	M2	BAPD 4(2)	D
Ru-Sr	No Data			Sc-Tc	M2	M2	T	Sm-Yb	No Data		
*Ru-Ta	M2,91	M2	D	Sc-Te	M2	M2	D	*Sm-Zn	M2	[Moffatt]	D
Ru-Tb	M2	M2	D	Sc-Th	M2,91	[69Bad]	D	Sm-Zr	M2	[Elliott]	T
Ru-Tc	M2	M2	T	*Sc-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	Sn-Sr	M2	M2	D
Ru-Te	M2	M2	D	Sc-Tl	No Data			Sn-Ta	M2	M2	T
Ru-Th	M2	[63Tho]	D	Sc-Tm	No Data			Sn-Tb	No Data		
*Ru-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	Sc-U	M2	M2	D	Sn-Tc	M2	M2	T
Ru-Tl	No Data			Sc-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	*Sn-Te	M2	BAPD 7(1)	D
Ru-Tm	M2	M2	D	Sc-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D	Sn-Th	M2	BAPD 10(4a)	D
*Ru-U	M2	BAPD 2(4)	D	*Sc-Y	M2	BAPD 4(2)	D	*Sn-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D
*Ru-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	Sc-Yb	M2	M2	D	*Sn-Tl	M2	M2	D
Ru-W	M2,92	Binary Tungsten	D	Sc-Zn	M2	[Pearson3]	T	Sn-Tm	M2	M2	T
Ru-Y	M2	M2	D	*Sc-Zr	M2	JPE 12(1)	D	*Sn-U	M2	BAPD 8(4)	D
Ru-Yb	M2	[76Ian]	D	Se-Si	M2	M2	T	Sn-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D
Ru-Zn	M2	M2	D	Se-Sm	M2	M2	T	Sn-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T
Ru-Zr	M2	Unpublished	D	*Se-Sn	M2	BAPD 7(1)	D	*Sn-Y	M2	M2	D
S-Sb	M2	M2	D	*Se-Sr	M2	[75Lys]	D	*Sn-Yb	M2	JPE 12(4)	D
S-Sc	M2	M2	T	Se-Ta	M2	[Pearson3]	T	*Sn-Zn	M2	BAPD 6(4)	D
*S-Se	M2	Unpublished	D	Se-Tb	M2	M2	T	*Sn-Zr	M2	BAPD 4(2)	D
S-Si	M2	M2	D	*Se-Te	M2	Unpublished	D	Sr-Ta	No Data		
S-Sm	M2	M2	D	Se-Th	M2	[Hansen]	D	Sr-Tb	No Data		
*S-Sn	M2	BAPD 7(3)	D	Se-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	T	*Sr-Te	M2	[75Lys]	D
S-Sr	M2	M2	T	*Se-Tl	M2	[81Mor]	D	Sr-Th	No Data		
S-Ta	No Data			*Se-Tm	M2	M2	D	Sr-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D
S-Tb	M2	M2	T	*Se-U	M2	[75Eil]	D	*Sr-Tl	M2	M2	D
S-Tc	M2	M2	T	Se-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	Sr-Tm	No Data		
*S-Te	M2	BAPD 10(4)	D	Se-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T	Sr-U	M2	M2	T
S-Th	M2	M2	T	Se-Y	M2	M2	T	Sr-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D
*S-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	Se-Yb	M2	M2	D	Sr-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T
S-Tl	M2	M2	D	Se-Zn	M2	Unpublished	D	Sr-Y	M2	M2	D
S-Tm	M2	M2	T	Se-Zr	M2	M2	T	Sr-Yb	No Data		
S-U	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	Si-Sm	M2	BAPD 9(5)	D	*Sr-Zn	M2	M2	D
S-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	*Si-Sn	M2	BAPD 5(3)	D	Sr-Zr	No Data		
S-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D	*Si-Sr	M2	BAPD 10(6)	D	T-Ta	92	[90Con]	D
S-Y	M2	M2	T	*Si-Ta	M2	Unpublished	D	Ta-Tb	M2	[66Den1]	D
S-Yb	M2	[78Eli]	D	Si-Tb	M2	M2	T	Ta-Tc	M2	M2	T
S-Zn	M2	Unpublished	D	Si-Te	M2	M2	T	Ta-Te	M2,92	JPE 13(3)	T
S-Zr	M2	M2	D	*Si-Te	M2	[80Dav]	D	*Ta-Th	M2	JAPD 5(1)	D
*Sb-Se	M2	M2	D	*Si-Th	M2	[Thorium]	D	*Ta-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D
*Sb-Si	M2	BAPD 6(5)	D	*Si-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	Ta-Tl	M2	M2	D
*Sb-Sm	M2	M2	D	Si-Tl	M2	BAPD 6(6)	D	Ta-Tm	M2	[66Den1]	D
*Sb-Sn	M2	[71Pre]	D	Si-Tm	M2	M2	D	*Ta-U	M2	JAPD 4(3)	D
*Sb-Sr	M2	[75Vak]	D	*Si-U	M2	M2	D	*Ta-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D
Sb-Ta	No Data			*Si-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	*Ta-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D
*Sb-Tb	M2	M2	D	Si-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D	Ta-Y	M2	M2	D
*Sb-Te	M2	M2	D	Si-Y	M2,91	BAPD 7(5)	D	Ta-Yb	M2	M2	D
Sb-Th	M2	M2	T	Si-Yb	M2	M2	D	Ta-Zn	M2	[Pearson3]	T
Sb-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	*Si-Zn	M2	BAPD 6(6)	D	*Ta-Zr	M2	JAPD 5(2)	D
*Sb-Tl	M2	Unpublished	D	*Si-Zr	M2	BAPD 11(5)	D	Tb-Tc	M2	M2	T
Sb-Tm	M2	M2	T								
*Sb-U	M2	BAPD 1(2)	D								

(continued)

System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type	System	Published	Data source	Data type
Tb-Te	M2	M2	T	*Th-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	Tm-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D
Tb-Th	M2	[67Bad2]	D	*Th-Tl	M2	M2	D	Tm-Y	M2	M2	D
Tb-Ti	M2	[83Kub]	D	Th-Tm	M2	[Moffatt]	D	Tm-Yb	M2	M2	D
*Tb-Tl	M2	Unpublished	D	Th-U	M2	BAPD 6(5)	D	Tm-Zn	M2	M2	D
Tb-Tm	M2	M2	D	Th-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	Tm-Zr	M2	[Shunk]	T
Tb-U	M2	[Elliott]	T	Th-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D	U-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D
Tb-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	Th-Y	M2	[60Eas]	D	U-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D
Tb-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D	Th-Yb	M2	M2, D	D	U-Y	M2	M2	D
Tb-Y	M2	BAPD 4(2)	D	*Th-Zn	M2	[61Chi]	D	U-Yb	M2	M2	D
Tb-Yb	M2	M2	D	*Th-Zr	M2	[58Gib,61Joh]	D	U-Zn	M2	BAPD 1(2)	D
Tb-Zn	M2	M2	D	Ti-Tm	M2	M2	D	*U-Zr	M2,92	BAPD 10(2)	D
Tb-Zr	M2	[Moffatt]	D	*Ti-U	M2	Binary Titanium	D	*V-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D
Tc-Te	M2	M2	D	*Ti-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	V-Y	M2	Binary Vanadium	D
Tc-Th	M2	[65Dar]	T	*Ti-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D	V-Yb	M2	Binary Vanadium	D
Tc-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	D	*Ti-Y	M2	Binary Titanium	D	V-Zn	M2	Binary Vanadium	D
Tc-U	M2	[65Dar]	T	Ti-Yb	M2	M2	D	*V-Zr	M2	Binary Vanadium	D
Tc-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	Ti-Zn	M2	Binary Titanium	D	W-Xe		Binary Tungsten	T
Tc-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D	*Ti-Zr	M2	Binary Titanium	D	W-Y	M2	Binary Tungsten	D
Tc-Y	M2	M2	T	Tl-Tm	M2	M2	D	W-Yb	M2	Binary Tungsten	D
Tc-Zn	M2	[64Cha]	D	Tl-U	M2	[52Ian,63Joh]	T	W-Zn	M2	Binary Tungsten	T
Tc-Zr	M2	M2	T	Tl-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	*W-Zr	M2,92	Binary Tungsten	D
Te-Th	M2	M2	T	Tl-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	T	Y-Yb	M2	M2	D
Te-Ti	M2	Binary Titanium	T	Tl-Y	M2,91	M2	T	*Y-Zn	M2	M2	D
*Te-Tl	M2,91	M2	D	*Tl-Yb	M2	Unpublished	D	*Y-Zr	M2	JPE 12(4)	D
Te-Tm	M2	M2	D	*Tl-Zn	M2	[07Veg,52Sei]	D	*Yb-Zn	M2	[68Mas]	D
*Te-U	M2	[Moffatt]	D	Tl-Zr	M2	M2	T	Yb-Zr	M2	M2	D
Te-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D	Tm-U	M2	M2	D	Zn-Zr	M2	JPE 13(4)	D
Te-W	M2	Binary Tungsten	D	Tm-V	M2	Binary Vanadium	D				
Te-Y	M2	M2	D								
*Te-Yb	M2	M2	D								
*Te-Zn	M2	BAPD 8(1)	D								
Te-Zr	M2	M2	D								

References Cited in Binary Alloys Index

The references listed below represent the best available sources for the diagrams and data developed from them. They do not, however, represent *evaluations* conducted under the International Alloy Phase Diagram Programme.

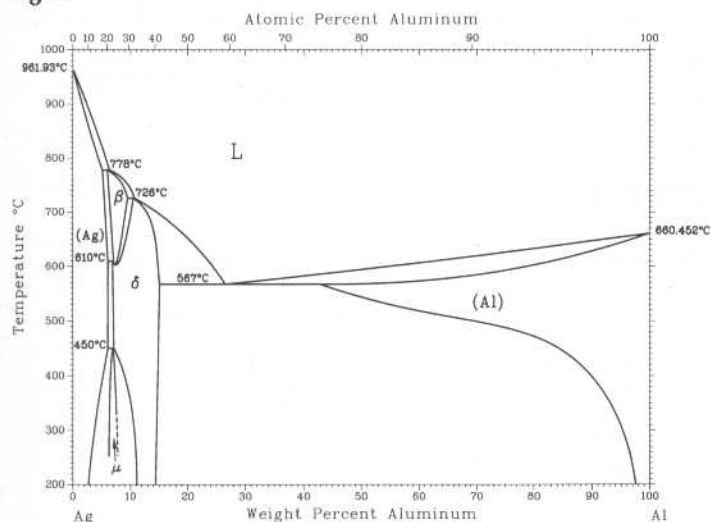
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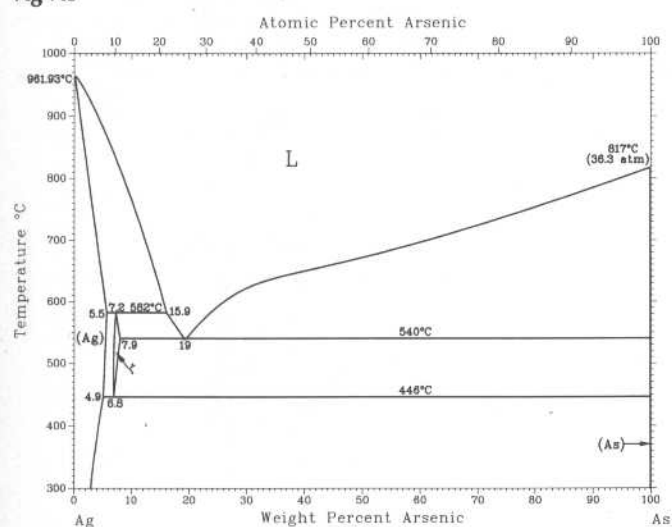
A.J. McAlister, 1987

Ag-Al



Phase	Composition, wt% Al	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0.0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
β	6.1 to 7.4	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
δ	6.9 to 15.3	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
μ	~6.2 to 7.3	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4$_1$32</i>
(Al)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>P2$_1$3(a)</i>
(a) ~300 °C			

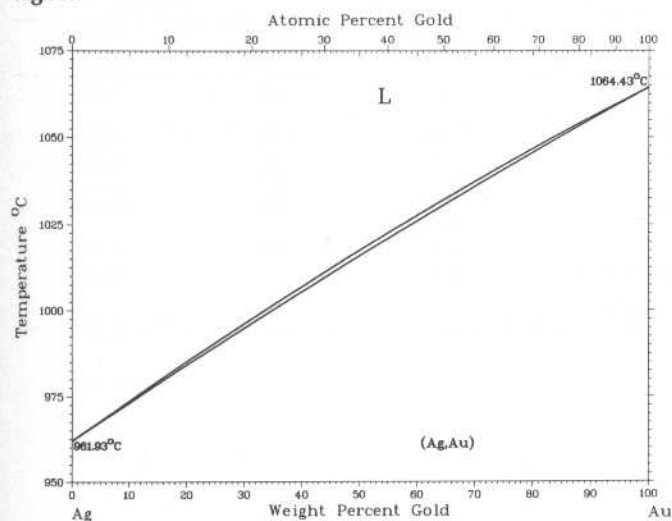
Ag-As



M.R. Baren, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% As	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to 5.5	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
ζ	6.8 to 7.9	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
(As)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>

Ag-Au

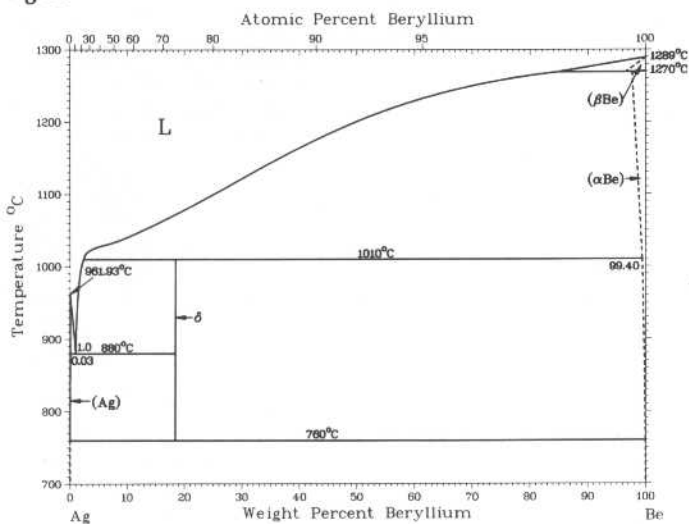


H. Okamoto and T.B. Massalski, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Au	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag,Au)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

2•26/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

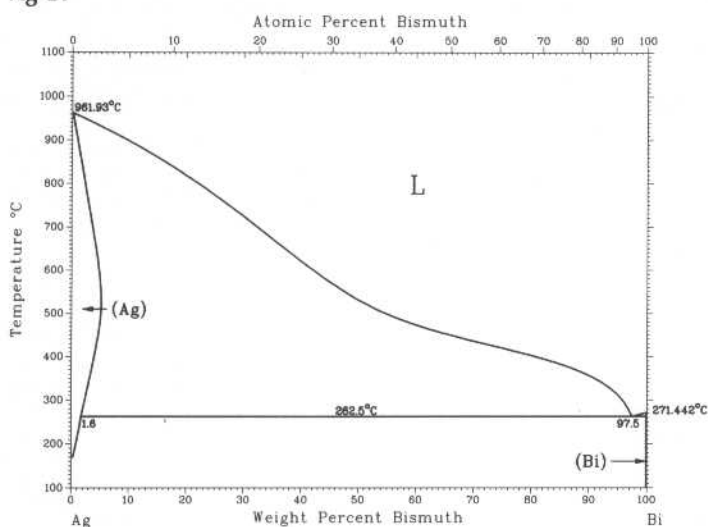
Ag-Be



H. Okamoto and L.E. Tanner, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Be	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to 0.03	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
δ or AgBe ₂	~18?	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
(αBe)	99.40 to 100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
(βBe)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
Questionable phases (stable? metastable?)			
γ	~12	?	?
AgBe ₁₂	50	tI26	$I4/mmm$

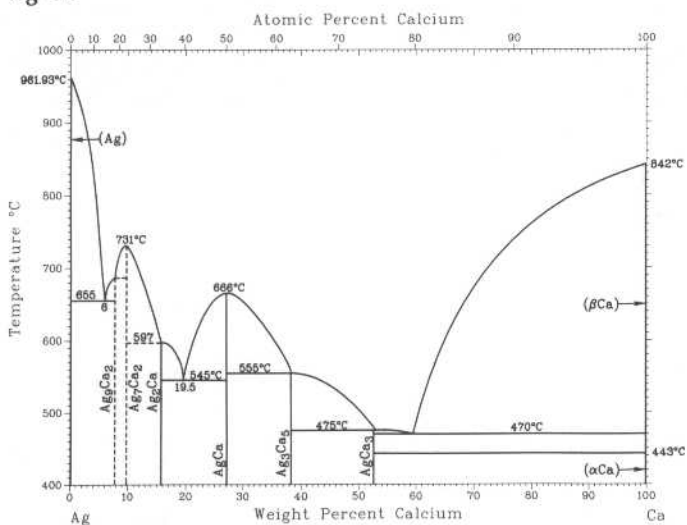
Ag-Bi



R.P. Elliott and F.A. Shunk, 1980

Phase	Composition, wt% Bi	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to 4.945	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(Bi)	~100	hR2	$R\bar{3}m$

Ag-Ca

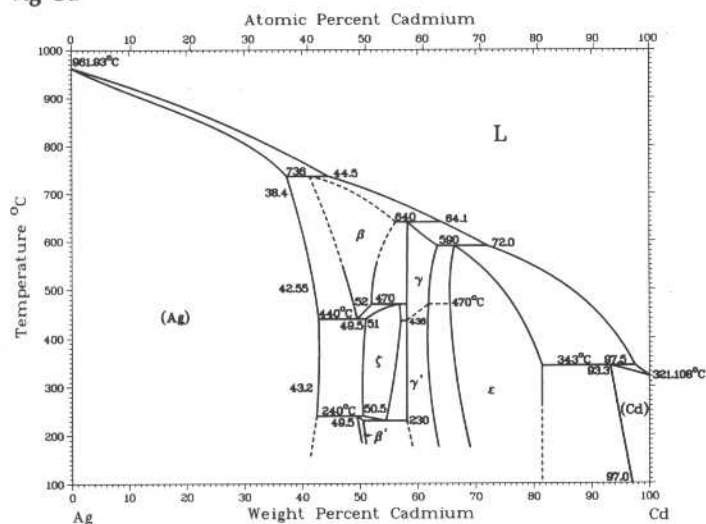


M.R. Baren, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Ca	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Ag ₉ Ca ₂	7.7	...	...
Ag ₇ Ca ₂	9.6	hP18	$P6_3/22$
Ag ₂ Ca	15.6	oI12	$Imma$
AgCa	27.1	oC8	$Cmcm$
Ag ₃ Ca ₅	38.2	tI32	$I4/mcm$
AgCa ₃	52.7	...	...
(αCa)	100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(βCa)(a)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$

(a) Above 443 °C

Ag-Cd

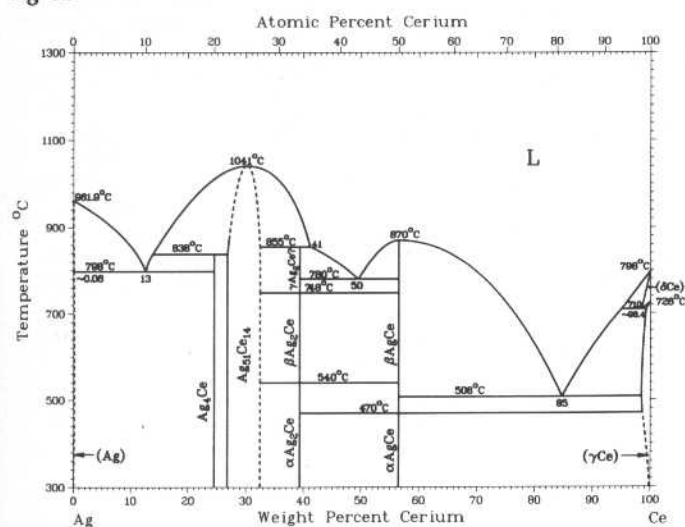


From [Hansen]

Phase	Composition, wt% Cd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to 43.2	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
β	41 to 56	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
β'	49.5 to 51.0	(a)	...
ζ	50.5 to 57	(b)	...
γ	58 to 63.5	...	...
γ	58 to 63.5	cI52	$I4\bar{3}m$
ε	65.4 to 82	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
(Cd)	93.3 to 100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$

(a) Ordered bcc. (b) cph

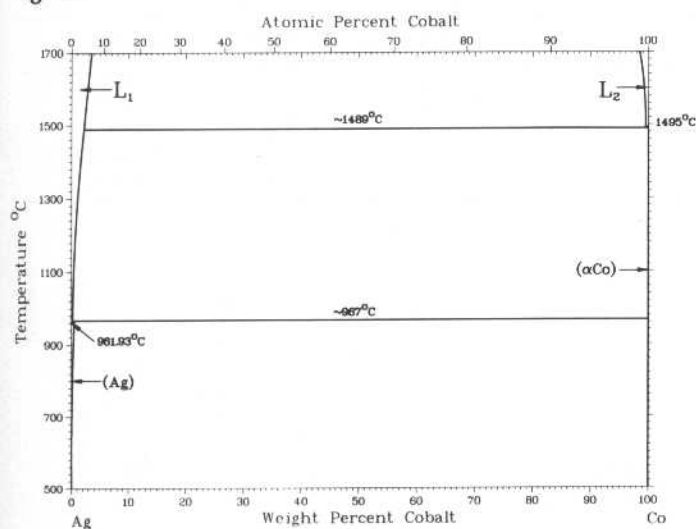
Ag-Ce



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt% Ce	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to ~0.06	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Ag ₅₁ Ce ₁₄	26.2 to ~30	hP65	$P6/m$
αAg ₂ Ce	39.3	oI12	$Imma$
AgCe	56.5	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
(δCe)	~98 to 100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(γCe)	~98 to 100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(βCe)	100	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
(αCe)	100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

Ag-Co



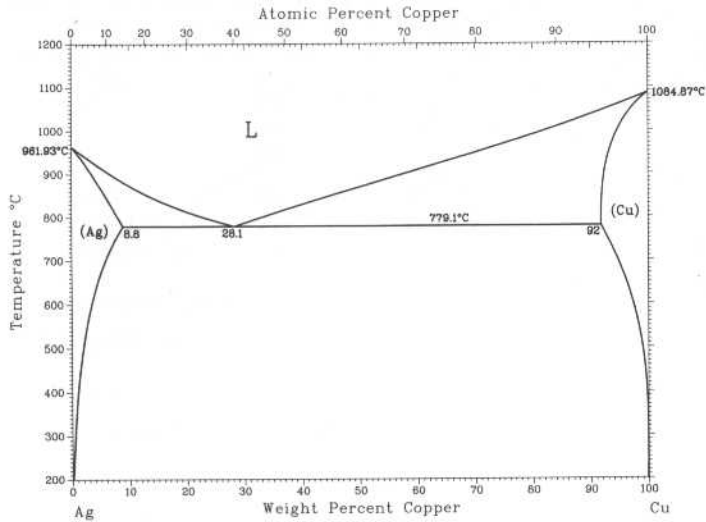
I. Karakaya and W.T. Thompson, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% Co	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to 0.44	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(εCo)(a)	100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
(αCo)	~100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

(a) Below 422 °C

2•28/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

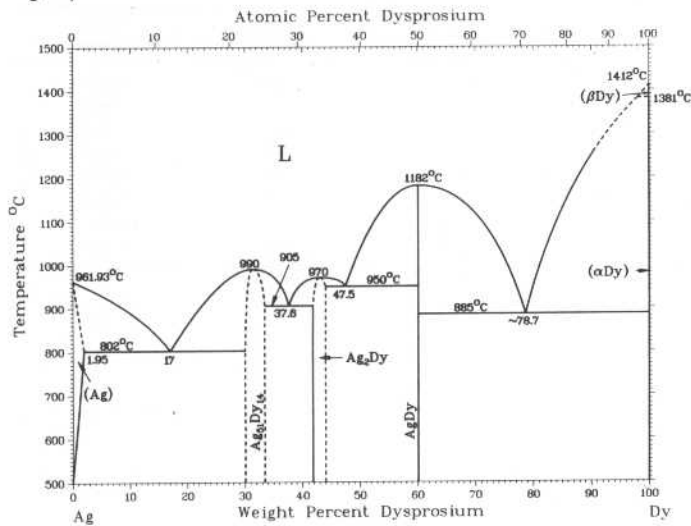
Ag-Cu



P.R. Subramanian and J.H. Perepezko, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Cu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to 8.8	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(Cu)	92.0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

Ag-Dy

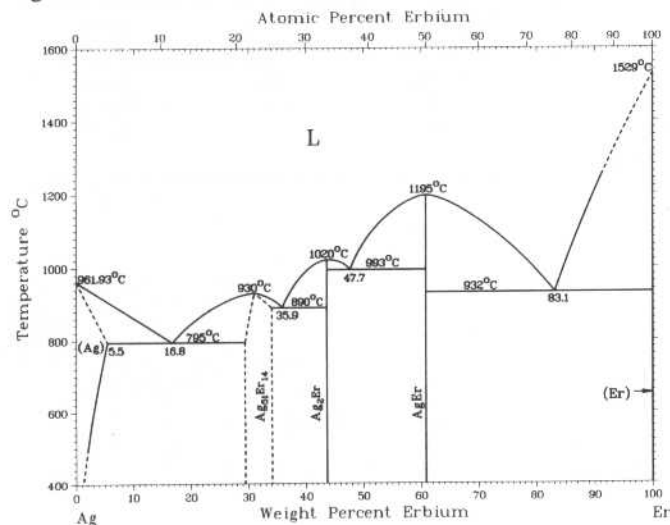


K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt% Dy	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to 1.95	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Ag ₅₁ Dy ₁₄	29.2 to 34.0	<i>hP65</i>	...
Ag ₂ Dy	41.8 to 44.0	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
AgDy	60.1	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(βDy)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αDy)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(α'Dy)(a)	100	...	...

(a) Below -187 °C

Ag-Er

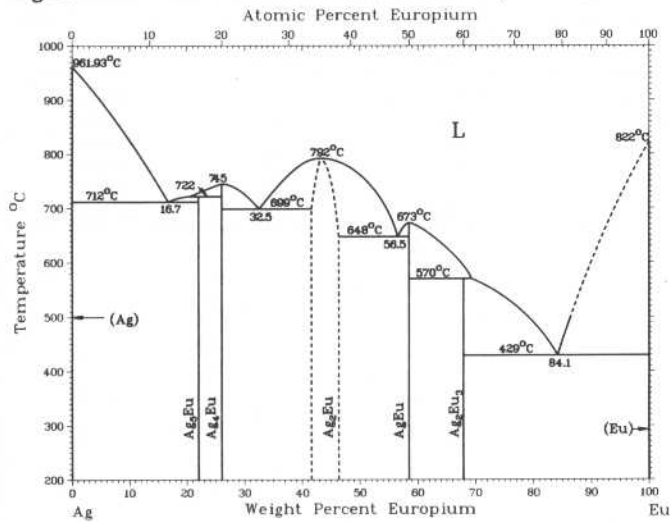


K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt% Er	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to 5.5	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Ag ₅₁ Er ₁₄	29.8 to 34.7	<i>hP65</i>	...
Ag ₂ Er	43.6	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
AgEr	60.8	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(Er)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

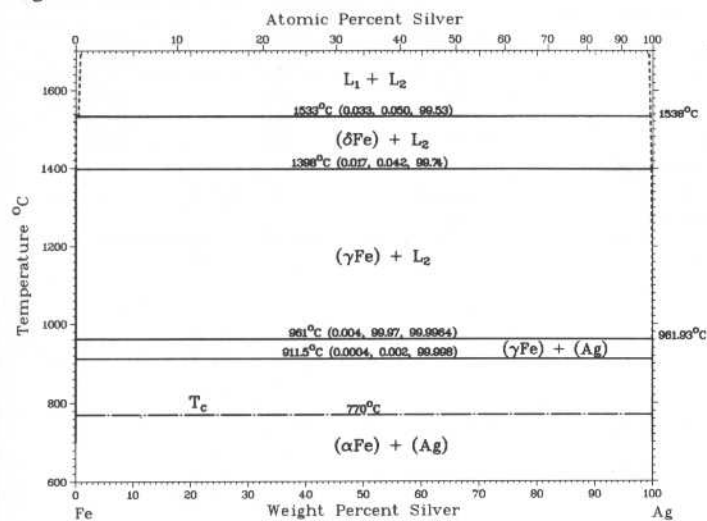
K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1985

Ag-Eu



Phase	Composition, wt % Eu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Ag ₅ Eu	22.0	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6</i> / <i>mmm</i>
Ag ₄ Eu	26	<i>tI10</i>	<i>I4</i> / <i>m</i>
Ag ₃ Eu	41.3	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
Ag ₂ Eu	58.5	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Ag ₂ Eu ₃	67.9	<i>tP10</i>	<i>P4</i> / <i>mbm</i>
(Eu)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

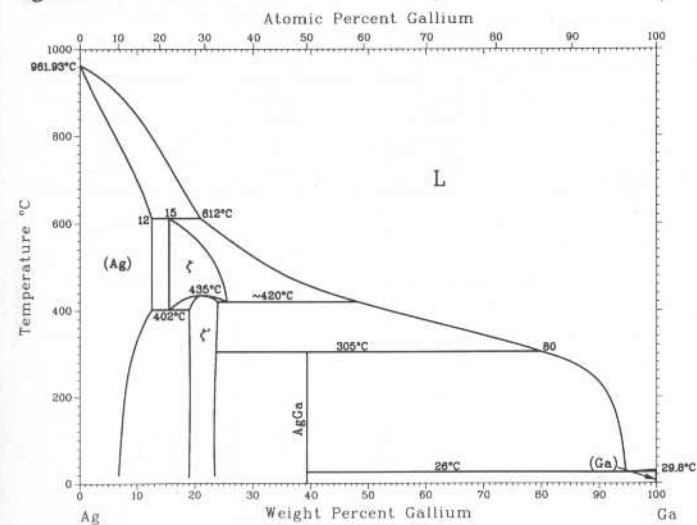
Ag-Fe



L.J. Swartzendruber, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt % Ag	Pearson symbol	Space group
δ or (δFe)	0 to 0.033	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
γ or (γFe)	0 to 0.042	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
α or (αFe)	0 to 0.0004	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(Ag)	99.99663 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

Ag-Ga

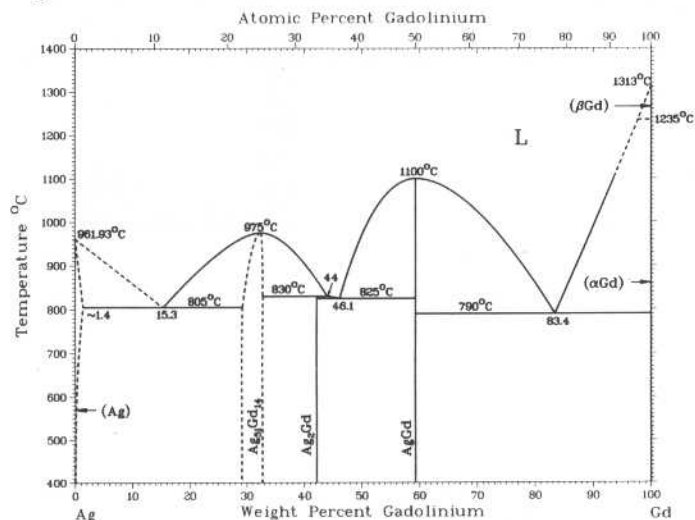


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt % Ga	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to 12	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
ζ	15 to 25	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
ζ'	18 to 24	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}$
AgGa	39.2	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(Ga)	100	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>

2•30/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

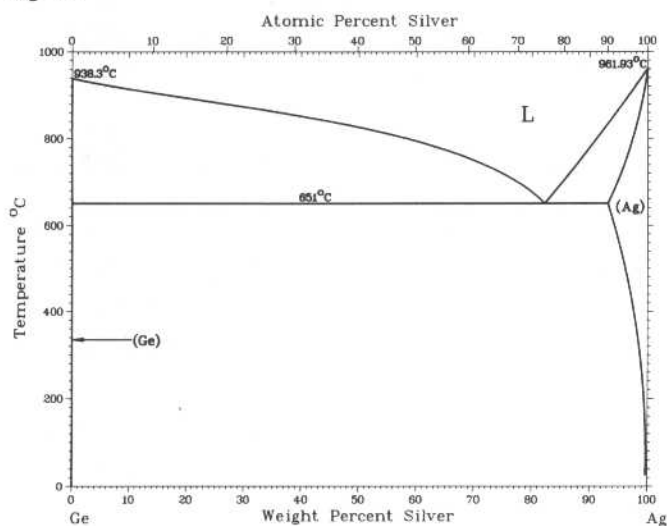
Ag-Gd



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt% Gd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to ~1.4	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Ag ₅₁ Gd ₁₄	28.5	<i>tP65</i>	<i>P6/m</i>
Ag ₂ Gd	42.1	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
AgGd	59.3	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(βGd)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αGd)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

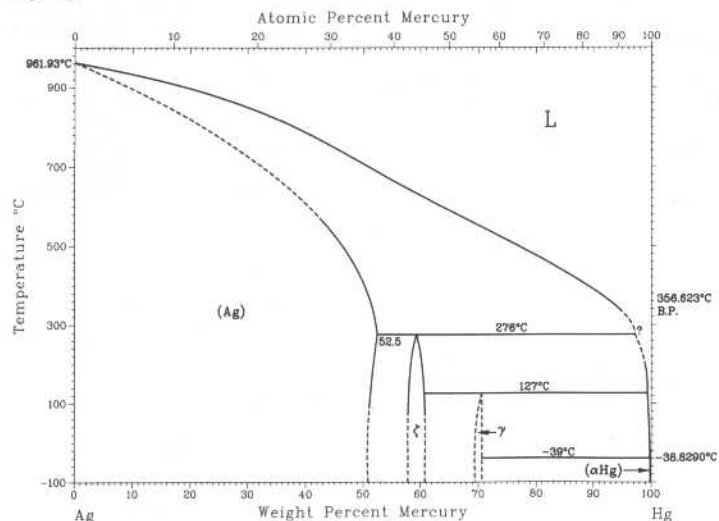
Ag-Ge



R.W. Olesinski and G.J. Abbaschian, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Ag	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	~0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
GeII (HP)	0	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(Ag)	93.3 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Metastable phases			
β (cph)	83 to 86	<i>hP*</i>	...
Tetragonal	85	<i>t**</i>	...

Ag-Hg

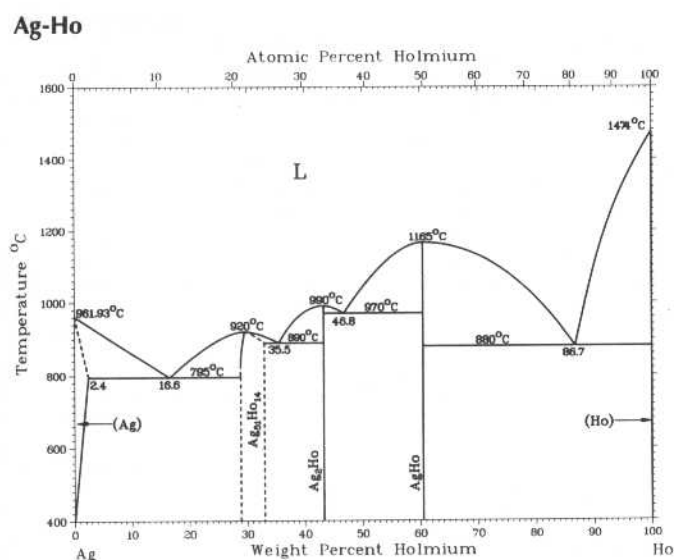


M.R. Baren, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Hg	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to 52.5	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
ζ	58.9 to 61.3	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
γ	70.0 to 71.0	<i>cI*</i>	<i>I23</i>
(αHg)	100	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

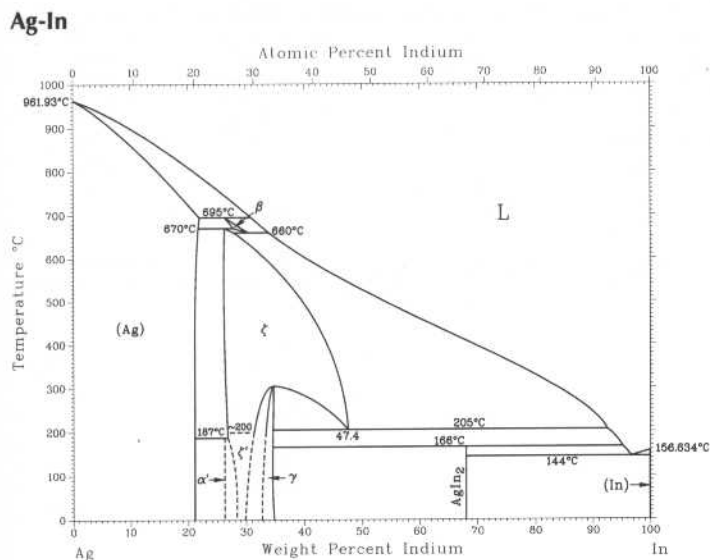
K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt% Ho	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to 2.4	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ag ₅₁ Ho ₁₄	29.5	<i>hP65</i>	<i>P6/m</i>
Ag ₂ Ho	43.3	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
AgHo	60.5	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Ho)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>



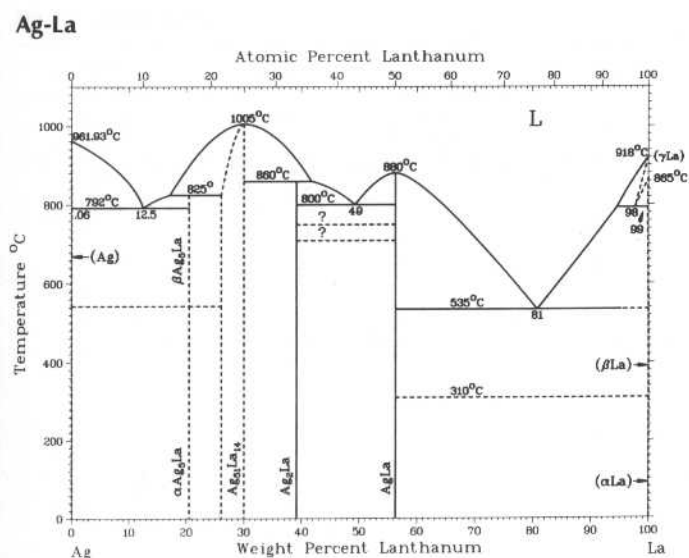
M.R. Baren, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
α (Ag)	0 to 22.1	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
β	26.2 to 31.3	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
α' (Ag ₃ In)	26	<i>cP4?</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m?$
ζ	26.2 to 47.6	<i>hP*</i>	...
ζ'	?	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
γ (Ag ₂ In)	32.5 to 35.0	<i>cP52</i>	<i>P4₃m</i>
ϕ (AgIn ₂)	68.1	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
(In)	100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Metastable phases			
...	19.4	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
...	71 to 81	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$



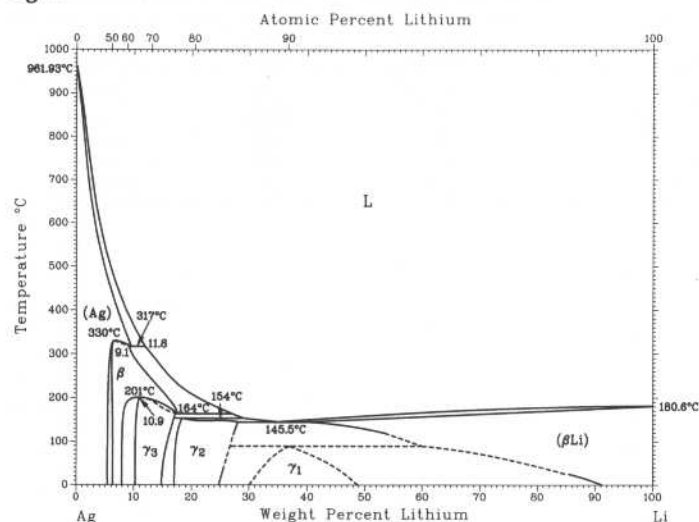
K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1983

Phase	Composition, wt% La	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ag ₅ La	20.5	<i>hP?</i>	...
Ag ₅₁ La ₁₄	26.1	<i>hP65</i>	...
Ag ₂ La	39.1	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
AgLa	56.3	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γ La)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(β La)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(α La)	100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>



2•32/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

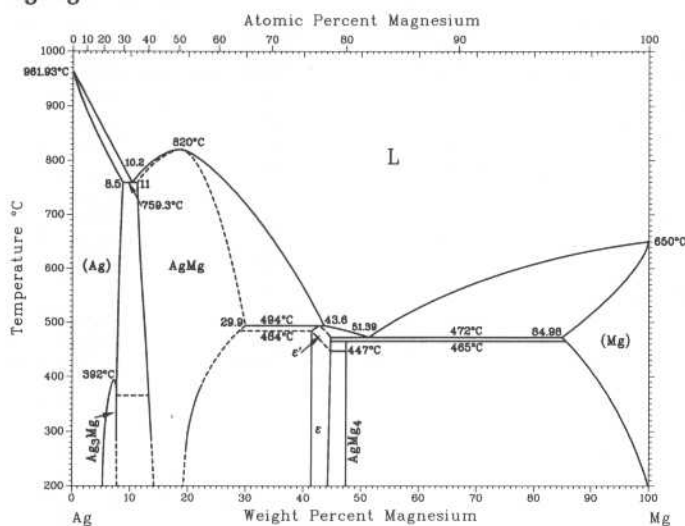
Ag-Li



A.D. Pelton, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% Li	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to 9.1	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
β	6.1 to 18	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
γ ₃	10.9 to 17	Cubic (<i>cP52</i> ?)	<i>P</i> $\bar{4}3m$?
γ ₂	17 to 28	Cubic (<i>cP52</i> ?)	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}3m$?
γ ₁	32 to 43	Cubic	...
(βLi)	39 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αLi)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

Ag-Mg

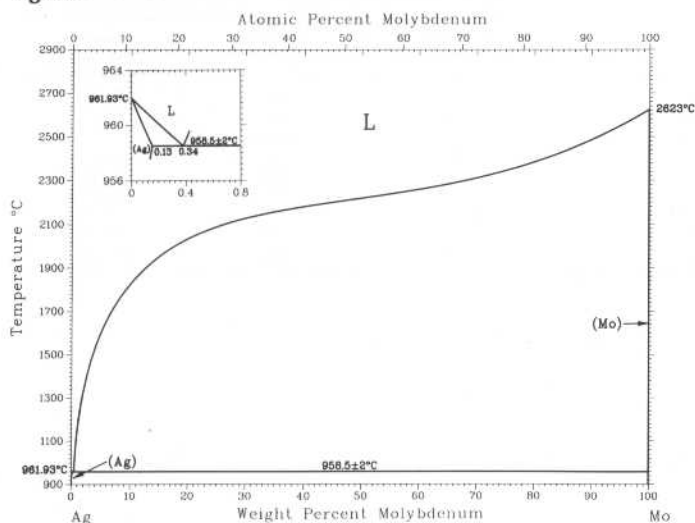


A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1988, with modifications

Phase	Composition, wt% Mg	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag) or α	0 to 8.5	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ag ₃ Mg ord or α'	7	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
AgMg or β'	11 to 29.9	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
ε'	41.4 to 44.7	<i>tI</i> *	...
ε	41.4 to 44.7	<i>cF</i> *	...
AgMg ₄	47	<i>hP</i> *	...
(Mg) or δ	84.98 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

The two-phase region between (Ag) and Ag₃Mg (ordered) is not shown here.

Ag-Mo

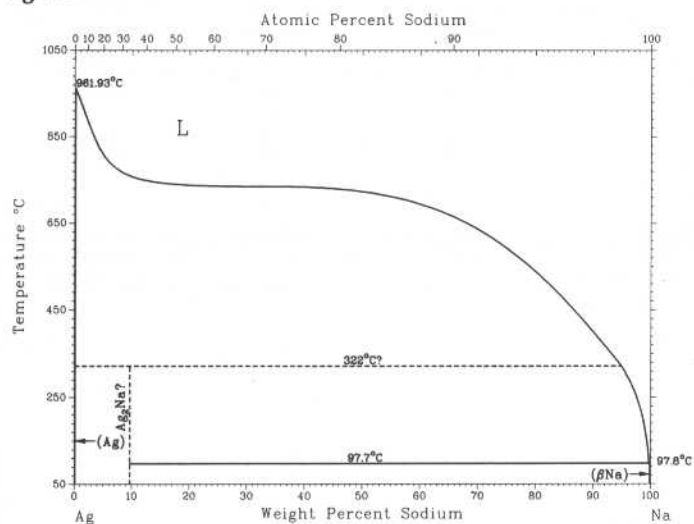


M.R. Baren, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Mo	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to 0.13	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Mo)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

Ag-Na

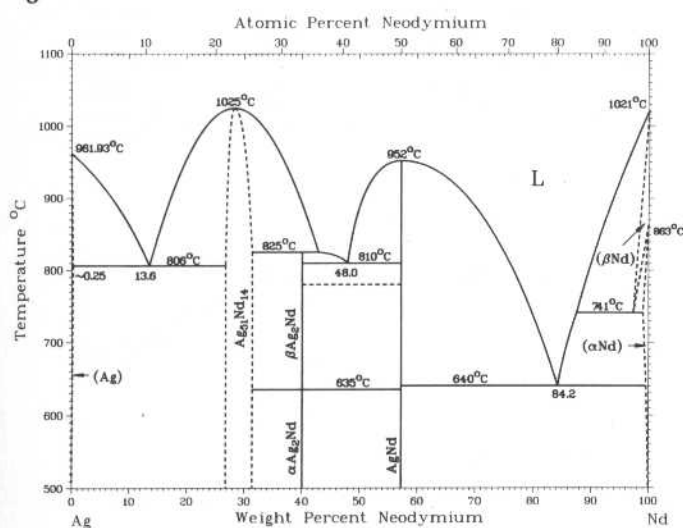
A.D. Pelton, 1986



Phase	Composition, wt% Na	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Ag ₂ Na	9.6	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
(βNa)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$

Ag-Nd

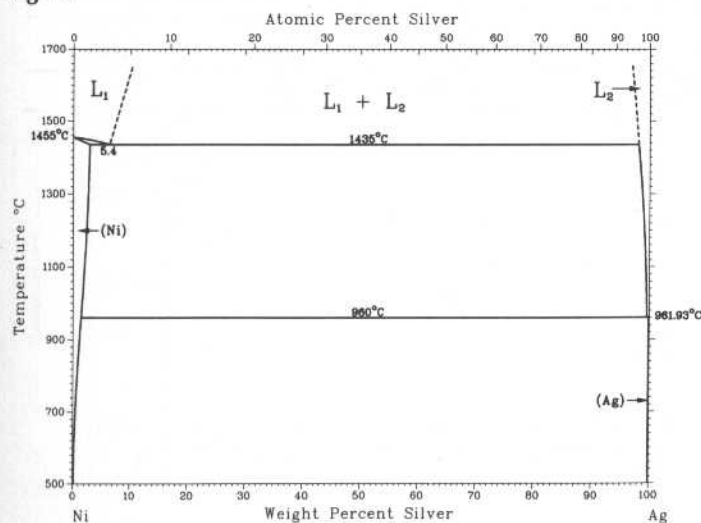
K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1985



Phase	Composition, wt% Nd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to ~5	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Ag ₅₁ Nd ₁₄	26.8 to 31.4	hP65	...
βAg ₂ Nd	40.0	hP?	...
αAg ₂ Nd	40.0	oI12	$Imma$
AgNd	57.2	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
(βNd)	97.4 to 100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αNd)	99.0 to 100	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$

Ag-Ni

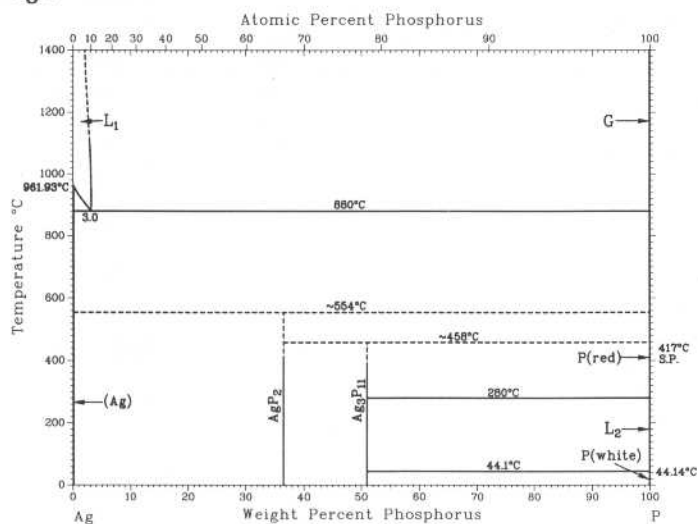
M. Singleton and P. Nash, 1991



Phase	Composition, wt% Ag	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to 1.8	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(Ag)	99.3 to 100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

2•34/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Ag-P

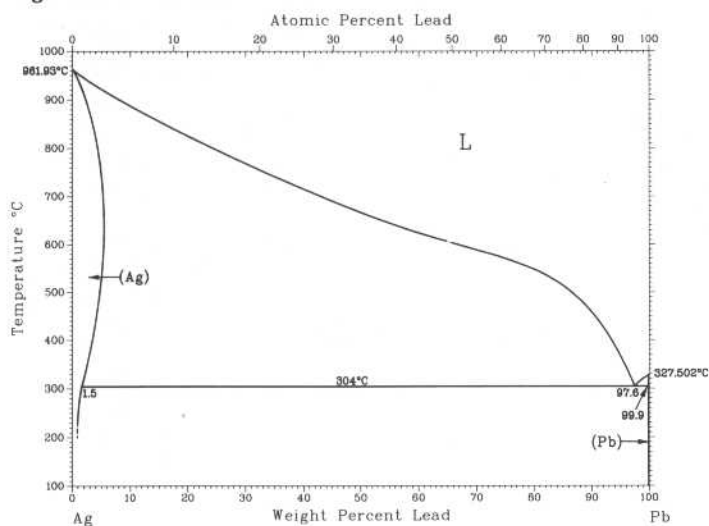


I. Karakaya and W.T. Thompson, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% P	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
AgP ₂	36.5	(a)	...
Ag ₃ P	51.0	(b)	<i>Cm</i>
P(black)	100	<i>oC8(c)</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
P(white)	100	(d)	...
P(red)	100	(e)	...

(a) Monoclinic structure with $\beta = 113.48^\circ$. (b) Monoclinic structure with $\beta = 118.84^\circ$. (c) At high pressures black P transforms to a rhombohedral structure. (d) Cubic below -35°C . (e) Cubic with 66 atoms per unit cell

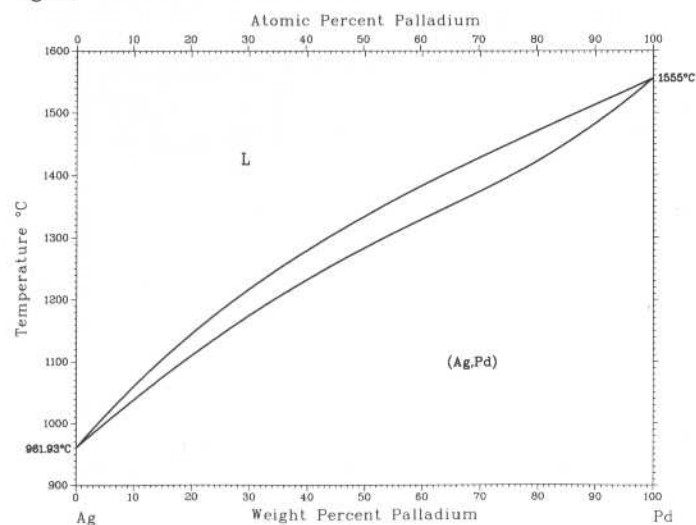
Ag-Pb



I. Karakaya and W.T. Thompson, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to 5.2	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Pb)	99.9 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

Ag-Pd

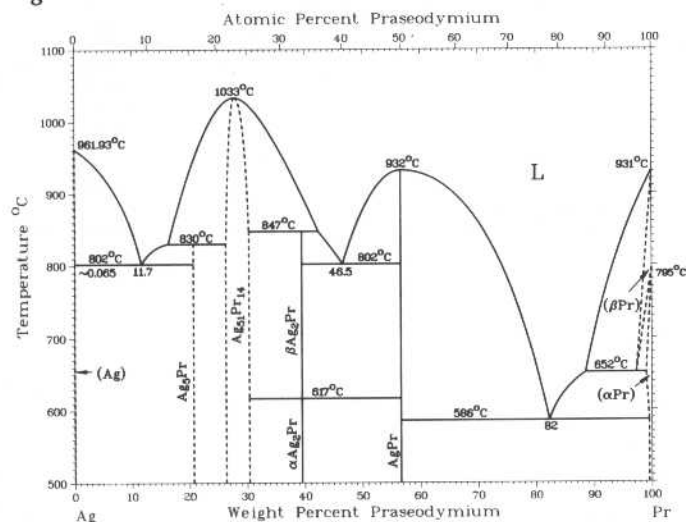


I. Karakaya and W.T. Thompson, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag,Pd)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

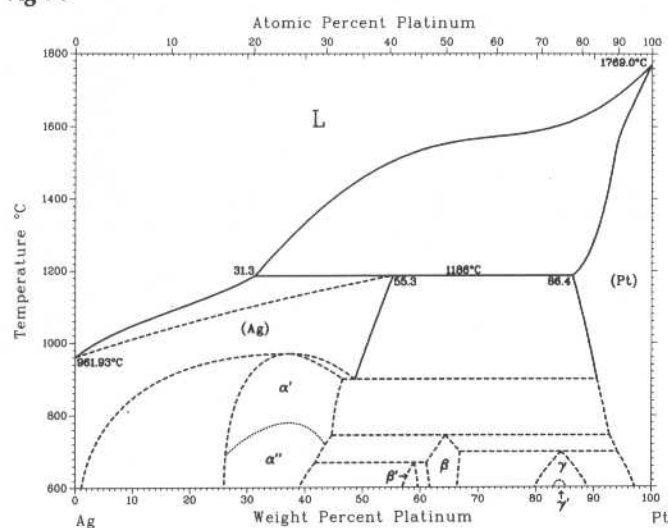
K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1985

Ag-Pr



Phase	Composition, wt% Pr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to ~0.065	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Ag ₅ Pr	20.8	...	...
Ag ₅₁ Pr ₁₄	26.4 to 30.3	hP65	...
βAg ₂ Pr	39.5	hP?	...
αAg ₂ Pr	39.5	oI12	$Imma$
AgPr	56.6	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
(βPr)	97.3 to 100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αPr)	99.0 to 100	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$

Ag-Pt

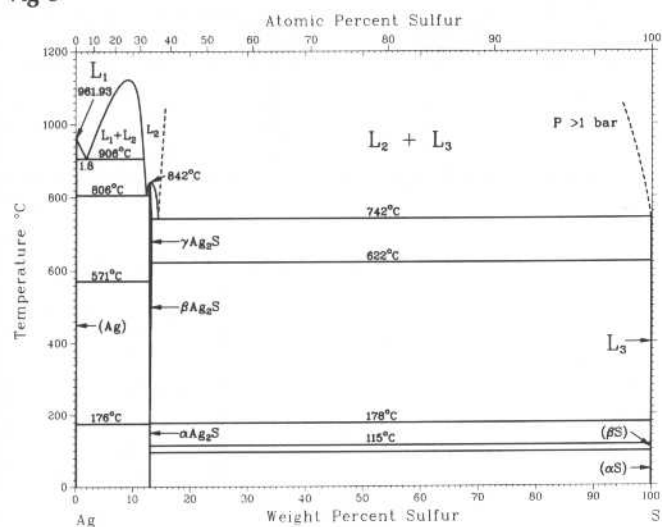


I. Karakaya and W.T. Thompson, 1987

Phase	Composition(a), wt% Pt	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to 55.3	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(Pt)	86.4 to 100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
α'	26 to 47	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
α''	26 to 43	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
β(b)	61 to 67	...	...
β'(b)	57 to 60	...	...
γ	80 to 89	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
γ'	83 to 85	cF*	...

Note: α', α'', β, β', γ, and γ' phases are questionable. (a) Rough composition from phase diagram. (b) Rhombohedrally distorted cubic structure

Ag-S



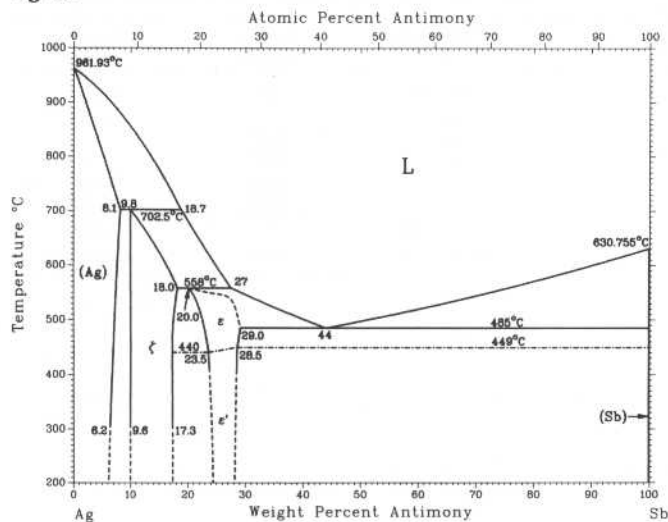
R.C. Sharma and Y.A. Chang, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0.04	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
αAg ₂ S	12.9	mP24	$P2_1/c$
αAg ₂ S (acanthite)	12.9	mP12	$P2_1/n$
βAg _{2+δ} S	12.9	cI6	...
γAg _{2+δ} S	12.9	cF12	...
δAg ₂ S(a)	12.9	t**	...
(αS)	~100	oF128	$Fddd$
(βS)	~100	mP*	$P2_1/c$

(a) High-pressure phase

2•36/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Ag-Sb

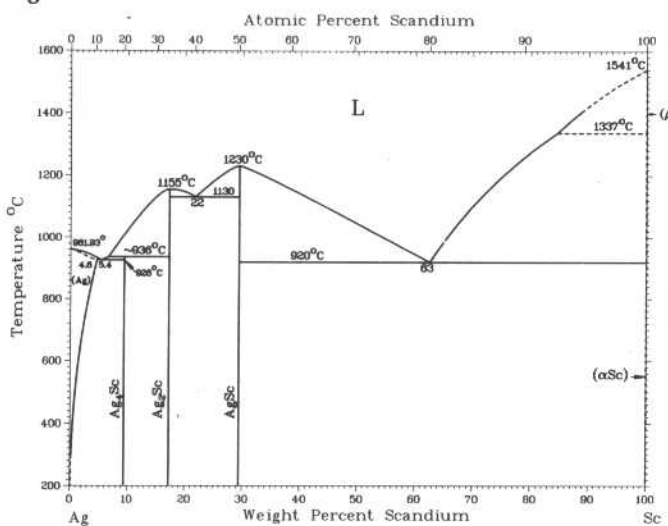


From [Hansen]

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to 8.1	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
ζ	9.6 to 18.0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
ε	20.0 to 29.0	tP4	$P4/mmm$
ε'	23.5 to 28.5	(a)	...
(Sb)	100	hR2	$R\bar{3}m$

(a) Ordered orthorhombic, $L6_0$ related

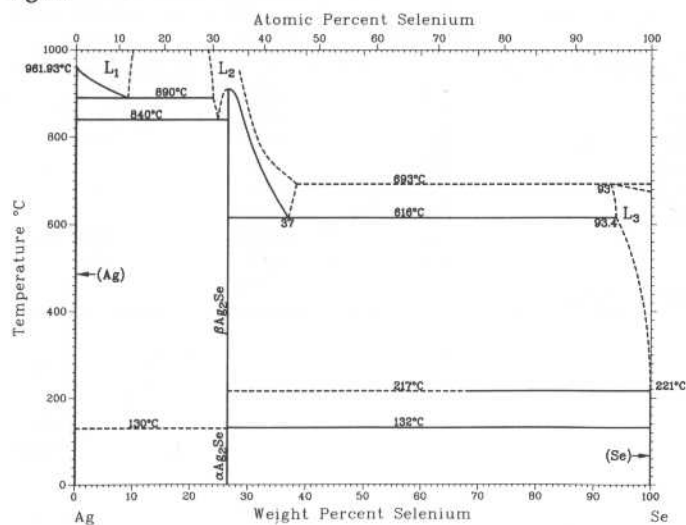
Ag-Sc



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1983

Phase	Composition, wt% Sc	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to 4.6	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Ag ₄ Sc	9	tI10	$I4/m$
Ag ₂ Sc	17.2	tI6	$I4/mmm$
AgSc	29.4	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
(βSc)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αSc)	100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$

Ag-Se

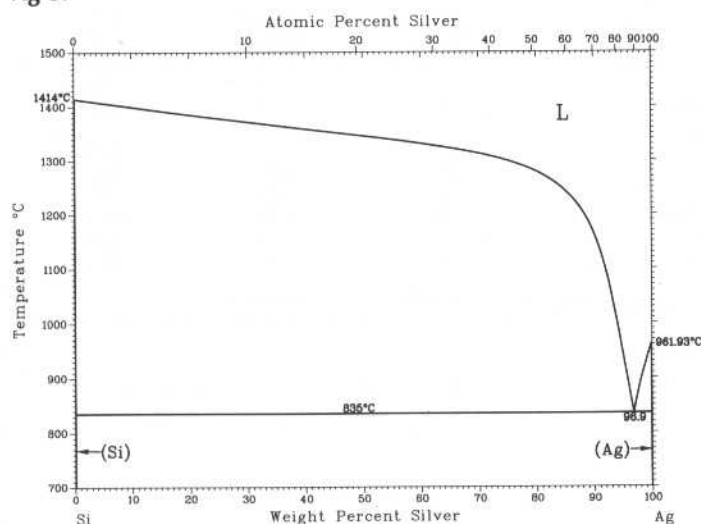


I. Karakaya and W.T. Thompson, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
βAg ₂ Se	26.8	cI*	...
αAg ₂ Se	26.8	o**	...
(Se)	100	hP3	$P3_121$

R.W. Olesinski and G.J. Abbaschian, 1989

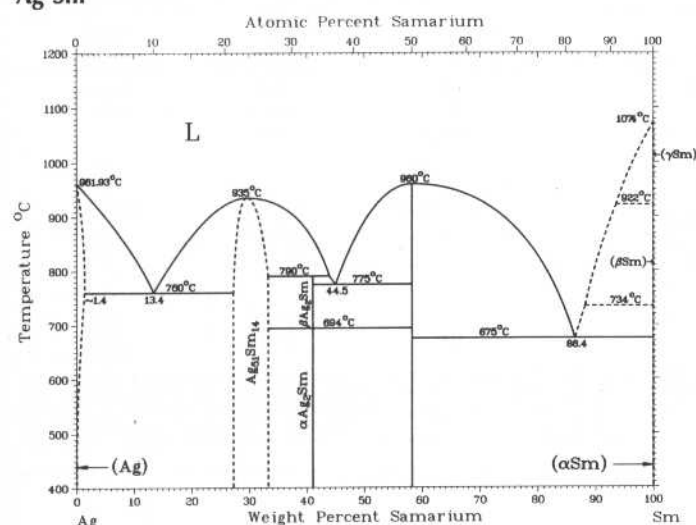
Ag-Si



Phase	Composition, wt% Ag	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Si)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
SiII(HP)	0	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(Ag)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
Metastable phases			
SiAg ₂	~90	(a)	...
β	92 to 99	(b)	...

(a) Orthorhombic. (b) cph

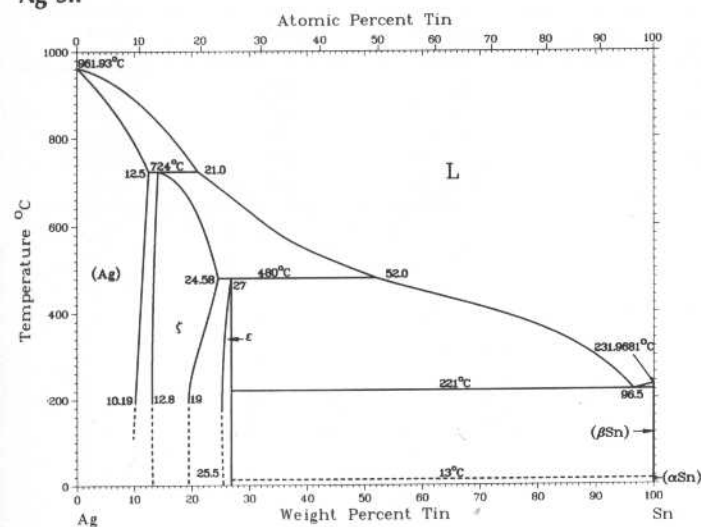
Ag-Sm



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt% Sm	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to ~1.4	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
Ag ₅₁ Sm ₁₄	~27.6 to 32.3	<i>hP65</i>	<i>P6/m</i>
βAg ₂ Sm	41.0	<i>hP?</i>	<i>P6₃(?)</i>
αAg ₂ Sm	41.0	...	...
AgSm	58.2	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
(γSm)	100	...	...
(βSm)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(αSm)	100	<i>hR3</i>	<i>R3m</i>

Ag-Sn

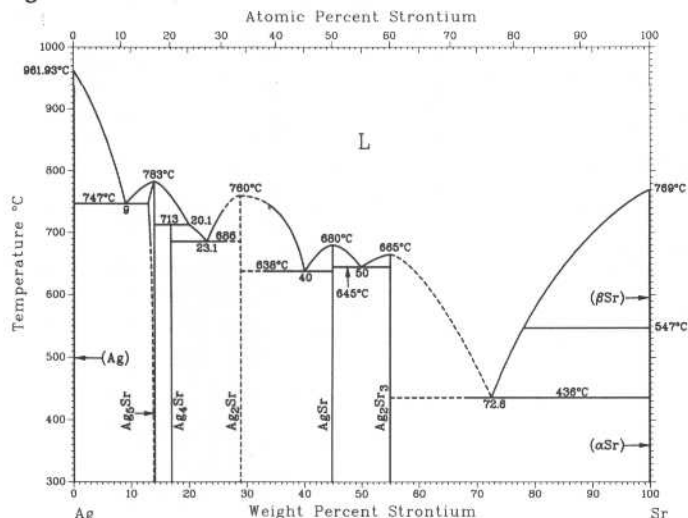


I. Karakaya and W.T. Thompson, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to 12.5	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
ζ	12.8 to 24.58	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
ε	25.5 to 27	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pmmn</i>
(βSn)	99.92 to 100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(αSn)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>

2•38/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Ag-Sr

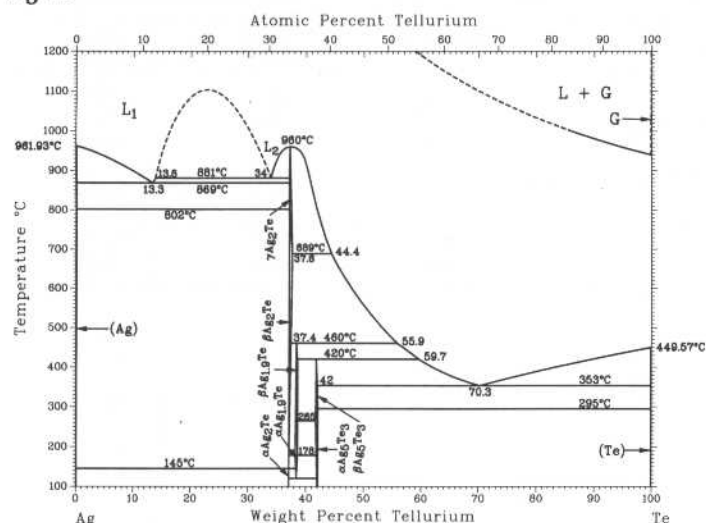


M.R. Baren, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Sr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Ag ₅ Sr	12.9 to 14.1	hP6	$P6/mmm$
Ag ₄ Sr	17	...	...
Ag ₂ Sr	28.9	...	$Imma$
AgSr	44.8	oP8	$Pnma$
Ag ₂ Sr ₃	55	hR45	$R\bar{3}$
Ag ₃ Sr ₇ (a)	65	hP20	$P6_3mc$
(αSr)	100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(βSr)(b)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$

(a) Not shown on diagram; probably a peritectic reaction. (b) Above 547 °C

Ag-Te

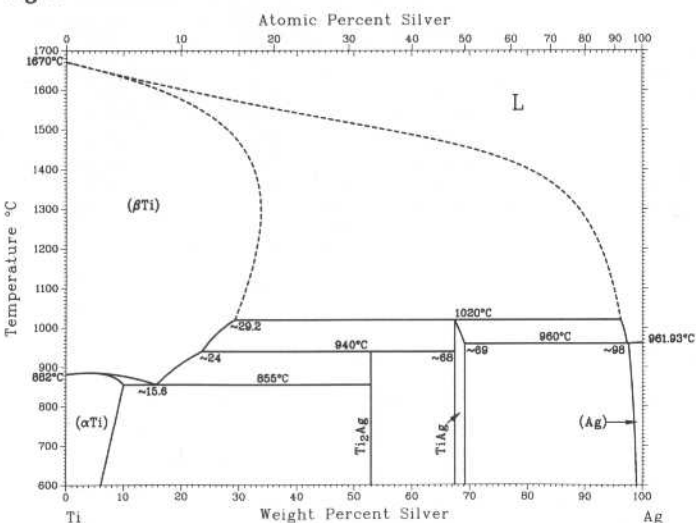


I. Karakaya and W.T. Thompson, 1991

Phase	Composition(a), wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
αAg ₂ Te	37.1	mP12	$P2_1/c$
βAg ₂ Te(b)	37.1 to 37.6	cF12	...
γAg ₂ Te(c)	37.1 to 37.6	...	...
αAg _{1.9} Te	38.23 to 38.6	...	...
αAg ₅ Te ₃ (d)	41.67 to 42.06	hP55	$P6/mmm$
AgTe(e)	...	oP32	...
Ag ₂ TeII(f)	...	...	...
Ag ₂ TeIII(g)	...	...	...
AgTe ₄ -AgTe _{2.33} (h)	...	...	...
AgTe ₃ (j)	...	hR12	$R\bar{3}m$
(Te)	100	hP3	$P3_121$

(a) Compositions are taken from the assessed diagram. (b) fcc structure. (c) bcc structure. (d) Referred to as Ag₇Te₄ by [Pearson2]. (e) Mineral empressite (regarded as metastable). (f) Tetragonal structure stable at pressures 2200 to 2500 kPa. Lattice parameters were measured at 2400 kPa pressure. (g) Tetragonal structure stable at pressures over 2500 kPa. Lattice parameters were measured at 4000 kPa pressure. (h) Simple cubic structure (metastable). (j) Stable at temperatures higher than 358 °C and pressures over 4.0 GPa

Ag-Ti

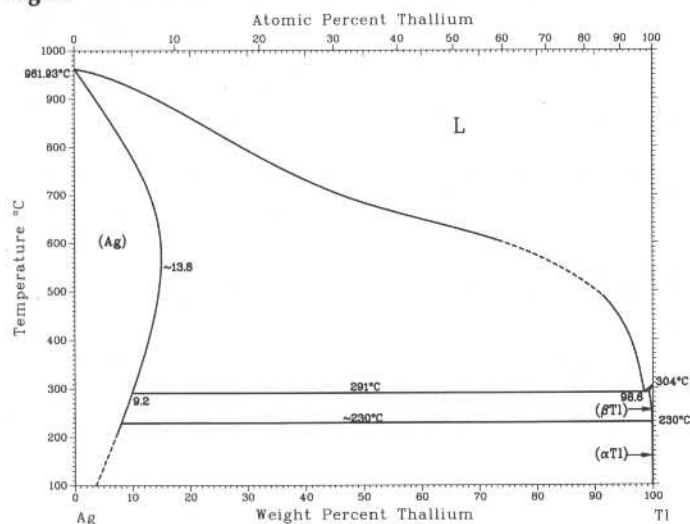


J.L. Murray and K.J. Bhansali, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Ag	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αTi)	0 to ~1.0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
(βTi)	0 to 29.2	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
Ti ₂ Ag	52.9	tI6	$I4/mmm$
TiAg	~68 to ~69	tP4	$P4/nmn$
(Ag)	~98 to 100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

M.R. Baren, 1989

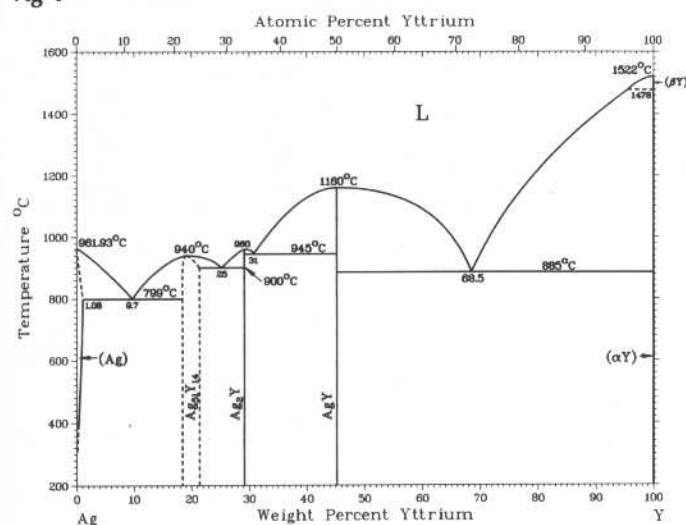
Ag-Tl



Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to ~13.8	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αTl)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>
(βTl)(a)	? to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

(a) Above 230 °C

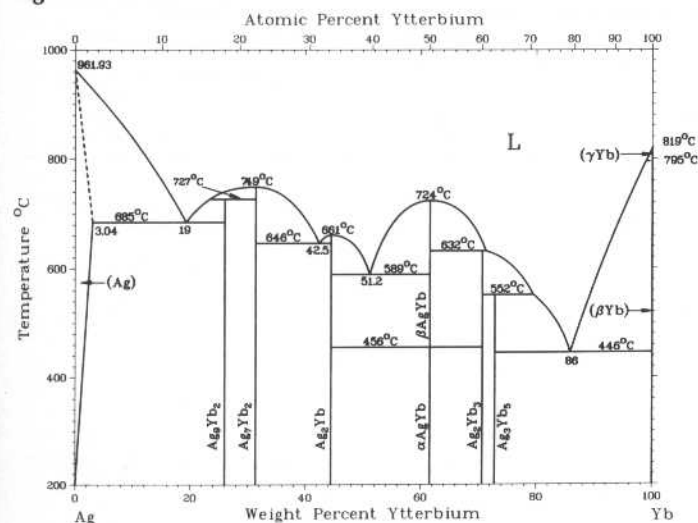
Ag-Y



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1983

Phase	Composition, wt% Y	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to 1.08	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Ag ₅₁ Y ₁₄	18.4	<i>hP65</i>	...
Ag ₂ Y	29.2	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
AgY	45.1	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(βY)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αY)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>

Ag-Yb

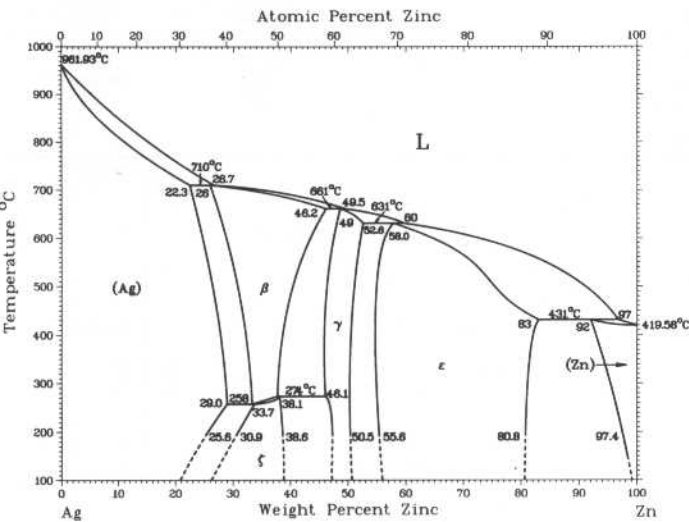


K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt% Yb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to 3.04	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Ag ₉ Yb ₂	...	...	...
Ag ₇ Yb ₂	31.4	<i>hP18</i>	...
Ag ₂ Yb	44.5	<i>oI2</i>	<i>Imma</i>
βAgYb	61.6	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
αAgYb	61.6	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Ag ₂ Yb ₃	70.6	<i>tP10</i>	<i>P4/mbm</i>
Ag ₃ Yb ₅	72.8	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
(γYb)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(βYb)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αYb)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>

2•40/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Ag-Zn

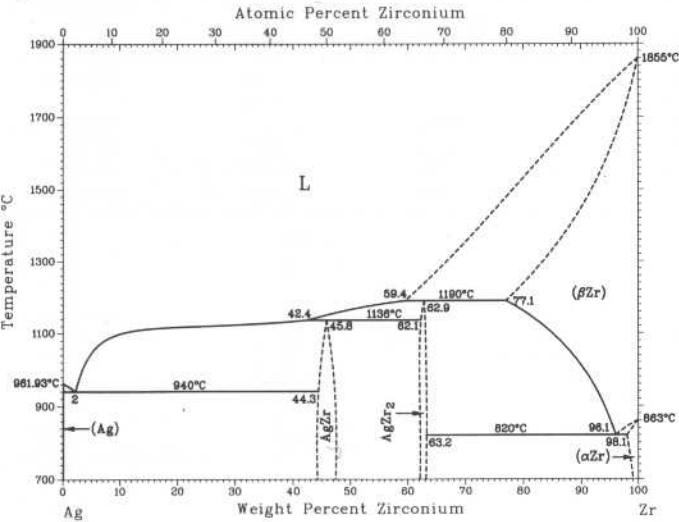


K.W. Andrews, H.E. Davies, W. Hume-Rothery, and C.R. Oswin, 1940

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to 29.0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
ζ (AgZn)	26 to ~38.8	(a)	...
β (AgZn)	26 to 46.2	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
γ (Ag ₅ Zn ₈)	46.1 to 52.6	cI52	$I\bar{3}m$
ϵ	~54.3 to 83	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
(Zn)	92 to 100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$

(a) Ordered hexagonal

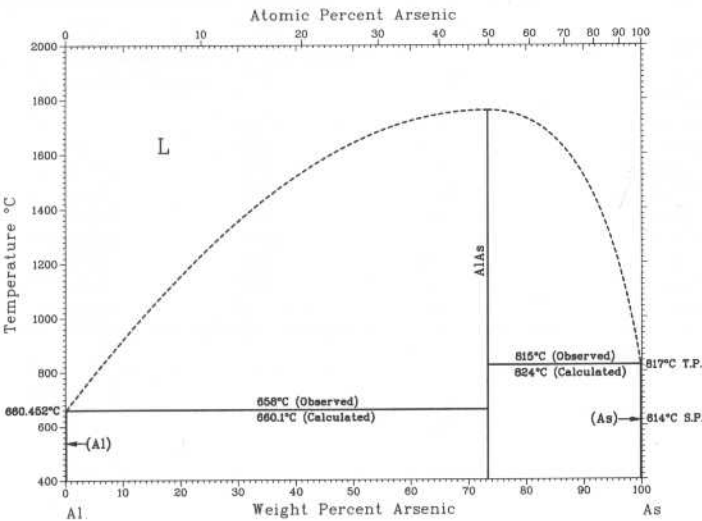
Ag-Zr



I. Karakaya and W.T. Thompson, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Zr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ag)	0 to 0.08	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
AgZr	~45.8	tP4	$P4/nmm$
AgZr ₂	~62.9	tI6	$I4/mmm$
(alphaZr)	98.1 to 100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
(betaZr)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$

Al-As

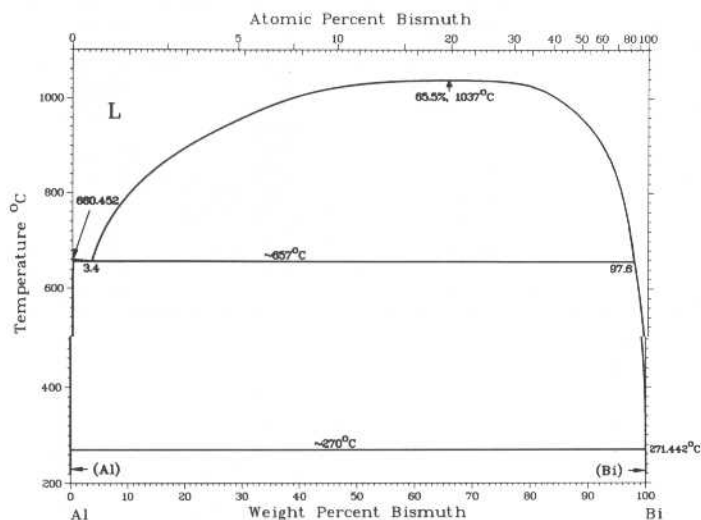


A.J. McAlister, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt% As	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
AlAs	73.5	cF8	$F\bar{4}3m$
(As)	100	hR2	$R\bar{3}m$

2•42/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

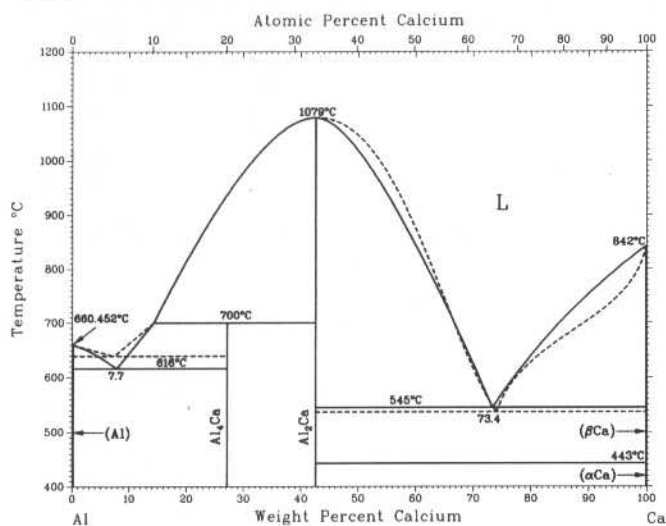
Al-Bi



A.J. McAllister, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt% Bi	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to ~0.23	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Bi)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>

Al-Ca

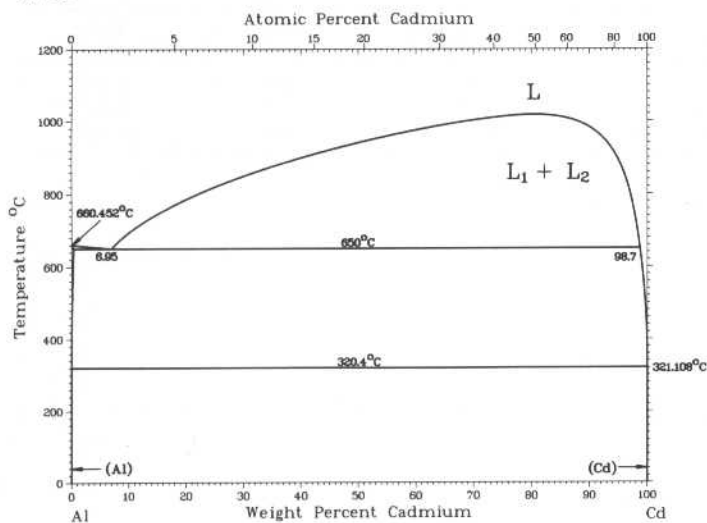


V.P. Itkin, C.B. Alcock, P.J. van Ekeren, and H.A.J. Oonk, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Ca	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Al_4Ca	27	<i>tI10</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Al_2Ca	42.6	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αCa)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(βCa)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>

Dashed lines = calculated.

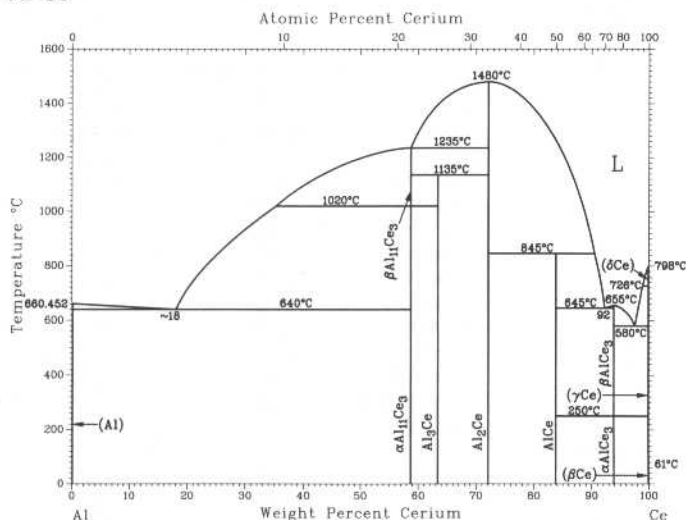
Al-Cd



A.J. McAlister, 1982

Phase	Composition, wt% Cd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Cd)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>

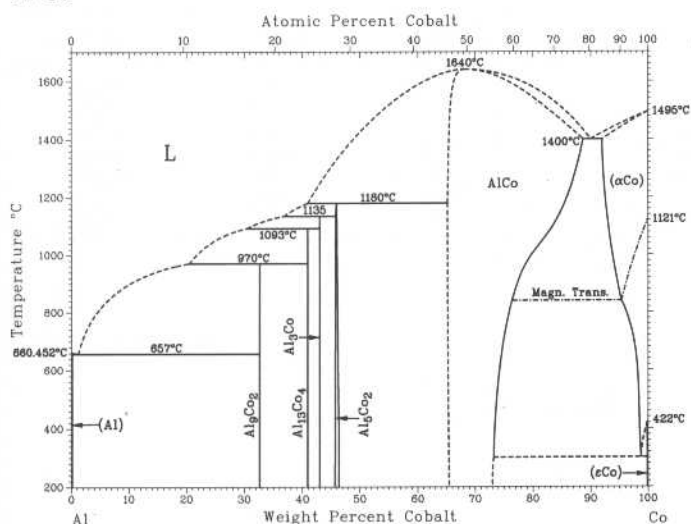
Al-Ce



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Ce	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
α Al ₁₁ Ce ₃	58.6	<i>oI28</i>	<i>Immm</i>
β Al ₁₁ Ce ₃	58.6	<i>tI10</i>	<i>I</i> ₄ / <i>mmm</i>
Al ₃ Ce	63	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Al ₂ Ce	72.2	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
AlCe	83.9	<i>oC16</i>	<i>Cmc2</i> or <i>Cmcm</i>
α AlCe ₃	94	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
β AlCe ₃	94	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(α Ce)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(β Ce)	100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(γ Ce)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(δ Ce)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

Al-Co

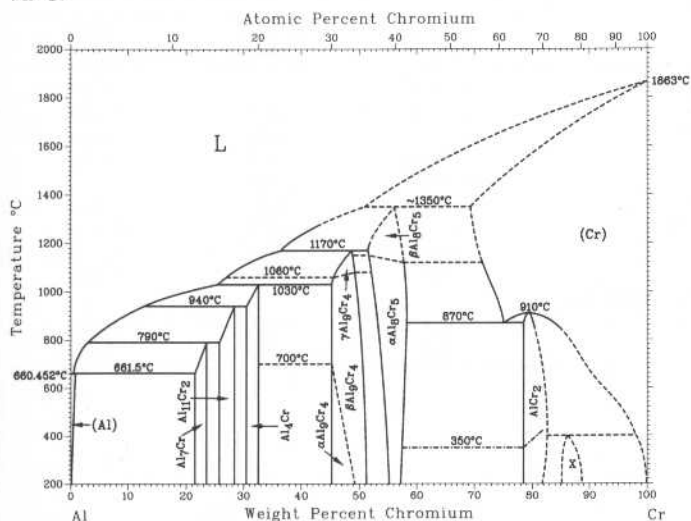


A.J. McAlister, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Co	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	~0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Al ₃ Co ₂	32.6	<i>mP22</i>	<i>P2</i> ₁ / <i>a</i>
Al ₁₃ Co ₄	40.2	<i>mC93</i>	<i>Cm</i>
Al ₃ Co	42.9	...	(a)
Al ₅ Co ₂	46.7	<i>hP28</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
AlCo	~67 to 88.9	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(ϵ Co)	92 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(α Co)	~97 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Metastable phases			
I	95 to 98	...	(b)
II	93 to 94	...	(b)
III	92 to 93	...	(b)
IV	93 to 94	...	(b)

(a) Unknown. (b) Hexagonal

Al-Cr



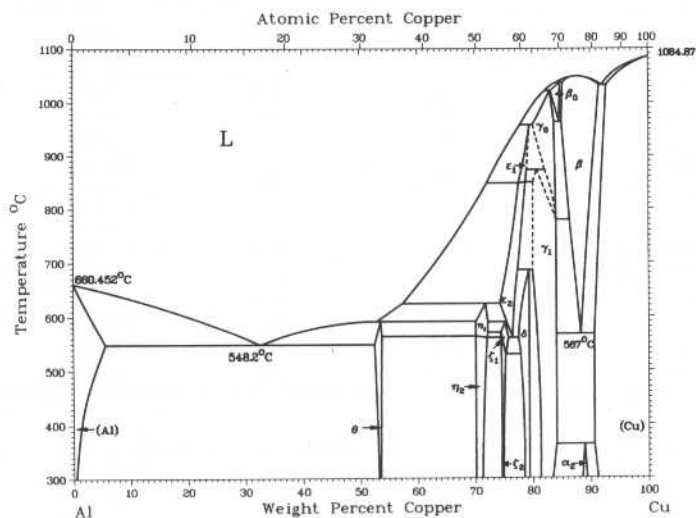
J.L. Murray, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Cr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to 0.71	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Al ₇ Cr (Al ₁₃ Cr ₂)	~21.4 to ~23.4	<i>mC104</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
Al ₁₁ Cr ₂ (Al ₅ Cr)	~25.7 to ~28	<i>mP48</i>	<i>P2</i>
Al ₄ Cr	~30.4 to ~33	<i>mP180</i>	<i>P2/m</i>
α Al ₉ Cr ₄	~45 to ~49.3	<i>cI52</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}$ <i>3m</i>
α Al ₉ Cr ₅	~51.5 to ~58	<i>hR26</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
AlCr ₂	~78.5 to ~82.8	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I</i> ₄ / <i>mmm</i>
X(a)	~85	...	...
(Cr)	69 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

(a) It has been proposed that the structure is analogous to the ω phase seen in, for example, Zr at high pressure, but based on ordered bcc AlCr₂ rather than on the disordered bcc structure.

2•44/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Al-Cu

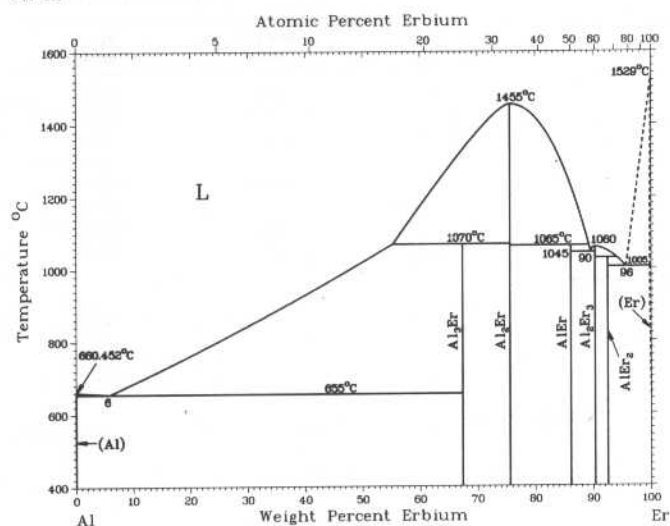


J.L. Murray, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt% Cu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to 5.65	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
θ	52.5 to 53.7	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
η_1	70.0 to 72.2	<i>oP16</i> or <i>oC16</i>	<i>Pban</i> or <i>Cmmm</i>
η_2	70.0 to 72.1	<i>mC20</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
ζ_1	74.4 to 77.8	<i>hP42</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
ζ_2	74.4 to 75.2	(a)	...
ϵ_1	77.5 to 79.4	(b)	...
ϵ_2	72.2 to 78.7	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6$\bar{3}$/mmc</i>
δ	77.4 to 78.3	(c)	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
γ_0	77.8 to 84	(d)	...
γ_1	79.7 to 84	<i>cP52</i>	<i>P4$\bar{3}m$</i>
β_0	83.1 to 84.7	(d)	...
β	85.0 to 91.5	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
α_2	88.5 to 89	(e)	...
(Cu)	90.6 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Metastable phases			
θ'	...	<i>tP6</i>	...
β'	...	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Al_3Cu_2	61 to 70	<i>hP5</i>	<i>P$\bar{3}m1$</i>

(a) Monoclinic? (b) Cubic? (c) Rhombohedral. (d) Unknown. (e) D_{022} -type long-period superlattice

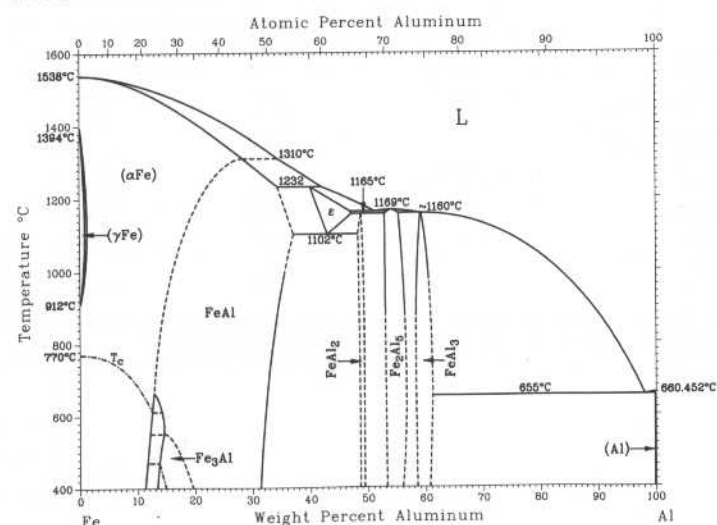
Al-Er



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Er	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Al_3Er	67	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Al_2Er	75.6	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
AlEr	86.1	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pmma</i>
Al_2Er_3	90	<i>tP20</i>	<i>P4$\bar{2}$/mnm</i>
AlEr_2	92.6	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(Er)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$\bar{3}$/mmc</i>

Al-Fe

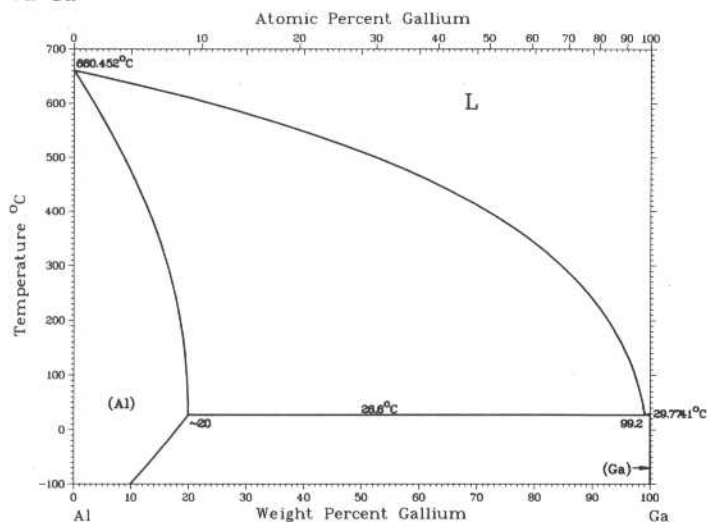


U.R. Kattner and B.P. Burton, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Al	Pearson symbol	Space group
(α Fe)	0 to ~28	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γ Fe)	0 to 0.6	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
FeAl	12.8 to ~37	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Fe_3Al	~13 to ~20	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
ϵ	~40 to ~47	<i>cI16?</i>	...
FeAl_2	48 to 49.4	<i>aP18</i>	<i>P1</i>
Fe_2Al_5	53 to 57	<i>oC?</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
FeAl_3	58.5 to 61.3	<i>mC102</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
(Al)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Metastable phases			
Fe_2Al_9	68.5	<i>mP22</i>	<i>P2$\bar{1}$/c</i>
FeAl_6	74.3	<i>oC28</i>	<i>Cmc2$\bar{1}$</i>

J.L. Murray, 1983

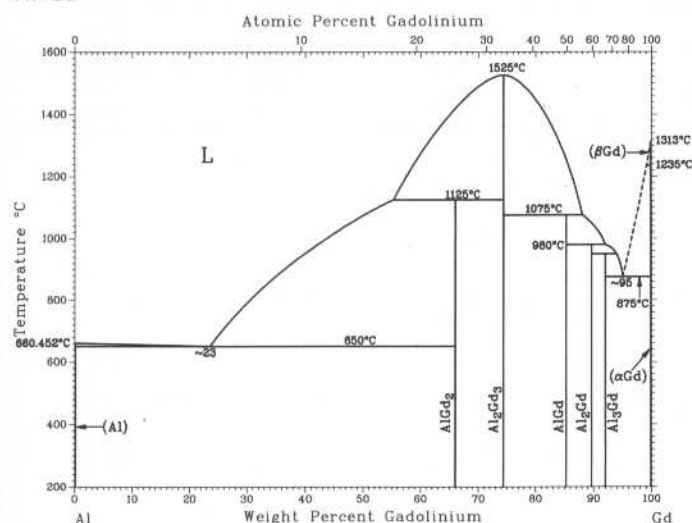
Al-Ga



Phase	Composition, wt% Ga	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to ~20(a)	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Ga)	100	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
Metastable phases			
α'	83 to 92.4	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
ϕ	94 to 95	(b)	(b)

(a) Can be extended to 83 wt% Ga by splat quenching. (b) Undetermined, low symmetry

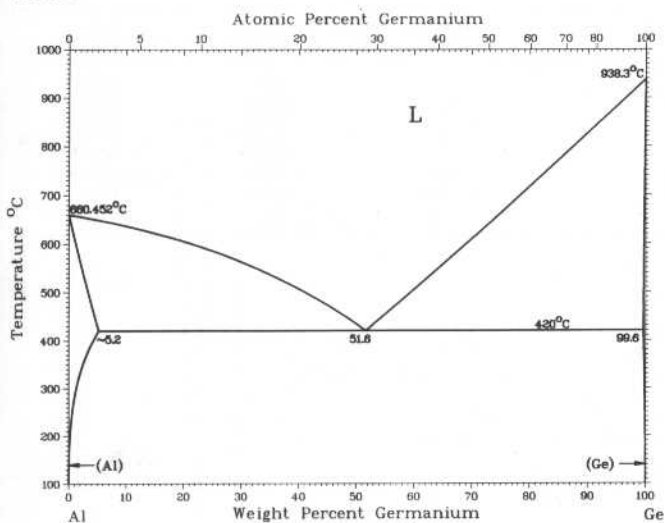
Al-Gd



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Gd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Al ₃ Gd	66	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Al ₂ Gd	74.4	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
AlGd	85.4	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pmma</i>
Al ₂ Gd ₃	90	<i>tP20</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>
AlGd ₂	92.1	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(β Gd)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Gd)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Al-Ge

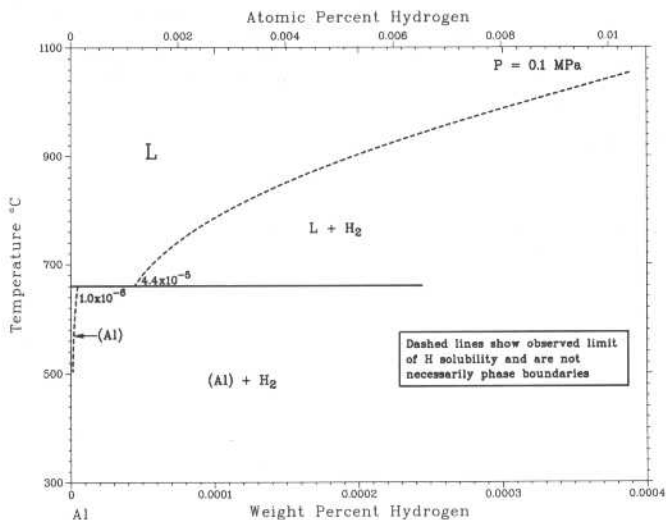


A.J. McAlister and J.L. Murray, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt% Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to ~5.2	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Ge)	99.6 to 100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
Metastable phases			
γ_1	...	<i>hR*</i>	...
		<i>t**</i>	...
γ_2	...	<i>cP*</i>	...
		<i>mC*</i>	...
		<i>t**</i>	...
γ_3	...	<i>cP*</i>	...
		<i>hP*</i>	...

2•46/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Al-H

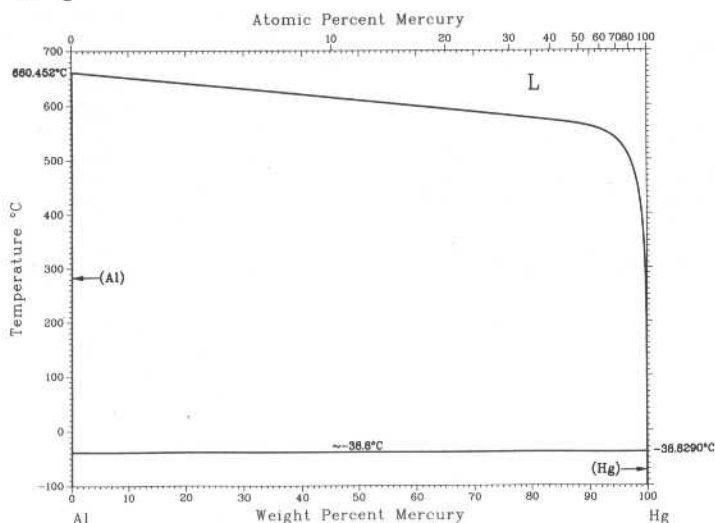


A. San-Martin and F.D. Manchester, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% H	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to 4.48×10^{-6} (a)	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
AlH ₃ (b)	10.1	...	<i>R$\bar{3}c$</i>

(a) At 660 °C and 0.1 MPa. (b) Produced by chemical reaction of organic solvents at atmospheric pressure

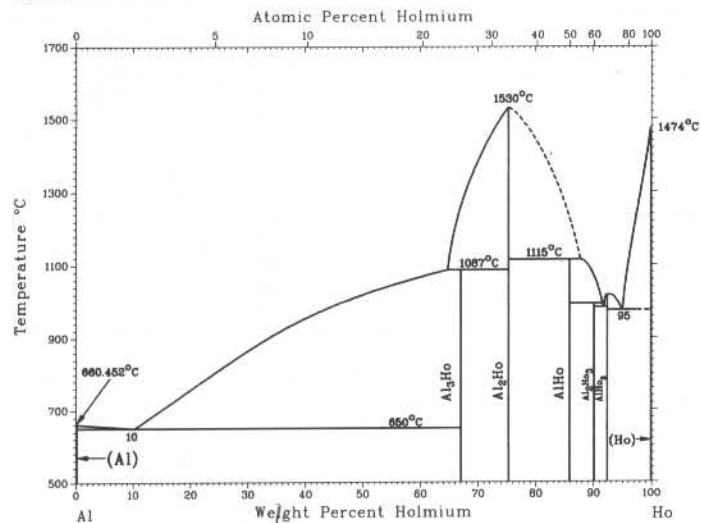
Al-Hg



A.J. McAlister, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt% Hg	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Hg)	100	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>

Al-Ho

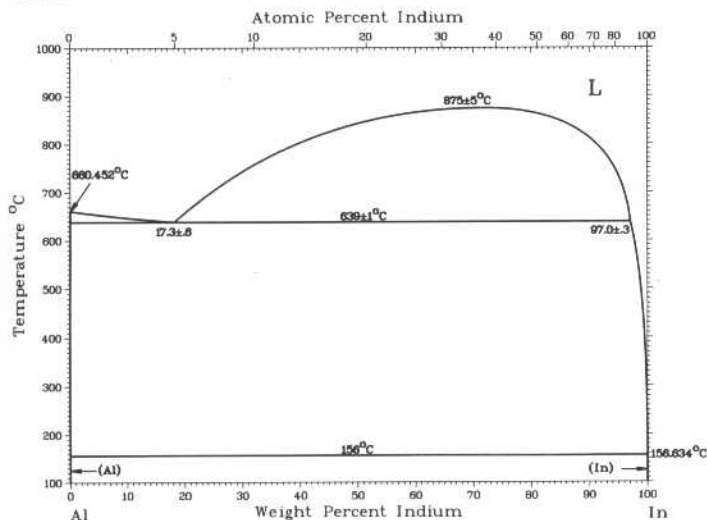


K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Ho	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Al ₃ Ho	67	<i>hR20</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Al ₂ Ho	75.3	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
AlHo	85.9	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pmma</i>
Al ₂ Ho ₃	90	<i>tP20</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>
AlHo ₂	92.5	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(Ho)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

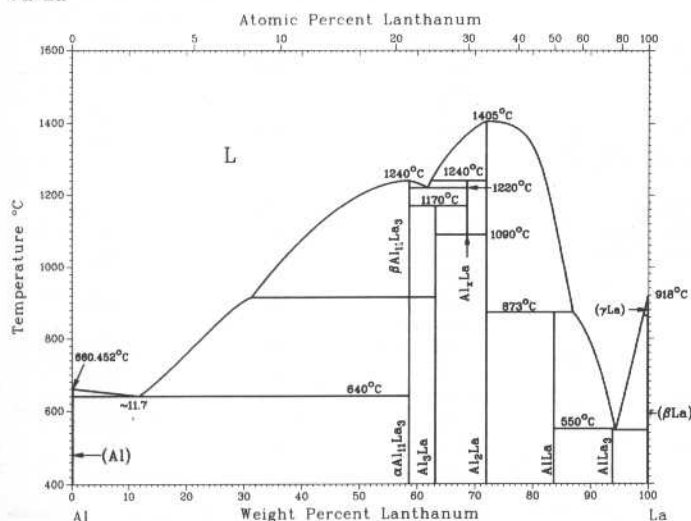
J.L. Murray, 1983

Al-In



Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to 0.19	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(In)	~100	tI2	$I4/mmm$
Metastable phases			
(In')	...	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

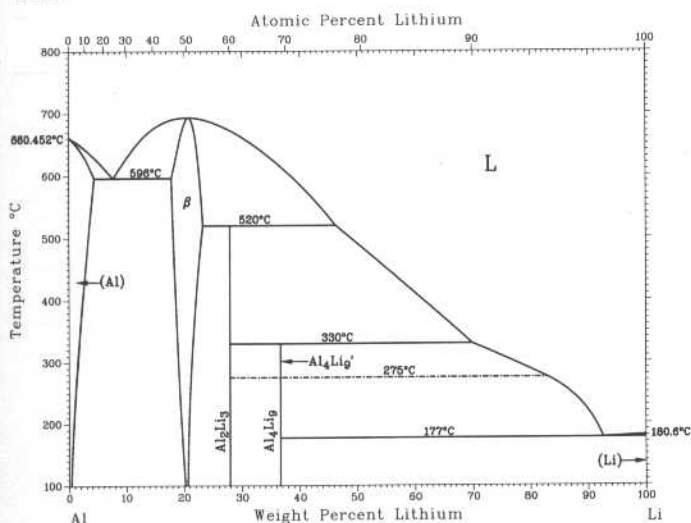
Al-La



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1988

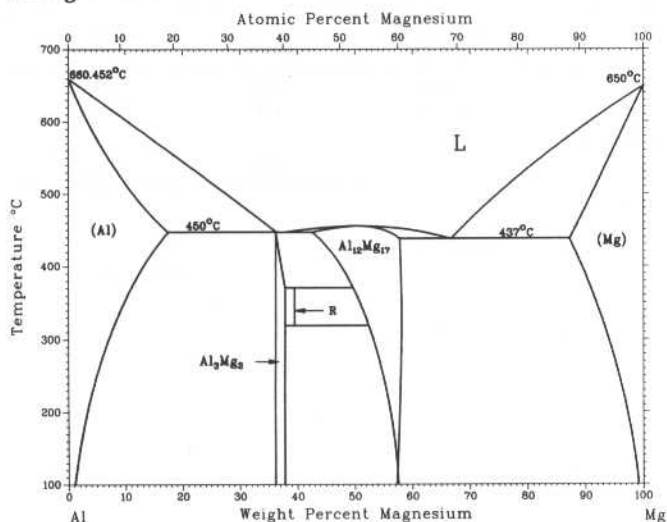
Phase	Composition, wt% La	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to ~0.05	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
$\alpha Al_{11}La_3$	58.4	<i>oI</i> 28	$Immm$
$\beta Al_{11}La_3$	58.4	<i>tI</i> 10	$I4/mmm$
Al_3La	63	<i>hP</i> 8	$P6_3/mmc$
Al_2La	68.1	<i>hP</i> 3	$P6_3/mmm$
$AlLa$	72.0	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
$AlLa_3$	83.7	<i>oC</i> 16	$Cmc2$ or $Cmcm$
(αLa)	94	<i>hP</i> 8	$P6_3/mmc$
(βLa)	100	<i>hP</i> 4	$P6_3/mmc$
(γLa)	100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(δLa)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$

Al-Li

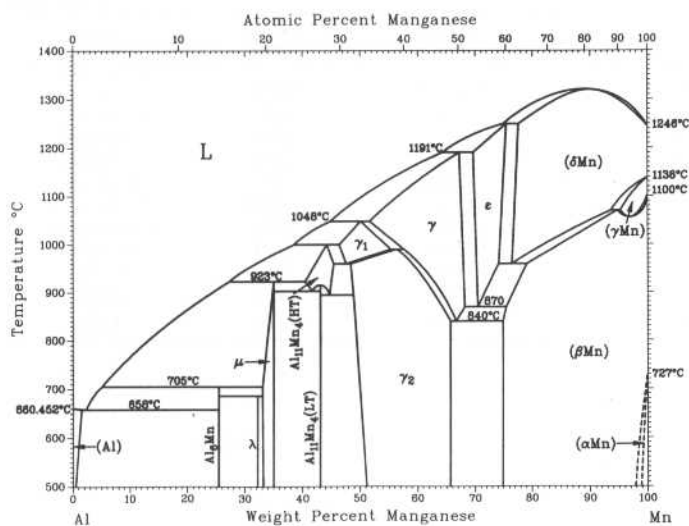


A.J. McAlister, 1991

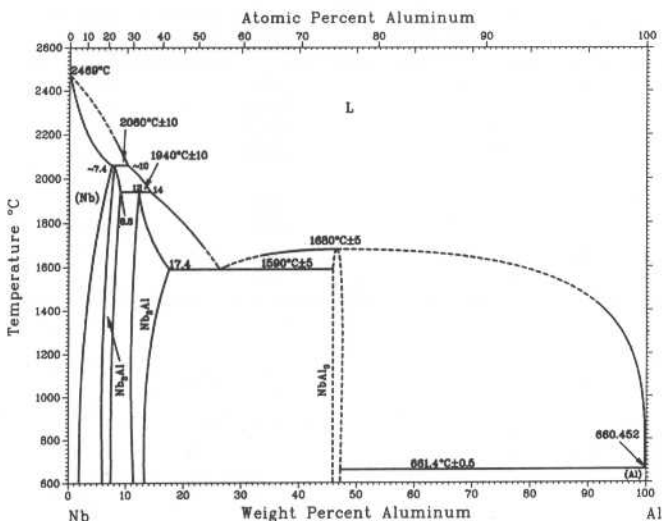
Phase	Composition, wt% Li	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to 4	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
β	17 to 24	cF16	$Fd\bar{3}m$
Al_2Li_3	28 to 29	<i>hR</i> 15	$R\bar{3}m$
Al_4Li_9	36.6	<i>mC</i> 26	$C2/m$
Al_4Li_9'	36.6	...	...
(βLi)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αLi)	100	<i>hP</i> 2	$P6_3/mmc$
Metastable phases			
Al_3Li	...	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$



Al-Mn



Al-Nb



J.L. Murray, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Mg	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to 17.1	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
$\beta(\text{Al}_3\text{Mg}_2)$	36.1 to 37.8	<i>cF1168</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
<i>R</i>	39	<i>hR53</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}$</i>
$\gamma(\text{Al}_{12}\text{Mg}_{17})$	42 to 58.0	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I$\bar{4}3m$</i>
(Mg)	87.1 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
Metastable phases			
Al_2Mg	31.0	<i>tI24</i>	<i>I4$_1$/amd</i>
γ'	38 to 56.2	(a)	...
(a) Tetragonal			

A.J. McAlister and J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to 1.25	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
G(a)	(b)	<i>cI26</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Al ₆ Mn	25.2	<i>oC28</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
λ("Al ₄ Mn")(c)	~29.4 to ~32	(d)	...
μ	~32 to 34.8	(d)	...
Al ₁₀ Mn ₃ (φ)	(b)	<i>hP28</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Al ₁₁ Mn ₄ (LT)(e)	43	<i>aP30</i>	<i>P$\bar{1}$</i>
Al ₁₁ Mn ₄ (HT)(e)	40 to 45.0	<i>oP160</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
γ ₁	47 to 55.7	(f)	...
γ _{2(g)}	48.2 to 64	<i>hR26</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
γ	51.8 to 68.2	(f)	...
ε	69.8 to 75	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
τ	(b)	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
(δMn)	76.5 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γMn)	95.3 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(βMn)	75.0 to 100	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4₁32</i>
(αMn)	~99 to 100	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I$\bar{4}3m$</i>

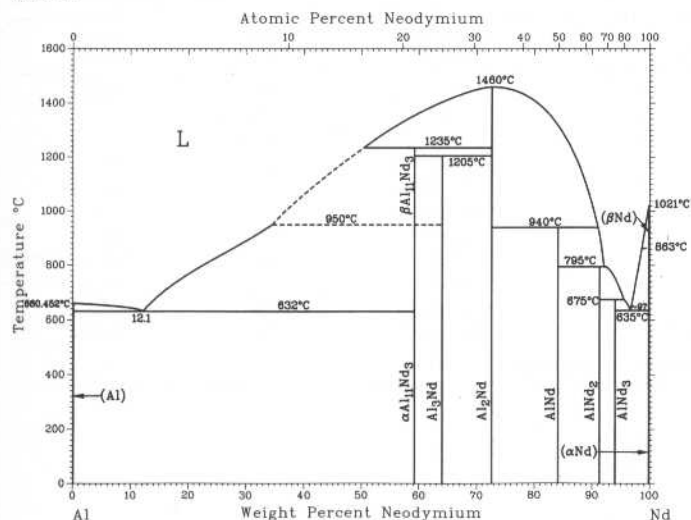
(a) Several other structures have been ascribed to the G phase or variants of the G phase (G', G''). (b) Metastable phase. (c) A simple orthorhombic structure was reported in an alloy described as "Al₄Mn". (d) Hexagonal. (e) Variants of this structure are described as stacked sequences along the *b* axis. (f) Unknown. (g) The structure has been described as distorted γ -brass type, cubic (bcc or fcc), and rhombohedral.

U.R. Kattner, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Al	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Nb)	0 to ~7.4	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Nb ₃ Al	18.6 to 8.8	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}n$</i>
Nb ₂ Al	11 to 17.4	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mmn</i>
NbAl ₃	47	<i>tI8</i>	<i>I4/mnm</i>
(Al)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

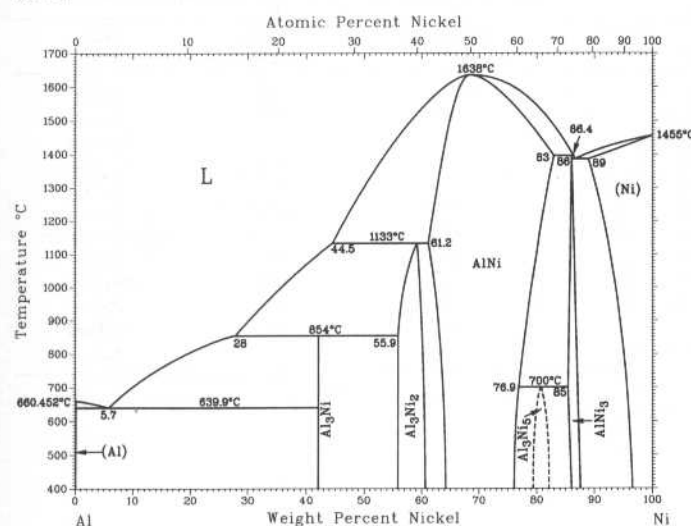
H. Okamoto, 1991

Al-Nd



Phase	Composition, wt% Nd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to 0.05	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
α Al ₁₁ Nd ₃	59.3	<i>oI28</i>	<i>Immm</i>
β Al ₁₁ Nd ₃	59.3	<i>I10</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Al ₃ Nd	64	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Al ₂ Nd	72.7	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
AlNd	84.2	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pmma</i>
AlNd ₂	91.5	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
AlNd ₃	94	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(α Nd)	100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(β Nd)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>

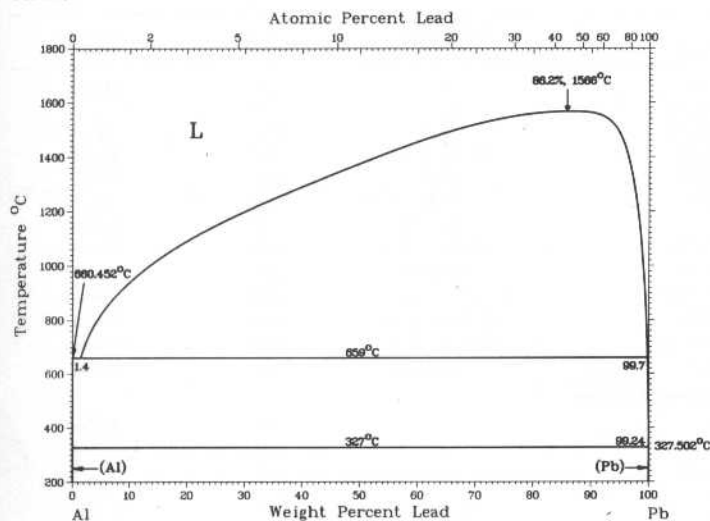
Al-Ni



P. Nash, M.F. Singleton, and J.L. Murray, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ni	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to 0.24	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Al ₃ Ni	42	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Al ₃ Ni ₂	55.9 to 60.7	<i>hP5</i>	<i>P$\bar{3}m1$</i>
AlNi	61 to 83.0	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Al ₃ Ni ₅	79 to ~82	...	<i>Cmmm</i>
AlNi ₃	85 to 87	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Ni)	89.0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

Al-Pb

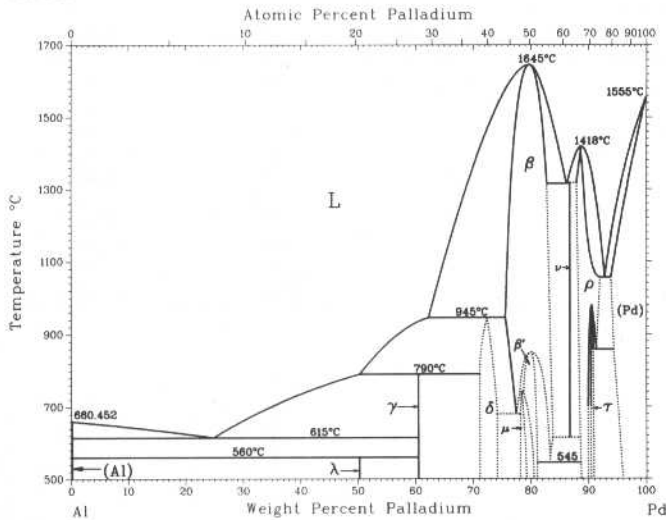


A.J. McAlister, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Pb)	99.7 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

2•50/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Al-Pd

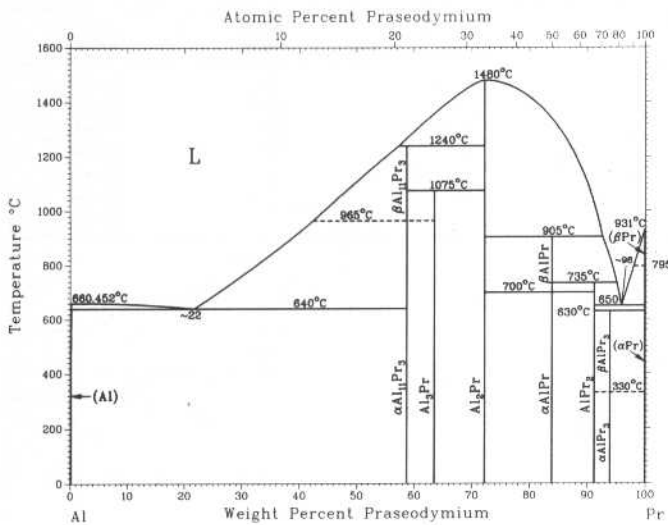


A.J. McAlister, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
λ	~50	(a)	...
γ	~60.1	(b)	...
δ	71 to 73.7	hP5	$P\bar{3}m1$
β	76 to 83	cP8	$Pm\bar{3}m$
β'	78.8 to 81.5	hR78	$R\bar{3}$
μ	78 to 79	cP8	$P2_13$
ν	86.8	oP16	$Pbam$
ρ	88 to 91	oP12	$Pnma$
τ	90.5 to 90.9	oP28	$Pbmn$
(Pd)	94 to 100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

(a) Hexagonal. (b) Orthorhombic

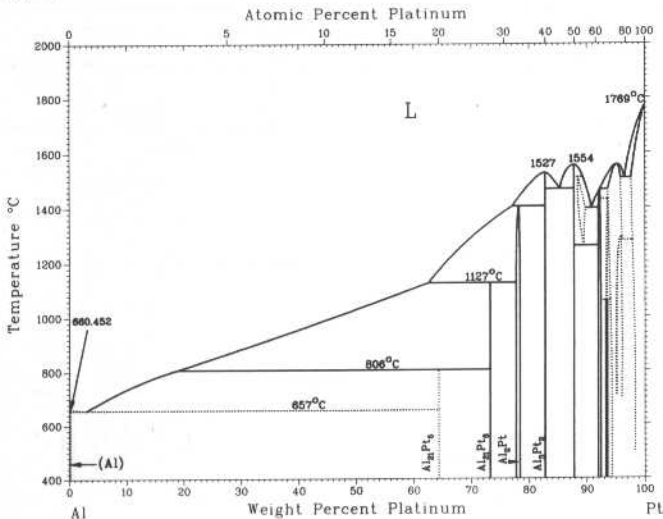
Al-Pr



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Pr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to ~0.5	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
αAl ₁₁ Pr ₃	58.7	oI28	$Immm$
βAl ₁₁ Pr ₃	58.7	tI10	$I4/mmm$
Al ₃ Pr	64	hP8	$P6_3/mmc$
Al ₂ Pr	72.3	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
αAlPr	83.9	oP16	$Pnma$
βAlPr	83.9	oC16	$Cmc2$ or $Cmcm$
AlPr ₂	91.3	oP12	$Pnma$
αAlPr ₃	94	hP8	$P6_3/mmc$
βAlPr ₃	94	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
(αPr)	100	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
(βPr)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$

Al-Pt

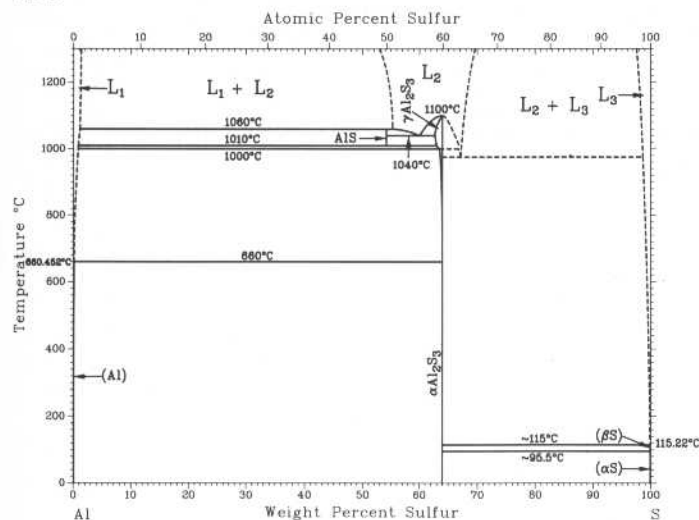


A.J. McAlister and D.J. Kahan, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% Pt	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Al ₂₁ Pt ₅	63.2	c**	...
Al ₂₁ Pt ₈	72.8	tI116	$I4_1a$
Al ₂ Pt	76.9 to 78.5	cF12	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Al ₃ Pt ₂	82.8	hP5	$P\bar{3}m1$
AlPt	87.9	cP8	$P2_13$
β	~89 to ~90	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
Al ₃ Pt ₅	~92.0 to ~92.5	oP16	$Pbam$
AlPt ₂	~93 to ~94	oP12	$Pnma$
AlPt ₂ (LT)	~93 to ~94	oP24	$Pnma$
AlPt ₃	~93.7 to ~96.18	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
AlPt ₃ (LT)	~95.3 to ~96.25	tP16	$P4/mbm$
(Pt)	~97.4 to 100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Metastable phases			
α'	...	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Al ₄ Pt	~64	hP*	...
Al ₆ Pt	~54	o**	...
ε'	...	c**	...
λ'	45 to 71	...	...

R.C. Sharma and Y.A. Chang, 1991

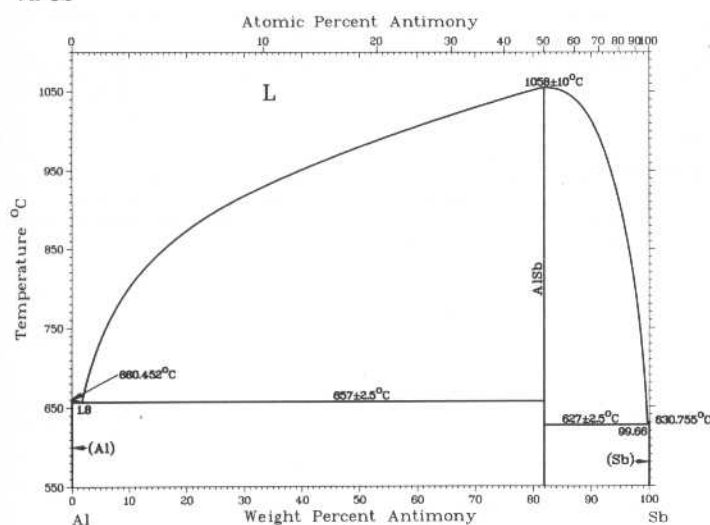
Al-S



Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
α -Al ₂ S ₃	64	hP30	...
β -Al ₂ S ₃ (a)	64	(b)	$P6_3mc$
γ -Al ₂ S ₃	63 to 64	hR10	$R\bar{3}c$
Al ₂ S ₃ (c)	64	(d)	$I4_1/amd$
Al ₂ S ₃ (e)	64	(f)	$Fd\bar{3}m$
(α S)	100	oF128	$Fddd$
(β S)	100	mP*	$P2_1/c$

(a) Stable in the presence of Al₄C₃ between 1000 and 1100 °C. (b) Hexagonal. (c) High pressure, formed at 2 to 65 kbar and 1000 to 1200 °C. (d) Tetragonal. (e) High pressure, formed at 40 kbar and 400 °C. (f) Cubic

Al-Sb

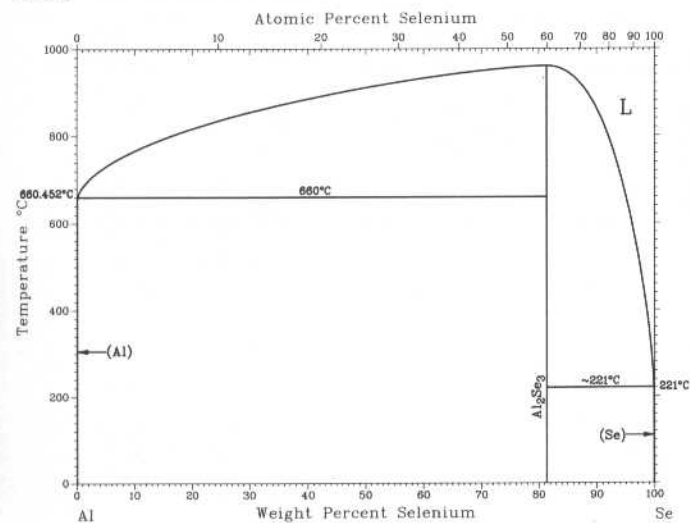


A.J. McAlister, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
AlSb	81.9	cF8	$F\bar{4}3m$
(Sb)	100	hR2	$R\bar{3}m$
High-pressure phase			
AlSb(a)	81.9	tI4	$I4_1/amd$

(a) At 120 kbar

Al-Se

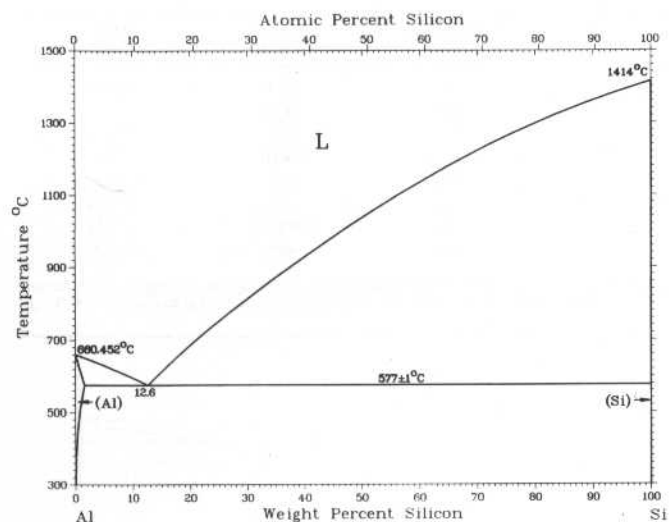


J.M. Howe, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	<0.009	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Al ₂ Se ₃	81	mC20	C_c
(Se)	100	hP3	$P3_121$

2•52/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

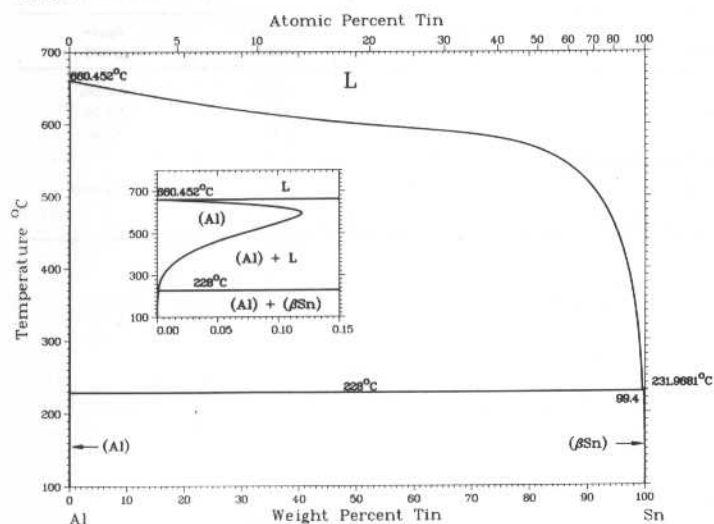
Al-Si



J.L. Murray and A.J. McAlister, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to 1.6	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Si)	99.985 to 100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>

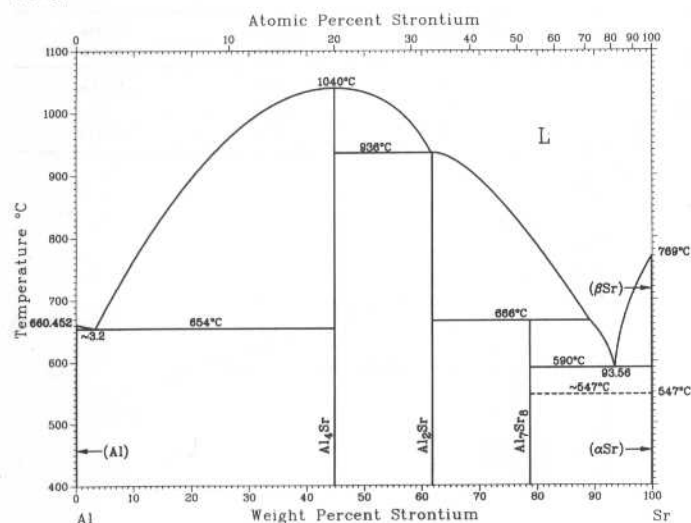
Al-Sn



A.J. McAlister and D.J. Kahan, 1983

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(βSn)	100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(αSn)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
Metastable phase	>81.5	<i>hP1</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>

Al-Sr

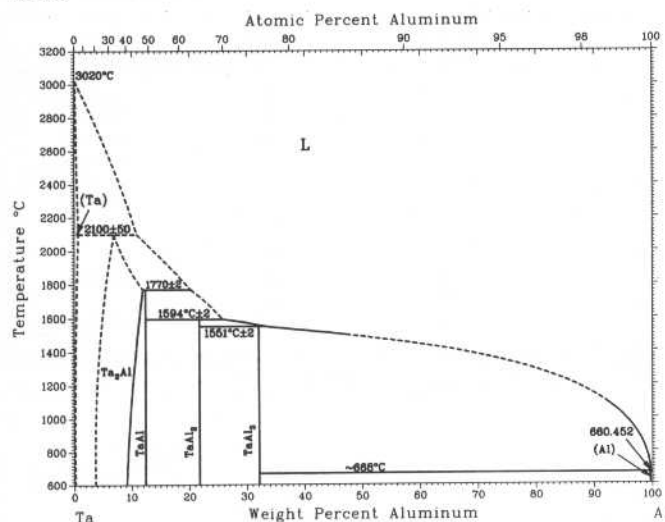


C.B. Alcock and V.P. Itkin, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Sr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Al ₄ Sr	45	<i>tI10</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Al ₂ Sr	61.9	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
Al ₇ Sr ₈	78.8	<i>cP60</i>	<i>P2₁3</i>
(βSr)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αSr)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

U.R. Kattner, unpublished

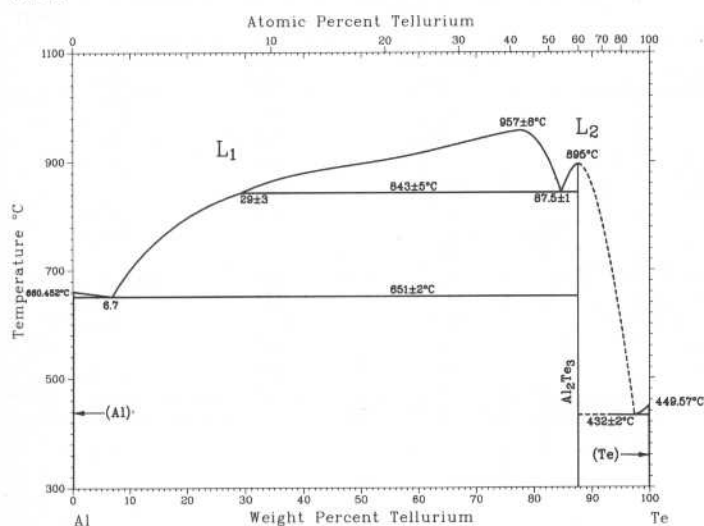
Al-Ta



Phase	Composition, wt% Al	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ta)	0 to 0.6	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ta ₂ Al	4 to 9	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ / <i>mnm</i>
TaAl	12.3	...	...
TaAl ₂	22	<i>c, h, or o</i>	...
TaAl ₃	32	<i>tI8</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(Al)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

Note: Different unit cells are proposed for TaAl₂.

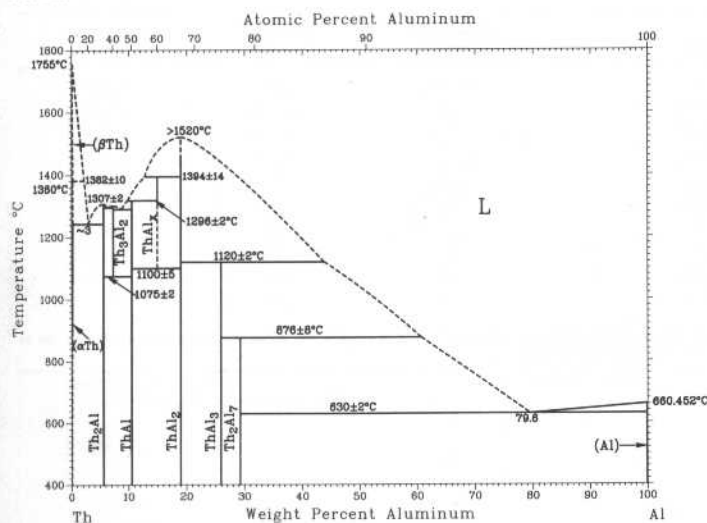
Al-Te



N. Prabhu and J.M. Howe, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Al ₂ Te ₃	88	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>m</i> <i>c</i>
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3</i> ₁ <i>21</i>

Al-Th



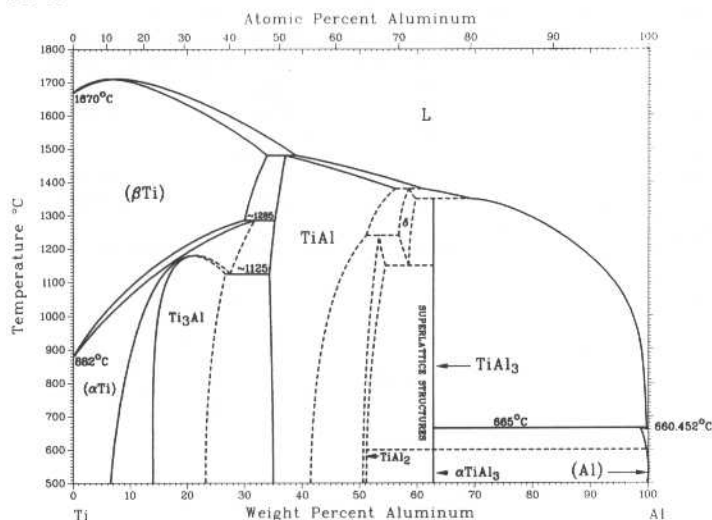
M.E. Kassner and D.E. Peterson, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Al	Pearson symbol	Space group
(α Th)	0 to 0.10	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(β Th)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Th ₂ Al	5.5	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
Th ₃ Al ₂	7	<i>tP10</i>	<i>P4/mbm</i>
ThAl	10.4	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
ThAl _x	15.6 to 16.2	(a)	...
Th ₂ Al ₃ (b)	15	(a)	...
Th ₄ Al ₇ (b)	16.9	(a)	...
ThAl ₂	18.9	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6</i> / <i>mmm</i>
ThAl ₃	26	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>c</i>
Th ₂ Al ₇	29.0	<i>oP18</i>	<i>Pbam</i>
(Al)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) Tetragonal. (b) Considered same as ThAl_x.

2•54/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Al-Ti

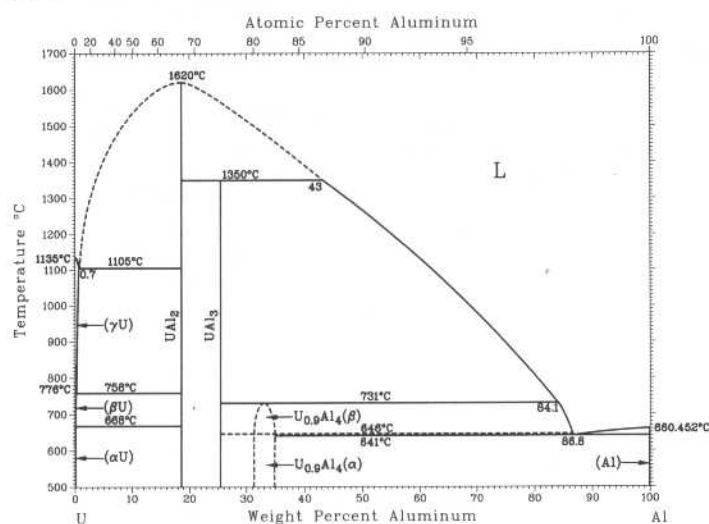


J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Al	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi)	0 to 33.8	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTi)	0 to 32	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Ti ₃ Al	14 to 26	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
TiAl	34 to 56.2	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
Ti ₃ Al ₅ (a)	44 to 49	<i>tP32</i>	<i>I4/mbm</i>
TiAl ₂	51 to 54	<i>tI24</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
αTiAl ₂ (b)	...	<i>oC12</i>	<i>Cmmm</i>
δ	57 to 59.8	(c)	...
TiAl ₃	63	<i>tI8</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
αTiAl ₂	63	(d)	...
(Al)	98.8 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) Not an equilibrium phase. (b) Not shown on the assessed diagram. (c) Long-period superlattice structures. (d) Tetragonal; a superstructure of the *D0*₂₂ lattice

Al-U

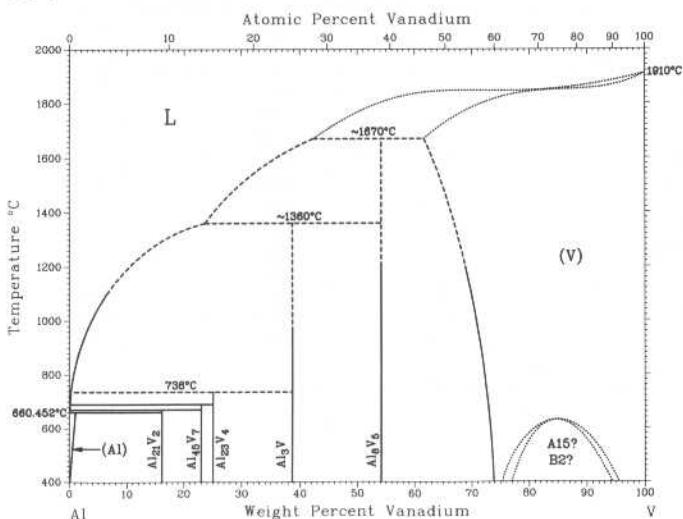


M.E. Kassner, M.G. Adamson, P.H. Adler, and D.E. Peterson, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Al	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γU)	0 to 0.6	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βU)	0 to 0.06	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4_n2</i>
(αU)	0	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
UAl ₂	18.5	(a)	...
	18.5	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
UAl ₃	25	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
	25	(a)	...
UAl ₄ (b)	31	<i>oI20</i>	<i>I2ma</i> or <i>Imma</i>
U _{0.9} Al ₄ (α)	33.5	<i>oI20</i>	<i>Imma</i>
U _{0.9} Al ₄ (β)	33.5	<i>oI20</i>	<i>Imma</i>
UAl ₅	...	(c)	...
(Al)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) Cubic. (b) Considered same as U_{0.9}Al₄(α). (c) Unknown

Al-V



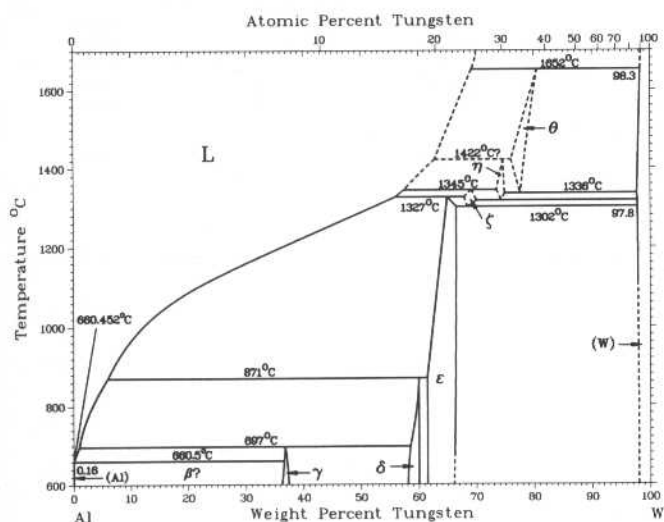
J.L. Murray, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% V	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to 0.6	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Al ₂₁ V ₂	~15.3 to 15.9	<i>cF176</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
Al ₄₅ V ₇	~23.1	<i>mC104</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
Al ₂₃ V ₄	~24.7	<i>hP54</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Al ₃ V	~39	<i>tI8</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Al ₈ V ₅	54.2	<i>cI52</i>	<i>I4</i> $\bar{3}m$
(V)	~65 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
AlV ₃	(a)	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
βAlV ₃	(a)	<i>h**</i>	...
αAlV ₃	(a)	<i>h**</i>	...

Note: The structure of Al₂₃V₄ is related to that of Co₂Al₅ (φ). It contains nearly regular icosahedra as structural elements. (a) Unknown

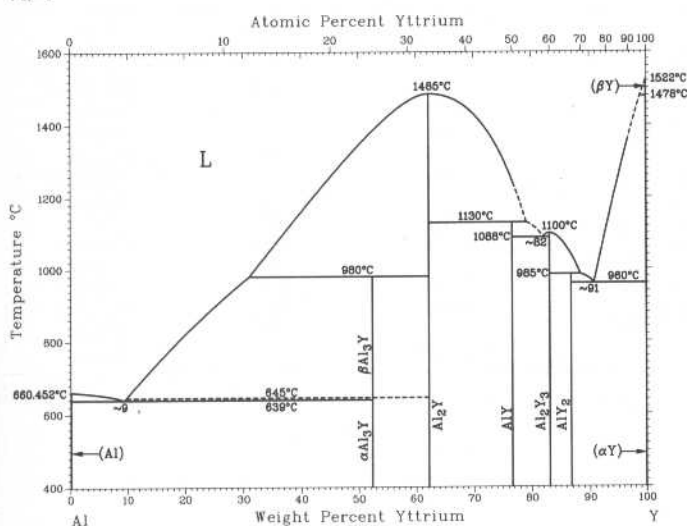
From [Metals]

Al-W



Phase	Composition, wt% W	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
γ	~37	cI26	$Im\bar{3}$
δ	~58 to 60	hP12	$P6_3$
ε	~62 to 66	mC30	Cm
(W)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$

Al-Y

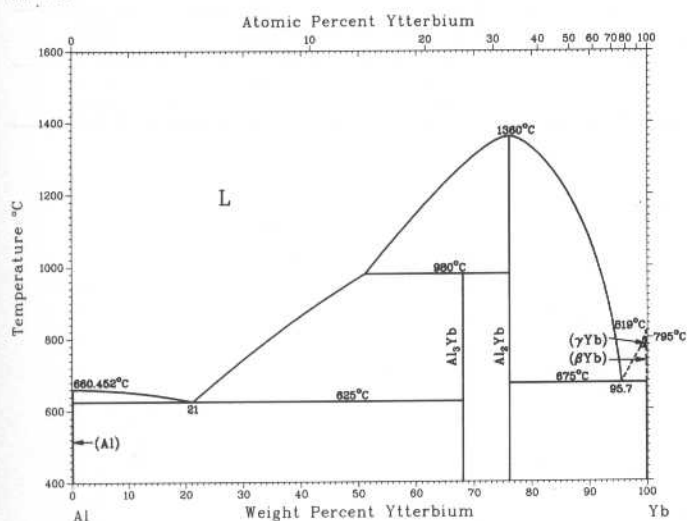


K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Y	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to ~0.17	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
αAl ₃ Y	52	hP8	$P6_3/mmc$
βAl ₃ Y	52	hR12	$R\bar{3}m$
Al ₂ Y	62.2	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
AlY	76.7	oC8	$Cmcm$
Al ₂ Y ₃	83	tP20	$P4_2/mnm$
AlY ₂	86.8	oP12	$Pnma$
AlY ₃ (a)	91	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
(αY)	100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
(βY)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$

(a) Metastable

Al-Yb

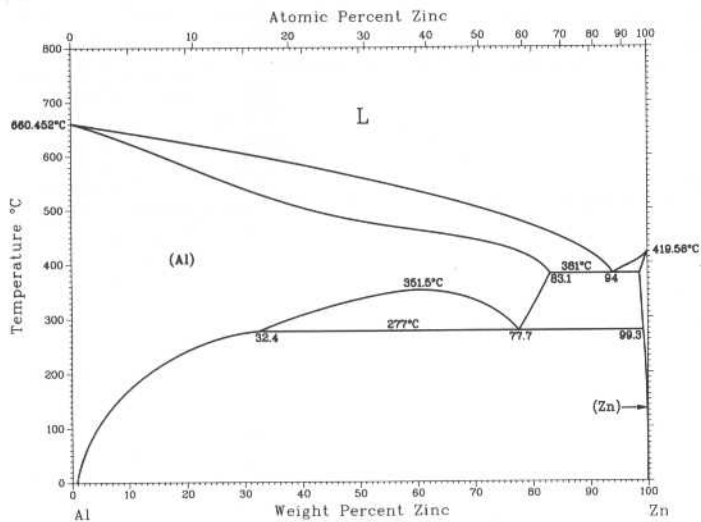


K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Yb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Al ₃ Yb	68	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
Al ₂ Yb	76.2	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
(γYb)	99.6 to 100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(βYb)	99.9 to 100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

2•56/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Al-Zn

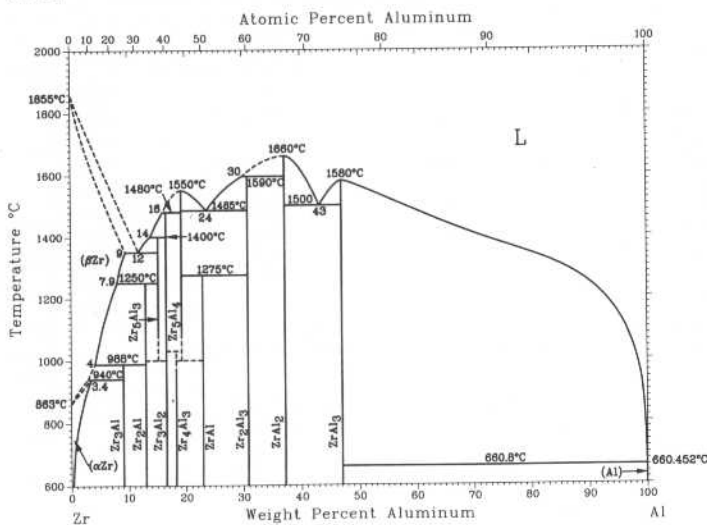


J.L. Murray, 1983

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Al)	0 to 83.1	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Zn)	98.8 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
Metastable phases			
(α' Al) _R	78 to ~85	...	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
"R"	(a)	...	...
Y	...	...	...

(a) Coherent precipitate

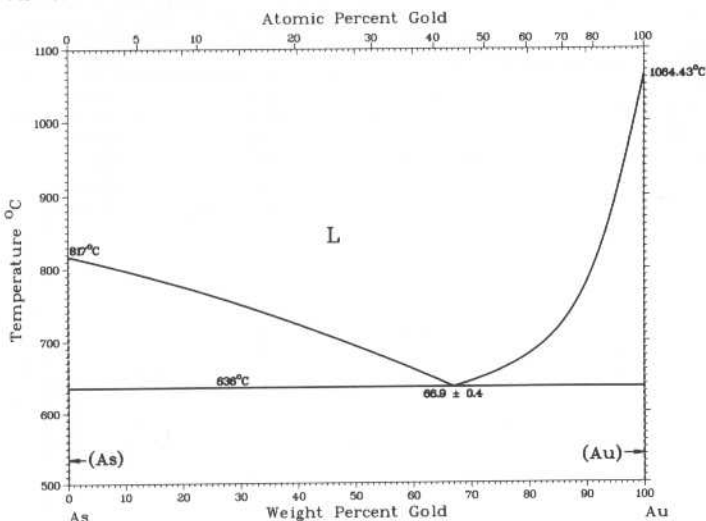
Al-Zr



J. Murray, A. Peruzzi, and J.P. Abriata, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Al	Pearson symbol	Space group
(α Zr)	0 to 3.4	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
(β Zr)	0 to 9.4	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Zr ₃ Al	9.0	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Zr ₂ Al	12.9	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
Zr ₅ Al ₃	15.1	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
Zr ₃ Al ₂	16	<i>tP20</i>	<i>P4$_2$/mmm</i>
Zr ₄ Al ₃	18.2	<i>hP7</i>	<i>P6</i>
Zr ₅ Al ₄	19.1	<i>hP18</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mcm</i>
ZrAl	22.8	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Zr ₂ Al ₃	31	<i>oF40</i>	<i>Fdd2</i>
ZrAl ₂	37.2	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
ZrAl ₃	47	<i>tI16</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(Al)	99.86 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

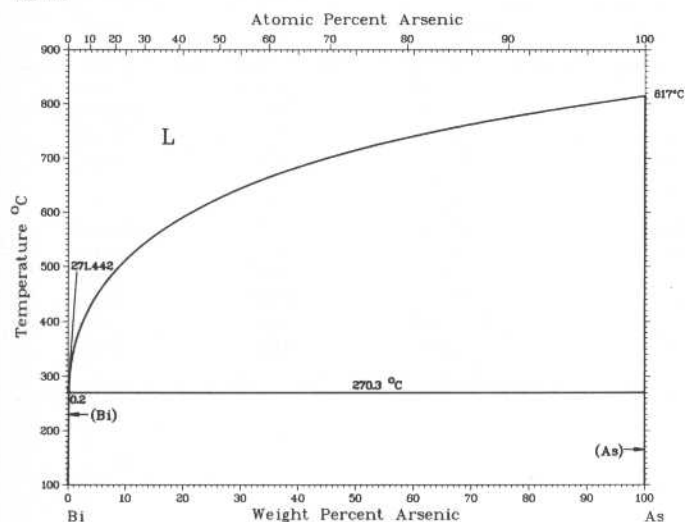
As-Au



H. Okamoto and T.B. Massalski, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Au	Pearson symbol	Space group
(As)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Au)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

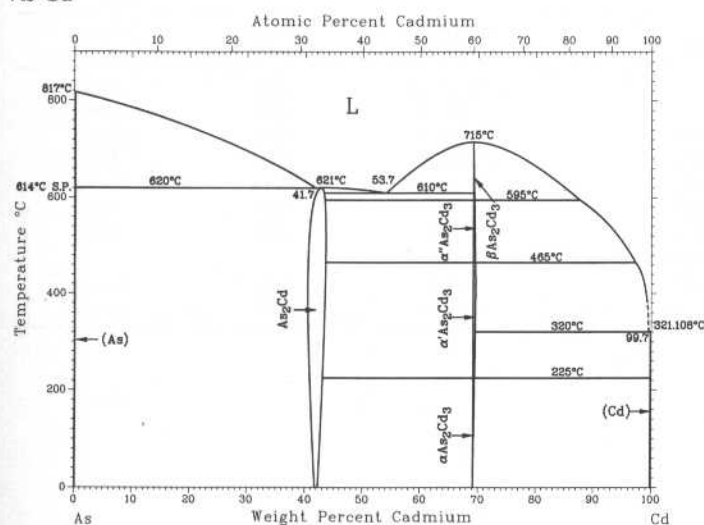
As-Bi



G.A. Geach and R.A. Jetter, 1953

Phase	Composition, wt% As	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Bi)	0 to ~0.2	<i>hR2</i>	$R\bar{3}m$
(As)	~100	<i>hR2</i>	$R\bar{3}m$

As-Cd

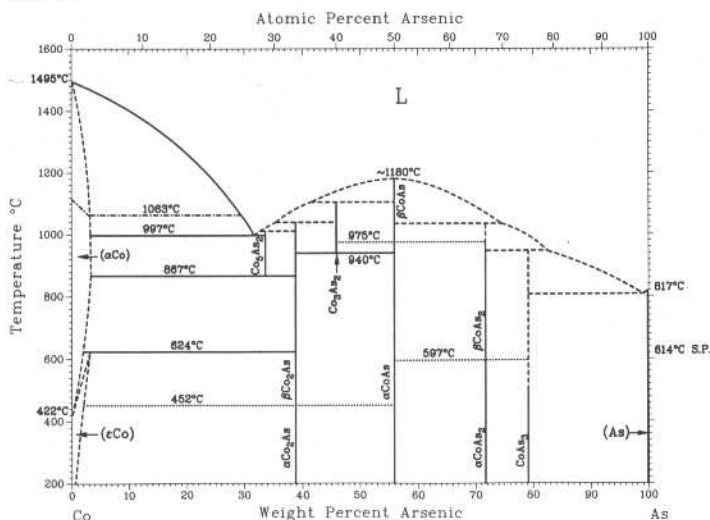


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Cd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(As)	0	<i>hR2</i>	$R\bar{3}m$
As_2Cd	42.8	<i>tI12</i>	$I4_122$
βAs_2Cd_3	69	<i>cF12</i>	$Fm\bar{3}m$
$\alpha'' As_2Cd_3$	69	<i>tP40</i>	$P4_2/nmc$
$\alpha' As_2Cd_3$	69	<i>tP160</i>	$P4_2/nbc$
αAs_2Cd_3	69	<i>tI160</i>	$I4_1cd$
(Cd)	100	<i>hP2</i>	$P6_3/mmc$
High-pressure phases			
As_2CdII	42.8	...	...
$As_2CdIII(a)$	42.8	...	...
$AsCd$	60	<i>oP16</i>	$Pbca$
$As_2Cd_3(b)$	69	<i>hP30</i>	...
$As_2Cd_3II(c)$	69	<i>hP5</i>	$P\bar{3}m1$
		<i>oP*</i>	$Pmmn$
As_2Cd_3II'	69	...	...
As_2Cd_3III	69	...	...
As_2Cd_3III'	69	...	...
Metastable phase			
As_4Cd	27	<i>t*20</i>	...
Other phases			
$As_2Cd_3(d)$	69	<i>tI160</i>	$I4_1acd$
$As_2Cd_3(e)$	69	<i>tI160</i>	$I4_1\alpha$
$As_2Cd_3(f)$	69	<i>tI160</i>	$Iacd$

(a) >46 kbar. (b) 55 kbar. (c) 30 kbar. (d) Also might be βAs_2Cd_3 . (e) Vapor deposition. (f) Synthesis at 675 °C

As-Co

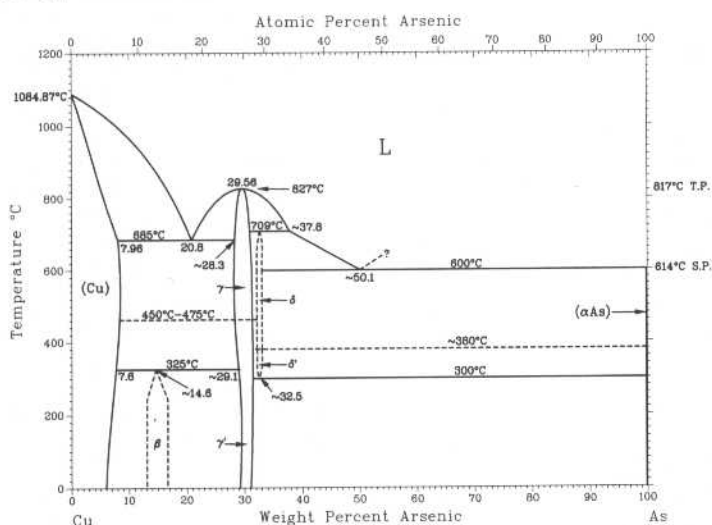


K. Ishida and T. Nishizawa, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% As	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	0 to ~3.2	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(εCo)	0 to ~3	hP2	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Co ₃ As ₂	33.7	hP42	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>cm</i>
βCo ₂ As(a)	38.8 to 39.2	hP9	<i>P6</i> ₂ <i>m</i>
αCo ₂ As(a)	38.8	...	...
Co ₃ As ₂	46	?	?
βCoAs	55.9	hP4	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
αCoAs	55.9	oP8	<i>Pna</i> 2 ₁
βCoAs ₂	71.8	oP6	<i>Pnnm</i>
αCoAs ₂	71.8	mP12	<i>P2</i> ₁ / <i>c</i>
CoAs ₃	79 to 79.2	cI32	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$
(As)	~100	hR2	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

(a) αCo₂As (low-temperature form) transforms into βCo₂As (high-temperature form) at 452 °C

As-Cu



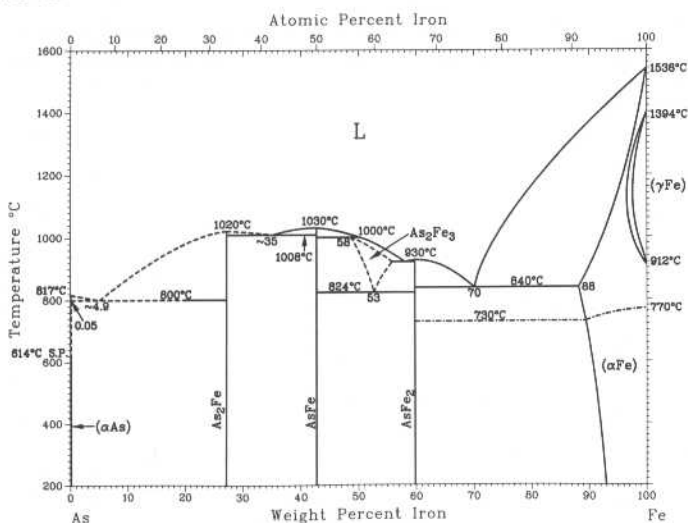
P.R. Subramanian and D.E. Laughlin, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% As	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0 to ~7.96	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
β	12.8 to 16.4	hP2	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
γ(HT)	28.2 to 31.2	hP8	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
γ'(LT)	28.8 to 31.2	hP24	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>c</i> 1
δ(HT)	32.1 to 33.1	cF16	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
δ'(LT)	32.1 to 33.1	oI28	<i>Ibam</i>
(As)	100	hR2	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

Metastable phases

Cu ₂ As	~37.1	tP6	<i>P4/nmm</i>
Cu ₃ As ₄	~61.12	oI28	<i>Immm</i>

As-Fe



H. Okamoto, 1992

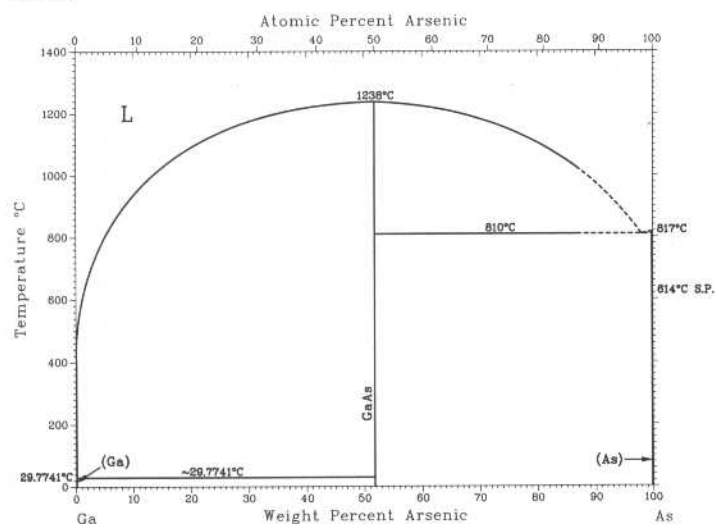
Phase	Composition, wt% Fe	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αAs)	0 to 0.05	hR2	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
As ₂ Fe	27.1	oP6	<i>Pnnm</i>
AsFe	42.7	oP8	<i>Pnma</i>
As ₂ Fe ₃	50 to 55	...	...
AsFe ₂	59.9	tP6	<i>P4/nmm</i>
(αFe)	88 to 100	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(γFe)	98.7 to 100	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

High-pressure phase

As ₅ Fe ₁₂	64.2	hR17	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$
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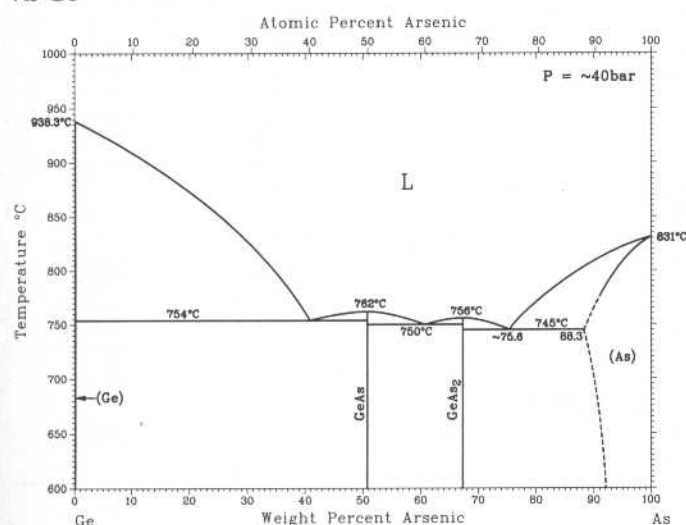
H. Okamoto, 1990

As-Ga



Phase	Composition, wt % As	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
GaAs	51.8	<i>cF8</i>	<i>F43m</i>
(As)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>

As-Ge

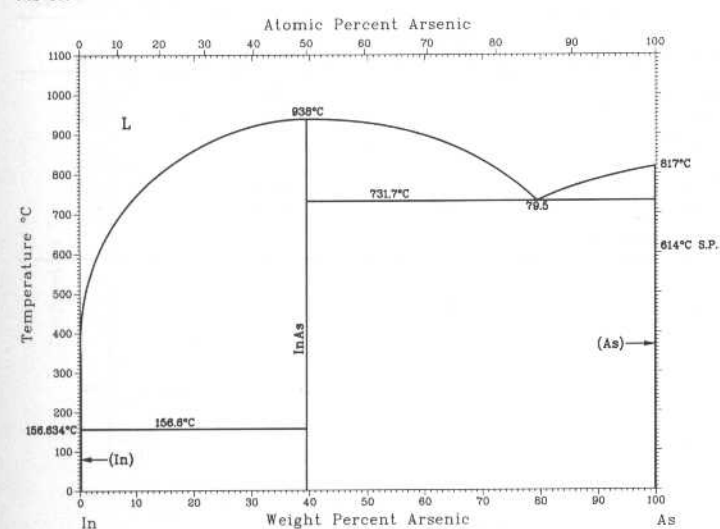


H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt % As	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0 to 0.19	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
GeAs	50.8	<i>mC24</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
GeAs(a)	50.8	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4mm</i>
GeAs ₂	67.4	<i>oP24</i>	<i>Pbam</i>
(As)	88 to 100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>

(a) High-pressure phase

As-In



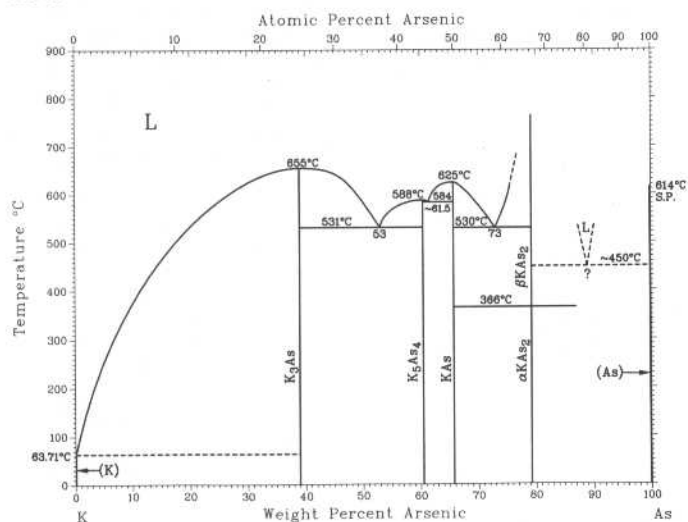
H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt % As	Pearson symbol	Space group
Stable phases			
(In)	0	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
InAs	39.5	<i>cF8</i>	<i>F43m</i>
(As)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>
High-pressure phases			
InAs II(a)	39.5	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
InAs III(b)	39.5	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4/amd</i>

(a) Between 7 and 15 GPa. (b) Above 17 GPa (hysteresis between 15 and 17 GPa)

2•60/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

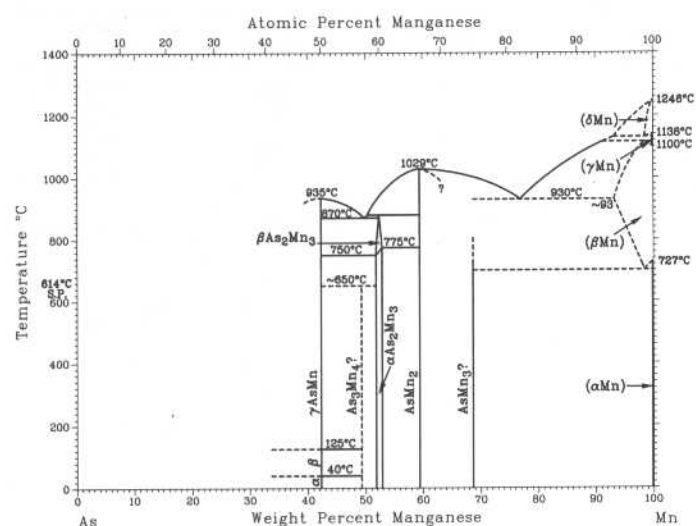
As-K



F.W. Dorn, W. Klemm, and S. Lohmeyer, 1961

Phase	Composition, wt% As	Pearson symbol	Space group
(K)	~0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
K ₃ As	39	hP8	$P6_3/mmc$
K ₅ As ₄	60.5	...	...
KAs	65.7	oP16	$P2_12_12_1$
βKAs ₂	79.3	...	...
αKAs ₂	79.3	...	...
(As)	~100	hR8	$R\bar{3}m$

As-Mn

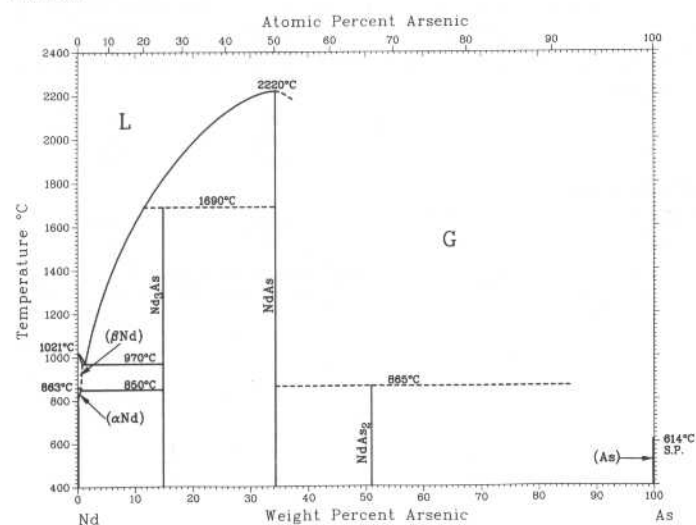


H. Okamoto, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(As)	0	hR2	$R\bar{3}m$
γAsMn	42.3	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
βAsMn	42.3	oP8	$Pnma$
αAsMn	42.3	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
As ₃ Mn ₄	49.4	tI*	...
βAs ₂ Mn ₃	52	...	...
αAs ₂ Mn ₃	52	(a)	...
AsMn ₂	59.5	tP6	$P4/nmm$
AsMn ₃	69	oP16	$Pmmn$
(δMn)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(γMn)	100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(βMn)	~93 to 100	cP20	$P4_132$
(αMn)	100	cI58	$I43m$
High-pressure phase			
AsMn ₂	59.5	hP9	$P\bar{6}2m$

(a) Distorted cubic

As-Nd



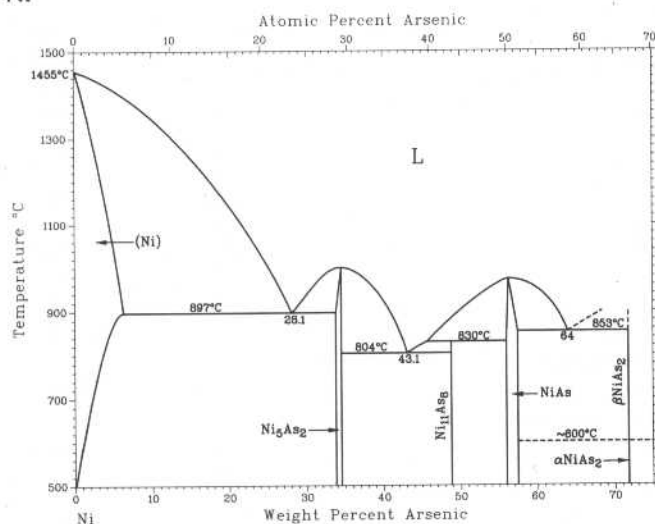
K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% As	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αNd)	0	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
(βNd)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
Nd ₃ As	15	(a)	...
NdAs	34.2	cF8	$Fm\bar{3}m$
NdAs ₂	51.0	mP12	$P2_1/c$
(As)	100	hR2	$R\bar{3}m$

(a) Structure not known

M. Singleton and P. Nash, 1991

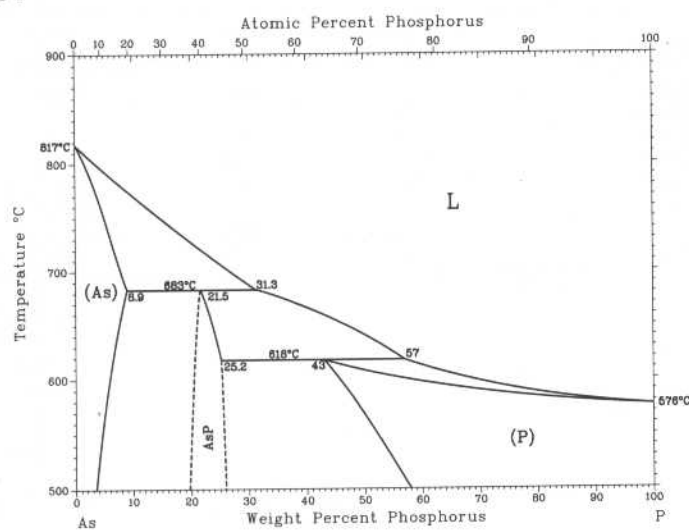
As-Ni



Phase	Composition, wt% As	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to 6.30	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Ni ₅ As ₂	33.27 to 33.99	<i>hP42</i>	<i>Pb</i> ₃ <i>cm</i>
Ni ₁₁ As ₈	48.1	<i>tP76</i>	<i>P4</i> ₁ <i>2</i> ₁ <i>2</i>
NiAs	56.1 to 57.4	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
αNiAs ₂	71.86(a)	<i>oP24</i>	<i>Pbca</i>
βNiAs ₂	71.86	<i>oP6</i>	<i>Pnnm</i>

(a) Up to 600 °C

As-P

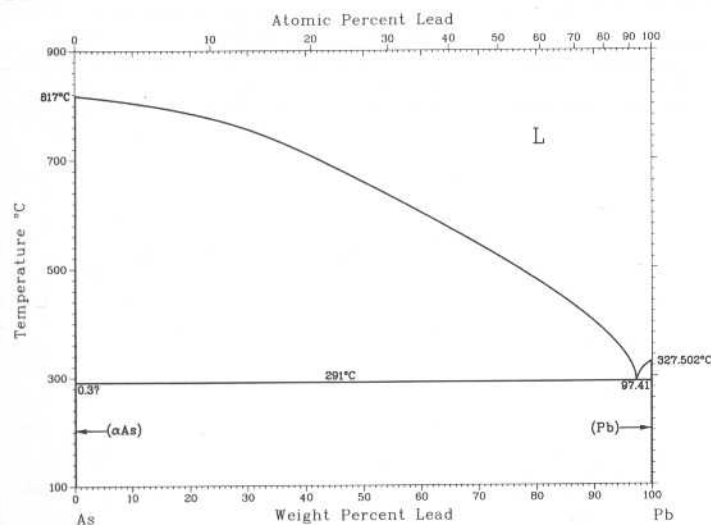


I. Karakaya and W.T. Thompson, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% P	Pearson symbol	Space group
(As)	0 to 8.9	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
AsP	~21.5	...	...
P (black)	100	<i>oC8(a)</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
P (white)	43 to 100	(b)	...
P (red)	100	(c)	...

(a) At high pressures, transforms to a rhombohedral structure. (b) Cubic at 35 °C. (c) Cubic with 66 atoms per unit cell

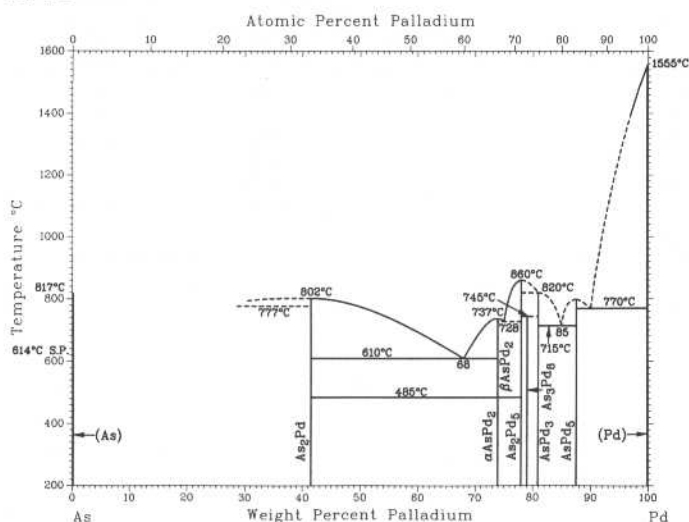
As-Pb



N.A. Gokcen, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(As)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(Pb)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

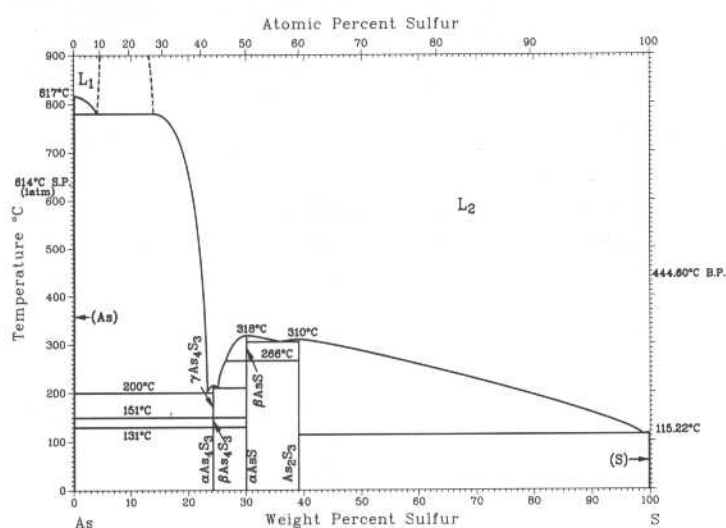
As-Pd



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(As)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
As ₂ Pd	41.5	<i>cP12</i>	<i>Pa$\bar{3}$</i>
β AsPd ₂	74.0	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P6$\bar{2}m$</i>
α AsPd ₂	74.0	<i>mP54</i>	<i>P2$\bar{1}m$</i>
As ₂ Pd ₅	78.0	<i>hP*</i>	...
As ₂ Pd ₅	78.0	<i>hP84</i>	<i>P$\bar{3}m1$</i>
As ₂ Pd ₅	78.0	<i>hP*</i>	<i>P6$\bar{3}22$</i>
As ₂ Pd ₅	78.0	<i>hP*</i>	<i>P$\bar{3}m1$</i>
As ₃ Pd ₈	79.1	<i>hP33</i>	<i>P3</i>
AsPd ₃	81	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I$\bar{4}$</i>
AsPd ₅	87.6	<i>mC24</i>	<i>C2</i>
(Pd)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Metastable phase			
AsPd ₅	87.6	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Questionable phases			
α AsPd ₂	74.0	<i>oC24</i>	<i>Cmc2$\bar{1}$</i>
α AsPd ₂	74.0	<i>hP*</i>	...
As ₂ Pd ₅	78.0	<i>o**</i>	...
AsPd ₇	90.9	...	...

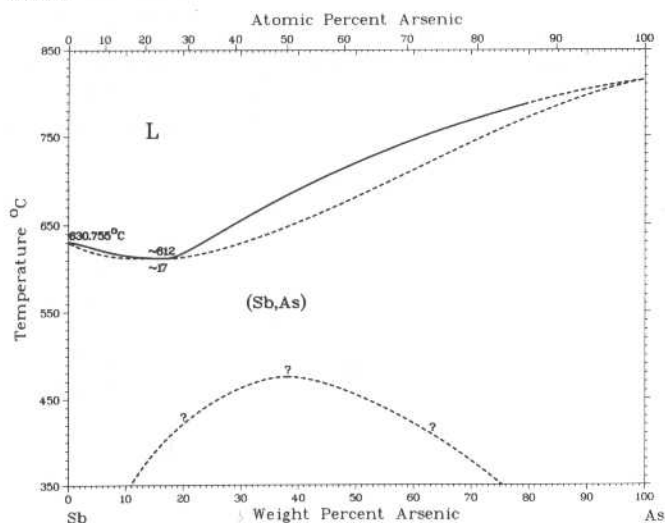
As-S



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(α As)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
γ As ₄ S ₃	24.3	...	...
β As ₄ S ₃	24.3	<i>t**</i>	...
α As ₄ S ₃	24.3	<i>oP28</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
β AsS	30.0	<i>mP32</i>	<i>P2$\bar{1}n$</i>
α AsS	30.0	<i>mP32</i>	<i>P2$\bar{1}c$</i>
As ₂ S ₃	39	<i>mP20</i>	<i>P2$\bar{1}c$</i>
(S)	100	<i>oF128</i>	<i>Fddd</i>

As-Sb

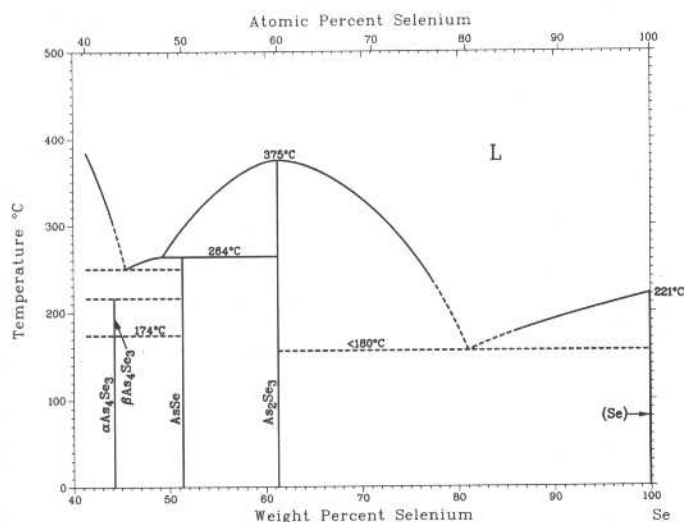


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% As	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Sb,As)	0 to 100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>

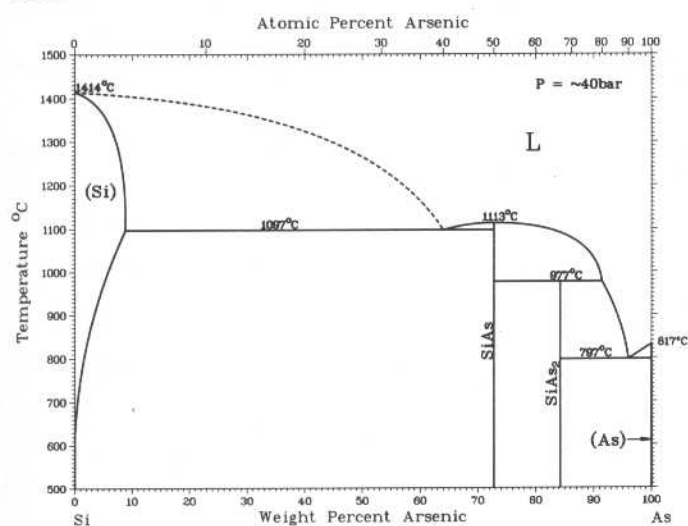
H. Okamoto, 1990

As-Se



Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(As)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>
$\beta\text{As}_4\text{Se}_3$	44.2	<i>mC112</i>	<i>C2/c</i>
$\alpha\text{As}_4\text{Se}_3$	44.2	<i>oP28</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
AsSe	51.3	<i>mP32</i>	<i>P2_1/c</i>
As ₂ Se ₃	61	<i>mP20</i>	<i>P2_1/c</i>
(γSe)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3_121</i>

As-Si

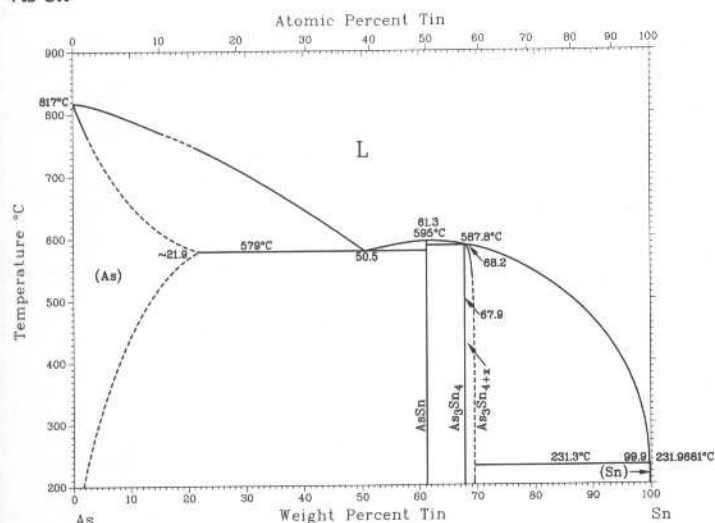


R. W. Olesinski and G.J. Abbaschian, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt% As	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Si)	0 to 8.8	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
SiAs	72.7	<i>o**</i>	...
SiAs ₂	84.2	<i>oP*</i>	<i>Pbam</i>
SiAs ₂ (a)	84.2	<i>cP12</i>	<i>Pa3</i>
(As)	~100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>

(a) High-pressure phase

As-Sn

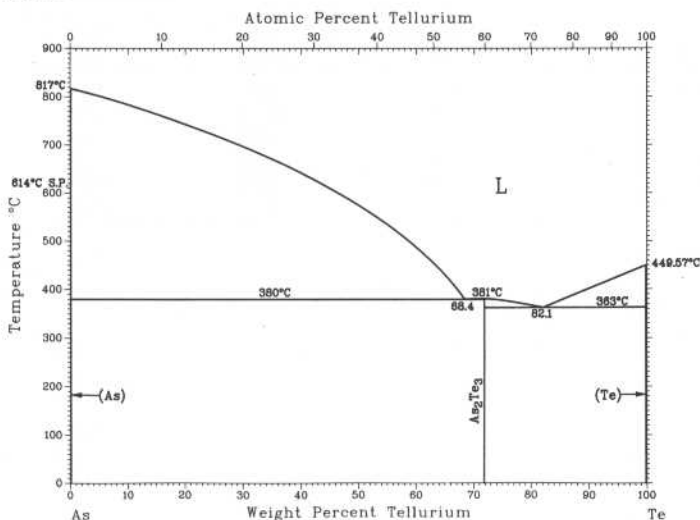


N.A. Gokcen, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(As)	0 to ~21.9	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>
AsSn	61.3	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
As ₃ Sn ₄	67.87 to 70?	<i>hR7</i>	<i>R3m</i>
(βSn)(a)	99.9 to 100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4_1/amd</i>
(αSn)(b)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

(a) White tin, stable above 13 °C. (b) Grey tin, stable below 13 °C

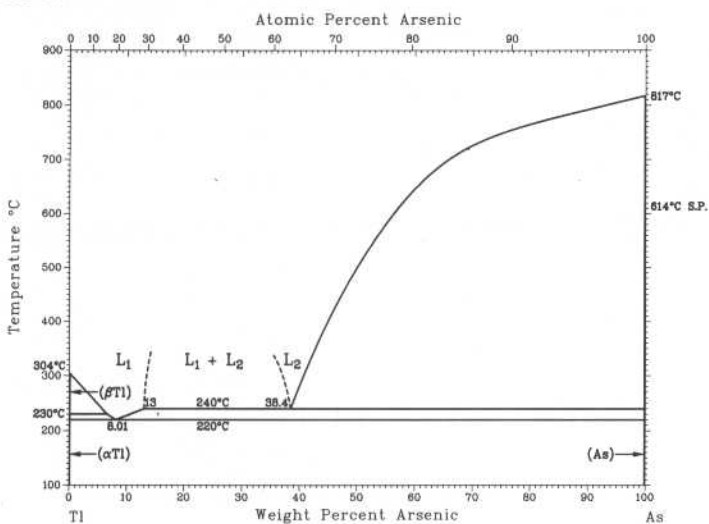
As-Te



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(As)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R\bar{3}m</i>
As_2Te_3	72	<i>mC20</i>	<i>Cm/2</i>
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3_121</i>

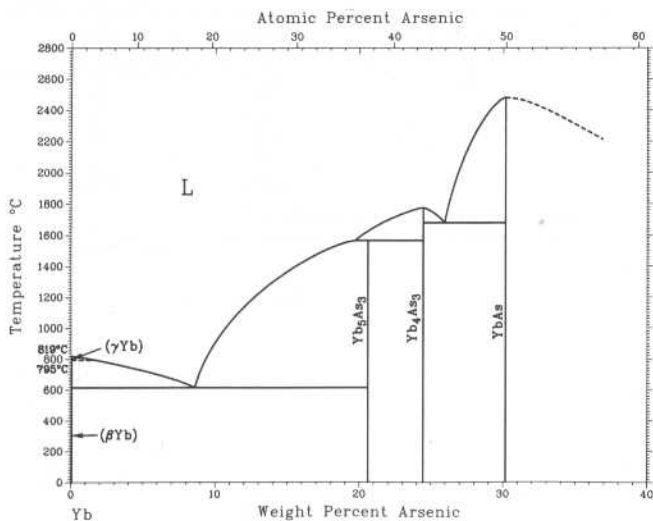
As-Tl



R.C. Sharma and Y.A. Chang, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% As	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αTl)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6_3/mmc</i>
(βTl)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im\bar{3}m</i>
(As)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R\bar{3}m</i>

As-Yb

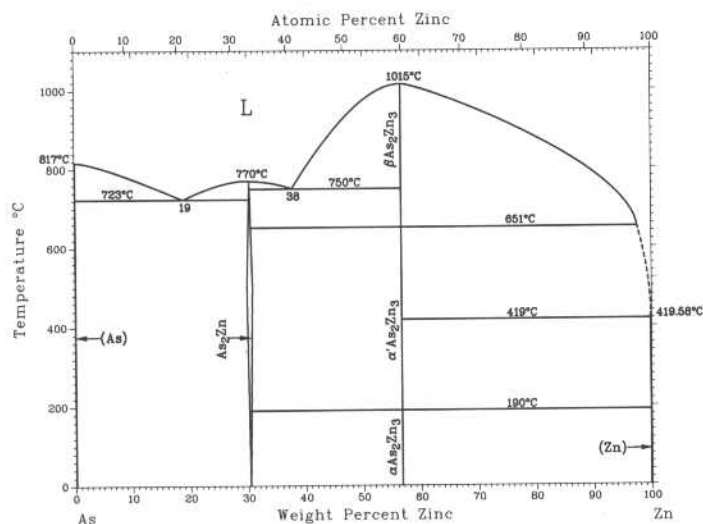


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% As	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αYb)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6_3/mmc</i>
(βYb)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm\bar{3}m</i>
(γYb)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im\bar{3}m</i>
Yb_5As_3	20.6	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6_3/mcm</i>
$\alpha\text{Yb}_4\text{As}_3$	24.5	<i>hR28</i>	<i>R3</i>
$\beta\text{Yb}_4\text{As}_3$	24.5	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I\bar{4}3d</i>
YbAs	30.2	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm\bar{3}m</i>
(As)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R\bar{3}m</i>

H. Okamoto, 1992

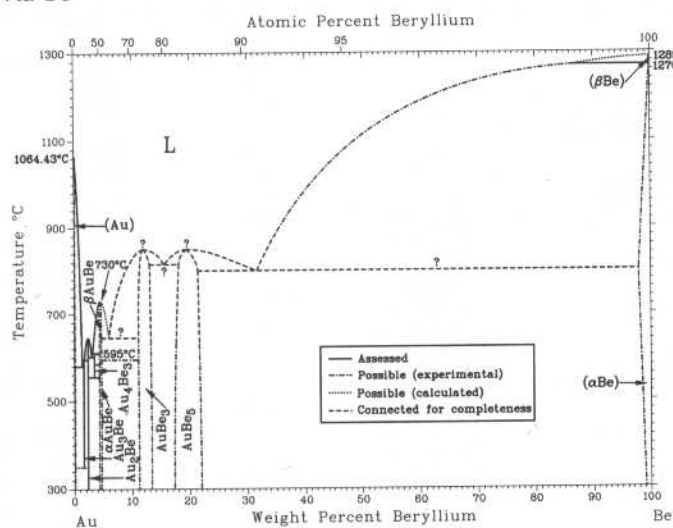
As-Zn



Phase	Composition, wt % Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(α As)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>
As ₂ Zn	30.3	<i>mP24</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
β As ₂ Zn ₃	56.7	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
α' As ₂ Zn ₃	56.7	<i>tP160</i>	<i>P4₂/nbc</i>
α As ₂ Zn ₃	56.7	<i>tP160</i>	<i>I4₁cd</i>
(Zn)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
High-pressure phases			
AsZn	46.6	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pbca</i>
As ₂ Zn ₃ II(a)	56.7	<i>cF*</i>	...
As ₂ Zn ₃ II'	56.7	<i>oP*</i>	<i>Pmmn</i>
As ₂ Zn ₃ III	56.7	...	...
As ₂ Zn ₃ (b)	56.7	<i>hP30</i>	...
Other phases			
As ₂ Zn	30.39	<i>o*32</i>	...
As ₂ Zn ₃	56.7	<i>cI80</i>	<i>Ia3</i>
As ₂ Zn ₃	56.7	<i>tP40</i>	<i>P4₂/mmc</i>

(a) At 55 kbar. (b) At 70 kbar

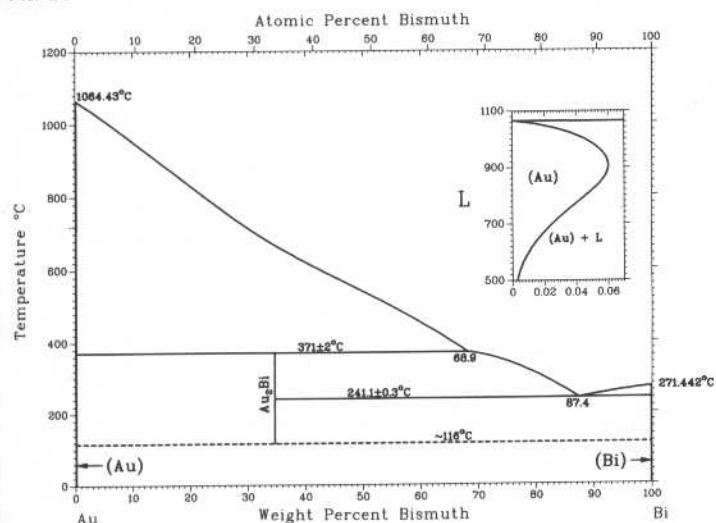
Au-Be



H. Okamoto and T.B. Massalski, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt % Be	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0 to 0.009	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
Au ₃ Be	2	<i>o**</i>	...
Au ₂ Be	2.2	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Au ₄ Be ₃	3.3	...	...
β AuBe	4.2 to 4.6	...	...
α AuBe	4.2 to 4.6	<i>cP8</i>	<i>P2₁3</i>
AuBe ₃	11 to 13	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
AuBe ₅	17 to 22	<i>cF24</i>	<i>F43m</i>
(β Be)	? to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(α Be)	94.81 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Au-Bi

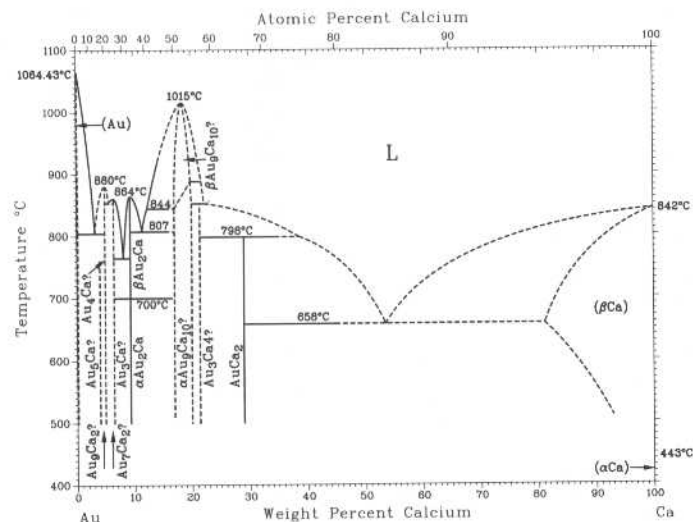


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt % Bi	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
Au ₂ Bi	34.6	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
(Bi)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>
Metastable phases			
π	76 to 81	<i>cP1</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
π'	61	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R3m</i>
Microcrystalline	46 to 71	~200 π' -like unit cells	...
(AuBi)?	56	Complex	...

2•66/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Au-Ca

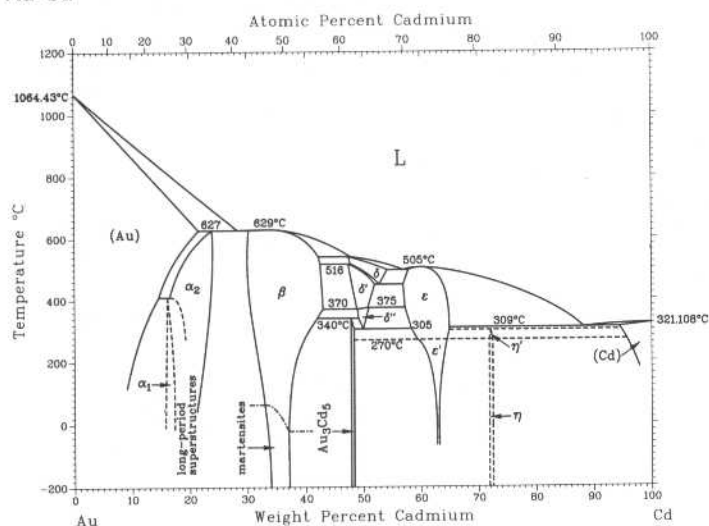


H. Okamoto, T.B. Massalski, C.B. Alcock, and V.P. Itkin, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Ca	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0 to <4.3	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Au ₅ Ca	3.9	cF24	$F\bar{4}3m$
Au ₉ Ca ₂	4.3	?	...
Au ₄ Ca	5	?	...
Au ₇ Ca ₂	5.5	(a)	...
Au ₃ Ca	6	(b)	...
βAu ₂ Ca	9.2	?	...
αAu ₂ Ca	9.2	?	...
AuCa	17	oC8	$Cmcm$
βAu ₉ Ca ₁₀	17 to 20	(c)	...
αAu ₉ Ca ₁₀	16 to 20.2	?	...
Au ₃ Ca ₄	21.3	?	...
AuCa ₂	29.0	?	...
(βCa)	81.2 to 100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αCa)	? to 100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

(a) Same as Au₃Ca? (b) Not cubic, (c) Same as AuCa?

Au-Cd

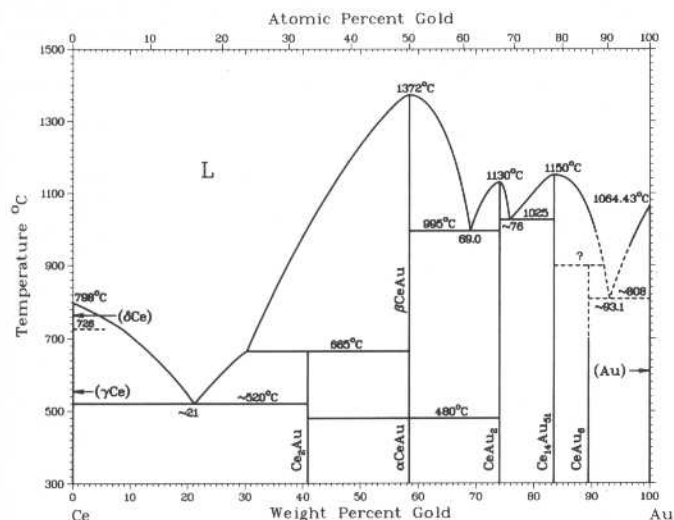


H. Okamoto and T.B. Massalski, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Cd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0 to 21.6	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
α ₁	~16	...	$Pm\bar{3}m$
Long-period superstructures			
Au ₃ Cd	15	dI16	$I4/mmm$
4H (1d)	~16	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
9a ₀ -4H (2d)	15 to 17	(a)	...
6H	16 to 17	hR3	$R\bar{3}m$
9R	16.7 to 19.7	(b)	...
7a ₀ -2H	19 to 23	(a)	$P6_3/mmc$
9a ₀ -2H	19 to 23	(a)	$P6_3/mcm$
α ₂	16.3 to 24.0	hP*	...
β	30 to 43	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
β' (c)	34.1	oP4	$Pmma$
β'' (c)	36	(a)	...
δ	47.3 to 54.3	cI52	$I\bar{4}3m$
δ'	47.3 to 52.0	cI52	$I\bar{4}3m$
δ''	48.9 to 50.9	...	...
Au ₃ Cd ₅	47.8 to 48.3	dI32	$I4/mcm$
ε	57.0 to 65.0	(d)	...
ε'	59 to 64	(d)	...
η	72	...	...
η'	72	...	...
(Cd)	94.0 to 100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$

Note: d = dimensional. (a) Hexagonal. (b) Rhombohedral. (c) Not shown in the assessed diagram. (d) bct

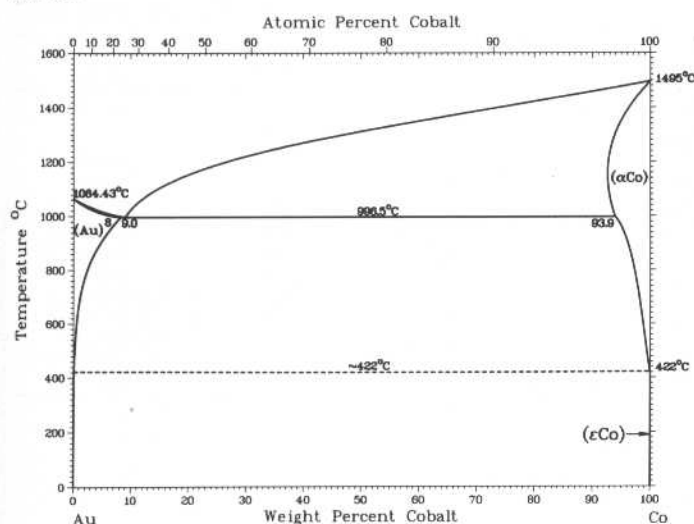
Au-Ce



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr., F.W. Calderwood, H. Okamoto, and T.B. Massalski, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Au	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCe)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(βCe)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(γCe)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(δCe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Ce ₂ Au	41.2	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
αCeAu	58	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
βCeAu	58	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
CeAu ₂	73.8	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
Ce ₁₄ Au ₅₁	81 to 83.7	<i>hP65</i>	<i>P6</i> / <i>m</i>
CeAu ₆	89.4	<i>mC28</i>	<i>C</i> / <i>2c</i>
(Au)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

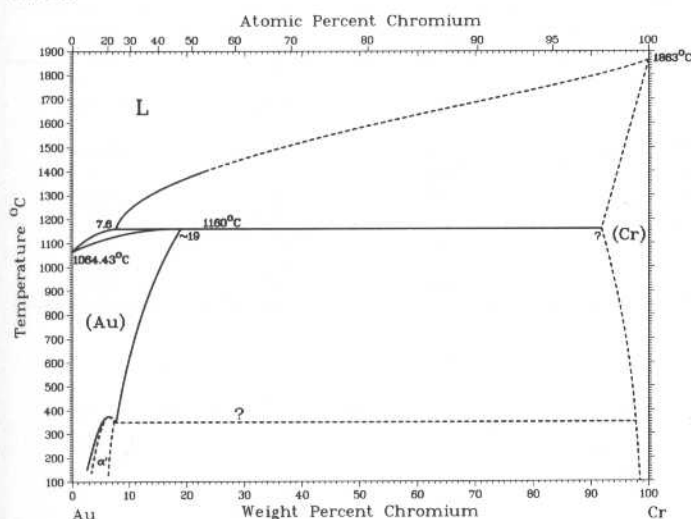
Au-Co



H. Okamoto, T.B. Massalski, M. Hasebe, and T. Nishizawa, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Co	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0 to 8	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αCo)	92.1 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(εCo)	? to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

Au-Cr

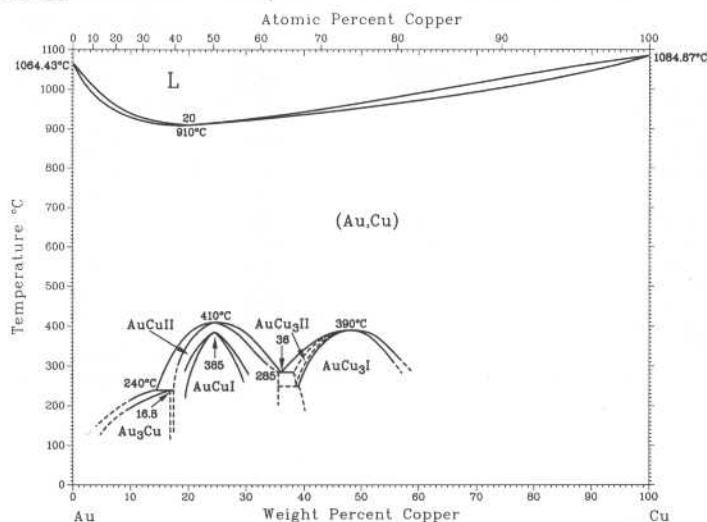


H. Okamoto and T.B. Massalski, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Cr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0 to ~19	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
α'	2 to 8	<i>dI10</i>	<i>I4</i> / <i>m</i>
(Cr)	~90 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

2•68/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

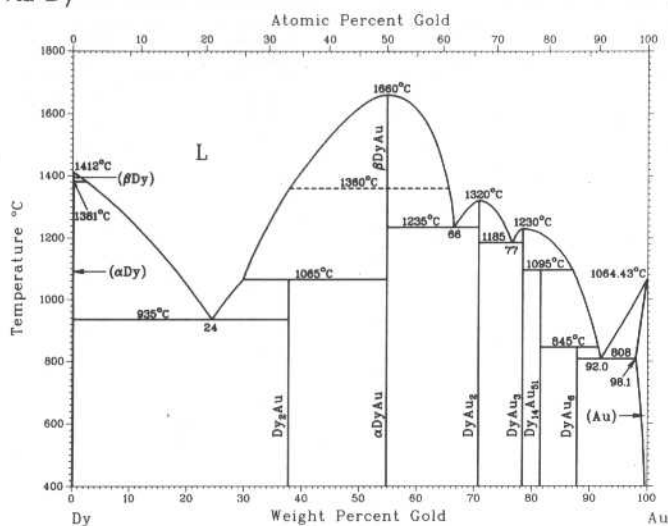
Au-Cu



H. Okamoto, D.J. Chakrabarti, D.E. Laughlin, and
T.B. Massalski, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Cu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au,Cu)	0 to 100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Au ₃ Cu	3 to 16.8	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
AuCu(I)	19 to 30	tP4	$P4/mmm$
AuCu(II)	16.8 to 35	oI40	$Imma$
AuCu ₃ (I)	40 to 58	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
AuCu ₃ (II)	39 to ?	tP28	$P4mm$

Au-Dy

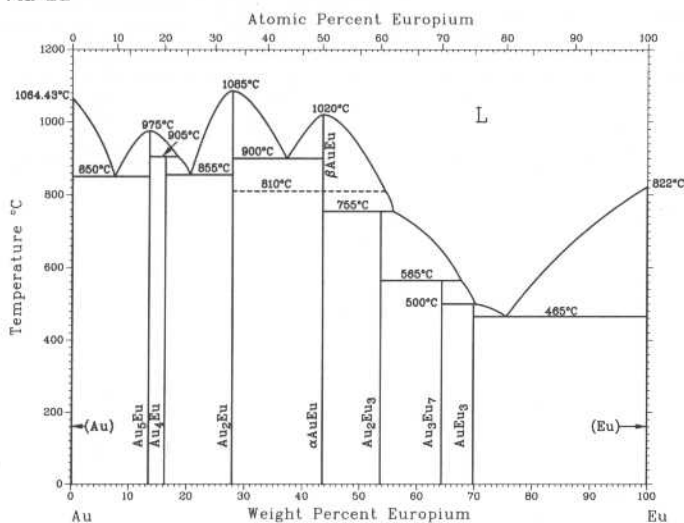


K.A. Gschneidner, Jr., F.W. Calderwood, H. Okamoto, and
T.B. Massalski, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Au	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αDy)	0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
(α'Dy)	0	(a)	...
(βDy)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
Dy ₂ Au	37.7	oP12	$Pnma$
αDyAu	55	oC8	$Cmcm$
βDyAu	56	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
DyAu ₂	70.8	tI6	$I4/mmm$
DyAu ₃	78	oP8	$Pmmn$
Dy ₁₄ Au ₅₁	~81.6	hP65	$P6/m$
DyAu ₆	87.9	tP56	$P4_2/mcm$
(Au)	98.1 to 100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

(a) Orthorhombic distortion, $T \leq 86$ K

Au-Eu

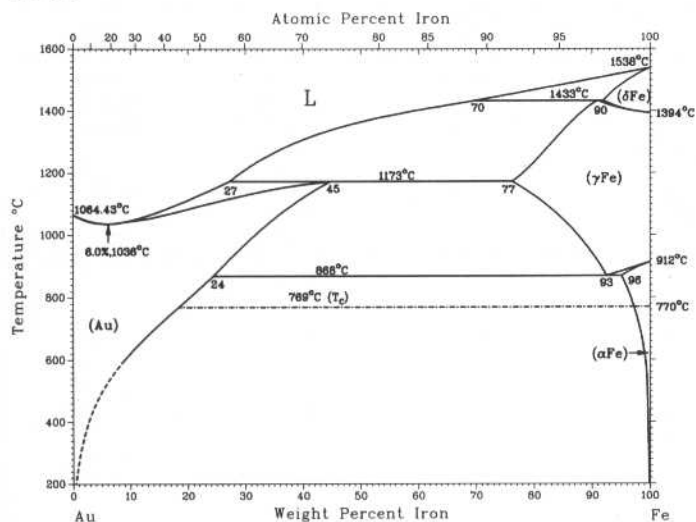


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Eu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Au ₅ Eu	13.4	hP6	$P6/mmm$
Au ₄ Eu	16	...	...
Au ₃ Eu	27.8	oI12	$Imma$
βAuEu	43.6	...	...
αAuEu	43.6	oP8	$Pnma$
Au ₂ Eu ₃	54	hR45	$R\bar{3}$
Au ₃ Eu ₇	64	hP20	$P6_3/mc$
AuEu ₃	70	oP16	$Pnma$
(Eu)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$

H. Okamoto, T.B. Massalski, L.J. Swartzendruber, and
P.A. Beck, 1987

Au-Fe



Phase	Composition, wt% Fe	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0 to 45	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γFe)	77 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αFe)	96 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(δFe)	93 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>

Metastable phases

Amorphous(a)

19 to 72

...

...

fcc(b)

30 to 32

...

...

bcc(b)

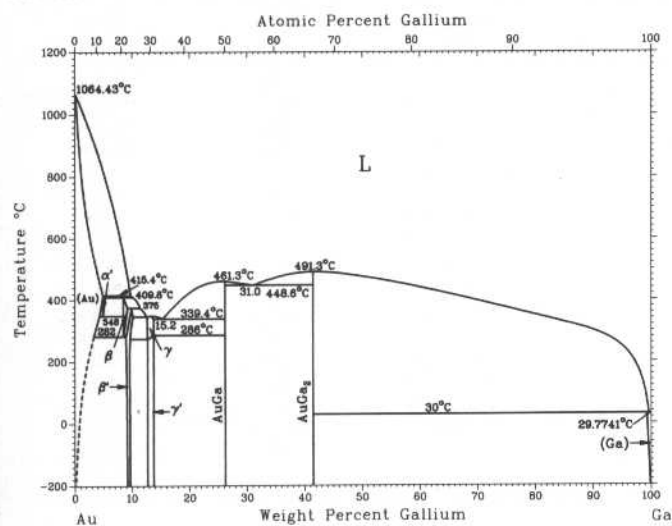
32 to 53

...

...

(a) Found in thin films deposited at liquid nitrogen temperature or below. (b) Formed by crystallization on heating amorphous phase

Au-Ga

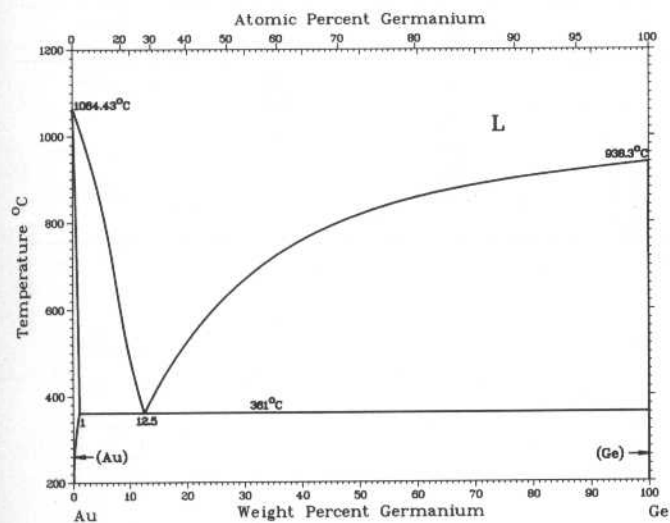


T.B. Massalski and H. Okamoto, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Ga	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0 to 4.8	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
α'	4.9 to 5.5	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
β	8.3 to 9.1	(a)	...
β'	8.7 to 10.5	(b)	...
γ	13.1 to 14	(b)	...
γ'	13.1 to 14	(b)	...
AuGa	26.1	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
AuGa ₂	41.5	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Ga)	100	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>

(a) Hexagonal. (b) Orthorhombic

Au-Ge



H. Okamoto and T.B. Massalski, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0 to 1(a)	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Ge)	100(a)	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>

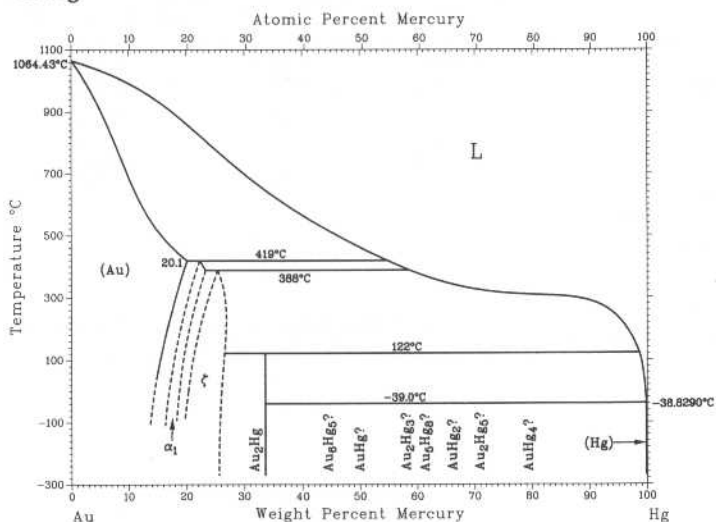
Metastable phases

β	7 to 11(a)	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
γ	11 to 29(a)	<i>tI*</i>	...

(a) Approximate composition from the phase diagram

2•70/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

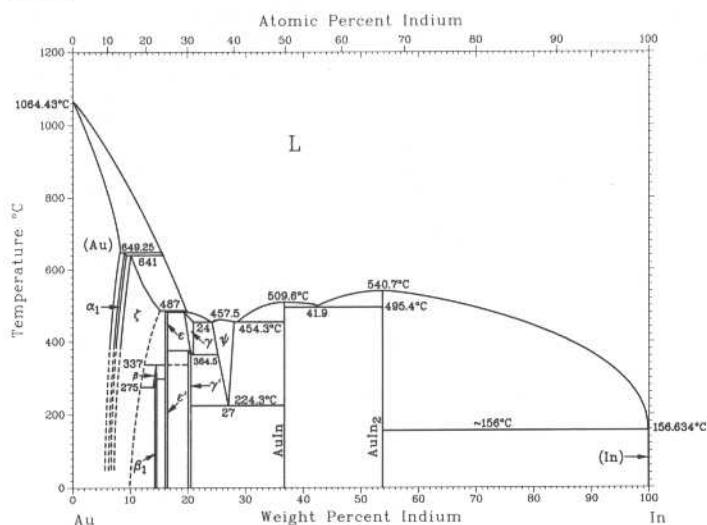
Au-Hg



H. Okamoto and T.B. Massalski, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Hg	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0 to 20.1	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
α_1	16.2 to 23	<i>hP36</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>
ζ	21 to 26	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>
Au ₂ Hg	33.7	<i>hP</i> -150	...
Au ₆ Hg ₅	46.0	<i>hP22</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mcm</i>
Au ₅ Hg ₈	62.0	<i>cI52</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}$ <i>3m</i>
(Hg)	100	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

Au-In

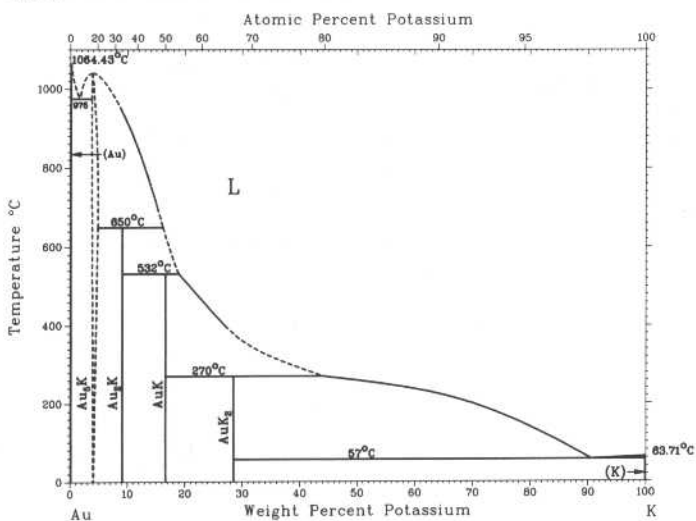


H. Okamoto and T.B. Massalski, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0 to 7.8	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>m</i>
α_1	7.4 to 8.9	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>
ζ	8 to 14.8	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>
β	13.8 to 14.3	(a)	...
β_1	13.9 to 14.5	(b)	...
ϵ	15.9 to 16.3	(b)	...
ϵ'	15.9 to 16.3	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pmmn</i>
γ	19.1 to 21.1	<i>cP52</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{4}$ <i>3m</i>
γ'	19.8 to 20.5	<i>cP76</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{4}$ <i>3m</i>
ψ	24.1 to 27.6	<i>hP60</i>	<i>P3</i>
AuIn	37 to 36.9	<i>hP5</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>ml</i>
AuIn ₂	53.9	(c)	...
(In)	100	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

(a) Hexagonal. (b) Orthorhombic. (c) Triclinic

Au-K

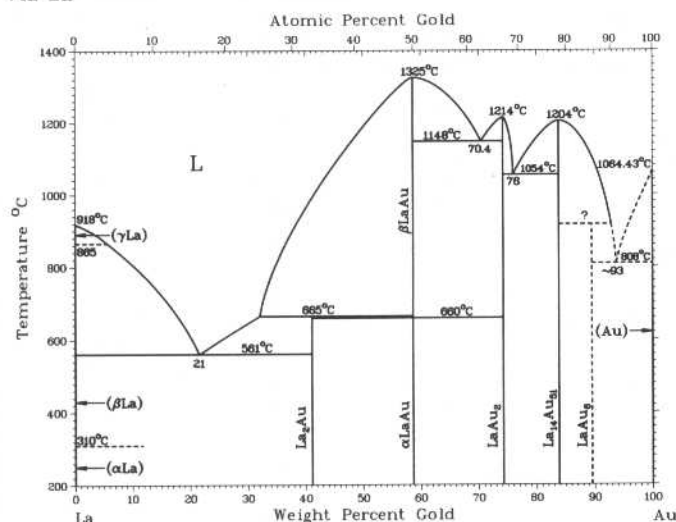


A.D. Pelton, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% K	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Au ₃ K	3.8	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6</i> / <i>mmm</i>
Au ₂ K	9.0	...	...
AuK	16.6	...	...
AuK ₂	28.5	...	...
(K)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

Note: At 25 °C

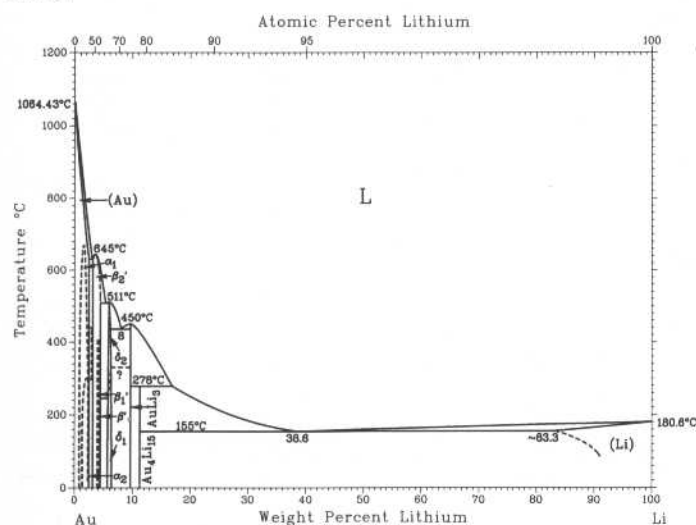
Au-La



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr., F.W. Calderwood, H. Okamoto, and T.B. Massalski, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Au	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αLa)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βLa)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(γLa)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
La ₂ Au	41.5	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
αLaAu	59	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
βLaAu	59	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
LaAu ₂	74.0	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
La ₁₄ Au ₁₃	~81 to ~83.8	<i>hP65</i>	<i>P6/m</i>
LaAu ₆	89.5	<i>mC28</i>	<i>C2/c</i>
(Au)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

Au-Li

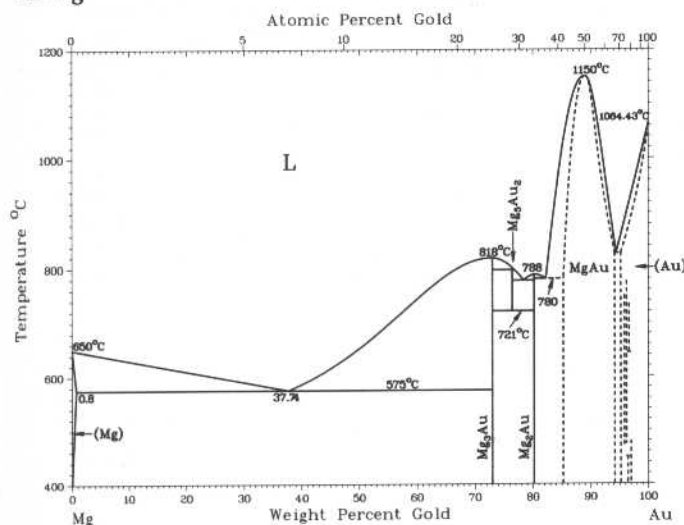


A.D. Pelton, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Li	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αAu)	0 to 0.7	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(α ₁ Au)	0.7 to 1	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
(α ₂ Au)	2 to 2.3	(b)	...
Au ₅ Li ₄	2.7	(c)	...
β' ₂	3 to 4	<i>oP2</i>	...
β' ₁	4 to 4.1	<i>tP22(b)</i>	...
β'	4.1 to 4.3	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
δ ₂ (HT)	5.6 to 6.3	<i>hP9</i>	...
δ ₁ (LT)	5.6 to 6.3	(d)	...
AuLi ₃	10	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
Au ₄ Li ₁₅	12	<i>cI76</i>	<i>I43d</i>
(βLi)(a)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αLi)(e)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

(a) At 25 °C. (b) Complex. (c) Hexagonal. (d) Similar to δ₂. (e) T less than -201 °C

Au-Mg



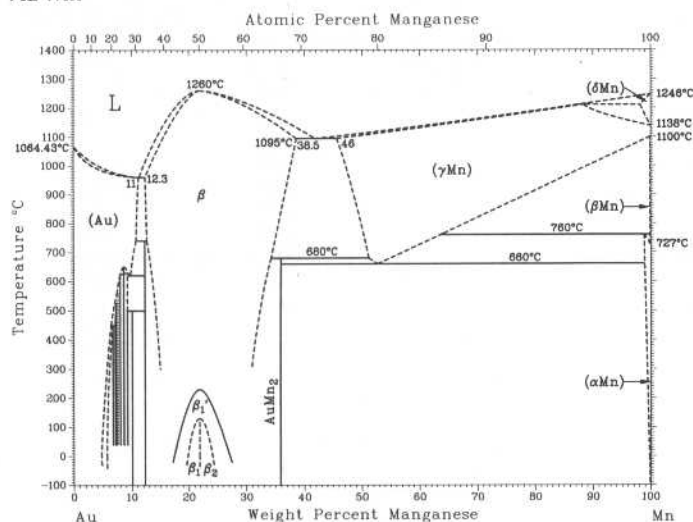
A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Au	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0 to 0.8	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Mg ₃ Au	73	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i> or <i>P3c1</i>
Mg ₅ Au ₂	76.42	...	...
Mg ₂ Au	80.20	...	<i>Pnam</i> or <i>Pna2₁</i>
(MgAu)	89.5	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
Mg ₂₆ Au ₇₄	96	<i>oC160</i>	<i>Cm2m</i>
Mg ₂₄ Au ₇₆	96.3	<i>oC64</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Mg ₂₃ Au ₇₇	96.6	<i>hP108</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Mg ₂₂ Au ₇₈	96.64	<i>tI16</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Mg ₄ Au ₁₅	96.81	<i>mP38</i>	<i>B2/m</i>
MgAu ₄	97	(a)	...
(Au)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

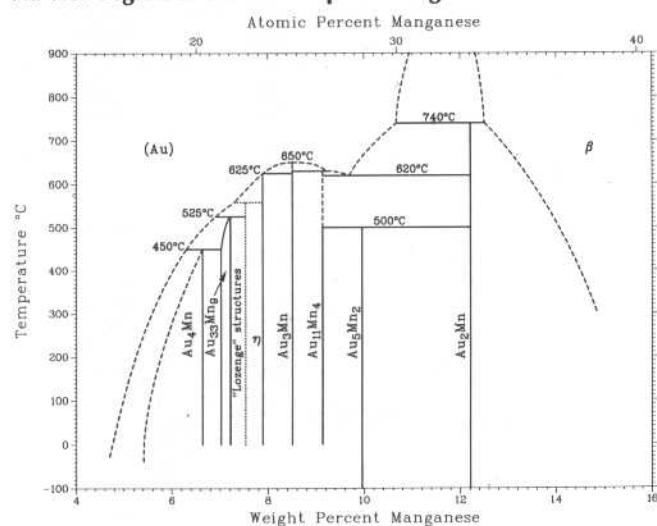
(a) Structure reportedly is related to that of the "X-phase," Mg₄Au₁₅.

2•72/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

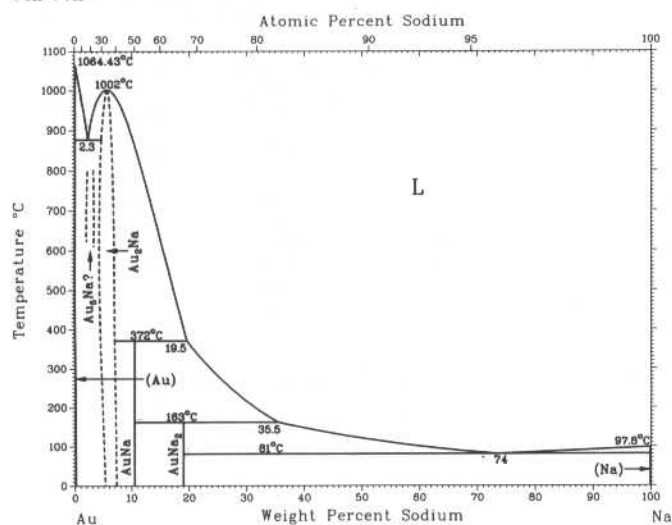
Au-Mn



Au-rich region of the Au-Mn phase diagram



Au-Na



T.B. Massalski and H. Okamoto, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0 to 11	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Au ₄ Mn	5 to 6	<i>tI10</i>	<i>I4/m</i>
Au ₃₃ Mn ₉	7.07	(a)	<i>P2</i> ₁ / <i>b</i>
Au ₂₂ Mn ₆	7.07	(a)	...
α''	7.0 to 7.2	(b)	<i>Pnnm</i>
Au ₃₁ Mn ₉	7.49	(c)	...
2 <i>d</i> -APS(I)	...	(d)	...
Au ₃₁ Mn ₉	7.49	(b)	...
Au ₇₂ Mn ₂₁	5.52	(a)	...
Au ₄₁ Mn ₁₂	7.55	(a)	...
Au ₁₆₇ Mn ₄₉	7.57	(b)	...
Au ₉₅ Mn ₂₈	7.59	(a)	...
Au ₂₇ Mn ₈	7.63	(b)	...
Au ₁₃ Mn ₄ (η)	7.50	(b)	...
2 <i>d</i> -Au ₃ Mn(e)	~8	<i>oP32</i>	<i>Pnnm</i>
Au ₃ Mn	7.2 to 10	...	...
5 <i>H</i>	...	(b)	...
3 <i>R</i>	...	(b)	...
<i>M</i> = 1	...	<i>tI8</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
6 <i>H</i> ₁	...	(b)	...
6 <i>H</i> ₂	...	(b)	...
Au ₃ Mn(I)(f)	9	(b)	...
X (Au ₁₁ Mn ₄)	9.21	(a)	...
(f)	~9.2	(b)	...
Au ₁₁ Mn ₄ I(f)	~9.2	(a)	...
Au ₁₁ Mn ₄ II(f)	~9.2	(a)	...
Au ₁₁ Mn ₄ III(e,f)	~9.2	(a)	...
AABB(f)	~9.2	(g)	...
Au ₅ Mn ₂	10.04	(a)	<i>C2/m</i>
Au ₂ Mn	12.24	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
β	12.3 to 38.5	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
β'_1	16 to 29	(g)	...
β_1	19 to 22	(g)	...
β_2	22 to 25	(g)	...
	23	(b)	...
AuMn ₂	36	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(δ Mn)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(γ Mn)	46 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(β Mn)	100	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4</i> ₁ / <i>32</i>
(α Mn)	100	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}$ <i>3m</i>
(γ Mn1)(f)	67 to 100	(g)	...
(γ Mn2)(f)	60.5 to 75.3	(g)	...
(f)	73.4	(b)	...

Note: 2*d* = two dimensional. APS = antiphase structure. (a) Monoclinic. (b) Orthorhombic. (c) Square island. (d) Lozenge island. (e) Thin film. (f) Metastable. (g) Tetragonal

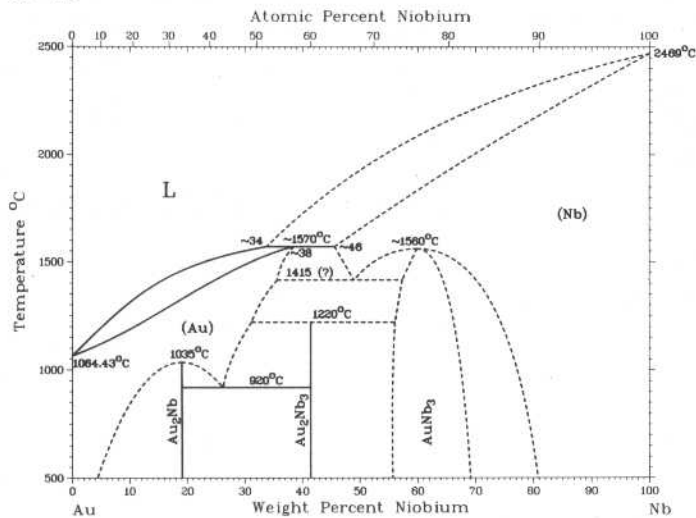
A.D. Pelton, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Na	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Au ₅ Na(a)	2 to 3	...	...
Au ₂ Na	5 to 7	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
AuNa	10	(b)	...
AuNa ₂	18.9 to 21	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
(Na)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(Na)(c)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

(a) Existence requires verification; *T* = 775 °C. (b) Complex structure. (c) *T* is less than -237 °C.

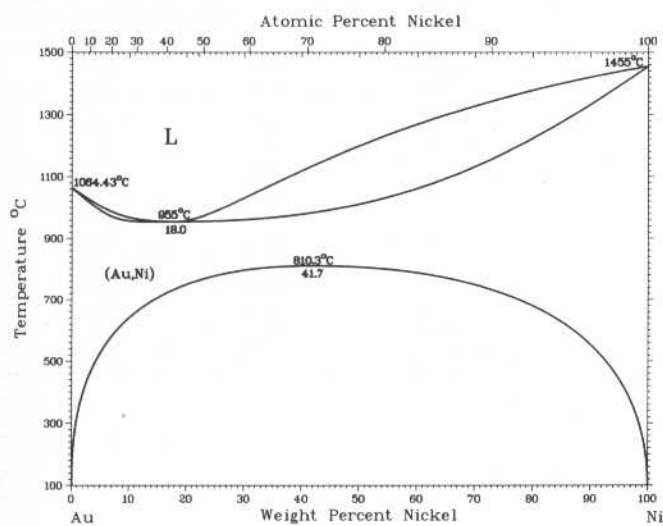
H. Okamoto and T.B. Massalski, 1987

Au-Nb



Phase	Composition, wt% Nb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0 to ~38	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Au ₂ Nb	19.1	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6</i> / <i>mmm</i>
Au ₂ Nb ₃	41	<i>tI10</i>	<i>I4</i> / <i>mmm</i>
AuNb ₃	56 to 70	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>n</i>
(Nb)	~46 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

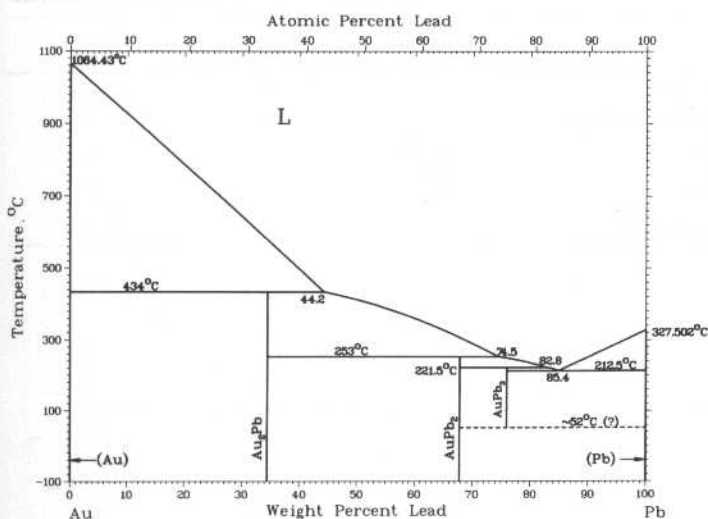
Au-Ni



H. Okamoto and T.B. Massalski, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ni	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au,Ni)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

Au-Pb

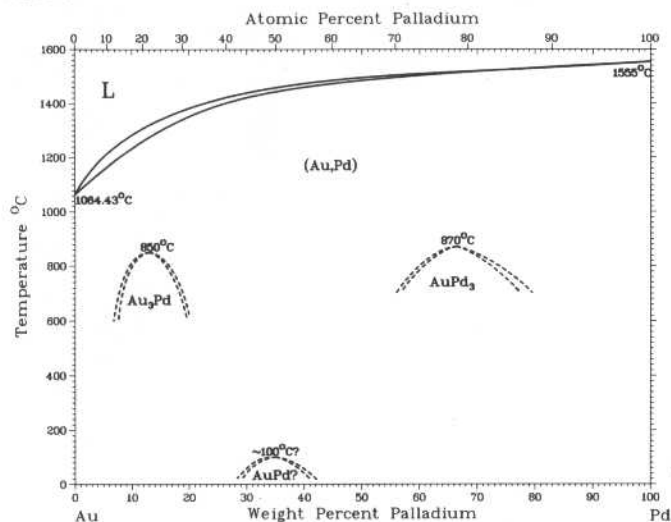


H. Okamoto and T.B. Massalski, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0 to 0.12	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Au ₂ Pb	34.4	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
AuPb ₂	67.8	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4</i> / <i>mcm</i>
AuPb ₃	75.9	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4</i> $\bar{2}$ <i>m</i>
(Pb)	99.81 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

2•74/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Au-Pd

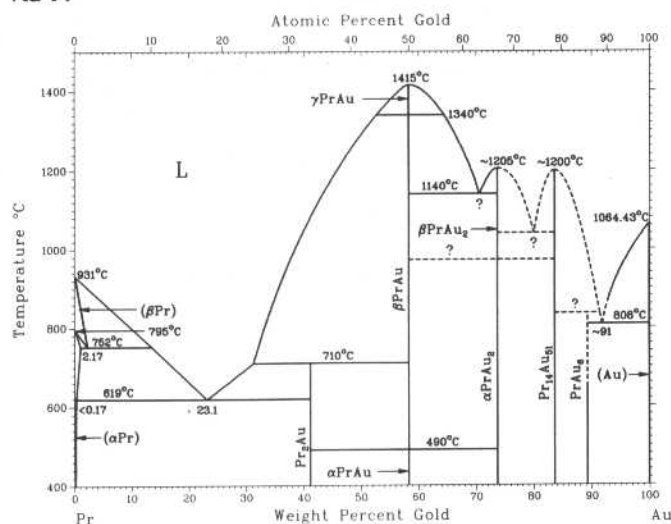


H. Okamoto and T.B. Massalski, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au,Pd)	0 to 100	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}$ m
Au ₃ Pd	7 to 20	cP4	Pm $\bar{3}$ m
AuPd	?	(a)	...
AuPd ₃	53 to 83	cP4(?)	Pm $\bar{3}$ m

(a) Long period?

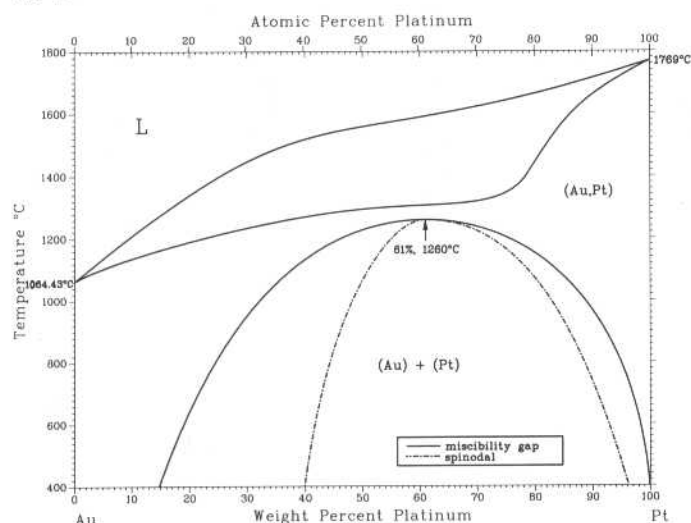
Au-Pr



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr., F.W. Calderwood, H. Okamoto, and T.B. Massalski, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Au	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αPr)	0 to <0.17	hP4	P6 ₃ /mmc
(βPr)	0 to 2.17	cI2	Im $\bar{3}$ m
Pr ₂ Au	41.1	oP12	Pnma
αPrAu	58	oP8	Pnma
βPrAu	58	oC8	Cmcm
γPrAu	58	cP2	Pm $\bar{3}$ m
αPrAu ₂	73.7	oI12	Imma
βPrAu ₂	73.7	tP108	P4/nmm
Pr ₁₄ Au ₅₁	~81 to ~83.6	hP65	P6/m
PrAu ₆	89.3	mC28	C2/c
(Au)	~99.93 to 100	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}$ m

Au-Pt

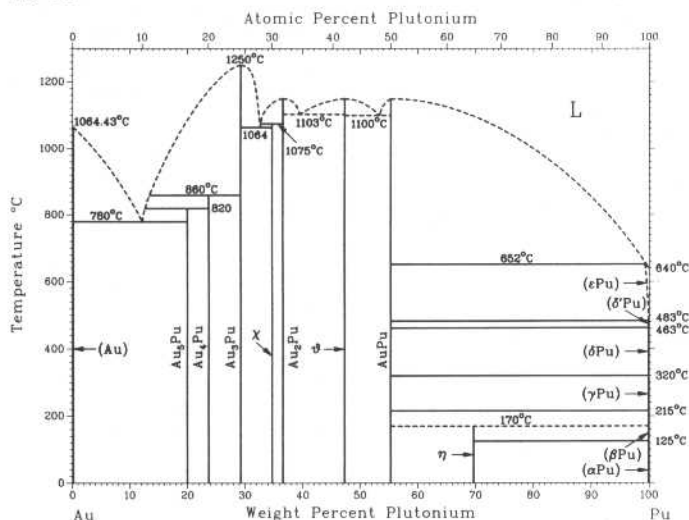


H. Okamoto and T.B. Massalski, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Pt	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au,Pt)	0 to 100	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}$ m
Metastable phases			
Au ₃ Pt	4.9 to 39.8	...	...
AuPt	49.8	(a)	...
AuPt ₃	74.8	...	...

(a) Tetragonal

Au-Pu

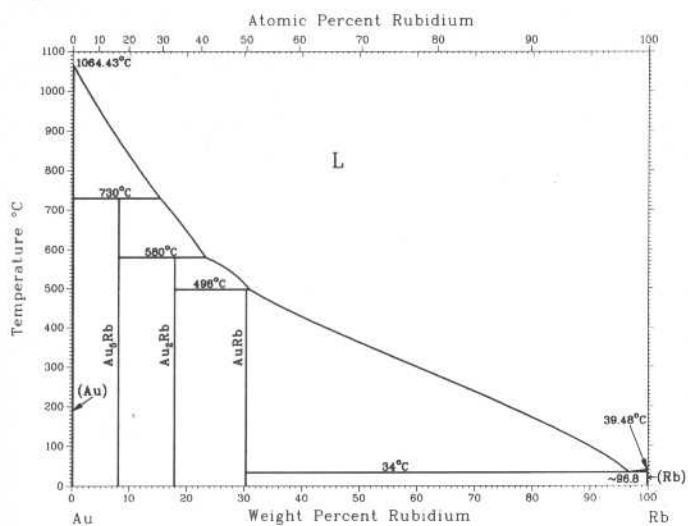


H. Okamoto, T.B. Massalski, and D.E. Peterson, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Pu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Au ₅ Pu (ν)	19.9	Unknown	...
Au ₄ Pu (μ)	23.7	Unknown	...
Au ₃ Pu (λ)	29.2	(a)	...
χ	35	Unknown	...
Au ₂ Pu (ι)	38.2	Unknown	...
θ	47	Unknown	...?
AuPu (ζ)	55.3	Unknown	...
η	70	Unknown	...
(ϵ Pu)	99.2 to 100	<i>cl2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(δ' Pu)	100	<i>tl2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(δ Pu)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(γ Pu)	100	<i>oF8</i>	<i>Fdd</i>
(β Pu)	100	<i>mC34</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
(α Pu)	100	<i>mP16</i>	<i>P2</i> ₁ / <i>m</i>

(a) Hexagonal

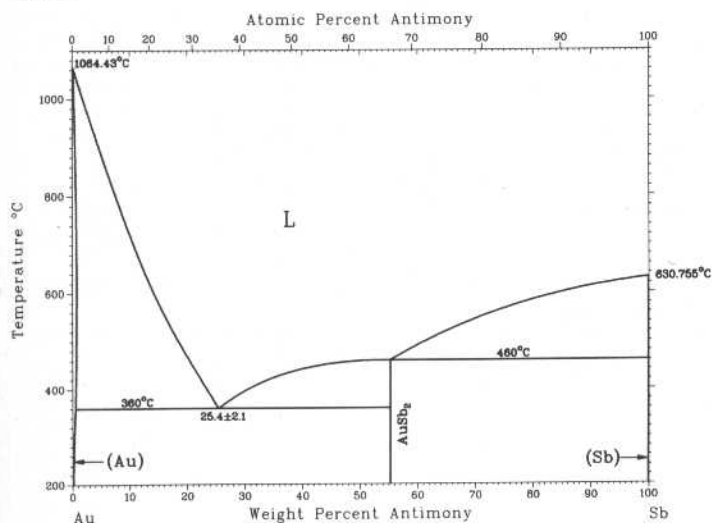
Au-Rb



A.D. Pelton, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Rb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Au ₅ Rb	8.0	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
Au ₂ Rb	17.8	...	...
AuRb	30.3	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(Rb)	100	<i>cl2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

Au-Sb

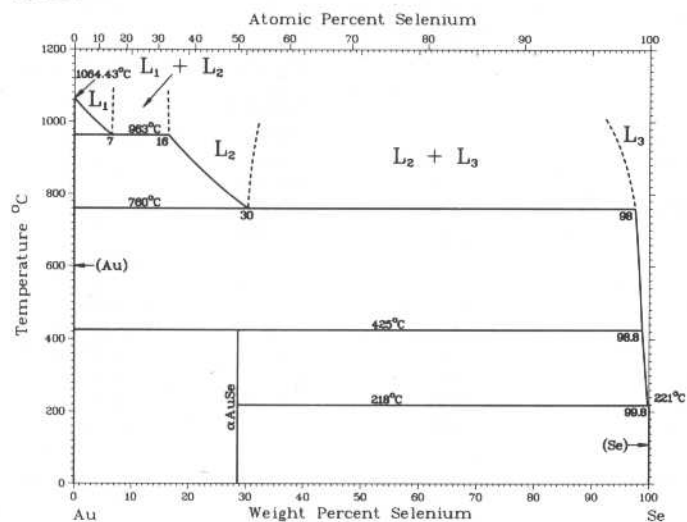


H. Okamoto and T.B. Massalski, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0 to 0.75	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
AuSb ₂	55.3	<i>cP12</i>	<i>Pa</i> $\bar{3}$
(Sb)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Metastable phases			
...	8 to 10	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
...	61 to 76	<i>cP1</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

2•76/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Au-Se

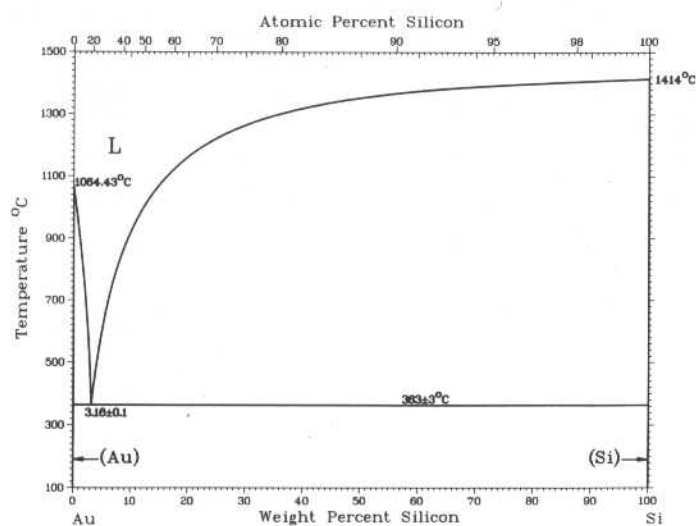


H. Okamoto and T.B. Massalski, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
αAuSe	29	<i>mC24</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
$\beta\text{AuSe(a)}$	29	<i>mC12</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
(γSe)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3$_1$21</i>

(a) Metastable

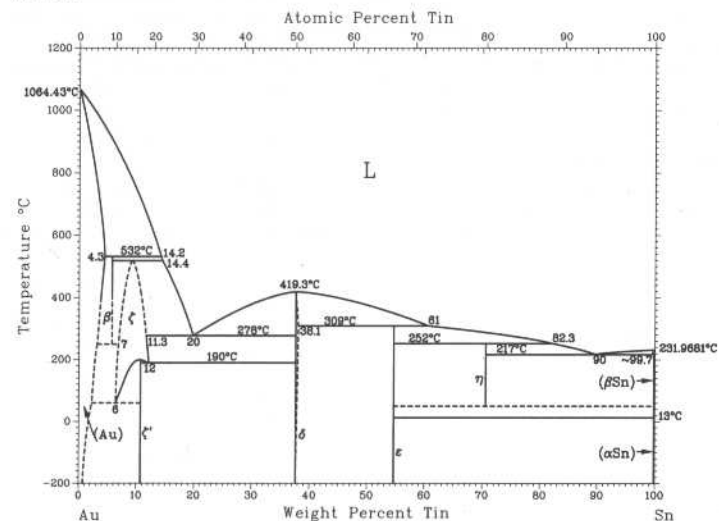
Au-Si



H. Okamoto and T.B. Massalski, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Si)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>

Au-Sn

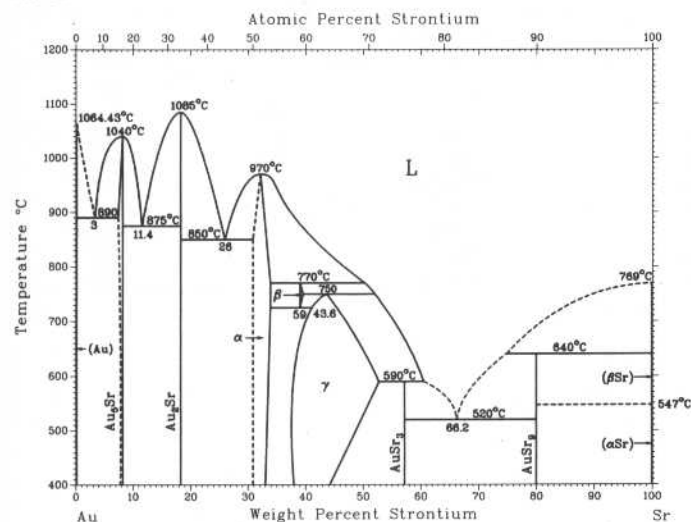


H. Okamoto and T.B. Massalski, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0 to 4.3	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
β or Au_{10}Sn	5.7	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
ζ	7 to 12	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
ζ' or Au_5Sn	10.8	(a)	<i>R$\bar{3}$</i>
δ or AuSn	38 to 38.08	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
ϵ or AuSn_2	54.7	(b)	<i>Pbca</i>
η or AuSn_4	71	<i>oC20</i>	<i>Aba2</i>
(βSn)	99.7 to 100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4$_1$/amd</i>
(αSn)	99.990 to 100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

(a) Hexagonal. (b) Orthorhombic

Au-Sr

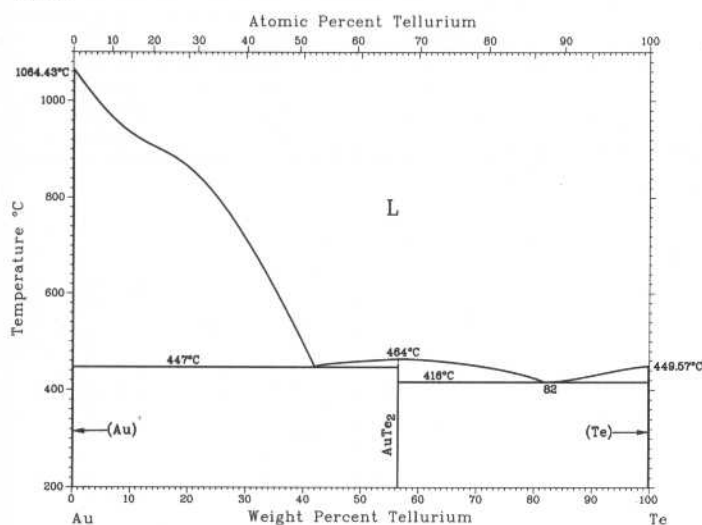


C.B. Alcock, V.P. Itkin, H. Okamoto, and T.B. Massalski, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Sr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Au ₅ Sr	7.7 to 8.2	hP6	$P6/mmm$
Au ₂ Sr	18.2	oI12	$Imma$
α	32.1 to 34	?	...
β	39 to 40	?	...
γ	38.5 to 52.7	?	...
AuSr ₃	57	?(a)	...
AuSr ₉	80	?(b)	...
(βSr)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αSr)	100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

(a) Complex. (b) Hexagonal

Au-Te

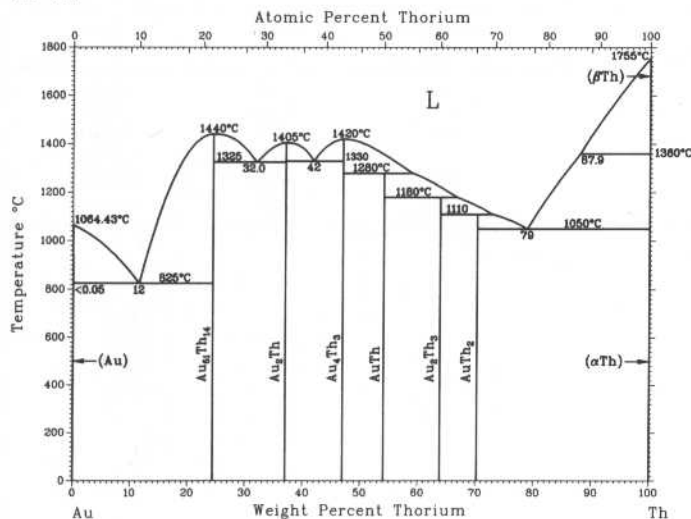


H. Okamoto and T.B. Massalski, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0 to 0.10	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
AuTe ₂ (calaverite)	56.5	mC6	$C2/m$
(Te)	100	hP3	$P3_121$
Metastable phases and other phases			
Petzite (a)	24.4	...	...
Montbrayite(a)	49	aP60	$P1$
Krennerite(a)	56.5	oP24	$Pma2$
(b)	48.9 to 79	cP1	$Pm\bar{3}m$
(c)	91.8	(d)	...
(e)	60 to 100	(f)	...

(a) Natural ore. May be stable only with additional impurities. (b) Splat cooled at room temperature. Complete decomposition in 10 min at 165 °C (>69.6 at.% Te), 8 min at 260 °C or 10 h at 175 °C (62.5 at.% Te). (c) Splat cooled at room temperature. (d) Unidentified structure. (e) Vapor deposition of Te on Au at room temperature. (f) Amorphous

Au-Th



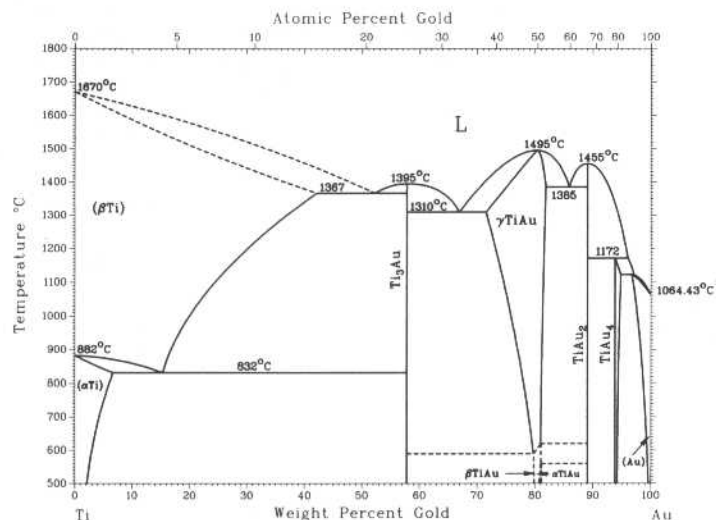
H. Okamoto, T.B. Massalski, and D.E. Peterson, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Th	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	~0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Au ₅₁ Th ₁₄	24.44	hP65	$P6/m$
Au ₂ Th	37.08	hP3	$P6/mmm$
Au ₄ Th ₃	46.91	hR42	$R3$
AuTh	54	oC8	$Cmcm$
Au ₂ Th ₃	64	(a)	...
AuTh ₂	70.21	tI12	$I4/mcm$
(βTh)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αTh)	~100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

(a) Cubic?

2•78/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

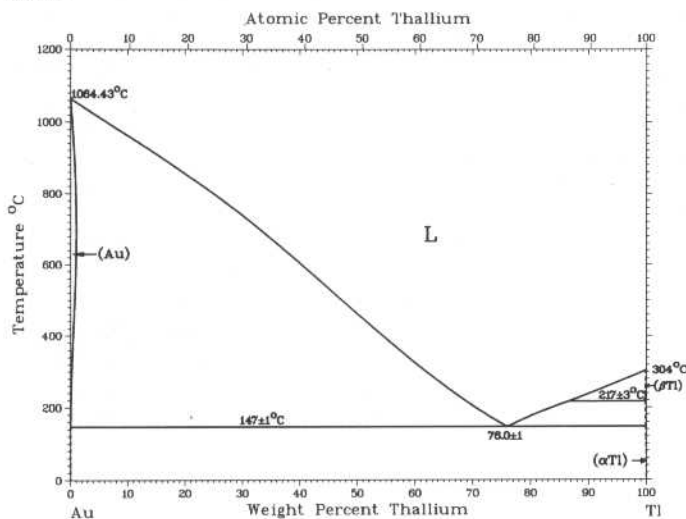
Au-Ti



J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Au	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αTi)	0 to 6.6	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βTi)	0 to 42	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
Ti ₃ Au	58	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm3n</i>
γTiAu	72 to 82	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
βTiAu	80 to 80.4	<i>oP4</i>	<i>Pmma</i>
αTiAu	80.4	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4/nmm</i>
TiAu ₂	89.2	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
TiAu ₄	94 to 95	<i>dI10</i>	<i>I4/m</i>
(Au)	97 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

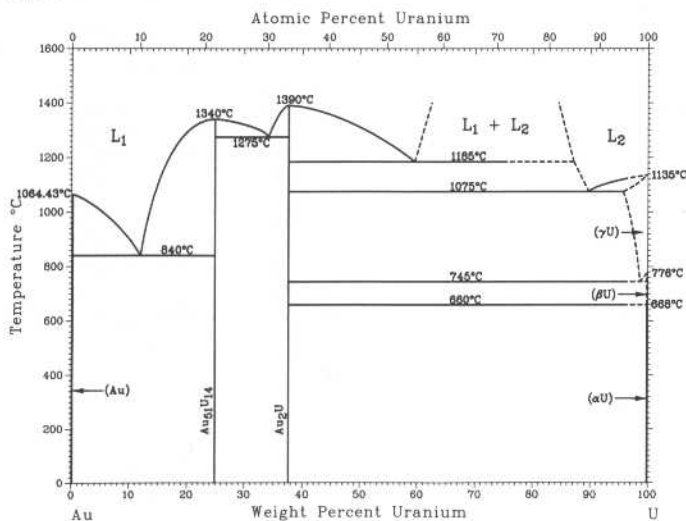
Au-Tl



H. Okamoto and T.B. Massalski, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0 to 1.04	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(αTl)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βTl)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

Au-U

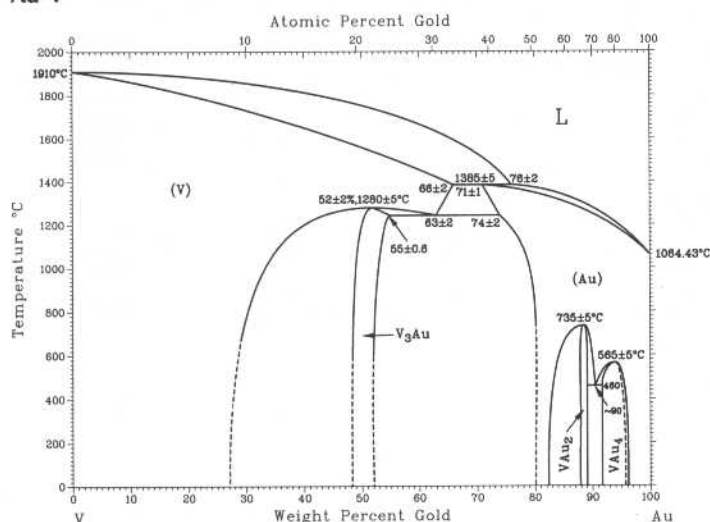


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% U	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
Au ₅₁ U ₁₄	24.9	<i>hP65</i>	<i>P6/m</i>
Au ₂ U	37.6	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
(γU)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(βU)	100	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>
(αU)	100	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>

J.F. Smith, 1989

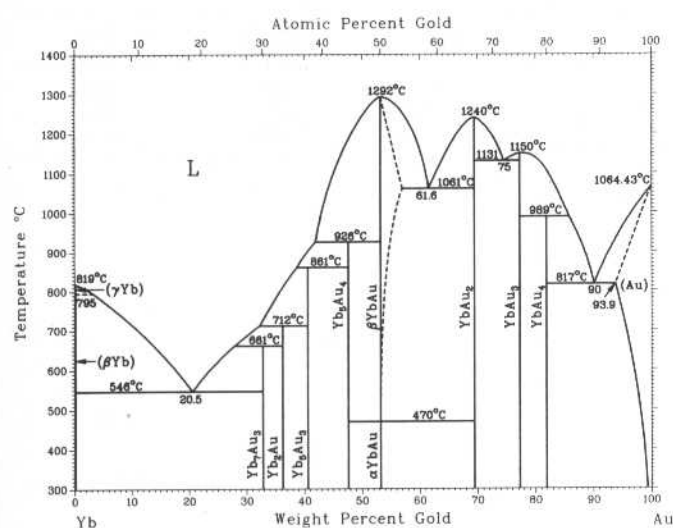
Au-V



Phase	Composition, wt% Au	Pearson symbol	Space group
(V)	0 to ~66	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
V ₃ Au(a)	48 to 55	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}n$</i>
VAu ₂	88 to 89	<i>oC12</i>	(b)
VAu ₄	92 to 96	<i>dI10</i>	<i>I4/m</i>
(Au)	~71 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

(a) In the presence of small amounts of O or N, a second phase with the Cu₃Au-type structure may co-exist with the Cr₃Si-type structure. (b) Crystal structure related to the MoSi₂-type structure, but with a unit cell of twice the size.

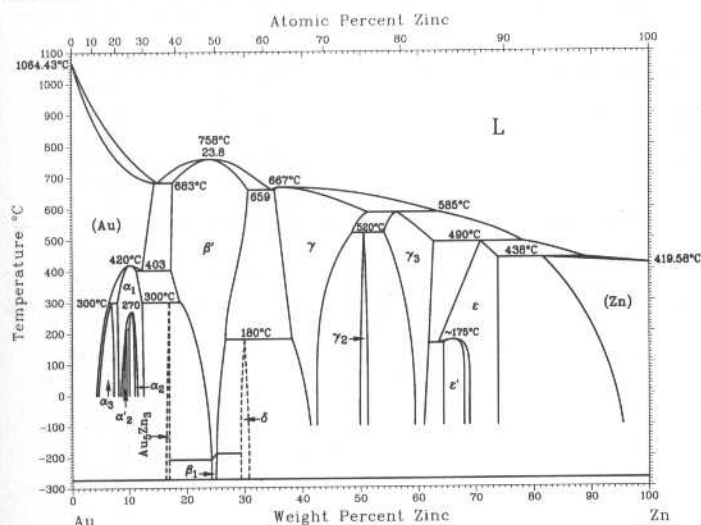
Au-Yb



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr., F.W. Calderwood, H. Okamoto, and T.B. Massalski, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Au	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βYb)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γYb)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Yb ₇ Au ₃	33	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P6₃/mc</i>
Yb ₂ Au	36.2	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Yb ₅ Au ₃	40.6	<i>dI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
Tb ₅ Au ₄	47.6	<i>oP36</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
αYbAu	53	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
βYbAu	53	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
YbAu ₂	69.5	<i>tl6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
YbAu ₂	77	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pmmn</i>
YbAu ₄	82	<i>dI10</i>	<i>I4/m</i>
(Au)	93.9 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

Au-Zn



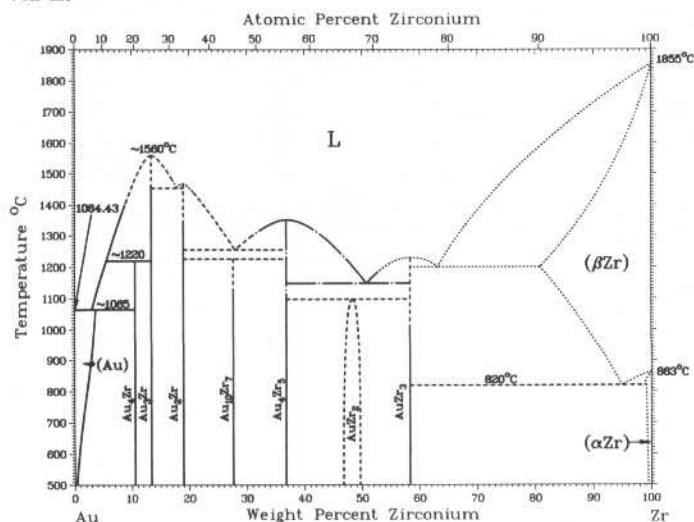
H. Okamoto and T.B. Massalski, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0 to 14	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
α ₃	~4 to 7.4	(a)	<i>Pn$\bar{2}n$ or Pnmn</i>
α ₁	~7.9 to 11.7	(b)	...
α ₂	9.0 to 9.5	(b)	<i>I4₁/acd</i>
α ₂	~9.7 to 10.2	(a)	<i>Abam (Cmca)</i>
Au ₅ Zn ₃	16.6	(a)	...
β'	17 to 31	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
β ₁	24 to 26	?	...
δ	30	?	...
γ	38 to 51	<i>cI52</i>	...
γ ₂	50 to 51	<i>cP32</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
γ ₃	54 to 62.7	<i>hP*</i>	<i>P6₃/mmm</i>
ε	64 to 73	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
ε'	64 to 67	(c)	...
(Zn)	80.4 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

(a) Orthorhombic, antiphase domain. (b) Tetragonal, antiphase domain. (c) Orthorhombic, pseudocell

2•80/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

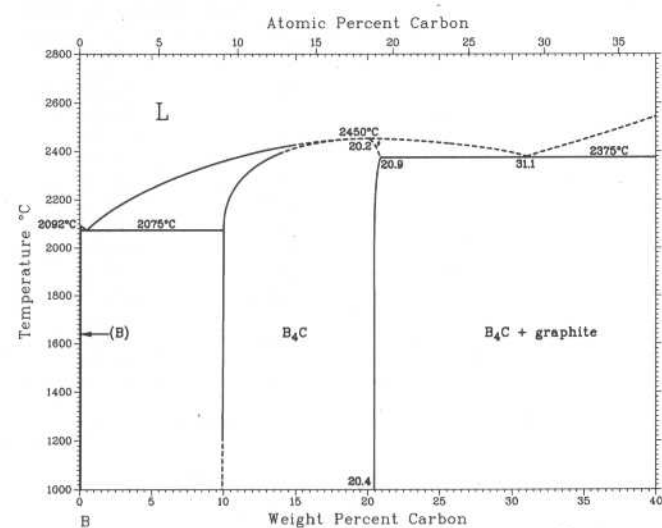
Au-Zr



T.B. Massalski, H. Okamoto, and J.P. Abriata, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Zr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Au)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Au ₄ Zr	10	<i>oP</i> 20	<i>Pnma</i>
Au ₃ Zr	13	<i>oP</i> 8	<i>Pmmn</i>
Au ₂ Zr	18.8	<i>tI</i> 6	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Au ₁₀ Zr ₇	27	<i>tI</i> 34	?
Au ₄ Zr ₅	36.7	...	...
AuZr ₂	48.1	<i>tI</i> 6	<i>I4/mmm</i>
AuZr ₃	58	<i>cP</i> 8	<i>Pm\bar{3}n</i>
(βZr)	100	<i>cI</i> 2	<i>Im\bar{3}m</i>
(αZr)	100	<i>hP</i> 2	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

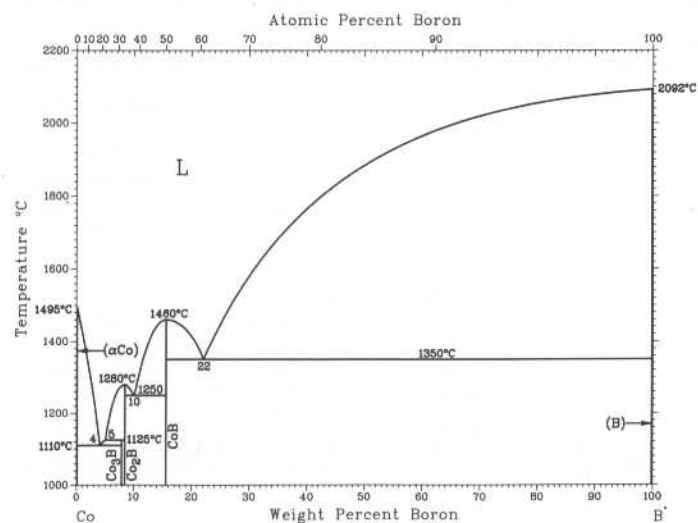
B-C



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% C	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βB)	0	<i>hR</i> 108	$R\bar{3}m$
"B ₄ C"	10 to 20.9	<i>hR</i> 15	$R\bar{3}m$
(C)	100	<i>hP</i> 4	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

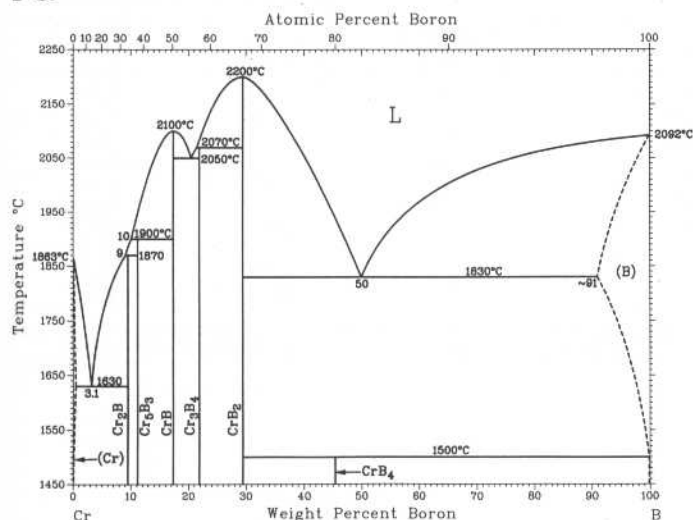
B-Co



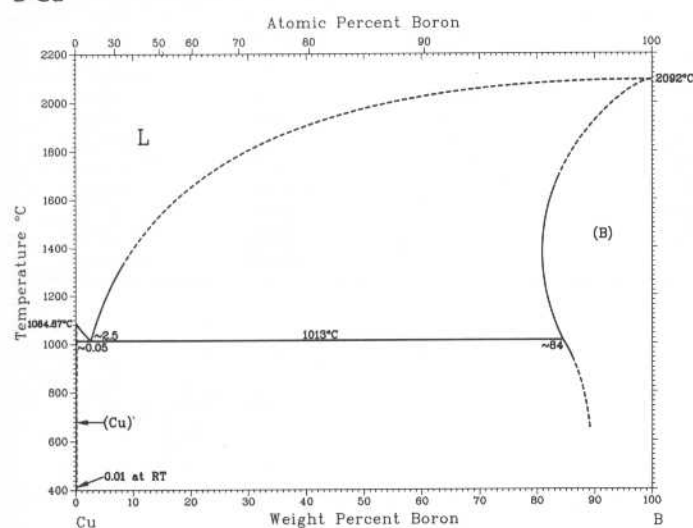
P.K. Liao and K.E. Spear, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% B	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	~0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(εCo)	~0	<i>hP</i> 2	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Co ₃ B	7.8	...	<i>Pbnm</i>
Co ₂ B	8.4	<i>tI</i> 12	<i>I4/mcm</i>
CoB	15.5	<i>oP</i> 8	<i>Pnma</i>
(βB)	100	<i>hR</i> 108	$R\bar{3}m$

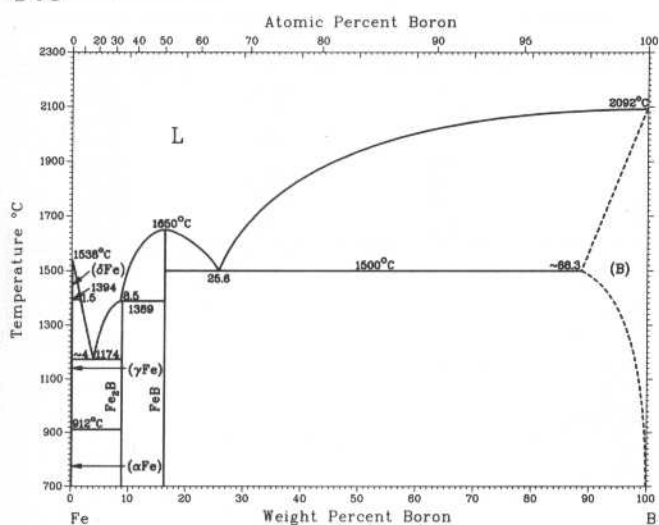
B-Cr



B-Cu



B-Fe



P.K. Liao and K.E. Spear, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% B	Pearson symbol	Space group
(α Cr)	0 to ~ 0.2	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Cr ₄ B(a)	5	<i>oF40</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
Cr ₂ B	9.4	<i>oF40</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
Cr ₂ B(a)	9.4	(b)	<i>Abmm</i>
Cr ₂ B(a)	9.4	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
Cr ₃ B ₃	11.1	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
CrB	17.2	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Cr ₃ B ₄	21.7	<i>oI14</i>	<i>Immm</i>
CrB ₂	29.4	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
CrB ₄	45	(b)	...
CrB ₆ (a)	55.5	(c)	...
(β B)	~91 to 100	<i>hR108</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>

(a) Unstable or stability is uncertain. (b) Orthorhombic. (c) Tetragonal

D.J. Chakrabarti and D.E. Laughlin, 1982

Phase	Composition, wt% B	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0 to ~0.05	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(B)	>80	<i>tP192</i>	<i>P4₁2₁2</i> or <i>P4₃2₁2(?)</i>
(B)	>80	<i>hR105</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β B)	100	<i>hR108</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α B)	100	<i>hR12</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
		<i>tP192</i>	<i>P4₁2₁2</i> or <i>P4₃2₁2(?)</i>

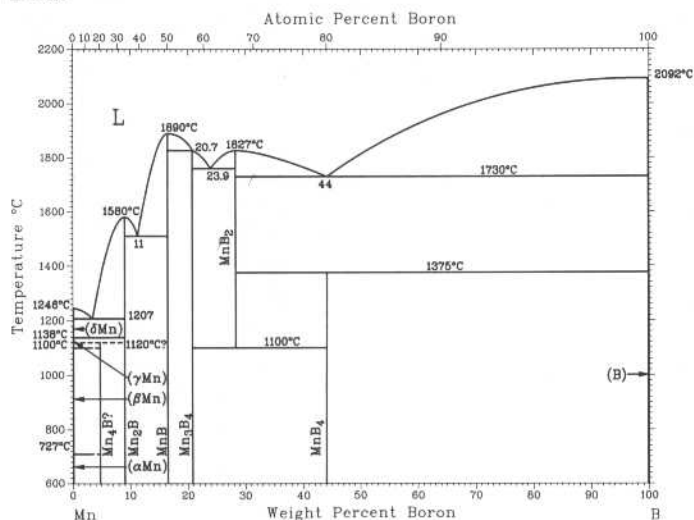
P.K. Liao and K.E. Spear, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt % Fe	Pearson symbol	Space group
(α Fe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Fe ₂ B	8.8	<i>iI12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
FeB	16.0 to 16.2	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pbm\bar{n}</i>
(β B)	100	<i>hR108</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Metastable phases			
Fe ₃ B	~6	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Fe ₃ B(HT)	~6	(a)	...
Fe ₃ B(LT)	~6	(b)	...

(a) bct. (b) Tetragonal

2•82/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

B-Mn

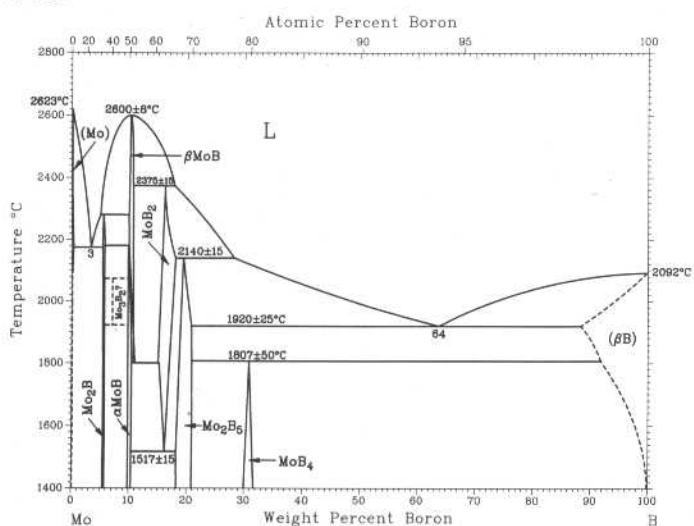


P.K. Liao and K.E. Spear, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% B	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δMn)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Mn ₄ B(a)	5	<i>oF40</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
Mn ₂ B(a)	9.0	(b)	<i>Fddd</i>
	9.0	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
MnB	16	<i>oP</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Mn ₃ B ₄	20.8	<i>oI14</i>	<i>Immm</i>
MnB ₂	28.3	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
MnB ₄	44	(c)	<i>C2/m</i>
MnB ₂₃ (d)	...	<i>hR108</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βB)	100	<i>hR108</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) Probably not thermodynamically stable. Also, orthorhombic Mn₄B and Mn₂B may refer to the same phase. (b) Orthorhombic. (c) Monoclinic. (d) Probably the Mn-rich boundary or rhombohedral B

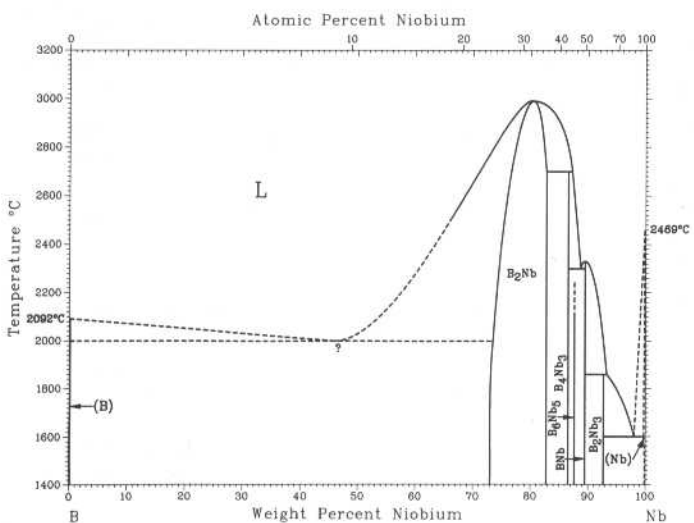
B-Mo



K.E. Spear and P.K. Liao, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% B	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo)	0 to <0.1	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Mo ₂ B	~5	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
αMoB	9 to 10	<i>tI16</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
βMoB	9 to 10.4	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
MoB ₂	16 to 18	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
Mo ₂ B ₅	18.6 to 20	<i>hR21</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
MoB ₄	~30	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βB)	>92 to 100	<i>hR108</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$

B-Nb

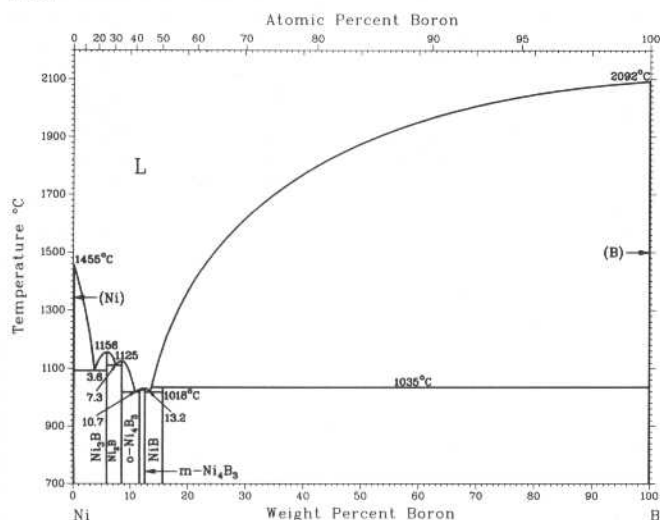


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Nb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βB)	0	<i>hR108</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
B ₂ Nb	73 to 83	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
B ₄ Nb ₃	86.6	<i>oI14</i>	<i>Immm</i>
B ₆ Nb ₅	87.8	<i>oC*</i>	<i>Cmmm</i>
BNb	90	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
B ₂ Nb ₃	93	<i>tP10</i>	<i>P4/mbm</i>
(Nb)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

P.K. Liao and K.E. Spear, 1991

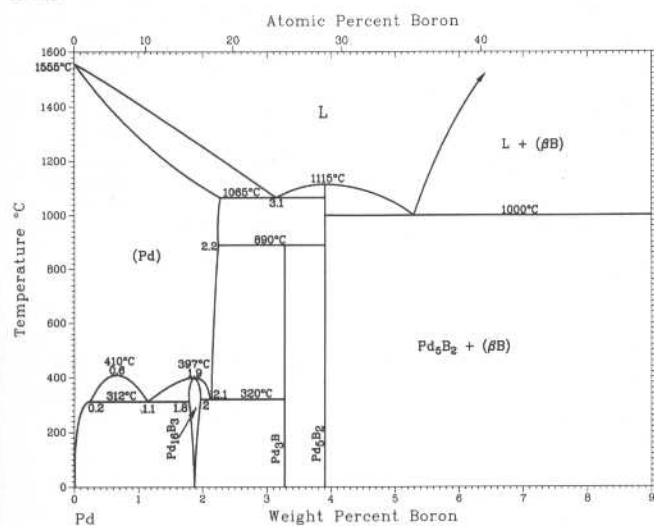
B-Ni



Phase	Composition, wt% B	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ni ₃ B	6	<i>oP6</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Ni ₂ B	8.4	<i>dI12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
Ni ₄ B ₃	11.5	(a)	<i>Pnma</i>
Ni ₄ B ₃	12.5	(b)	<i>C2/c</i>
NiB	16	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
NiB ₂ (c)	26.9	(d)	...
NiB ₁₂ (c)	68.8	(d)	...
(β B)	100	<i>hR108</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>

(a) Orthorhombic. (b) Monoclinic. (c) Existence of these compounds has been reported, but is highly unlikely. (d) Cubic

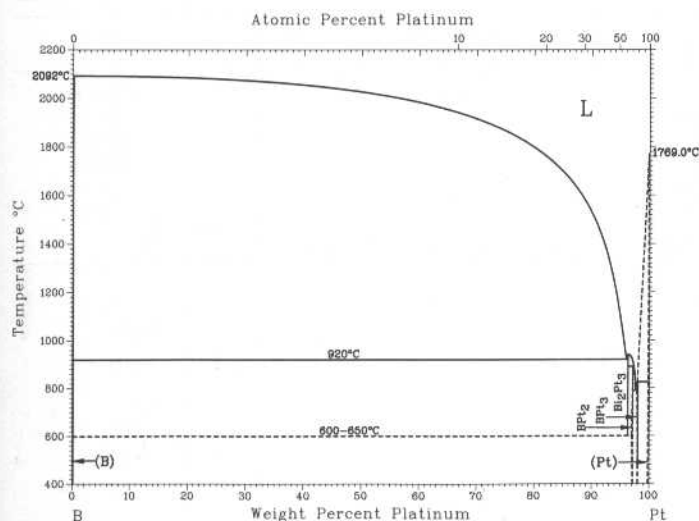
B-Pd



P.K. Liao and K.E. Spear, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% B	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pd)	0.00 to 2.2	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Pd ₁₆ B ₃	1.9	...	...
Pd ₃ B	3.4	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Pd ₅ B ₂	3.9	<i>mC28</i>	<i>C2/c</i>
(β B)	100	<i>hR105</i>	<i>FR$\bar{3}m$</i>

B-Pt

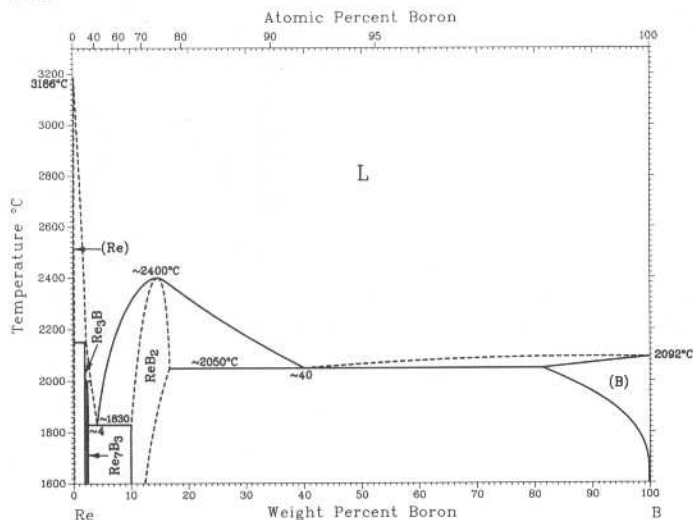


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Pt	Pearson symbol	Space group
(β B)	0	<i>hR108</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
B ₂ Pt ₃	96	...	...
BPt ₂	97.3	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6$\bar{3}/mmc$</i>
BPt ₃	98	<i>I**</i>	...
(Pt)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

2•84/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

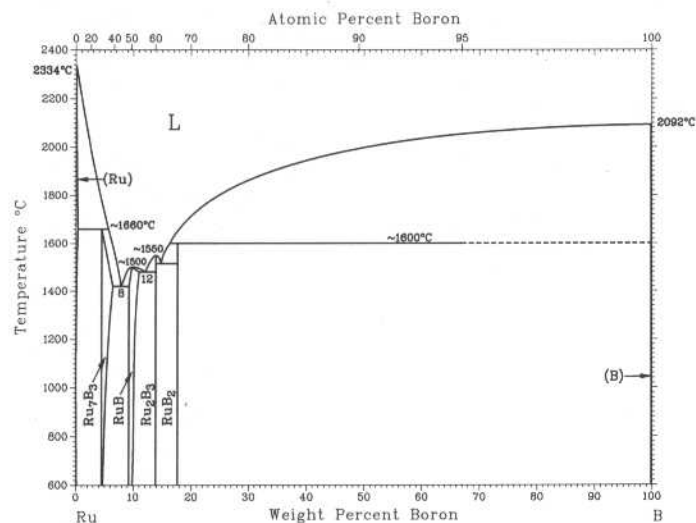
B-Re



K.I. Portnoi and V.M. Romashov, 1972

Phase	Composition, wt% B	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Re)	0 to ~0.06	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Re ₃ B	~2	<i>oC16</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Re ₇ B ₃	~2.4	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P6₃/mc</i>
ReB ₂	~10 to ~17	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(B)	~85 to 100	<i>hR105</i>	<i>R3m</i>

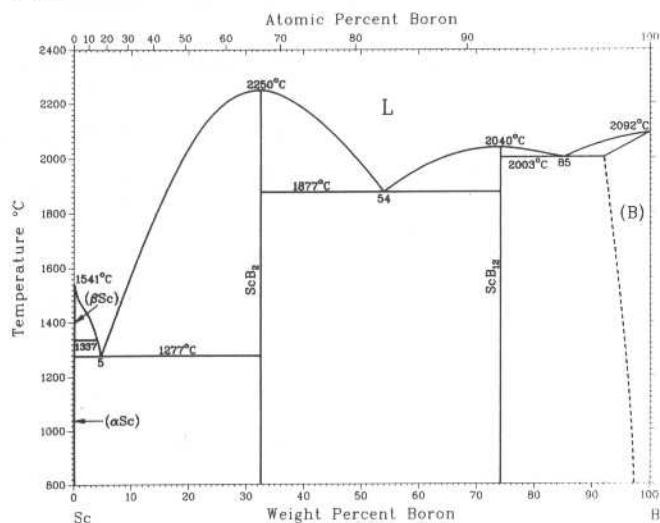
B-Ru



W. Obrowski, 1963

Phase	Composition, wt% B	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ru)	0 to ~0.2	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Ru ₇ B ₃	~4 to 6	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P6₃/mc</i>
RuB	~9 to 11	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mc</i>
Ru ₂ B ₃	14	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
RuB ₂	17.6	<i>oP6</i>	<i>Pmmn</i>
(B)	~100	<i>hR105</i>	<i>R3m</i>

B-Sc

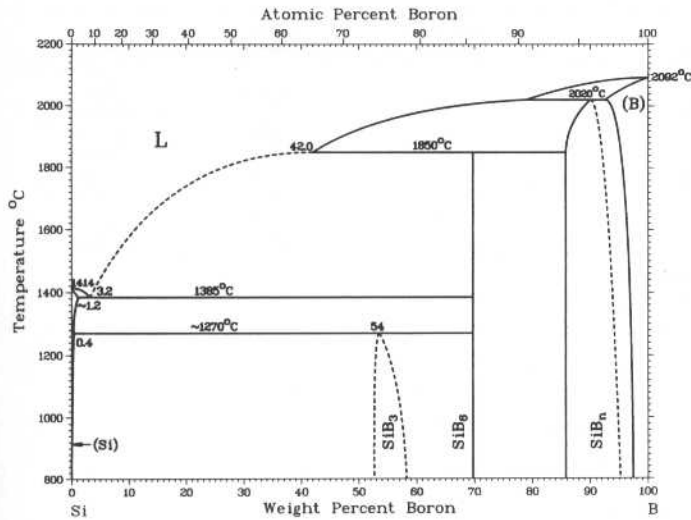


K.E. Spear and P.K. Liao, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% B	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αSc)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βSc)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
ScB ₂	33	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6₃/mmm</i>
ScB ₁₂	73	<i>tI26</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
ScB ₂₀	(a)	...	...
(βB)	100	<i>hR108</i>	<i>R3m</i>

(a) Metastable, rhombohedral (βB)

B-Si

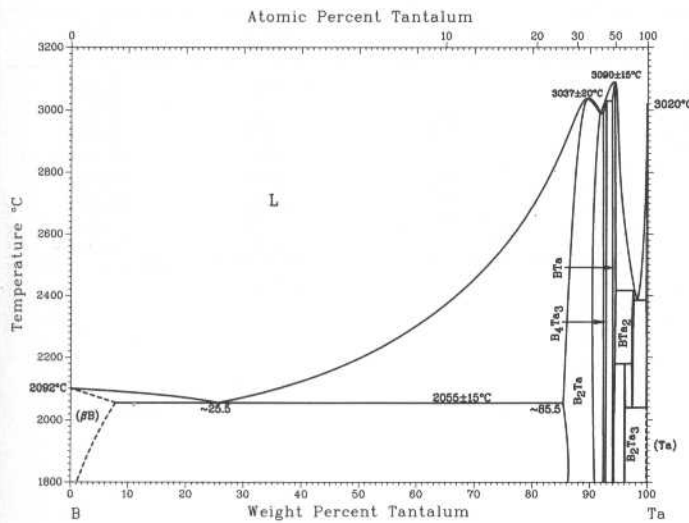


R.W. Olesinski and G.J. Abbaschian, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt% B	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αSi)	0 to ~1.2	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
(βSi) (HP)	0	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
SiB ₃	52.7 to 58.4	<i>hR15</i>	<i>R3m</i>
SiB ₆	69.8	<i>oP280</i>	<i>Pnnm</i>
SiB _n	84.3 to ~93	<i>hR12</i>	<i>R3m</i>
(B)	~93 to ~100	<i>hR12</i>	<i>R3m</i>
(BB)(a)	100	<i>hR105</i>	<i>R3m</i>

(a) Assumed to be the only stable phase of pure B

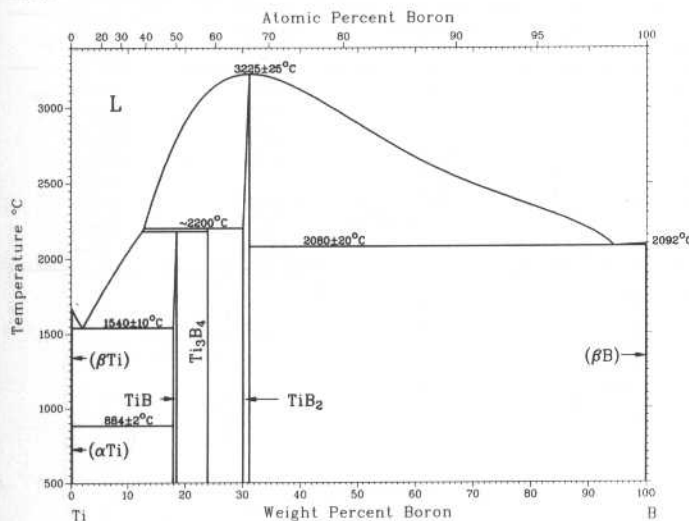
B-Ta



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Ta	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βB)	0 to ~2	<i>hR108</i>	<i>R3m</i>
B ₂ Ta	~85.5 to 91	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6₃/mmm</i>
B ₄ Ta ₃	92.4 to 92.9	<i>oI14</i>	<i>Immm</i>
BTa	94 to 95	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
B ₂ Ta ₃	96.0 to 96.3	<i>tP10</i>	<i>P4/mbm</i>
BTa ₂	97.4 to 97.7	<i>dI12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
(Ta)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

B-Ti

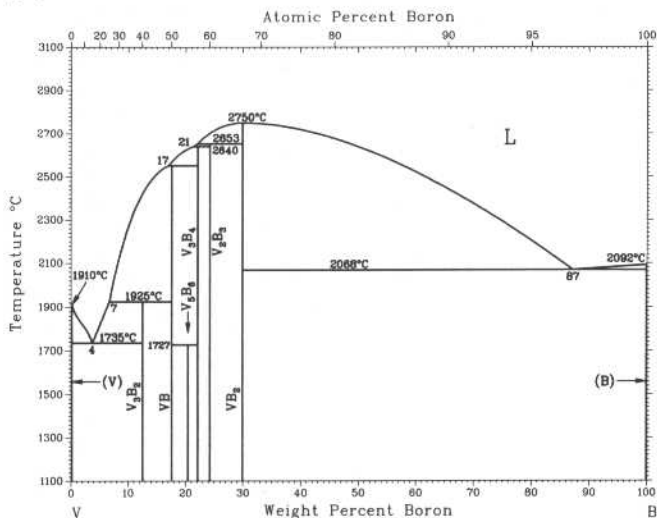


J.L. Murray, P.K. Liao, and K.E. Spear, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% B	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αTi)	0 to <0.05	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βTi)	0 to <0.05	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
TiB	18 to 18.4	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Ti ₃ B ₄	22.4	<i>oI14</i>	<i>Immm</i>
TiB ₂	30.1 to 31.1	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6₃/mmm</i>
(βB)	~100	<i>hR108</i>	<i>R3m</i>

2•86/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

B-V

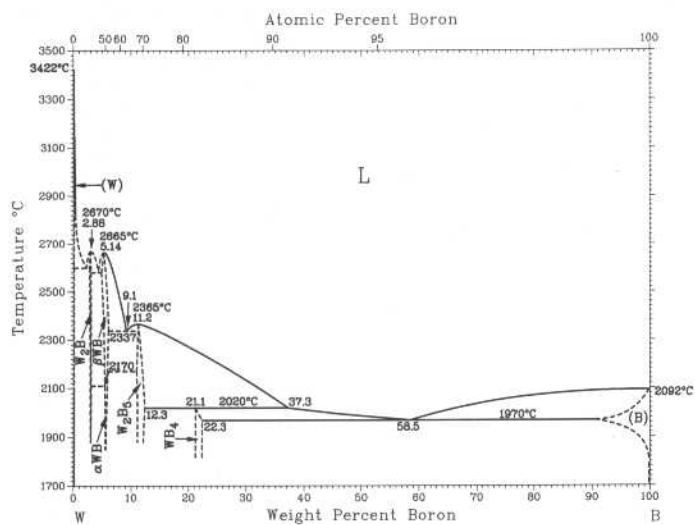


K.E. Spear, P.K. Liao, and J.F. Smith, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% B	Pearson symbol	Space group
(V)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
V ₃ B ₂	12	<i>tP10</i>	<i>P4/mbm</i>
VB	18	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
V ₃ B ₆	20.3	(a)	<i>Ammn</i>
V ₃ B ₄	22	<i>oI14</i>	<i>Immm</i>
V ₂ B ₃	24	(a)	<i>Cmcm</i>
VB ₂	30	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
(βB)	100	<i>hR108</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) Orthorhombic

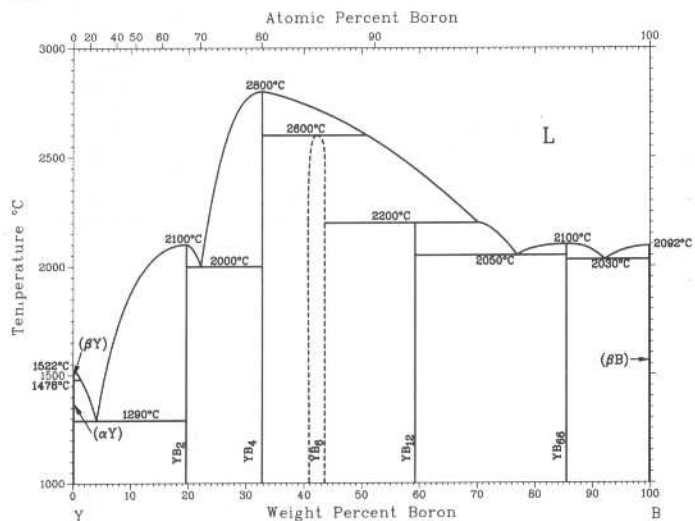
B-W



S.V. Nagender Naidu and P. Rama Rao, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% B	Pearson symbol	Space group
(W)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
W ₂ B	2.9	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
βWB	5.2	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
αWB	5.4	<i>tI16</i>	<i>I4₁amd</i>
W ₂ B ₅	11.1	<i>hP14</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
WB ₄	21.1	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(B)	100	<i>hR12</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
		<i>tP50</i>	<i>P4₂/nnm</i>

B-Y

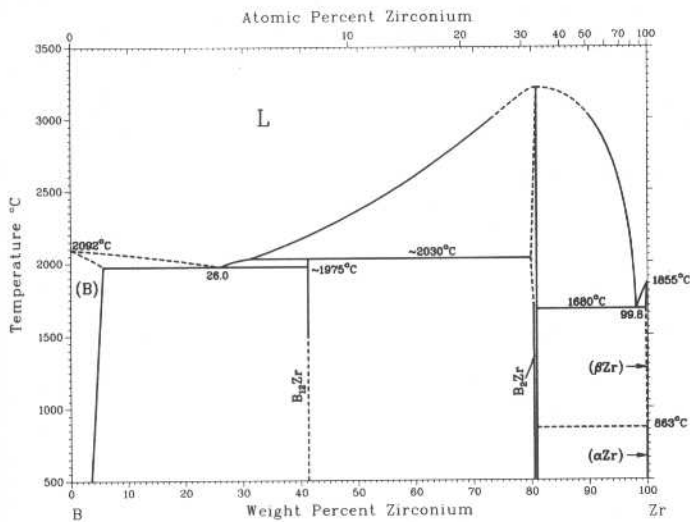


P.K. Liao and K.E. Spear, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% B	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βY)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(α)Y	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
YB ₂	19.6	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
YB ₄	32.7	<i>tP20</i>	<i>P4/mbm</i>
YB ₆	42.2	<i>cP7</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
YB ₁₂	59.3	<i>cF52</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
YB ₆₆	85.6	...	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}c$
(βB)	100	<i>hR108</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$

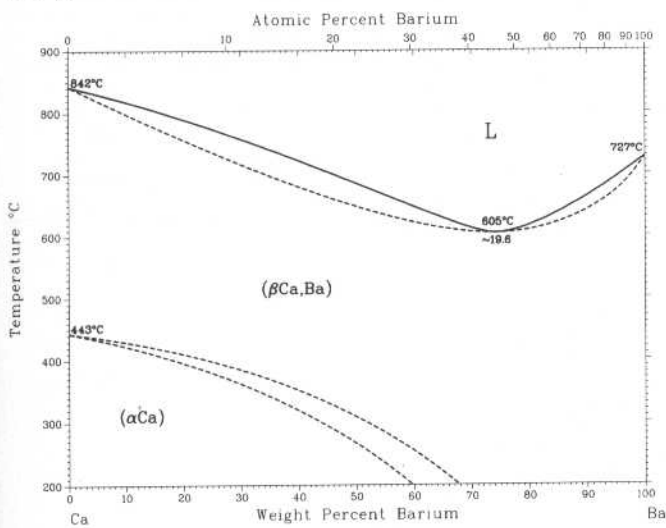
From [Zirconium]

B-Zr



Phase	Composition, wt% Zr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(B)	~0	<i>hR105</i>	<i>R3m</i>
B ₁₂ Zr	40.9	<i>cF52</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
B ₂ Zr	80 to 83.8	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
(βZr)	99.8 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αZr)	~100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

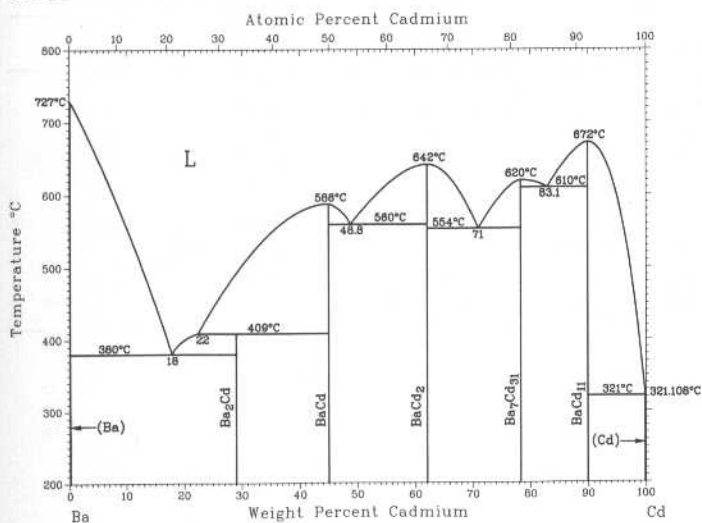
Ba-Ca



C.B. Alcock and V.P. Itkin, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% Ba	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCa)	0 to 60	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(βCa, Ba)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

Ba-Cd

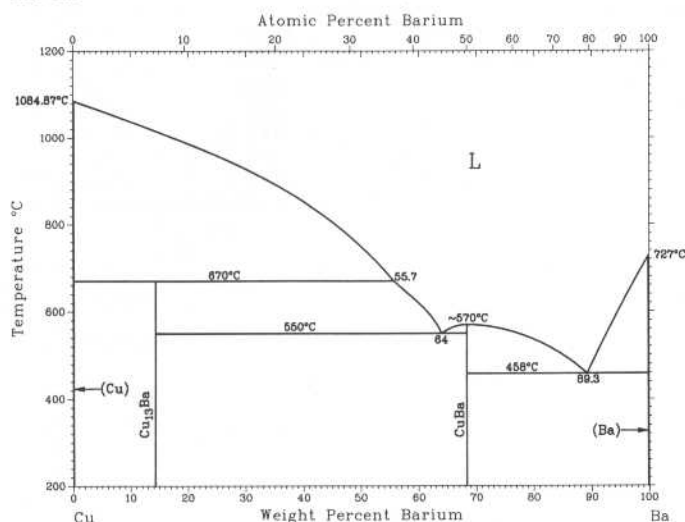


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Cd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ba)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
Ba ₂ Cd	29.0	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
BaCd	45	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
BaCd ₂	62.1	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
Ba ₇ Cd ₃₁	78.4	<i>hP41</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
BaCd ₁₁	90.0	<i>tI48</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(Cd)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

2•88/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

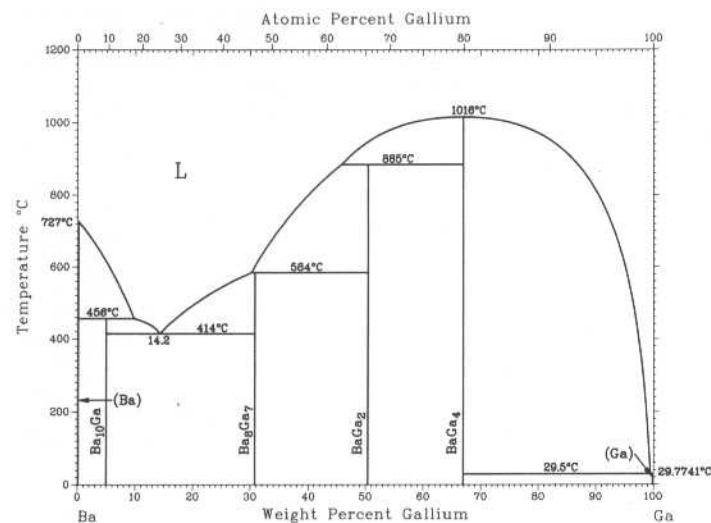
Ba-Cu



D.J. Chakrabarti and D.E. Laughlin, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt% Ba	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Cu_{13}Ba	14.25	<i>cF112</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}c$</i>
CuBa	68.3	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
(Ba)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Pressure-stabilized phase			
Ba	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>

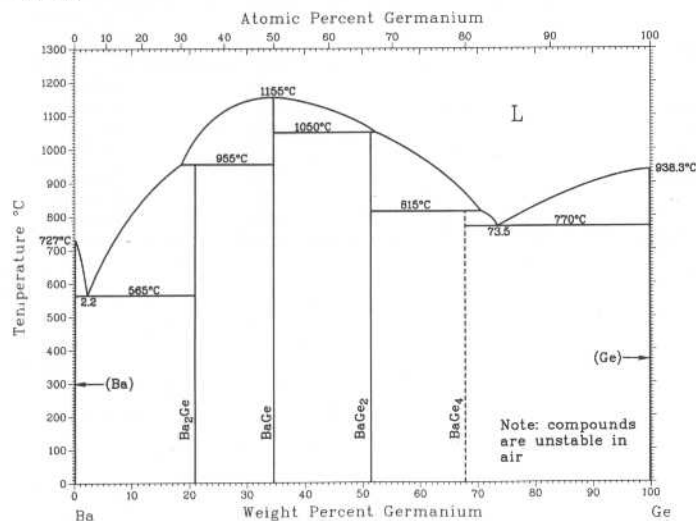
Ba-Ga



V.P. Itkin and C.B. Alcock, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ga	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ba)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ba_{10}Ga	4.8	<i>cF176</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ba_8Ga_7	30.8	<i>cP60</i>	<i>P2$_1$3</i>
BaGa_2	50.4	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmm</i>
BaGa_4	67	<i>tI10</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(Ga)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>

Ba-Ge



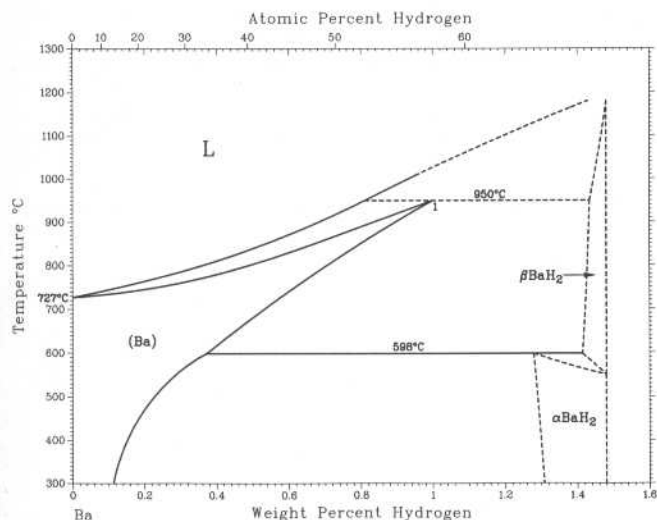
P.R. Subramanian, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ba)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ba_2Ge	20.9	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
BaGe	35	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
BaGe_2	51.4	<i>cP84</i>	<i>P4$_1$32</i>
BaGe_4	68	...	...
(Ge)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
High-pressure phase			
$\text{BaGe}_2(\text{a})$	51.4	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4$_1$/amd</i>

(a) Prepared at 1000 °C, 40 kbar pressure

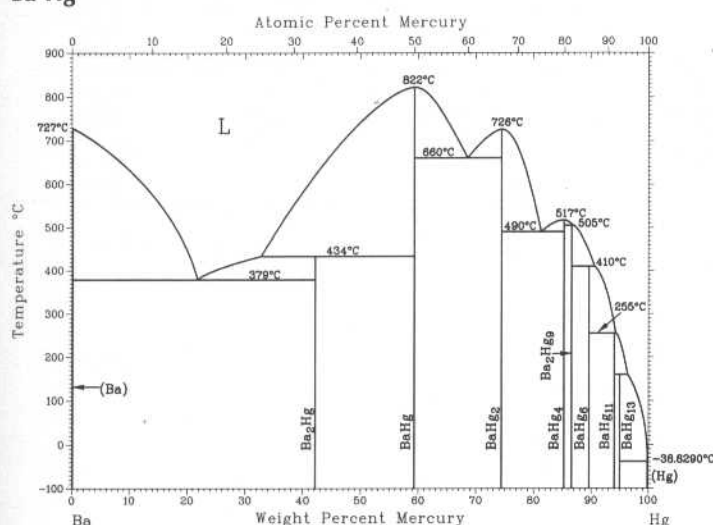
D.T. Peterson and M. Indig, 1960

Ba-H



Phase	Composition, wt% H	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ba)	0 to 1	<i>cf</i> 2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
α BaH ₂	~1.3 to 1.5	<i>oP</i> 12	<i>Pnma</i>
β BaH ₂	~1.4 to 1.5	<i>cf</i> *	...

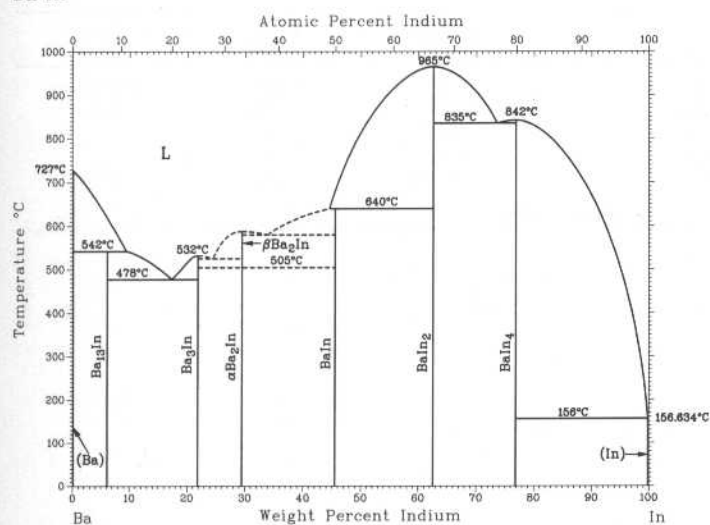
Ba-Hg



P.R. Subramanian, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Hg	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ba)	0	<i>cf</i> 2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ba ₂ Hg	42.2	<i>tl</i> 6	<i>I4/mmm</i>
BaHg	59	<i>cP</i> 2	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
BaHg ₂	74.5	<i>oI</i> 12	<i>Imma</i>
BaHg ₄	85	...	...
Ba ₂ Hg ₉	~86.7	<i>hP</i> 38	<i>P6/mmm</i>
BaHg ₆	~89.8	...	...
BaHg ₁₁	~94.1	<i>cP</i> 36	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
BaHg ₁₃	~95	...	...
(Hg)	~100	<i>hR</i> 1	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$

Ba-In

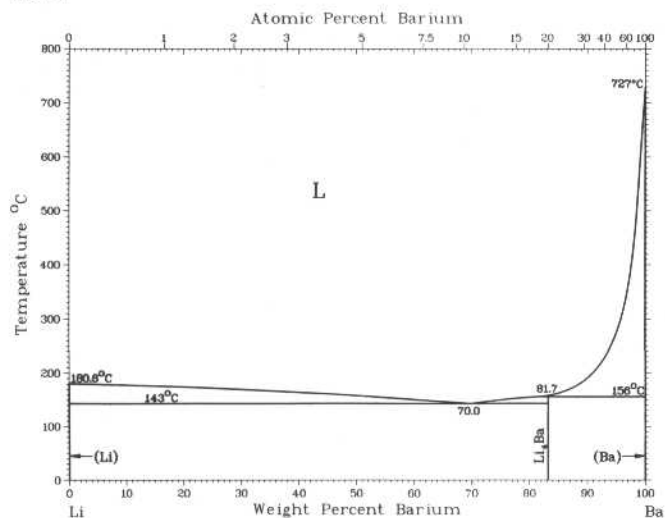


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ba)	0	<i>cf</i> 2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ba ₁₃ In	6.0	...	...
Ba ₃ In	22	...	...
β Ba ₂ In	29.5	...	...
α Ba ₂ In	29.5	...	...
BaIn	46	(a)	...
BaIn ₂	62.6	<i>oI</i> 12	<i>Imma</i>
BaIn ₄	77	<i>tl</i> 10	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(In)	100	<i>tl</i> 2	<i>I4/mmm</i>

2•90/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Ba-Li

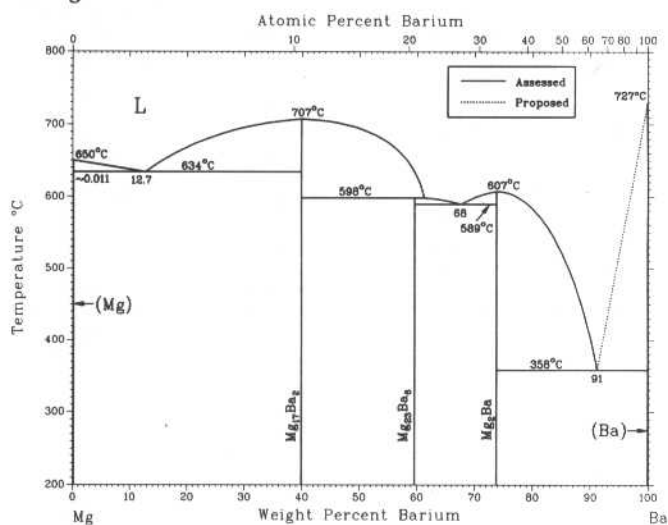


A.D. Pelton, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt% Ba	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βLi)	0	<i>cf</i> 2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αLi)(a)	0	<i>hP</i> 2	<i>P</i> 6 ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Li ₄ Ba	83	<i>hP</i> 30	<i>P</i> 6 ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(Ba)	100	<i>cf</i> 2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

(a) Exists below -201 °C

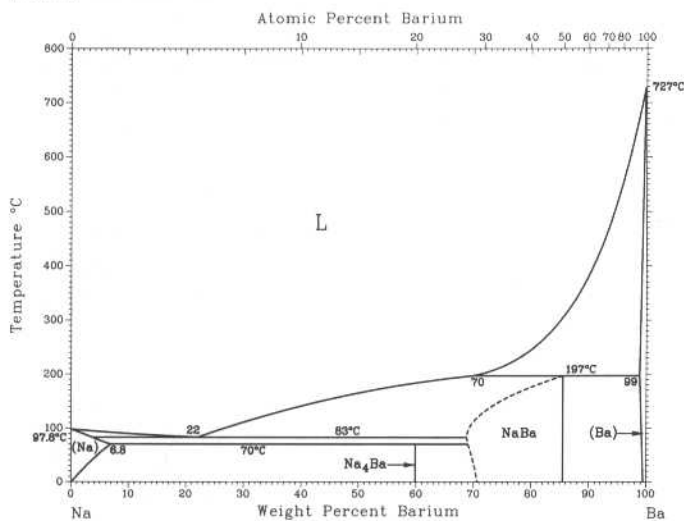
Ba-Mg



A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Ba	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0.0 to -0.011	<i>hP</i> 2	<i>P</i> 6 ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Mg ₁₇ Ba ₂	39.94	<i>hR</i> 19	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Mg ₂₃ Ba ₆	59.58	<i>cF</i> 116	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Mg ₂ Ba	73.85	<i>hP</i> 12	<i>P</i> 6 ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(αBa)	100	<i>cf</i> 2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

Ba-Na

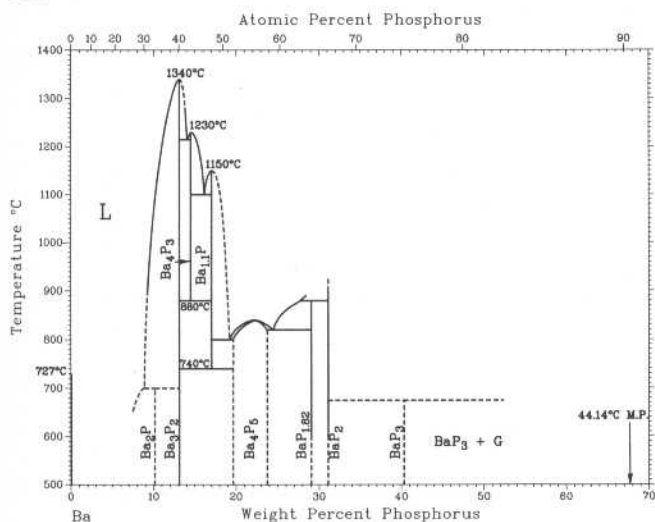


A.D. Pelton, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt% Ba	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αNa)	0	<i>hP</i> 2	<i>P</i> 6 ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(βNa)	0 to 6.8	<i>cf</i> 2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Na ₄ Ba	60	(a)	...
NaBa	69 to 86	(b)	...
(Ba)	99 to 100	<i>cf</i> 2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

(a) Tetragonal. (b) Orthorhombic

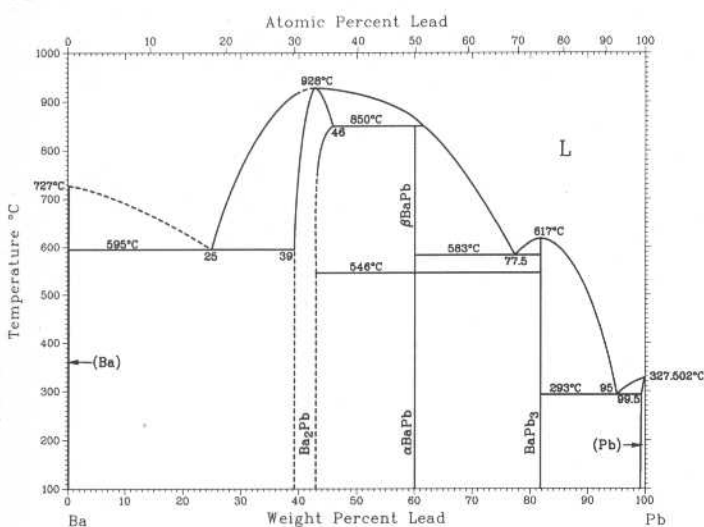
Ba-P



P.R. Subramanian, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% P	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ba)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ba ₂ P	10.1	...	...
Ba ₃ P ₂	13	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}3d$
Ba ₄ P ₃	~14.5	...	...
Ba ₁₁ P	~17.0	...	...
Ba ₄ P ₅	~22.0	...	...
BaP _{1.82}	~29.0	...	...
BaP ₂	31.1	...	...
BaP ₃	40	<i>mC16</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
Ba ₃ P ₁₄	~51.3	<i>mP34</i>	<i>P21/a</i>
BaP ₁₀	~69.3	<i>oC44</i>	<i>Cmc21</i>

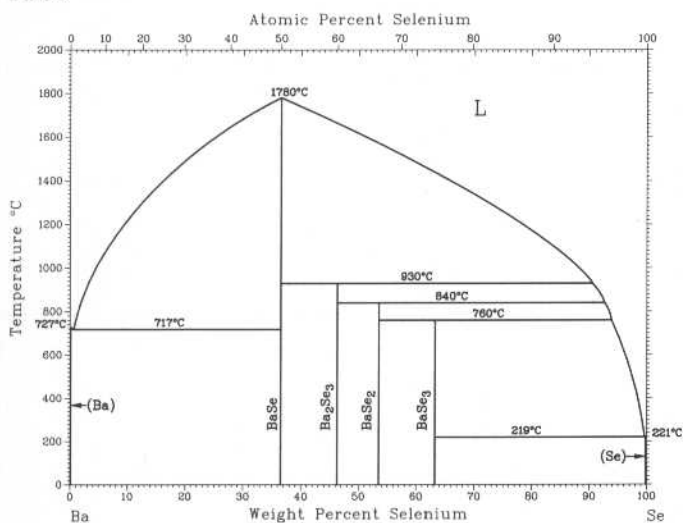
Ba-Pb



From [Hansen]

Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ba)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ba ₂ Pb	~39 to 43.0	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
β BaPb	60	...	...
α BaPb	60	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
BaPb ₃	82	<i>hR12</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Pb)	99.5 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

Ba-Se

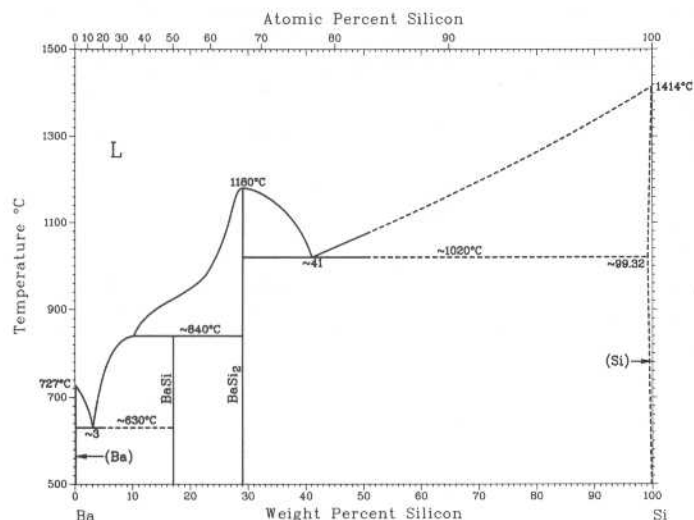


H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ba)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
BaSe	37	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ba ₂ Se ₃	46	...	...
BaSe ₂	53.5	<i>mC12</i>	<i>C2/c</i>
BaSe ₃	63	<i>tP8</i>	<i>P421m</i>
(γ Se)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3121</i>

2•92/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Ba-Si

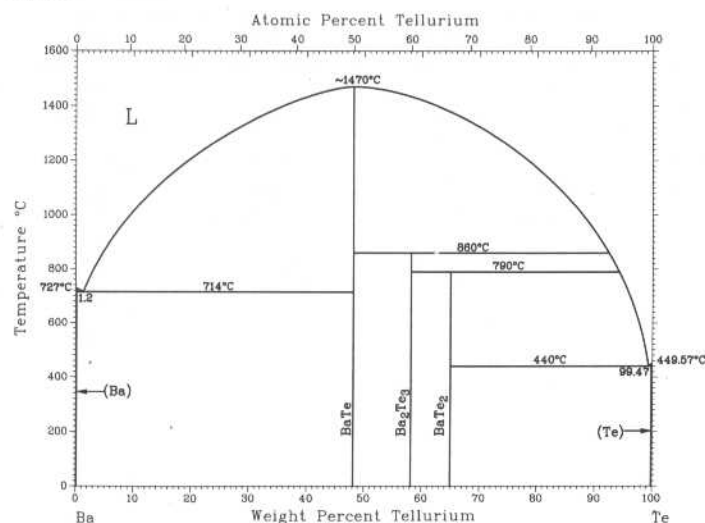


I. Obinata, Y. Takeuchi, K. Kurihara, and M. Watanabe, 1964

Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ba)	~0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ba ₂ Si(a)	9.3	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Ba ₅ Si ₃ (a)	10.9	<i>tP32</i>	<i>P4/ncc</i>
BaSi	17	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ba ₃ Si ₄	21.4	<i>tP28</i>	<i>P4₂/mmn</i>
BaSi ₂	29.1	<i>oP24</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
		<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6₃/mmn</i>
(Si)	~100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) Found after the diagram was constructed

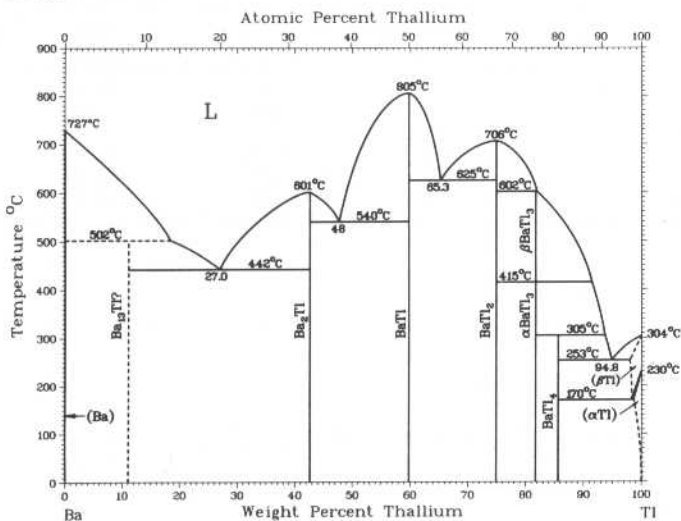
Ba-Te



H. Okamoto, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ba)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
BaTe	48	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ba ₂ Te ₃	58	...	...
BaTe ₂	65.1	...	...
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>

Ba-Tl

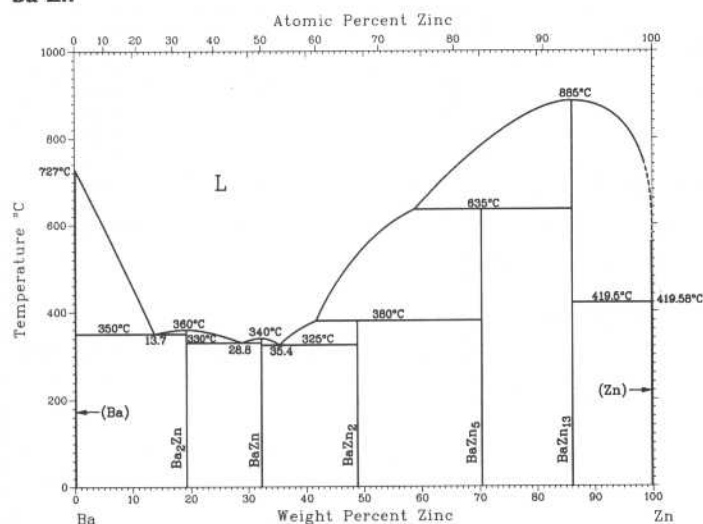


G. Bruzzone, 1966

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ba)	~0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ba ₁₃ Tl	~10	...	...
Ba ₂ Tl	42.6	...	...
BaTl	60	...	...
BaTl ₂	74.9	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
αBaTl ₃	79	...	...
βBaTl ₃	79	...	...
BaTl ₄	86	...	...
(βTl)	~98 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(αTl)	~98.7 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

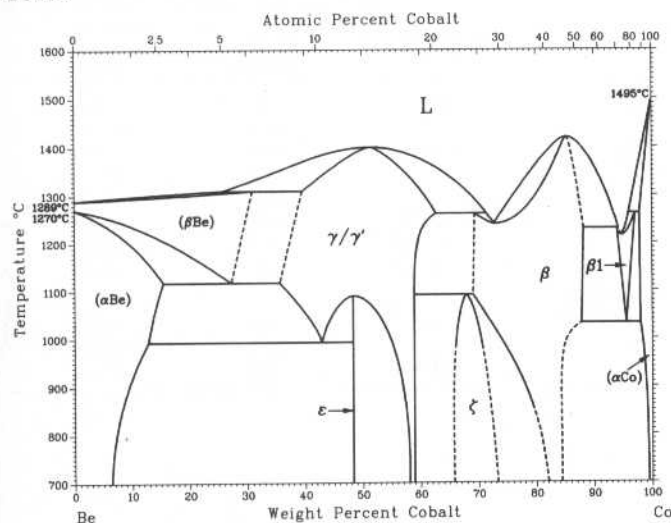
H. Okamoto, 1991

Ba-Zn



Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ba)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ba ₂ Zn	19.2	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
BaZn	32	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
BaZn ₂	48.8	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
BaZn ₅	70.4	<i>oC25</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
BaZn ₁₃	86.2	<i>cF112</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}c$
(Zn)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Be-Co

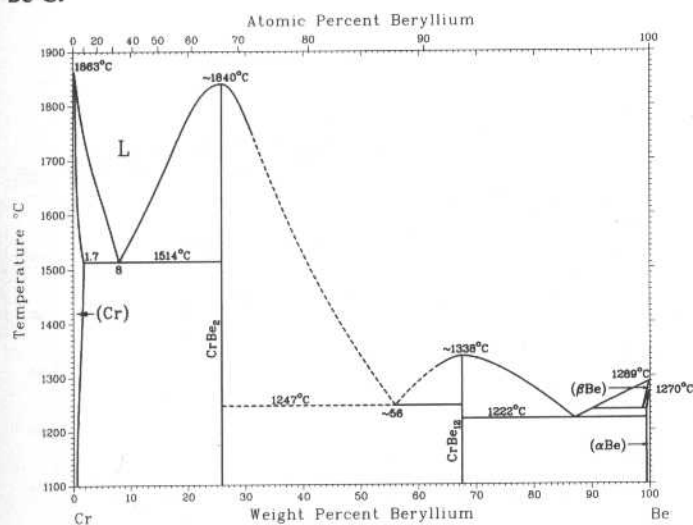


H. Okamoto, L.E. Tanner, and T. Nishizawa, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Co	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βBe)	0 to 29	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αBe)	0 to 15.61	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Be ₁₂ Co	(a)	<i>tI26</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
γ	34.7 to ?	<i>cI52</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
γ'	? to 62	<i>cF416</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
ε	-47	<i>hP19</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
δ	(a)	<i>hP48</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
β'	(a)	<i>cF24</i>	<i>F43m</i>
ζ'	(a)	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
ζ	(b)	?	?
β	66 to 70	<i>hP96</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
β1	70 to 88	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
β1	94 to 97	<i>cI2?</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αCo)	98 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(εCo)	99.9 to 100(a)	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Metastable phases			
...	-86.7	(c)	?
...	91 to 97	(d)	?

(a) Not shown in the assessed diagram. (b) Orthorhombic. (c) bct. (d) Tetragonal

Be-Cr

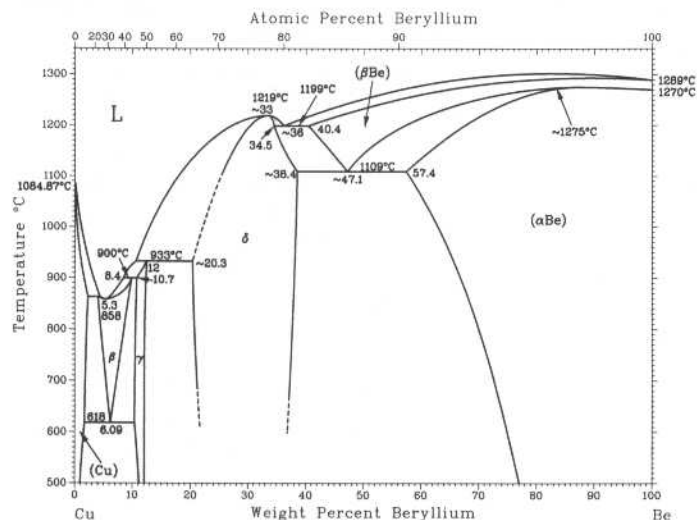


M. Venkatraman and J.P. Neumann, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Be	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)	0 to 1.7	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
CrBe ₂	25.8 to ~26	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
CrBe ₁₂	67.5	<i>tI26</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(βBe)	-98.9 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αBe)	-99.54 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

2•94/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

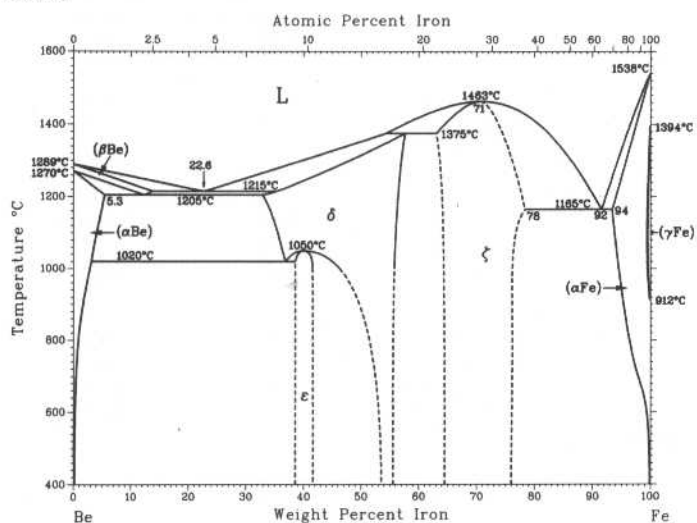
Be-Cu



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Be	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0 to 2.2	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
β	4.3 to 9.8	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
γ	10.3 to 12.4	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
δ	~20.4 to ~38.5	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β Be)	40.4 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Be)	57.5 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>

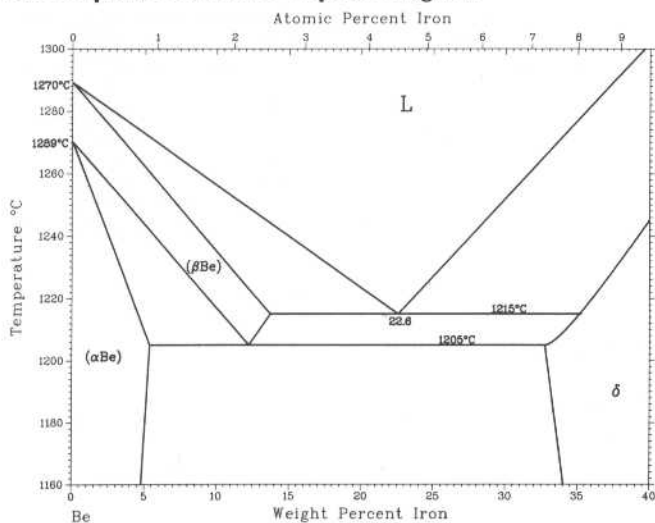
Be-Fe



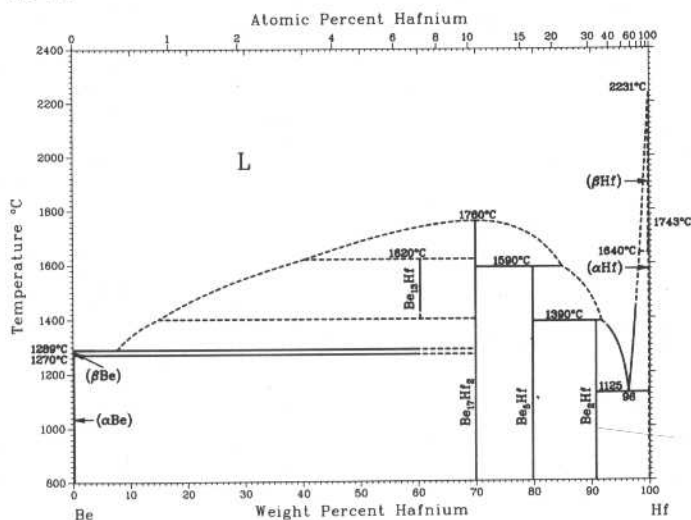
H. Okamoto and L.E. Tanner, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Fe	Pearson symbol	Space group
(β Be)	0 to 11	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Be)	0 to 5.3	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
ϵ	~35 to 41	<i>hP19</i>	<i>P6m2</i>
δ	32 to 58	<i>hP48</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mcm</i>
ζ	62 to 78	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γ Fe)	99.7 to 100	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
(α Fe)	94 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Metastable phases			
...	~86	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
β	?	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
BeF $_3$	~95	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

Be-rich portion of the Be-Fe phase diagram



Be-Hf

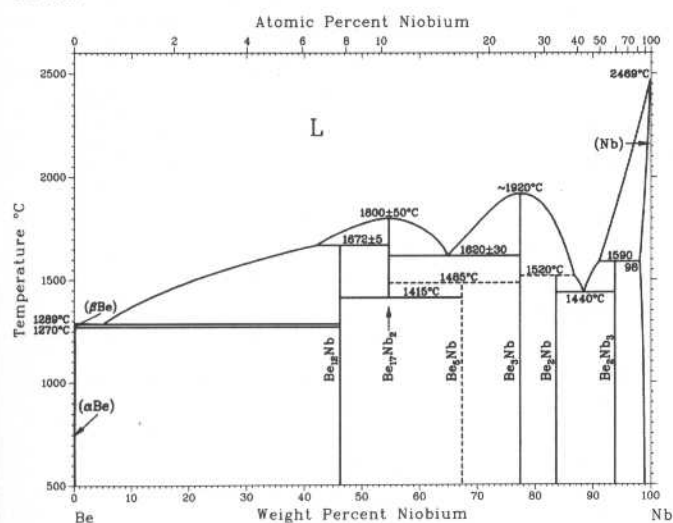


H. Okamoto and L.E. Tanner, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Hf	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βBe)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αBe)	0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
Be ₁₃ Hf	60.2	cF112	$Fm\bar{3}c$
Be ₁₇ Hf	69.9	hP*	$P6m2$
(αBe ₁₇ Hf ₂)	(a)	hR19	$R\bar{3}m$
(βBe ₁₇ Hf ₂)	(b)	hP38	$P6_3/mmc$
Be ₅ Hf	79.9	hP6	$P6/mmm$
Be ₂ Hf	90.8	hP3	$P6/mmm$
(βHf)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αHf)	100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
Metastable phases			
BeHf	95	oC8	$Cmcm$
α'	99.7 to 100(c)	...	...

(a) Be-poor side. (b) Be-rich side. (c) Acicular martensite

Be-Nb

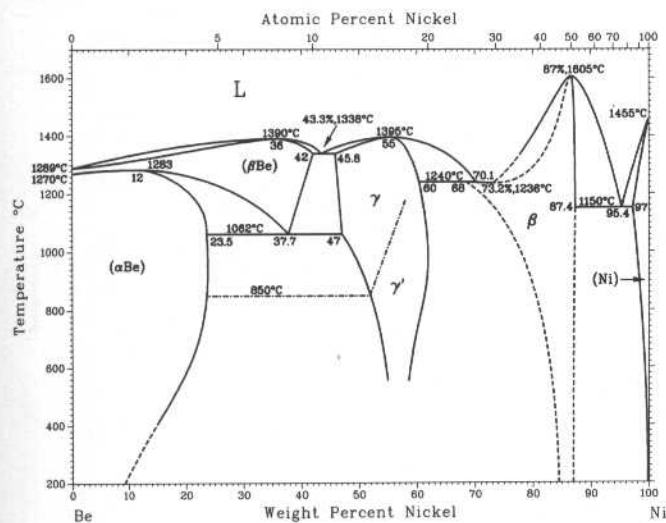


H. Okamoto and L.E. Tanner, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Nb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βB)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αBe)	0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
Be ₁₂ Nb	46.2	tI26	$I4/mmm$
Be ₁₇ Nb ₂	54.7	hR19	$R\bar{3}m$
(a)	56.3	hP*	...
Be ₅ Nb	67.4	hP6	$P6/mmm$
Be ₃ Nb	77	hR12	$R\bar{3}m$
(b)	83.7	hP*	...
Be ₂ Nb	83.7	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
	83.7	...	...
	83.73	...	...
Be ₂ Nb ₃	94	tP10	$P4/mbm$
(Nb)	98.6 to 100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$

(a) Proposed as Be₈Nb. (b) Reported as Be₂Nb

Be-Ni

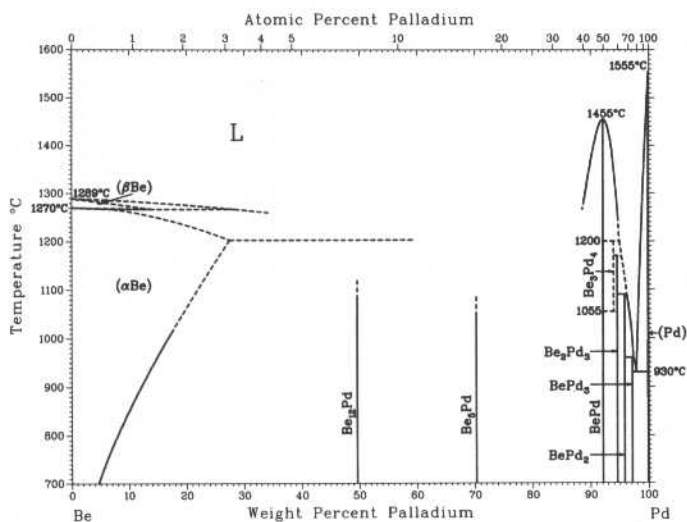


H. Okamoto and L.E. Tanner, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ni	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βBe)	0 to 23.5	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αBe)	0 to 42	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
γ	45.8 to >51	cI52	$I43m$
γ'	51 to 62	cF416	$F23$
β	68 to 87.4	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
(Ni)	95.4 to 100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Metastable phases			
?	92.2 to 93.4	o**	?
β'	>87 to <95	tI*	?
γBeNi ₃	95	?	?

2•96/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Be-Pd

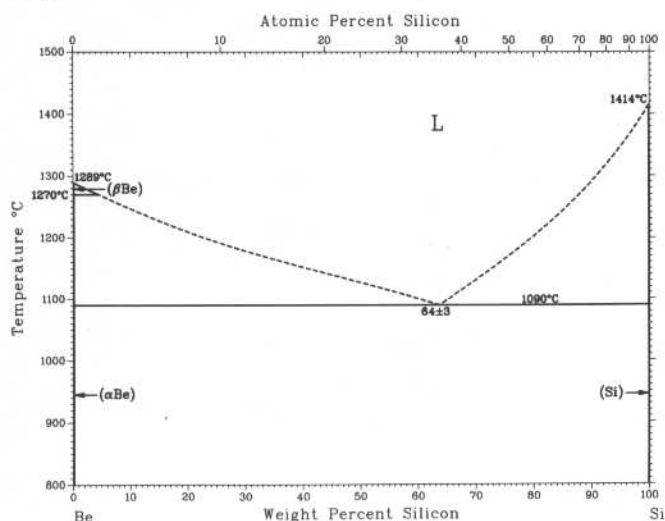


H. Okamoto and L.E. Tanner, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βBe)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αBe)	0 to 38	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
Be ₁₂ Pd	49.6	tI26	$I4/mmm$
Be ₅ Pd	70.3	cF24	$F43m$
BePd	92	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
Be ₃ Pd ₄	94.0	?	?
Be ₂ Pd ₃	95	?	?
BePd ₂	95.9	?	?
BePd ₃	97	(a)	?
(Pd)	99.9 to 100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

(a) Orthorhombic

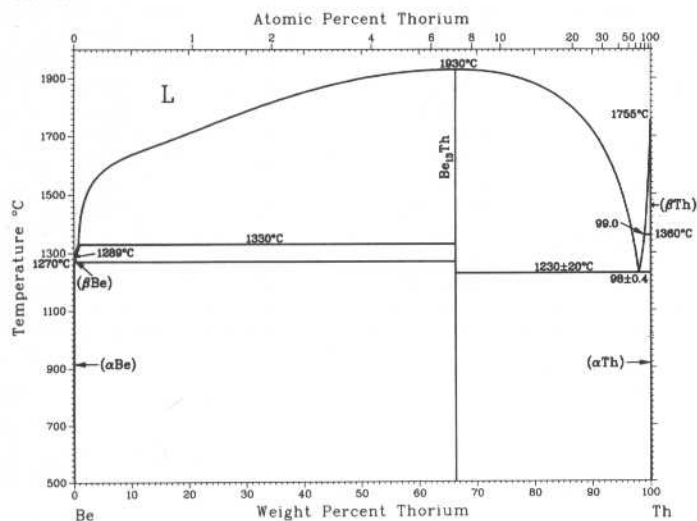
Be-Si



H. Okamoto and L.E. Tanner, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βBe)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αBe)	0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
(Si)	100	cF8	$Fd\bar{3}m$

Be-Th

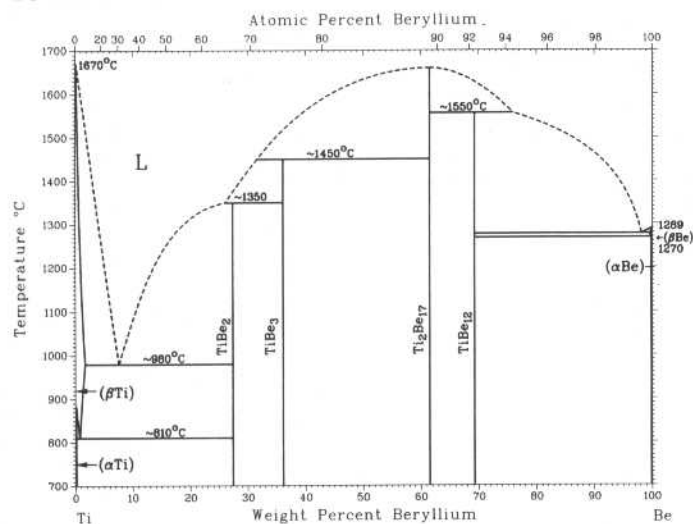


H. Okamoto, L.E. Tanner, and D.E. Peterson, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Th	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βBe)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αBe)	0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
Be ₁₃ Th	66.44	cF112	$Fm\bar{3}c$
(βTh)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αTh)	100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

J.L. Murray, 1987

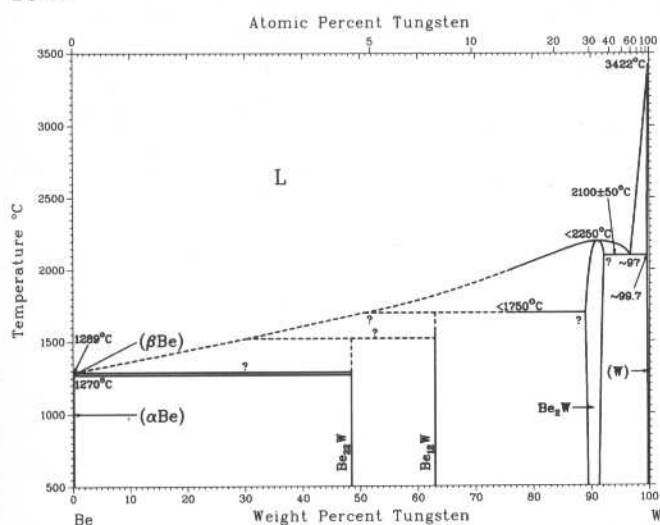
Be-Ti



Phase	Composition, wt% Be	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi)	0 to ~1.5	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTi)	~0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
TiBe ₂	27.4	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
TiBe ₃	36	<i>hR12</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
αTi ₂ Be ₁₇	61.6	<i>hR19</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
βTi ₂ Be ₁₇	61.6	<i>hP38</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
TiBe ₁₂	69.3	<i>tI26</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
TiBe(a)	~16	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βBe)	~100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αBe)	~100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

(a) Metastable

Be-W

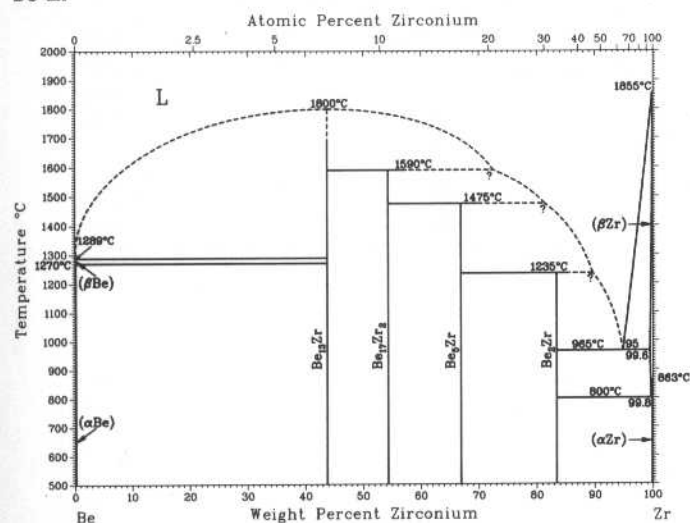


H. Okamoto and L.E. Tanner, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% W	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βBe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αBe)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Be ₂₄ W?(a)	46	(b)	...
Be ₂₂ W	47.8	<i>cF184</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
Be ₁₂ W	63.0	<i>tI26</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Be ₂ W	~89 to ~92	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
(W)	~99.7 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) Not accepted in the assessed phase diagram. (b) Tetragonal

Be-Zr



H. Okamoto, L.E. Tanner, and J.P. Abriata, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Zr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βBe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αBe)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Be ₁₃ Zr	43.6	<i>cF112</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}c$
Be ₁₂ Zr(a)	43.6	<i>tI*</i>	...
Be ₁₇ Zr ₂	54.3	<i>hR19</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Be ₅ Zr	67.0	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
Be ₂ Zr	83.5	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
(βZr)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αZr)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

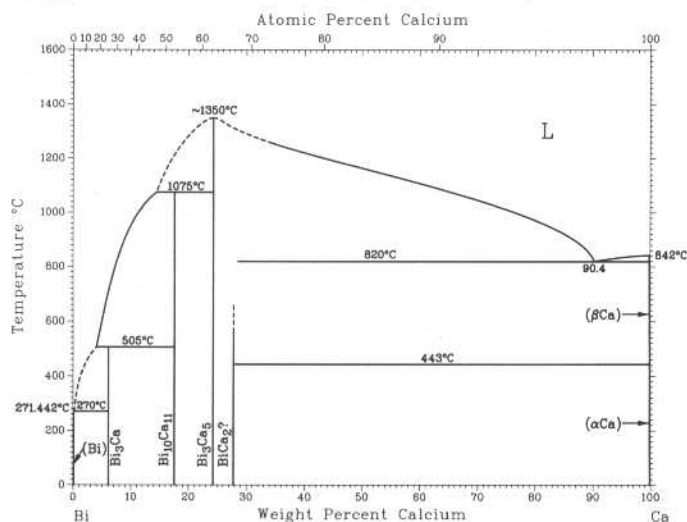
Metastable phases

BeZr	91	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
α'	99 to 100	(b)	...

(a) Not accepted in the assessed diagram. (b) Acicular martensite

2•98/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

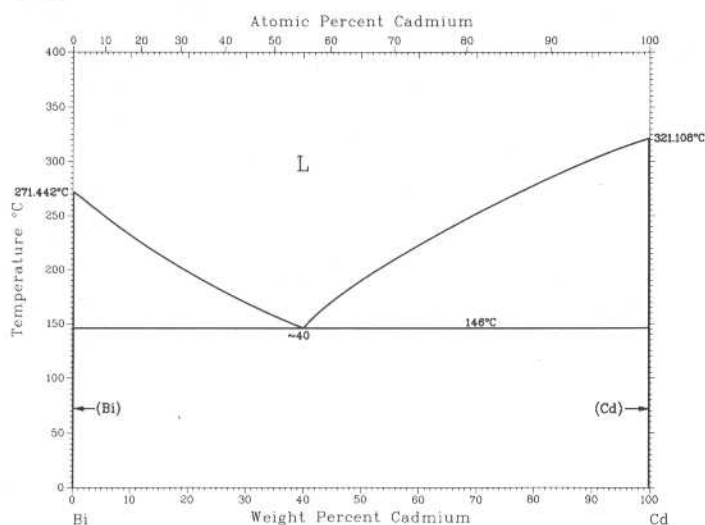
Bi-Ca



H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ca	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Bi)	0	<i>hR2</i>	$R\bar{3}m$
Bi ₃ Ca	6	...	...
Bi ₁₀ Ca ₁₁	17.4	<i>tI84</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Bi ₃ Ca ₅	24.2	<i>oP32</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
BiCa ₂	27.8	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(αCa)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(βCa)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

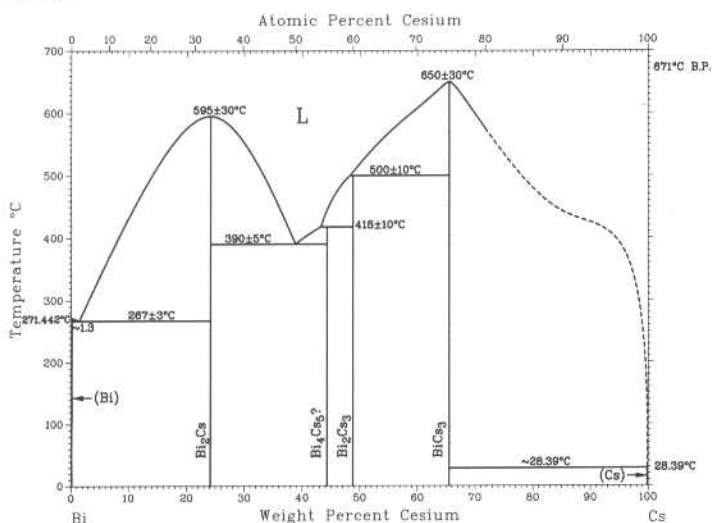
Bi-Cd



Z. Moser, J. Dutkiewicz, L. Zabdyr, and J. Salawa, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Cd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Bi)	0	<i>hR2</i>	$R\bar{3}m$
(Cd)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

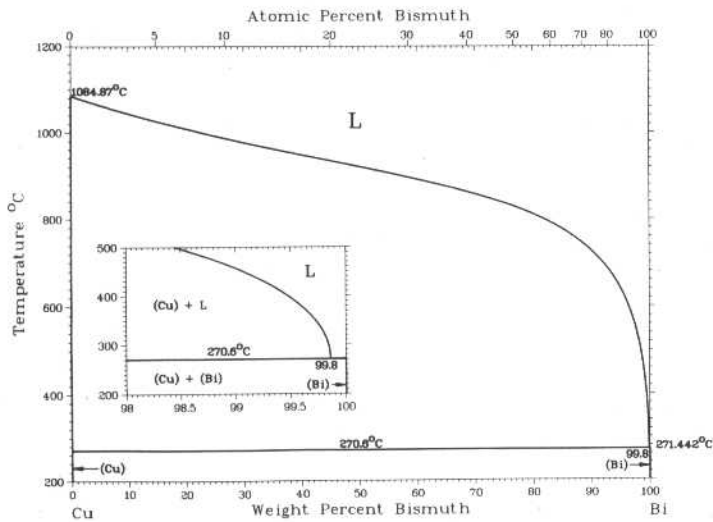
Bi-Cs



J. Sangster and A.D. Pelton, 1991

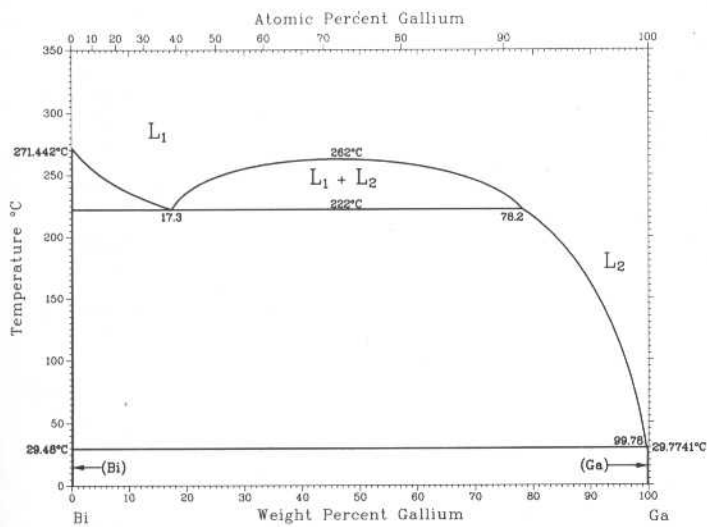
Phase	Composition, wt% Cs	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αBi)	0	<i>hR2</i>	$R\bar{3}m$
Bi ₂ Cs	24.1	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
Bi ₄ Cs ₅ (?)	44.3	...	...
Bi ₂ Cs ₃	49	...	...
BiCs ₃	66	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
	66	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(Cs)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

Bi-Cu



Phase	Composition, wt% Bi	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0 to 0.010	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Bi)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Metastable phase			
Cu ₅ Bi ₂	57	...	...

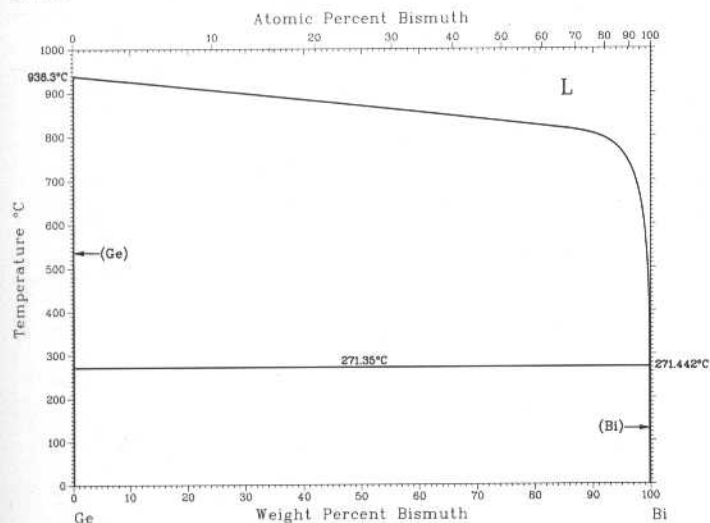
Bi-Ga



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Ga	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Bi)	~0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Ga)	~100	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>

Bi-Ge

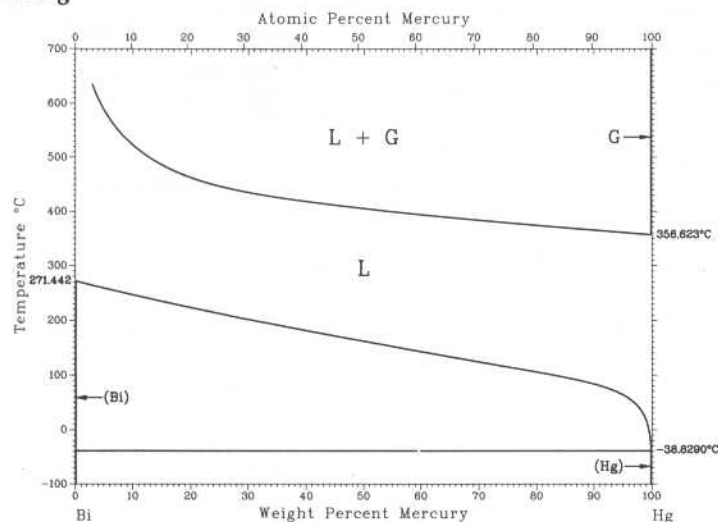


R.W. Olesinski and G.J. Abbaschian, 1986

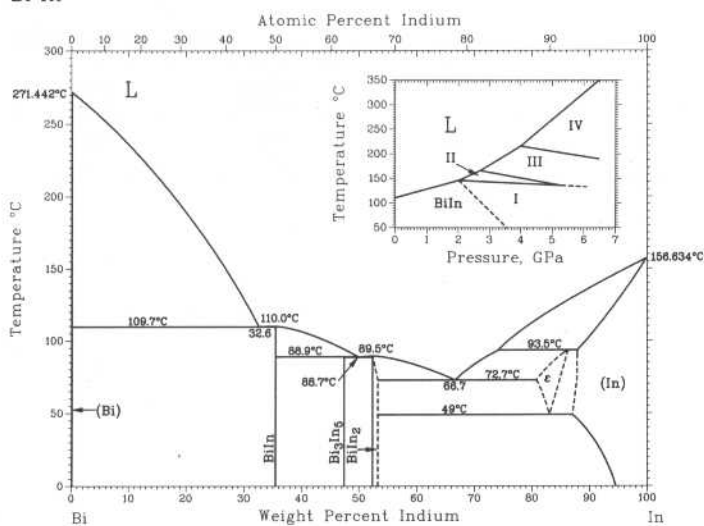
Phase	Composition, wt% Bi	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
(GeII)(HP)	0	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(Bi)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>

2•100/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

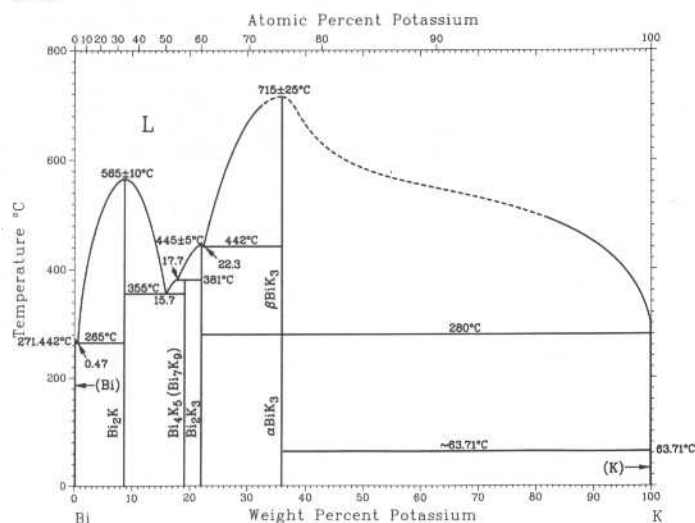
Bi-Hg



Bi-In



Bi-K



L. Zabdyr and C. Guminski, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Hg	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Bi)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>
(Hg)	100	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R3m</i>

H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
Stable phases			
(α Bi)	0 to 0.005	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>
BiIn	35.4	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4/nmm</i>
Bi ₃ In ₅	47.5 to 47.97	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
BiIn ₂	52.5 to 53.5	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
ϵ	80 to 86	<i>tI2</i>	...
(In)	~86 to 100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
High-pressure/metastable phases			
(γ Bi)	0	<i>mP4</i>	<i>P2₁/m</i>
(β Bi)	0	<i>mC4</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
Bi ₄ In	12	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
Bi ₃ In	~15	<i>ol*</i>	<i>Immb</i>
γ	12 to 42	<i>hP1</i>	<i>P6₃/mmn</i>
γ_1	21 to 35.4	<i>ol*</i>	...
γ_2	21 to 35.4	<i>ol*</i>	...
X	21 to 35.4	<i>ol*</i>	...
BiIn'	35.4	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4/nmm</i>
α_2	45 to 51	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
Bi ₂ In ₃ (a)	45	<i>hP*</i>	...
BiIn ₃	62	<i>t**</i>	...
α_1	~59 to 76	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>

(a) Thin film. Probably Bi₃In₅

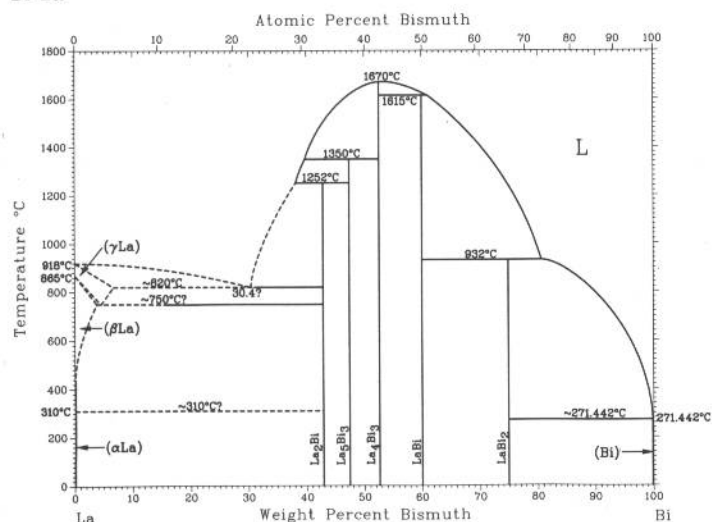
A. Petric and A.D. Pelton, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% K	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Bi)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>
Bi ₂ K	8.5	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
BiK ₅ (a)	19.0	...	...
Bi ₂ K ₃	22	...	...
α BiK ₃ (b)	36	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
β BiK ₃ (c)	36	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(K)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

(a) Might be Bi₇K₉. (b) Stable below 280 °C. (c) Stable above 280 °C

K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1989

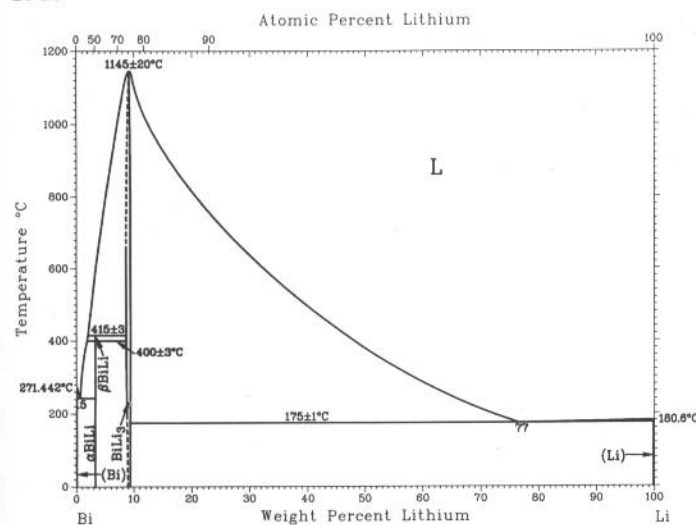
Bi-La



Phase	Composition, wt% Bi	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γLa)	0 to ?	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βLa)	0 to ?	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αLa)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
La ₂ Bi	42.9	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
La ₅ Bi ₃	47.4	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mcm$
La ₄ Bi ₃	53.1	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}3d$
LaBi	60.1	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
LaBi ₂ (a)	75.1	<i>o?12</i>	...
LaBi ₂ (b)	75.1	<i>aP27(?)</i>	<i>P1</i> or <i>P</i> $\bar{1}$
(αBi)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) Conflicting reports regarding LaBi₂ structure

Bi-Li

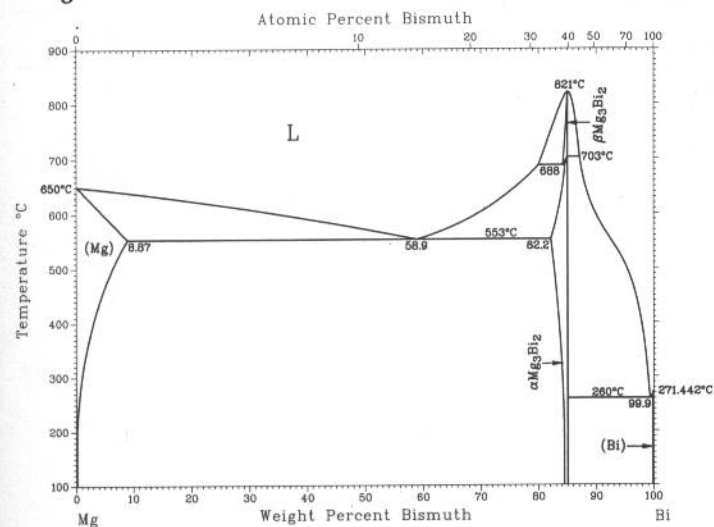


J. Sangster and A.D. Pelton, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Li	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αLi)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
αBiLi(a)	3.2	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
βBiLi	3.2	...	...
BiLi ₃	8.6 to 9.2(b)	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αLi)(c)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
(βLi)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) Below 415 °C. (b) At 380 °C. (c) Below -201 °C

Bi-Mg



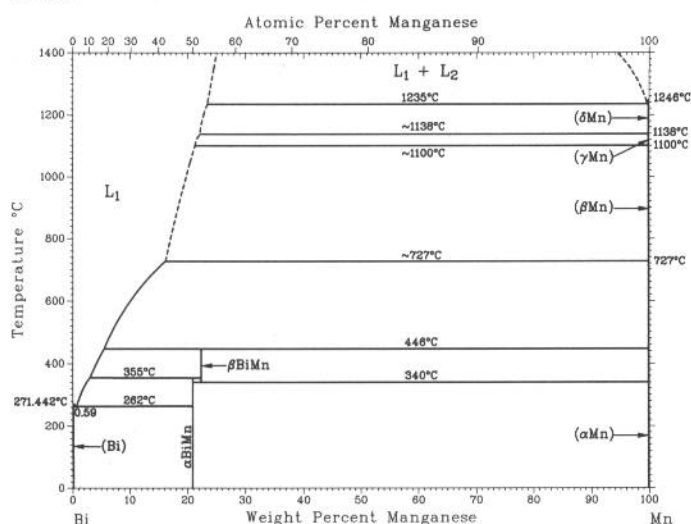
A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Bi	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0 to 8.87	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Mg ₃ Bi ₂ (LT) or αMg ₃ Bi ₂	82.2 to 85	<i>hP5</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}m1$
Mg ₃ Bi ₂ (HT) or βMg ₃ Bi ₂	85	(a)	...
(Bi)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) The structure of the high-temperature Mg₃Bi₂ is unknown.

2•102/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

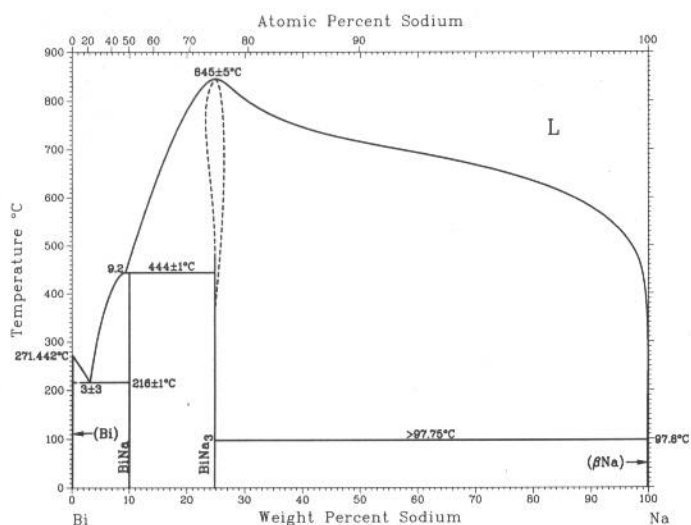
Bi-Mn



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Bi)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
βBiMn	22.1	<i>o*32</i>	...
αBiMn	20.8	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
(δMn)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γMn)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βMn)	100	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4</i> $\bar{1}32$
(αMn)	100	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I4</i> $\bar{3}m$

Bi-Na

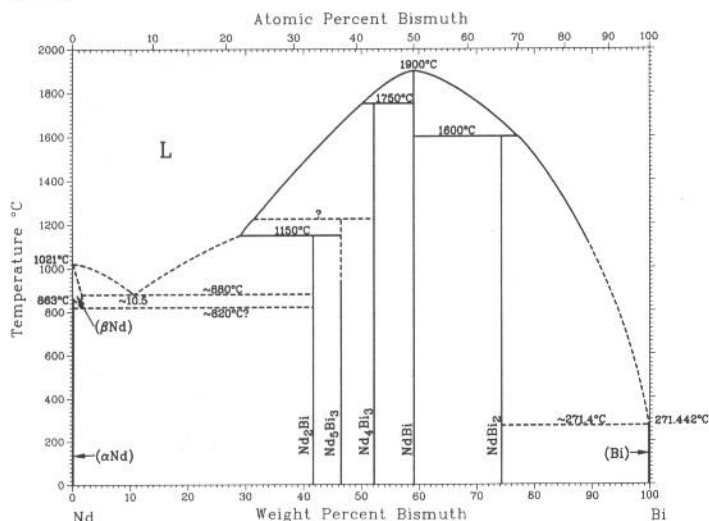


J. Sangster and A.D. Pelton, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Na	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αBi)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
BiNa	10.1	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
BiNa ₃ (a)	23.4 to 27.5(b)	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
(αNa)(c)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
(βNa)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) Might be *hP24*, Cu₃As prototype. (b) At 800 °C. (c) Below -237 °C

Bi-Nd

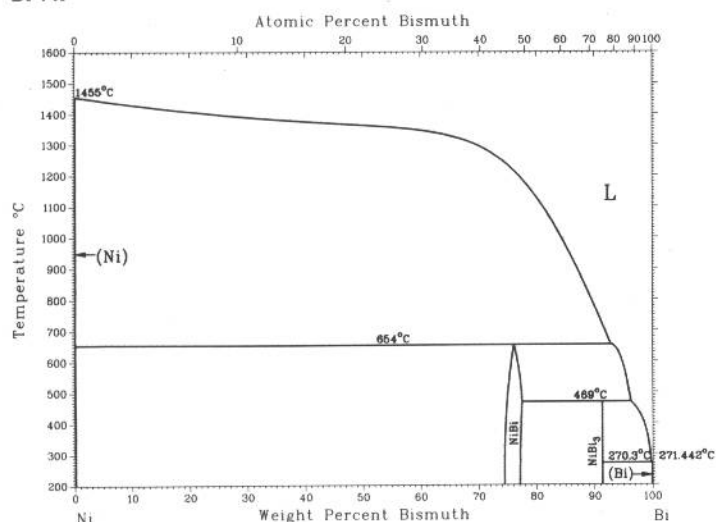


K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Bi	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αNd)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Nd ₂ Bi	42.0	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Nd ₃ Bi ₃	46.5	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mcm$
Nd ₄ Bi ₃	52.1	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I4</i> $\bar{3}d$
NdBi	59.1	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
NdBi ₂	74.4	<i>aP27(?)</i>	<i>P1</i> or <i>P</i> $\bar{1}$
(αBi)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$

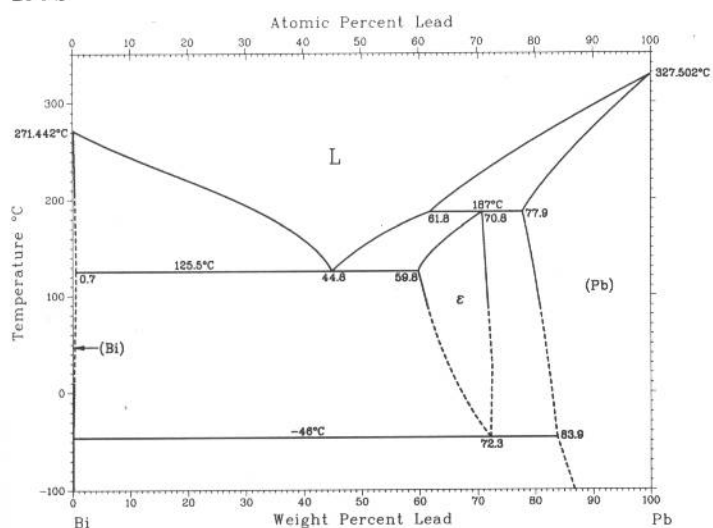
P. Nash, 1991

Bi-Ni



Phase	Composition, wt% Bi	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
NiBi	74 to 77	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
NiBi ₃	91	...	...
(Bi)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$

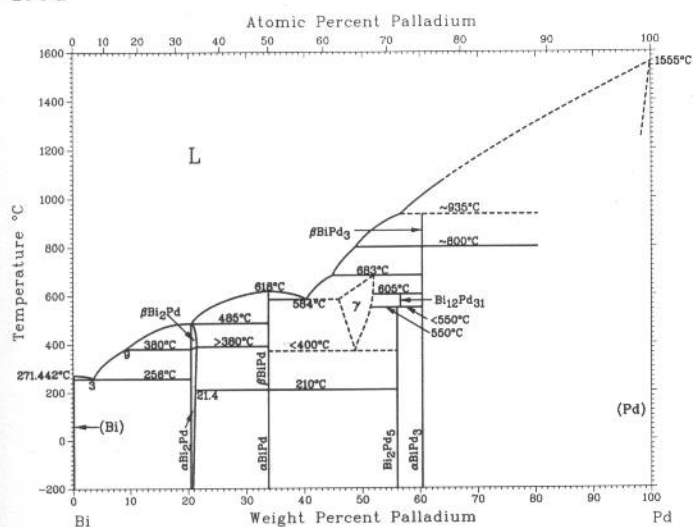
Bi-Pb



N.A. Gokcen, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Bi)	0 to 0.7	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
ε	59.8 to 73	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(Pb)	77.9 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

Bi-Pd



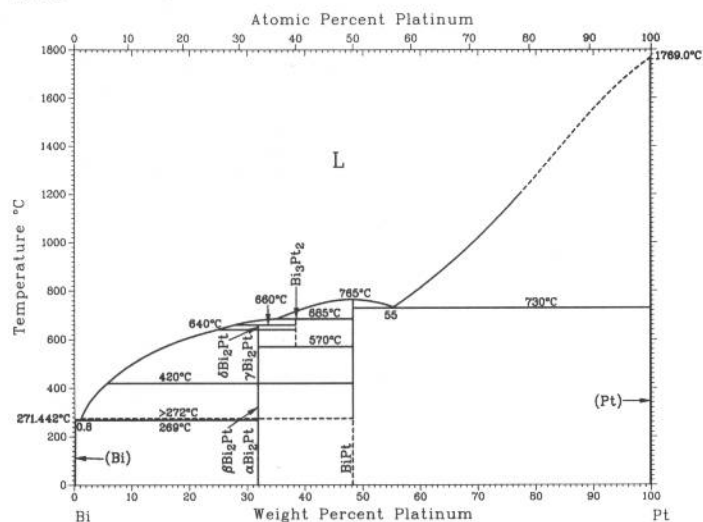
H. Okamoto, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αBi)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
βBi ₂ Pd	20.3	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
αBi ₂ Pd	20.3	<i>mC12</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
βBiPd	33.7	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmc2</i> ₁
αBiPd	33.7	<i>mP32</i>	<i>P2</i> ₁
γ(a)	45.9	<i>hP16</i>	...
Bi ₂ Pd ₅	56.0	<i>mC28</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
Bi ₁₂ Pd ₃₁	56.8	<i>hR44</i>	<i>R3</i>
βBiPd ₃	60	...	...
αBiPd ₃	60	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pmma</i>
(Pd)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) Superlattice of NiAs type

2•104/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

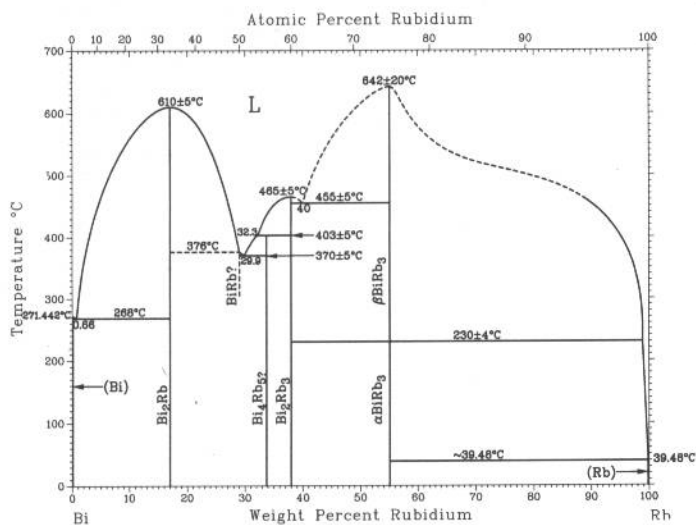
Bi-Pt



H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Pt	Pearson symbol	Space group
(α Bi)	0	<i>hR2</i>	$R\bar{3}m$
$\delta\text{Bi}_2\text{Pt}$	31.8	<i>oP6</i>	<i>Pnnm</i>
$\gamma\text{Bi}_2\text{Pt}$	31.8	<i>hP9</i>	$P\bar{3}$
$\beta\text{Bi}_2\text{Pt}$	31.8	<i>cP12</i>	<i>Pa3</i>
$\alpha\text{Bi}_2\text{Pt}$	31.8	<i>oP24</i>	<i>Pbca</i>
Bi_3Pt_2	38	<i>o**</i>	...
BiPt	48.2	<i>hP4</i>	$P6_3/mmc$
(Pt)	100	<i>cF4</i>	$Fm\bar{3}m$

Bi-Rb

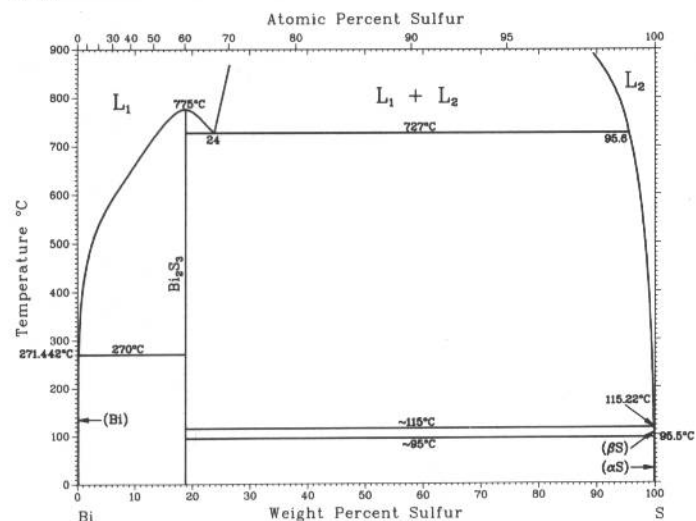


A.D. Pelton and A. Petric, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Rb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Bi)	0	<i>hR2</i>	$R\bar{3}m$
Bi_2Rb	17.0	<i>cF24</i>	$Fd\bar{3}m$
BiRb(?)	29.0	...	...
Bi_4Rb_5	33.9	...	...
Bi_2Rb_3	38	...	...
$\alpha\text{BiRb}_3(\text{a})$	55	<i>hP8</i>	$P6_3/mmc$
$\beta\text{BiRb}_3(\text{b})$	55	<i>cF16</i>	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(Rb)	100	<i>cI2</i>	$Im\bar{3}m$

(a) Stable below 230 °C. (b) Stable above 230 °C

Bi-S

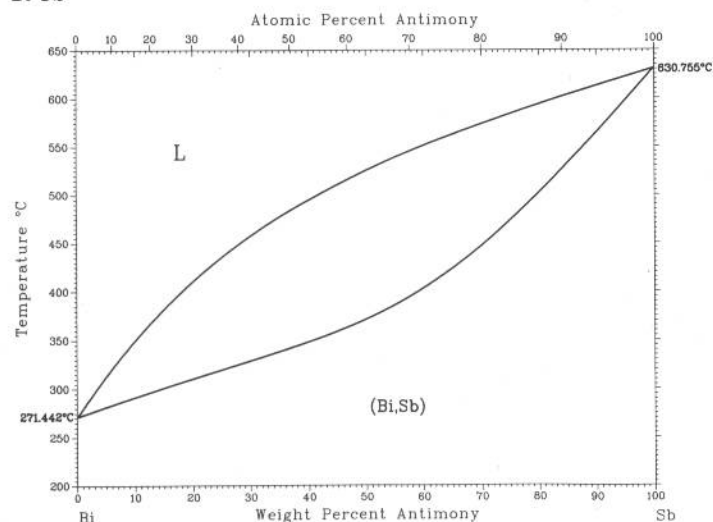


J.-C. Lin, R.C. Sharma, and Y.A. Chang, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(α Bi)	0	<i>hR2</i>	$R\bar{3}m$
Bi_2S_3	19	<i>oP20</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(α S)	100	<i>oF128</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
(β S)	100	<i>mP*</i>	$P2_1/c$

H. Okamoto, unpublished

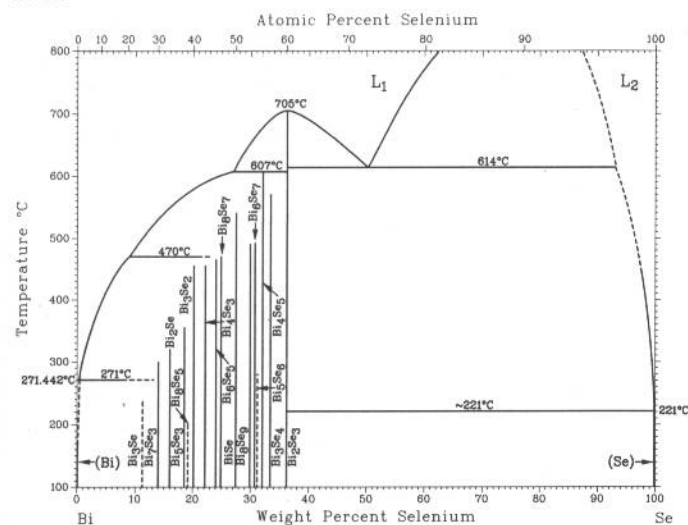
Bi-Sb



Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Bi,Sb)	0 to 100	<i>hR2</i>	$R\bar{3}m$
High-pressure phases			
(BiI)	0 to 2.1	<i>mC4</i>	$C2/m$
(Bi,SbIII)	0 to 100	<i>mP4</i>	$P2_1/m$
(BiIII')	0 to ?	...	...
(BiIV)	0 to ?	<i>m*8</i>	...
(BiV)	0 to ?	<i>cI2</i>	$Im\bar{3}m$
(SbII)	70 to 100	<i>cP1</i>	$Pm\bar{3}m$
(SbIII)	? to 100	<i>hP2</i>	$P6_3/mmc$

(a) At room temperature. (b) High-temperature, high-pressure phase

Bi-Se



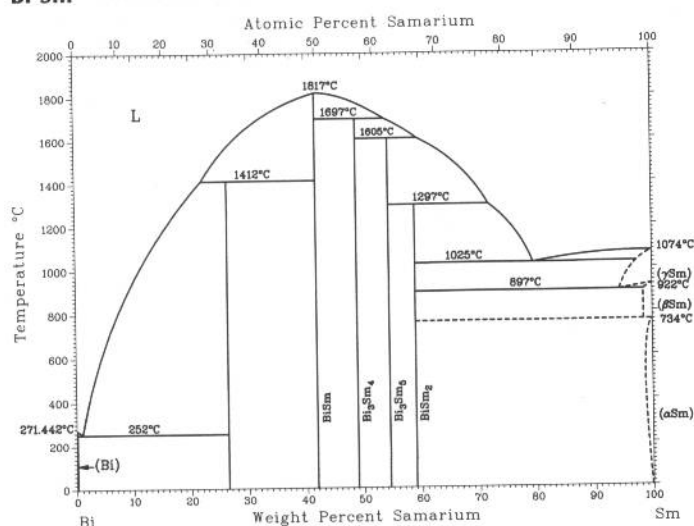
H. Okamoto, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αBi)	0	<i>hR2</i>	$R\bar{3}m$
Bi ₇ Se ₃	14	<i>hR20</i>	$R\bar{3}m$
Bi ₂ Se	15.9	<i>hP9</i>	$P\bar{3}m1$
Bi ₅ Se ₃ (a)	18.5	<i>hP48</i>	$P\bar{3}m1$
Bi ₃ Se ₂	20	<i>hP30</i>	$P\bar{3}m1$
Bi ₄ Se ₃	22.1	<i>hR7</i>	$R\bar{3}m$
Bi ₆ Se ₅	24.0	<i>hP33</i>	$P\bar{3}m1$
Bi ₈ Se ₇	24.8	<i>hP45</i>	$P\bar{3}m1$
BiSe	27.4	<i>hP12</i>	$P\bar{3}m1$
Bi ₈ Se ₉	29.8	<i>hP17</i>	$R\bar{3}m$
Bi ₆ Se ₇	30.6	<i>hP39</i>	$P\bar{3}m1$
Bi ₄ Se ₅	32.1	<i>hP27</i>	$P\bar{3}m1$
Bi ₃ Se ₄	33.5	<i>hP42</i>	$P\bar{3}m1$
Bi ₂ Se ₃	36	<i>hR5</i>	$R\bar{3}m$
(Se)	100	<i>hP3</i>	$P3_121$
Metastable phases			
BiSe(b)	27.4	<i>cF8</i>	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Bi ₂ Se ₃ IIIa	36	<i>c**</i>	...
High-pressure phases			
Bi ₂ Se ₃ II(c)	36	<i>oP20</i>	$Pnma$
Bi ₂ Se ₃ III	36	<i>tP40</i>	$P4_2/nmc$
BiSe ₂	43.1	...	...

(a) Laitakarite. (b) Thin film. (c) Bismuthite

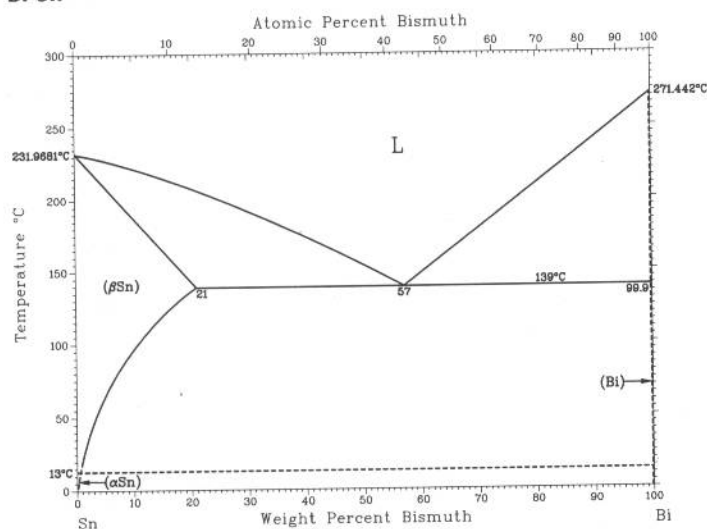
2•106/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Bi-Sm



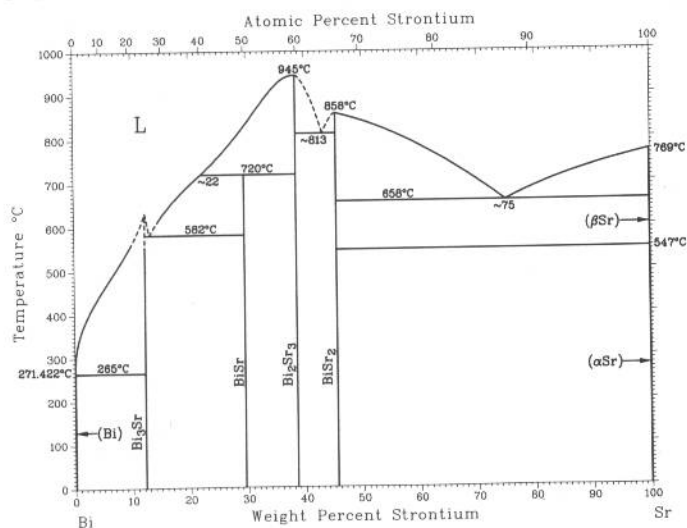
Phase	Composition, wt % Sm	Pearson symbol	Space group
(α Bi)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Bi ₂ Sm	26.5	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pmmm</i>
BiSm	42.8	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Bi ₃ Sm ₄	48.9	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I$\bar{4}3d$</i>
Bi ₄ Sm ₅	54.5	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
BiSm ₂	59.0	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(γ Sm)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β Sm)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(α Sm)	100	<i>hR3</i>	<i>Rm$\bar{3}m$</i>

Bi-Sn



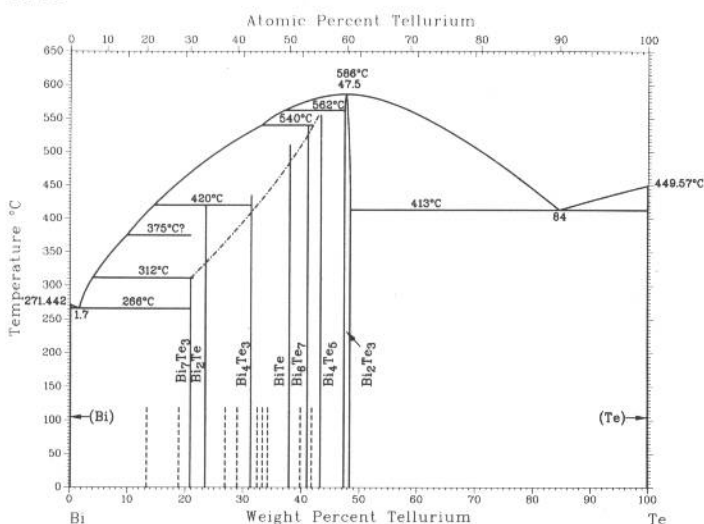
H. Okamoto, 1990			
Phase	Composition, wt% Bi	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βSn)	0 to 21	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(αSn)	0 to ?	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Bi)	99.9 to 100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>

Bi-Sr



From [Elliott]			
Phase	Composition, wt% Sr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Bi)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Bi ₃ Sr	12	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
BiSr	29.5	...	...
Bi ₂ Sr ₃	39	...	...
BiSr ₂	45.7	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(β Sr)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Sr)	100	cF	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

Bi-Te

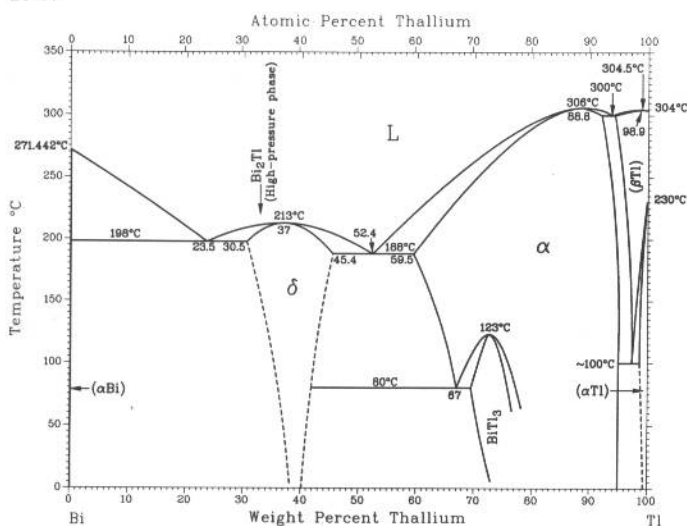


H. Okamoto and L.E. Tanner, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αBi)	0 to ?	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Bi ₇ Te ₃	47.5 to 48.0	<i>hR5</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTe)	99.992 to 100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}121$
Stacking variants			
Bi ₇ Te ₃	21	<i>hR20</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Bi ₂ Te	23.4	...	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}m1$
Bi ₄ Te ₃	31.5	<i>hR7</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
BiTe	37.9	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}m1$
Bi ₆ Te ₇	41.6	<i>hP39</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}m1$
Bi ₄ Te ₅	43.3	<i>hP27</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}m1$
Metastable phases			
BiTe(a)	37.9	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Bi ₂ Te ₅	60.4	...	...
High-pressure phase			
Bi ₂ Te ₃ II	48	<i>hR5</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) Thin film

Bi-Tl

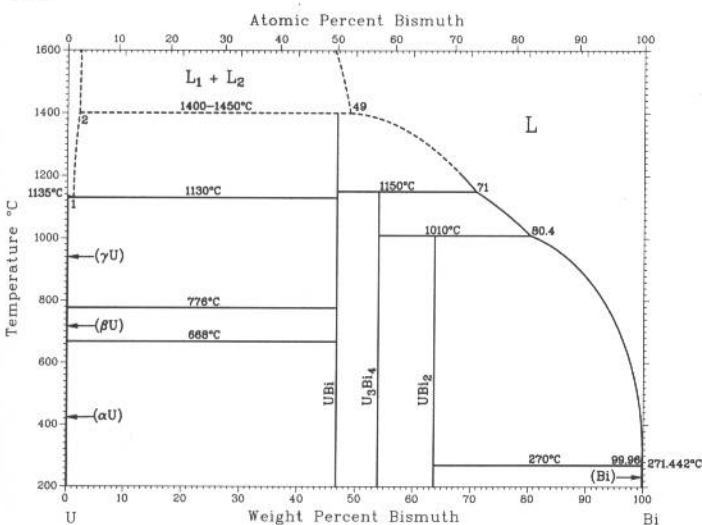


H. Okamoto, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γBi)(a)	0	<i>mP4</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{2}_1/m$
(βBi)(a)	0	<i>mC4</i>	<i>C</i> $\bar{2}/m$
(αBi)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Bi ₂ Tl(a)	33.8	...	...
δ	30.5 to 45.4	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{6}/mmm$
BiTl(b)	...	<i>cP2</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{m}\bar{3}m$
α	59.5 to 94.9	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
BiTl ₃	69.5 to 76.6	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{6}_3/mmc$
BiTl ₃ I(c)	~74.6	<i>cP4</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{m}\bar{3}m$
BiTl ₇ (a)	87.3	...	...
(γTl)(a)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βTl)	94.9 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTl)	98.98 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{6}_3/mmc$

Note: Not all high-pressure phases of Bi are listed. (a) High-pressure phase. (b) Not accepted in the assessed diagram. (c) Metastable?

Bi-U

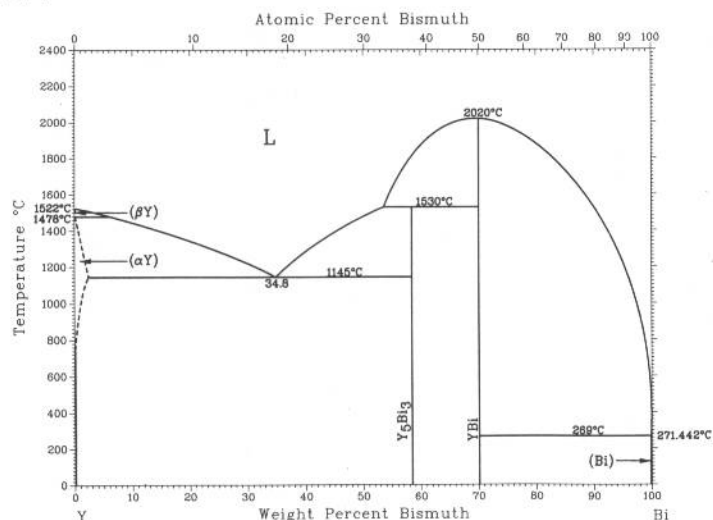


From [Chiotti]

Phase	Composition, wt% Bi	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γU)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βU)	0	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{4}_2/mnm$
(αU)	0	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
UBi	46.7	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
U ₃ Bi ₄	53.9	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}3d$
UBi ₂	63.8	<i>tP6</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{4}/nmm$
(Bi)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$

2•108/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

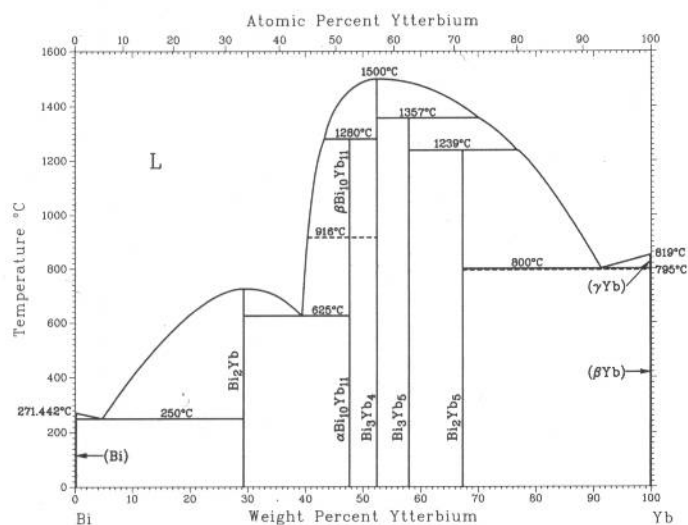
Bi-Y



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Bi	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αY)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Y ₅ Bi ₃	58.5	<i>oP32</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
YBi	70.1	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}$m</i>
(αBi)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}$m</i>

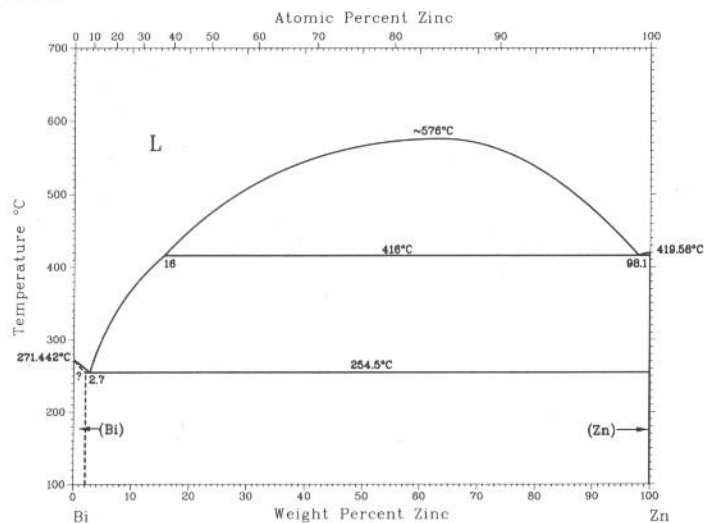
Bi-Yb



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Yb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αBi)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}$m</i>
Bi ₂ Yb	29.3	<i>oC12</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
βBi ₁₀ Yb ₁₁	47.7	<i>tI84</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
αBi ₁₀ Yb ₁₁	47.7	...	...
Bi ₃ Yb ₄	52.4	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I43d</i>
Bi ₃ Yb ₅	58	<i>oP32</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Bi ₂ Yb ₅	67.4	<i>oP*</i>	<i>Pn$\bar{2}$₁a</i>
(γYb)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}$m</i>
(βYb)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}$m</i>
(αYb)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Bi-Zn

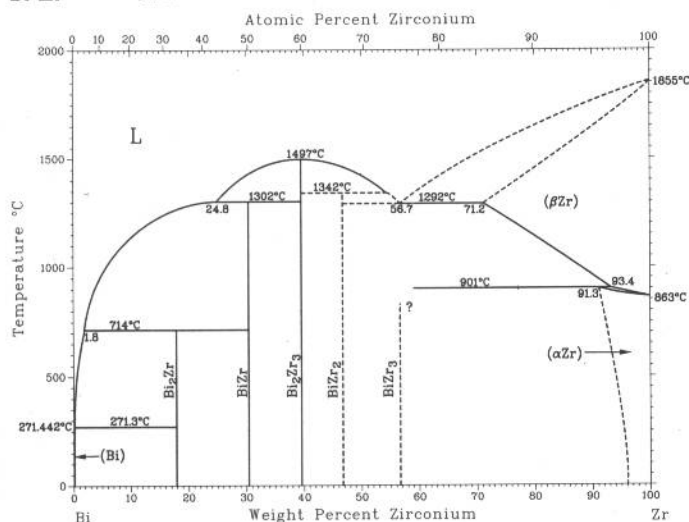


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Bi)	0 to ?	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}$m</i>
(Zn)	~100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

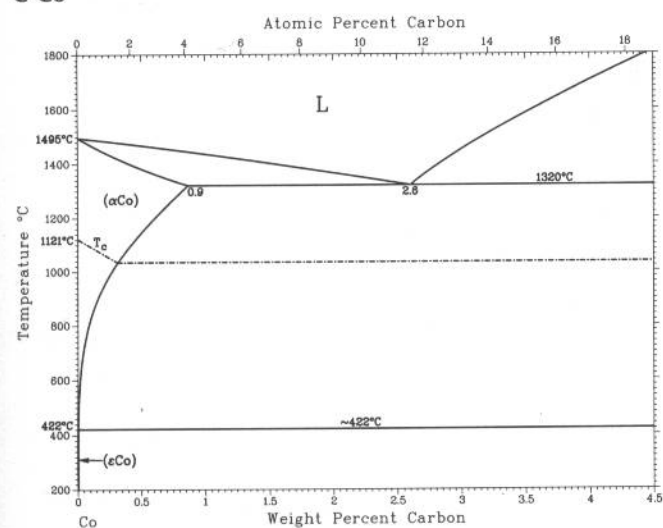
H. Okamoto, 1990

Bi-Zr



Phase	Composition, wt% Zr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αBi)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Bi ₂ Zr	17.9	<i>oP24</i>	<i>Pnnm</i>
BiZr	30.4	...	...
Bi ₂ Zr ₃	39.6	...	...
BiZr ₂	46.7	...	...
BiZr ₃	56.7	<i>dI32</i>	<i>I$\bar{4}$</i>
(βZr)	71.2 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αZr)	91.3 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

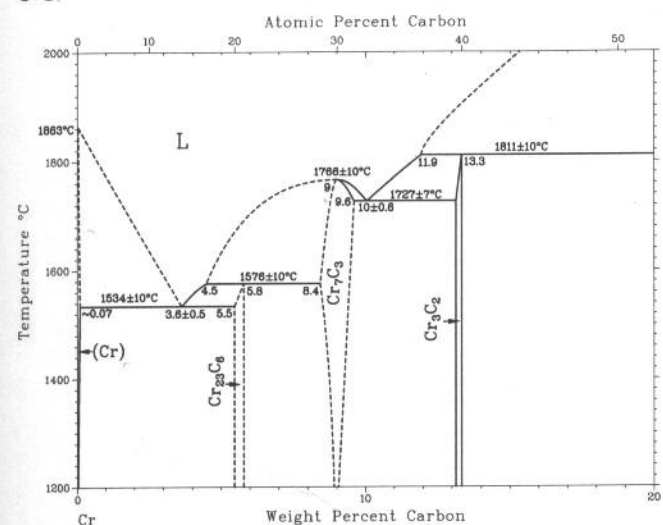
C-Co



K. Ishida and T. Nishizawa, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% C	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	0 to 0.9	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(εCo)	~0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
C	~100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Metastable phases			
(ε'Co)	~0.3 to ~0.4	(a)	...
Co ₃ C	6	<i>oP6</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Co ₂ C	9	<i>oP6</i>	<i>Pnnm</i>
(a) Hexagonal			

C-Cr

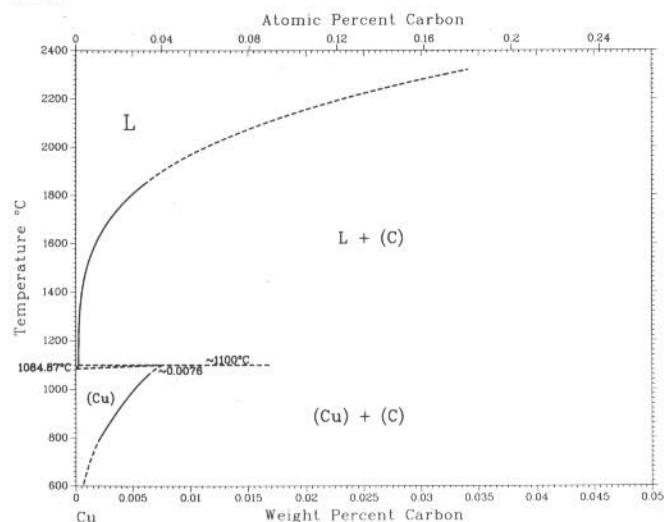


M. Venkatraman and J.P. Neumann, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% C	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)	0 to ~0.07	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Cr ₂₃ C ₆	5.5 to 5.8	<i>cF116</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Cr ₃ C(a)	~7	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Cr ₇ C ₃	~9	<i>oP40</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Cr ₃ C ₂	~13	<i>oP20</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
CrC(?)	~19	...	...
(C)	~100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(a) Metastable			

2•110/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

C-Cu



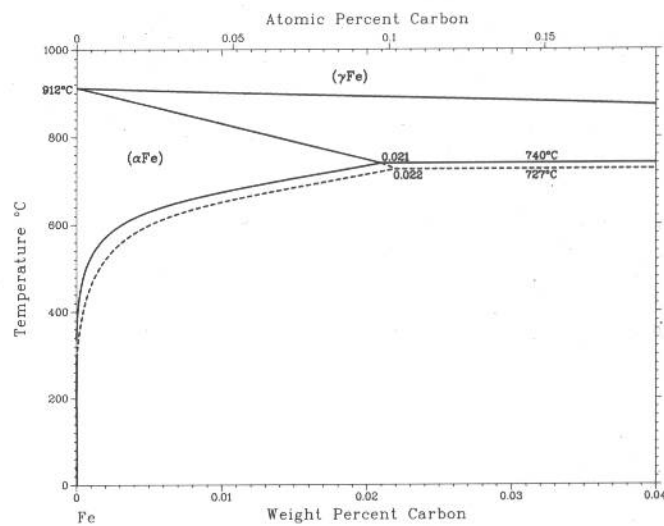
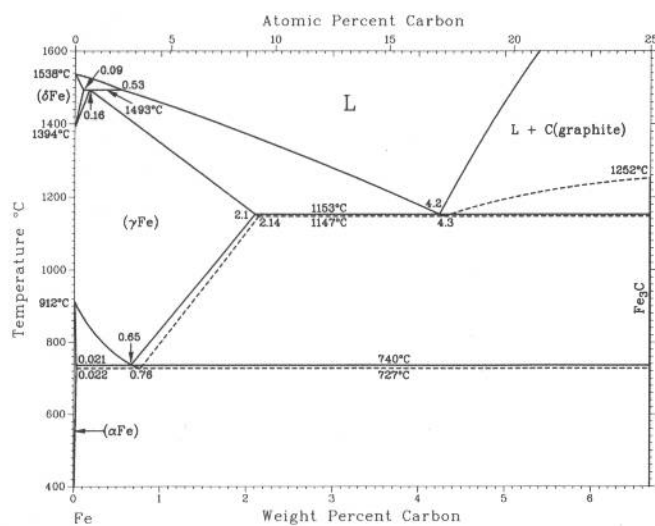
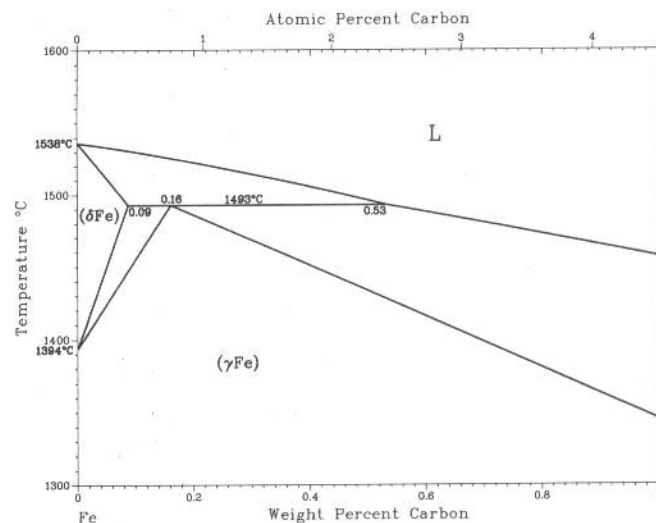
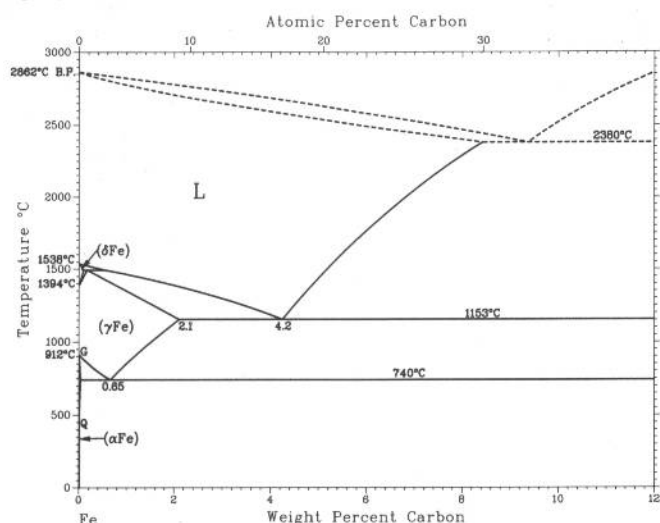
P.R. Subramanian and D.E. Laughlin, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% C	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0 to 0.01	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(C)	100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>

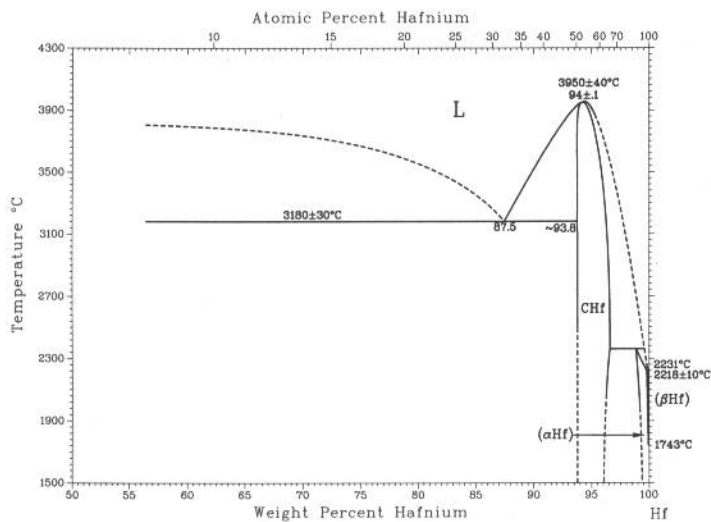
H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% C	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δ Fe)	0 to 0.09	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γ Fe)	0 to 2.1	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Fe)	0 to 0.021	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(C)	100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
Metastable/high-pressure phases			
(ϵ Fe)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
Martensite	<2.1	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Fe_4C	5.1	<i>cP5</i>	<i>P4$_3$m</i>
Fe_3C (θ)	6.7	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Fe_5C_2 (χ)	7.9	<i>mC28</i>	<i>C2/c</i>
Fe_7C_3	8.4	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P6$_3$mc</i>
Fe_7C_3	8.4	<i>oP40</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Fe_2C (η)	9.7	<i>oP6</i>	<i>Pnnm</i>
Fe_2C (ϵ)	9.7	<i>hP*</i>	<i>P6$_3$22</i>
Fe_2C	9.7	<i>hP*</i>	<i>P3m1</i>
(C)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>

C-Fe



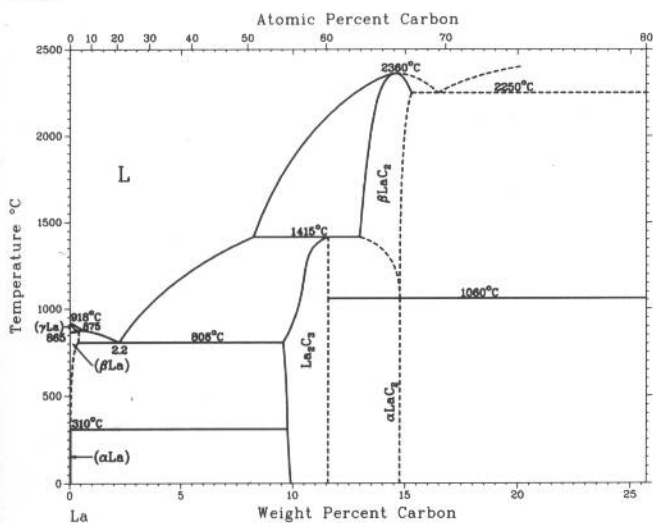
C-Hf



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Hf	Pearson symbol	Space group
(C)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
CHf	~93.8 to 96.6	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(βHf)	99.9 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αHf)	98.9 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

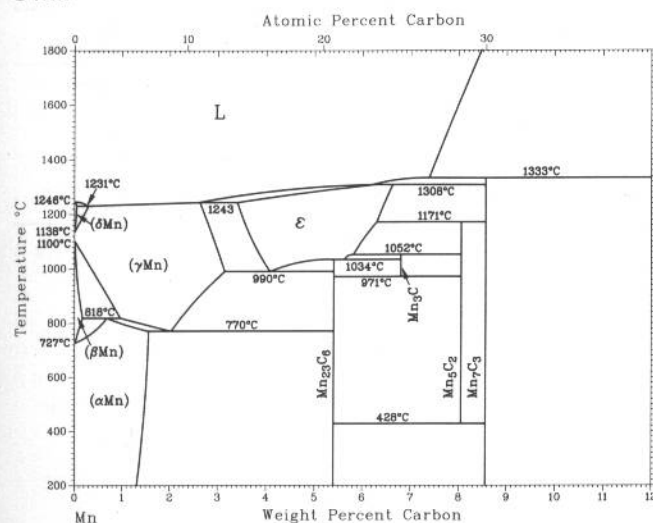
C-La



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% C	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αLa)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βLa)	0 to ~0.3	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γLa)	0 to ~0.2	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
La ₂ C ₃	~9 to ~11	<i>cI40</i>	<i>I$\bar{4}3d$</i>
αLaC ₂	~15	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
βLaC ₂	~13 to ~15	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(C)	100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

C-Mn

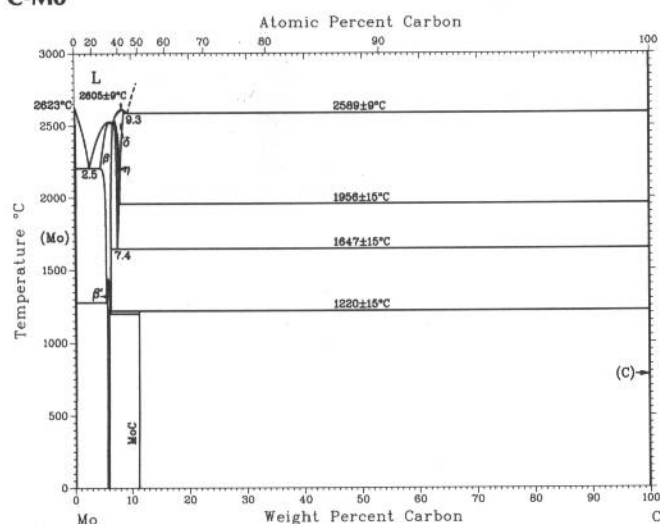


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% C	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δMn)	0 to 0.02	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γMn)	0 to 3	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(βMn)	0 to 0.1	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4₁32</i>
(αMn)	0 to 1.5	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I$\bar{4}3m$</i>
ε	3.3 to 6.6	...	...
Mn ₂₃ C ₆	5.4	<i>cF116</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Mn ₃ C	6.8	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Mn ₅ C ₂	8.1	<i>mC28</i>	<i>C2/c</i>
Mn ₇ C ₃	8.6	<i>oP40</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(C)	100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

2•112/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

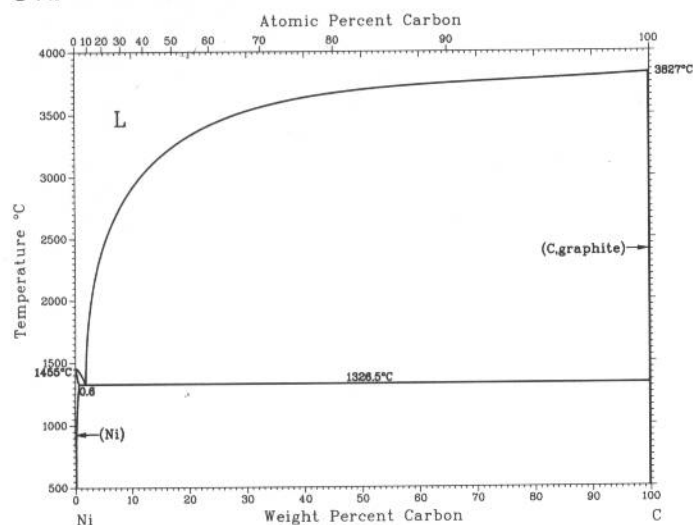
C-Mo



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% C	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo)	0 to 0.14	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
β	4.4 to 6.6	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
β'	~5.7	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pbcn</i>
β''	~5.9	...	...
η	6.8 to 7.7	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
δ	6.8 to 8.6	<i>oF8</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
MoC	11	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6m2</i>
(C)	100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

C-Ni

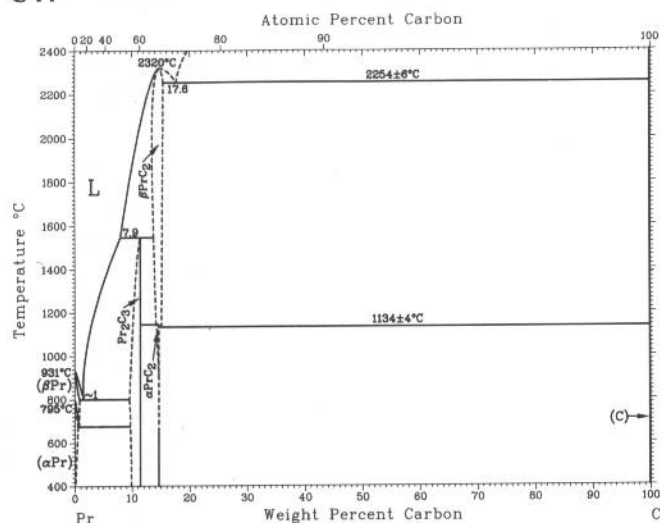


M.F. Singleton and P. Nash, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% C	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to 0.6(a)	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(C, graphite)	~100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Metastable phase			
Ni ₃ C	...	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>

(a) Can be extended to 1.6 wt% C at 1314 °C

C-Pr

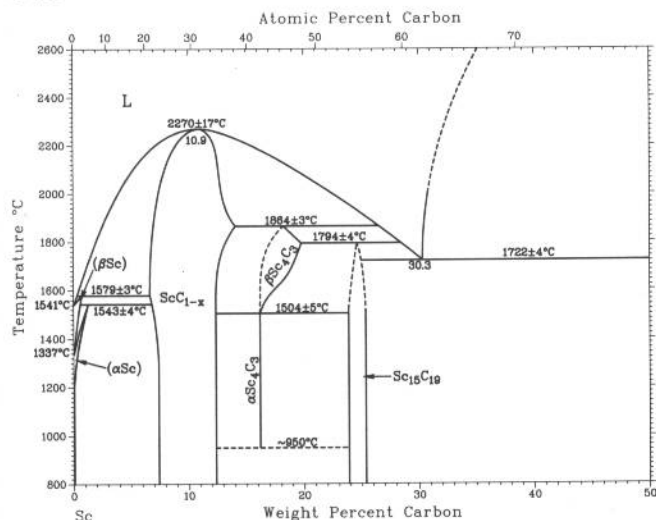


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% C	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αPr)	0 to ?	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βPr)	0 to ?	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
Pr ₂ C ₃	~9 to ~11	<i>cI40</i>	<i>I43d</i>
αPrC ₂	~14.6	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
βPrC ₂	...	<i>c**</i>	...
(C)	100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

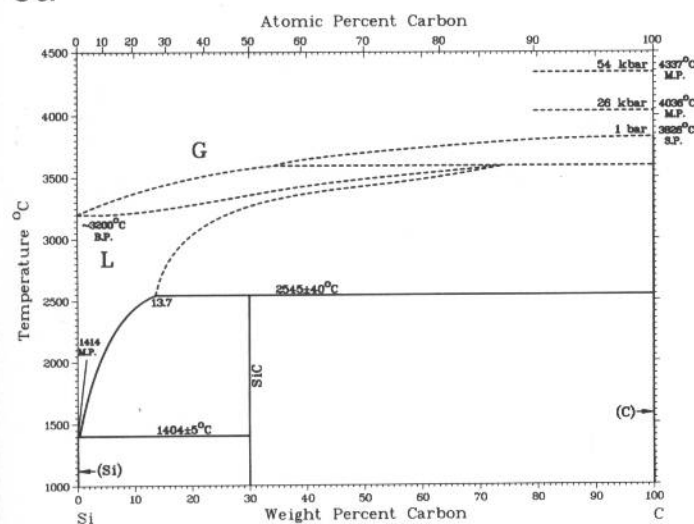
O.V. Gordiichuk, 1987

C-Sc



Phase	Composition, wt% C	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αSc)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βSc)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Sc ₂ C	~12	<i>hR3</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Sc ₄ C ₃	16.7	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I$\bar{4}3d$</i>
Sc ₁₃ C ₁₀	17.1	<i>c**</i>	...
Sc ₁₅ C ₁₉	25.3	<i>tP68</i>	<i>P4₂1c</i>
(C)	100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

C-Si

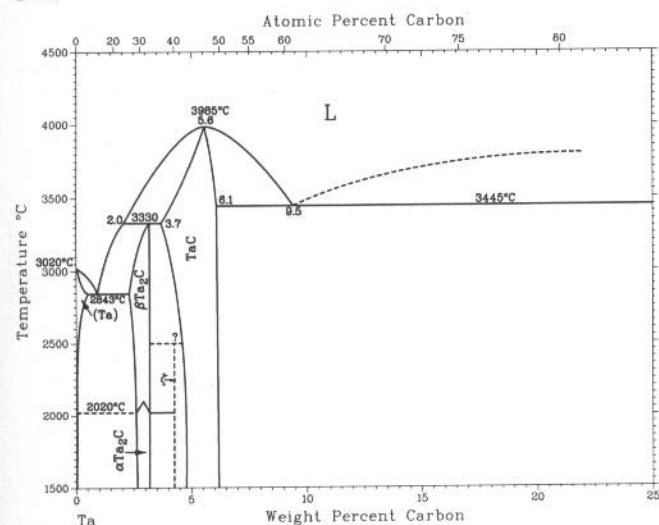


R.W. Olesinski and G.J. Abbaschian, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt% C	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Si)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
SiC or βSiC	30	<i>cF8</i>	<i>F$\bar{4}3m$</i>
(C)	100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Metastable			
αSiC(a)	30	(b)	...
Amorphous	22 to 40	...	...
High pressure			
SiC II	...	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>

(a) Other SiC polytypes have been reported. (b) Hexagonal

C-Ta

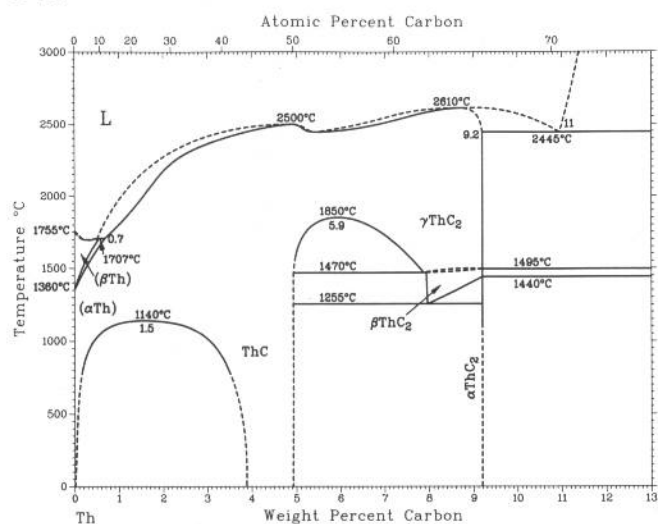


O.M. Barabash and Yu. N. Koval, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% C	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ta)	0 to 0.5	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
αTa ₂ C	2.6 to 3.2	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P$\bar{3}m1$</i>
βTa ₂ C	2.3 to 3.2	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
ζ	~4.2	<i>hR20</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
TaC	3.7 to 6.1	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(C)	100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

2•114/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

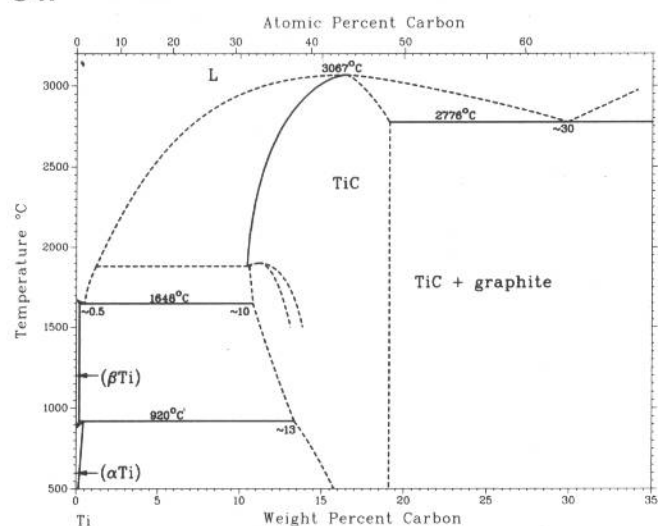
C-Th



R. Benz and P.L. Stone, 1969

Phase	Composition, wt% C	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTh)	0 to 0.3	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTh)	0 to ?	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
ThC	?	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
γThC ₂	? to 9.2	<i>cP12</i>	<i>Pa</i> $\bar{3}$
βThC ₂	~8.1 to 9.1	<i>tP6</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ / <i>mmc</i>
αThC ₂	~9.1	<i>mC12</i>	<i>C2/c</i>

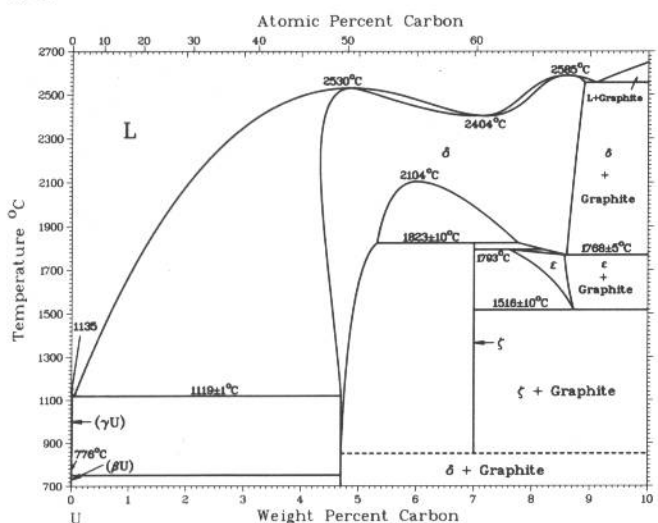
C-Ti



J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% C	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi)	0 to 0.2	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTi)	0 to 0.4	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
TiC	~10 to 19.3	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ti ₂ C	~10 to 12.4	<i>cF48</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
(C)	100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

C-U

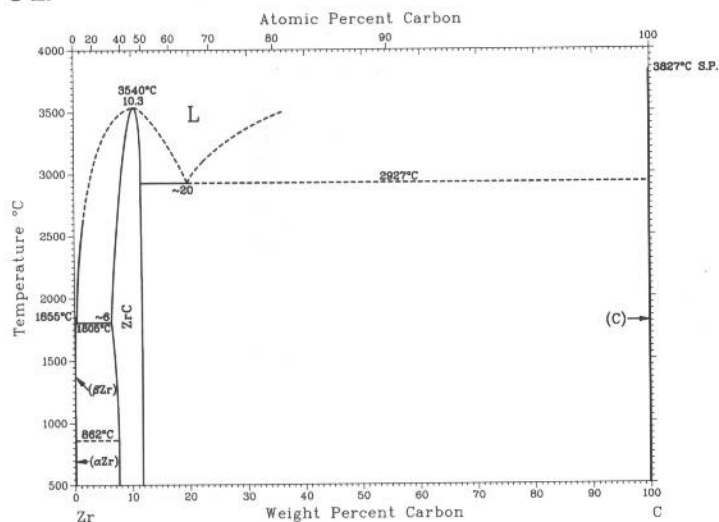


E.K. Storms, 1967; and R. Benz, 1969

Phase	Composition, wt% C	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γU)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βU)	0	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ / <i>mmn</i>
δ	~4.3 to 8.9	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
ε	~7.6 to 8.7	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
ζ	7.0	<i>cI40</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}3d$

2•116/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

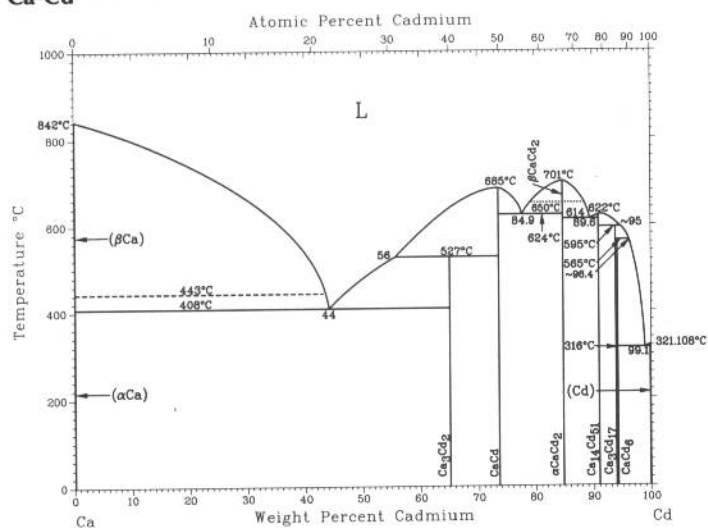
C-Zr



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% C	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βZr)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αZr)	0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
ZrC	~6 to 12	cF8	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(C)	0	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$

Ca-Cd

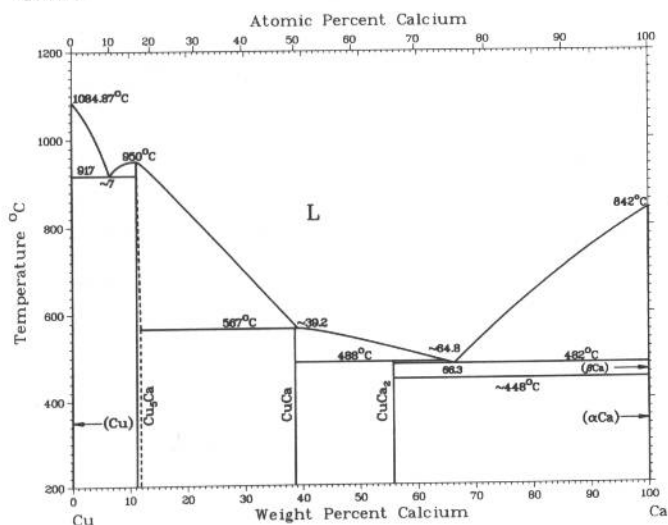


P.R. Subramanian, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Cd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCa)(a)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(βCa)(b)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
Ca ₃ Cd ₂	65	tP20	$P4_2nm$
CaCd	73.7	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
αCaCd ₂ (c)	84.9	hP12	$P6_3/mmc$
βCaCd ₂	84.9	oI12	$Imma$
Ca ₁₄ Cd ₅₁	91.1	hP68	$P6/m$
Ca ₃ Cd ₁₇	94	...	...
CaCd ₆	94.4	cI184	$Im\bar{3}$
(Cd)	100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$

(a) Below 443 °C. (b) From 443 to 842 °C. (c) From 0 to 650 °C. (d) From 650 to 701 °C

Ca-Cu

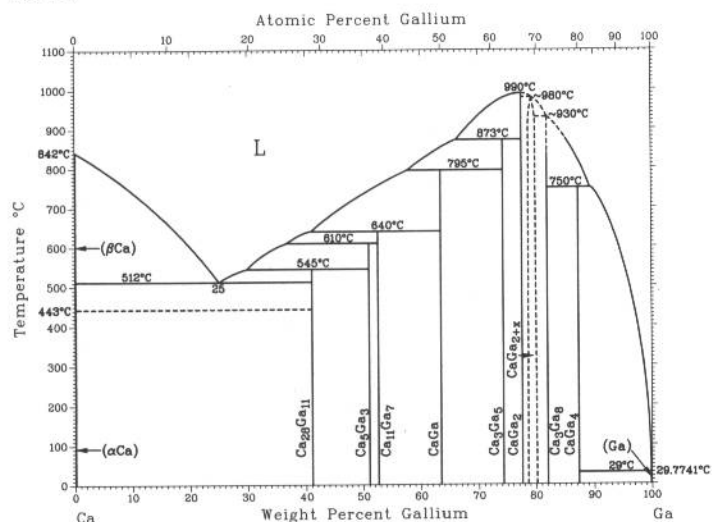


D.J. Chakrabarti and D.E. Laughlin, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt% Ca	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Cu ₃ Ca	10.7 to 11.4	hP6	$P6_3/mmm$
αCuCa(b)	38.7	mP20	$P2_1/c$
βCuCa(c)	38.7	oP40	$Pnma$
CuCa ₂	55.8	oP12	$Pnma$
(αCa)	100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(βCa)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$

(a) A much wider homogeneity range (approximately 14.1 to 20 at.% Ca) indicated. (b) High temperature; 94.3° interaxial angle. (c) Low temperature

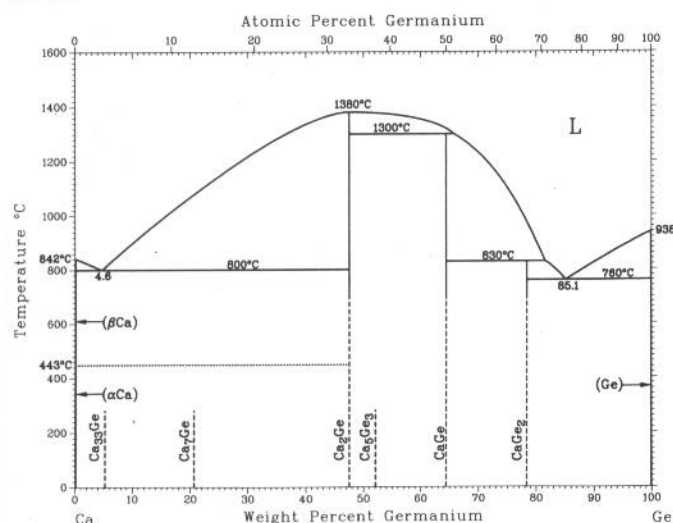
Ca-Ga



Phase	Composition, wt% Ga	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCa)(a)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(βCa)(b)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
Ca ₂₈ Ga ₁₁	40.6	oI78	$Im\bar{3}m$
Ca ₅ Ga ₃	51.1	tI32	$I4/mcm$
Ca ₁₁ Ga ₇	52.6	cF144	$Fm\bar{3}m$
CaGa	63.5	oC8	$Cmcm$
Ca ₃ Ga ₅	72.4	oC32	$Cmcm$
CaGa ₂	77.7	hP6	$P6_3/mmc$
CaGa _{2+x}	78.5 to 80.7	hP3	$P6/mmc$
Ca ₃ Ga ₈	82.2	oI22	$Immm$
CaGa ₄	87	mC10	$C2/m$
(Ga)	100	oC8	$Cmca$

(a) <443 °C. (b) From 443 to 842 °C

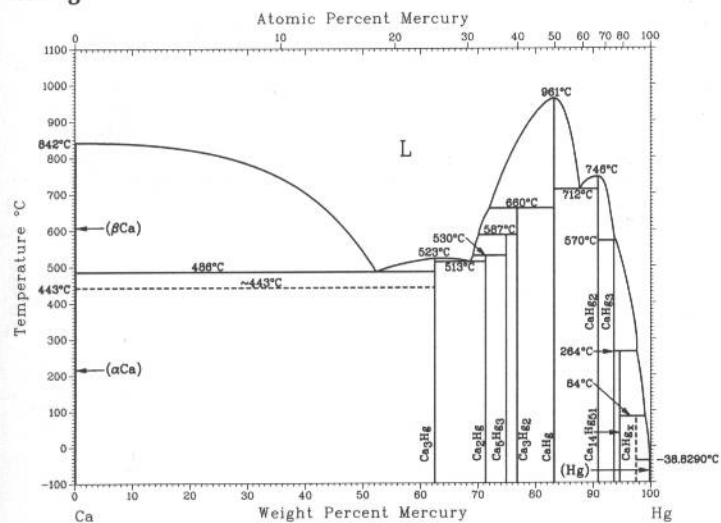
Ca-Ge



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βCa)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αCa)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Ca ₃₃ Ge	5.1	cF48	$Fd\bar{3}m$
Ca ₇ Ge	20.6	cF32	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Ca ₂ Ge	47.5	oP12	$Pnma$
Ca ₅ Ge ₃	52.1	tI32	$I4/mcm$
CaGe	64.4	oC8	$Cmcm$
CaGe ₂	78.4	hR6	$R\bar{3}m$
(Ge)	100	cF8	$Fm\bar{3}m$

Ca-Hg



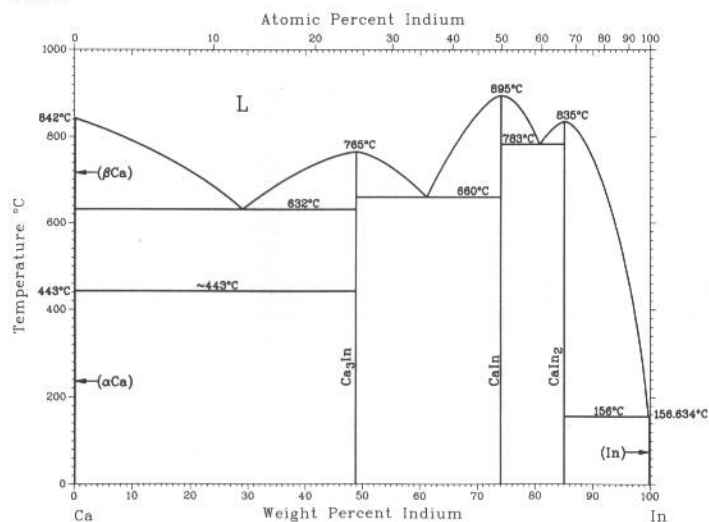
P.R. Subramanian, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Hg	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCa)(a)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(βCa)(b)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
Ca ₃ Hg	63	oP16	$Pnma$
Ca ₂ Hg	71.4	cI32	$I\bar{4}3m$
Ca ₅ Hg ₃	75.0	oP12	$Pnma$
Ca ₃ Hg ₂	77	tP10	$P4/mbm$
CaHg	83.3	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
CaHg ₂	90.9	hP3	$P\bar{3}m1$
CaHg ₃	94	hP3	$P6/mmm$
Ca ₁₄ Hg ₅₁	94.8	hP68	$P6_3/mmc$
CaHg _{8x}	~98	...	...
(Hg)	100	hR1	$R\bar{3}m$

(a) Below 443 °C. (b) From 443 to 842 °C

2•118/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

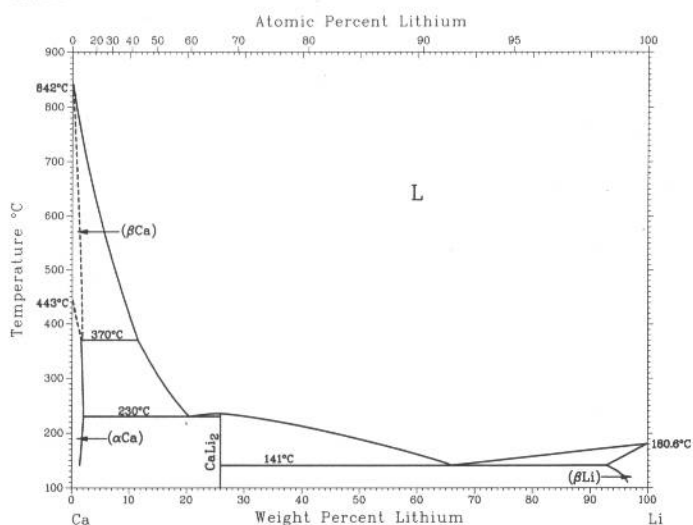
Ca-In



H. Okamoto, V.P. Itkin, and C.B. Alcock, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βCa)	0	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αCa)	0	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ca ₃ In	49	cF16	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
CaIn	74.1	cP2	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
CaIn ₂	85.2	hP6	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(In)	100	tI2	<i>I4</i> / <i>mmm</i>

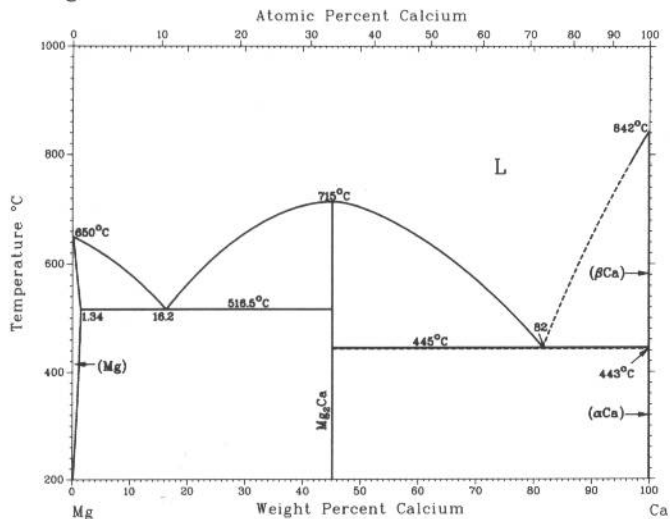
Ca-Li



C.W. Bale and A.D. Pelton, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Li	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCa)	0	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βCa)	0	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
CaLi ₂	87.4	hP12	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(αLi)	100	hP2	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(βLi)	100	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

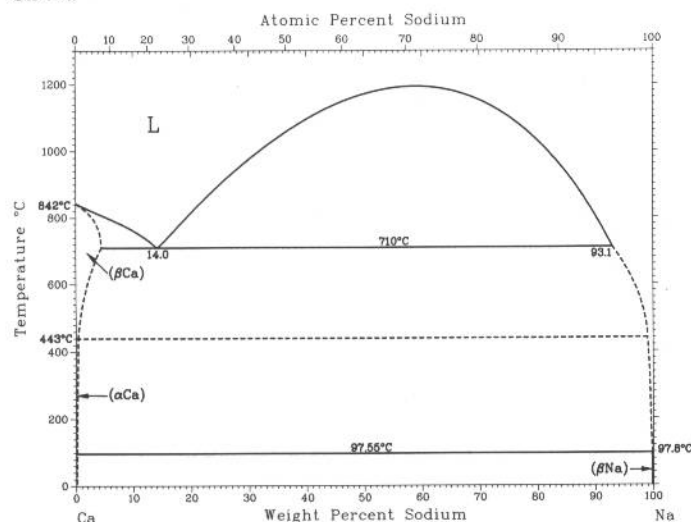
Ca-Mg



A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Ca	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0	hP2	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Mg ₂ Ca	45.2	hP12	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(βCa)	100	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αCa)	100	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

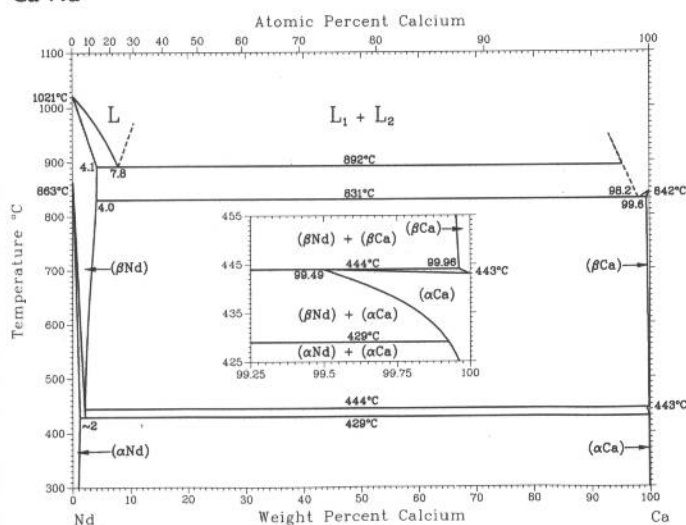
Ca-Na



A.D. Pelton, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt% Na	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCa)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(βCa)	0 to ~4.4	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(βNa)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αNa)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>

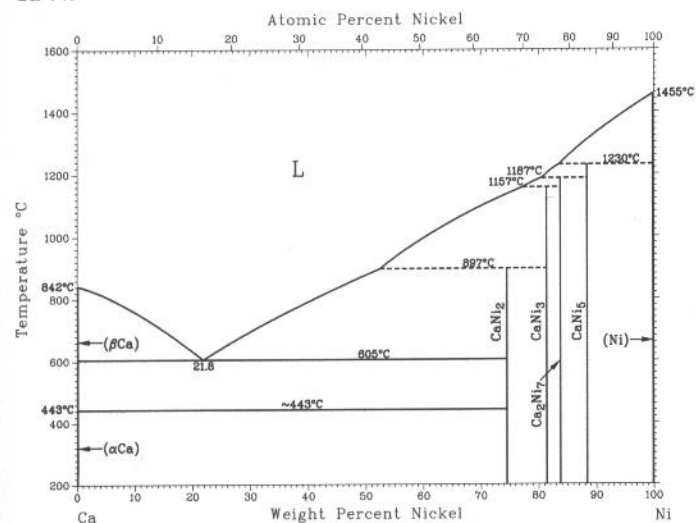
Ca-Nd



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Ca	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αNd)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>
(βNd)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αCa)	99.5 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(βCa)	99.6 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

Ca-Ni



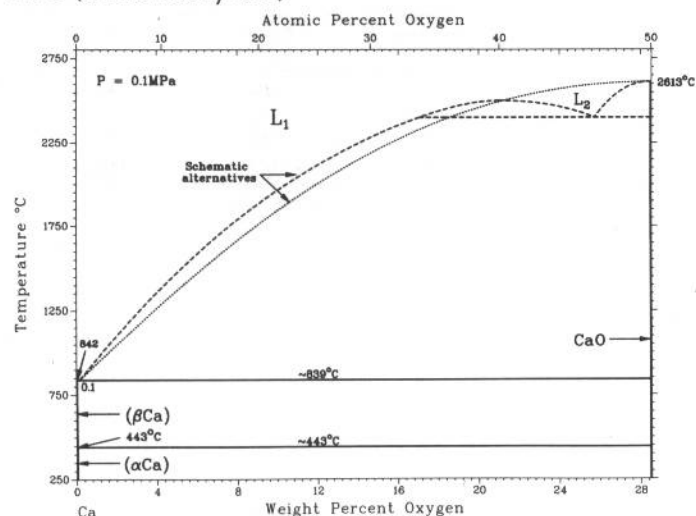
H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ni	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βCa)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αCa)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
CaNi ₂	74.6	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Ca ₂ Ni ₅ (a)	78.5	<i>hP*</i>	?
CaNi ₃	82	<i>hR12</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Ca ₂ Ni ₇	83.7	<i>hR18</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
CaNi ₅	88.0	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6</i> / <i>mmm</i>
(Ni)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

(a) Not shown on diagram

2•120/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

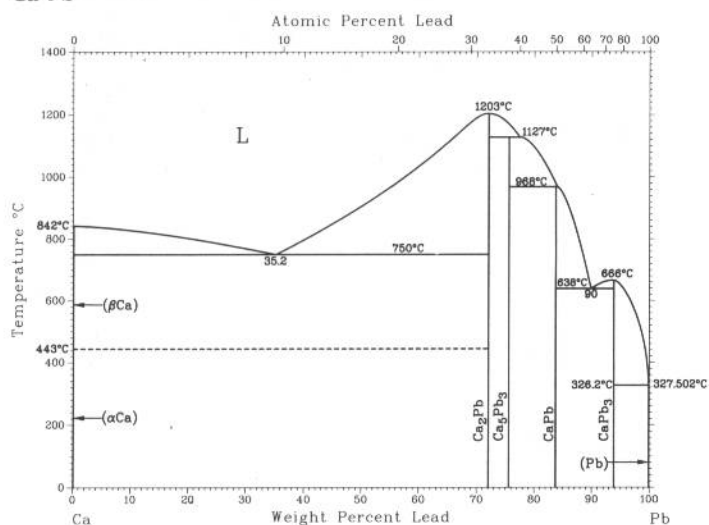
Ca-O (condensed system)



H.A. Wriedt, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt% O	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCa)	0	$cF4$	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(βCa)	0	$cI2$	$Im\bar{3}m$
CaO	28.5	$cF8$	$Fm\bar{3}m$
CaO_2	44.4	$tI6$	$I4/mmm$
CaO_4	62	...	...
CaO_6	66.6	...	...

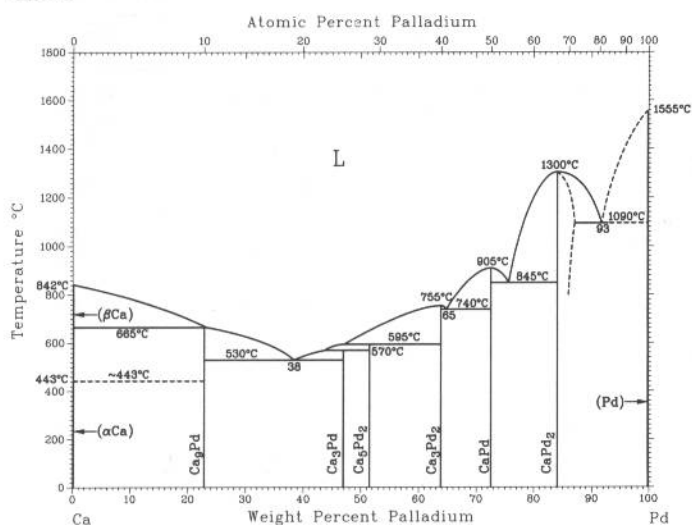
Ca-Pb



V.P. Itkin and C.B. Alcock, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCa)	0	$cF4$	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(βCa)	0	$cI2$	$Im\bar{3}m$
Ca_2Pb	72.1	$oP12$	$Pnma$
Ca_5Pb_3	75.6	$hP48$	$P6_3/mc$
CaPb	83.8	$tP4$	$P4/mmm$
CaPb_3	94	$cP4$	$Pm\bar{3}m$
(Pb)	99.9 to 100	$cF4$	$Fm\bar{3}m$

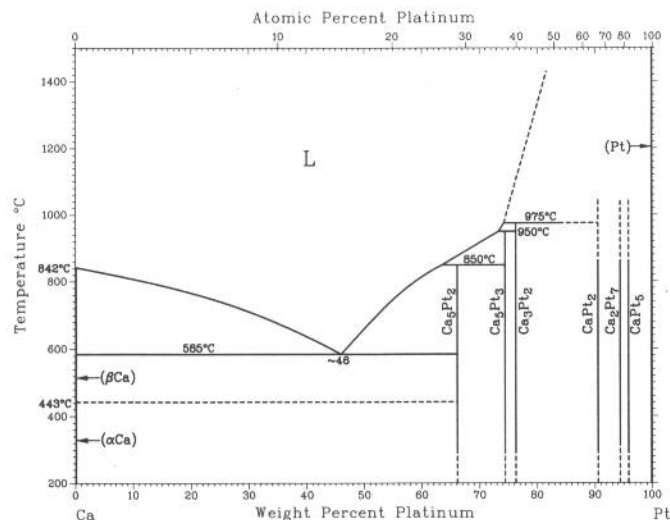
Ca-Pd



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βCa)	0	$cI2$	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αCa)	0	$cF4$	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Ca_9Pd	~23	...	...
Ca_3Pd	47	$oP16$	$Pnma$
Ca_5Pd_2	51.5	$mC28$	$C2/c$
Ca_3Pd_2	64	$hR45$	$R\bar{3}$
CaPd	72.6	$cP2$	$Pm\bar{3}m$
CaPd_2	84.2	$cF24$	$Fd\bar{3}m$
CaPd_5	93.2	$hP6$	$P6/mmm$
(Pd)	100	$cF4$	$Fm\bar{3}m$

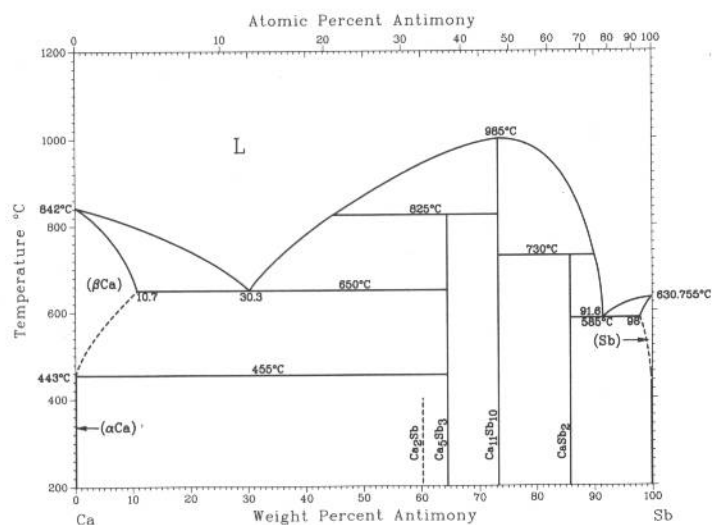
Ca-Pt



P.R. Subramanian, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Pt	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCa)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(βCa)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
Ca ₅ Pt ₂	66.1	mC28	C2/c
Ca ₅ Pt ₃	74.5	tI32	I4/mcm
Ca ₃ Pt ₂	76	hR45	R $\bar{3}$
CaPt ₂	~90.7	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
Ca ₂ Pt ₇	~94.5	hP36	$P6_3/mmc$
CaPt ₅	96.0	hP6	$P6/mmm$
(Pt)	100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

Ca-Sb

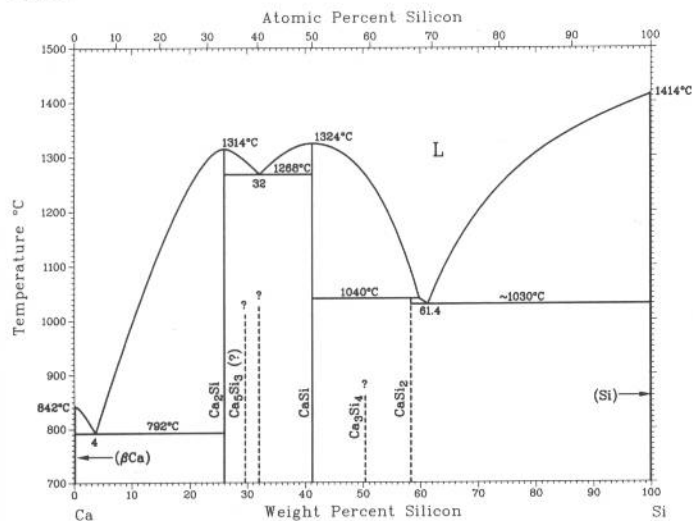


P.R. Subramanian, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCa)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(βCa)	0 to 10.7	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
Ca ₂ Sb	~60.3	tI12	I4/mmm
		tI14(b)	I4/mmm
αCa ₅ Sb ₃ (a)	~64.6	oP32	Pnma
βCa ₅ Sb ₃ (b)	~64.6	hP16	$P6_3/mcm$
Ca ₁₁ Sb ₁₀	~73.4	tI84	I4/mmm
CaSb(c)	75	cF8	$F\bar{4}3m$
CaSb ₂	~85.9	mP6	$P2_1/m$
(Sb)	98.0 to 100	hR2	R $\bar{3}m$

(a) Room temperature modification. (b) High-temperature modification; allotropic transformation temperature unknown. (c) Not shown on diagram

Ca-Si



P.R. Subramanian, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCa)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(βCa)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
Ca ₂ Si	25.9	oP12	Pnma
Ca ₅ Si ₃	29.6	tI32	I4/mcm
CaSi	41.2	oC8	Cmcm
Ca ₃ Si ₄	~48.3	...	...
CaSi ₂	58.4	hR6	R $\bar{3}m$
(Si)	100	cF8	$Fd\bar{3}m$

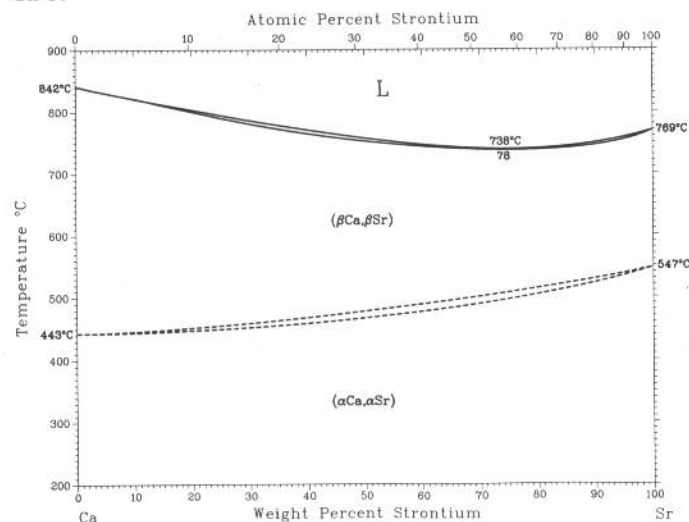
High-pressure phase

CaSi ₂ (a)	58.4	tI12	I4 ₁ /amd
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(a) Prepared by high-temperature/high-pressure treatment of rhombohedral CaSi₂ at 1000 to 1500 °C and 40 kbar, followed by quenching to ambient conditions

2•122/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

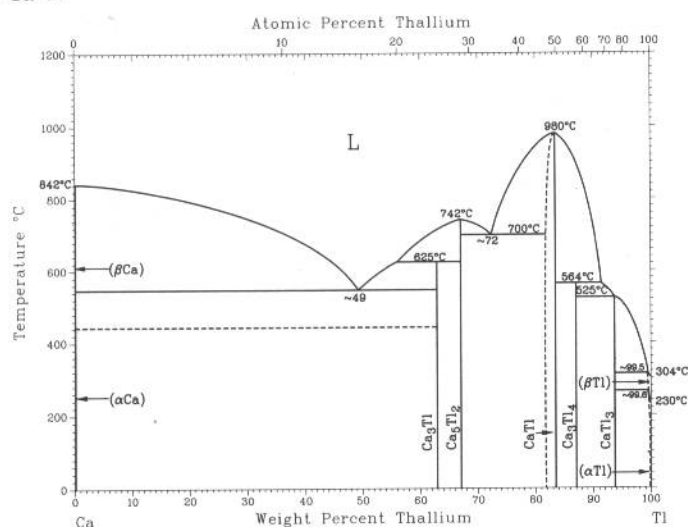
Ca-Sr



C.B. Alcock and V.P. Itkin, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% Sr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCa, αSr)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βCa, βSr)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

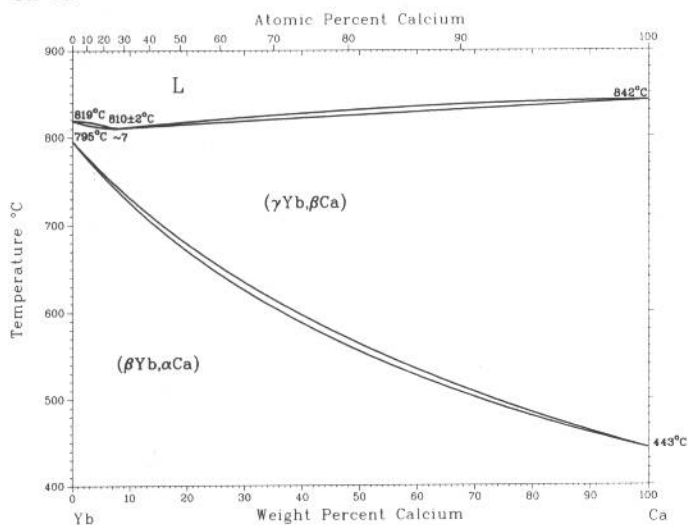
Ca-Tl



P.R. Subramanian, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCa)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βCa)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ca ₃ Tl	63	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ca ₅ Tl ₂	~67.1	...	...
CaTl	83.6	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ca ₃ Tl ₄	~87.2	...	...
CaTl ₃	94	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTl)	~99.6	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(βTl)	~99.5	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

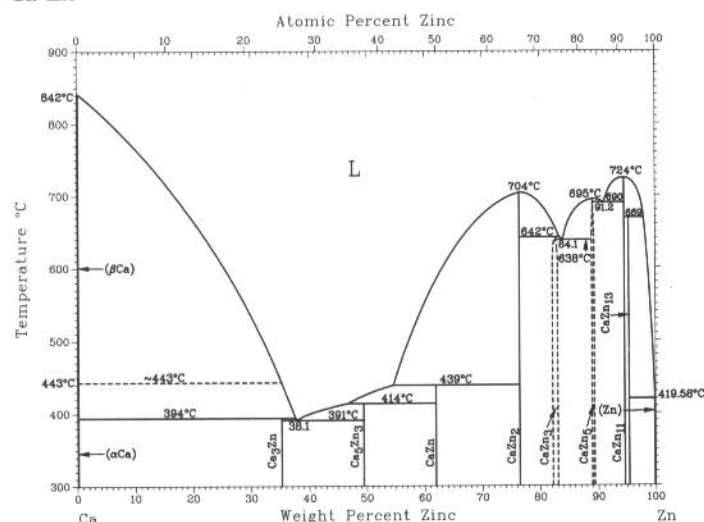
Ca-Yb



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Ca	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αYb)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(βYb)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γYb)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αCa)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βCa)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

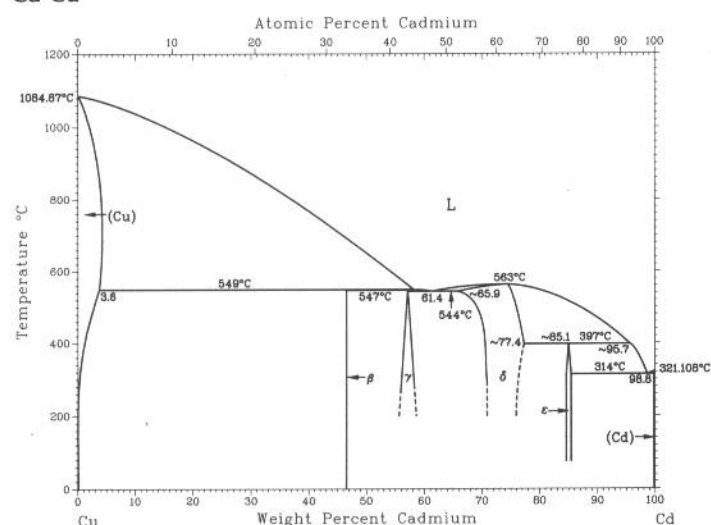
Ca-Zn



V.P. Itkin and C.B. Alcock, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βCa)	0	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αCa)	0	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ca ₃ Zn	35	oC16	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ca ₅ Zn ₃	46.5	tI32	<i>I4/mcm</i>
CaZn	62.0	oC8	<i>Cmcm</i>
CaZn ₂	76.6	oI12	<i>Imma</i>
CaZn ₃	82 to 83	hP32	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
CaZn ₅	81.7 to 89.5	hP6	<i>P6₃/mmm</i>
CaZn ₁₁	94.7	tI48	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
CaZn ₁₃	95.5	cF112	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}c$
(Zn)	100	hP2	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Cd-Cu

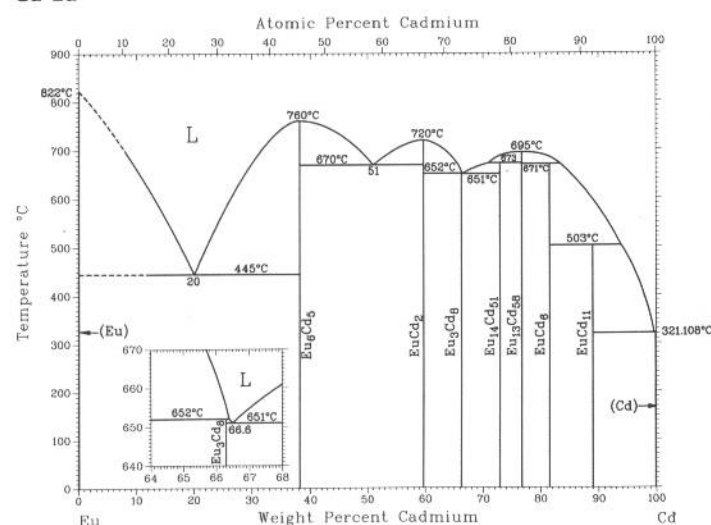


P.R. Subramanian and D.E. Laughlin, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Cd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0 to 3.6	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
β	46.9	hP24	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
γ	56.0 to 58.3(a)	cF1124	<i>F</i> $\bar{4}3m$
δ	65.9 to 77	cI52	...
ε	84.6 to 85.9	hP28	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(Cd)	~99.9 to 100	hP2	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

(a) At 300 °C

Cd-Eu



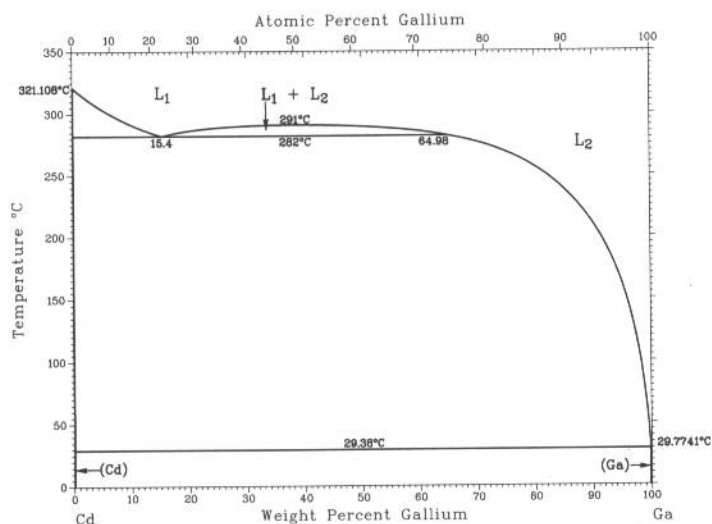
K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Cd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Eu)	0	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
EuCd(a)	38.2	cP2	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
EuCd ₂	59.7	oI12	<i>Imma</i>
Eu ₃ Cd ₈	66.3	(b)	...
Eu ₁₄ Cd ₅₁	73.0	hP65	<i>P6₃/m</i>
Eu ₁₃ Cd ₅₈	76.8	hP142	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
EuCd ₆	81.6	cI168	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$
EuCd ₁₁	88.8 to 89.1	tI48	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(Cd)	100	hP2	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

(a) Defect structure reported as Eu₆Cd₅. (b) Structure not known

2•124/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

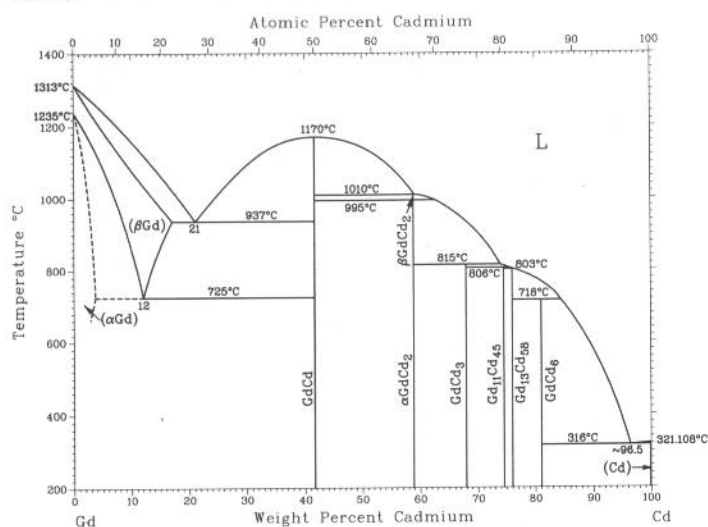
Cd-Ga



Z. Moser, J. Dutkiewicz, W. Gasior, and J. Salawa, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Ga	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cd)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(Ga)	100	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>

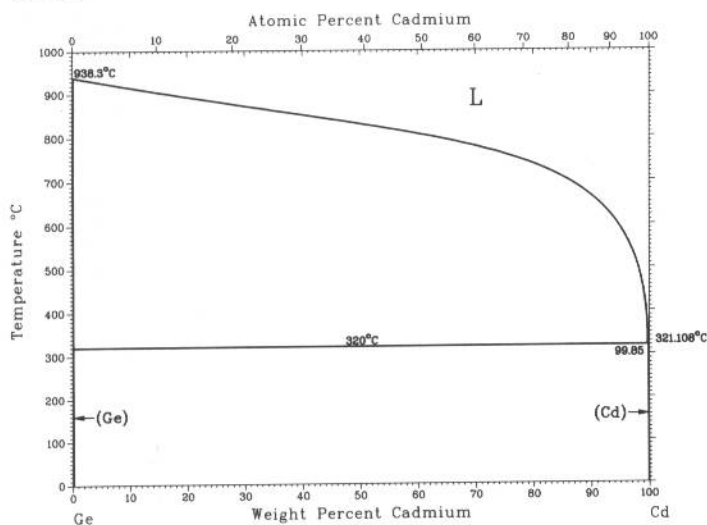
Cd-Gd



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Cd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αGd)	0 to ~3.6	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βGd)	0 to ~17	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
GdCd	41.7	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
GdCd ₂	58.9	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3m1</i>
GdCd ₃	68	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Gd ₁₁ Cd ₄₅	74.6	<i>cF448</i>	<i>F43m</i>
Gd ₁₃ Cd ₅₈	76.1	<i>hP142</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
GdCd ₆	81.1	<i>cI168</i>	<i>Im3</i>
(Cd)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

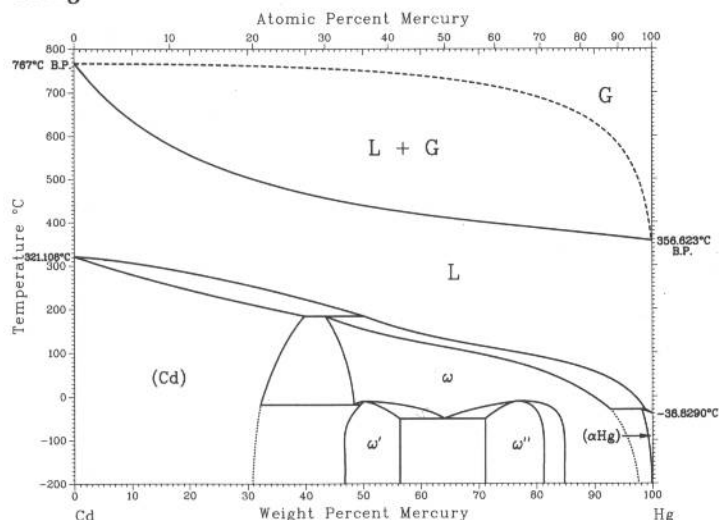
Cd-Ge



R.W. Olesinski and G.J. Abbaschian, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% Cd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0.0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
GeII(HP)	0.0	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(Cd)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Cd-Hg

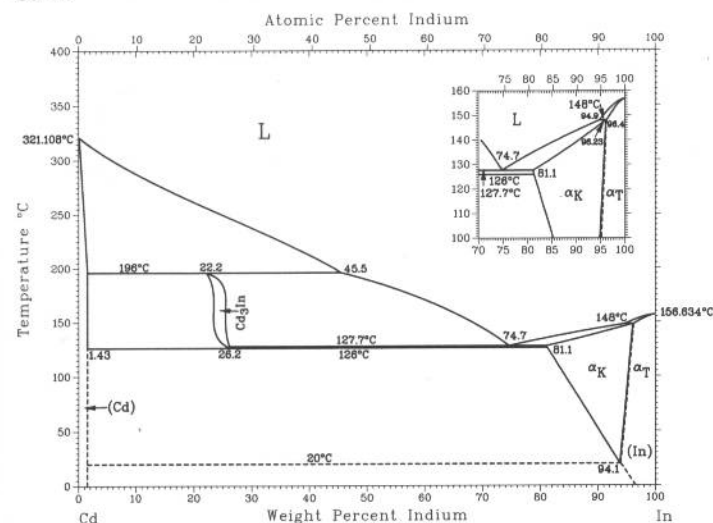


C. Guminski and L.A. Zabdyr, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Hg	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cd)	0 to 37	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
ω	42 to 94	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
ω'	47 to 56	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
ω''	71 to 81	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(αHg)(a)	98 to 100	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R3m</i>
(βHg)(b)	~100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>

(a) From -38.8290 to -193 °C at 100 wt% Hg. (b) Below -193 °C

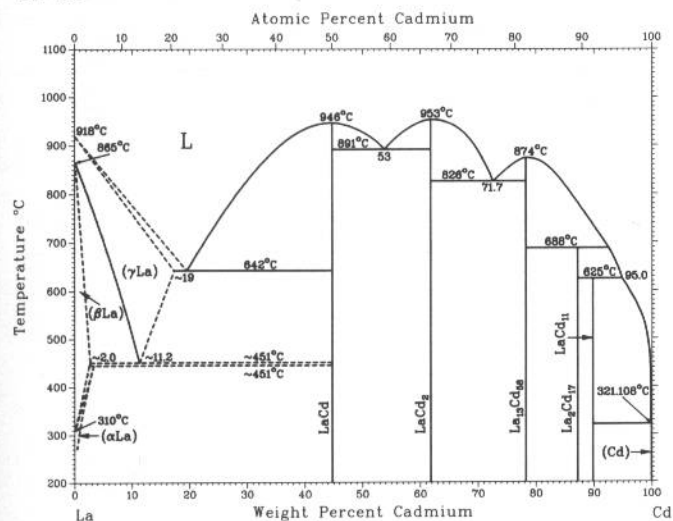
Cd-In



J. Dutkiewicz, L.A. Zabdyr, W. Zakulski, Z. Moser, J. Salawa, P.J. Horrocks, F.H. Hayes, and M.H. Rand, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cd)	0 to 1.4	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Cd ₃ In	22.2 to 26.2	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
α _K	81.1 to 94	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(In)(α _I)	94 to 100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>

Cd-La

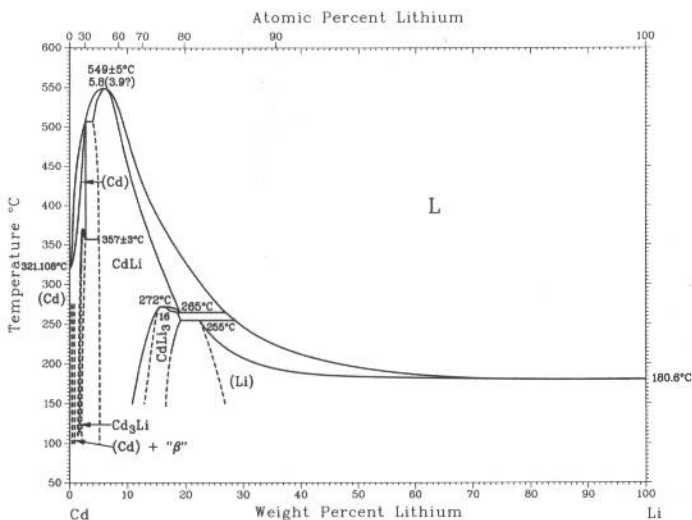


K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Cd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αLa)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βLa)	0 to ~2.0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(γLa)	0 to ~18	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
LaCd	44.7	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
LaCd ₂	61.8	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3m1</i>
La ₁₃ Cd ₅₈	78.3	<i>hP142</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
La ₂ Cd ₁₇	85.8	<i>hP38</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
LaCd ₁₁	89.9	<i>cP36</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
(Cd)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

2•126/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Cd-Li

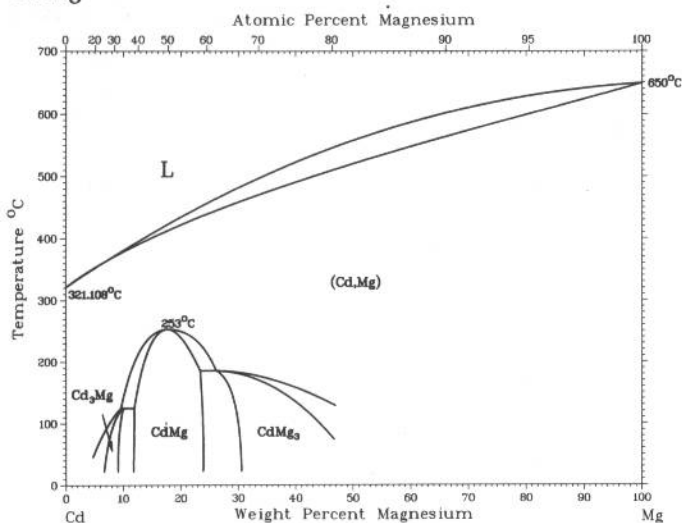


A.D. Pelton, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Li	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cd)	0 to 2.6	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Cd ₃ Li	2? to 2.5	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
CdLi	3.6 to 18	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
CdLi ₃	10? to 18	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(βLi)	22 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αLi)(a)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

(a) Below -193 °C

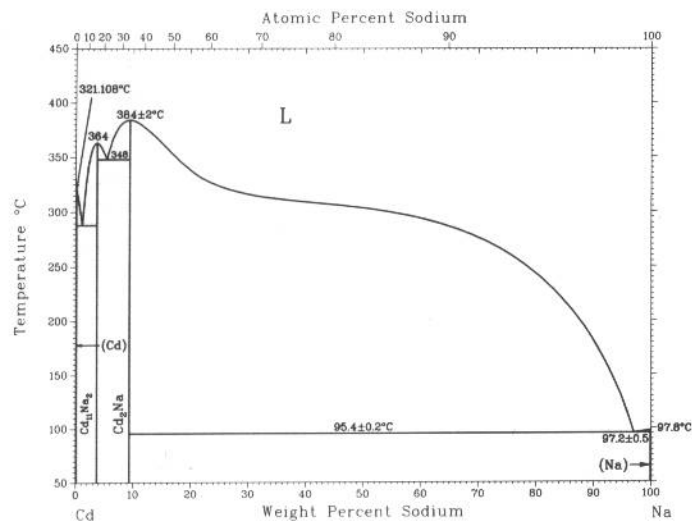
Cd-Mg



Z. Moser, W. Gasior, J. Wypartowicz, and L. Zabdyr, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt% Mg	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cd, Mg)	0 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
α' or Cd ₃ Mg	7 to 9	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
α'' or CdMg	12 to 25	<i>oP4</i>	<i>Pmma</i>
α''' or CdMg ₃	29 to 50	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Cd-Na



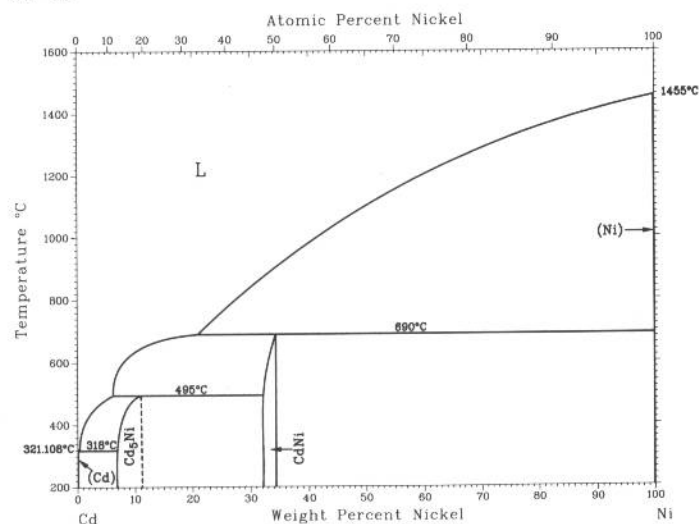
A.D. Pelton, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Na	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cd)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Cd ₁₁ Na ₂	3.9	<i>cP39</i>	<i>Pm3</i>
Cd ₂ Na(a)	9.3	<i>cF1192</i>	...
(βNa)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αNa)(b)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

(a) Complex cubic structure that corresponds to the formula Cd_{1.92}Na at 0.070 wt% Na. (b) Below -237 °C

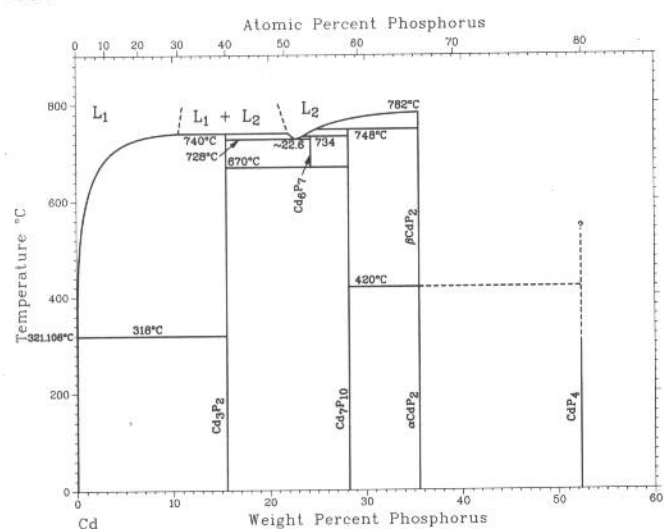
F.A. Shunk and P. Nash, 1991

Cd-Ni



Phase	Composition, wt% Ni	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cd)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Cd ₅ Ni	9 to 10.6	<i>cP52</i>	<i>P4₃m</i>
CdNi	31.9 to 34.3	<i>cF112</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
(Ni)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

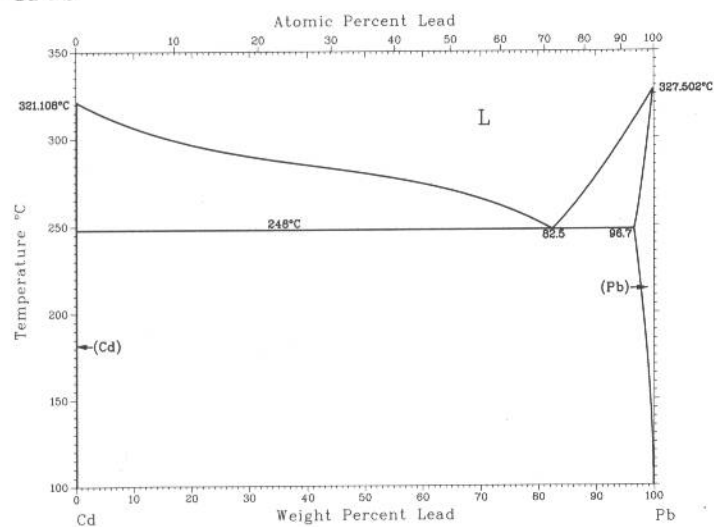
Cd-P



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% P	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cd)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Cd ₃ P ₂	16	<i>tI40</i>	<i>P4₂/nmc</i>
Cd ₆ P ₇	24.3	<i>c*52</i>	...
Cd ₇ P ₁₀	24.3	<i>oF136</i>	<i>Fdd2</i>
βCdP ₂	55.6	<i>tP24</i>	<i>P4₃2₁2</i>
αCdP ₂	35.6	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pna2₁</i>
CdP ₄	52.4	<i>mP10</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>

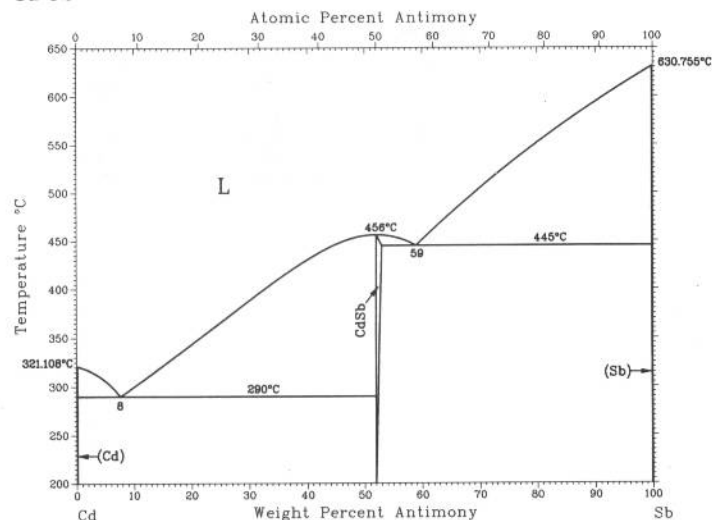
Cd-Pb



J. Dutkiewicz, Z. Moser, and W. Zakulski, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cd)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(Pb)	96.7 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

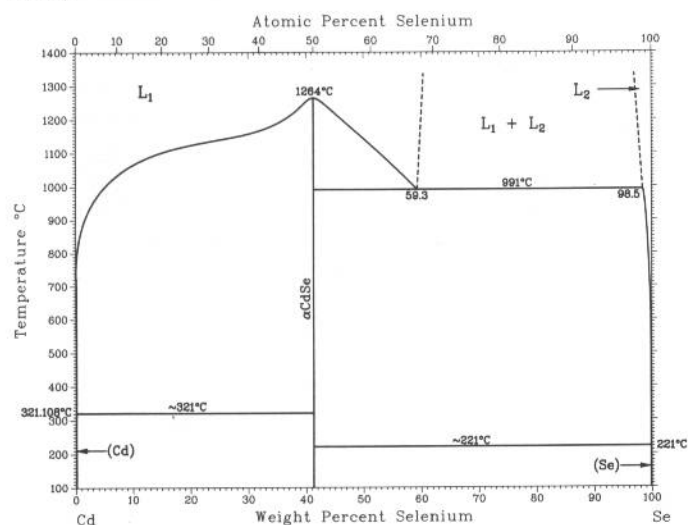
Cd-Sb



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cd)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
CdSb	52.0 to 53	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pbca</i>
(Sb)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Metastable phases			
Cd ₃ Sb ₂	42	<i>m*20</i>	...
Cd ₄ Sb ₃	44.9	<i>hR*</i>	...

Cd-Se

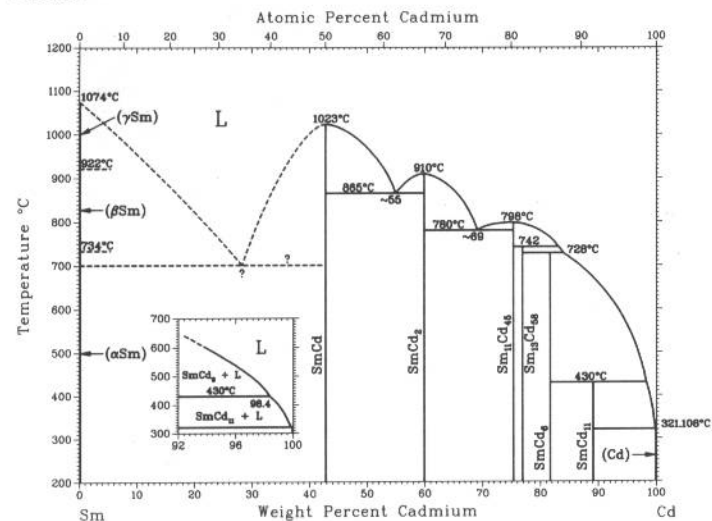


R.C. Sharma and Y.A. Chang, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cd)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
α CdSe	41.3	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃mc</i>
β CdSe(a)	41.3	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Se)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>

(a) High-pressure phase

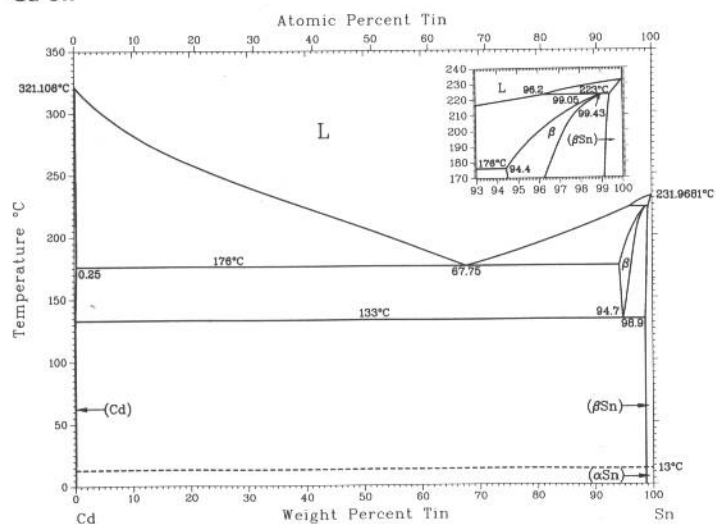
Cd-Sm



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Cd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(α Sm)	0	<i>hR3</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β Sm)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(γ Sm)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
SmCd	42.8	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
SmCd ₂	60.0	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3m1</i>
Sm ₁₁ Cd ₄₅	75.4	<i>cF448</i>	<i>F$\bar{4}3m$</i>
Sm ₁₃ Cd ₅₈	76.9	<i>hP142</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
SmCd ₆	81.8	<i>cI168</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}$</i>
SmCd ₁₁	89.2	<i>cP36</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Cd)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

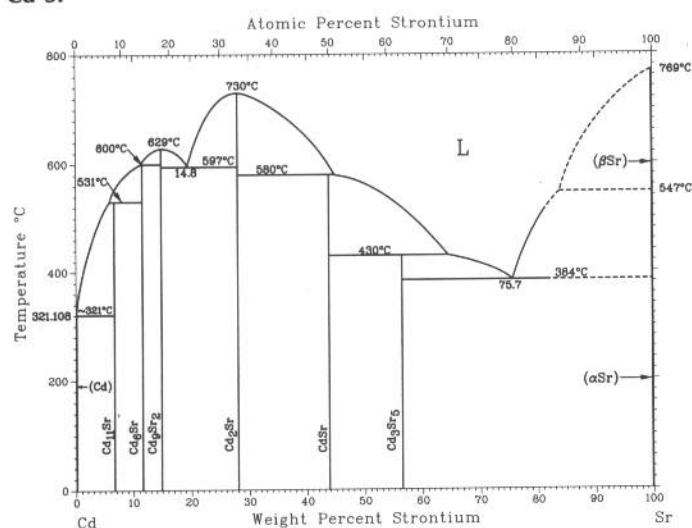
Cd-Sn



J. Dutkiewicz, L.A. Zabdyr, Z. Moser, and J. Salawa, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cd)	0 to 0.25	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
β	94.3 to 99.1	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(Sn)	98.9 to 100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>

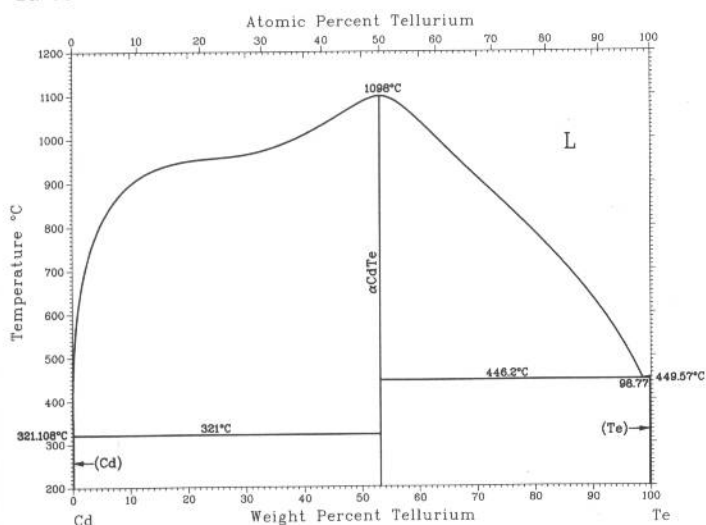
Cd-Sr



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Sr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cd)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Cd ₁₁ Sr	6.6	<i>tI48</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
Cd ₆ Sr	11.5	...	...
Cd ₉ Sr ₂	14.8	...	...
Cd ₂ Sr	28.0	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
CdSr	43.8	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
Cd ₃ Sr ₅	56.5	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
(βSr)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αSr)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

Cd-Te



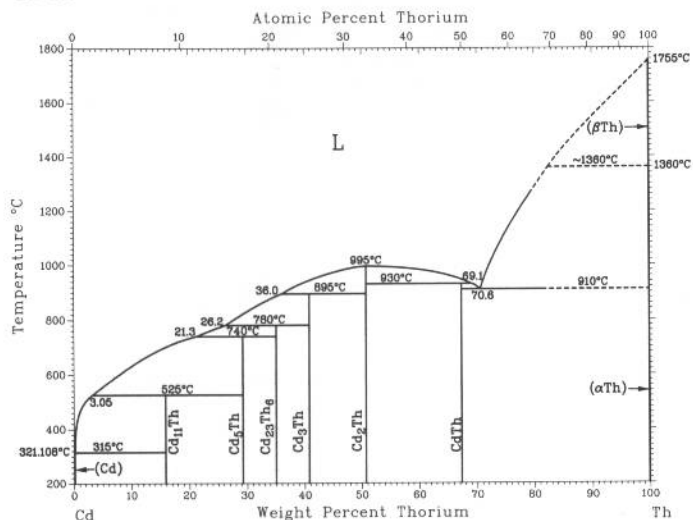
R.C. Sharma and Y.A. Chang, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cd)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
αCdTe	53.2	<i>cF8</i>	<i>F43m</i>
βCdTe(a)	53.2	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
γCdTe(a)	53.2	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>

(a) High-pressure phase

2•130/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

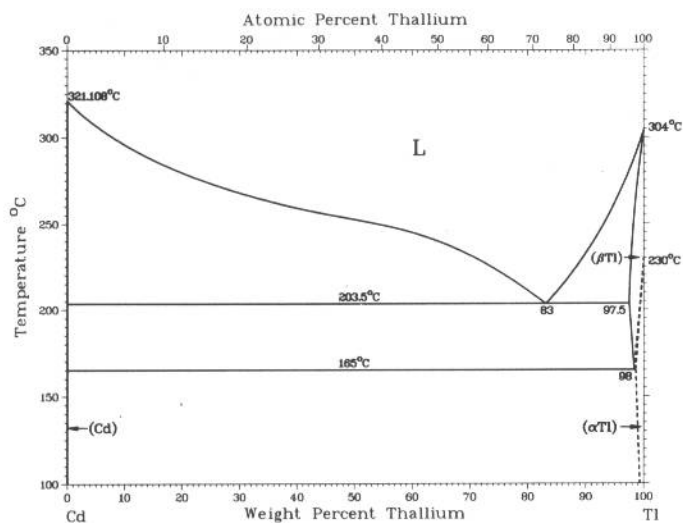
Cd-Th



J. Dutkiewicz, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Th	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cd)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Cd ₁₁ Th	15.79	<i>cP36</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
Cd ₅ Th	29.21	<i>hP36</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Cd ₂₃ Th ₆	35.00	<i>cF116</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
Cd ₃ Th	41	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Cd ₂ Th	50.79	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
CdTh	67.4	<i>oP24</i>	...
(αTh)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(βTh)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

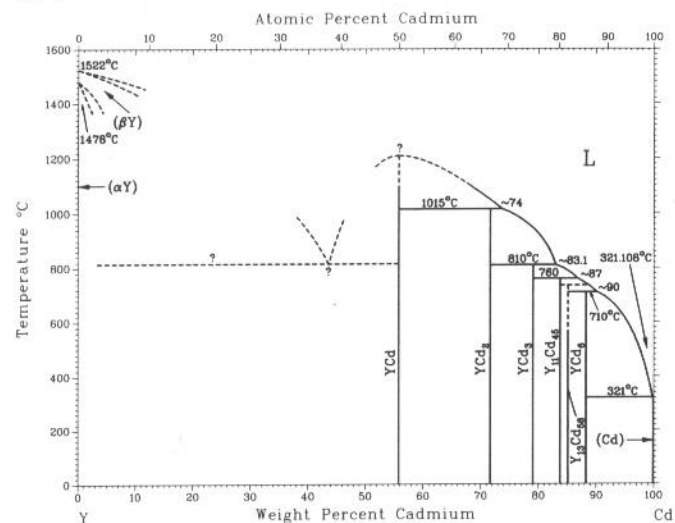
Cd-Tl



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cd)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βTl)	97.5 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αTl)	~98 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Cd-Y

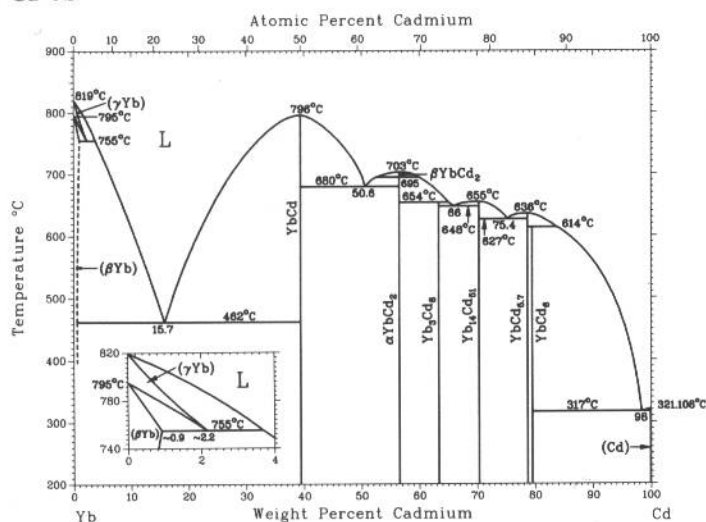


K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Cd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αY)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βY)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
YCd	55.8	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
YCd ₂	71.7	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3m1</i>
YCd ₃	79	<i>oC16</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Y ₁₁ Cd ₄₅	83.8	<i>cF448</i>	<i>F43m</i>
Y ₁₃ Cd ₅₈	85.0	<i>hP142</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
YCd ₆	88.3	<i>cI168</i>	<i>Im3</i>
(Cd)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

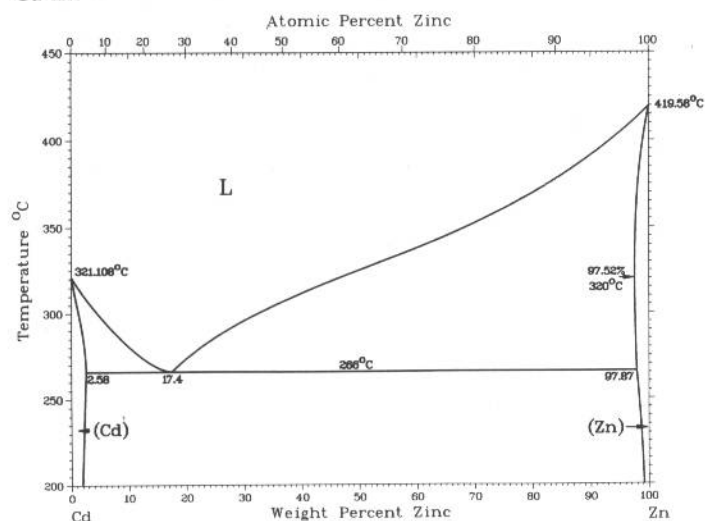
K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1988

Cd-Yb



Phase	Composition, wt% Cd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βYb)	0 to ~0.91	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(γYb)	0 to ~2.2	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
YbCd	39.4	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
YbCd ₂	56.5	hP12	$P6_3/mmc$
Yb ₃ Cd ₈	63.4	...	...
Yb ₁₄ Cd ₅₁	70.3	hP65	$P6/m$
YbCd _{5.7}	78.8	...	...
YbCd ₆	79.6	cI168	$Im\bar{3}$
(Cd)	100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$

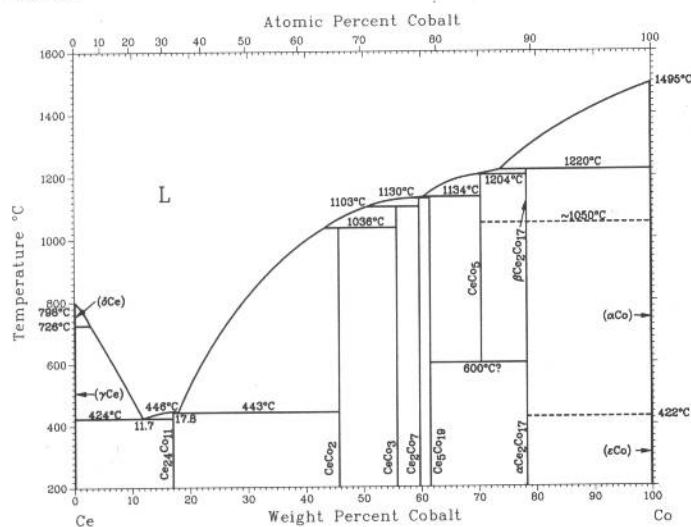
Cd-Zn



J. Dutkiewicz and W. Zakulski, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cd)	0 to 2.58	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
(Zn)	97.52 to 100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$

Ce-Co

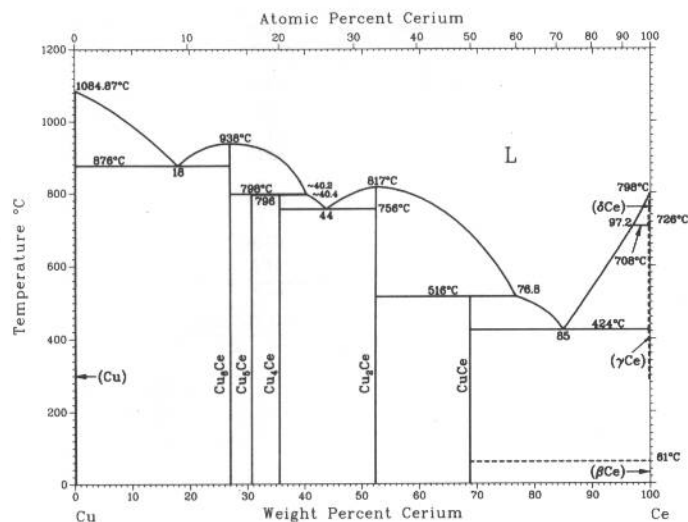


K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and M.E. Verkade, 1974

Phase	Composition, wt% Co	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δCe)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(γCe)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Ce ₂₄ Co ₁₁	16.1	hP70	$P6_3/mc$
CeCo ₂	45.7	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
CeCo ₃	56	hR12	$R\bar{3}m$
Ce ₂ Co ₇	59.6	hP36	$P6_3/mmc$
Ce ₅ Co ₁₉	61.1	hR24	$R\bar{3}m$
CeCo ₅	67.7	hP6	$P6/mmm$
βCe ₂ Co ₁₇	78.2	hP38	$P6_3/mmc$
αCe ₂ Co ₁₇	78.2	hR19	$R\bar{3}m$
(αCo)	100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(εCo)	100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$

2•132/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

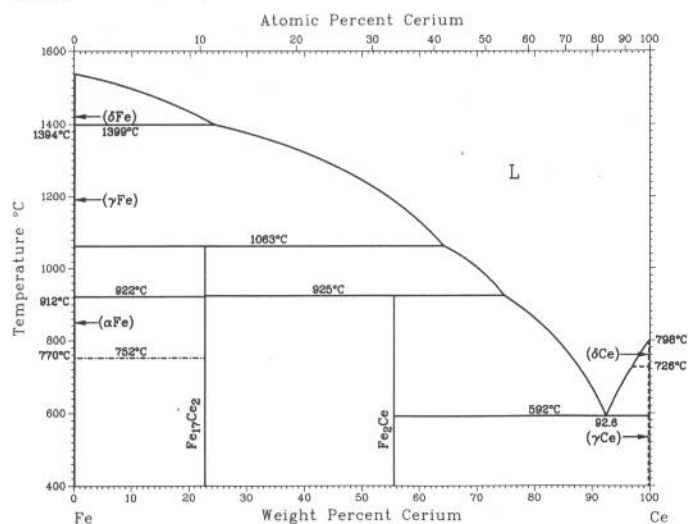
Ce-Cu



P.R. Subramanian and D.E. Laughlin, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Ce	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Cu ₅ Ce	~26.88	<i>oP</i> 28	<i>Pnma</i>
Cu ₅ Ce	~30.61	<i>hP</i> 6	<i>P6/mmm</i>
Cu ₄ Ce	~35.5	<i>oP</i> 20	<i>Pnnm</i>
Cu ₂ Ce	~52.4	<i>oI</i> 12	<i>Imma</i>
CuCe	~68.8	<i>oP</i> 8	<i>Pnma</i>
(δCe)	100	<i>cI</i> 2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(γCe)	100	<i>cF</i> 4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(βCe)	100	<i>hP</i> 2	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(αCe)	100	<i>cF</i> 4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

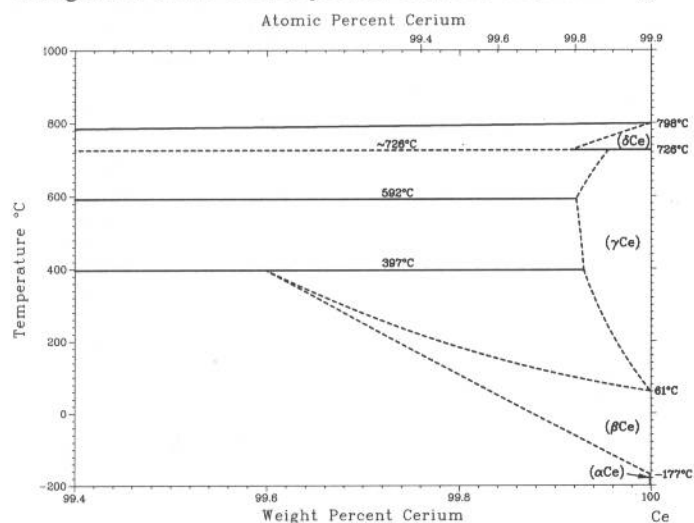
Ce-Fe



W. Zhang, G. Liu, and K. Han, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Ce	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe)	0	<i>cI</i> 2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(γFe)	0	<i>cF</i> 4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	0	<i>cI</i> 2	$Im\bar{3}m$
αFe ₁₇ Ce ₂	22.7	<i>hP</i> 38	<i>P6/mmm</i>
βFe ₁₇ Ce ₂	22.7	<i>hR</i> 19	$R\bar{3}m$
Fe ₂ Ce	55.6	<i>cF</i> 24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
(δCe)	100	<i>cF</i> 4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(βCe)	100	<i>hP</i> 2	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(αCe)	100	<i>cF</i> 4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

Enlargement of the Ce-rich portion of the Fe-Ce phase diagram



Phase	Composition, wt% Ce	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
$\beta\text{Ga}_6\text{Ce}$	21.1	...	...
$\alpha\text{Ga}_6\text{Ce}$	21.1	<i>tI14</i>	<i>P4/nbm</i>
Ga_2Ce	? to 44.6	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
GaCe	61.7	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ga_2Ce_3	71	<i>tP20</i>	<i>P4_2/mnm</i>
$\text{Ga}_3\text{Ce}_5(\text{a})$	73	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
GaCe_3	83	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm\bar{3}m</i>
(δCe)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im\bar{3}m</i>
(γCe)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm\bar{3}m</i>
(βCe)	100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6_3/mmc</i>

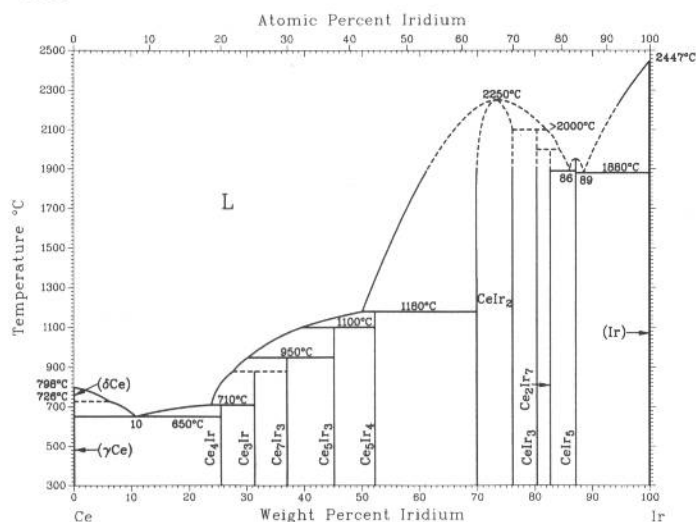
(a) Not shown in the diagram

Phase	Composition, wt % Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δ Ce)(a)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γ Ce)(b)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β Ce)(c)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
(α Ce)(d)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ce $_3$ Ge	15	...	...
Ce $_5$ Ge $_3$	23.7	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mcm</i>
Ce $_4$ Ge $_3$	28.0	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I43d</i>
Ce $_5$ Ge $_4$	29.4	...	<i>Pnma</i>
CeGe	34.1	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
α CeGe $_{2-x}$	44.9 to 45.94	(e)	<i>Imma</i>
β CeGe $_{2-x}$	44.9 to 45.94	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4$_1$/amd</i>
(Ge)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>

(a) From 798 to 726 °C. (b) From 726 to 61 °C (139 °C on heating, 16 °C on cooling). (c) From 61 to -177 °C. (d) Below -177 °C. (e) Orthorhombic

Phase	Composition, wt % In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δCe)	0 to 8	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γCe)	0 to 3	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(βCe)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(αCe)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
βCe ₃ In	22	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
αCe ₃ In	21 to 22	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ce ₂ In	28 to 29.0	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Ce _{1+x} In	38 to 42	...	...
CeIn _{1+y}	...	...	...
Ce ₃ In ₅	55 to 58	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
CeIn ₂	62.1	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
CeIn ₃	71	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(In)	100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>

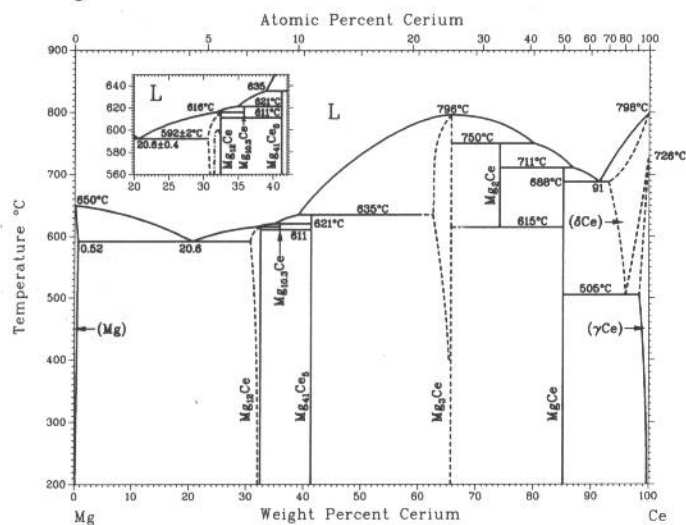
Ce-Ir



H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ir	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δCe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γCe)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βCe)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
(αCe)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ce ₄ Ir	26	...	...
Ce ₃ Ir	31	...	...
Ce ₂ Ir ₃	37	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P63mc</i>
Ce ₃ Ir ₃	45.1	<i>tP32</i>	<i>P4/ncc</i>
Ce ₅ Ir ₄	52.3	<i>oP36</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
CeIr ₂	70 to 76	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
CeIr ₃	81	<i>hR12</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ce ₂ Ir ₇	82.8	<i>hR18</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
CeIr ₅	87.2	<i>cF24</i>	<i>F43m</i>
(Ir)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

Ce-Mg

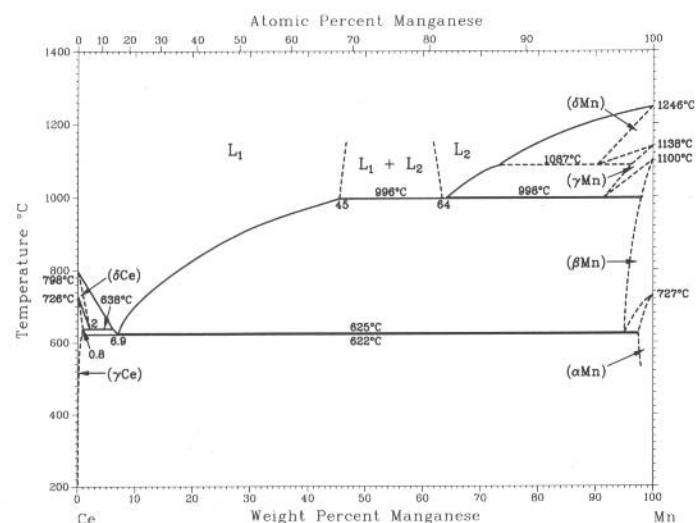


A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Ce	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0 to 0.52	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
Mg ₁₂ Ce(I)	32.44(a,b)	<i>tI26</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Mg ₁₂ Ce(II)	32.44(b)	<i>oI338</i>	<i>(Immm)</i>
Mg _{10.3} Ce	35.89(a)	<i>hP38</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
Mg ₄₁ Ce ₅	41.28(a)	<i>tI92</i>	<i>I4/m</i>
Mg ₃ Ce	? to 66	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Mg ₂ Ce	74.24(a)	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
MgCe	85.22	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(δCe)	? to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γCe)	98.5 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) Appears to be a line compound. The composition range, if any, is unknown. (b) Composition has not been established with certainty. (c) The Ni₁₇Th₂ structure type is taken from the homologous Mg-Nd system. In the Mg-Ce system, the Ni₁₇Th₂ structure has not yet been found.

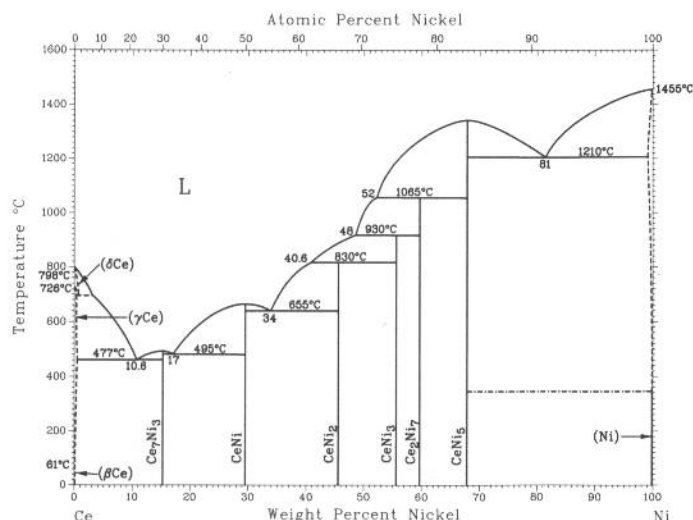
Ce-Mn



A. Palenzona and S. Cirafici, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δCe)	0 to 2	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γCe)	0 to 0.8	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βCe)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
(αCe)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(δMn)	~100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γMn)	~100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βMn)	~100	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4132</i>
(αMn)	~100	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}3m$

Ce-Ni

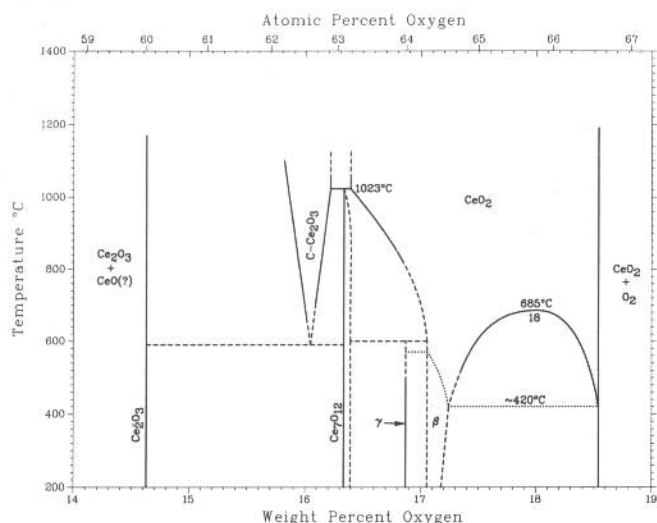


P. Nash and C.H. Tung, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt % Ni	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γ Ce)	~ 0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(δ Ce)	~ 0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ce ₇ Ni ₃	15	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P6₃mc</i>
CeNi	29.5	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
CeNi ₂	45.6	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
CeNi ₃	55.7	(a)	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Ce ₂ Ni ₇	59.5	(c)	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
CeNi ₅	67.6	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
(Ni)(b)	99.90 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

(a) Hexagonal. (b) Solubility of Ce in Ni is 0.05 at.% Ce at 1200 °C and 0.04 at.% Ce at room temperature; data were obtained from pure Ni.

Ce-O

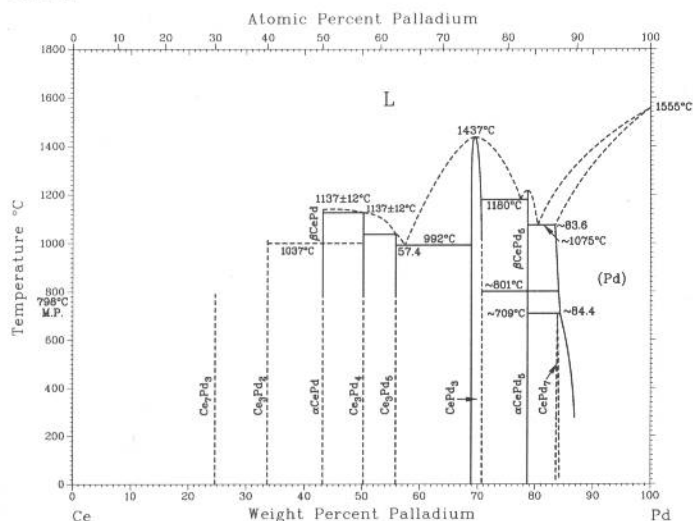


P.R. Subramanian, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% O	Pearson symbol	Space group
(α Ce)(a)	-0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β Ce)(b)	-0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
(γ Ce)(c)	-0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(δ Ce)(d)	-0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
CeO	-10.2	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ce ₂ O ₃	-15	<i>hP5</i>	<i>P$\bar{3}m$1</i>
"C-C ₂ O ₃ " (e, g)	15.86 to 16.16	<i>cI80</i>	<i>Ia$\bar{3}$</i>
Ce ₇ O ₁₂	16.3 to 16.43	<i>hR22</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}$</i>
γ (f)	-16.90	<i>hR?</i>	...
β (g)	-17.1 to 17.2	<i>hR?</i>	...
Ce ₆ O ₁₁ (h)	-17.3	<i>mP?</i>	<i>P2$_1$/n</i>
CeO ₂	-18.6	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
CeO ₂ (j)	-18.6	<i>hP48</i>	...
High-pressure phase			
CeO(k)	-10.2	<i>cF?</i>	...

(a) Below room temperature. (b) Up to 61 °C. (c) From 61 to 726 °C. (d) From 726 to 798 °C. (e) High-temperature phase; stable above ~590 °C. (f) Reported to be γ form of Ce_2O_3 , perhaps a compound with stoichiometry Ce_9O_{16} , with monoclinic or lower symmetry. (g) Reported to be β form of Ce_2O_3 , perhaps a compound with stoichiometry $\text{Ce}_{10}\text{O}_{18}$, with monoclinic or lower symmetry. (h) High-temperature phase; reported to be stable between 790 and 850 °C. (i) Reported to be high-temperature phase, observed at 1340 °C. (k) High-pressure phase, formed by reaction of Ce and CeO_2 at 700 °C and 15 kbar pressure.

Ce-Pd

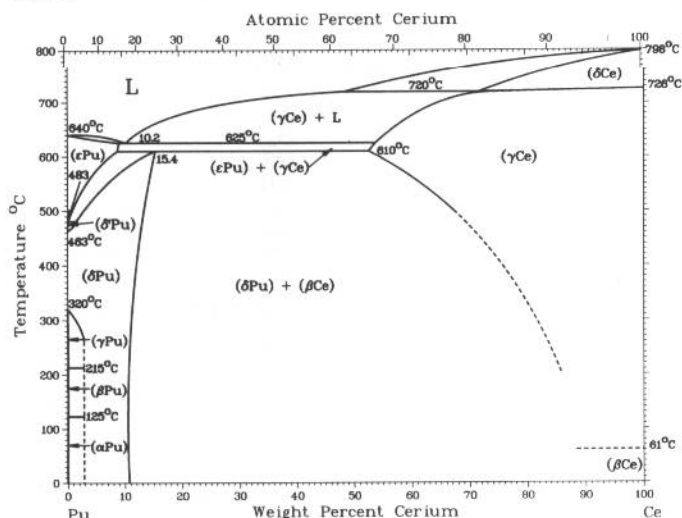


H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δCe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γCe)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(βCe)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
(αCe)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ce ₇ Pd ₃	25	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P6$_3$mc</i>
Ce ₃ Pd ₂	34	...	...
βCePd	43.2	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
αCePd	43.2	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ce ₃ Pd ₄	50.3	<i>hR14</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ce ₃ Pd ₅	55.9	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6$_2$m</i>
CePd ₃	69.3 to 70.9	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
βCePd ₅	79.1	<i>hR*</i>	...
αCePd ₅	79.1	<i>cF*</i>	...
CePd ₇	84.2	<i>cF*</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Pd)	84 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

2•136/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

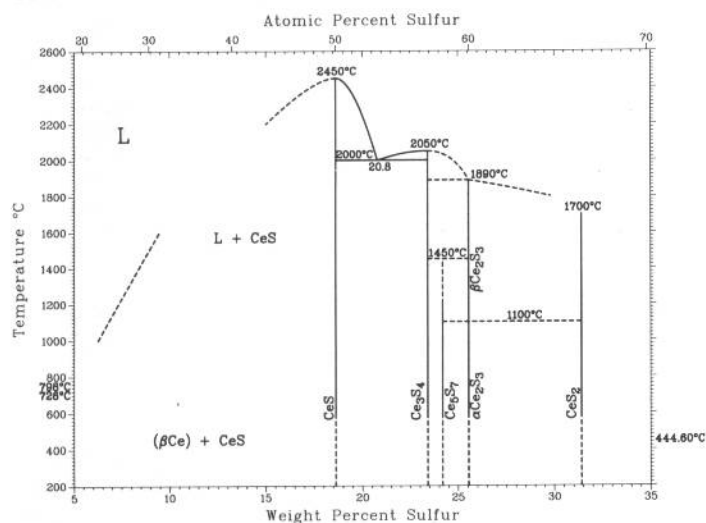
Ce-Pu



J.E. Selle and D.E. Etter, 1964

Phase	Composition, wt% Ce	Pearson symbol	Space group
(εPu)	0 to 9	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(δ'Pu)	0	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(δPu)	0 to 15.4	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γPu)	0	<i>oF8</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
(βPu)	0	<i>mC34</i>	<i>I2/m</i>
(αPu)	0	<i>mP16</i>	<i>P2₁/m</i>
(δCe)	72 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γCe)	53 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βCe)	100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(αCe)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

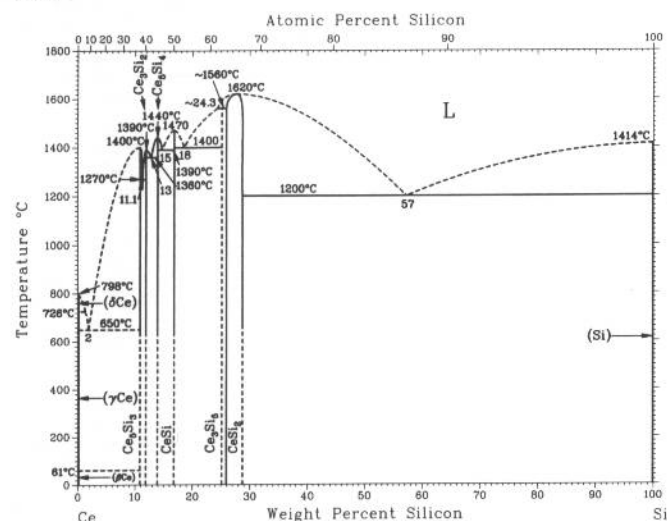
Ce-S



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and M.E. Verkade, 1974

Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γCe)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
CeS	18.6	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ce ₃ S ₄	23.3	...	...
Ce ₅ S ₇	24.2	<i>tI92</i>	<i>I4₁/acd</i>
βCe ₂ S ₃	26	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I43d</i>
αCe ₂ S ₃	26	<i>oP20</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
CeS ₂	31.4	<i>tP24</i>	<i>P4/nmm</i>

Ce-Si



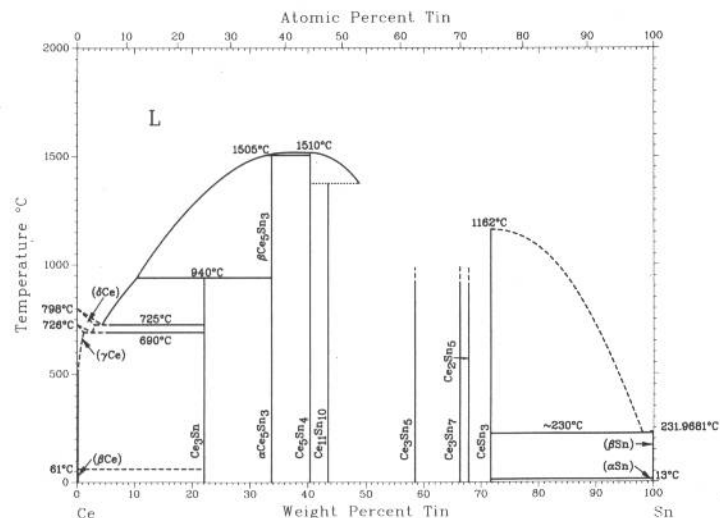
A. Munitz, A.B. Gokhale, and G.J. Abbaschian, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
δCe(a)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
γCe(b)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
βCe(c)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
αCe(d)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ce ₅ Si ₃	10.7	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
Ce ₃ Si ₂	12	<i>tP10</i>	<i>P4/mbm</i>
Ce ₅ Si ₄	13.8	(e)	...
CeSi	16.7	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Ce ₃ Si ₄	25.0	(f)	<i>Imma</i>
CeSi ₂	26 to 28.62	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
Si	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
SiI(H.P.)	100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>

(a) From 798 to >726 °C. (b) From 726 to >61 °C (139 °C on heating, 16 °C on cooling). (c) From 61 °C to ? (d) <177 °C. (e) Tetragonal. (f) Orthorhombic

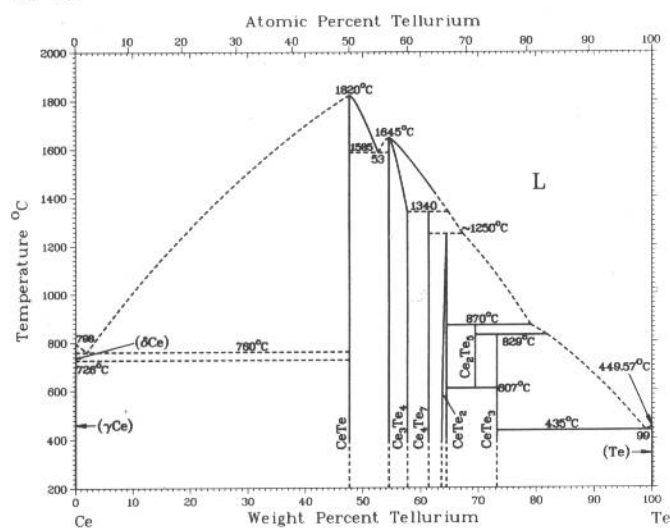
H. Okamoto, 1990

Ce-Sn



Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δCe)	0 to ?	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γCe)	0 to ?	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βCe)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
(αCe)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ce ₃ Sn	22	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
βCe ₅ Sn ₃	33.7	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mcm$
αCe ₅ Sn ₃	33.7	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
Ce ₅ Sn ₄	40.4	<i>oP36</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Ce ₁₁ Sn ₁₀	43.5	<i>tI84</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Ce ₃ Sn ₅	58.5	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ce ₃ Sn ₇	66	<i>o**</i>	...
Ce ₂ Sn ₅	67.9	<i>o**</i>	...
CeSn ₃	72	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βSn)	100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(αSn)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

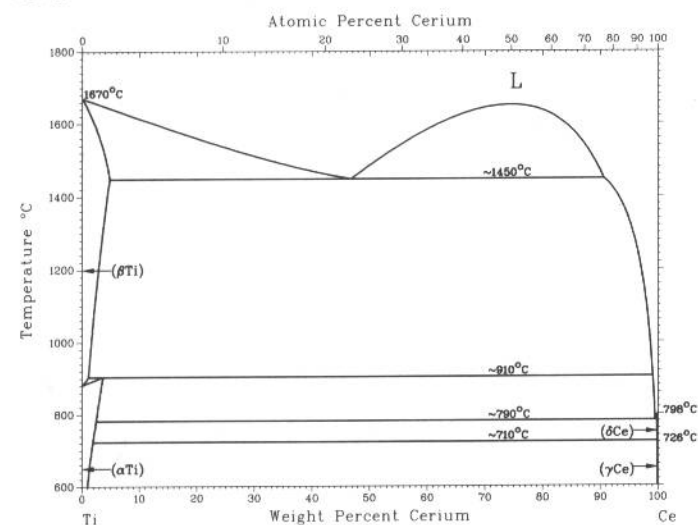
Ce-Te



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δCe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γCe)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βCe)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
CeTe	47.7	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ce ₃ Te ₄	54.8 to 58	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}3d$
Ce ₄ Te ₇	61.1	<i>tP*</i>	...
CeTe ₂	64.6	<i>iP6</i>	<i>P4/nmm</i>
Ce ₂ Te ₅	69.5	<i>oC28</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
CeTe ₃	73	<i>oC16</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3</i> $\bar{1}21$

Ce-Ti

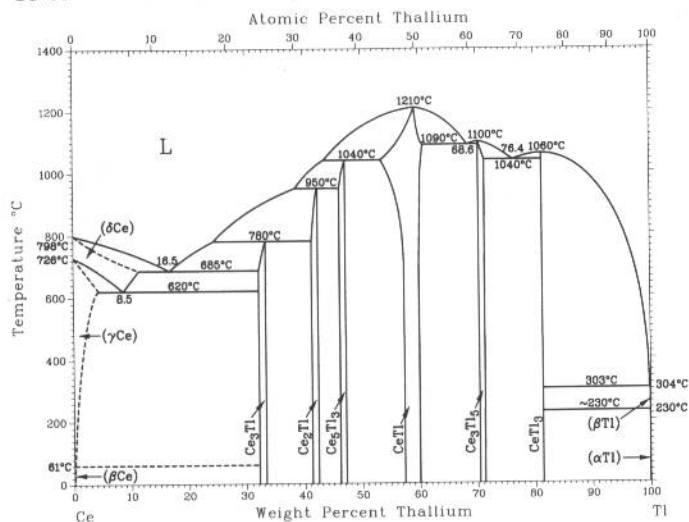


J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Ce	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αTi)	0 to 3.4	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
(βTi)	0 to 4.8	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(δCe)	99.9 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γCe)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βCe)	100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

2•138/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Ce-Tl

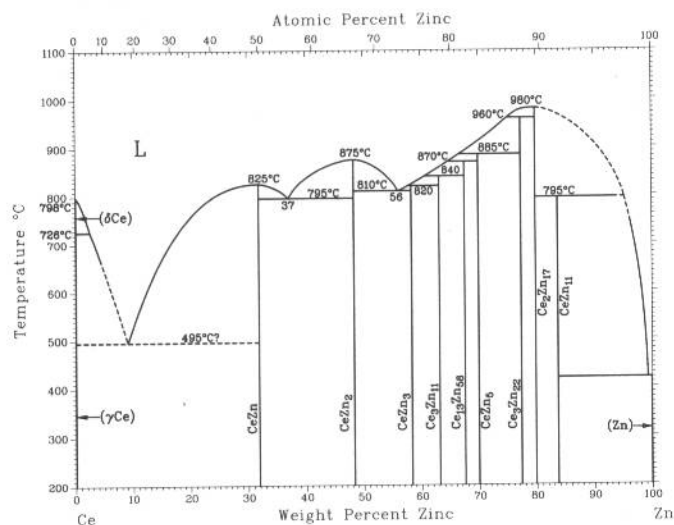


S. Delfino, A. Saccone, A. Palenzona, and R. Ferro, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCe)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(βCe)	0	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
(γCe)	0 to 4	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(δCe)	0 to 13	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
Ce ₃ Tl(a)	-32.1 to -33.3	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
	-33	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Ce ₂ Tl	-42	...	...
Ce ₃ Tl ₃	-46 to -47	tI32	$I4/mcm$
CeTl(b)	-53 to -60	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
		(or cI2)	$Im\bar{3}m$
CeTl(c)	-53 to -60	tP2	$P4/mmm$
Ce ₃ Tl ₅	-70 to -71	oC32	$Cmcm$
CeTl ₃	81	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
(βTl)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αTl)	100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$

(a) A $cP4$ - $cF4$ order-disorder transformation in this phase has been suggested. (b) Cubic structure presumed to be room- and high-temperature phases. (c) Tetragonal structure presumed to be low-temperature phase

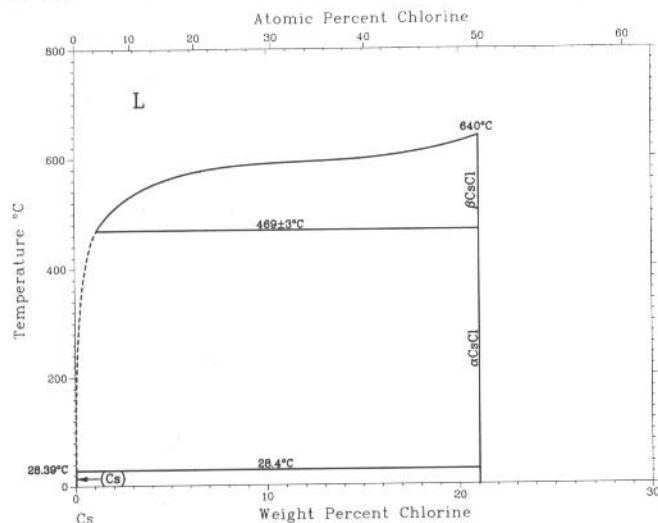
Ce-Zn



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δCe)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(γCe)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(βCe)	0	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
(αCe)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
CeZn	31.8	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
CeZn ₂	48.3	oI12	$Imma$
CeZn ₃	58	oC16	$Cmcm$
Ce ₃ Zn ₁₁	63.2	oI28	$Immm$
Ce ₁₃ Zn ₅₈	67.6	hP142	$P6_3mc$
CeZn ₅	70.0	hP6	$P6/mmm$
Ce ₃ Zn ₂₂	77	tI100	$I4_1/amd$
Ce ₂ Zn ₁₇	79.9	hR19	$R\bar{3}m$
CeZn ₁₁	83.8	tI48	$I4_1/amd$
(Zn)	100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$

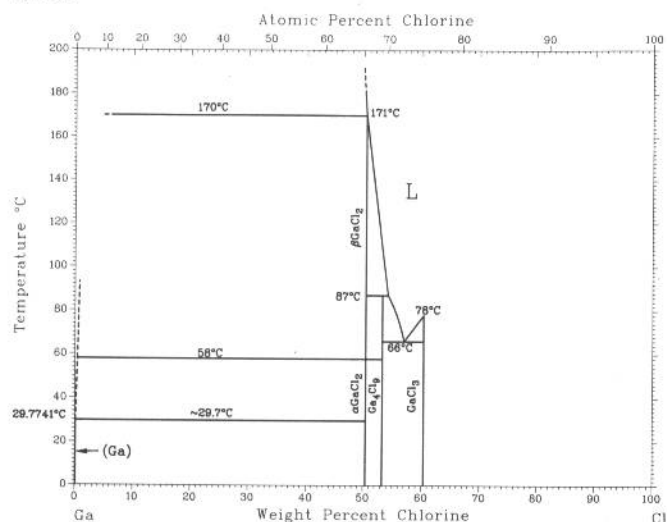
Cl-Cs



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Cl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cs)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
βCsCl	21.1	cF8	$Fm\bar{3}m$
αCsCl	21.1	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
(Cl)	100	oC8	$Cmca$

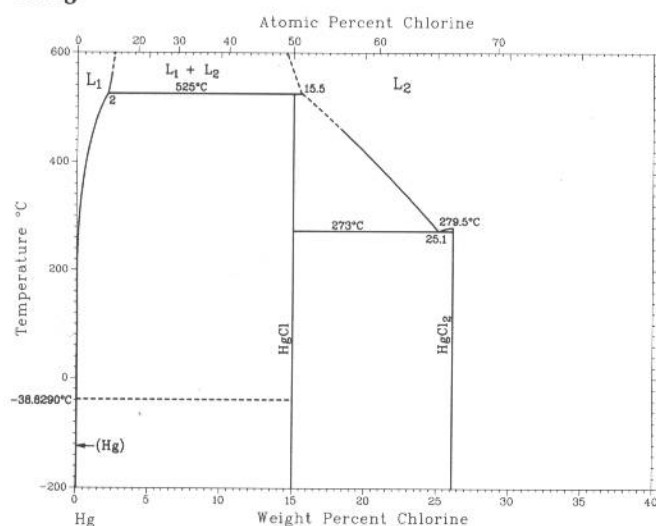
Cl-Ga



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Cl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
βGaCl_2	50.5	<i>tP24</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
αGaCl_2	50.5	...	...
Ga_4Cl_9	53.3	...	...
GaCl_3	60	<i>aP8</i>	$\bar{P}1$
(Cl)	100	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>

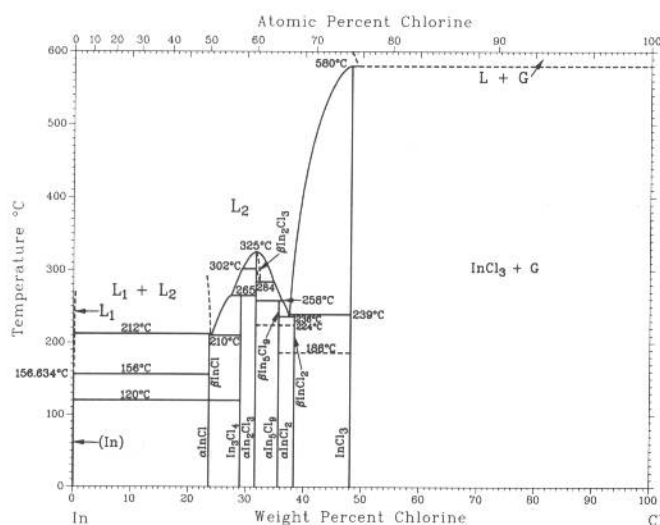
Cl-Hg



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Cl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αHg)	0	<i>hR1</i>	$R\bar{3}m$
HgCl	15.0	<i>tI8</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
HgCl_2	26.1	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pmnb</i>
(Cl)	100	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>

Cl-In



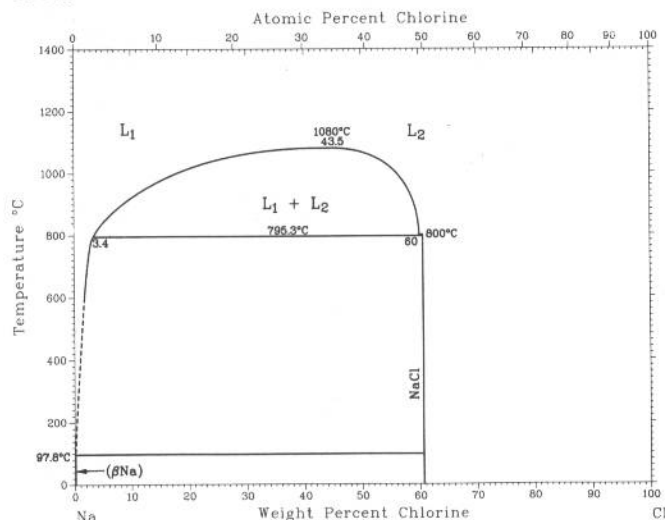
H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Cl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
βInCl	23.6	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
αInCl	23.6	<i>cP64</i>	$P2_13$
In_3Cl_4	29.1	...	...
$\text{In}_2\text{Cl}_3(\text{I})$	32	<i>o*30</i>	...
$\text{In}_2\text{Cl}_3(\text{II})$	32	<i>t*45</i>	...
$\text{In}_2\text{Cl}_3(\text{III})$	32	<i>hP*</i>	...
$\beta\text{In}_3\text{Cl}_9(\text{a})$	35.7	...	...
$\alpha\text{In}_3\text{Cl}_9(\text{a})$	35.7	...	...
βInCl_2	38.2	<i>oP24</i>	<i>Pnna</i>
αInCl_2	38.2	<i>m**</i>	...
InCl_3	48	<i>mC16</i>	$C2/m$
(Cl)	100	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>

(a) Or In_4Cl_7

2•140/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

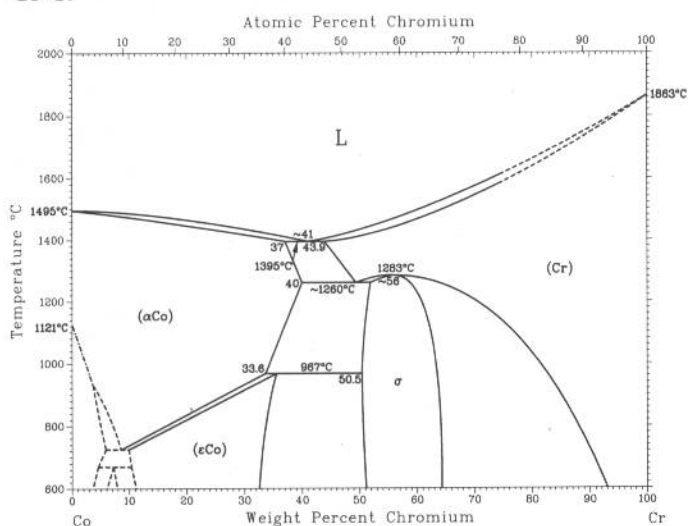
Cl-Na



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Cl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Na)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
NaCl	60.7	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Cl)	100	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>

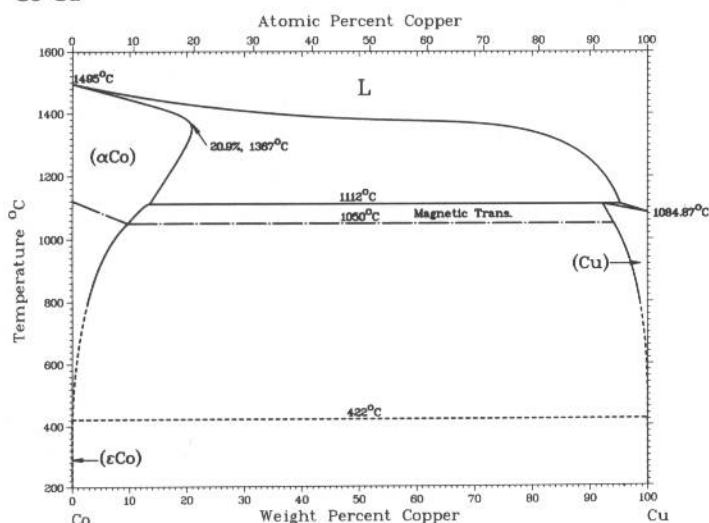
Co-Cr



K. Ishida and T. Nishizawa, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Cr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	0 to 40	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(εCo)	0 to 36	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
(αCr)	43.9 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
σ	50.5 to 63	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4$_2$/mmn</i>
Metastable phases			
(αCr)	~16	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αCo)	40 to 62.9	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(δCr)	54 to 100	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}n$</i>
Co ₃ Cr?	23	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>

Co-Cu



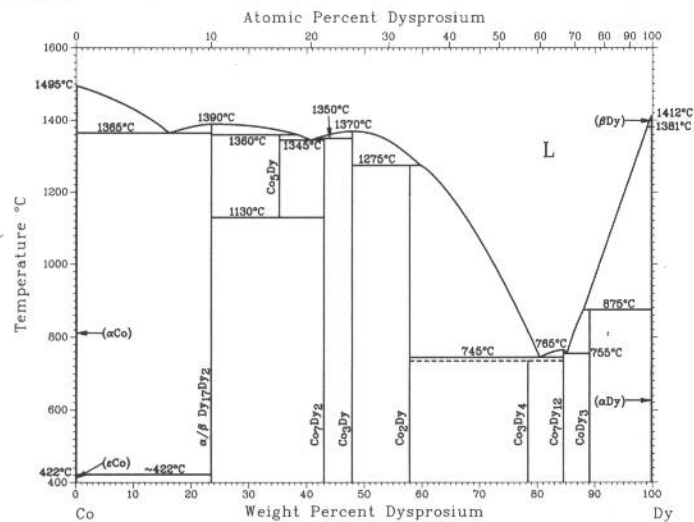
T. Nishizawa and K. Ishida, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt% Cu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	0 to 20.9	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(εCo)	0 to 9(a)	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
(Cu)	93 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Metastable phase			
ε'	9 to 10	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>

(a) The composition of (εCo) is between 0 and 0.3 wt% Cu in equilibrium, but is 0 to 9 wt% Cu in the metastable state, which is obtained by quenching from high temperatures.

Co-Dy

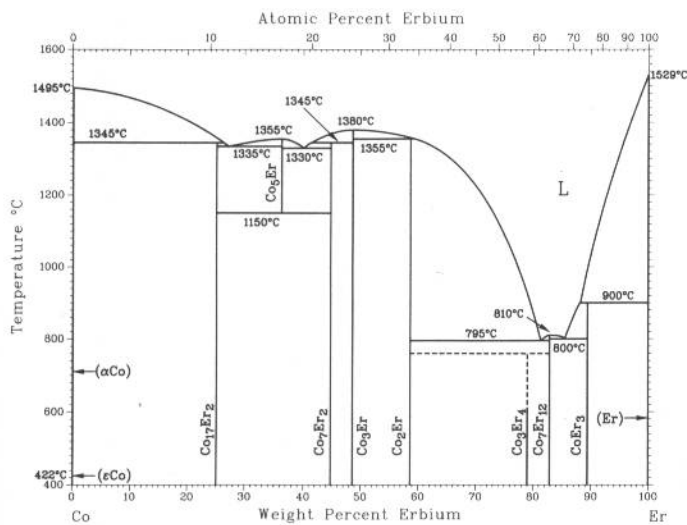
H. Okamoto, 1990



Phase	Composition, wt % Dy	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	~0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(εCo)	~0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
$\beta Co_{17}Dy_2$	24.4	hP38	$P6_3/mmc$
$\alpha Co_{17}Dy_2$	24.4	hR19	$R\bar{3}m$
Co_5Dy	35.6	hP6	$P6/mmm$
Co_7Dy_2	44.0	hR18	$R\bar{3}m$
Co_3Dy	48	hR12	$R\bar{3}m$
Co_2Dy	57.9	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
Co_3Dy_4	78.6	hP22	$P6_3/m$
Co_7Dy_{12}	82.6	mP38	$P2_1/c$
$CoDy_3$	89	oP16	$Pnma$
(βDy)	~100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αDy)	~100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$

Co-Er

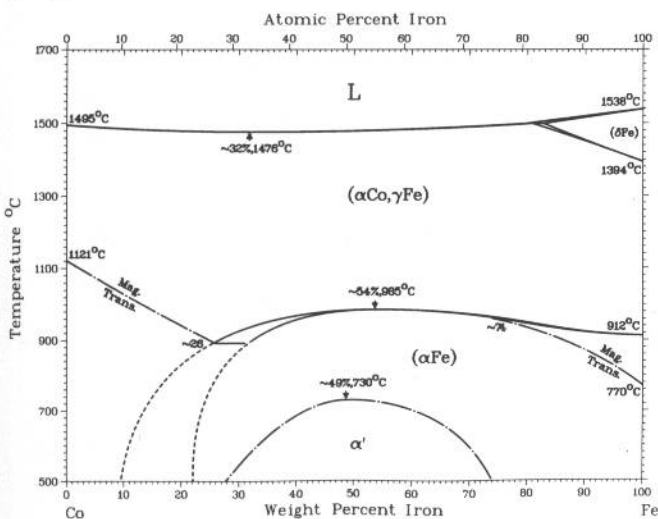
H. Okamoto, 1990



Phase	Composition, wt % Er	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	~0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
$Co_{17}Er_2$	25.0	hP38	$P6_3/mmc$
Co_5Er	36.3	hP6	$P6/mmm$
Co_7Er_2	44.7	hR18	$R\bar{3}m$
Co_3Er	49	hR12	$R\bar{3}m$
Co_2Er	58.6	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
Co_3Er_4	79.1	hP22	$P6_3/m$
Co_7Er_{12}	83.0	mP38	$P2_1/c$
$CoEr_3$	99.5	oP16	$Pnma$
(Er)	~100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$

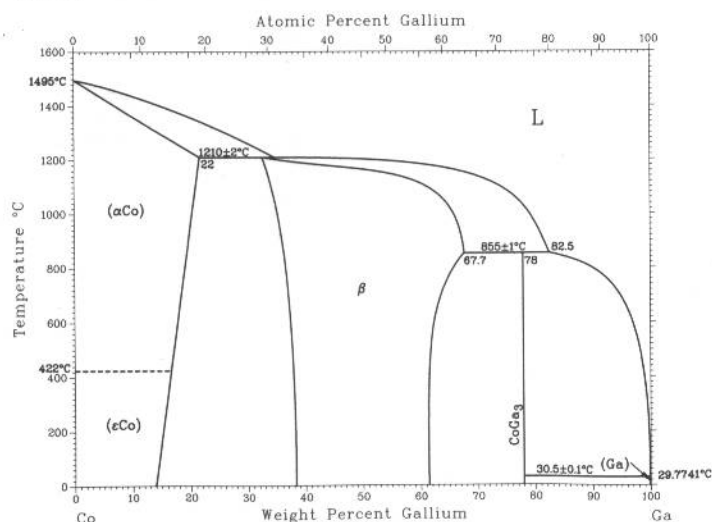
Co-Fe

T. Nishizawa and K. Ishida, 1984



Phase	Composition, wt % Fe	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo, γFe)	0 to 100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
α'	~28 to ~74	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	~22 to 100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(δFe)	82 to 100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
Metastable phase			
η	0.5 to 5.7	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$

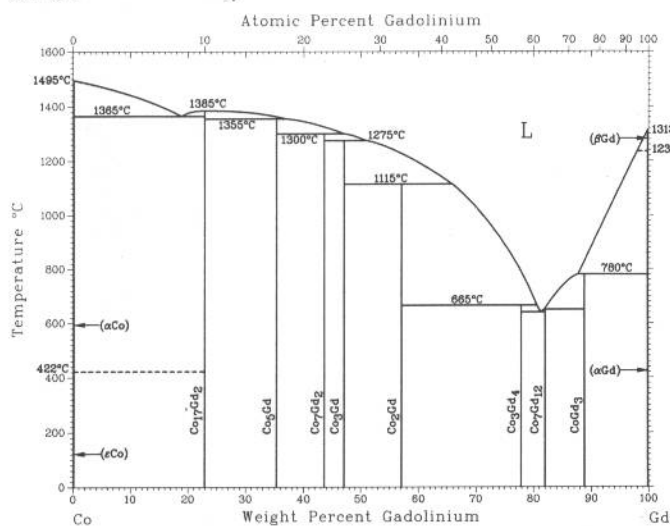
Co-Ga



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Ga	Pearson symbol	Space group
(α Co)	0 to 22	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(ϵ Co)	0 to 17	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
β	33 to 67.7	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
CoGa ₃	78	<i>tP16</i>	<i>P4$\bar{3}n2$</i>
(Ga)	100	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>

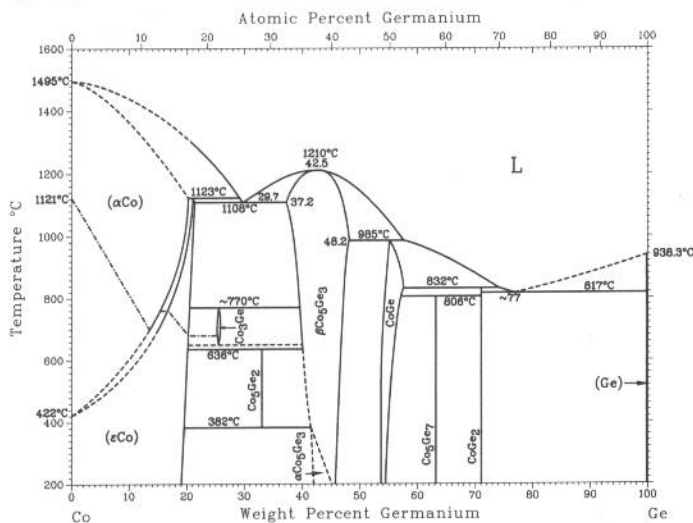
Co-Gd



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt % Gd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(α Co)	~ 0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(ϵ Co)	~ 0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
Co $_{17}$ Gd $_2$	~ 23.8	<i>hP38</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
		<i>hR19</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Co $_5$ Gd	~ 34.9	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
Co $_7$ Gd $_2$	~ 43.2	<i>hR18</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
		<i>hP36</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
Co $_3$ Gd	47	<i>hR12</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Co $_2$ Gd	57.1	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
Co $_3$ Gd $_4$	78.0	<i>hP22</i>	<i>P6$_3$/m</i>
Co $_7$ Gd $_{12}$	~ 82.1	<i>mP38</i>	<i>P2$_1$/c</i>
CoGd $_3$	89	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(β Gd)	~ 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Gd)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
Other reported phases			
Co $_8$ Gd	~ 25.0	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
CoGd	72.7	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Co $_3$ Gd $_7$	86	<i>o*</i>	...
CoGd $_9$	96	<i>o*</i>	...

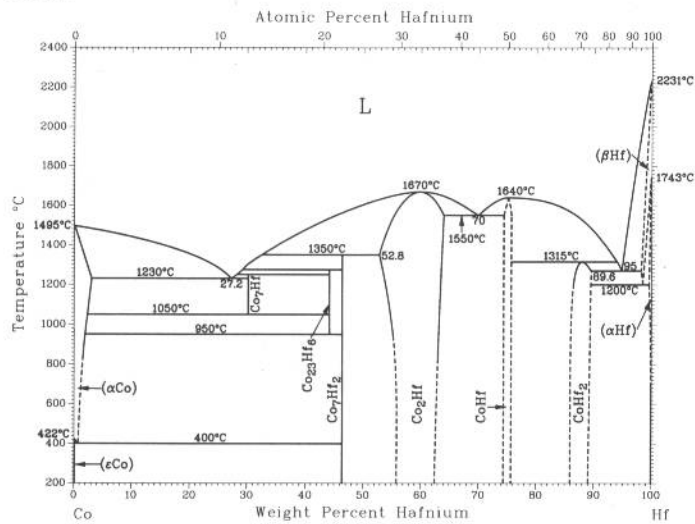
Co-Ge



K. Ishida and T. Nishizawa, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(α Co)	0 to 20.7	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(ϵ Co)	0 to 21	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
Co $_3$ Ge	25.2 to 26	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}n$?</i>
Co $_5$ Ge $_2$	33.0	(a)	...
α Co $_5$ Ge $_3$	~41.5 to ~45	(b)?	<i>Pbnm?</i>
β Co $_5$ Ge $_3$	37.2 to 48.2	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
CoGe	53.7 to 57.7	<i>mC16</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
		<i>cP8</i>	<i>P2$_1$3</i>
Co $_5$ Ge $_7$	63.3	<i>tI24</i>	<i>I4mm</i>
CoGe $_2$	71.2	<i>oC24</i>	<i>Aba2</i>
(Ge)	~100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>

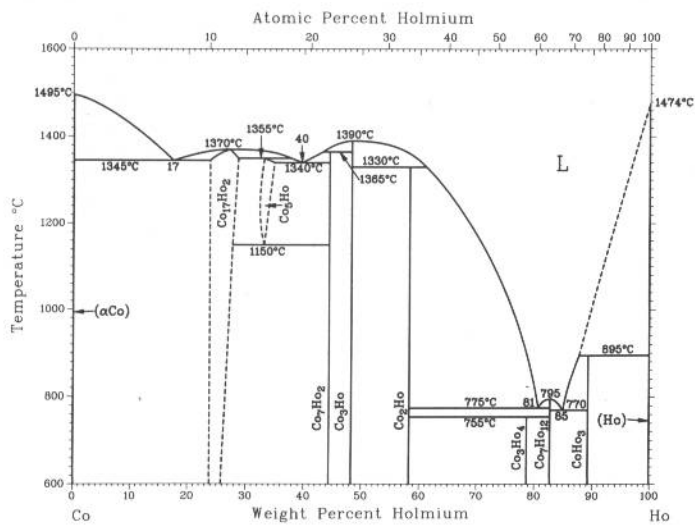
Co-Hf



K. Ishida and T. Nishizawa, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Hf	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	0 to ~6	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(εCo)	0 to ~1.5	hP2	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Co ₇ Hf	30.2	tP32	...
Co ₂₃ Hf ₆	44.2	cF116	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Co ₇ Hf ₂	46.4	o**	...
Co ₂ Hf	52.8 to ~63	cF24	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
CoHf	~74 to ~76	cP2	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
CoHf ₂	~86 to 89.6	cF112	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(βHf)	~98 to 100	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αHf)	~99 to 100	hP2	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

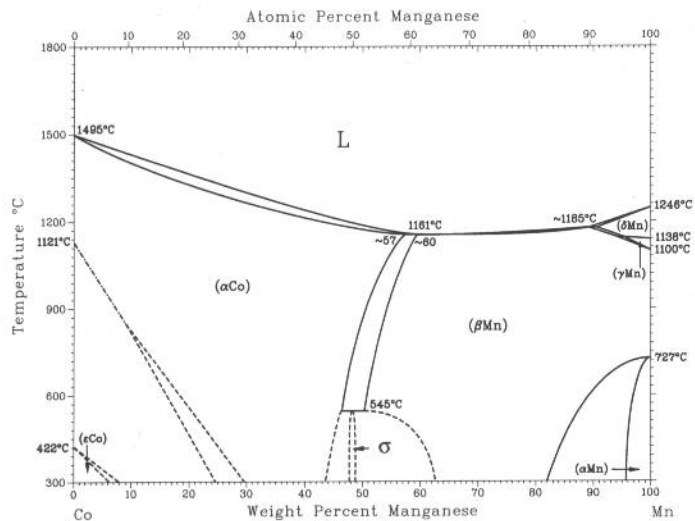
Co-Ho



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Ho	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	~0	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(εCo)	~0	hP2	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Co ₁₇ Ho ₂	24.7	hR19	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
		hP38	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
		hP52	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Co ₅ Ho	35.9	hP6	<i>P6</i> / <i>mmm</i>
Co ₇ Ho ₂	44.4	hR18	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Co ₃ Ho	48	hR12	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Co ₂ Ho	58.3	cF24	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Co ₃ Ho ₄	78.8	hP22	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>m</i>
Co ₇ Ho ₁₂	82.8	mP38	<i>P2</i> ₁ / <i>c</i>
CoHo ₃	89	oP16	<i>Pnma</i>
(Ho)	~100	hP2	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

Co-Mn

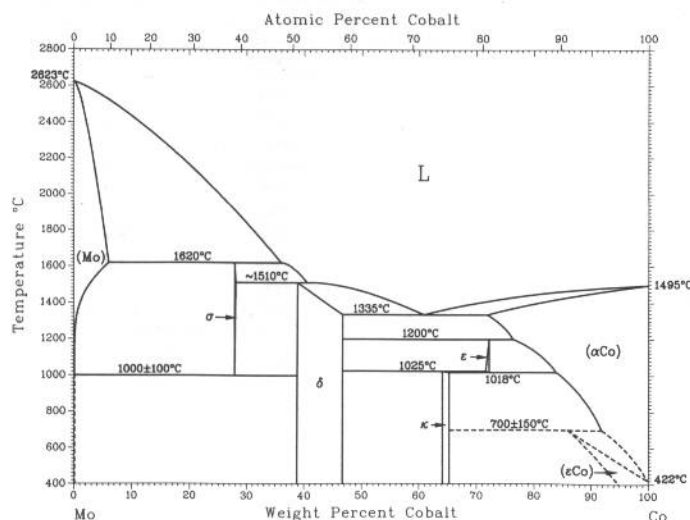


K. Ishida and T. Nishizawa, 1990

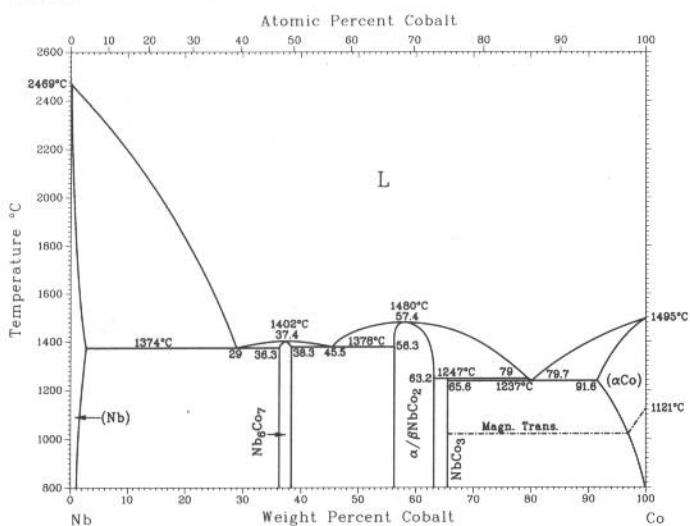
Phase	Composition, wt% Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(εCo)	0 to ~19	hP2	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(αCo)	0 to ~57	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
σ	~48	tP30	<i>P4</i> ₂ / <i>mmn</i>
(αMn)	97 to 100	cI58	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}$ <i>3m</i>
(βMn)	49 to 100	cP20	<i>P4</i> ₁ / <i>32</i>
(γMn)	95 to 100	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(δMn)	90 to 100	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(γMn)(a)	90 to 100	tI2	<i>I4</i> / <i>mmm</i>

(a) Splat quenched from the liquid state or rapid quenched from the high-temperature solid field

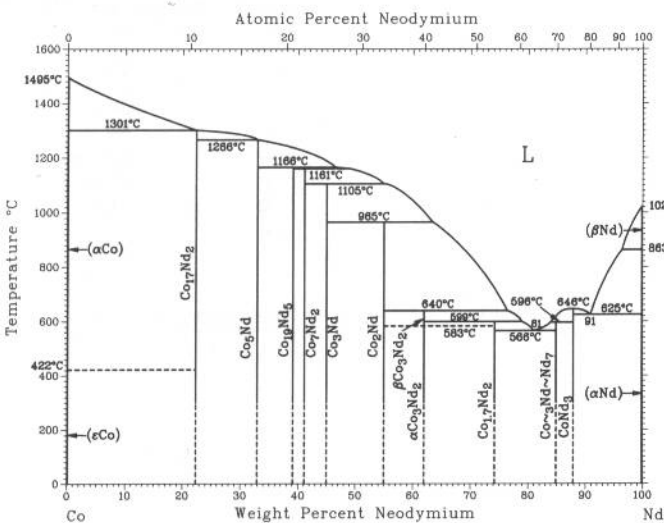
Co-Mo



Co-Nb



Co-Nd



From [Molybdenum]

Phase	Composition, wt% Co	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo)	0 to ~6	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
σ	~27.8 to 28	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mmn</i>
ϵ	~38.8 to ~46.7	<i>hR13</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
κ	~64.2 to ~65.4	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
cph	~72	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(α Co)	~72 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(ϵ Co)	~86 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

J.K. Pargeter and W. Hume-Rothery, 1967

Phase	Composition, wt % Co	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Nb)	0 to ~3	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Nb ₆ Co ₇	36.3 to 38.3	<i>hR13</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
β NbCo ₂ (a)	56.3 to ?	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
α NbCo ₂	56.3 to 63.2	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
NbCo ₃	65.3	<i>hP24</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(α Co)	91.6 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

(a) βNbCo_2 is stable above $\sim 1200^\circ\text{C}$.

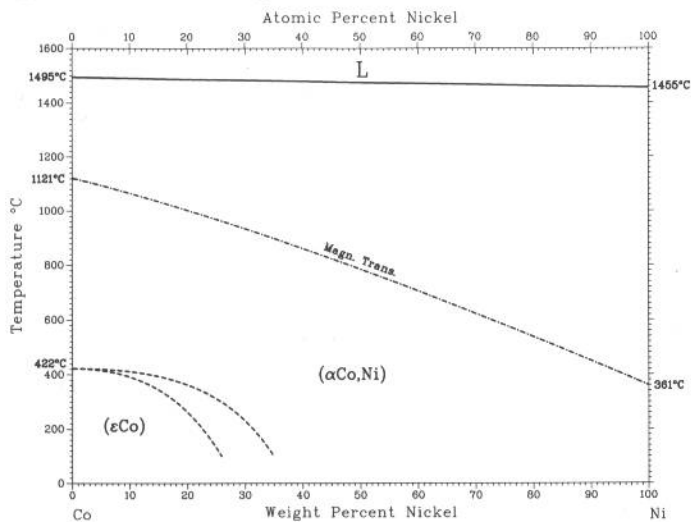
A.E. Ray, 1974

Phase	Composition, wt% Nd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(α Co)	-0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}$m</i>
(ϵ Co)	-0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
Co $_{17}$ Nd $_2$	-22.3	<i>hR19</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}$m</i>
Co $_5$ Nd	-32.9	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
Co $_{19}$ Nd $_5$	-39.1	<i>hR24</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}$m</i>
β Co $_7$ Nd $_2$	-41.1	<i>hR18</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}$m</i>
α Co $_7$ Nd $_2$	-41.1	<i>hP36</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
Co $_3$ Nd	45	<i>hR12</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}$m</i>
Co $_2$ Nd	55.0	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}$m</i>
Co $_3$ Nd $_2$	62	<i>o**</i>	...
Co $_1$ 7Nd $_2$	-74.3	<i>h**</i>	...
Co $_{-3}$ Nd $_{-7}$	-85	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P6$_3$mc</i>
CoNd $_3$	88	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(β Nd)	-100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}$m</i>
(α Nd)	-100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>

Other reported phases

Co_3Nd_4	~76.5	$hP7$	$P\bar{6}$
$\text{Co}_{11}\text{Nd}_{24}$	~84.2	$hP70$	$P6_3mc$
Co_2Nd_5	~85.9	$mC28$	$C2/c$

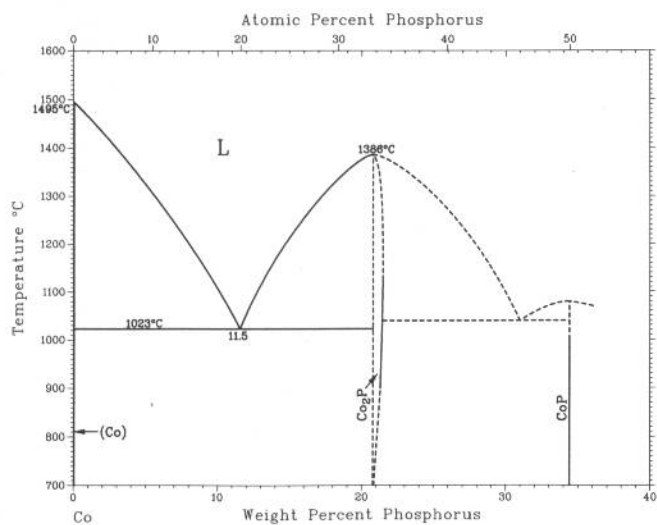
Co-Ni



T. Nishizawa and K. Ishida, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt % Ni	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo,Ni)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(εCo)	0 to 35	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>

Co-P

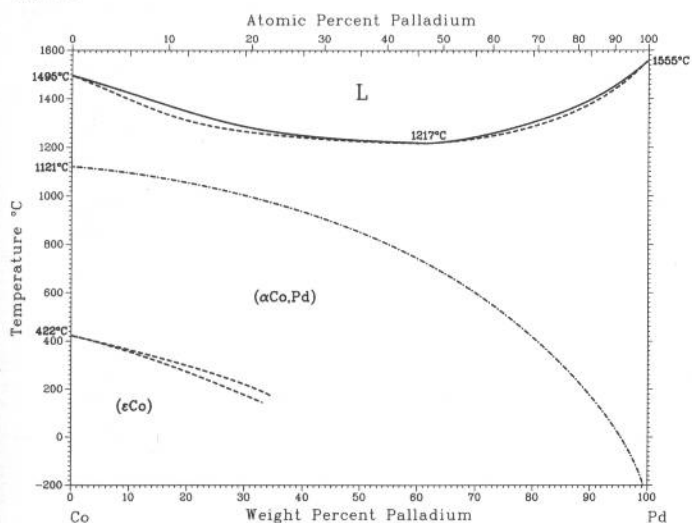


K. Ishida and T. Nishizawa, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt % P	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	-0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(εCo)	-0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
Co ₃ P	~20.6 to 21.3	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
CoP	34.5	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
CoP ₂	51.3	(a)	...
CoP ₃	61	<i>cI32</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Red (P)	100	(b)	...
White (P)	100	(b)	...
Black (P)	100	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>

(a) Monoclinic, (b) Cubic

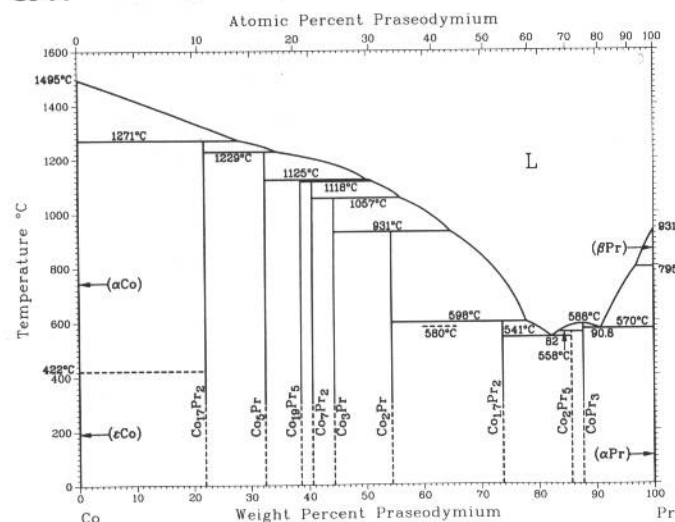
Co-Pd



K. Ishida and T. Nishizawa, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt % Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo,Pd)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(εCo)	0 to ~31	<i>hR2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
Metastable phases			
α''	~63 to ~66	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
α'	73 to 94	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>

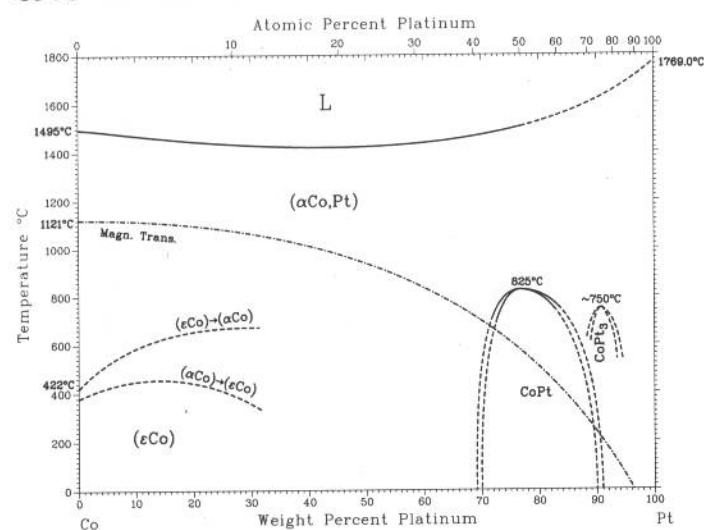
Co-Pr



A.E. Ray, 1974

Phase	Composition, wt% Pr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	~0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(εCo)	~0	hP2	$P6_2/mmc$
Co ₁₇ Pr ₂	21.9	hR19	$R\bar{3}m$
Co ₅ Pr	32.4	hP6	$P6/mmm$
Co ₁₉ Pr ₅	38.6	hR24	$R\bar{3}m$
βCo ₇ Pr ₂	40.6	hR18	$R\bar{3}m$
αCo ₇ Pr ₂	40.6	hP36	$P6_3/mmc$
Co ₃ Pr	44	hR12	$R\bar{3}m$
Co ₂ Pr	54.4	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
Co _{1.7} Pr ₂	~73.8	hP*	...
Co ₂ Pr ₅	~85.7	mC28	$C2/c$
CoPr ₃	88	oP16	$Pnma$
(βPr)	~100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αPr)	~100	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$

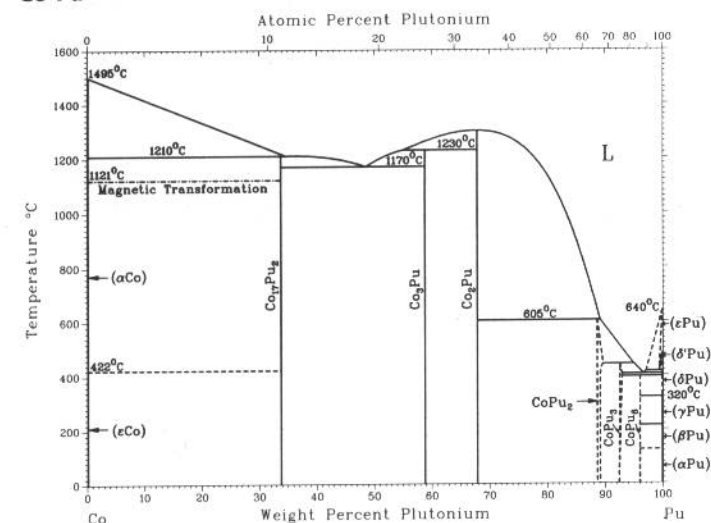
Co-Pt



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Pt	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo, Pt)	0 to 100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(εCo)	0 to ?	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
CoPt	~76.8	tP4	$P4/mmm$
CoPt ₃	~91	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$

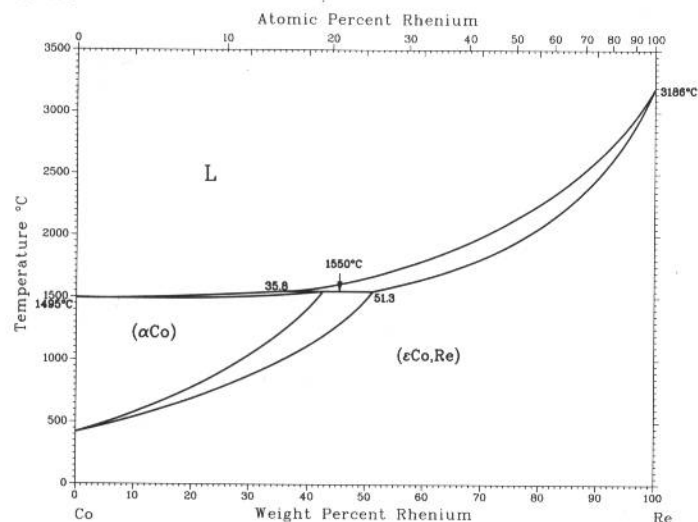
Co-Pu



D.M. Poole, M.G. Bale, P.G. Mardon, J.A.C. Marples, and J.L. Nichols, 1961

Phase	Composition, wt% Pu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	~0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(εCo)	~0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
Co ₁₇ Pu ₂	34	hP38	$P6_3/mmc$
Co ₃ Pu	~58.9	hR12	$R\bar{3}m$
Co ₂ Pu	~67.4	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
CuPu ₂	~88.7 to 90	hP9	$P6_3/mmc$
CoPu ₃	~92.6 to 93	oC16	$Cmcm$
CoPu ₆	96.1	tI28	$I4/mcm$
(εPu)	~99.5 to 100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(δ'Pu)	~100	tI2	$I4/mmm$
(δPu)	~100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(γPu)	~100	oF8	$Fddd$
(βPu)	~100	mC34	$C2/m$
(αPu)	~100	mP16	$P2_1/m$

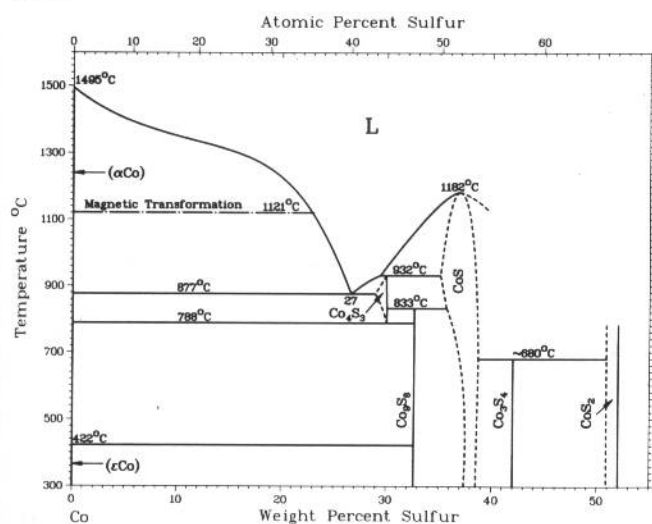
Co-Re



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Re	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	0 to 43	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(εCo,Re)	0 to 100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$

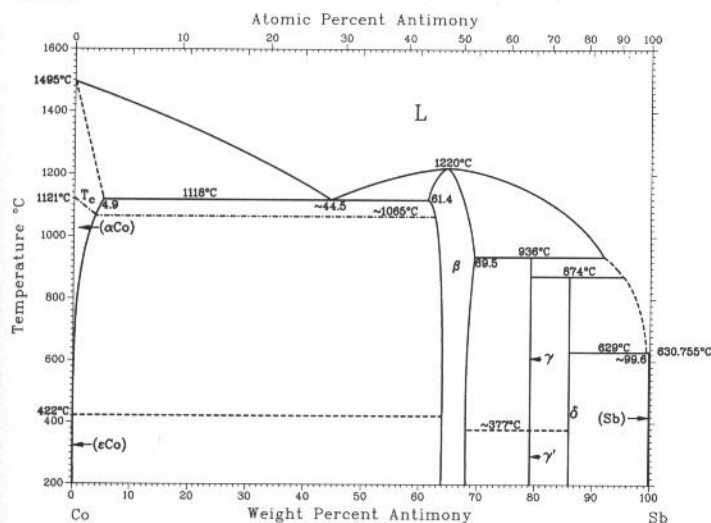
Co-S



K. Friedrich, 1908

Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(εCo)	0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
Co ₄ S ₃	~29.0	...	...
Co ₉ S ₈	32.6	cF68	$Fm\bar{3}m$
CoS	35.2 to 40	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
Co ₃ S ₄	42.0	cF56	$Fd\bar{3}m$
CoS ₂	52.1	cP12	$Pa\bar{3}$
(S)	100	oF128	$Fddd$

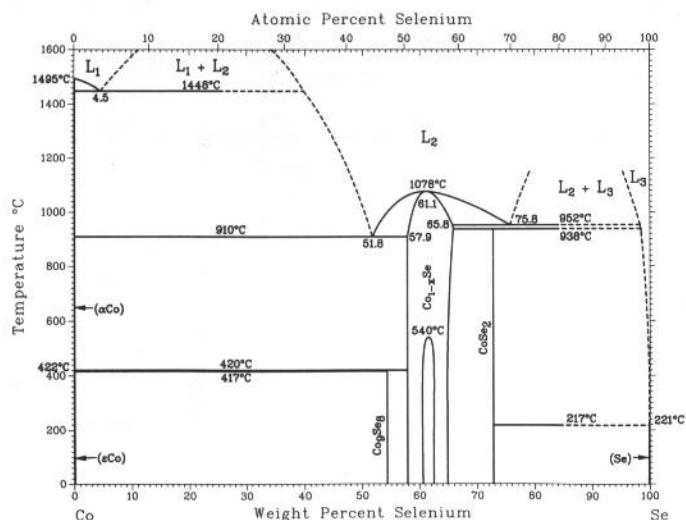
Co-Sb



H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	0 to ~5.0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(εCo)	0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
β	61.4 to ~69	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
γ	79	oP6	$Pnnm$
γ'	79	mP12	$P2_1/c$
δ	~86	cI32	$Im\bar{3}$
(Sb)	~100	hR2	$R\bar{3}m$

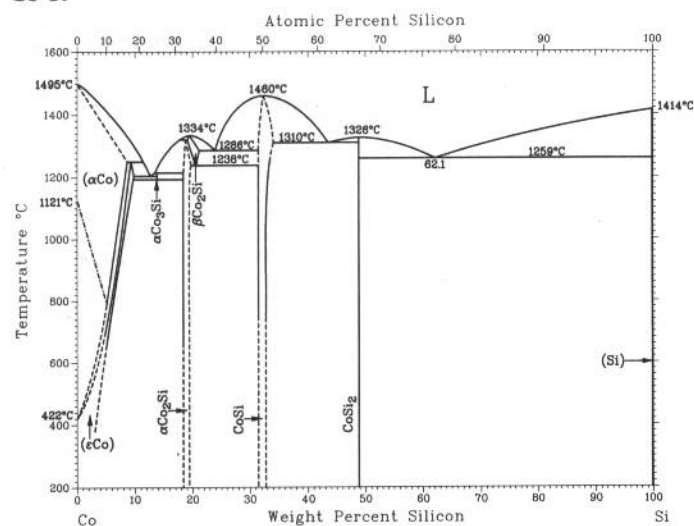
Co-Se



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(εCo)	0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
Co ₉ Se ₈	54.4	cF68	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Co _{1-x} Se	57.9 to 65.8	m**	...
CoSe ₂	72.9	cP12	$P\bar{6}_3$
(Se)	100	oC8	$Cmca$

Co-Si

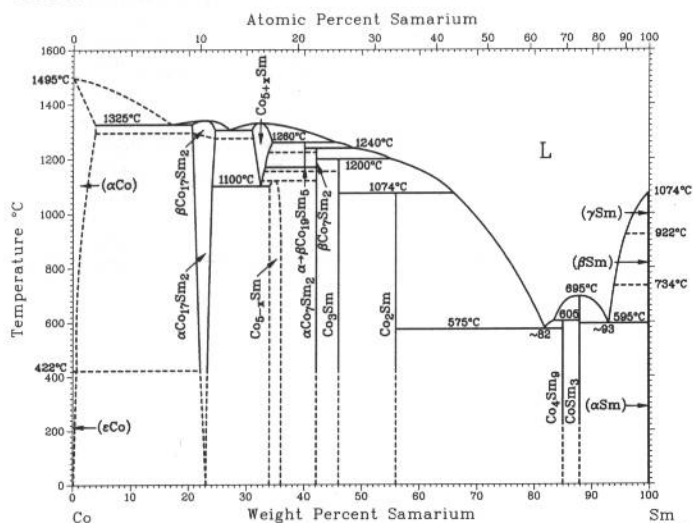


K. Ishida and T. Nishizawa, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	0 to 8.5	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(εCo)	0 to 9.7	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
Co ₃ Si	14	t**	...
αCo ₂ Si	~18 to ~20	oP12	$Pnma$
βCo ₂ Si	~18 to 21.0	...	...
CoSi	31 to ~34	cP8	$P2_13$
CoSi ₂	48.8	cF12	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(Si)	~100	cF8	$Fd\bar{3}m$
Metastable phases			
Co ₃ Si	~4 to 14	hP8	$P6_3/mmc$
Co ₄ Si	~11	...	...
γCo ₂ Si(a)	~14	o**	...
Co ₂ Si ₃	42	tP20	$P\bar{4}c2$

(a) Formed by massive transformation

Co-Sm

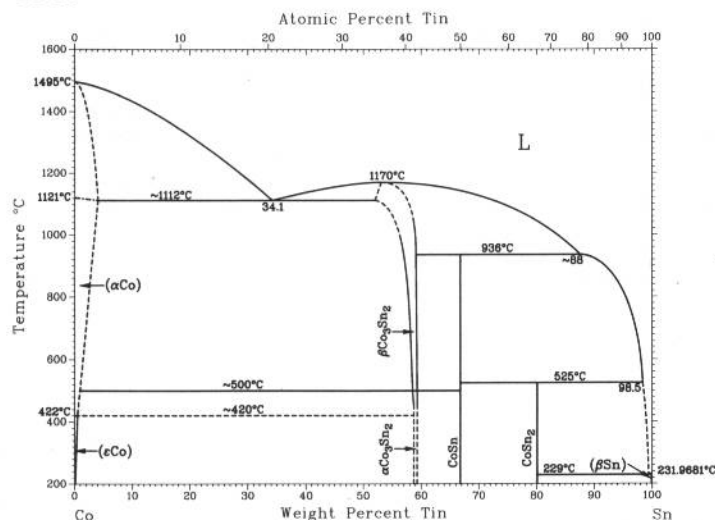


From [Moffatt]

Phase	Composition, wt% Sm	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	0 to ~3.7	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(εCo)	~0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
βCo ₁₇ Sm ₂	~23.0	hP38	$P6_3/mmc$
αCo ₁₇ Sm ₂	~23.0	hR19	$R\bar{3}m$
		hP8	$P6/mmm$
Co _{5+x} Sm	~33 to 34	...	...
Co _{5.4} Sm	~34 to 35	...	...
Co ₁₉ Sm ₃	~40.1	hR24	$R\bar{3}m$
		hP48	$P6_3/mmc$
αCo ₇ Sm ₂	~42.1	hR18	$R\bar{3}m$
βCo ₇ Sm ₂	~42.1	hP36	$P6_3/mmc$
Co ₃ Sm	46	hR12	$R\bar{3}m$
Co ₂ Sm	56.0	hR4	$R\bar{3}m$
		cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
		o**	...
Co ₄ Sm ₉	~85.1	oP16	$Pnma$
CoSm ₃	88	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(γSm)	~100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
(βSm)	~100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
(αSm)	~100	hR3	$R\bar{3}m$
Other reported phases			
Co ₅ Sm	~33.8	hP6	$P6/mmm$
		hP*	...
Co ₂ Sm ₅	~86.4	mC28	$C2/c$

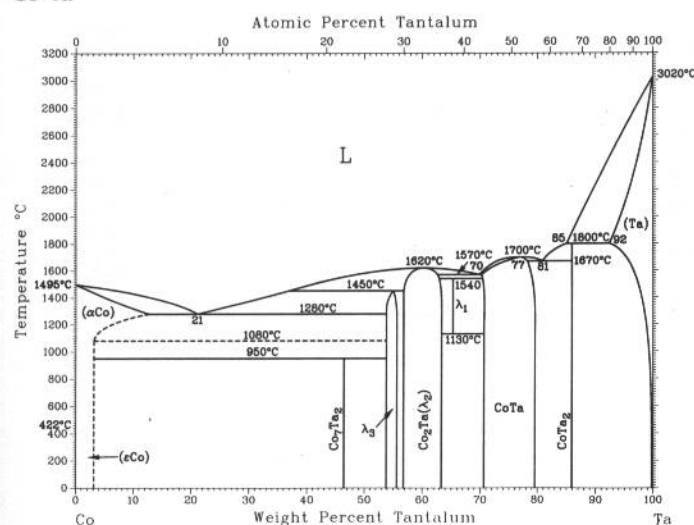
K. Ishida and T. Nishizawa, 1991

Co-Sn



Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	0 to ~4	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(εCo)	0 to ~0.4	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
$\beta\text{Co}_3\text{Sn}_2$	~52 to ~59	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
$\alpha\text{Co}_3\text{Sn}_2$	~58 to ~59	oP20	$Pnma$
CoSn	66.8	hP6	$P6/mmm$
CoSn ₂	80.1	tI12	$I4/m$
(βSn)	~100	tI4	$I4_1/amd$
Metastable phases			
(ε'Co)	3.0 to 15.1	...	$R\bar{3}m$
Co ₃ Sn	40.2	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
		cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$

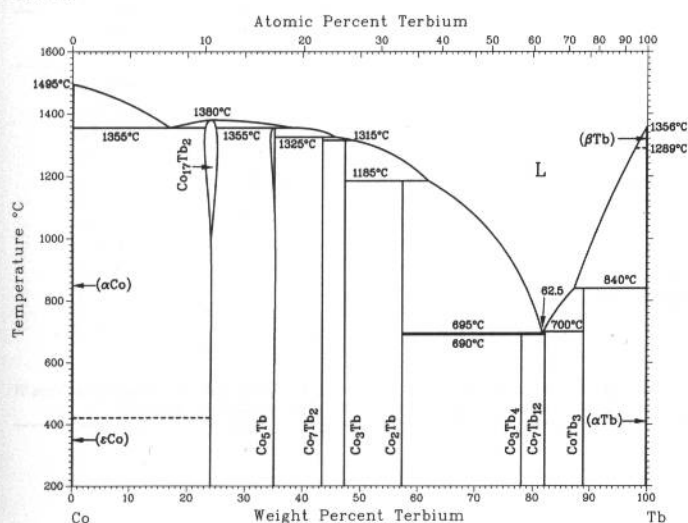
Co-Ta



H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ta	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	0 to 11	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Co ₇ Ta ₂	46.7	...	...
λ ₃	53.8 to 56	hP24	$P6_3/mmc$
λ ₂	56.2 to 63	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
λ ₁	~64	hP12	$P6_3/mmc$
Co ₆ Ta ₇	71 to 80	hR13	$R\bar{3}m$
CoTa ₂	86.0	tI12	$I4/mcm$
(Ta)	92 to 100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$

Co-Tb

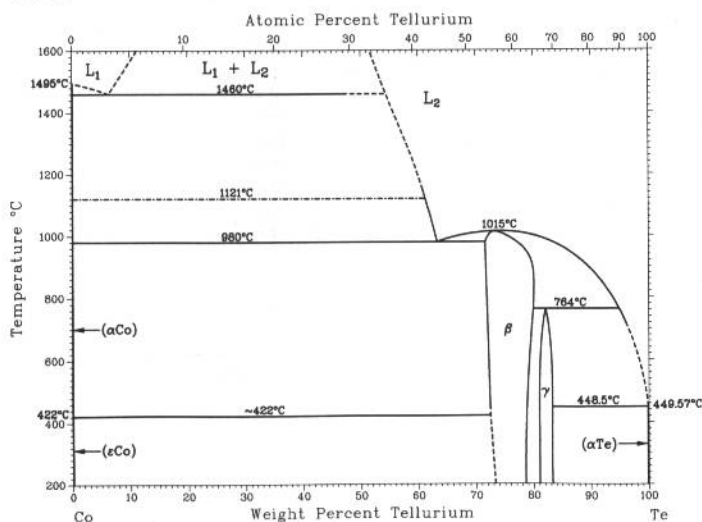


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Tb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(εCo)	0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
$\beta\text{Co}_{17}\text{Tb}_2$	24.0	hP38	$P6_3/mmc$
$\alpha\text{Co}_{17}\text{Tb}_2$	24.0	hR19	$R\bar{3}m$
Co ₅ Tb	35.1	hP6	$P6/mmm$
Co ₇ Tb ₂	43.5	hR18	$R\bar{3}m$
Co ₃ Tb	47	hR12	$R\bar{3}m$
Co ₂ Tb	57.4	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
Co ₃ Tb ₄	78.2	hP22	$P6_3/m$
Co ₇ Tb ₁₂	82.2	mP38	$P2_1/c$
CoTb ₃	89	oP16	$Pnma$
(Tb)	100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$

2•150/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Co-Te

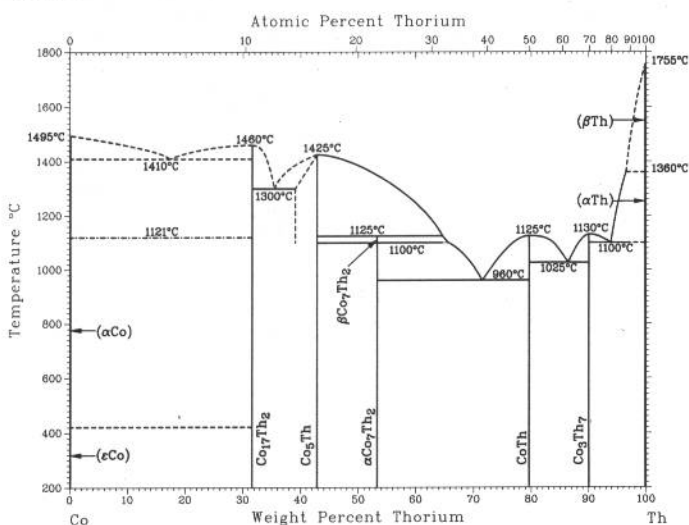


K. Ishida and T. Nishizawa, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	~0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(εCo)	~0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
β(Co ₂ Te ₃)	73 to 80	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
γ(CoTe ₂)	81.1 to 83.3	oP6	$Pnn2$
CoTe ₂ (a)	81.3	hP3	$P\bar{3}m1$
CoTe ₂ (b)	81.3	cP12	$Pa\bar{3}$
(αTe)	~100	hP3	$P3_121$

(a) Metastable? (b) Under high pressure

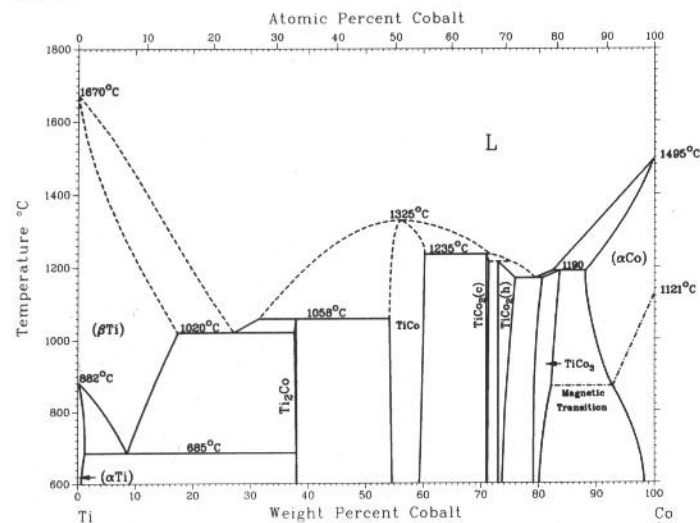
Co-Th



K. Ishida, T. Nishizawa, and H. Okamoto, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Th	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	~0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(εCo)	~0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
Co ₁₇ Th ₂	31.6	hR19	$R\bar{3}m$
Co ₅ Th	44.1	hP6	$P6/mmm$
αCo ₇ Th ₂	52.9	hP36	$P6_3/mmc$
βCo ₇ Th ₂	52.9	hR18	$R\bar{3}m$
CoTh	79.7	oC8	$Cmcm$
Co ₃ Th ₇	90	hP20	$P6_3mc$
(βTh)	~100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αTh)	~100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

Co-Ti



J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Co	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αTi)	0 to 1.0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
(βTi)	0 to 17.3	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
Ti ₂ Co	37.6 to 38.1	cF96	$Fd\bar{3}m$
TiCo	54 to 60	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
TiCo ₂ (cubic)	71.0 to 71	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
TiCo ₂ (hexagonal)	73.0 to 76	hP24	$P6_3/mmc$
TiCo ₃	79.1 to 83.7	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
(εCo)	~99.2 to 100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
(αCo)	88.0 to 100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

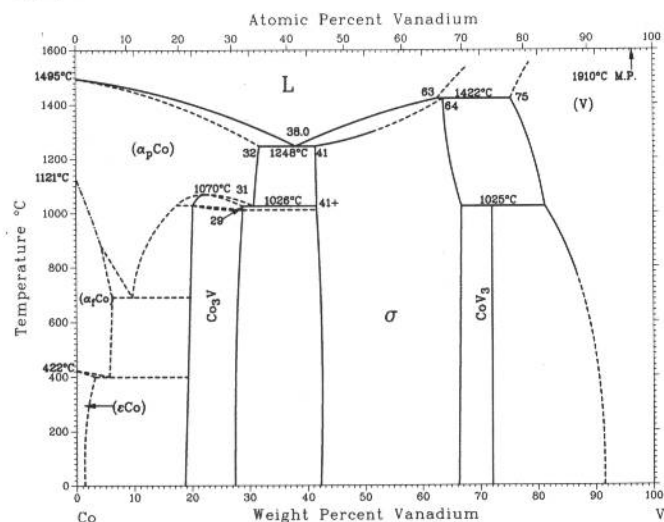
Metastable phases

ω	...	(a)	$P6/mmm$
(α'Co)	...	(b)	...

(a) The "ideal" ω structure is hexagonal, but a distorted trigonal form has also been observed in some Ti systems. The structure of ω in Ti-Co has not been definitively established. (b) Rhombohedral

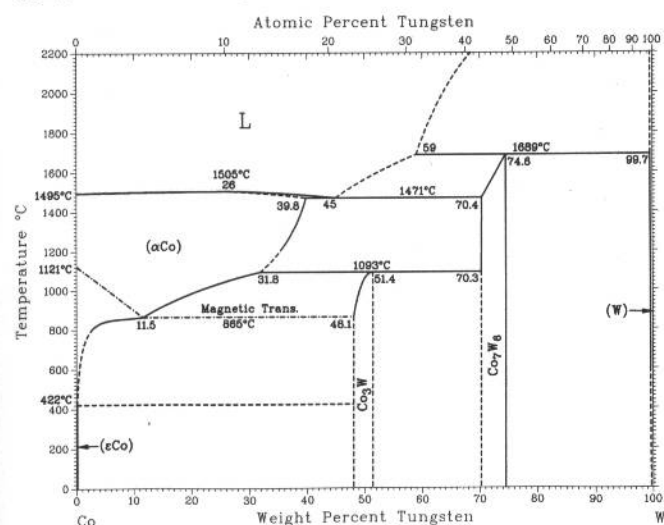
J.F. Smith, 1989

Co-V



Phase	Composition, wt% V	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	0 to 32	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(εCo)	0 to ?	hP2	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Co ₃ V(hex)	~21 to 29	hP24	<i>P6</i> ₃ <i>m2</i>
Co ₃ V(fcc)	~19 to 28	cP4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
σ	41 to ~67	tP30	<i>P4</i> ₂ / <i>mmn</i>
CoV ₃	~72	cP8	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>n</i>
(V)	75 to 100	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

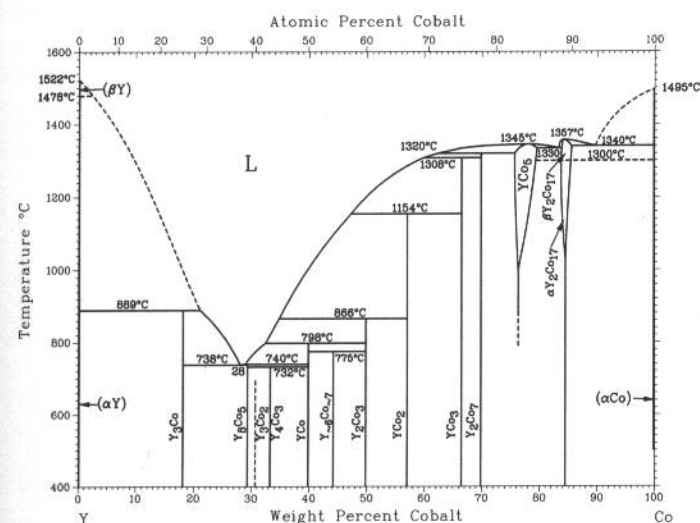
Co-W



S.V. Nagender Naidu, A.M. Sriramamurthy, and P. Rama Rao, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% W	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	0 to 39.8	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(εCo)	0	hP2	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Co ₃ W	48.1 to 51.4	hP8	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Co ₇ W ₆	70.3 to 74.6	hR13	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(W)	99.7 to 100	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

Co-Y

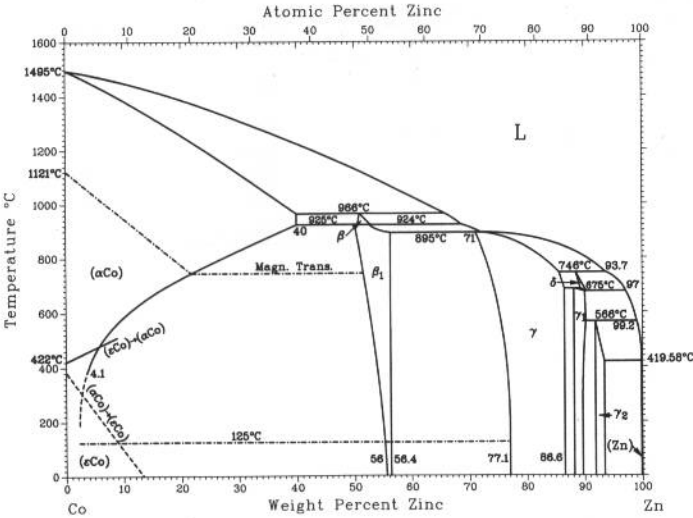


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Co	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βY)	0	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αY)	0	hP2	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Y ₃ Co	18	oP16	<i>Pnma</i>
Y ₈ Co ₅	29.3	mP52	<i>P2</i> ₁ / <i>c</i>
Y ₄ Co ₃	33.2	hP22	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>m</i>
YCo	39.9	oC8	<i>Cmcm</i>
Y ₆ Co ₇	44.4	...	...
Y ₂ Co ₃	49.9	cP*	...
YCo ₂	57.0	cF24	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
YCo ₃	67	hR12	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Y ₂ Co ₇	69.9	hP24	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
YCo ₅	75.8 to 80	hR18	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
βY ₂ Co ₁₇	84 to 86	hP6	<i>P6</i> / <i>mmm</i>
αY ₂ Co ₁₇	~84	hP38	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(αCo)	100	hP19	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(εCo)	100	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(εCo)	100	hP2	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Metastable phase			
Y ₃ Co ₂	31	oP20	<i>Pnnm</i>

2•152/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

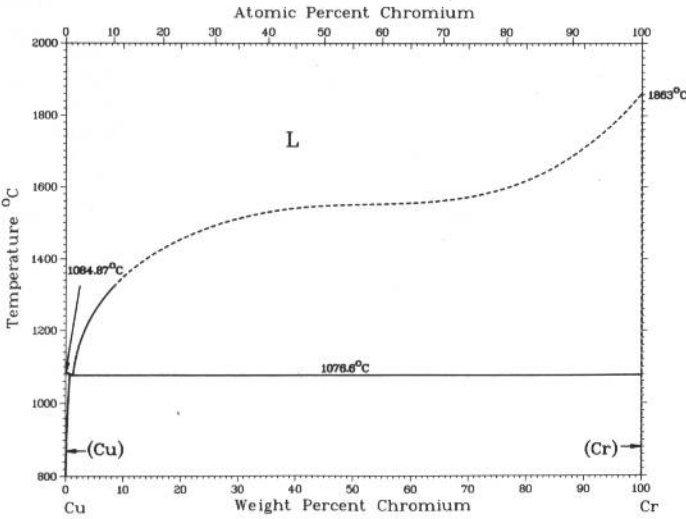
Co-Zn



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αCo)	0 to 40	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(εCo)	0 to ?	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
β	~52 to 54	cI2?	$Im\bar{3}m$
β ₁	50.5 to 59.0	cP20	$P4_132$
γ	71 to 86.6	cP52	$P4_3m$
γ ₁	88.5 to 89.6	...	...
δ	~89 to <91	...	...
γ ₂	92 to 93.5	mC28	$C2/m$
(Zn)	~100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$

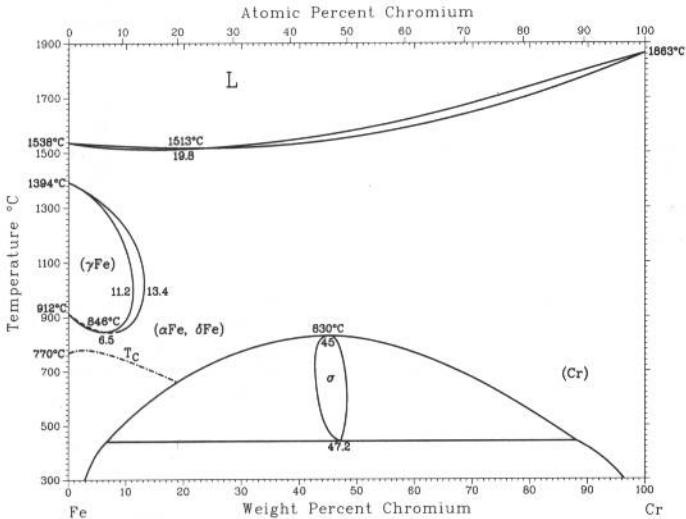
Cr-Cu



D.J. Chakrabarti and D.E Laughlin, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt% Cr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0 to 0.73	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(Cr)	99.8 to 100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$

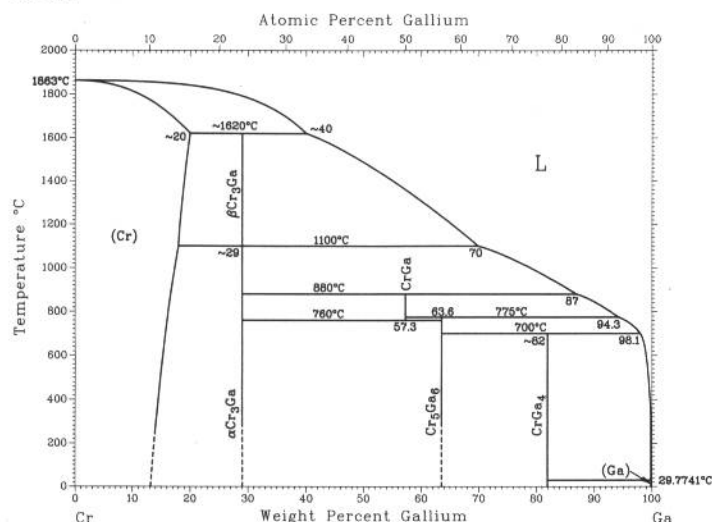
Cr-Fe



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Cr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αFe,Cr)	0 to 100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(γFe)	0 to 11.2	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
σ	42.7 to 48.2	tP30	PA_2/mnm

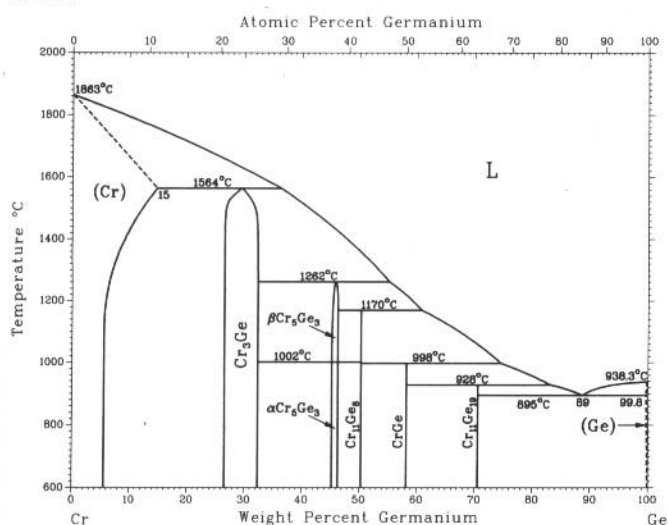
Cr-Ga



J.-D. Bornand and P. Feschotte, 1972

Phase	Composition, wt% Ga	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)	0 to ~20	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
$\beta\text{Cr}_3\text{Ga}$	~29	...	...
$\alpha\text{Cr}_3\text{Ga}$	~29	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}n$
CrGa	57.3	<i>hR26</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Cr_5Ga_6	63.6	...	...
CrGa_4	~82	<i>cI10</i>	<i>I432</i>
(Ga)	~100	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>

Cr-Ge

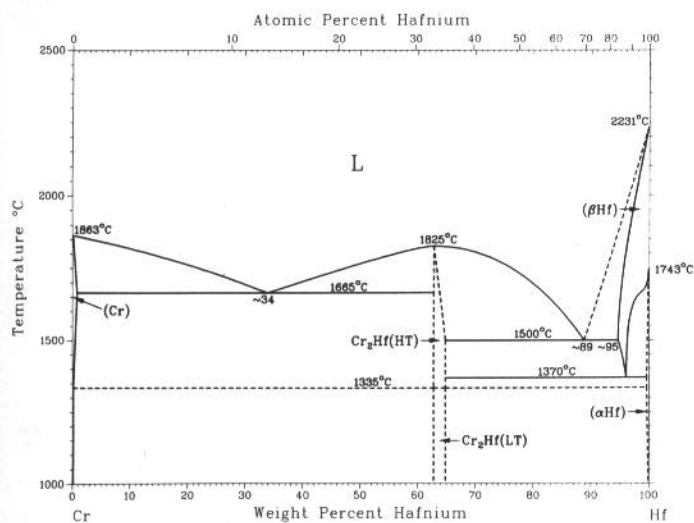


A.B. Gokhale and G.J. Abbaschian, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)	0 to 15	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Cr_3Ge	26.5 to 31.9	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}n$
Cr_5Ge_3	45.5 to 46.3	<i>hP16</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
$\text{Cr}_{11}\text{Ge}_8$	50.4	<i>oP76</i>	<i>Pnam</i>
CrGe	58.3	<i>cP8</i>	<i>P2_13</i>
$\text{Cr}_{11}\text{Ge}_{19}$	70.7	(a)	<i>P4n2</i>
(Ge)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) Tetragonal

Cr-Hf



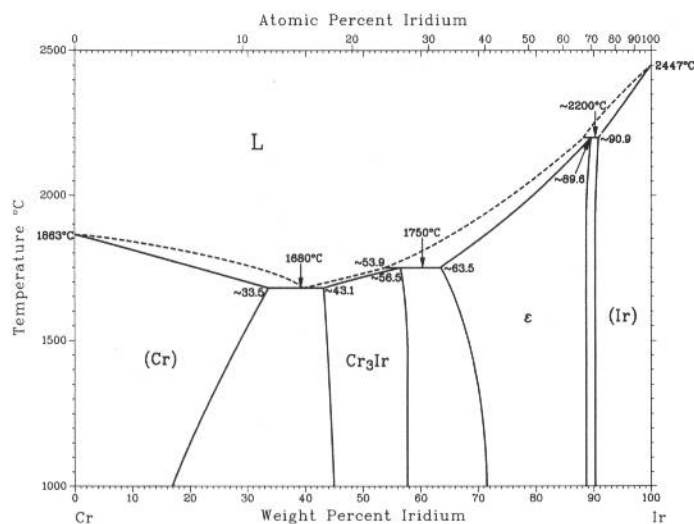
M. Venkatraman and J.P. Neumann, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% Hf	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)(a)	~0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
$\text{Cr}_2\text{Hf(HT)}$ (b)	63 to 65	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6_3/mmc</i>
$\text{Cr}_2\text{Hf(LT)}$ (c)	63 to 65	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βHf)(d)	~95 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αHf)(e)	98 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6_3/mmc</i>

(a) Stable at <1863 °C. (b) Stable at 1335 to 1825 °C. (c) Stable at <1335 °C. (d) Stable at 1740 to 2224 °C. (e) Stable at <1740 °C

2•154/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Cr-Ir

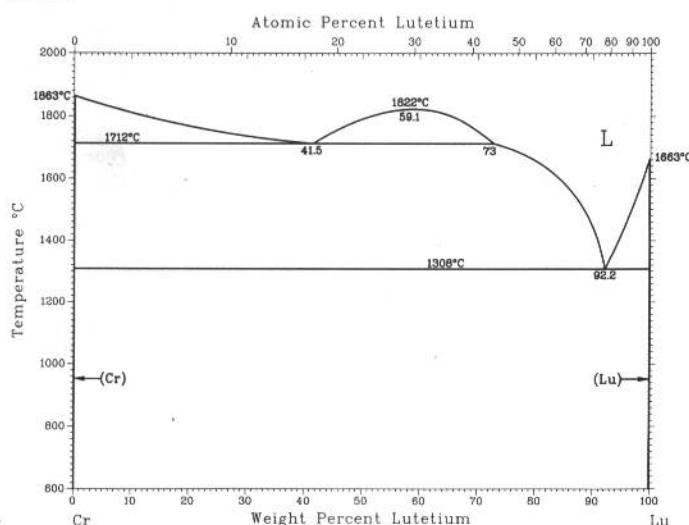


M. Venkatraman and J.P. Neumann, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Ir	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)	0 to ~33.5	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Cr ₃ Ir	~43.1 to 58	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}n$
ε	~63.5 to ~89.6	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
CrIr ₃ (a)	~90 to ~95	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Ir)	91 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) Order-disorder temperature has not been determined, but because it is presumably below 1000 °C, the phase is not shown in the diagram.

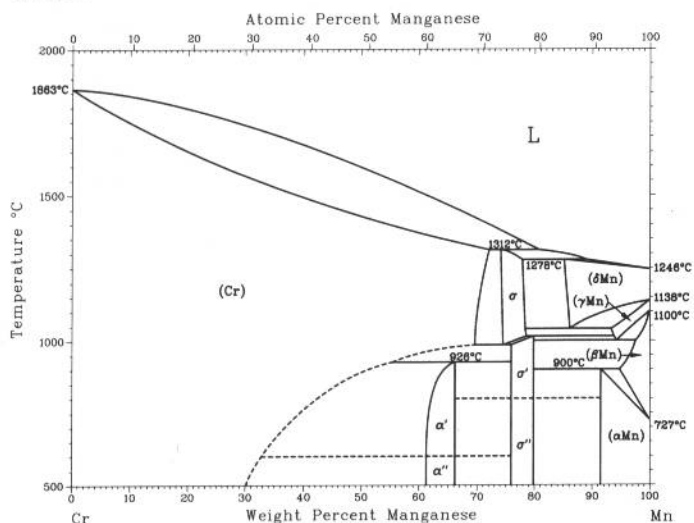
Cr-Lu



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Lu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Lu)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

Cr-Mn



M. Venkatraman and J.P. Neumann, 1986

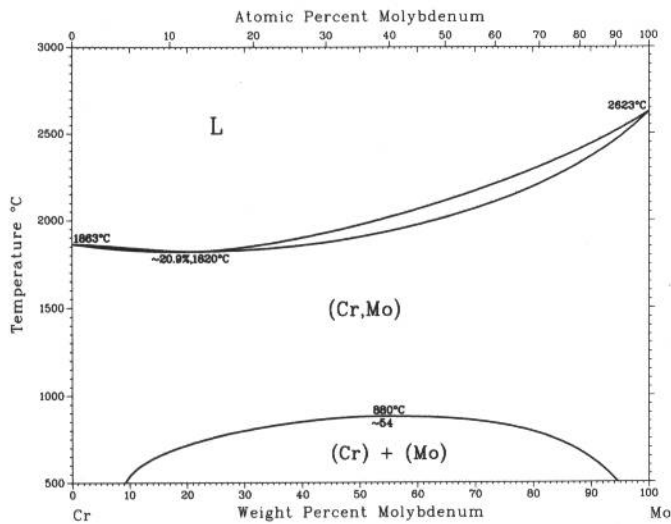
Phase	Composition, wt% Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)(a)	0 to 72.5	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
α' (HT)(b)	61.5 to 66.5	...	...
α'' (LT)(c)	61.5 to 66.5	...	...
σ (HT)(d)	74 to 79	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ / <i>mnm</i>
σ' (MT)(e)	76 to 80	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ / <i>mnm</i>
σ'' (LT)(f)	76 to 80	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ / <i>mnm</i>
(δMn)(g)	86 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αMn)(h)	91 to 100	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I4</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γMn)(j)	93 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βMn)(k)	94 to 100	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4</i> ₁ $\bar{3}2$

Metastable phases

"(δMn)"	73 to 84	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
"(γMn)"	85 to 100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4</i> / <i>mnm</i>

(a) Below 1863 °C. (b) From 600 to 926 °C. (c) Below 600 °C. (d) From 999 to 1312 °C. (e) From ~800 to 1006 °C. (f) Below ~800 °C. (g) From 1140 to 1246 °C. (h) Below 707 °C. (j) From 1088 to 1140 °C. (k) From 707 to 1088 °C

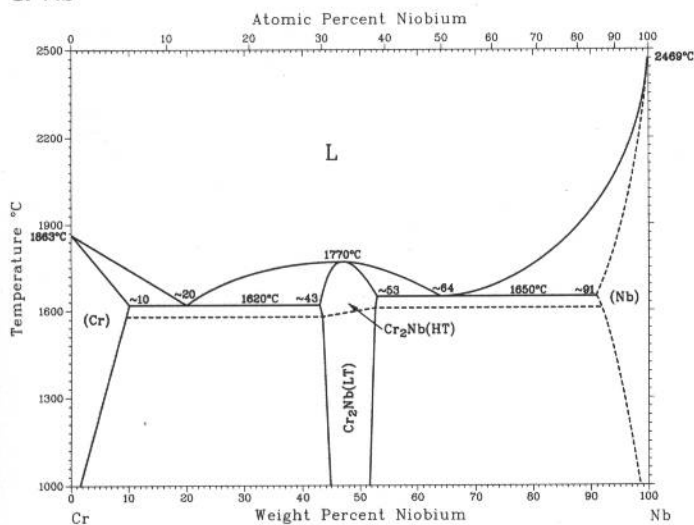
Cr-Mo



M. Venkatraman and J.P. Neumann, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Mo	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr,Mo)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

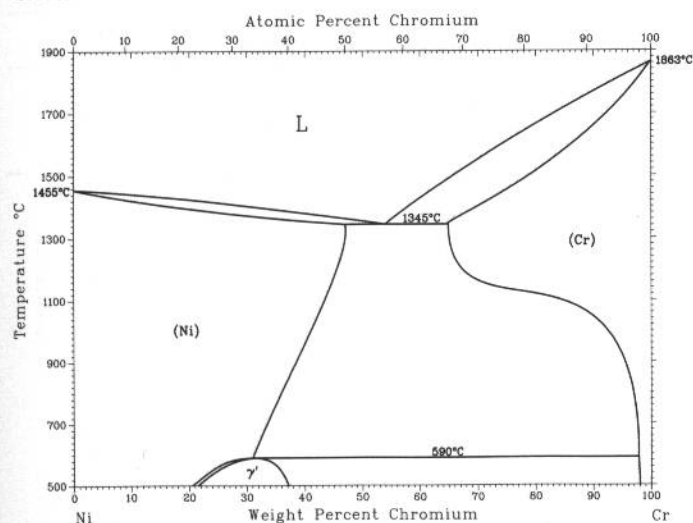
Cr-Nb



M. Venkatraman and J.P. Neumann, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% Nb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)	0 to ~10	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
Cr ₂ Nb (HT)	~43 to ~53	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Cr ₂ Nb (LT)	43 to 53	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
(Nb)	~91 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

Cr-Ni

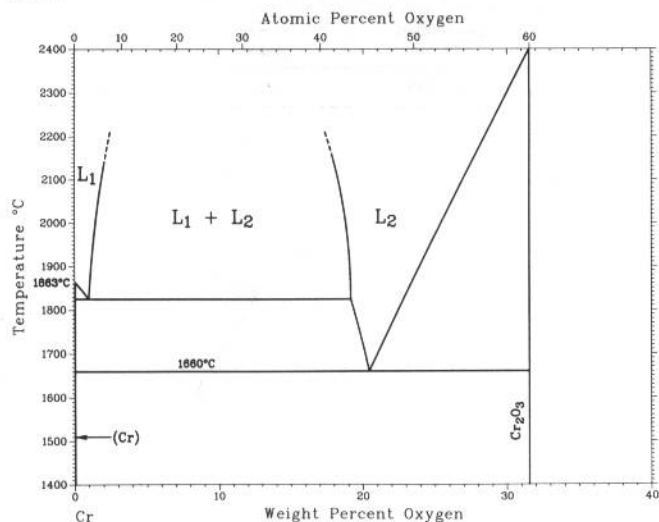


P. Nash, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Cr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to 47.0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
Ni ₂ Cr or γ'	21 to 37	<i>oI6</i>	<i>Immm</i>
(Cr)	65 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
Metastable phases			
σ	~28	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mmm</i>
δ	100	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>

2•156/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Cr-O

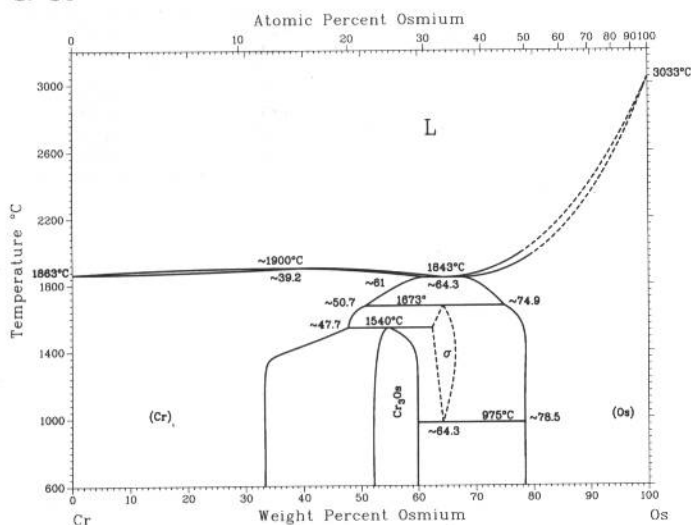


C. Banik, T. Schmitt, P. Ettmayer, and B. Lux, 1980

Phase	Composition, wt% O	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Cr ₃ O ₄ (a)	29.1	<i>tI28</i>	<i>I4</i> ₁ / <i>amd</i>
Cr ₂ O ₃	32	<i>hR10</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}c$
CrO ₂	38.1	<i>tP6</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ / <i>mmn</i>
Cr ₅ O ₁₂	42.5	<i>oP68</i>	<i>Pbcn</i>
Cr ₆ O ₁₅	43.4	<i>oC84</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
CrO ₃	48	<i>oC16</i>	<i>Ama2</i>

(a) Metastable or high-pressure phase

Cr-Os

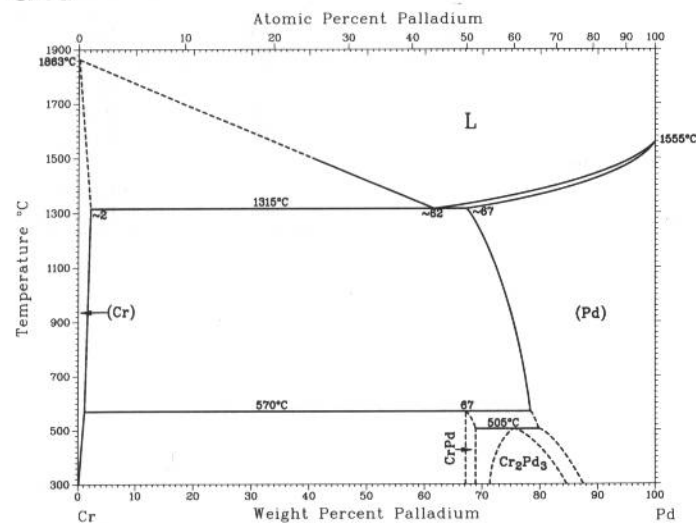


M. Venkatraman and J.P. Neumann, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Os	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)(a)	0 to ~61	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Cr ₃ Os(b)	~52 to ~60	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}n$
σ (c)	~61 to ~81	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ / <i>mmn</i>
(Os)(d)	~66 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

(a) Below 1900 °C. (b) Below 1540 °C. (c) 975 to 1673 °C. (d) Below 3033 °C

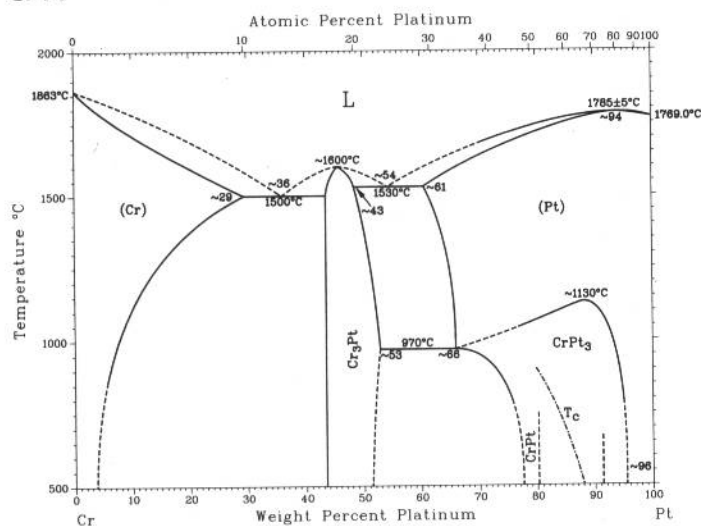
Cr-Pd



M. Venkatraman and J.P. Neumann, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)	0 to ~2	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
CrPd	67 to ~69	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4</i> / <i>mmn</i>
Cr ₂ Pd ₃	~71 to ~86	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Pd)	~67 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

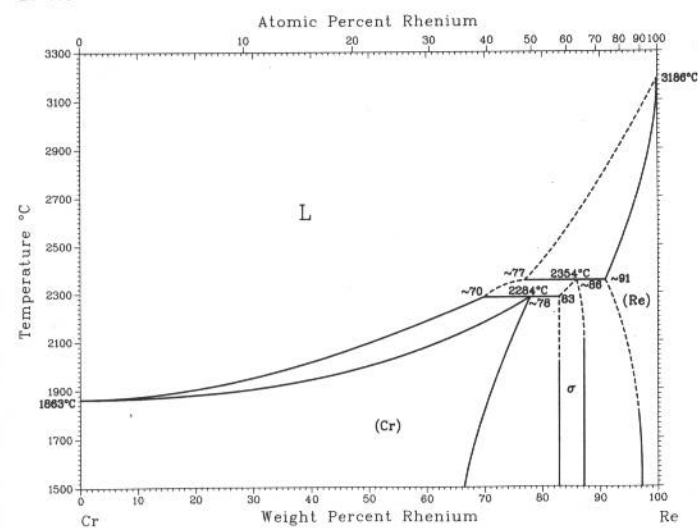
Cr-Pt



M. Venkatraman and J.P. Neumann, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Pt	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)	0 to ~29	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Cr ₃ Pt	44 to ~53	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}n$
CrPt	~78 to ~80	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
CrPt ₃	~66 to 96	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Pt)	~61 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

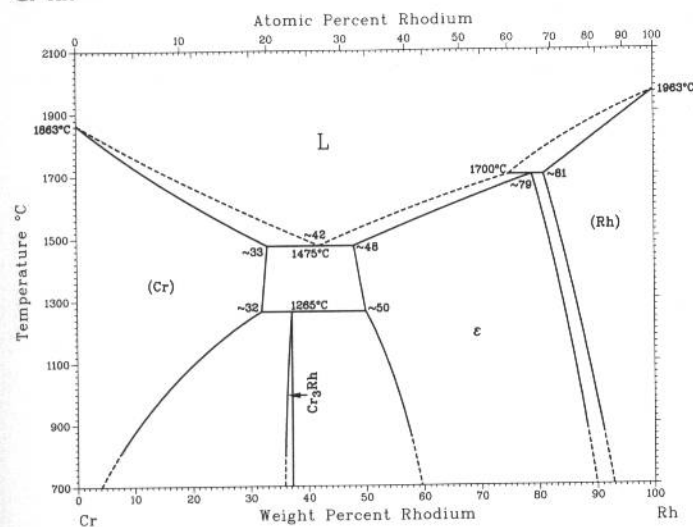
Cr-Re



M. Venkatraman and J.P. Neumann, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Re	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)	0 to ~78	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
σ (Cr ₂ Re ₃)	83 to 87	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mmm</i>
(Re)	~91 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Cr-Rh

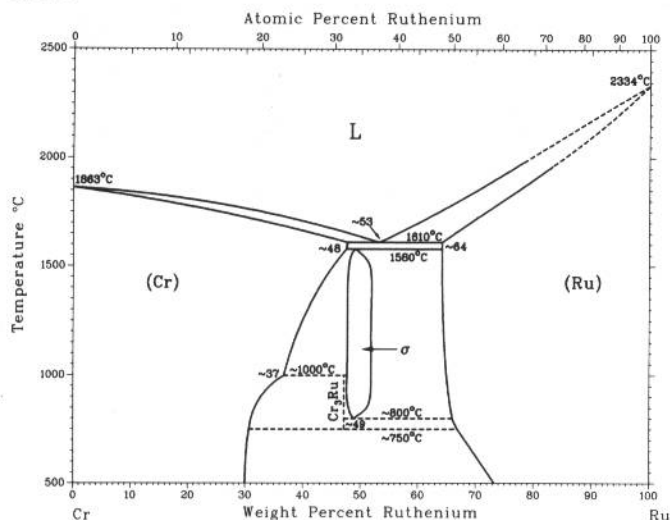


M. Venkatraman and J.P. Neumann, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Rh	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)	0 to ~33	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Cr ₃ Rh	36 to 37	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}n$
ϵ	~48 to 81	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(Rh)	~81 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

2•158/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Cr-Ru

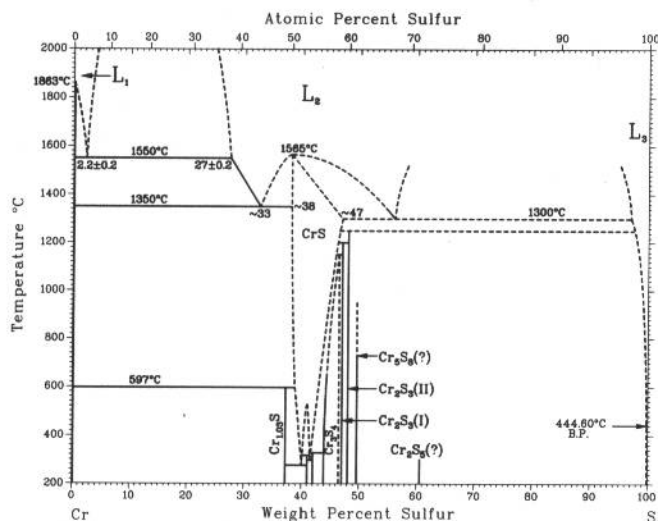


M. Venkatraman and J.P. Neumann, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Ru	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)(a)	0 to ~48	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
Cr ₃ Ru(b)	47.2	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm3n</i>
σCr ₂ Ru(c)	48 to 52	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mmn</i>
(Ru)(d)	~64 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

(a) Stable below 1863 °C. (b) Stable from 750 to 1000 °C; might be located at ~39.3 wt%, instead. (c) Stable from 800 to 1580 °C. (d) Stable below 2334 °C

Cr-S

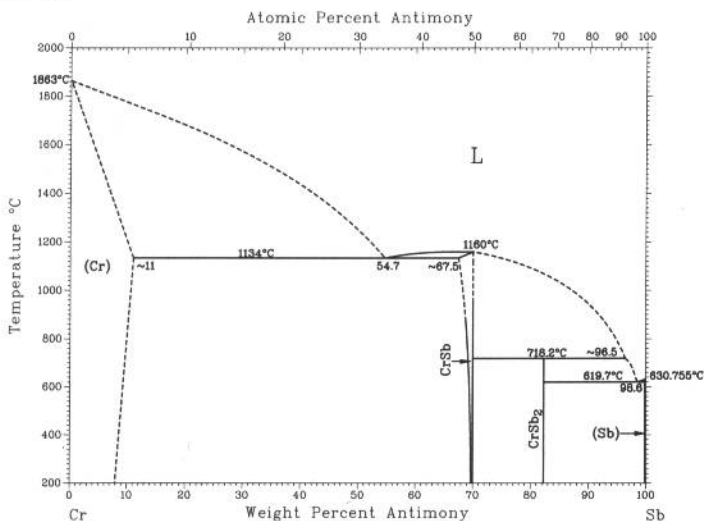


M. Venkatraman and J.P. Neumann, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)	0 to ~0.001	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
Cr _{1.03} S	~37.5	<i>mC8</i>	<i>C2/c</i>
CrS	~38 to ~47	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Cr ₇ S ₈	41.2 to 41.5	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P3m1</i>
Cr ₅ S ₆	~42	<i>hP22</i>	<i>P31c</i>
Cr ₃ S ₄	44 to ~46.2	<i>mC14</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
Cr ₂ S ₃ (I)	46.5 to 47.5	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P31c</i>
Cr ₂ S ₃ (II)	47.8 to 48.7	<i>hR10</i>	<i>R3</i>
Cr ₅ S ₈ (a)	49.6	<i>mC*</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
Cr ₂ S ₅ (?)	60.6	(b)	...

(a) High-pressure phase. (b) Unknown

Cr-Sb

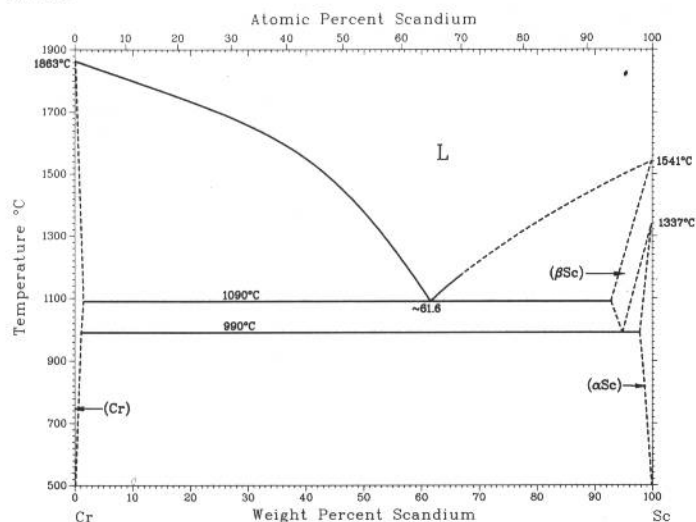


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)	0 to ~11	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
CrSb	~67.5 to 70.1	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
CrSb ₂	82.4	<i>oP6</i>	<i>Pnnm</i>
(Sb)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>

M. Venkatraman and J.P. Neumann, 1985

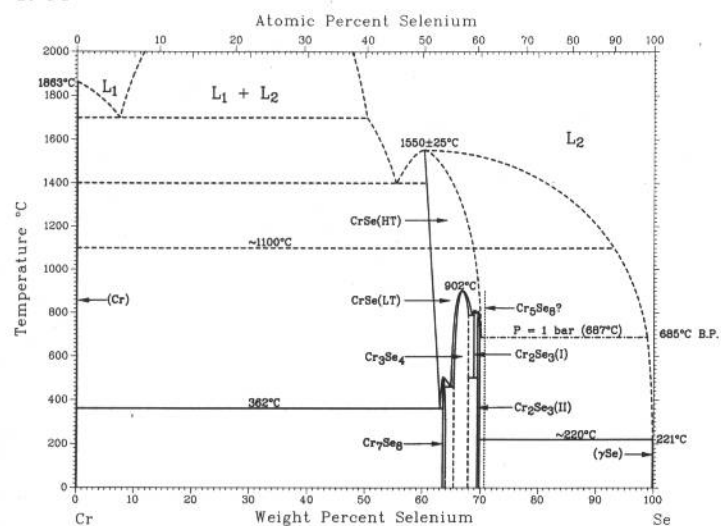
Cr-Sc



Phase	Composition, wt% Sc	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)	0 to <0.09	<i>cf</i> 2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βSc)	>89 to 100	<i>cf</i> 2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αSc)	~100	<i>hP</i> 2	<i>P</i> 6 ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Metastable phase			
Cr _{0.85} Sc _{2.15} B _x	~69.0	<i>cF</i> 112	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$

Cr-Se

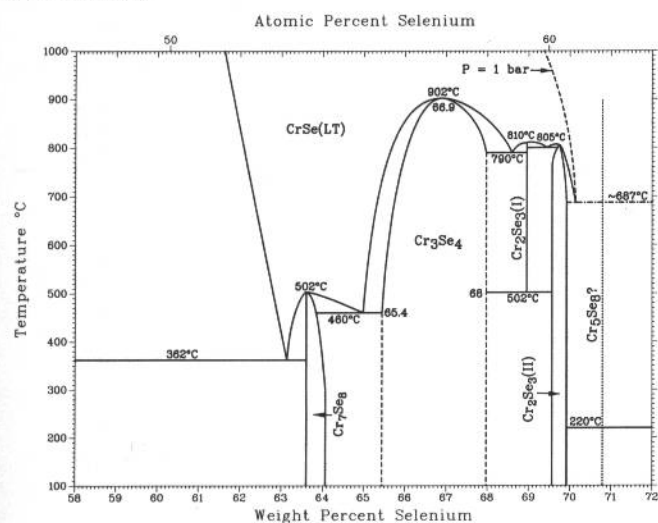
M. Venkatraman and J.P. Neumann, unpublished



Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)	~0	<i>cf</i> 2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
CrSe(HT)	60.3 to ~69.5	<i>hP</i> 4	<i>P</i> 6 ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
CrSe(LT)	~61 to ~69.9	<i>hP</i> 4	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}m$ 1
Cr ₇ Se ₈	63.6 to 64.1	<i>mF</i> 60	<i>F</i> 2/ <i>m</i>
Cr ₃ Se ₄	65.4 to 68.0	<i>ml</i> 14	<i>I</i> 2/ <i>m</i>
Cr ₂ Se ₃ (I)	~69.0	<i>hP</i> 20	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}1c$
Cr ₂ Se ₃ (II)	69.3 to 69.7	<i>hR</i> 10	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$
Cr ₂ Se ₃ (III)(a)	69.9 to 70.4	<i>ml</i> 15	<i>I</i> 2/ <i>m</i>
Cr ₂ Se ₃ (b)	70.8	<i>mF</i> 52	<i>F</i> 2/ <i>m</i>
CrSe ₂ (a)	75.3	<i>hP</i> 3	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}m$ 1
(γSe)	~100	<i>hP</i> 3	<i>P</i> 3 ₁ 21

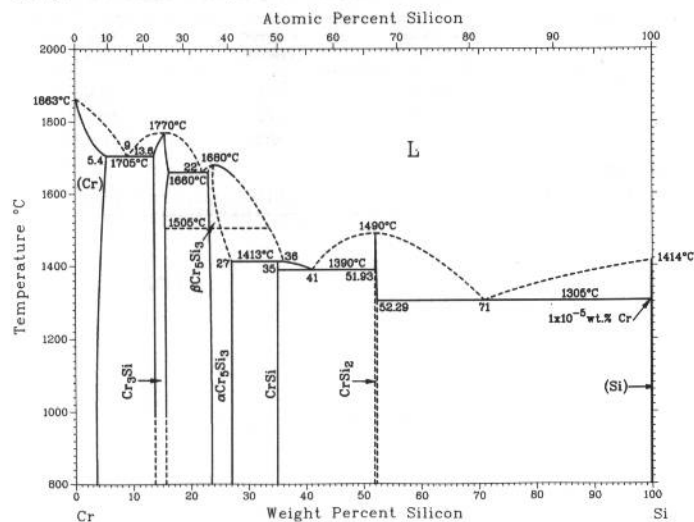
(a) Metastable. (b) Stable at high pressure

Detailed view of the Cr-Se phase diagram in the region 59.9 to 70.5 wt% Se



2•160/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

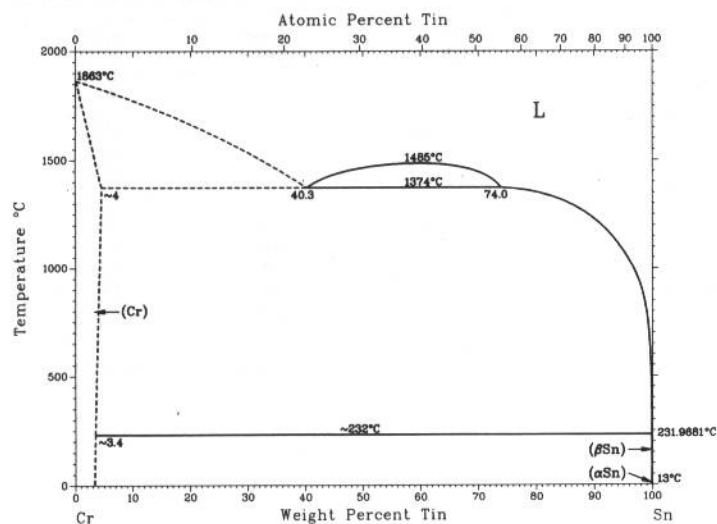
Cr-Si



A.B. Gokhale and G.J. Abbaschian, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)	0 to 5.4	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Cr ₃ Si	13.6 to 16.2	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}n$
α-Cr ₅ Si ₃	23 to 27	<i>tI38</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
CrSi	35	<i>cP8</i>	<i>P2</i> ₁ <i>3</i>
CrSi ₂	51.9 to 52.29	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P6</i> ₂ <i>22</i>
(Si)	~100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$

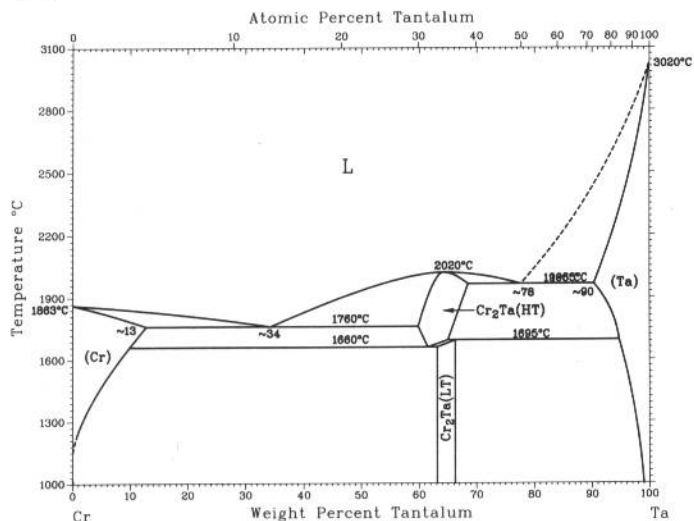
Cr-Sn



M. Venkatraman and J.P. Neumann, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)	0 to ~4	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βSn)	~100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4</i> ₁ <i>/amd</i>
(αSn)	~100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
Metastable phase			
Cr ₂ Sn ₃	77 to 78	<i>oF48</i>	<i>Fdd</i>

Cr-Ta

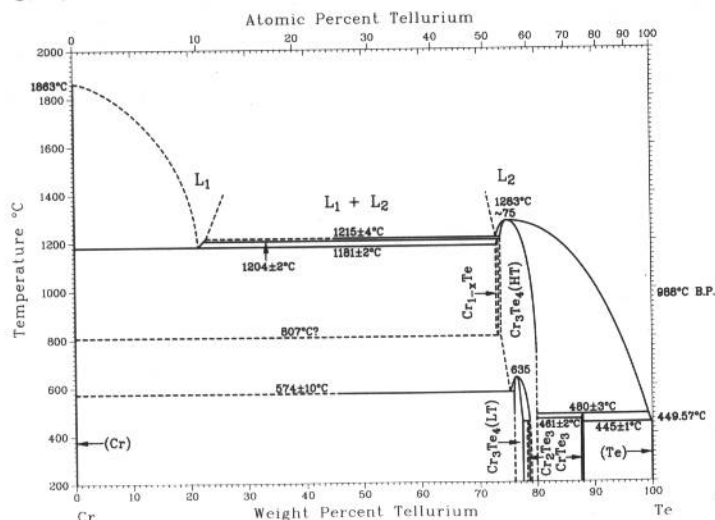


M. Venkatraman and J.P. Neumann, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Ta	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)	0 to ~13	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Cr ₂ Ta(HT)	60 to 68	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ <i>/mmc</i>
Cr ₂ Ta(LT)	63 to 66	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Ta)	~90 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

M. Venkatraman and J.P. Neumann, unpublished

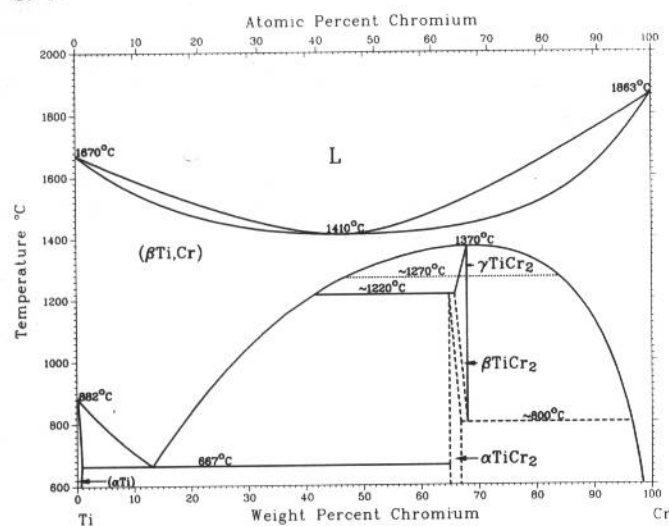
Cr-Te



Phase	Composition, wt % Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)	-0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Cr _{1-x} Te	73.1 to 73.8	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Cr ₃ Te ₄ (HT)	-73.9 to -80.0	<i>mC14</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
Cr ₃ Te ₄ (LT)	-76 to 77.5	...	...
Cr ₃ Te ₈ -I(a)	78.4 to -78.9	<i>mC26</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
Cr ₃ Te ₈ -II(a)	-79.7 to -80.0	...	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}c1$ (?)
Cr ₂ Te ₃	-78.3 to 78.6	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}1c$
CrTe ₃	-88	<i>mP32</i>	<i>P2</i> ₁ / <i>c</i>
(Te)	-100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3</i> ₁ 21

(a) Not shown in diagram

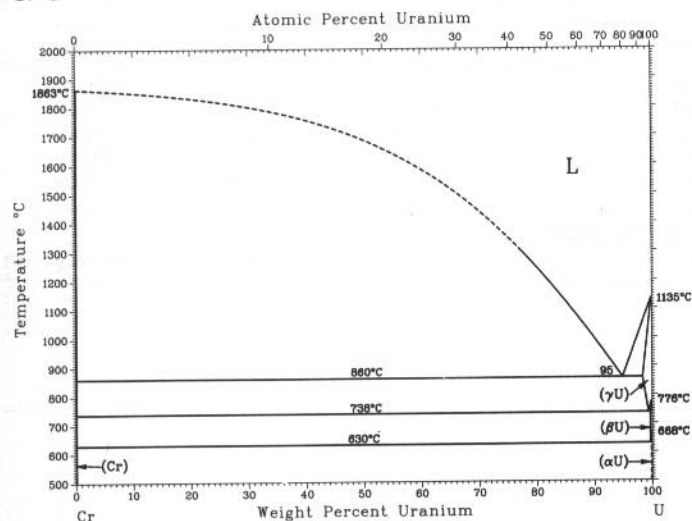
Cr-Ti



J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt % Cr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi,Cr)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTi)	0 to 0.2	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
αTiCr ₂	65 to 67	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
βTiCr ₂	66 to 68	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
γTiCr ₂	66 to 68	<i>hP24</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Metastable phase			
ω	...	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}m1$

Cr-U



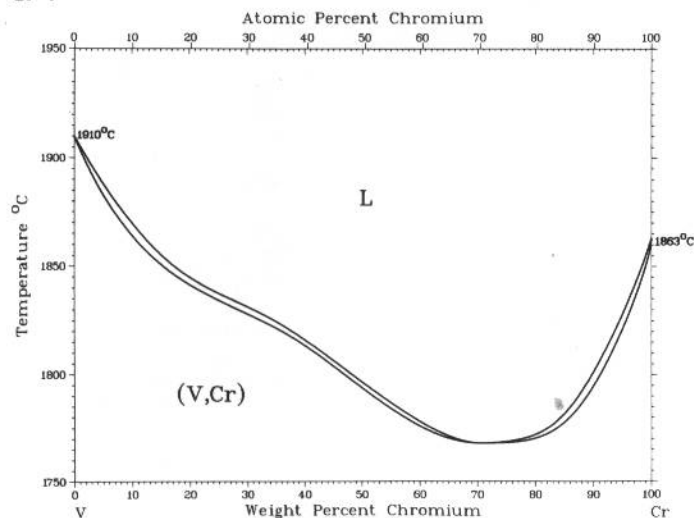
M. Venkatraman, J.P. Neumann, and D.E. Peterson, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt % U	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cr)(a)	-0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γU)(b)	99 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βU)(c)	99.8 to 100	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ / <i>mm</i> <i>m</i>
(αU)(d)	-100	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>

(a) Stable below 1863 °C. (b) Stable from 775 to 1135 °C. (c) Stable from 668 to 775 °C. (d) Stable below 668 °C

2•162/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

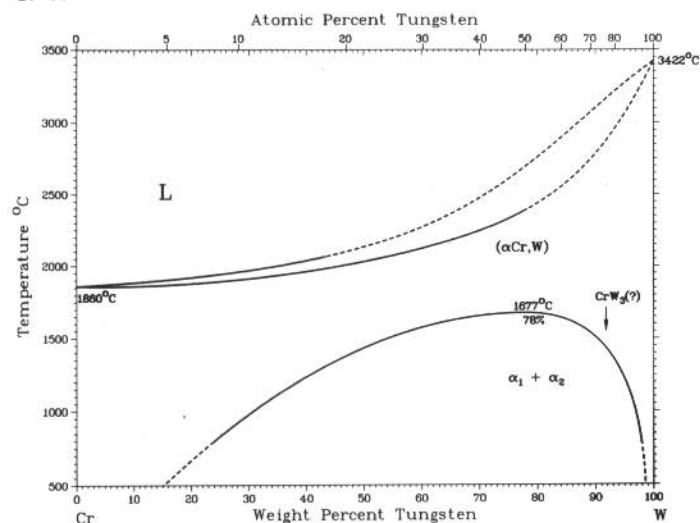
Cr-V



J.F. Smith, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Cr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(V,Cr)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

Cr-W

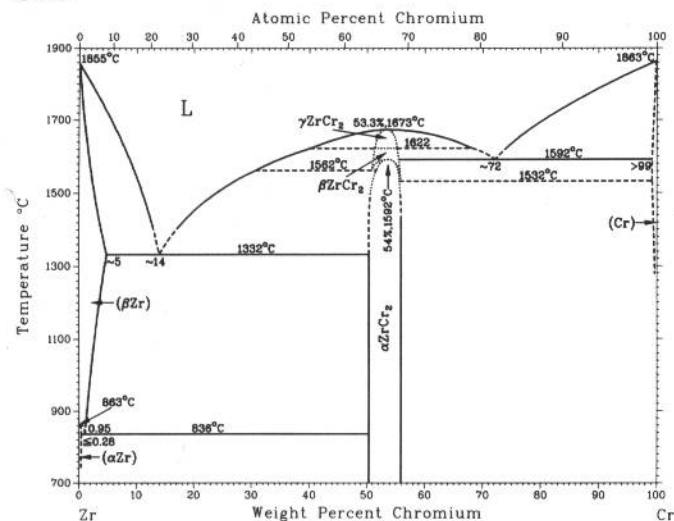


S.V. Nagender Naidu, A.M. Sriramamurthy, and P. Rama Rao, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt% W	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βCr)(a)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(γCr)(b)	0	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I43m</i>
(δCr)	0	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm3n</i>
(εCr)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
(αCr,W)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
CrW₃(?)	91	<i>tI*</i>	...

(a) Above 1840 °C. (b) Electrolytic

Cr-Zr

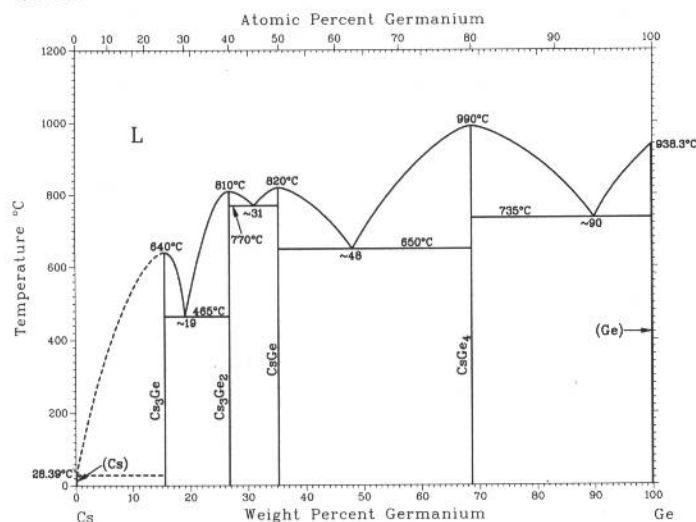


D. Arias and J.P. Abriata, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% Cr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αZr)	0 to 0.28	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
(βZr)	0 to ~5	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
γZrCr₂	50 to 56	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
βZrCr₂	50 to 56	<i>hP24</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
αZrCr₂	50 to 56	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
(Cr)	>99 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
Metastable phases			
ω	...	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3m1 (P6/mmm?)</i>

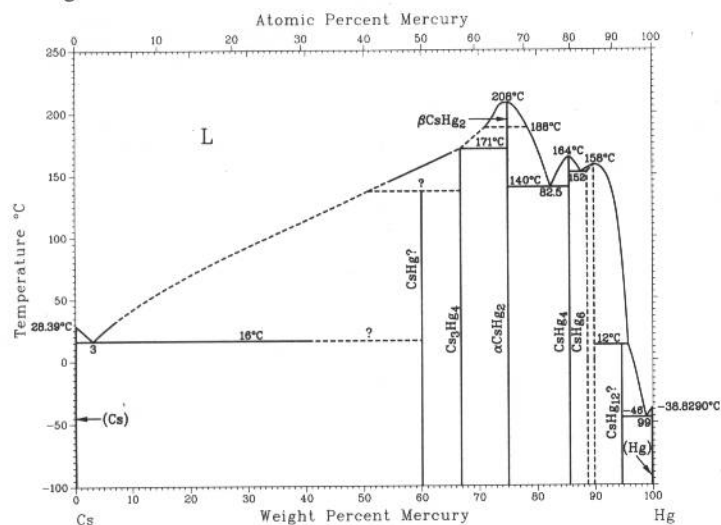
H. Okamoto, 1990

Cs-Ge



Phase	Composition, wt % Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cs)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Cs ₃ Ge	15	...	...
Cs ₃ Ge ₂	27	...	...
CsGe	35.3	<i>cP</i> 64	<i>P</i> 4 ₃ <i>n</i>
CsGe ₄	69	<i>cP</i> *	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}n$
(Ge)	100	<i>cF</i> 8	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

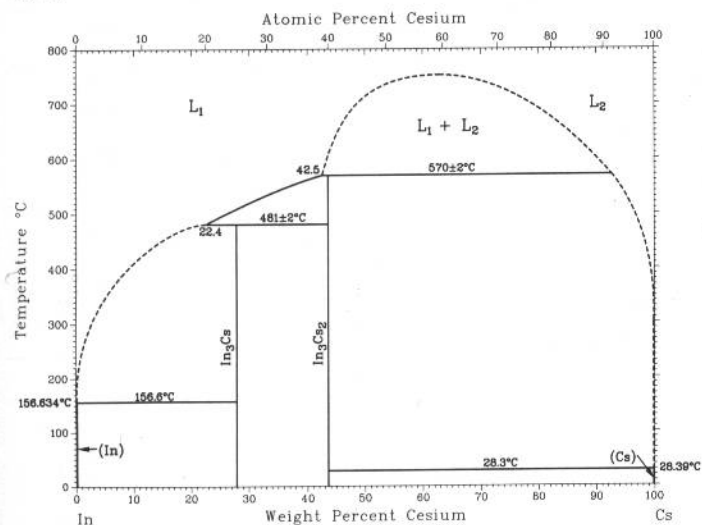
Cs-Hg



From [Hansen]

Phase	Composition, wt % Hg	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cs)	0	<i>cI</i> 2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
CsHg?	60.1	...	...
Cs ₃ Hg ₄	66.8	...	...
βCsHg ₂	75.1	...	...
αCsHg ₂	75.1	...	...
CsHg ₄	86	...	...
CsHg ₆	90.0	...	...
CsHg ₁₂ ?	95	<i>c</i> **	...
(Hg)	100	<i>hR</i> 1	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$

Cs-In

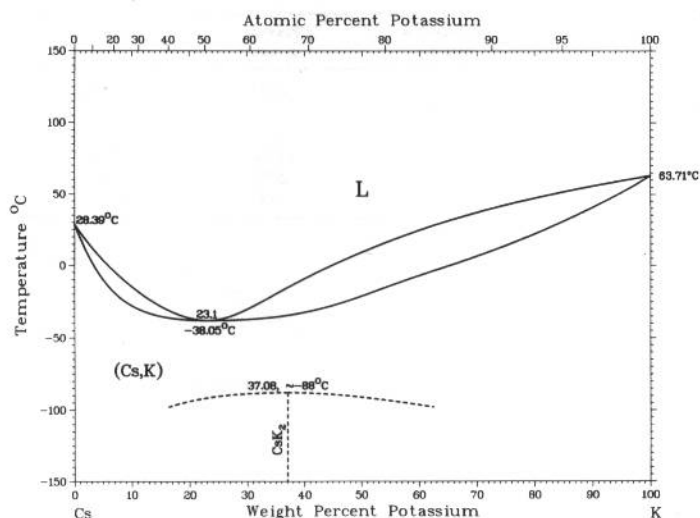


A.D. Pelton and S. LaRose, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt % Cs	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0	<i>tI</i> 2	<i>I</i> 4/ <i>mmm</i>
In ₃ Cs	28	<i>tI</i> 24	<i>I</i> 4 <i>m</i> 2
In ₃ Cs ₂	44	...	<i>I</i> 4 <i>m</i> 2
(Cs)	100	<i>cI</i> 2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

2•164/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

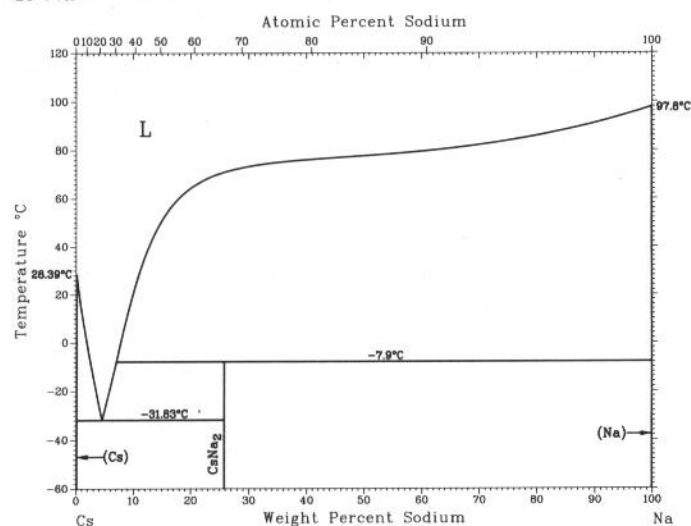
Cs-K



C.W. Bale and A.D. Pelton, 1983

Phase	Composition, wt% K	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cs,K)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
CsK ₂	37.0	<i>hP2?</i>	...
Other reported phase			
Cs ₆ K ₇	?	...	...

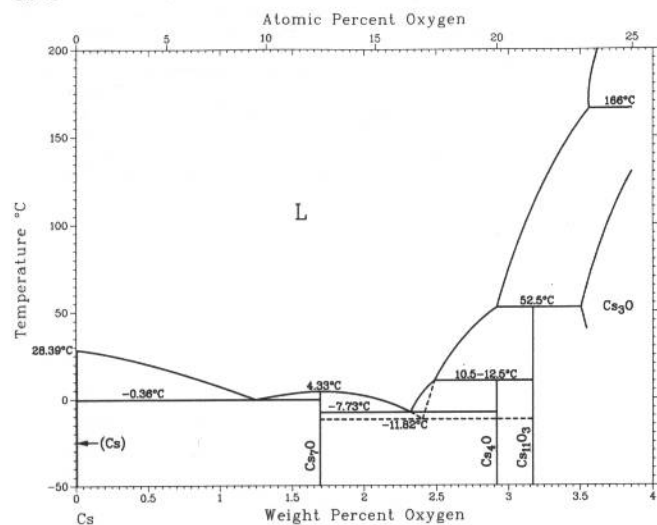
Cs-Na



C.W. Bale, 1982

Phase	Composition, wt% Na	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cs)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
CsNa ₂	25.7	...	...
(Na)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

Cs-O



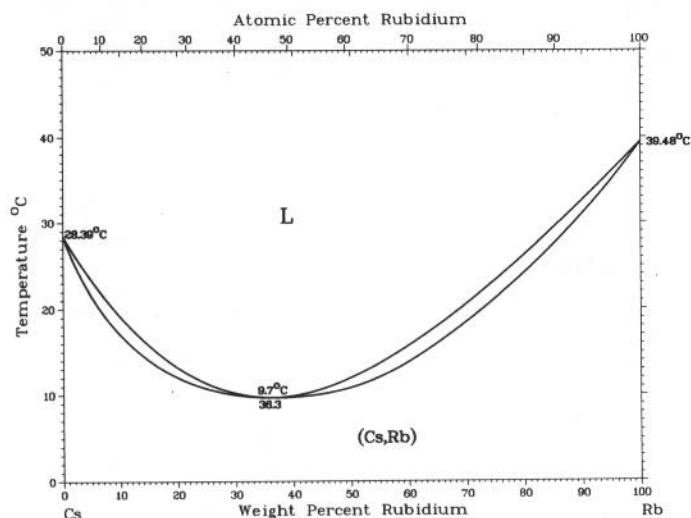
P.R. Subramanian, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% O	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cs)	~0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Cs ₇ O	~1.7	<i>hP24</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{6}m2$
Cs ₄ O	3	...	...
Cs ₁₁ O ₃ (a)	~3.2	<i>mP56</i>	<i>P2</i> ₁ / <i>c</i>
Cs ₃ O	~4	...	...
Cs ₂ O	~5.7	<i>hR3</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
CsO	~10.7	<i>oI8</i>	<i>Immm</i>
Cs ₂ O ₃	~15	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}3d$
CsO ₂ (LT)	~19.4	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
CsO ₂ (HT)(b)	~19.4	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) Also reported as Cs₇O₂. (b) Above ~200 °C

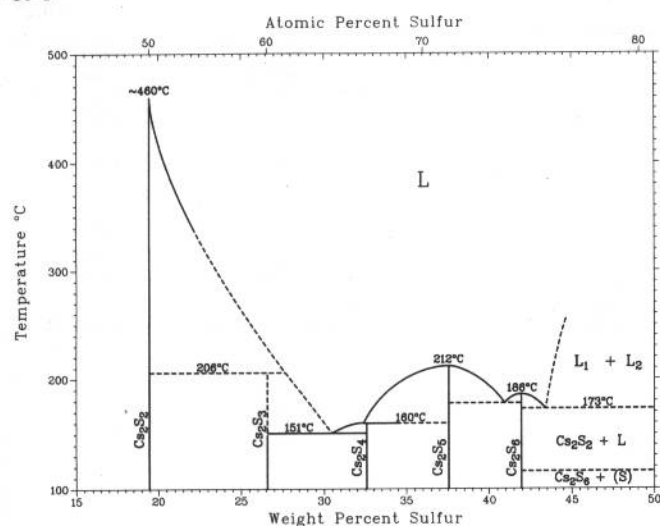
C.W. Bale and A.D. Pelton, 1983

Cs-Rb



Phase	Composition, wt % Rb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cs,Rb)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>

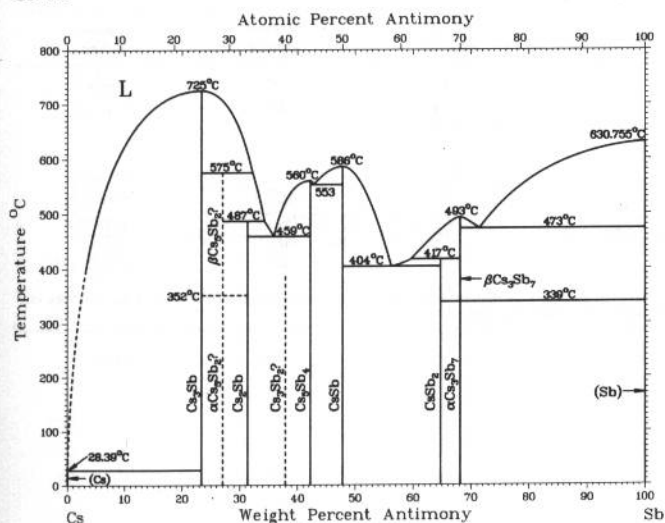
Cs-S



From [Smithells]

Phase	Composition, wt % S	Pearson symbol	Space group
Cs ₂ S ₂	19.4	<i>oI8</i>	...
Cs ₂ S ₃	27	<i>oC20</i>	<i>Cmc2₁</i>
Cs ₂ S ₄	~34.7	...	...
Cs ₂ S ₅	~40.0	...	...
Cs ₂ S ₆	~42.5	...	...

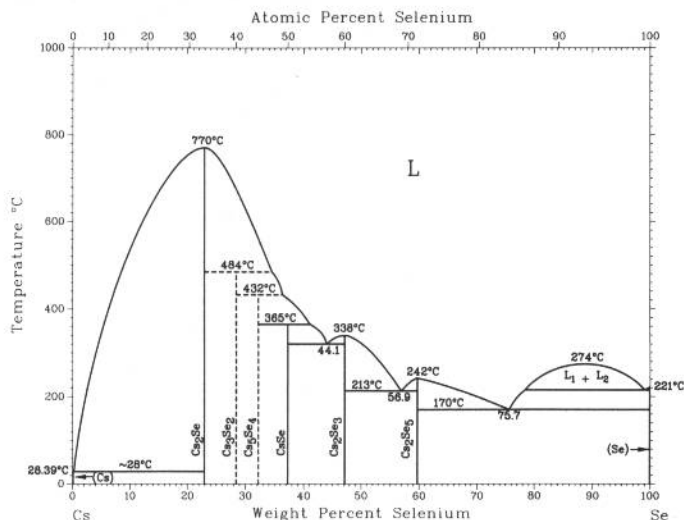
Cs-Sb



F.W. Dorn and W. Klemm, 1961

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cs)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Cs ₃ Sb	23	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
α Cs ₅ Sb ₂	26.8	...	...
β Cs ₅ Sb ₂	26.8	...	...
Cs ₂ Sb	31	...	...
Cs ₃ Sb ₂	38	...	...
Cs ₅ Sb ₄	42.2	...	...
CsSb	47.8	<i>oP16</i>	<i>P2₁2₁2₁</i>
CsSb ₂	64.7	...	...
α Cs ₃ Sb ₇	68	...	...
β Cs ₃ Sb ₇	68	...	...
(Sb)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>

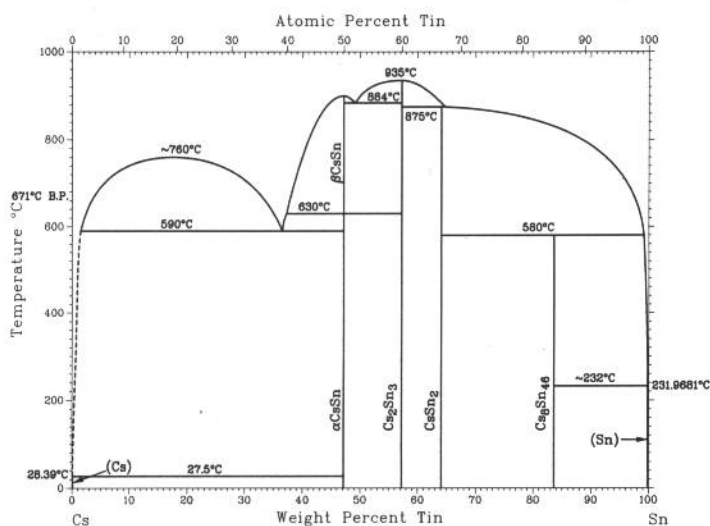
Cs-Se



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cs)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Cs ₂ Se	22.9	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Cs ₃ Se ₂	28	...	...
Cs ₃ Se ₄	32.2	...	...
CsSe	37.3	...	...
Cs ₂ Se ₃	47	<i>oC20</i>	<i>Cmc2₁</i>
Cs ₂ Se ₅	59.7	<i>oP28</i>	<i>P2₁2₁2₁</i>
(Se)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁2₁</i>
High-pressure phase			
Cs ₂ Se	22.9	<i>oF24</i>	<i>Fdd$\bar{2}$</i>

Cs-Sn

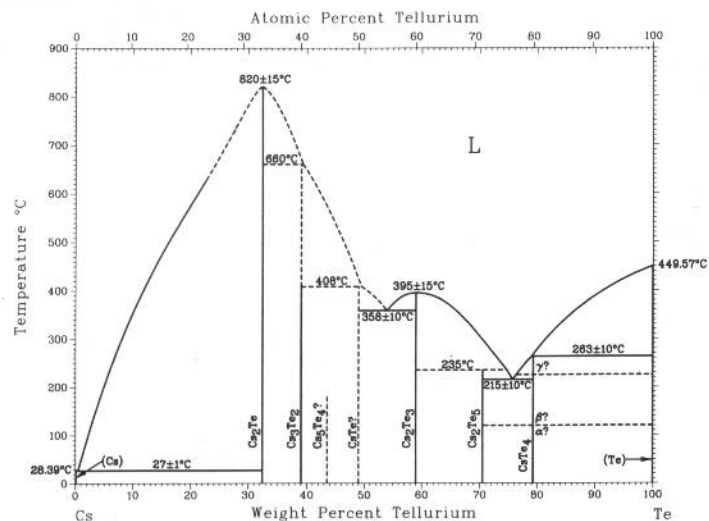


L.Z. Melenkov, S.P. Yatsenko, K.A. Chantonov, and Yu.N. Grin, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cs)	~0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
βCsSn	47.2	...	...
αCsSn	47.2	<i>tI64</i>	<i>I4₁/acd</i>
Cs ₂ Sn ₃	57	...	...
CsSn ₂	64.1	...	...
Cs ₈ Sn ₄₆	84	...	<i>Pm$\bar{3}n$</i>
(βSn)(a)	~100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(αSn)(b)	~100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>

(a) Between 13 and 231.9681 °C. (b) Below 13 °C

Cs-Te

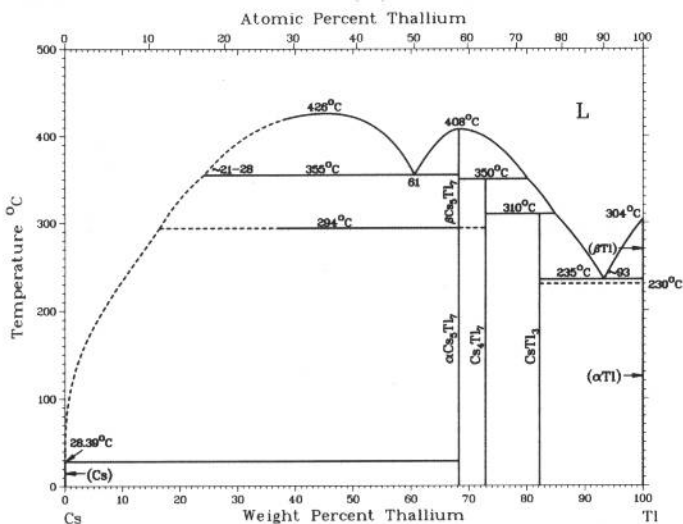


J. Sangster and A.D. Pelton, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cs)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Cs ₂ Te	32.4	<i>oP12</i>	<i>P2₁2₁2₁</i>
Cs ₃ Te ₂	39.0	...	...
Cs ₃ Te ₄ (a)	43.4	...	...
CsTe(a)	49.0	...	...
Cs ₂ Te ₃	59	<i>oC20</i>	<i>Cmc2₁</i>
Cs ₂ Te ₅	70.6	<i>oC28</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
CsTe ₄ (b)	79	<i>mP20</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁2₁</i>

(a) Might not exist. (b) Three allotropic forms have been reported to exist. If so, this is the structure of a metastable high-temperature allotrope.

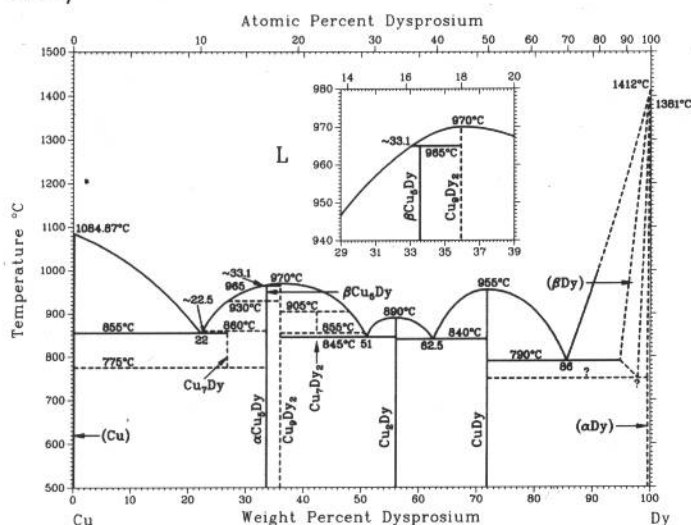
Cs-Tl



V.D. Busmanov and S.P. Yatsenko, 1981

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cs)	0	<i>cf2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
$\alpha\text{Cs}_5\text{Tl}_7$	68.3	...	...
$\beta\text{Cs}_5\text{Tl}_7$	68.3	...	...
Cs_4Tl_7	62.9	...	...
CsTl_3	82	...	...
(αTl)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6_3/mmc</i>
(βTl)	100	<i>cf2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

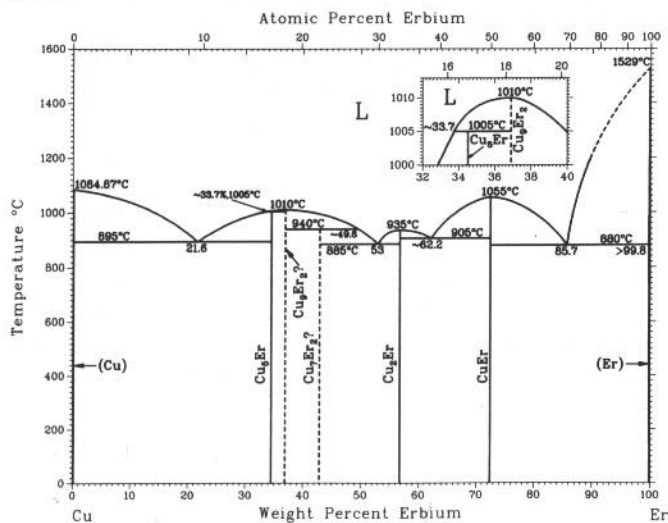
Cu-Dy



P.R. Subramanian and D.E. Laughlin, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Dy	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
$\beta\text{Cu}_5\text{Dy}$	~33.84	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6_3/mmm</i>
$\alpha\text{Cu}_5\text{Dy}$	~33.84	<i>cF24</i>	<i>F</i> $\bar{4}3m$
Cu_2Dy	~56.1	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
CuDy	~72	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
($\alpha'\text{Dy}$)	100	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
(αDy)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6_3/mmc</i>
(βDy)	100	<i>cf2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

Cu-Er

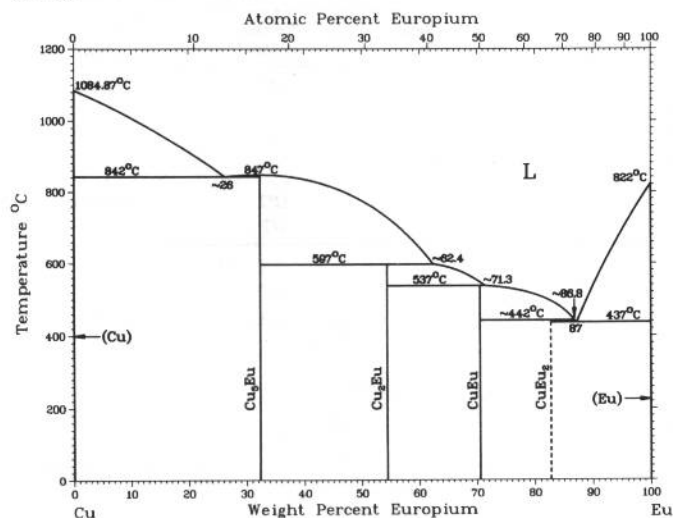


P.R. Subramanian and D.E. Laughlin, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Er	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Cu_5Er	~34.49	<i>cF24</i>	<i>F</i> $\bar{4}3m$
Cu_2Er	~56.8	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
CuEr	~73	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Er)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6_3/mmc</i>

2•168/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

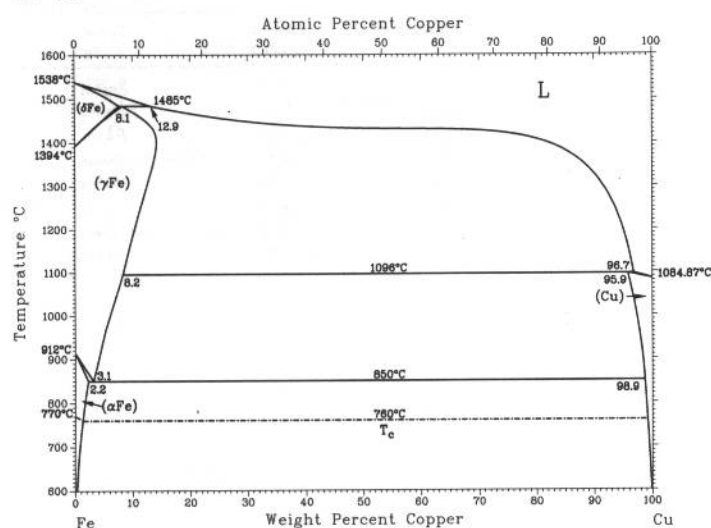
Cu-Eu



P.R. Subramanian and D.E. Laughlin, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Eu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Cu ₅ Eu	~35.24	hP6	<i>P6</i> / <i>mmm</i>
Cu ₂ Eu	~57.6	oI12	<i>Imma</i>
CuEu	~73	oP8	<i>Pnma</i>
CuEu ₂	~84.48	oP12	<i>Pnma</i>
(Eu)	100	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

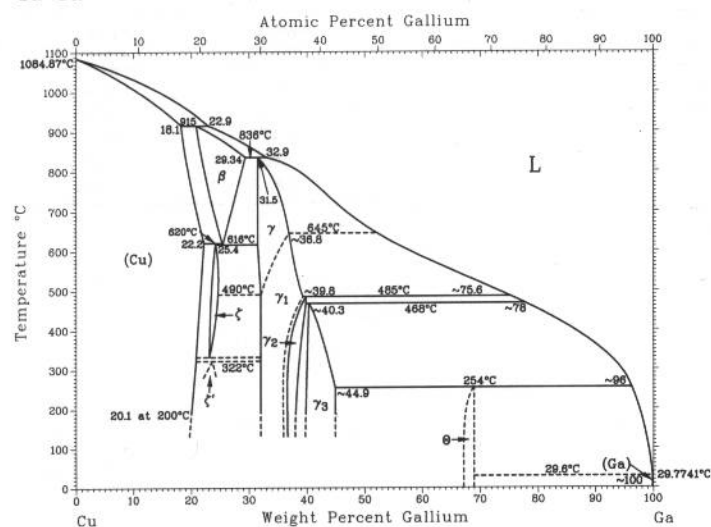
Cu-Fe



L.J. Swartzendruber, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Cu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe)	0 to 7.6	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(γFe)	0 to 13	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αFe)	0 to 2.2	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(Cu)	95.9 to 100	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

Cu-Ga

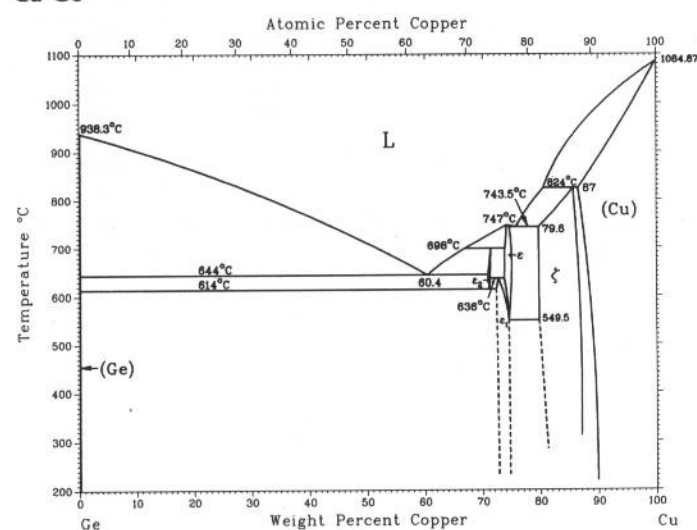


P.R. Subramanian and D.E. Laughlin, unpublished

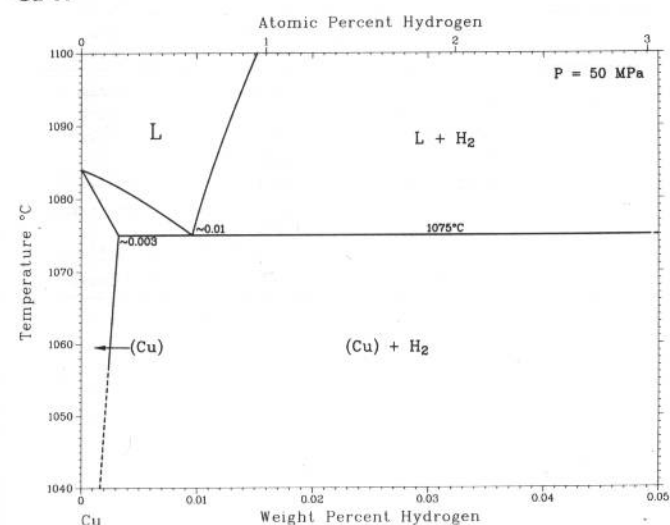
Phase	Composition, wt% Ga	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0 to 22.2	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
β	20.8 to 29.34	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
γ	31.5 to ~36.8	cP52	<i>P4</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
γ ₁	31.8 to 39.8	cP52	<i>P4</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
γ ₂	36.0 to 39.9	cP?(a)	<i>P4</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
γ ₃	39.7 to ~44.9	cP?(a)	<i>P4</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
ζ	22.1 to 24.2	hP2	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
ζ'	22.6 to 24.1	...	...
θ	66.7 to 68.70	tP3	<i>P4</i> / <i>mmm</i>
(Ga)	~100	oC8	<i>Cmca</i>

(a) The number of atoms/cell decreases from 52 to ~47, as the Ga contents decrease from 32.0 to 44.6 wt%.

R.W. Olesinski and G.J. Abbaschian, 1986



Cu-H



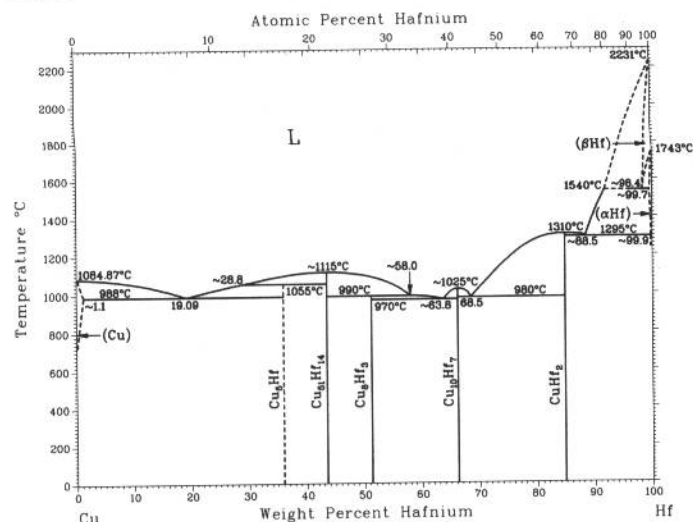
Phase	Composition, wt% Gd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Cu ₆ Gd	~29.21	<i>oP28</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
β Cu ₅ Gd	~32 to ~34.1	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6$\bar{3}mm$</i>
α Cu ₃ Gd	~32 to ~34.1	<i>cF4</i>	<i>F$\bar{4}3m$</i>
Cu ₂ Gd	~55.3	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
CuGd	~71.2	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Gd)	~99.3 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$\bar{3}/mmc$</i>
(β Gd)	~93 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>

Phase	Composition, wt% Cu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
GeII (HP)	...	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
ϵ_2 (a)	70.8 to 71.3	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
ϵ_1 (a)	72.3 to 74.4	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pmmn</i>
ϵ (a)	73.7 to 74.4	(b)	...
ζ (c)	79.6 to 87.1	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(Cu)	87 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Other reported phase			
γ''	75.6	(d)	...

(a) Also denoted as Cu₂Ge. (b) Rhombohedral. (c) Also denoted as Cu₃Ge. (d) Cubic

2•170/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

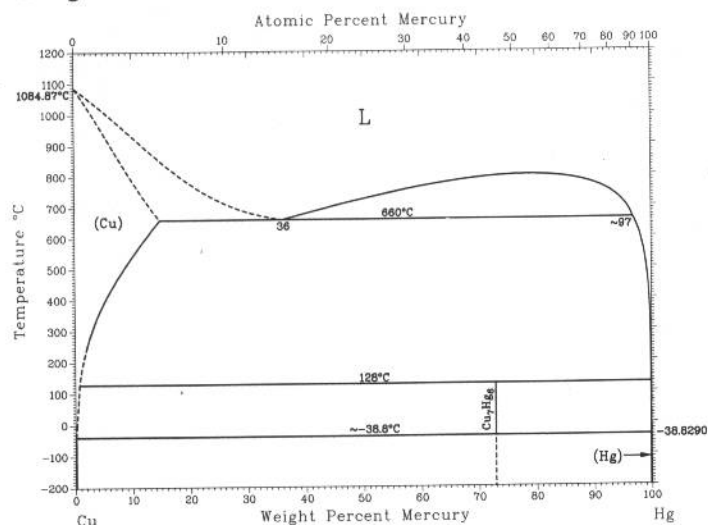
Cu-Hf



P.R. Subramanian and D.E. Laughlin, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Hf	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0 to ~1.1	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Cu ₅ Hf ₁₄	43.54	hP68	<i>P6</i> / <i>m</i>
Cu ₈ Hf ₃	51.29	oP44	<i>Pnma</i>
Cu ₁₀ Hf ₇	66.29	oC68	...
CuHf ₂	84.89	tI6	<i>I4</i> / <i>mmm</i>
(αHf)	~99.7 to 100	hP2	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(βHf)	~98.4 to 100	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

Cu-Hg

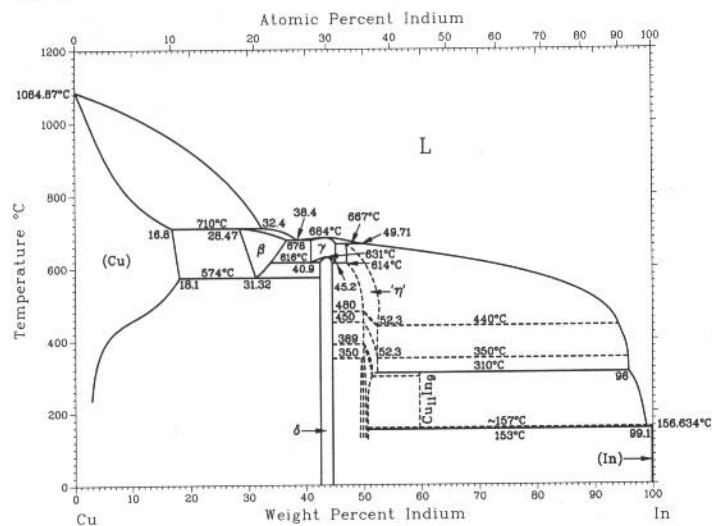


D.J. Chakrabarti and D.E. Laughlin, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt% Hg	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0 to ?	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
γ(a)	73	hR52	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αHg)	100	hR1	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(βHg)	100	tI2	<i>I4</i> / <i>mmm</i>
(γHg)(b)	100	...	...

(a) Composition of the γ phase corresponds to stoichiometry Cu₇Hg₆. (b) Formed from αHg by strain-induced (martensitic) transformation at 4.2 K, reverting to αHg at 50 K.

Cu-In

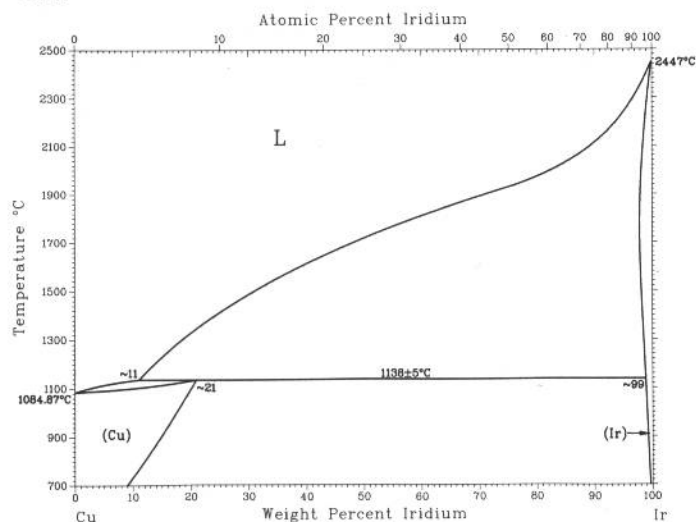


H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0 to 18.1	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
β	28.47 to 37.0	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
γ	40.9 to 45.2	cP52	<i>P</i> $\bar{4}$ <i>3m</i>
δ	42.52 to 44.3	aP40	<i>P</i> $\bar{1}$
"η"	47.00 to 52.3	hP4	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
		hP6	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
	49.5 to 52.3	o**	...
Cu ₁₁ In ₉	~59	mC20	<i>C2</i> / <i>m</i>
(In)	~100	tI2	<i>I4</i> / <i>mmm</i>

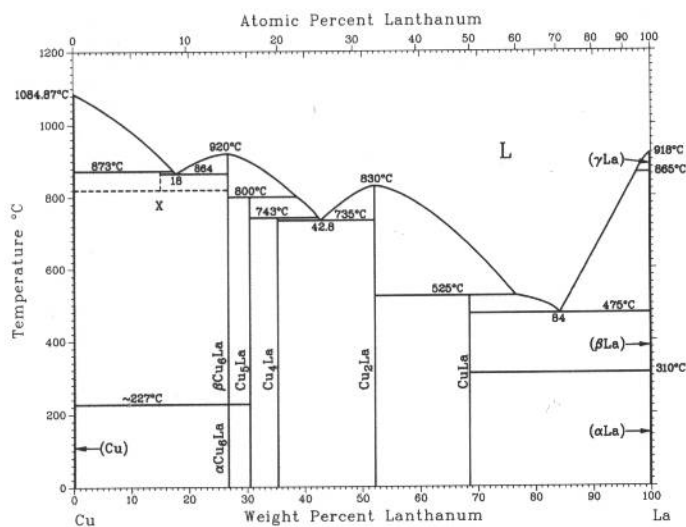
D.J. Chakrabarti and D.E. Laughlin, 1987

Cu-Ir



Phase	Composition, wt% Ir	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0 to ~21	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Ir)	~97.8 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

Cu-La

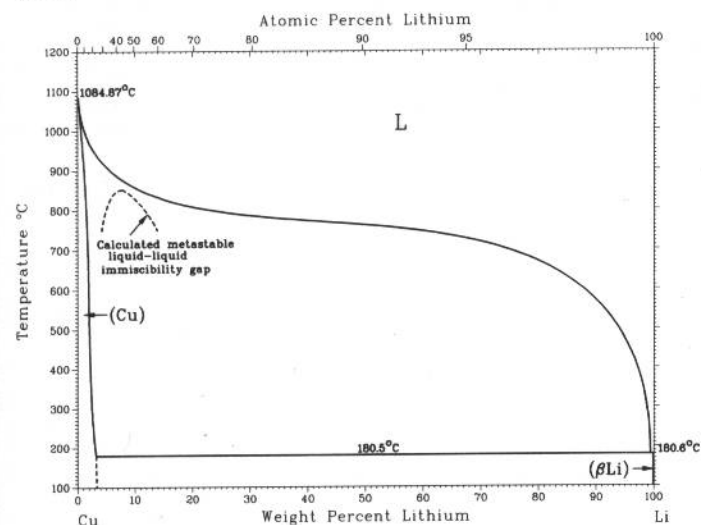


H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% La	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	~0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
X	15.1	...	...
βCu ₆ La	26.7	<i>oP28</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
αCu ₆ La(a)	26.7	<i>mP*</i>	...
Cu ₅ La	30.3	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
Cu ₄ La	35	<i>tI90</i>	<i>I4m2</i>
Cu ₂ La	52.2	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
CuLa	69	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(γLa)	~100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(βLa)	~100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αLa)	~100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

(a) Below -227 °C

Cu-Li



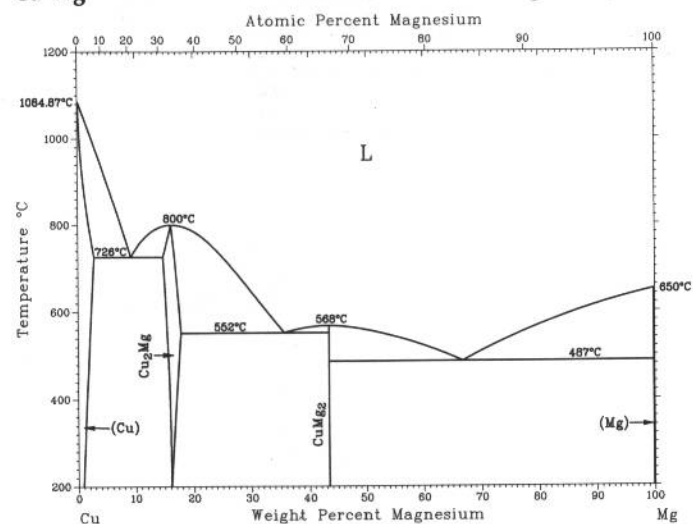
A.D. Pelton, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% Li	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0 to 3	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(βLi)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αLi)(a)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

(a) Below -193 °C

2•172/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

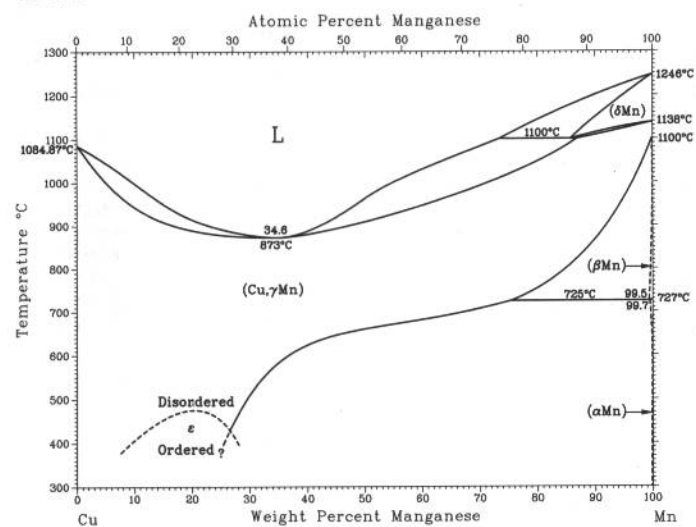
Cu-Mg



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Mg	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0 to 2.77	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Cu ₂ Mg	15 to 18	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
CuMg ₂	43.4	<i>oF48</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
(Mg)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

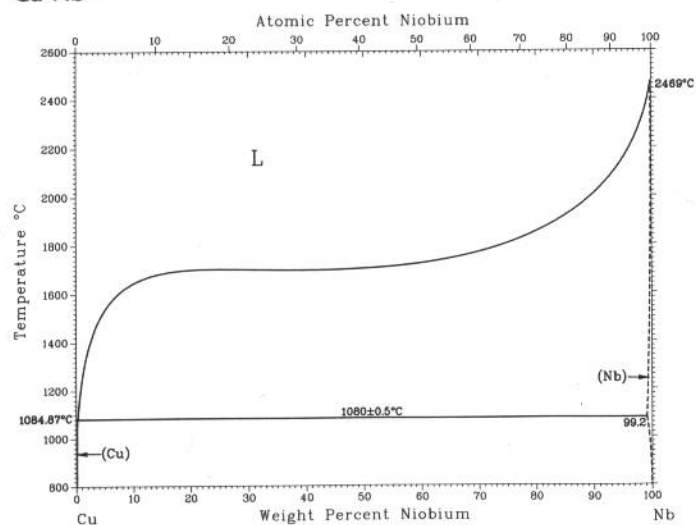
Cu-Mn



N.A. Gokcen, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu, γMn)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(δMn)	85.8 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(βMn)	99.5 to 100	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4</i> ₁ <i>32</i>
(αMn)	99.7 to 100	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}$ <i>3m</i>

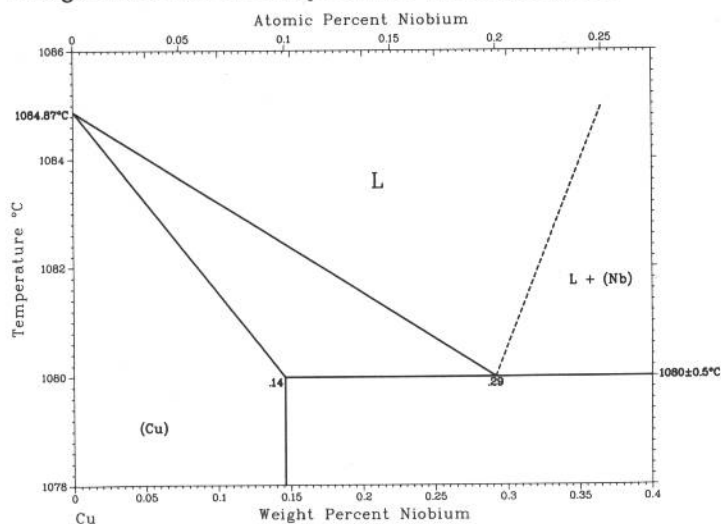
Cu-Nb



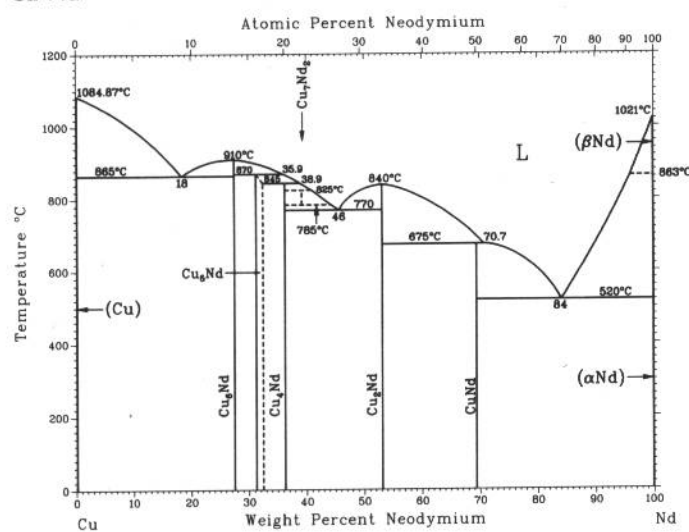
H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Nb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu) or α	0 to 0.15	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(Nb) or β	99.2 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

Enlargement of the Cu-rich portion of the Cu-Nb system



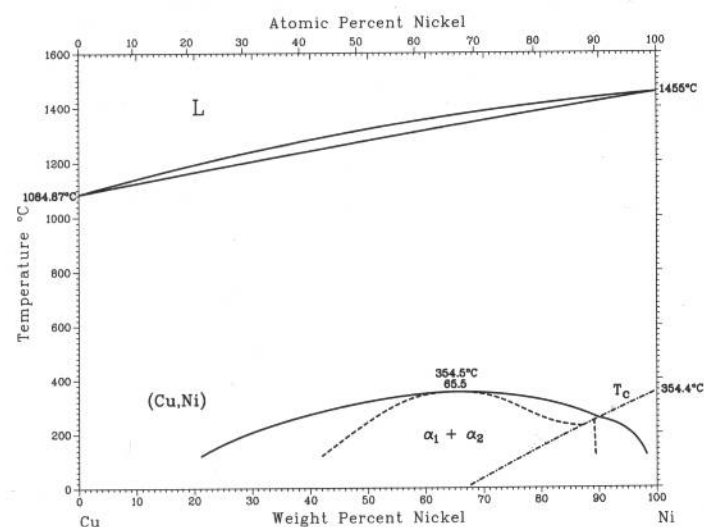
Cu-Nd



P.R. Subramanian and D.E. Laughlin, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Nd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Cu ₆ Nd	~27.45	<i>oP28</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Cu ₅ Nd	~31.23	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
Cu ₄ Nd	~36.2	...	<i>Pnnm</i>
Cu ₃ Nd	~53.1	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
CuNd	~69	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(βNd)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αNd)	100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Cu-Ni



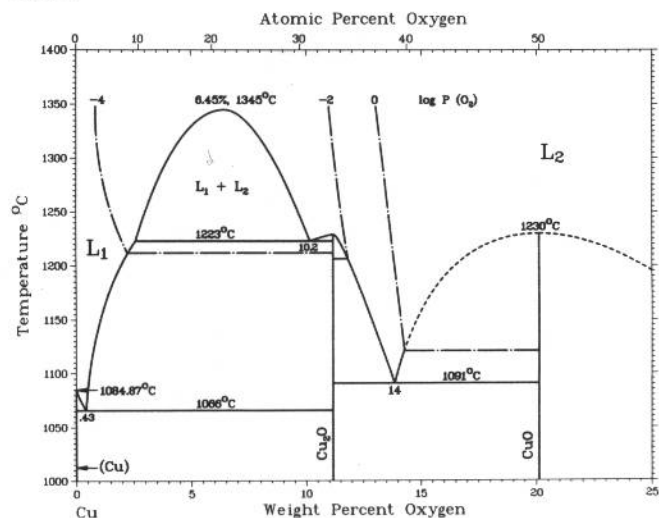
D.J. Chakrabarti, D.E. Laughlin, S.W. Chen, and Y.A. Chang, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ni	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu,Ni)	0 to 100(a)	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

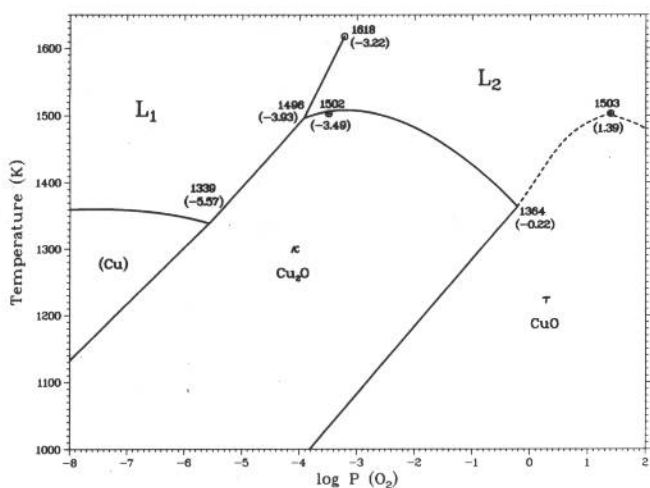
(a) Above 354.5 °C

2•174/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

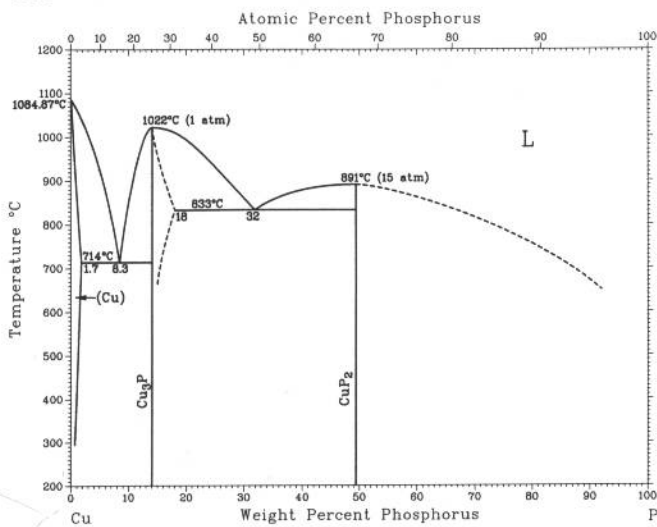
Cu-O



Cu-O stability diagram



Cu-P



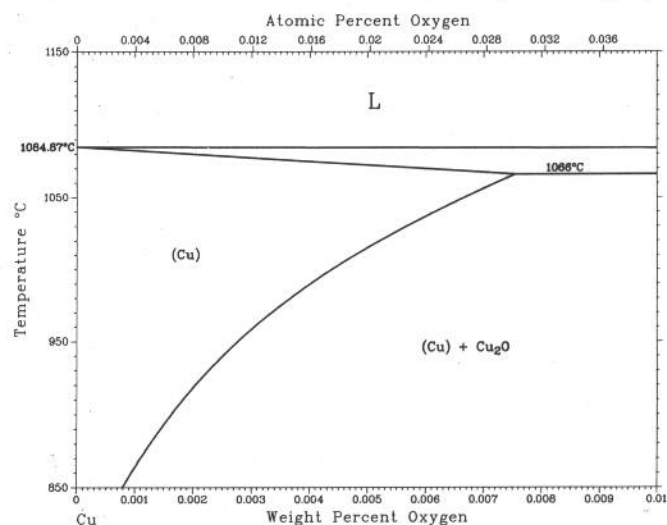
J.P. Neumann, T. Zhong, and Y.A. Chang, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt % O	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0 to 0.008	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Cu ₂ O(a)	11.2	<i>cP6</i>	<i>Pn$\bar{3}m$</i>
CuO(b)	20	<i>mC8</i>	...
Cu ₄ O ₃ (c)	15.9	<i>tI28</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>

(a) κ or cuprite. (b) τ or tenorite. (c) Additional possible phase, π or paramelaconite

(a) κ or cuprite. (b) τ or tenorite. (c) Additional possible phase, π or paramelaconite

Solubility of O in (Cu)



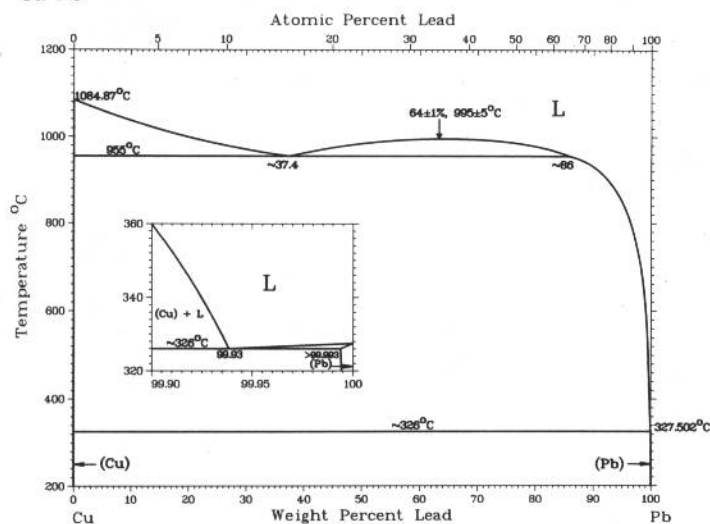
H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt % P	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0 to 1.7	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Cu ₃ P	14 to 18	<i>hP24</i>	<i>P6₃cm</i>
CuP ₂	49.4	<i>mP12</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
Cu ₂ P ₇ (a)	63.1	<i>mC72</i>	<i>C2/m</i>

(a) Not shown in the diagram

(a) Not shown in the diagram

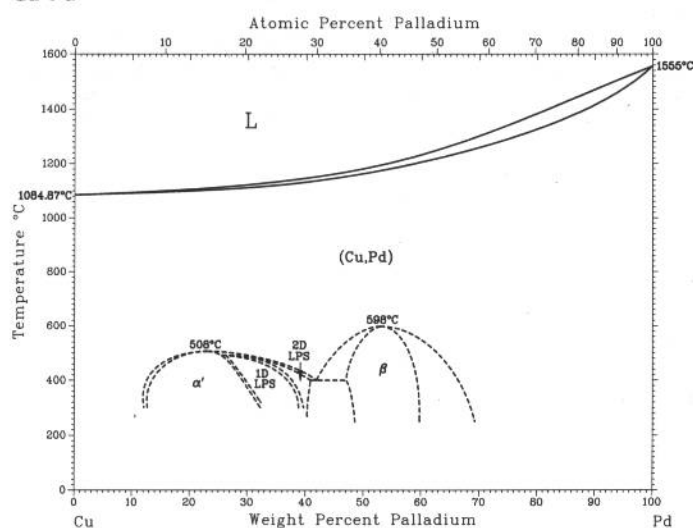
Cu-Pb



Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0(a)	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Pb)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β Pb)(b)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>

(a) Metastable solid solubility may extend up to 10.0 to 12.0 wt% Pb. (b) Above 10.3 GPa

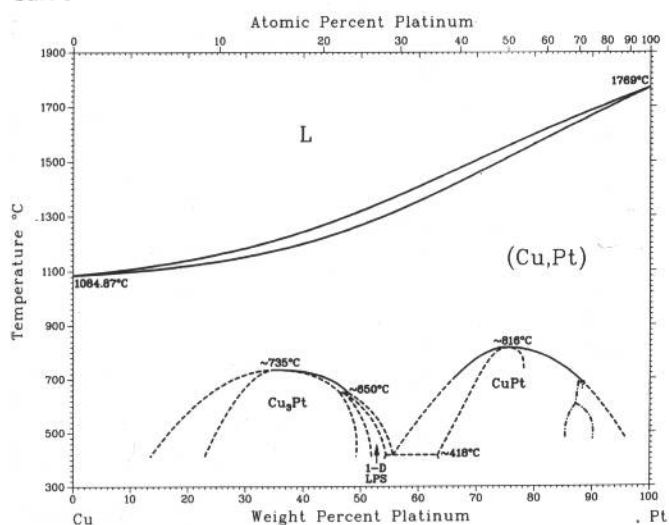
Cu-Pd



P.R. Subramanian and D.E. Laughlin, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu,Pd)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Cu_3Pd (α')	~12.1 to ~32	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Cu_3Pd (α'')			
1D-LPS	~26 to ~39	<i>tP28</i>	<i>P4mm</i>
2D-LPS	~28 to ~43	...	...
CuPd (β)	~49 to ~60	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>

Cu-Pt

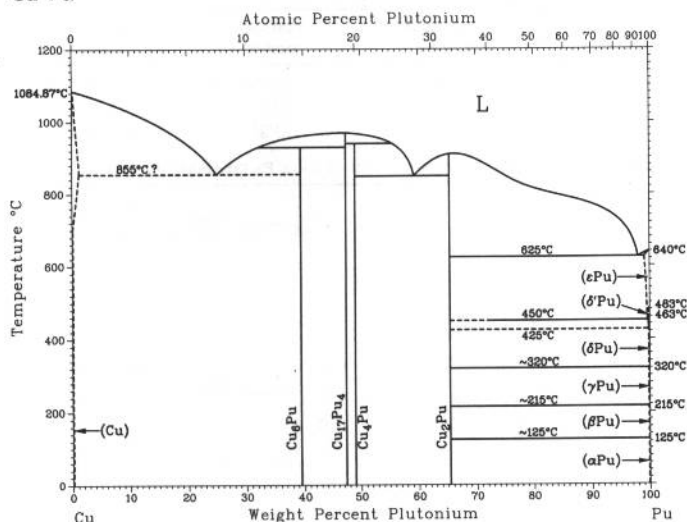


P.R. Subramanian and D.E. Laughlin, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Pt	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu,Pt)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Cu_3Pt	~16 to ~52	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
1D-LPS	~43 to ~56	<i>tP28</i>	<i>P4mm</i>
CuPt	~63 to ~81	<i>hR32</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Cu_3Pt_5	~85 to ~88	<i>hR*</i>	?
CuPt_3	~87 to ~90	<i>o**</i>	?
CuPt_3	~88 to ?	<i>c**</i>	?

2•176/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

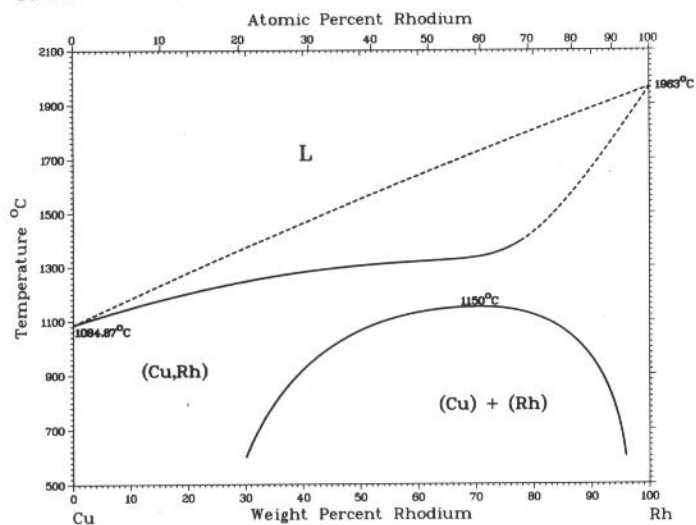
Cu-Pu



V.I. Kutaitsev, N.T. Chebotarev, I.G. Lebedev, M.A. Andrianov,
V.N. Konev, and T.S. Menshikova, 1967

Phase	Composition, wt% Pu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Cu ₆ Pu	39.1	...	...
Cu ₁₇ Pu ₄	47.4	...	...
Cu ₄ Pu	49	<i>o*20</i>	...
Cu ₂ Pu	65.7	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
(εPu)	? to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(δ'Pu)	100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(δPu)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γPu)	100	<i>oF8</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
(βPu)	100	<i>mC34</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
(αPu)	100	<i>mP16</i>	<i>P2₁/m</i>

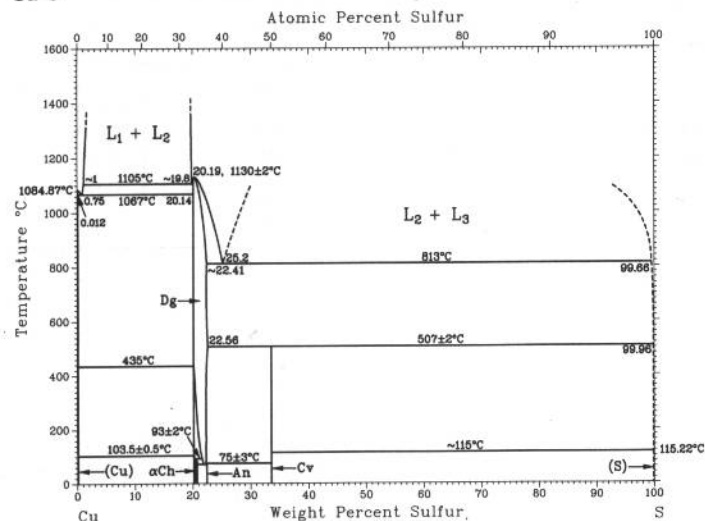
Cu-Rh



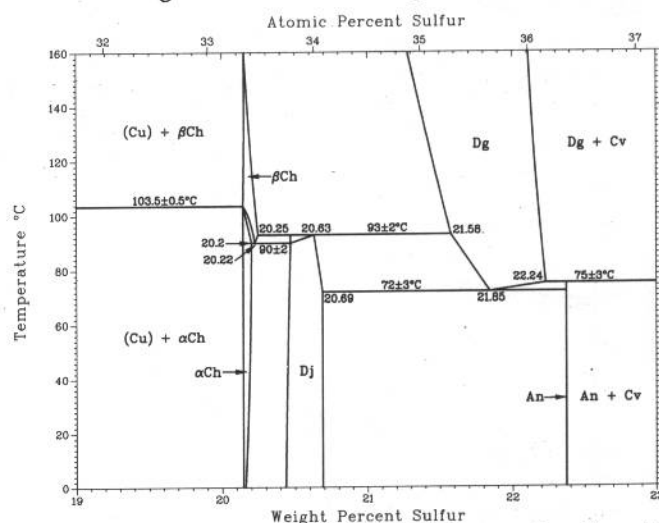
D.J. Chakrabarti and D.E. Laughlin, 1982

Phase	Composition, wt% Rh	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu,Rh)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

Cu-S

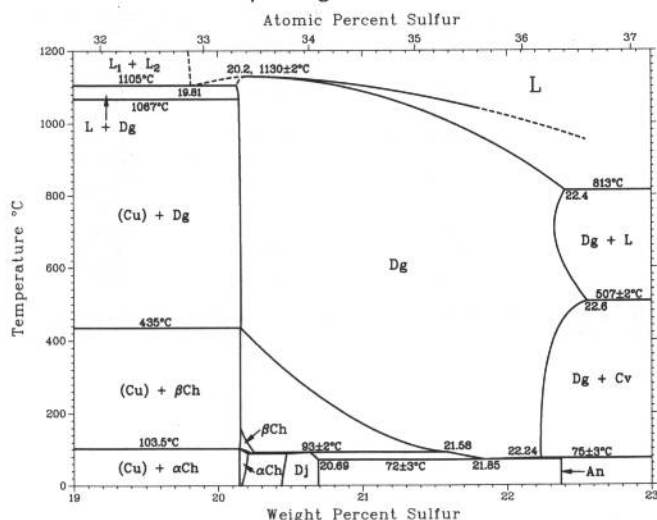


Enlargement of the Cu-S diagram from 0 to 160 °C



(continued)

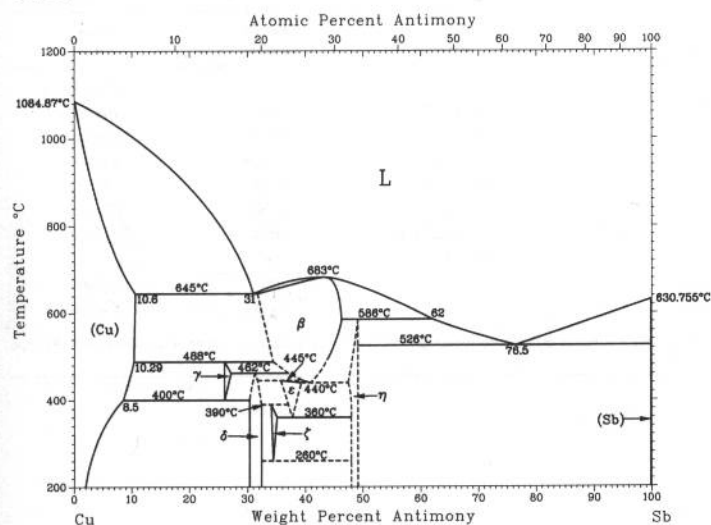
Cu-saturated boundary of digenite



Phase	Composition, wt% S(Cu/S)	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0 to 0.012	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
α chalcocite ($\alpha\text{Cu}_2\text{S}$)	20.14 to 20.01	<i>mP144(?)</i>	<i>P2</i> $_1/c$
β chalcocite ($\beta\text{Cu}_2\text{S}$)	20.14 to 20.22	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6</i> $_3/mmc$
Djurleite ($\text{Cu}_{-1.96}\text{S}$)	20.4 to 20.69	<i>oP380(?)</i>	<i>Pmmn</i> <i>P2</i> $_1nm(?)$ <i>Pmn2</i> $_1$ <i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Digenite (Cu_{2-5}S)	20.14 to 22.24	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Anilite ($\text{Cu}_{1.75}\text{S}$)	22.38 \pm 0.03	<i>oP44(?)</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Covellite (CuS)	33.5	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6</i> $_3/mmc$
(S)	~ 100	<i>oF128</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
		<i>mP48</i>	<i>P2</i> $_1/a$
		<i>hR6</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$
Metastable phases			
Protodjurleite	20.4 (1.00)(a) 20.5 (0.999)(b)	...	...
Tetragonal	20.5 (0.999)	<i>tP12</i>	<i>P4</i> $_32_12$
Hexagonal-tetragonal Cu_xS	20.7 to 22.4 (0.98 to 0.89)	...	...
Low digenite (αDg)	21.99 to 22.22 (0.911 to 0.899)(c)	...	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Blaubleibender covellite I	26.5 \pm 1.4 (0.71 \pm 0.5)	...	...
Blaubleibender covellite II	31.6 \pm 1.95 (0.6 \pm 0.1)	...	...
CuS_2	50.23 (0.3)	...	<i>Pa</i> $\bar{3}(?)$

(a) At 75 °C. (b) At 93 °C. (c) At 25 °C

Cu-Sb

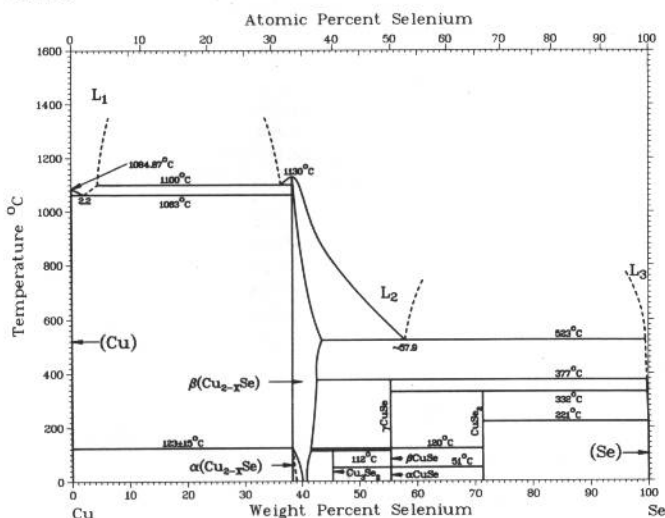


P.R. Subramanian, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0 to 10.6	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
β	31.6 to 46.0	<i>oF16</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
γ	~ 26.0 to 26.7	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $_3/mmc$
δ	30.3 to 32	<i>hP?</i>	<i>P6</i> $_3/mmc$
ϵ	~ 36.1 to 39.4	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pmmn</i>
ζ	~ 34.1 to 34.5	<i>hP26</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}$
η	~ 47.4 to 48.9	<i>tP6</i>	<i>P4/nmm</i>
(Sb)	~ 100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$

2•178/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Cu-Se

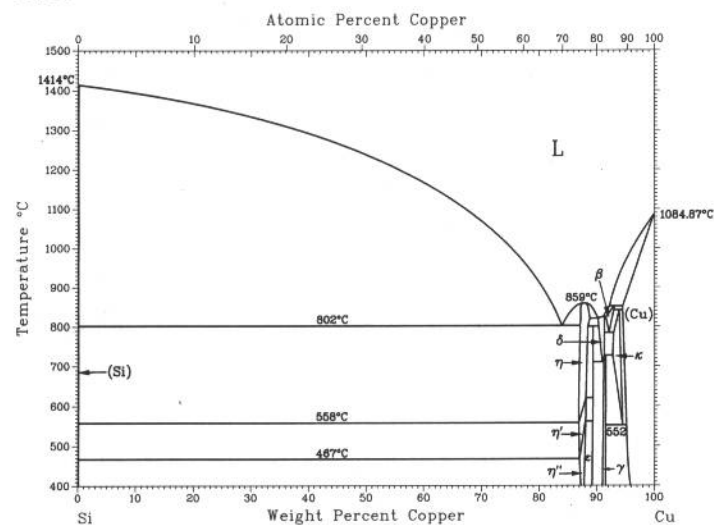


D.J. Chakrabarti and D.E. Laughlin, 1981

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	-0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
$\alpha\text{Cu}_{2-x}\text{Se}$	-38.3 to 38.8	(a)	...
$\beta\text{Cu}_{2-x}\text{Se}$	-38.3 to 41.6(b)	cF12	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Cu_3Se_2	45	...	$P4_21m$
αCuSe	55.4	...	$P6_3/mmc$
βCuSe	55.4	...	...
γCuSe	55.4	...	$P6_3/mmc$
CuSe_2	71.3	oP6	$Pnnm$
(Se)	-100	hP3	$P3_121$

(a) Monoclinic. (b) Homogeneity range at room temperature, $0.18 \leq x \leq 0.22$, and at 500 °C, $x = 0$ to -0.26

Cu-Si



R.W. Olesinski and G.J. Abbaschian, 1986

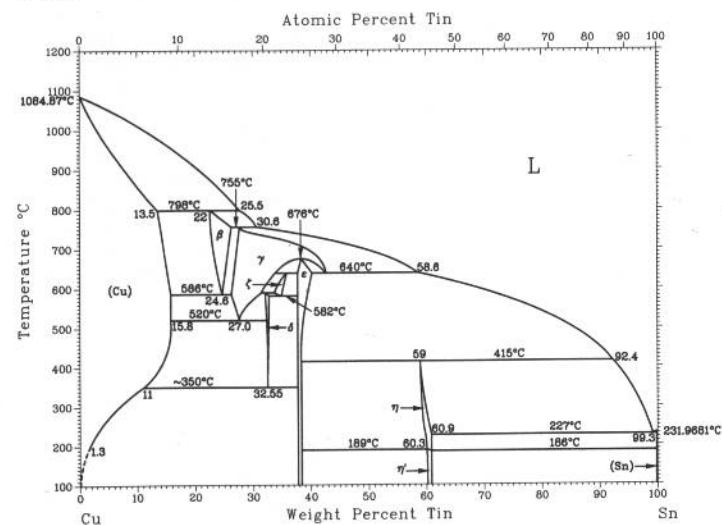
Phase	Composition, wt% Cu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Si)	0	cF8	$Fd\bar{3}m$
SiII (HP)	0	tI4	$I4_1/amd$
η'' (a)	87.2 to 88.16	(b)	...
η' (a)	87.0 to 88.22	(c)	$R\bar{3}$
η (a)	87.2 to 88.8	(c)	$R\bar{3}m$
ϵ (d)	89.3 to 89.4	(e)	...
δ	90.3 to 91.4	(f)	...
γ (g)	91.4 to 91.62	cP20	$P4_132$
β	91.6 to 93.2	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
κ (h)	93.0 to 94.80	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
(Cu)	94.6 to -100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

Other reported phases

η'' (j)	...	(f)	...
Metastable	...	(f)	...

(a) Also denoted Cu_3Si . (b) Orthorhombic. (c) Rhombohedral. (d) Also denoted $\text{Cu}_{15}\text{Si}_4$. (e) Cubic. (f) Tetragonal. (g) Also denoted Cu_5Si . (h) Also denoted Cu_7Si . (j) Originally denoted η'

Cu-Sn

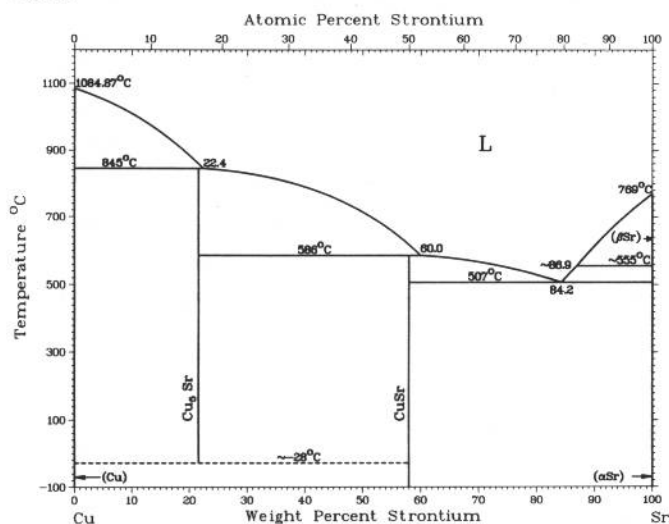


N. Saunders and A.P. Miodownik, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
α	0 to 15.8	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
β	22.0 to 27.0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
γ	25.5 to 41.5	cF16	$Fm\bar{3}m$
δ	32 to 33	cF416	$F\bar{4}3m$
ζ	32.2 to 35.2	hP26	$P6_3$
ϵ	27.7 to 39.5	oC80	$Cmcm$
η	59.0 to 60.9	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
η'	44.8 to 60.9	(a)	...
(βSn)	~100	tI4	$I4_1/amd$
(αSn)	100	cF8	$Fd\bar{3}m$

Note: Lattice parameter data can be found in [Pearson3]. (a) Hexagonal; superlattice based on NiAs-type structure

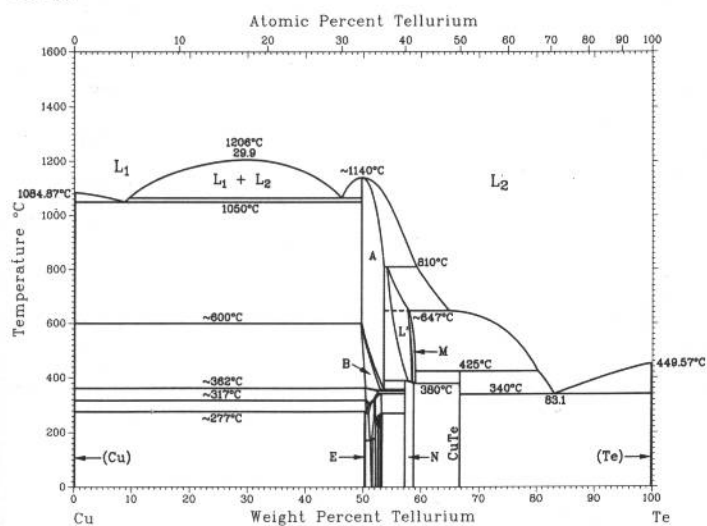
Cu-Sr



D.J. Chakrabarti and D.E. Laughlin, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt% Sr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Cu ₂ Sr	21.62	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6$\bar{3}/mmm$</i>
CuSr	58.0	<i>hP8(?)</i>	<i>P6$\bar{3}/mmc$</i>
(βSr)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αSr)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Pressure-stabilized form			
βSr or Sr-II	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>

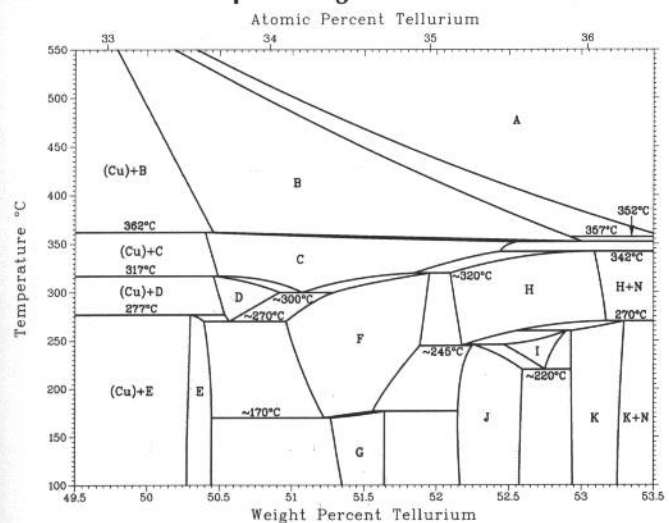
Cu-Te



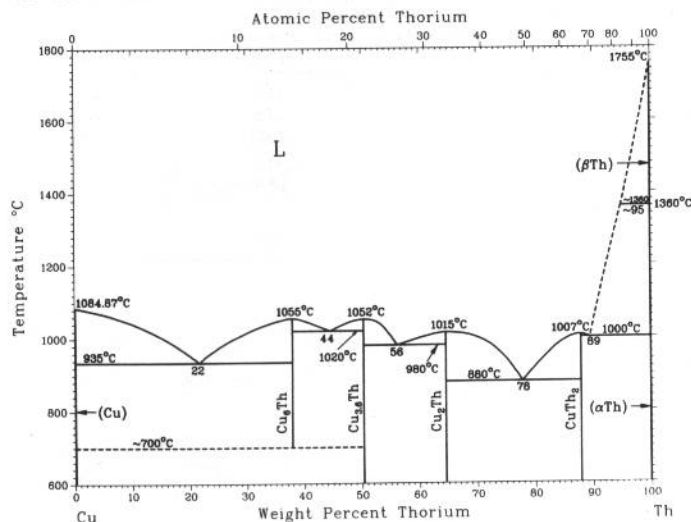
H. Okamoto, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0	<i>cF2</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Cu₂Te group			
A	50 to 53.6	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
B	50 to 52.99	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6$\bar{3}/mmm$</i>
C	50.4 to 52.5	<i>hP*</i>	...
D	50.46 to 51.1	<i>o**</i>	...
E	50.3 to 50.46	<i>o**</i>	...
F	51.0 to 52	<i>o**</i>	...
G	51.3 to 51.6	<i>o**</i>	...
H	52.12 to 53.1	<i>hP72</i>	<i>P3m1</i>
I	52.23 to 52.88	...	...
J	52.23 to 52.6	<i>hP*</i>	...
K	52.9 to 53.3	<i>hP22</i>	<i>P3m1</i>
L	54 to 58	<i>tP6</i>	<i>P4/nmm</i>
L'	55 to 58	...	...
M	58 to 59	...	...
N	57 to 58.8	...	...
CuTe	67	<i>oP4</i>	<i>Pmmn</i>
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3$\bar{1}21$</i>
High-pressure phase			
CuTe ₂	50.1	<i>cP12</i>	<i>Pa3</i>

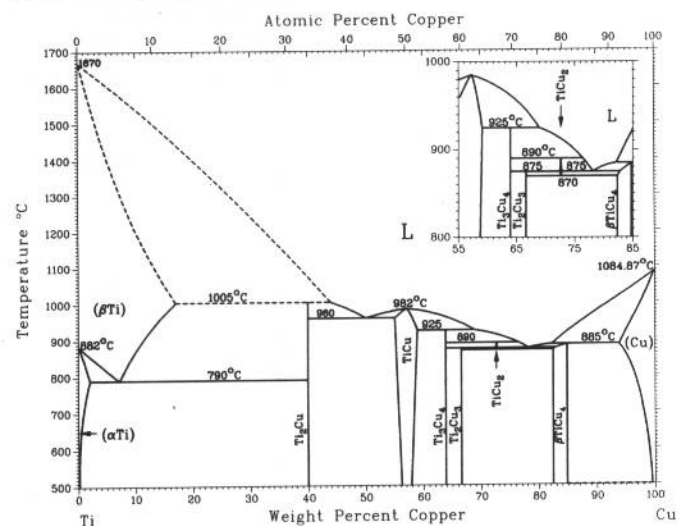
Details of the Cu-Te phase diagram from 49.7 to 53.6 wt% Te



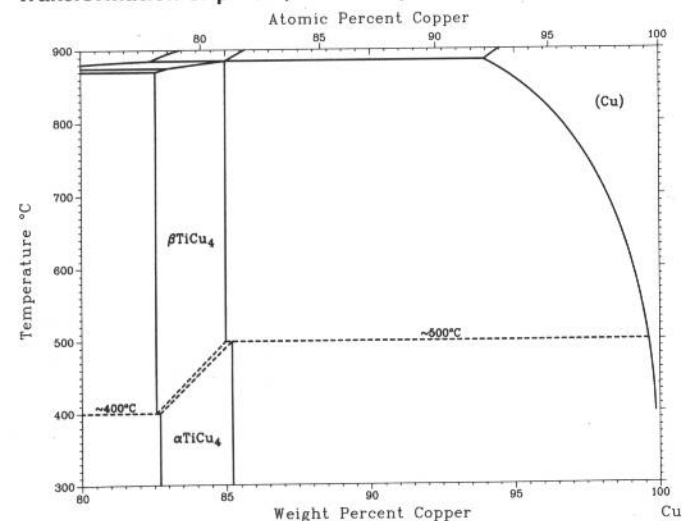
Cu-Th



Cu-Ti



Transformation of $\beta\text{TiCu}_4 \leftrightarrow \alpha\text{TiCu}_4$



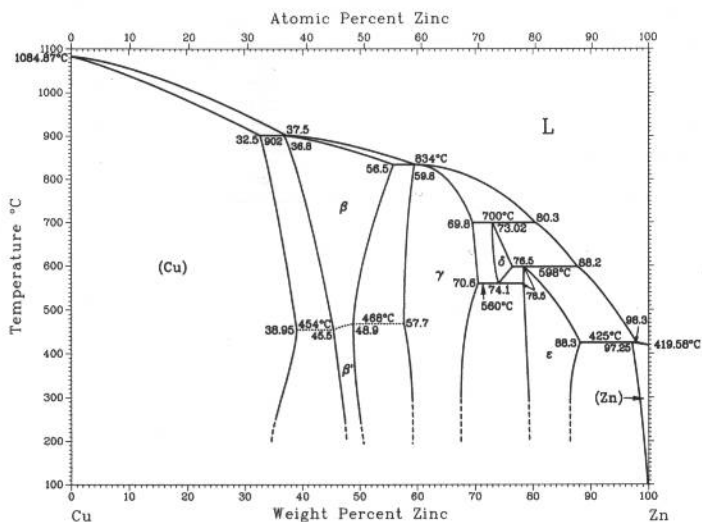
D.J. Chakrabarti, D.E. Laughlin, and D.E. Peterson, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% Th	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Cu ₆ Th	37.84	<i>oP28?</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Cu _{3.6} Th	50.36	(a)	<i>P6/m</i>
Cu ₂ Th	64.61	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
CuTh(b)	79	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
CuTh ₂	87.96	<i>tl12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
(βTh)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αTh)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

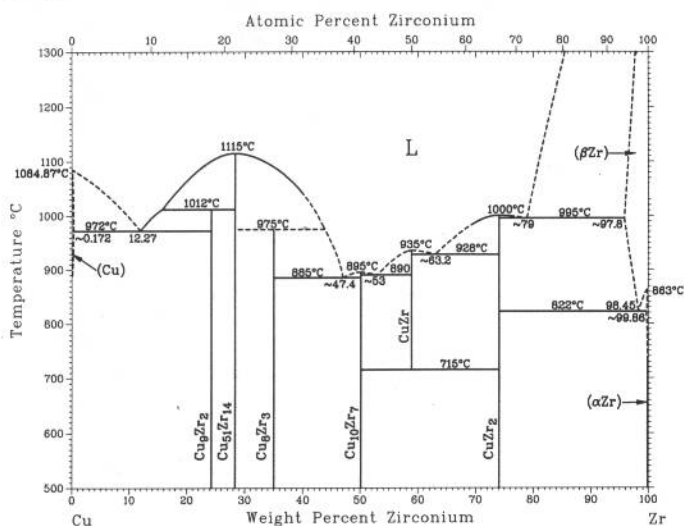
(a) Hexagonal. (b) Metastable

J.L. Murray, 1987

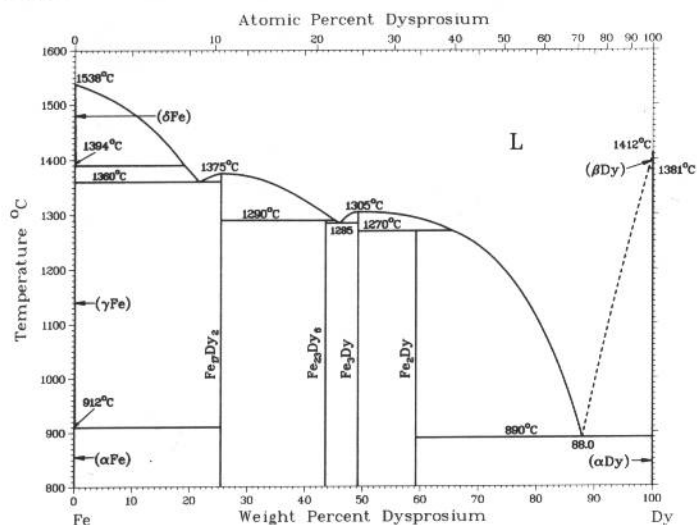
Phase	Composition, wt% Cu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(α Ti)	0 to 2.1	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(β Ti)	0 to 17.2	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ti ₂ Cu	39.9	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
TiCu	55 to 59	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4/nmm</i>
Ti ₃ Cu ₄	63.9	<i>dI14</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Ti ₂ Cu ₃	67	<i>tP10</i>	<i>P4/nmm</i>
TiCu ₂	72.7	<i>oC12</i>	<i>Amm2</i>
TiCu ₄	83 to 84.9	<i>oP20</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
α TiCu ₄	-83 to 84.9	<i>dI10</i>	<i>I4/m</i>
(Cu)	94 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Metastable phases			
TiCu ₃	...	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pmmn</i>
β''	...	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>



Cu-Zr



Dy-Fe



Phase	Composition, wt % Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
α or (Cu)	0 to 38.95	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
β	36.8 to 56.5	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
β'	45.5 to 50.7	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
γ	57.7 to 70.6	<i>cI52</i>	<i>I$\bar{4}3m$</i>
δ	73.02 to 76.5	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P$\bar{6}$</i>
ϵ	78.5 to 88.3	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
η or (Zn)	97.25 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>

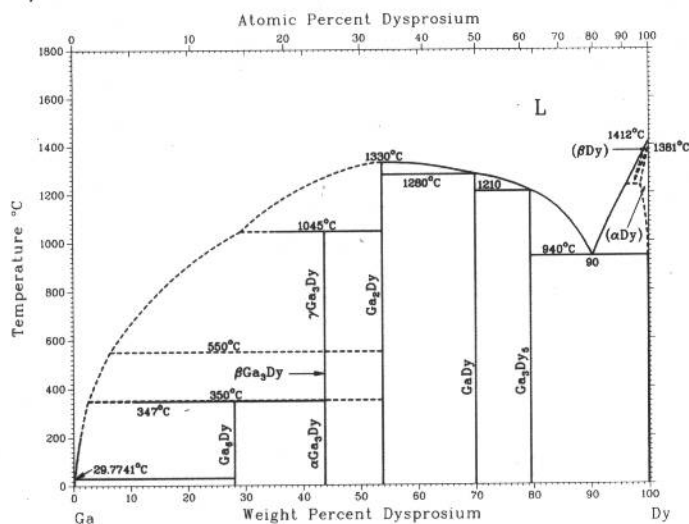
Phase	Composition, wt% Zr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Cu)	0 to ~0.172	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Cu ₉ Zr ₂ (a)	24.18	<i>tP24</i>	<i>P4/m</i>
Cu ₅₁ Zr ₁₄	28.27	<i>hP65</i>	<i>P6/m</i>
Cu ₈ Zr ₃	34.99	<i>oP44</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Cu ₁₀ Zr ₇	50.13	<i>oC68</i>	...
CuZr	58.9	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
CuZr ₂	74.17	<i>lI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(β Zr)	~97.8 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Zr)	~99.86 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

(a) Tetragonal long-period superlattice derived from the AuBe₅-type structure

Phase	Composition, wt % Dy	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δ Fe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γ Fe)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Fe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Fe ₁₇ Dy ₂	25.4	<i>hP38</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Fe ₂₃ Dy ₆	43.2	<i>cF116</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Fe ₃ Dy	49	<i>hR12</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Fe ₂ Dy	59.2	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
Fe ₂ Dy' (a)	59.2	<i>t**</i>	...
(β Dy)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Dy)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

(a) Below -23°C

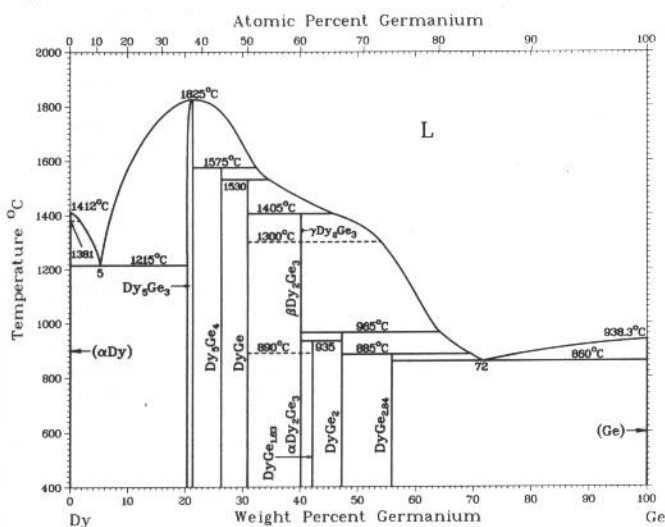
Dy-Ga



From [Moffatt]

Phase	Composition, wt% Dy	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
Ga ₃ Dy	28.0	<i>tP14</i>	<i>P4/nbm</i>
γGa ₃ Dy	44	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
βGa ₃ Dy	44	<i>hP40</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
αGa ₃ Dy	44	<i>hP16</i>	<i>R3m</i>
Ga ₂ Dy	53.8	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6₃/mmm</i>
GaDy	70.0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ga ₃ Dy ₅	79.5	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
(βDy)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αDy)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Dy-Ge

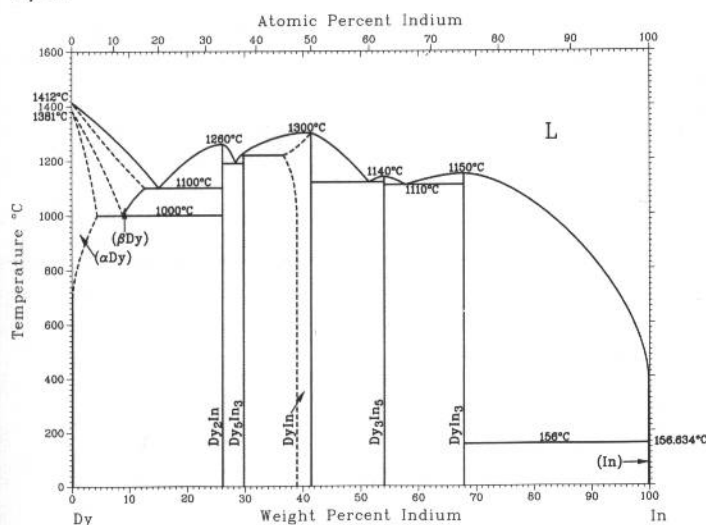


V.N. Eremenko, V.G. Batalin, Yu.I. Buyanov, and I.M. Obushenko, 1977

Phase	Composition, wt% Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βDy)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αDy)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Dy ₅ Ge ₃	~21.4	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
Dy ₃ Ge ₄	26.3	<i>oP36</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
DyGe	30.9	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
γDy ₂ Ge ₃	40	...	...
βDy ₂ Ge ₃	40	...	...
αDy ₂ Ge ₃	40	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6₃/mmm</i>
DyGe _{1.83}	45.0	...	...
DyGe ₂	47.2	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
DyGe _{2.84}	56	<i>o**(a)</i>	...
(Ge)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>

(a) High-temperature (>750 °C) phase?

Dy-In



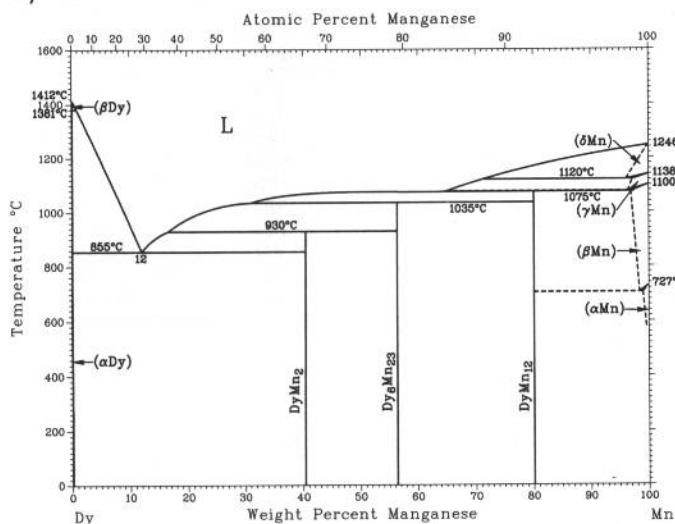
H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βDy)	0 to 13	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αDy)	0 to 6	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Dy ₃ In(a)	19	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4₁/mmm</i>
Dy ₂ In	26.1	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Dy ₃ In ₃	29.8	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4₁/mcm</i>
DyIn	37 to 41	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
Dy ₃ In ₅	54.1	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
DyIn ₃	68	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
(In)	100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4₁/mmm</i>

(a) Not accepted in the assessed diagram

2•184/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

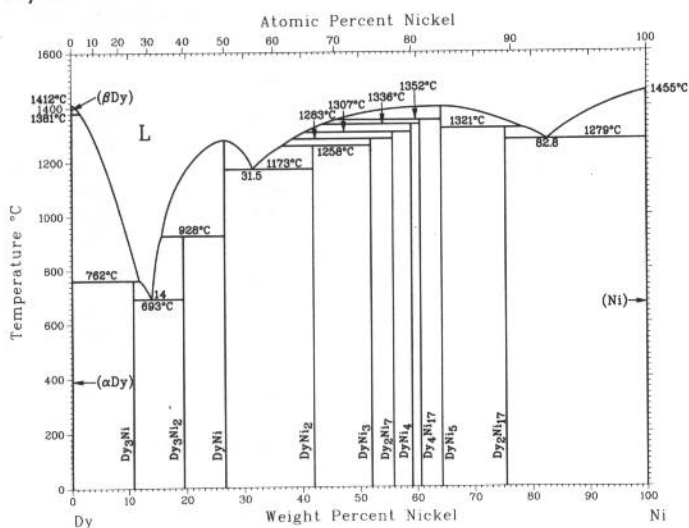
Dy-Mn



H.R. Kirchmayr and W. Lugscheider, 1967

Phase	Composition, wt% Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βDy)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αDy)	0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
DyMn ₂	40.4	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
Dy ₆ Mn ₂₃	56.4	cF116	$Fm\bar{3}m$
DyMn ₁₂	80.2	tI26	$I4/mmm$
(δMn)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(γMn)	100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(βMn)	100	cP20	$P4_132$
(αMn)	100	cI58	$I\bar{4}3m$

Dy-Ni

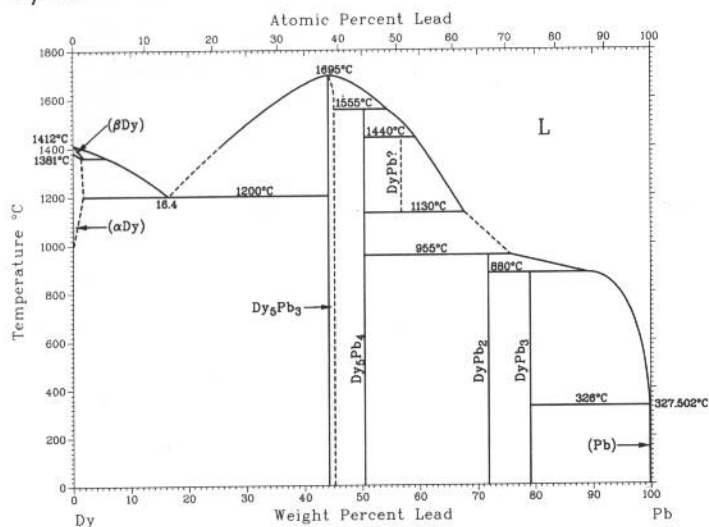


Y.Y. Pan and P. Nash, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ni	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αDy)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(βDy)	0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
(α'Dy)	0	oC4	$Cmcm$
Dy ₃ Ni	10.7	oP16	$Pnma$
Dy ₃ Ni ₂	19.4	mC20	$C2/m$
DyNi	26.5	oP8	$Pbnm$
DyNi ₂	42.0	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
DyNi ₃	52.0	hR24	$R\bar{3}m$
Dy ₂ Ni ₇	55.9	hR54	$R\bar{3}m$
DyNi ₄	59.1	hP36	$P6_3/mmc$
Dy ₄ Ni ₁₇	61	...	...
DyNi ₅	64.3	hP6	$P6_3/mmc$
Dy ₂ Ni ₁₇	75.5	hP38	$P6_3/mmc$
(Ni)	100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

(a) Low-temperature form. (b) High-temperature form

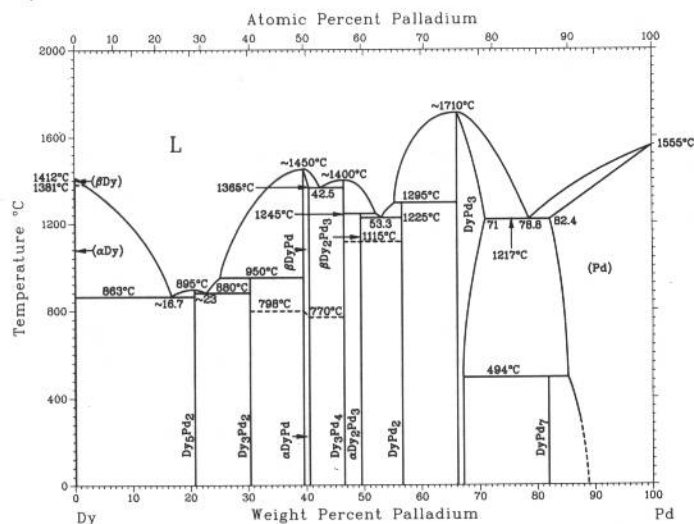
Dy-Pb



O.D. McMasters, T.J. O'Keefe, and K.A. Gschneidner, Jr., 1968

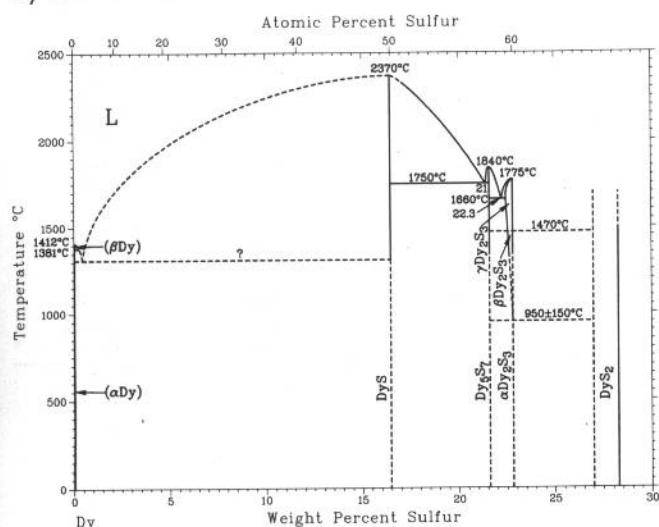
Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βDy)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αDy)	0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
Dy ₅ Pb ₃	43.3	hP16	$P6_3/mmc$
Dy ₆ Pb ₄	50.5	oP36	$Pnma$
DyPb	56.0	...	...
DyPb ₂	71.9	...	...
DyPb ₃	79	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
(Pb)	100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

Dy-Pd



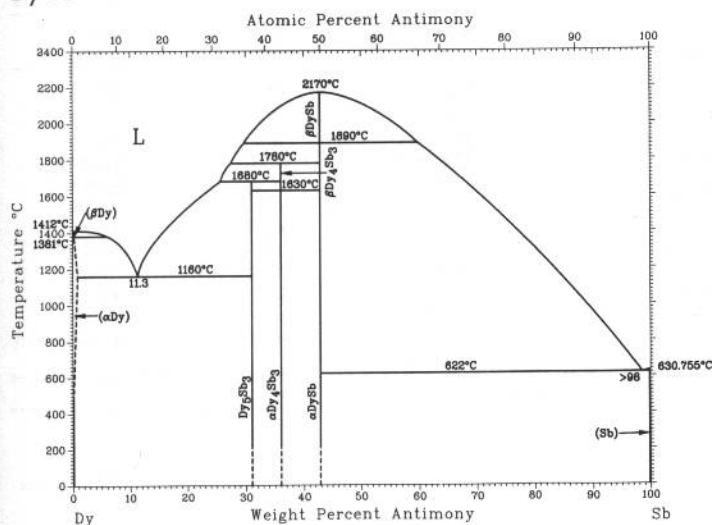
Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βDy)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αDy)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Dy ₅ Pd ₂	20.8	<i>tI49</i>	<i>I4₁/a</i>
Dy ₃ Pd ₂	30	<i>tP10</i>	<i>P4/mbm</i>
βDyPd	39.6	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
αDyPd	39.6	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Dy ₃ Pd ₄	46.6	<i>hR14</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$
βDy ₂ Pd ₃	50	...	...
αDy ₂ Pd ₃	50	...	...
DyPd ₂	56.7	...	...
DyPd ₃	66 to 71	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
DyPd ₇	82	<i>c**</i>	...
(Pd)	82.4 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

Dy-S



Phase	Composition, wt % S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βDy)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αDy)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
DyS	17	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Dy ₅ S ₇	21.6	<i>mC24</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
γDy ₂ S ₃	23	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I$\bar{4}3d$</i>
βDy ₂ S ₃	23	<i>oP20</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
αDy ₂ S ₃	23	<i>m**</i>	...
DyS ₂	27.2 to 28.3	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
(S)	100	<i>oF128</i>	<i>Fddd</i>

Dy-Sb

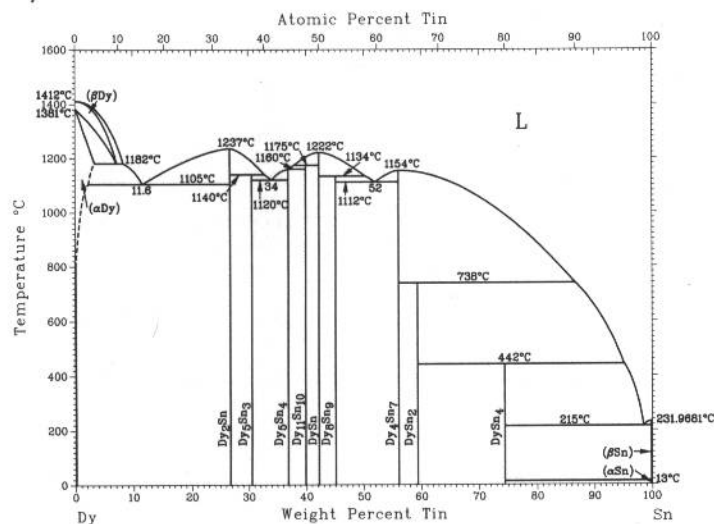


Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βDy)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αDy)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Dy ₅ Sb ₃	31.0	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
βDy ₄ Sb ₃	36.0	...	...
αDy ₄ Sb ₃	36.0	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I43d</i>
βDySb	42.8	...	...
αDySb	42.8	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
α'DySb(a)	42.8	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(Sb)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>
High-pressure phase			
DySb ₂	60.1	<i>o*6</i>	...

(a) Below 11 K

2•186/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

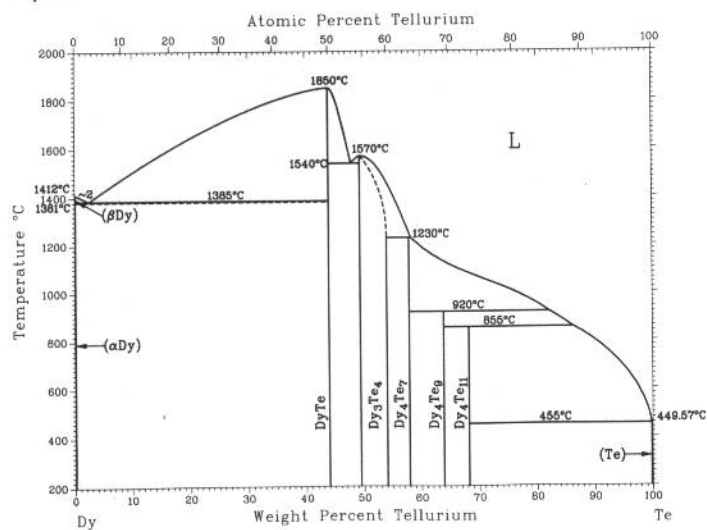
Dy-Sn



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βDy)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αDy)	0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
Dy ₂ Sn	26.7	...	...
Dy ₅ Sn ₃	30.5	hP16	$P6_3/mcm$
Dy ₅ Sn ₄	36.8	oP36	$Pnma$
Dy ₁₁ Sn ₁₀	39.9	tI84	$I4/mmm$
DySn	42.2	...	...
Dy ₈ Sn ₉	45.1	...	...
Dy ₄ Sn ₇	56.1	...	...
DySn ₂	59.4	oC12	$Cmcm$
DySn ₄	75	...	...
(βSn)	100	tI4	$I4_1/amd$
(αSn)	100	cF8	$Fd\bar{3}m$
High-pressure phase			
DySn ₃	69	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$

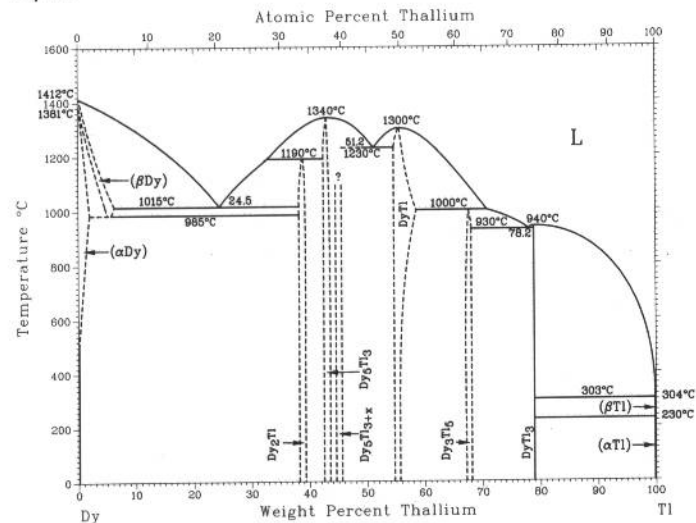
Dy-Te



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βDy)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αDy)	0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
DyTe	44.0	cF8	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Dy ₃ Te ₄	51.1 to 54	oF80	$Fddd$
Dy ₄ Te ₇	57.8	tP6	$P4/nmm$
Dy ₄ Te ₉	63.8	...	...
Dy ₄ Te ₁₁	68.3	...	...
(Te)	100	hP3	$P3_121$
Other phases			
Dy ₂ Te ₅	66.2	oC28	$Cmcm$
DyTe ₃	70	oC16	$Cmcm$
		tP16	$P4_2/n$

Dy-Tl

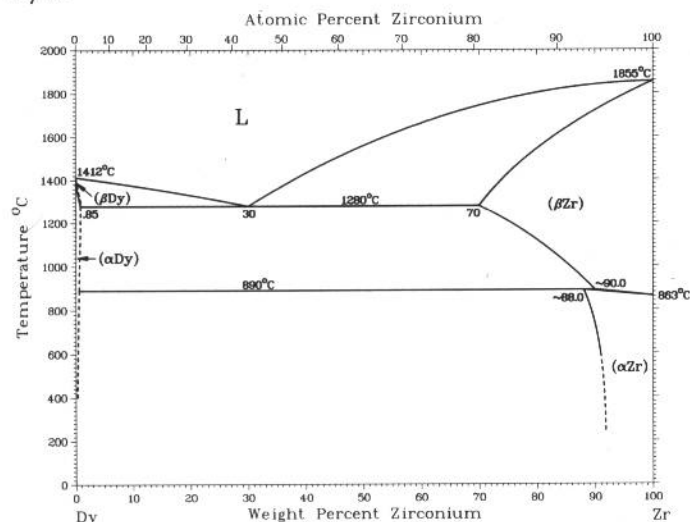


S. Delfino, A. Saccone, A. Palenzona, and R. Ferro, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βDy)	0 to ~6	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αDy)	0 to ?	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
Dy ₂ Tl	~38 to ~39	hP6	$P6_3/mmc$
Dy ₅ Tl ₃	~43 to ~44	hP16	$P6_3/mcm$
Dy ₅ Tl _{3+x}	?	tI32	$I4/mcm$
DyTl(a)	55 to ~59	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
		(or cI2)	$Im\bar{3}m$
DyTl(b)	~55 to ~59	tP2	$P4/mnm$
Dy ₃ Tl ₅	~67 to ~68	oC32	$Cmcm$
DyTl ₃	79	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
(βTl)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αTl)	100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$

(a) Cubic structure presumed to be room- and higher temperature phases. (b) Tetragonal structure presumed to be lower temperature phase

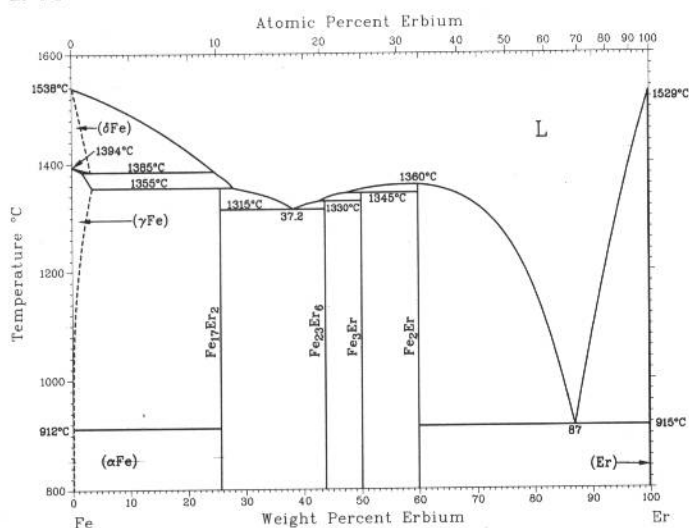
Dy-Zr



J. Croni, C.E. Armantrout, and H. Kato, 1960

Phase	Composition, wt% Zr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βDy)	0 to ?	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αDy)	0 to 0.85	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
(βZr)	70 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αZr)	~88 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

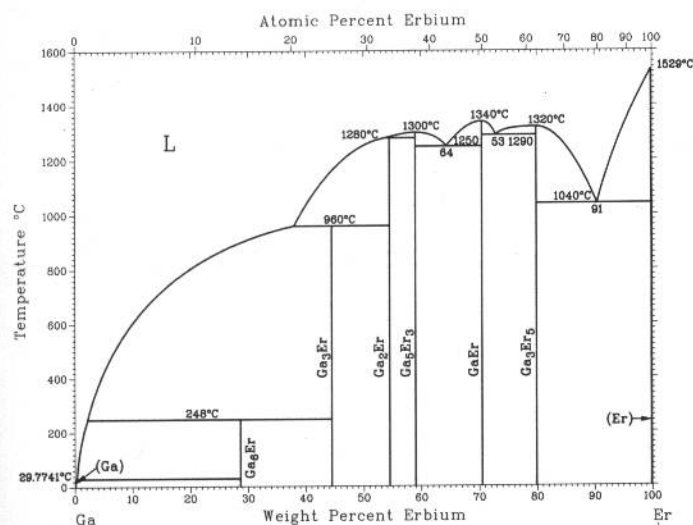
Er-Fe



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Er	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γFe)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Fe ₁₇ Er ₂	26.0	<i>hP38</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Fe ₂₃ Er ₆	43.9	<i>cF116</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Fe ₃ Er	50	<i>hR12</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Fe ₂ Er	59.9	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Er)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Metastable phase	~75.0	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

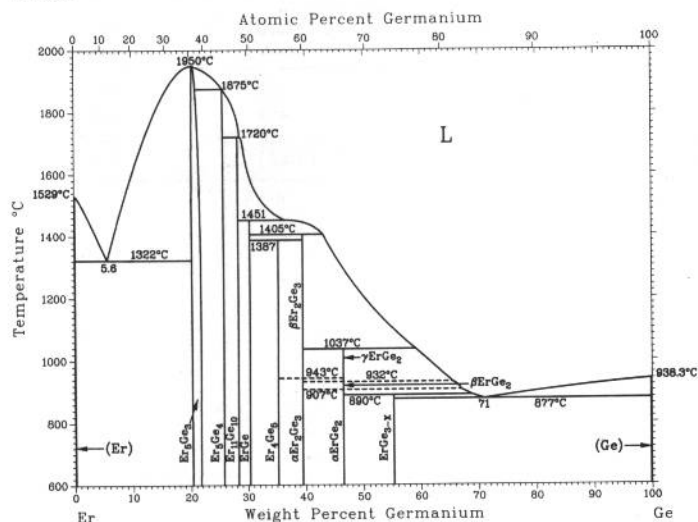
Er-Ga



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Er	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
Ga ₆ Er	28.6	<i>tP14</i>	<i>P4/nbm</i>
Ga ₃ Er	44	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ga ₂ Er	54.5	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmm$
Ga ₅ Er ₃	59.0	<i>oP32</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
GaEr	70.6	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ga ₃ Er ₅	80.0	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mcm$
(Er)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

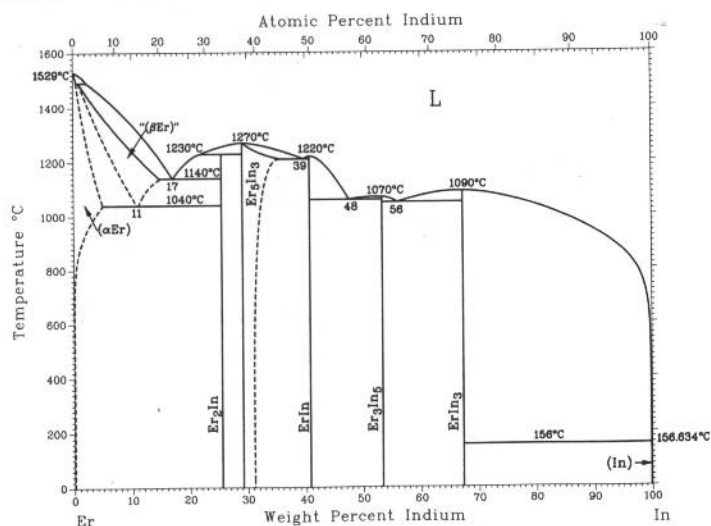
Er-Ge



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Er)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Er ₃ Ge ₃	~20.7	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
Er ₅ Ge ₄	25.7	<i>oP36</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Er ₁₁ Ge ₁₀	28.3	<i>tI84</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
ErGe	30.3	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Er ₄ Ge ₅	35.2	...	...
βEr ₂ Ge ₃	39	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6₃/mmm</i>
αEr ₂ Ge ₃	39	...	...
γErGe ₂	46.5	...	...
βErGe ₂	46.5	...	...
αErGe ₂	46.5	...	...
ErGe _{3-x}	55	<i>oC16</i>	<i>C222₁</i>
(Ge)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>

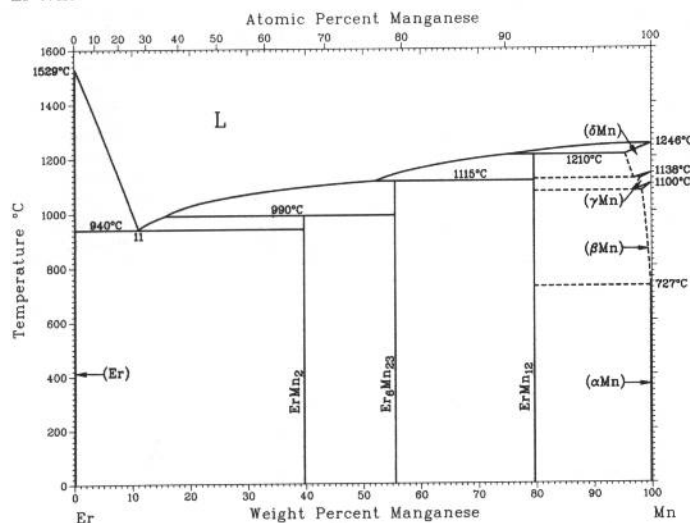
Er-In



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αEr)	0 to 5	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
"(βEr)"	? to 15	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
Er ₂ In	25.5	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Er ₃ In ₅	29.2 to 36	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
ErIn	40.7	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
Er ₃ In ₅	53.4	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
ErIn ₃	67	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
(In)	100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>

Er-Mn



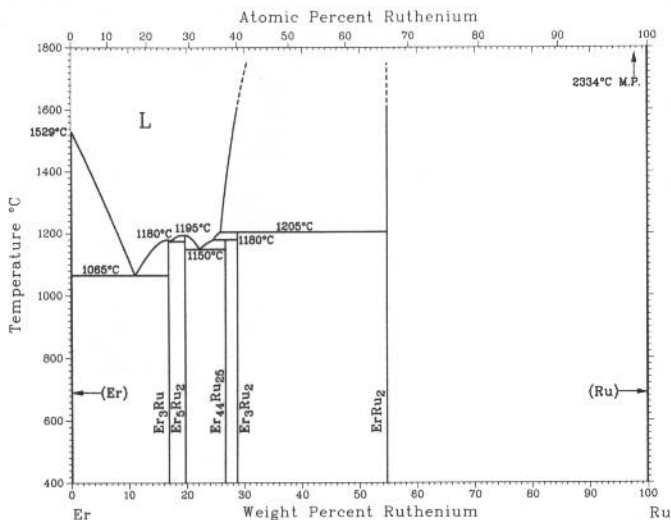
H.R. Kirchmayr and W. Lugscheider, 1967

Phase	Composition, wt% Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Er)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
ErMn ₂	39.7	...	...
Er ₆ Mn ₂₃	55.7	<i>cF116</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
ErMn ₁₂	79.7	<i>tI26</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(δMn)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(γMn)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(βMn)	100	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4₁32</i>
(αMn)	100	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I43m</i>

Phase	Composition, wt% Pt	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Er)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Er ₃ Pt	28	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Er ₂ Pt	36.8	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Er ₂ Pt ₃	41.2	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
Er ₃ Pt ₄	48.2	<i>oP36</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
ErPt	53.8	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Er ₃ Pt ₄	60.8	<i>hR14</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
ErPt ₂	70.0	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
ErPt ₃	~78	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
ErPt ₅	85.3	<i>o*72</i>	...
(Pt)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

2•190/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

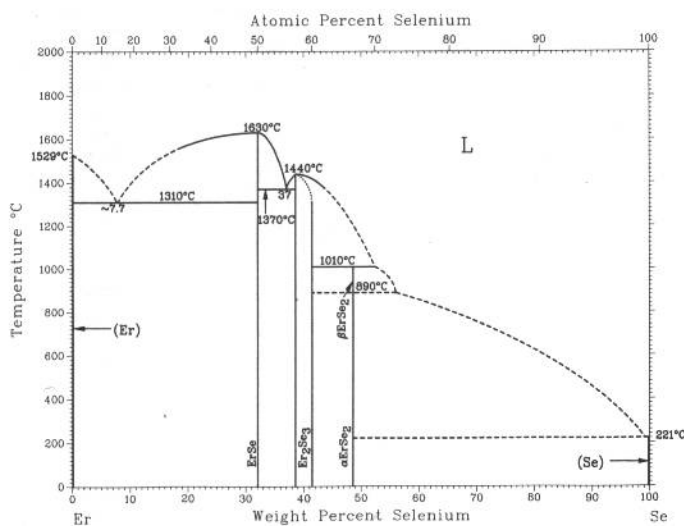
Er-Ru



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Ru	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Er)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Er_3Ru	17	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Er_2Ru_2	19.5	<i>mC28</i>	<i>C2/c</i>
Er_4Ru_{25}	25.4	<i>oP276</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Er_3Ru_2	29	<i>hP10</i>	<i>P6₃/m</i>
$ErRu_2$	54.8	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(Ru)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

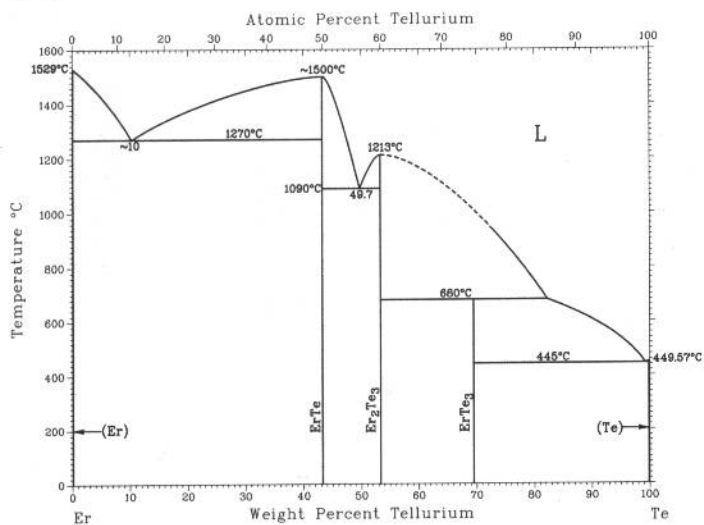
Er-Se



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Er)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
$ErSe$	32.1	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm\bar{3}m</i>
Er_2Se_3	38.6 to 42	<i>oF80</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
$\beta-ErSe_2$	48.6	<i>oC132</i>	<i>Cmma</i>
$\alpha-ErSe_2$	48.6	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Immm</i>
(Se)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>

Er-Te

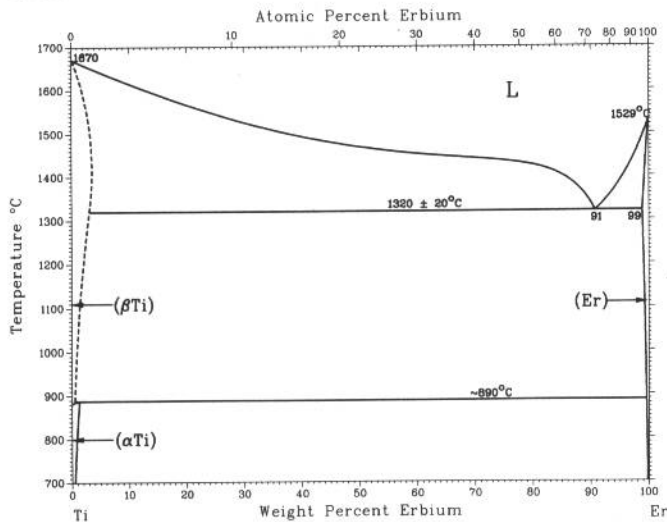


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Er)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
$ErTe$	43.3	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm\bar{3}m</i>
Er_2Te_3	53	<i>oF80</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
$ErTe_3$	70	<i>oC16</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>
High-temperature, high-pressure phase			
$ErTe_2$	60.4	<i>tP6</i>	<i>P4/nmm</i>

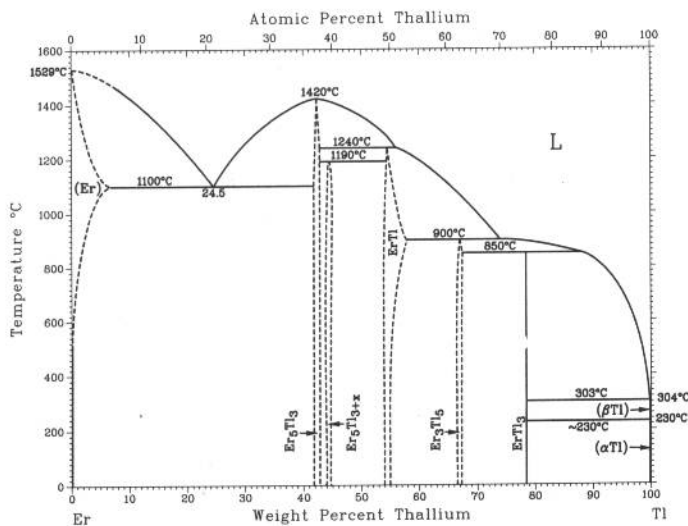
J.L. Murray, 1987

Er-Ti



Phase	Composition, wt% Er	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi)	0 to ~3.1	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTi)	0 to ~1.0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
(Er)	99.7 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

Er-Tl

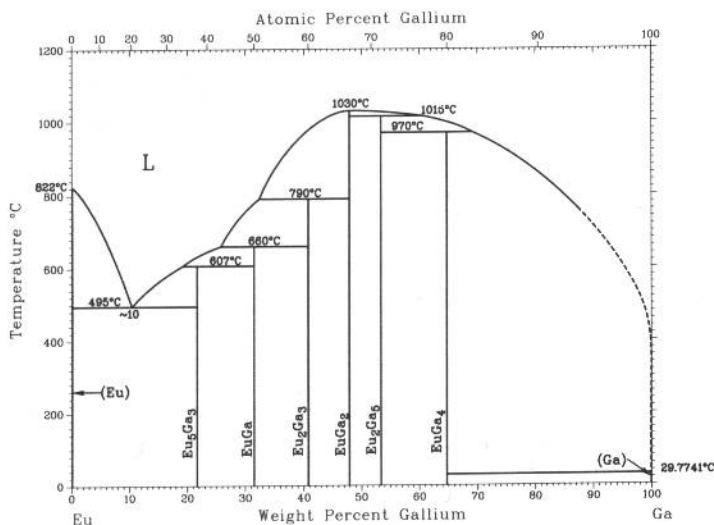


S. Delfino, A. Saccone, A. Palenzona, and R. Ferro, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Er)	0 to ~7	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Er ₅ Tl ₃	~42 to 43	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mcm$
Er ₅ Tl _{3+x}	?	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
ErTl(a)	~54 to ~58	<i>cP2</i> (or <i>cI2</i>)	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$ <i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
ErTl(b)	~54 to ~58	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
Er ₃ Tl ₅	~67 to ~68	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
ErTl ₃	79	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βTl)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTl)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

(a) Cubic structure presumed to be room-temperature and higher temperature phases. (b) Tetragonal structure presumed to be lower temperature phase

Eu-Ga

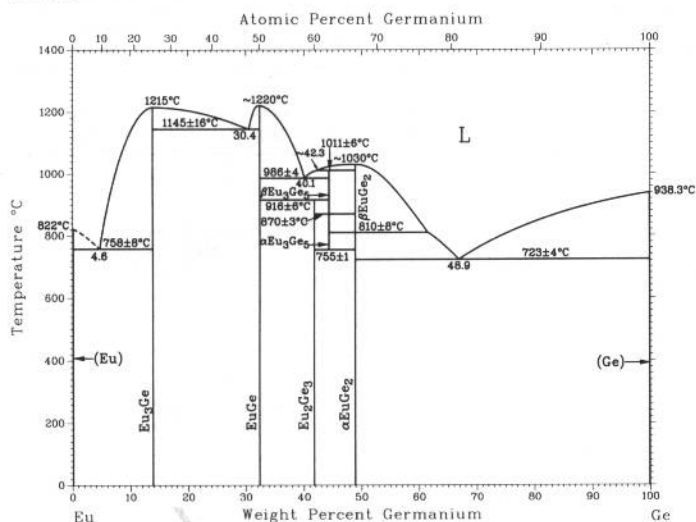


S.P. Yatsenko, B.G. Semenov, and K.A. Chuntanov, 1978

Phase	Composition, wt% Ga	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Eu)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Eu ₅ Ga ₃	21.6	...	...
EuGa	31.5	...	...
Eu ₂ Ga ₃	41	...	...
βEuGa ₂ (a)	47.9	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmm$
αEuGa ₂ (b)	47.9	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
Eu ₂ Ga ₅	53.4	...	...
EuGa ₄	65	<i>tI10</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(Ga)	100	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>

(a) Hexagonal structure presumed to be lower temperature phase. (b) Cubic structure presumed to be higher temperature phase

Eu-Ge

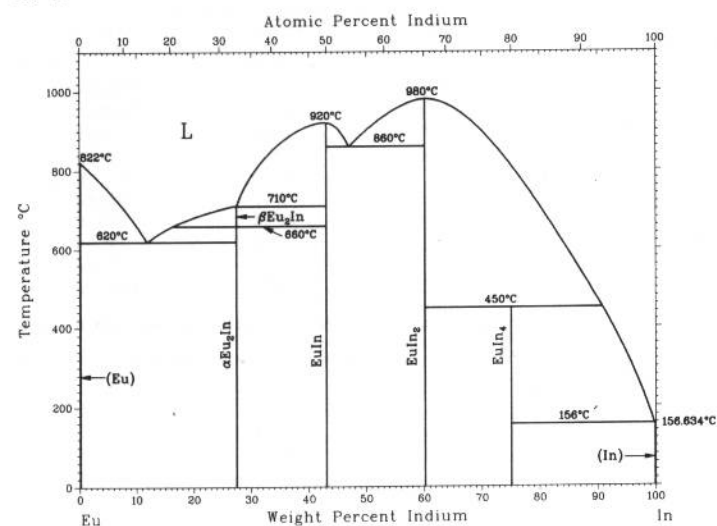


A.B. Gokhale and G.J. Abbaschian, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt % Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Eu)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
EuGe	32.3	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Eu ₂ Ge ₃	41.7	...	...
βEu ₃ Ge ₅	44.3	...	...
αEu ₃ Ge ₅	44.3	(a)	...
βEuGe ₂	48.82	...	...
αEuGe ₂	48.9	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}m1$
(Ge)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) Hexagonal structure

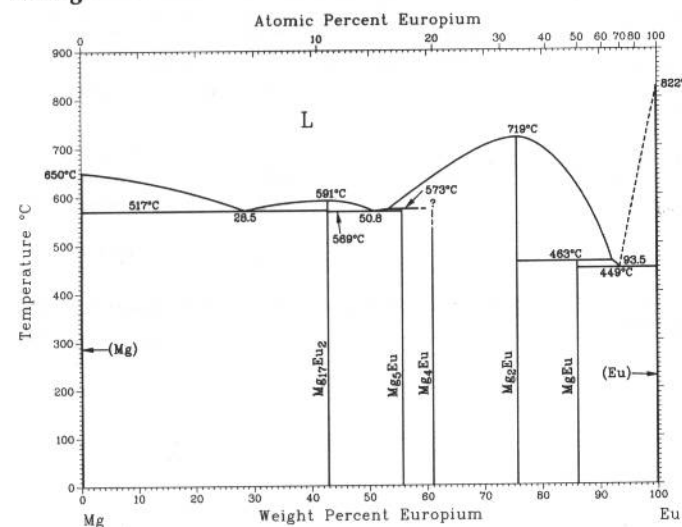
Eu-In



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt % In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Eu)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
βEu ₂ In	27.4	...	...
αEu ₂ In	27.4	...	...
EuIn	43.0	...	...
EuIn ₂	60.1	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P</i> ₆₃ / <i>mmc</i>
EuIn ₄	75.1	...	...
(In)	100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>

Eu-Mg

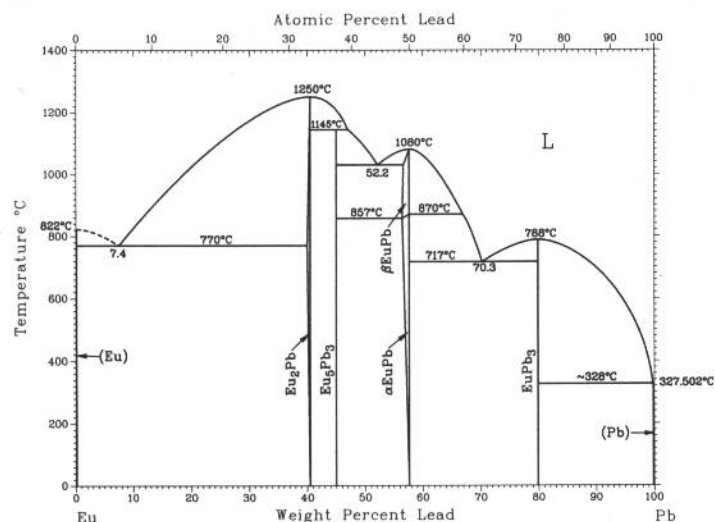


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt % Eu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P</i> ₆₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Mg ₁₇ Eu ₂	42.3	<i>hP38</i>	<i>P</i> ₆₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Mg ₅ Eu	55.6	<i>hP36</i>	<i>P</i> ₆₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Mg ₄ Eu	61	<i>hP90</i>	<i>P</i> ₆₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Mg ₂ Eu	75.7	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P</i> ₆₃ / <i>mmc</i>
MgEu	86.2	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Eu)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

O.D. McMasters and K.A. Gschneidner, Jr., 1967

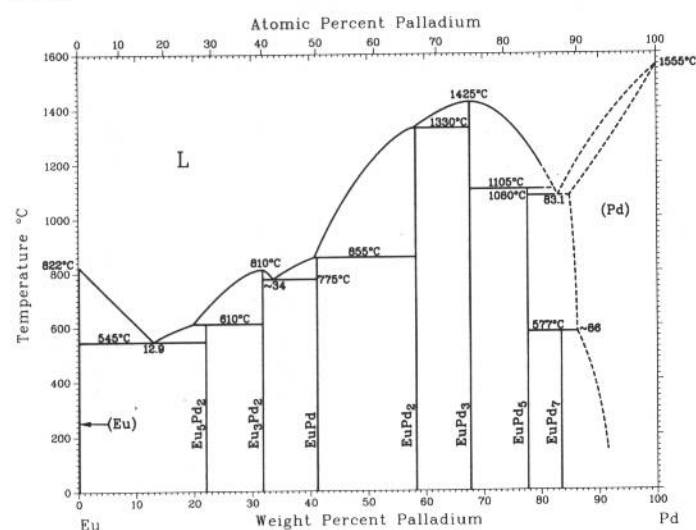
Eu-Pb



Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Eu)	0	<i>cf</i> 2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Eu ₂ Pb	~40 to 40.5	<i>oP</i> 12	<i>Pnma</i>
Eu ₃ Pb ₃	45.0	<i>tl</i> 32	<i>I4/mcm</i>
βEuPb	~57.7	...	...
αEuPb(a)	~57.7	<i>tP</i> 2	<i>P4/mmm</i>
EuPb ₃	80	<i>cP</i> 4	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Pb)	100	<i>cF</i> 4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) Crystal structure data might be for βEuPb.

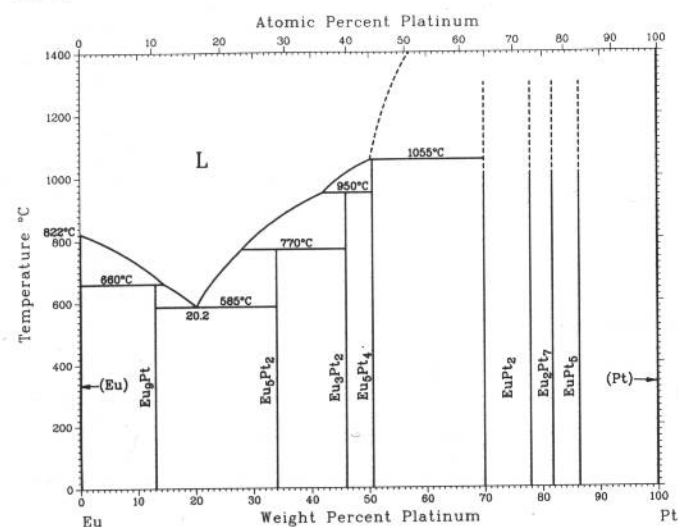
Eu-Pd



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Eu)	0	<i>cf</i> 2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Eu ₅ Pd ₂	21.8	<i>mC</i> 28	<i>C2/c</i>
Eu ₃ Pd ₂	32	<i>hR</i> 15	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$
EuPd	41.2	<i>oC</i> 8	<i>Cmcm</i>
EuPd ₂	58.4	...	...
EuPd ₃	68	<i>cP</i> 4	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
EuPd ₅	77.7	<i>o*</i> 72	...
EuPd ₇	~83.1	<i>c*</i> **	...
(Pd)	~86 to 100	<i>cF</i> 4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

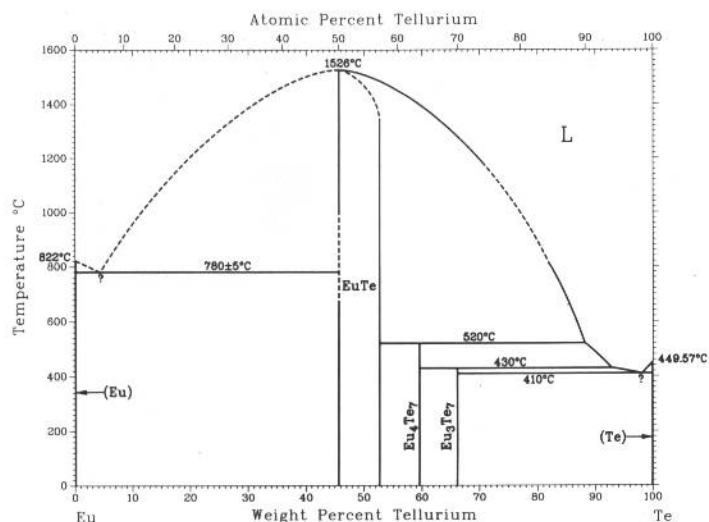
Eu-Pt



A. Iandelli and A. Palenzona, 1981

Phase	Composition, wt% Pt	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Eu)	0	<i>cf</i> 2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Eu ₉ Pt	13	<i>cF*</i>	...
Eu ₅ Pt ₂	34.0	<i>mC</i> 28	<i>C2/c</i>
Eu ₃ Pt ₂	46	<i>hR</i> 15	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$
Eu ₅ Pt ₄	50.6	<i>oP</i> 36	<i>Pnma</i>
EuPt ₂	70 to 78	<i>cF</i> 24	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
Eu ₂ Pt ₇	81.8	<i>hP</i> 36	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
EuPt ₅	86.5	<i>o*</i> **	...
(Pt)	100	<i>cF</i> 4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

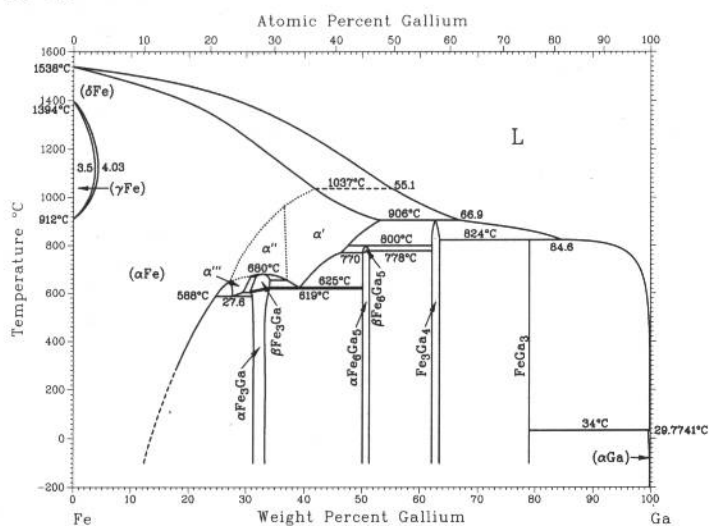
Eu-Te



O.A. Sadovskaya and E.I. Yarembash, 1970

Phase	Composition, wt % Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Eu)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
EuTe	46 to 52.8	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Eu ₄ Te ₇	59.5	...	...
Eu ₃ Te ₇	66	...	...
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3</i> ₁ <i>21</i>

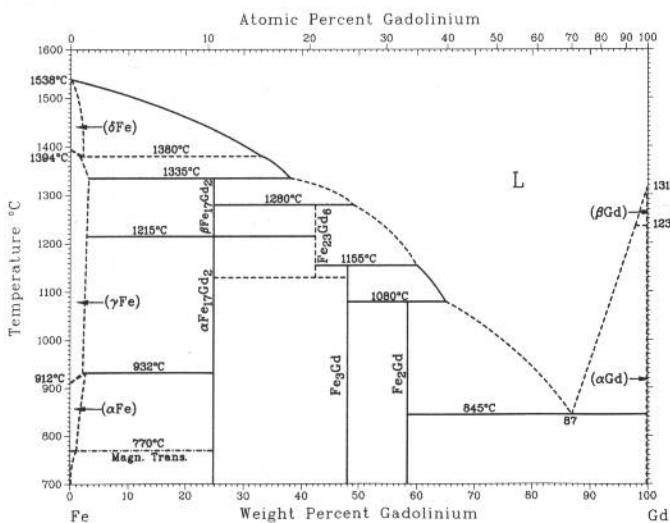
Fe-Ga



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt % Ga	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γFe)	0 to 3.5	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	0 to 41	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
α'	36.5 to 53.0	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
α''	26.9 to 37.1	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
α'''	26.9 to 30.4	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
βFe ₃ Ga	30.5 to 33.8	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
αFe ₃ Ga	30.7 to 34.0	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
βFe ₆ Ga ₅	50.0 to 51.0	<i>hR26</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
αFe ₆ Ga ₅	50.0 to 51.0	<i>mC44</i>	<i>C2</i> / <i>m</i>
Fe ₃ Ga ₄	61.9 to 63.3	<i>mC42</i>	<i>C2</i> / <i>m</i>
FeGa ₃	79	<i>t*63</i>	...
(αGa)	100	<i>tP16</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ / <i>mnm</i>
Metastable phase		<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
Fe ₁₃ Ga ₉	46.4	...	...

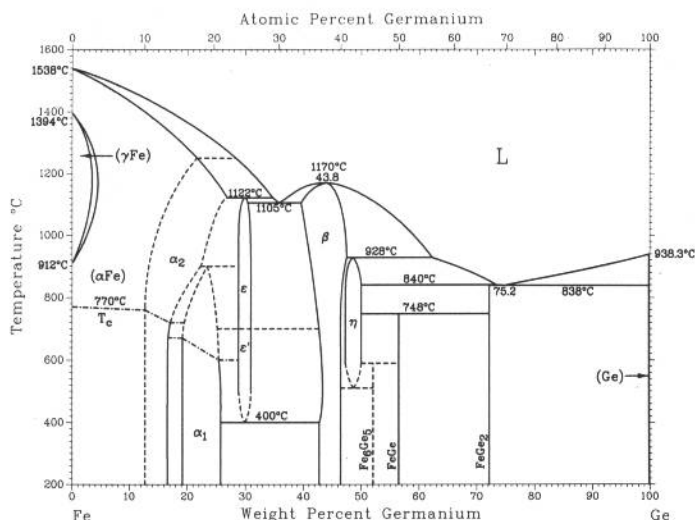
Fe-Gd



H. Okamoto, 1992

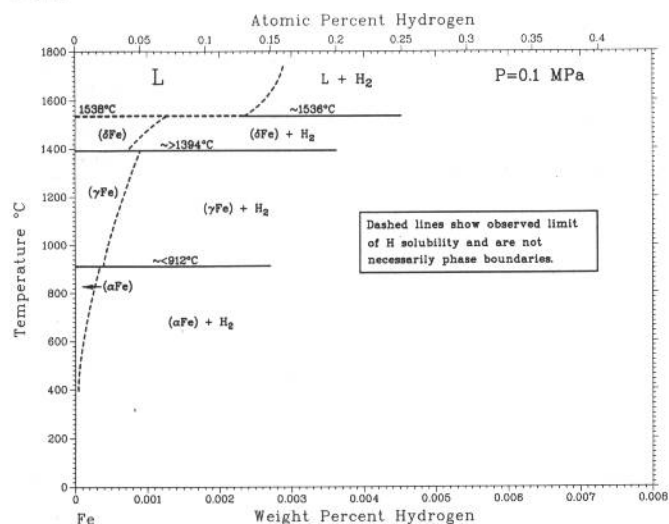
Phase	Composition, wt % Gd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γFe)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
βFe ₁₇ Gd ₂	24.8	<i>hP38</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
αFe ₁₇ Gd ₂	24.8	<i>hR19</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Fe ₂₃ Gd ₆	42.4	<i>cF116</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Fe ₃ Gd	48	<i>hR12</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Fe ₂ Gd	58.4	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βGd)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αGd)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Questionable phases			
Fe ₅ Gd	24	<i>hP*</i>	...
Fe ₁₇ Gd ₂	24.8	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6</i> / <i>mmm</i>
Fe ₅ Gd	36.1	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6</i> / <i>mmm</i>
Fe ₄ Gd	41	<i>hP10</i>	...
Fe ₇ Gd ₂	44.6	<i>o*18</i>	...
Fe ₃ Gd ₂	65	<i>c*30</i>	...

Fe-Ge



Phase	Composition, wt% Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γFe)	0 to 4.4	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	0 to 21.6	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
α ₂	12.6 to 26.8	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
α ₁	18.9 to 25.7	cF16	$Fm\bar{3}m$
ε(Fe ₃ Ge)	28.8 to 31.0	hP8	$P6_3/mmc$
ε'(Fe ₃ Ge)	28.8 to 31.0	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
β	39.6 to 47.5	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
η	47.3 to 50.0	hP6	$P6_3/mmc$
Fe ₆ Ge ₅	52.0	...	$C2/m$
FeGe	56.5	...	$C2/m$
		hP6	$P6/mmm$
		cP8	$P2_13$
FeGe ₂	72.3	tI2	$I4/mcm$
(Ge)	100	cF8	$Fd\bar{3}m$

Fe-H

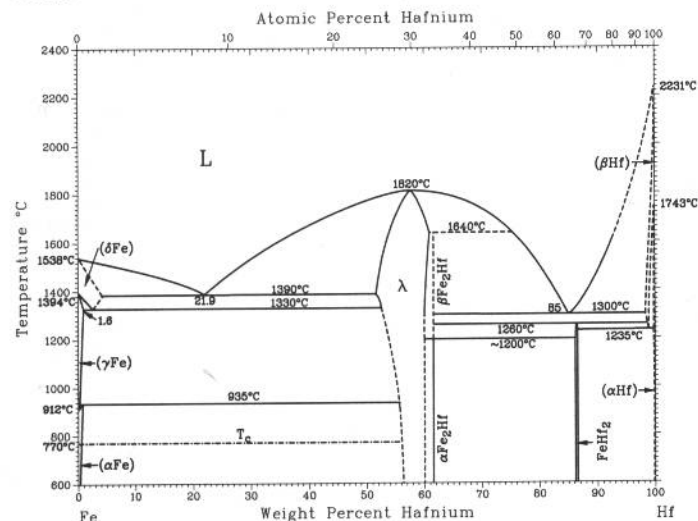


A. San-Martin and F.D. Manchester, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% H	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe) or δ	0 to 0.0013	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(γFe) or γ	0 to 0.0008	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(αFe) or α	0 to 0.0003	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
Metastable phases			
ε	1.2 to 1.4(a)	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
		hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
		hP4	$P6_3mc$

(a) Produced under a pressure of 6.7 GPa at 250 °C

Fe-Hf

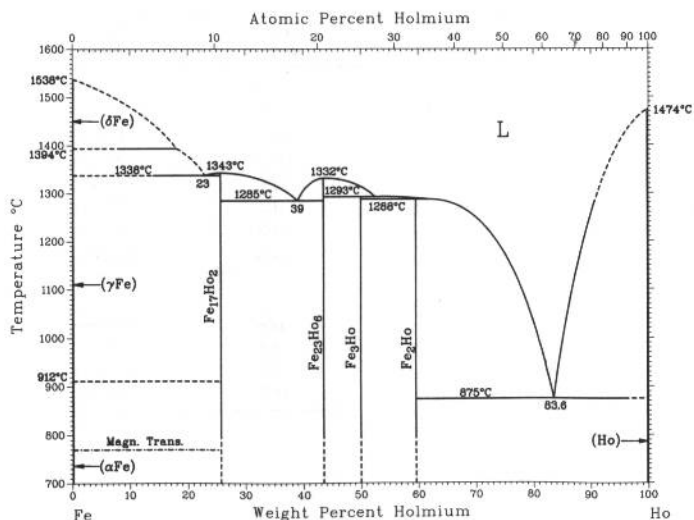


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Hf	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe)	0 to 6	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(γFe)	0 to 1.6	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	0 to 0.70	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
λ	52 to 61.2	hP12	$P6_3/mmc$
βFe ₂ Hf	61.5	hP24	$P6_3/mmc$
αFe ₂ Hf	61.5	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
FeHf ₂	85.6 to 86.6	cF96	$Fd\bar{3}m$
(βHf)	? to 100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αHf)	? to 100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$

2•196/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

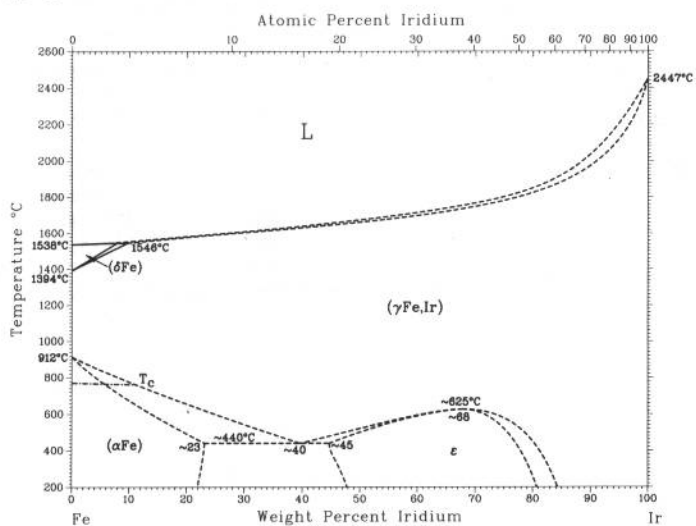
Fe-Ho



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Ho	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γFe)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Fe ₁₇ Ho ₂	25.7	<i>hP38</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Fe ₂₃ Ho ₆	43.5	<i>cF116</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Fe ₃ Ho	50	<i>hR12</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Fe ₂ Ho	59.6	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Ho)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Metastable phase			
...	~75	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

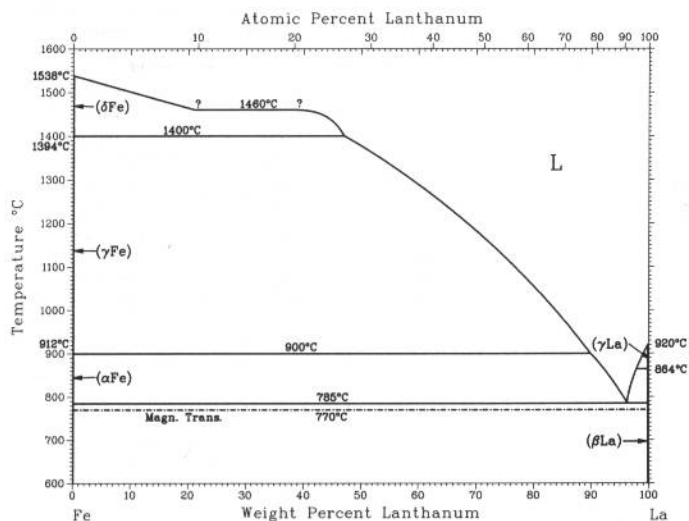
Fe-Ir



L.J. Swartzendruber, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Ir	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αFe)	0 to ~23	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γFe,Ir)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(δFe)	0 to 7	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
ε	~45 to 80	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

Fe-La

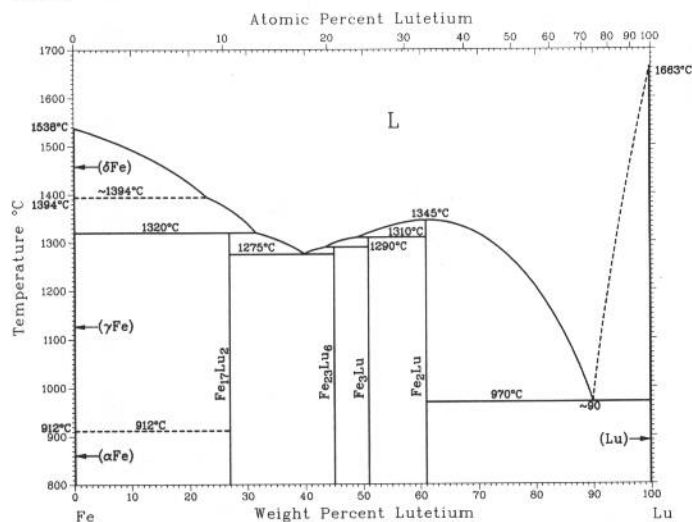


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% La	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γFe)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γLa)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βLa)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αLa)	100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

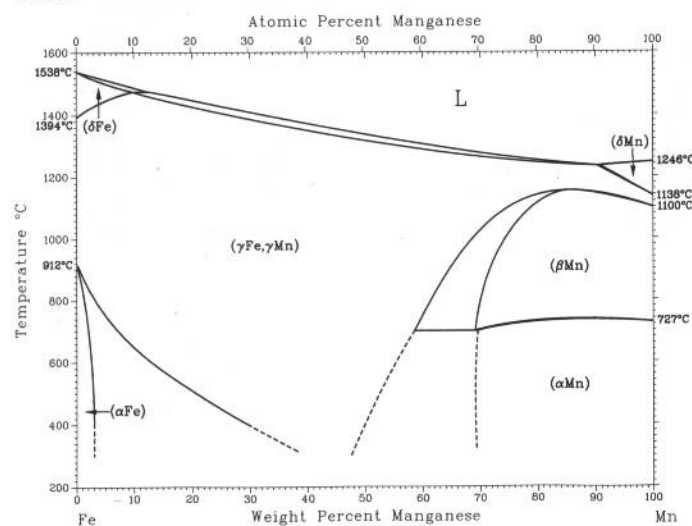
H. Okamoto, 1992

Fe-Lu



Phase	Composition, wt% Lu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γFe)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Fe ₇ Lu ₂	24.7 to 26.9	<i>hP38</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Fe ₂₃ Lu ₆	45.0	<i>cF116</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Fe ₃ Lu	51	<i>hR12</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Fe ₂ Lu	61.0	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Lu)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Metastable phase			
...	~76	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

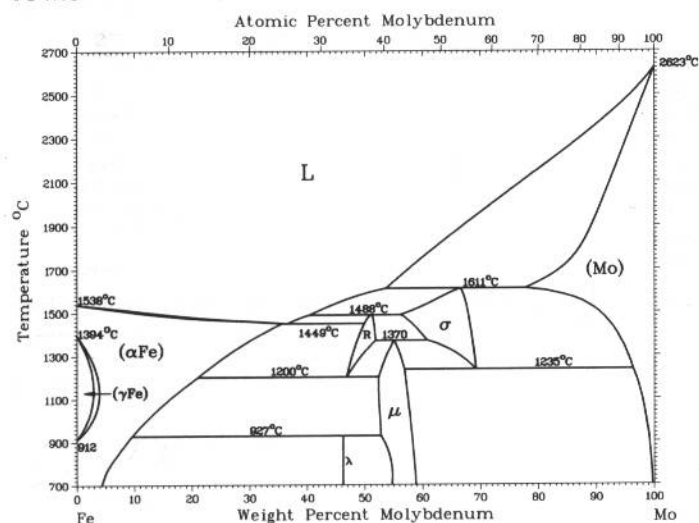
Fe-Mn



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe)	0 to 10	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γFe, γMn)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	0 to 3	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(δMn)	91 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βMn)	69.2 to 100	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4</i> ₁ / <i>32</i>
(αMn)	~70 to 100	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}$ <i>3m</i>
Metastable phases			
α'	3 to 18	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4</i> / <i>mmm</i>
ε	12 to 30	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
γ	?	<i>t**</i>	...

Fe-Mo

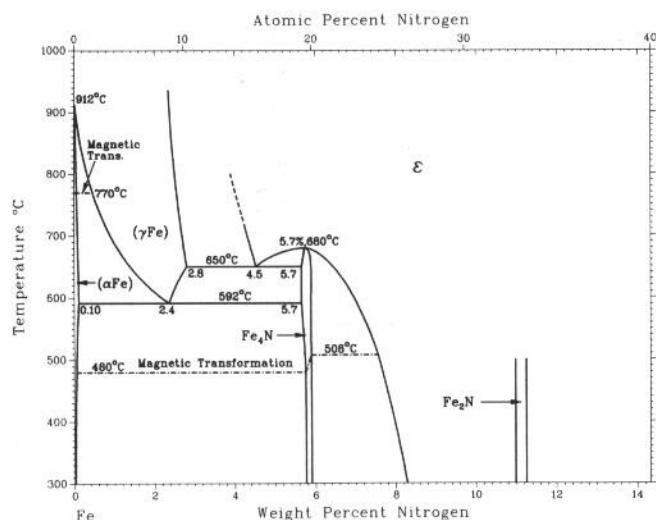


A. Fernández Guillermet, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Mo	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αFe)	0 to 35.7	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γFe)	0 to 2.9	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
λ	46.2	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
R	46.8 to 51.8	<i>hR53</i>	...
μ	52.3 to 57.4	<i>hR13</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
σ	56.3 to 69.2	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ / <i>mmn</i>
(Mo)	79.0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

2•198/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Fe-N

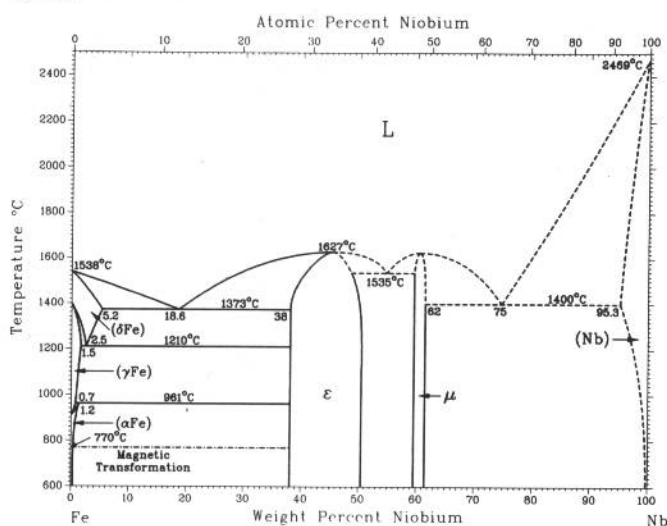


H.A. Wriedt, N.A. Gokcen, and R.H. Nafziger, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% N	Pearson symbol	Space group
Stable at 0.1 MPa			
(δFe)	0 to ~0.9	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γFe)	0 to 2.8	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	0 to 0.10	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Fe ₄ N	5.7 to 5.9	<i>cP5</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$ or <i>P4</i> $\bar{3}m$
ε	~4 to ~11	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Fe ₂ N	~11.1	<i>o**</i>	...
FeN ₆	~61	...	...
FeN ₉	~69	...	...
Other phases			
(εFe)(a)	0 to ?	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Martensite	0 to 0.6	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
	0.7 to 2.6	(b)	...
Fe ₁₆ N ₂	~3.0	(b)	<i>I4/mmm</i>

(a) Stable at pressures >13 GPa. (b) bct

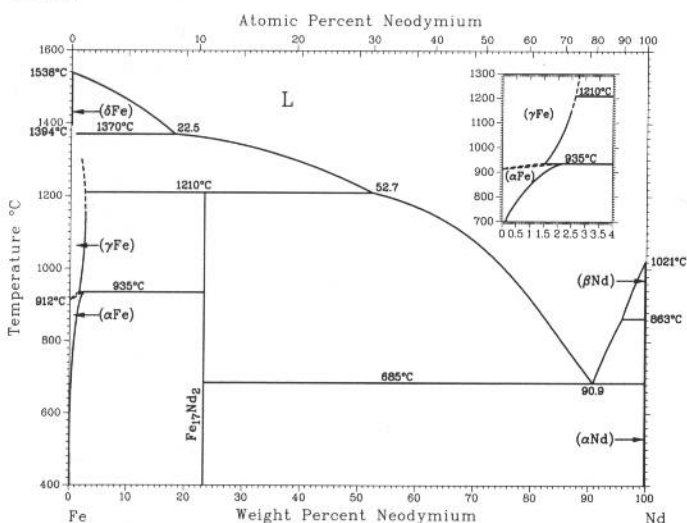
Fe-Nb



E. Paul and L.J. Swartzendruber, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Nb	Pearson symbol	Space group
δ or (δFe)	0 to 5.2	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
γ or (γFe)	0 to 1.5	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
α or (αFe)	0 to 1.2	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
ε or Fe ₂ Nb	38 to 51	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
μ or FeNb	60 to 62	<i>hR13</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Nb)	95.3 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

Fe-Nd

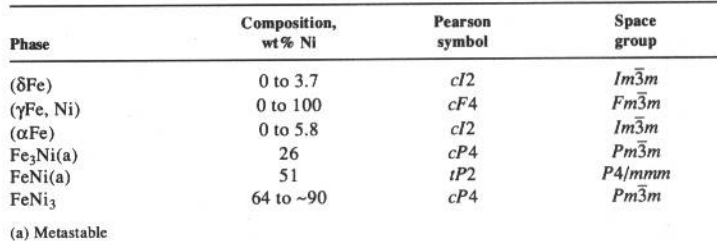


W. Zhang, G. Liu, and K. Han, 1992

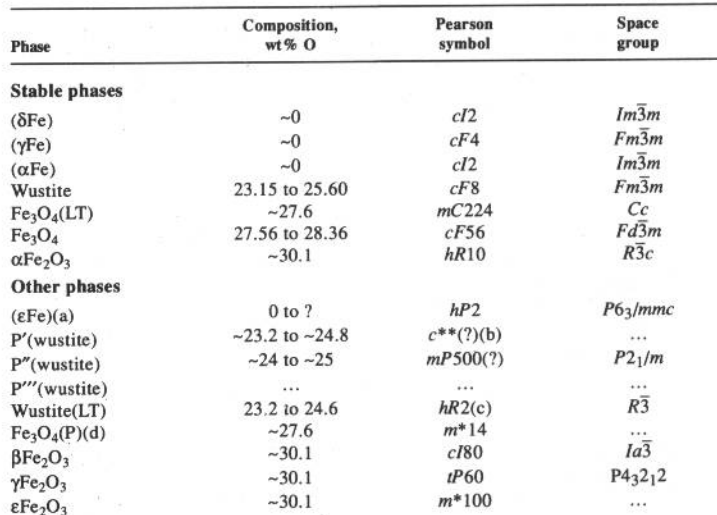
Phase	Composition, wt% Nd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe)(a)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γFe)(b)	0 to ~1	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αFe)(c)	0 to ~1.1	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Fe ₁₇ Nd ₂	23.3	(d)	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βNd)(e)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αNd)(f)	100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Metastable phase			
Fe _{5+x} Nd	...	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>

(a) From 1538 to 1394 °C. (b) From <1394 to 912 °C. (c) Below 912 °C. (d) Rhombohedral. (e) From 1021 to 863 °C. (f) Below 863 °C

L.J. Swartzendruber, V.P. Itkin, and C.B. Alcock, 1992



H.A. Wriedt, 1992

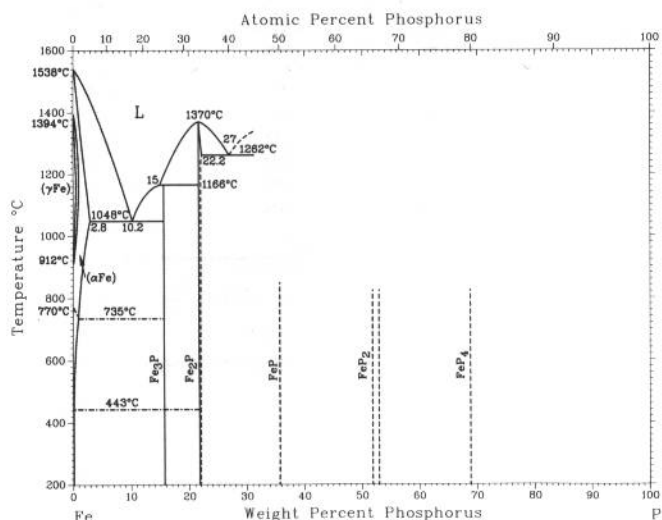


(a) Stable at pressures >13 GPa. (b) Incommensurate or orthorhombic. (c) Magnetic reflections might indicate linear cell dimensions are doubled, corresponding to $hR16$. (d) Stable at pressures >25 GPa

[illegible]

2•200/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

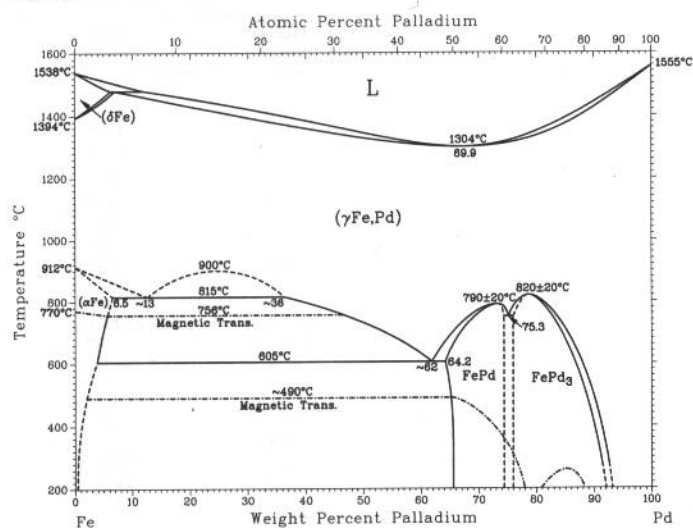
Fe-P



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% P	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γFe)	0 to 0.31	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	0 to 2.8	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
Fe ₃ P	16	tI32	I4
Fe ₂ P	21.7 to 22.2	hP9	$P\bar{6}2m$
FeP	36	oP8	$Pna2_1$
FeP ₂	52 to 53	oP6	$Pnnm$
FeP ₄	69	mP30	$P2_1/c$
(P) (white)	100	c**	...
Metastable phases			
Fe ₄₄ P	<12	o**	...
(P) black	100	oC8	$Cmca$
High-pressure phases			
Fe ₂ P	21.7	oP12	$Pnma$
FeP ₄	69	oC20	$C222_1$

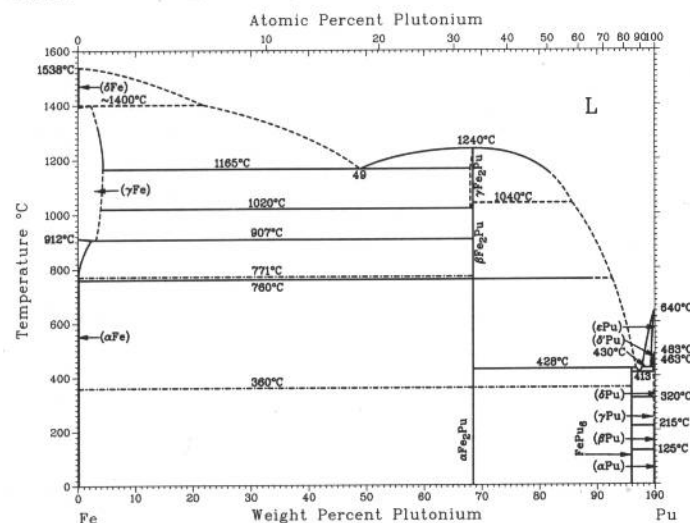
Fe-Pd



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe)	0 to 6.1	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(γFe, Pd)	0 to 100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	0 to 6.5	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
FePd	64.2 to 74	tP2	$P4/mmm$
FePd ₃	76 to ?	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$

Fe-Pu

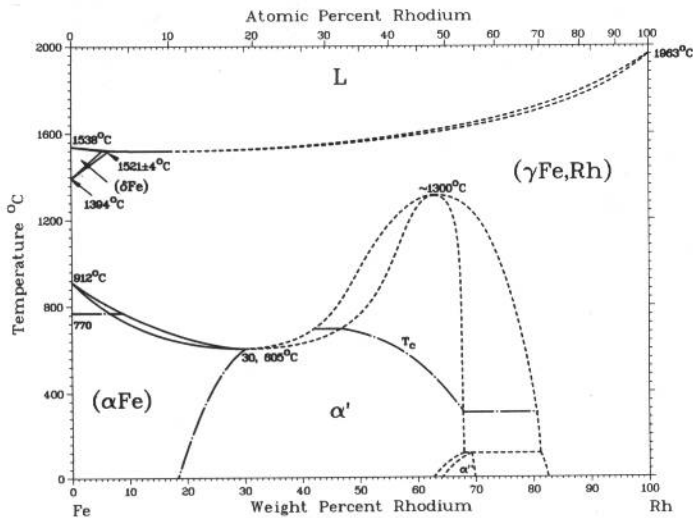


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Pu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(γFe)	0 to ~4	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
γFe ₂ Pu	68.6	c**	...
βFe ₂ Pu	68.6	hP24	$P6_3/mmc$
αFe ₂ Pu	68.6	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
FePu ₆	96.3	tI28	$I4/mcm$
(εPu)	99.5 to 100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(δ'Pu)	~100	tI2	$I4/mmm$
(δPu)	99.9 to 100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(γPu)	100	oF8	$Fddd$
(βPu)	100	mC34	$C2/m$
(αPu)	100	mP16	$P2_1/m$

L.J. Swartzendruber, 1992

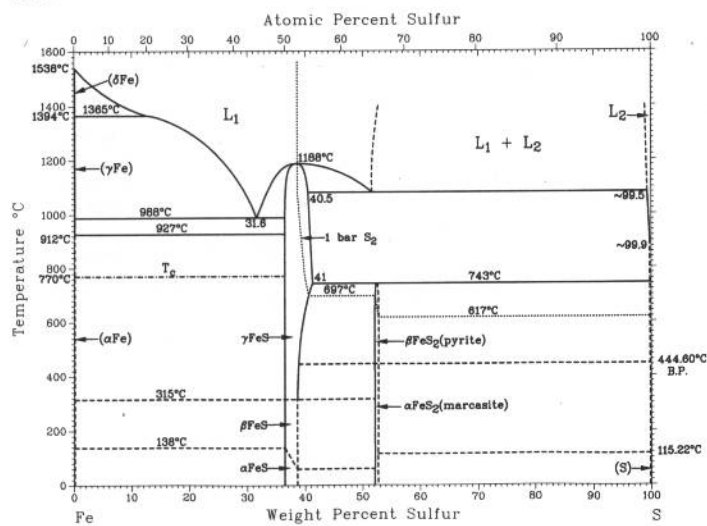
Fe-Rh



Phase	Composition, wt% Rh	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe)	0 to 5	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γFe,Rh)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	0 to 30	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
α'	19 to 69	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
α'' (chemical cell)	63 to 69	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
α'' (magnetic cell)	63 to 69	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

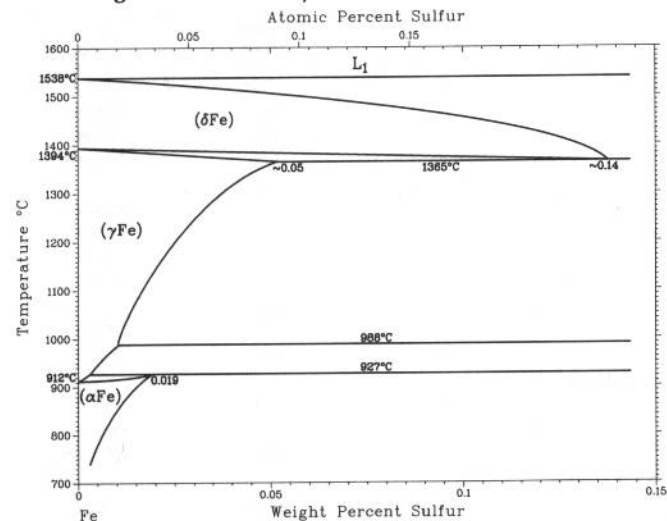
Fe-S

From [Kubaschewski]



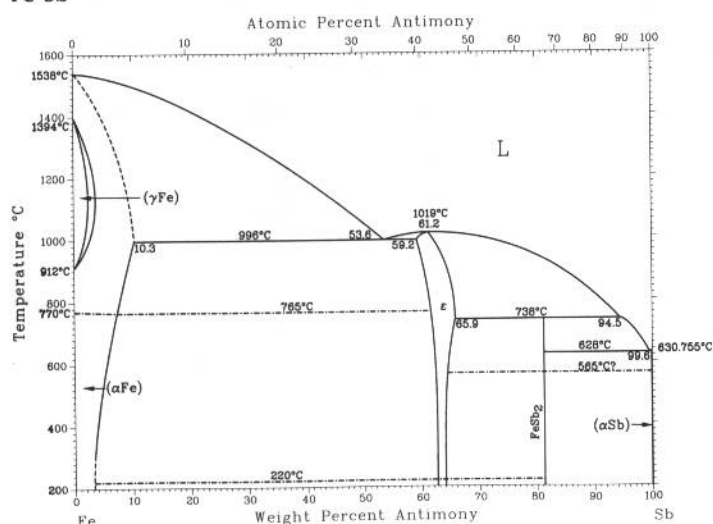
Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe)	0 to ~0.14	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γFe)	0 to ~0.05	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	0 to 0.019	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
γFeS	36.5 to 41	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
βFeS	36.5 to ~38	<i>hP24</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{6}2c$
αFeS	36.5 to ~38	...	...
βFeS ₂	~53.5	<i>cP12</i>	<i>Pa</i> 3
αFeS ₂	~53.5	<i>oP6</i>	<i>Pnnm</i>

Fe-rich region of the Fe-S system



2•202/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

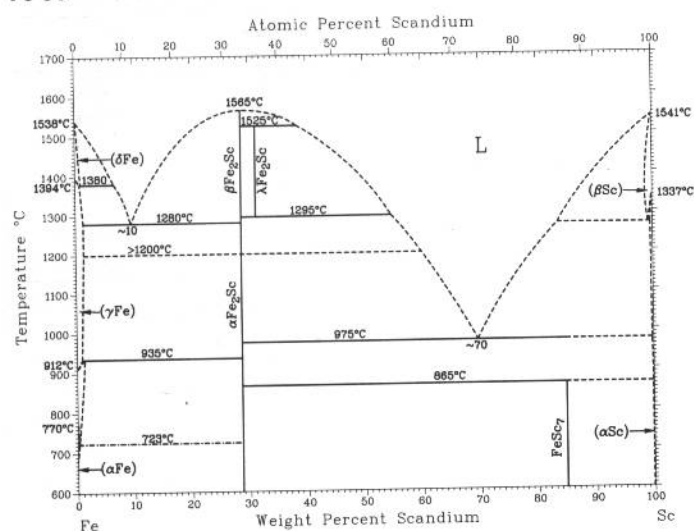
Fe-Sb



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αFe)	0 to 10.3	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(γFe)	0 to 2.4	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
ε	59.2 to 65.9	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
FeSb ₂	81.4	oP6	$Pnn2$
(αSb)	100	hR2	$R\bar{3}m$
Metastable phase			
FeSb ₄	90	cP1	$Pm\bar{3}m$

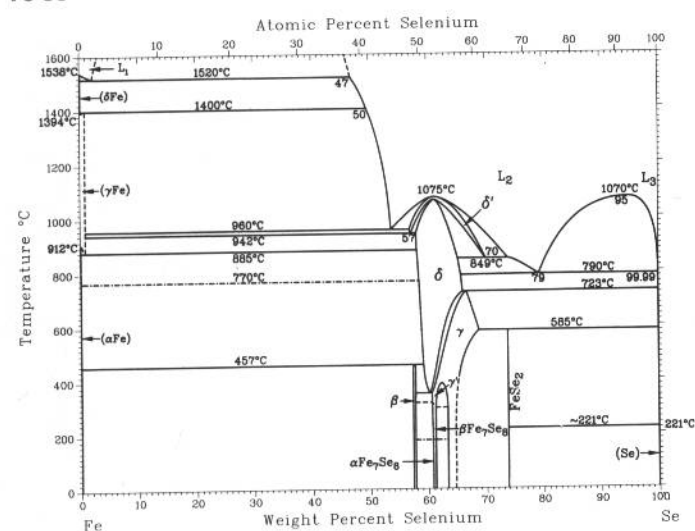
Fe-Sc



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Sc	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe)	-0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(γFe)	-0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	-0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
βFe ₂ Sc	28.7	hP24	$P6_3/mmc$
λFe ₂ Sc	28.7	hP12	$P6_3/mmc$
αFe ₂ Sc	-31	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
FeSc ₇	84.9	...	...
(βSc)	-100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αSc)	-100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$

Fe-Se

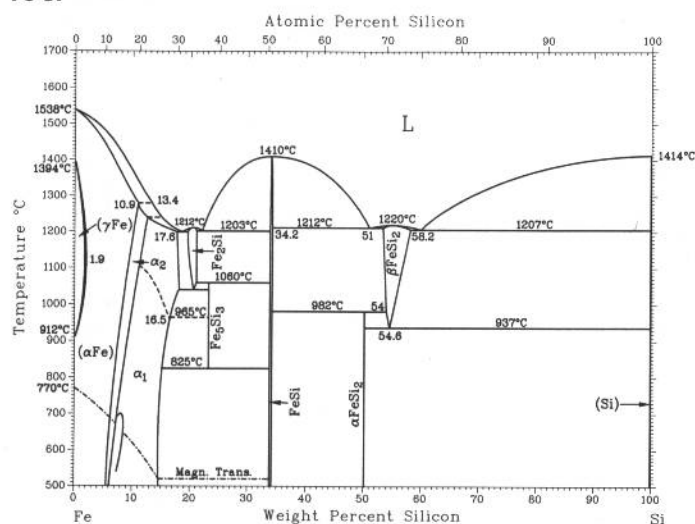


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe)	~0	cI12	$Im\bar{3}m$
(γFe)	~0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	~0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
β	57.6 to 58.0	tP4	$P4/nmm$
δ'	57 to 70	...	...
δ	58.1 to 66	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
γ	?	mC7	$C2/m$
γ'	? to 69	mC14	$C2/m$
βFe ₇ Se ₈	61.7	hP45	$P3_121$
αFe ₇ Se ₈	61.7	aP120	...
FeSe ₂	73.9	oP6	$Pnnm$
(γSe)	100	hP3	$P3_121$
Metastable phases			
FeSe	58.6	c**	...
FeSe	58.6	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
FeSe	58.6	tP2	$P4/nmm$
High-pressure phase			
FeSe ₂	73.9	cP12	$Pa\bar{3}$

Fe-Si

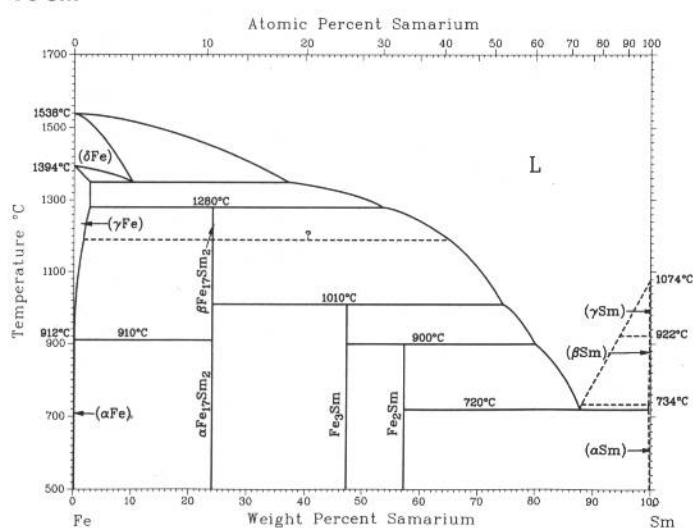
From [Kubaschewski]



Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γFe)	0 to 10.9	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	0 to 1.63	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
α_2	~5 to 12	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
α_1	~5 to 18	cF16	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Fe ₂ Si	~20.1	hP6	$P\bar{3}m1$
Fe ₃ Si ₃	23.2	hP16	$P6_3/mcm$
FeSi	~34	cP8	$P2_13$
βFeSi ₂	53.4 to 58.2	tP3	$P4/mmm$
αFeSi ₂	50.2	oC48	$Cmca$
(Si)	100	cF8	$Fd\bar{3}m$

Fe-Sm

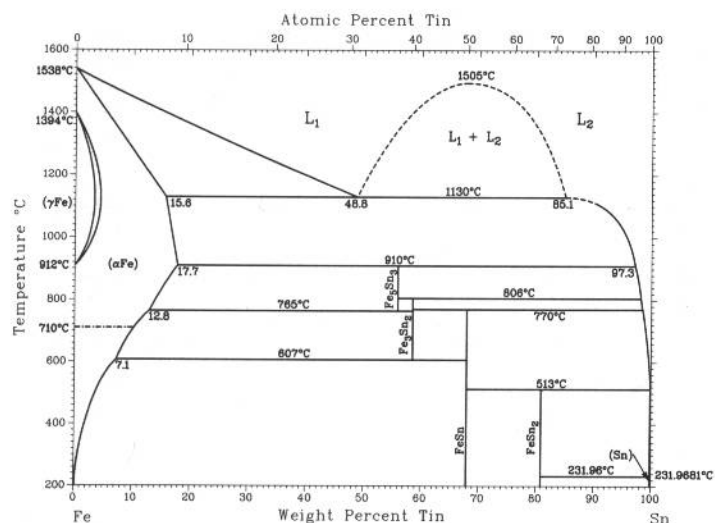
H. Okamoto, 1992



Phase	Composition, wt% Sm	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe)	~0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(γFe)	~0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
βFe ₁₇ Sm ₂	24.0	hP38	$P6_3/mmc$
αFe ₁₇ Sm ₂	24.0	hR19	$R\bar{3}m$
Fe ₃ Sm	47	hR12	$R\bar{3}m$
Fe ₂ Sm	57.3	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
(γSm)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(βSm)	~100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
(αSm)	>99.8 to 100	hR3	$R\bar{3}m$
Questionable phase			
Fe ₅ Sm	35.1	hP6	$P6/mmm$

Fe-Sn

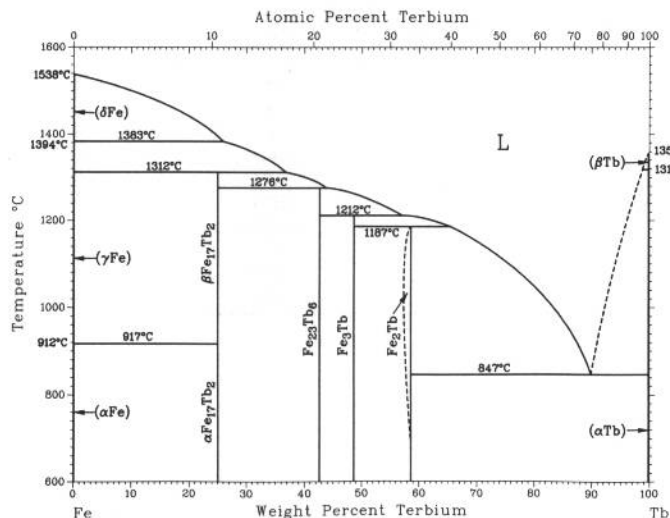
H. Okamoto, 1992



Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γFe)	0 to 1.7	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	0 to 17.7	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
Fe ₃ Sn ₃	56.1	hP6	$P6_3/mmc$
Fe ₃ Sn ₂	59	hR10	$R\bar{3}m$
FeSn	68.0	hP6	$P6/mmm$
FeSn ₂	81.0	tI2	$I4/mcm$
(βSn)	100	tI4	$I4_1/amd$
(αSn)	100	cF8	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Oxygen stabilized phase			
"Fe ₃ Sn"	42	hP8	$P6_3/mmc$

2•204/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Fe-Tb

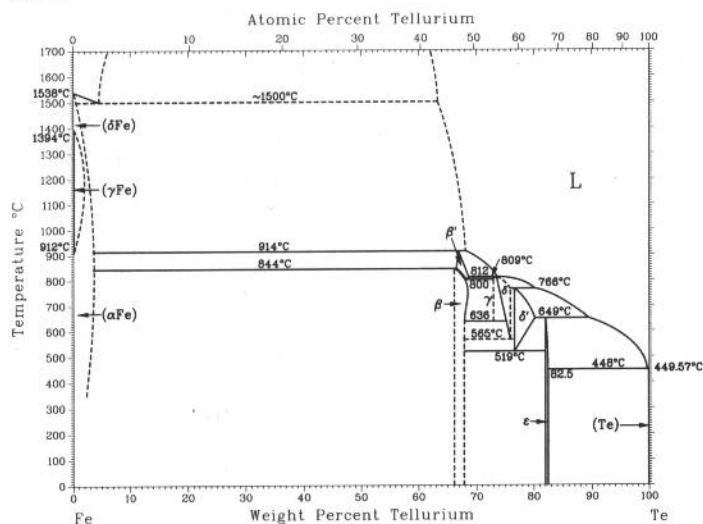


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Tb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γFe)	~0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
βFe ₁₇ Tb ₂	25.0	<i>hP38</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
αFe ₁₇ Tb ₂	25.0	<i>hR19</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Fe ₂₃ Tb ₆	42.6	<i>cF116</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Fe ₃ Tb	49	<i>hR12</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Fe ₂ Tb	58.7	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
Fe ₂ Tb(a)	58.7	<i>hR6</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βTb)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTb)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

(a) Distorted Cu₂Mg type due to magnetostriction at low temperatures

Fe-Te

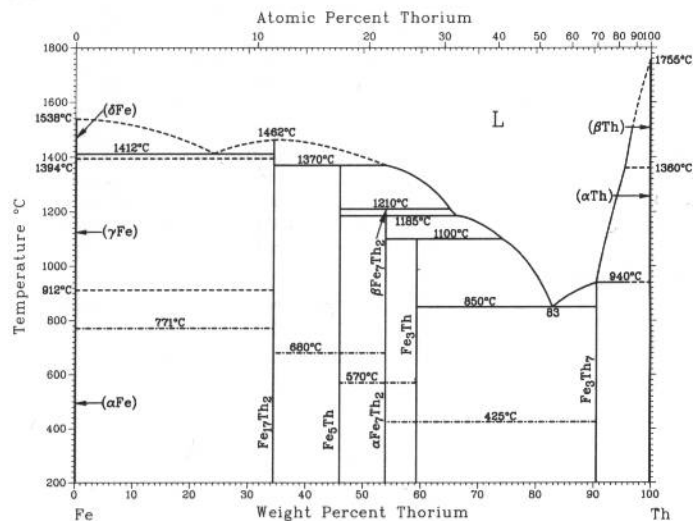


H. Okamoto and L.E. Tanner, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe, αFe)	0 to 3.4	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γFe)	~0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
β'	66.5 to 68.3	<i>hR*</i>	...
β	66 to 68.3	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4</i> / <i>mmm</i>
		<i>tP6</i>	<i>P4</i> / <i>mmm</i>
β ₁ (a)	66 to 68	<i>mP*</i>	<i>P2</i> ₁ / <i>m</i>
γ	73.0	...	...
δ	74 to 77	<i>mC14</i>	<i>C2</i> / <i>m</i>
δ'	76.9 to 80.6	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
ε	82.0 to 82.5	<i>oP6</i>	<i>Pnn</i> 2
FeTe ₂ I(b)	82.1	<i>cP12</i>	<i>Pa</i> $\bar{3}$
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3</i> ₁ 21

(a) Low-temperature phase. (b) High-pressure phase

Fe-Th

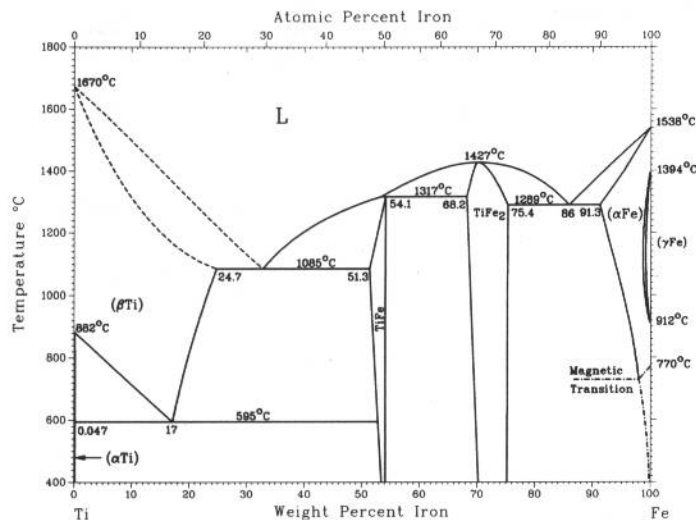


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Th	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γFe)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Fe ₁₇ Th ₂	32.8	<i>hR19</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Fe ₅ Th	45.4	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmm</i>
βFe ₇ Th ₂	54.2	<i>hR18</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
αFe ₇ Th ₂	54.2	<i>hP36</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Fe ₃ Th	58	<i>hR12</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Fe ₃ Th ₇	91	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(βTh)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTh)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

J.L. Murray, 1992

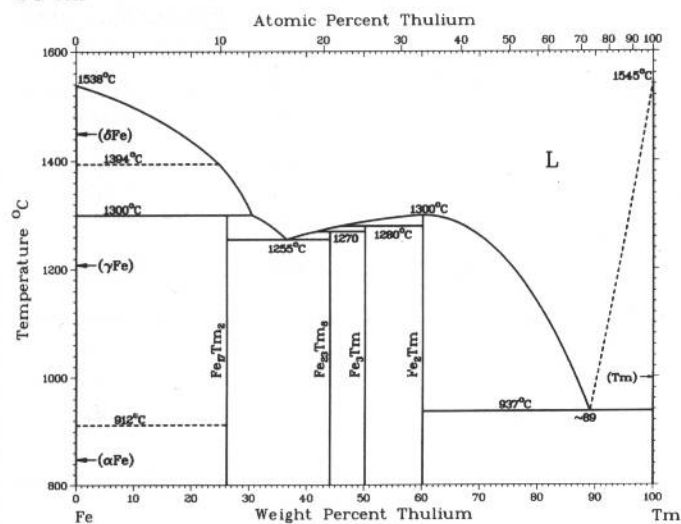
Fe-Ti



Phase	Composition, wt% Fe	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αTi)	0 to 0.047	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βTi)	0 to 24.7	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
TiFe	51.3 to 54.1	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
TiFe ₂	68.2 to 75.4	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(αFe)	91.3 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γFe)	99.5 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
ω	(a)	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

(a) Metastable phase

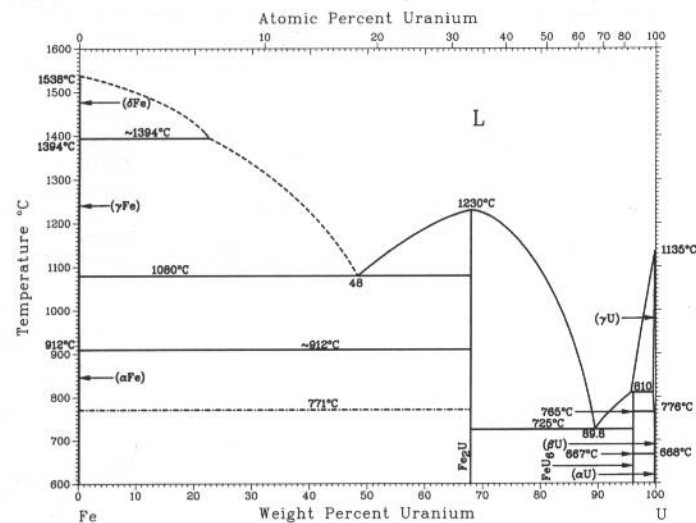
Fe-Tm



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Tm	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γFe)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αFe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Fe ₁₇ Tm ₂	26.2	<i>hP38</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Fe ₂₃ Tm ₆	44.1	<i>cF114</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Fe ₃ Tm	50.2	<i>hR12</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Fe ₂ Tm	60.2	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Tm)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Metastable phase	~75	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Fe-U

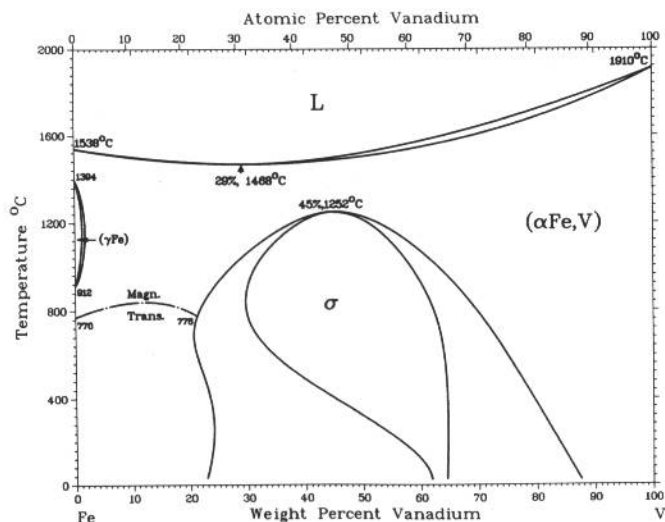


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% U	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δFe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γFe)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αFe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Fe ₂ U	68.0	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
FeU ₆	96.2	<i>tI28</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
(γU)	99.7 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(βU)	99.9 to 100	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>
(αU)	99.99 to 100	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>

2•206/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

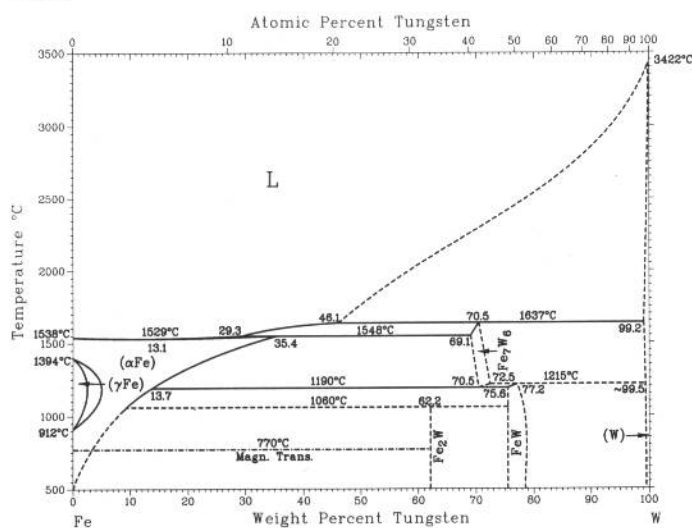
Fe-V



J.F. Smith, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% V	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αFe,V)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γFe)	0 to 1.2	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
σ	30 to 65	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4</i> $\bar{2}$ / <i>mm</i>
Metastable phase			
α'	47.7	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$

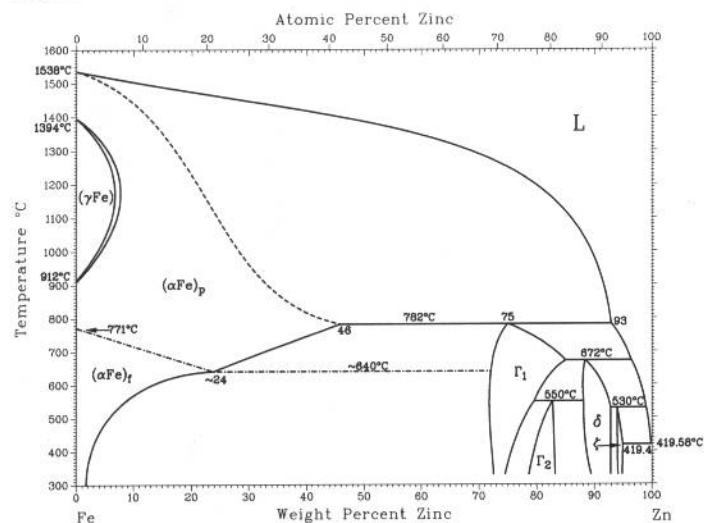
Fe-W



S.V. Nagender Naidu, A.M. Sriramamurthy, and P. Rama Rao, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% W	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γFe)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Fe ₇ W ₆ (μ)	~70.5	<i>hR13</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
FeW (δ)	~77.2	(a)	<i>P2</i> ₁ <i>2</i> ₁ <i>2</i> ₁
(W)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Metastable phase			
Fe ₂ W (λ)	62.2	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(a) Orthorhombic			

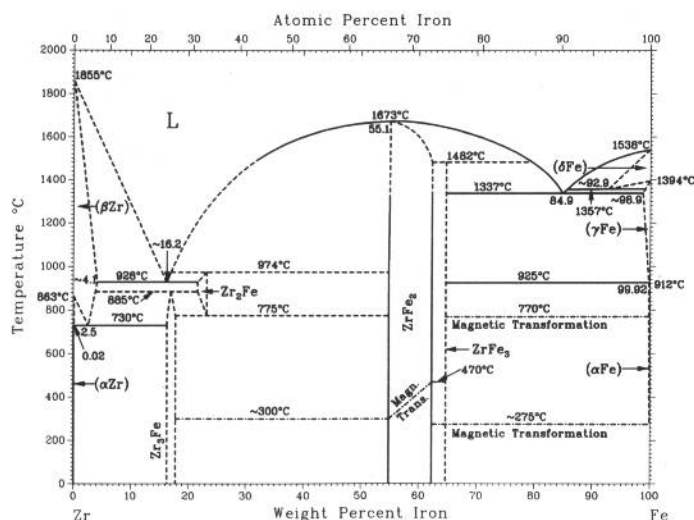
Fe-Zn



B.P. Burton and P. Perrot, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γFe)	0 to 6.59	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αFe,δFe)	0 to 46	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Γ ₁	~72 to ~85	<i>cI52</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}3m$
Γ ₂	0.91 to 83	<i>cF408</i>	<i>F</i> $\bar{4}3m$
δ-FeZn ₁₀	88.5 to 93.0	<i>hP555</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ <i>mc</i>
ζ-FeZn ₁₃	~94 to 94.8?	<i>mC28</i>	<i>C2</i> / <i>m</i>
(Zn)	~100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

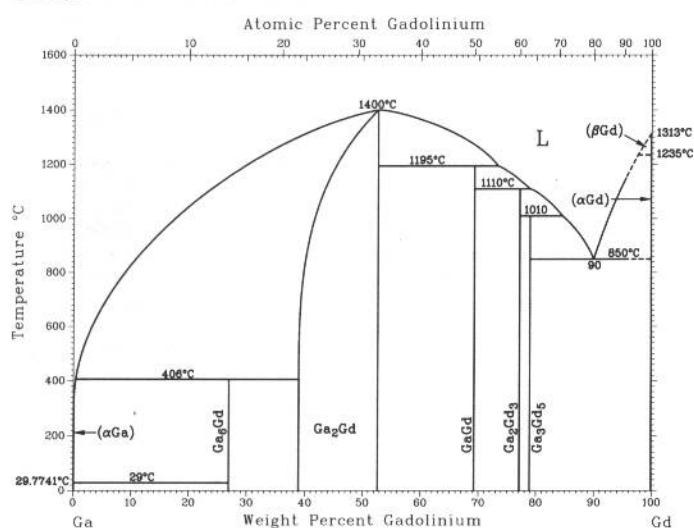
Fe-Zr



D. Arias and J.P. Abriata, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Fe	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βZr)	0 to ~4.1	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αZr)	0 to 0.02	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Zr ₃ Fe	16.2 to 18.3	<i>oC16</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Zr ₂ Fe	21.6 to 23.4	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
ZrFe ₂	54.3 to 62.2	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
ZrFe ₃	64.7	<i>cF116</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(δFe)	~92.9 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γFe)	~98.9 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αFe)	99.91 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

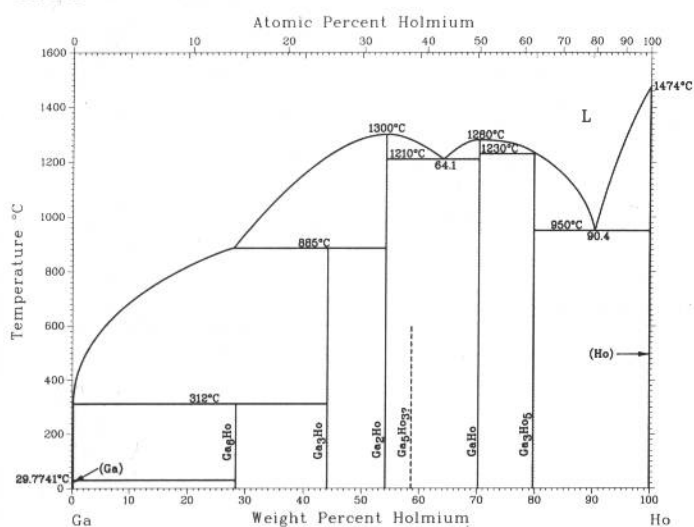
Ga-Gd



A. Palenzona and S. Cirafici, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Gd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	~0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
Ga ₂ Gd	27.32	<i>tP14</i>	<i>P4/nbm</i>
Ga ₃ Gd	39 to 53.0	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
GaGd	69.3	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ga ₂ Gd ₃	77	<i>tI80</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
Ga ₃ Gd ₅	79.0	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
(βGd)	~100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αGd)	~100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

Ga-Ho

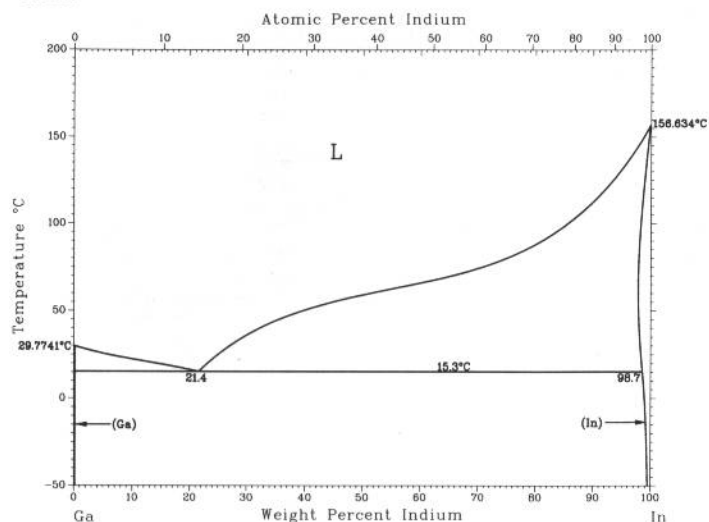


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Ho	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
Ga ₂ Ho	28.3	<i>tP14</i>	<i>P4/nbm</i>
Ga ₃ Ho	44	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ga ₂ Ho ₃	54.1	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
Ga ₃ Ho ₅	58.7	<i>oP32</i>	<i>P4/nbm</i>
GaHo	70.3	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ga ₃ Ho ₅	79.8	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mcm$
(Ho)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

2•208/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

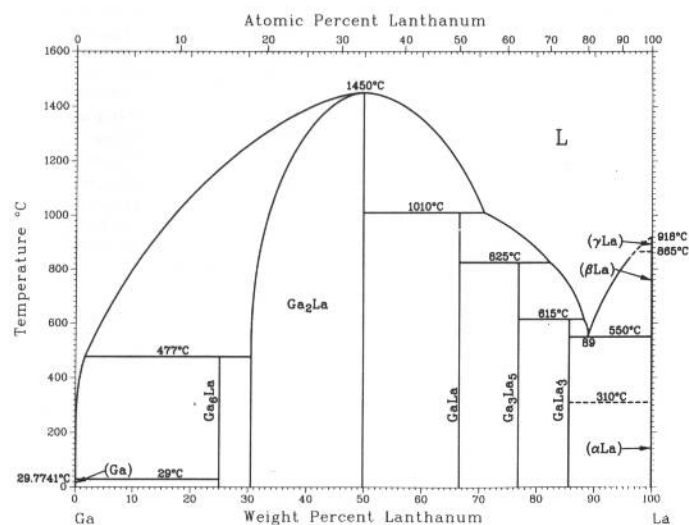
Ga-In



T.J. Anderson and I. Ansara, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αGa)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
(βGa)	0	...	<i>C2/c</i>
(In)	98.6 to 100	<i>IF2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>

Ga-La

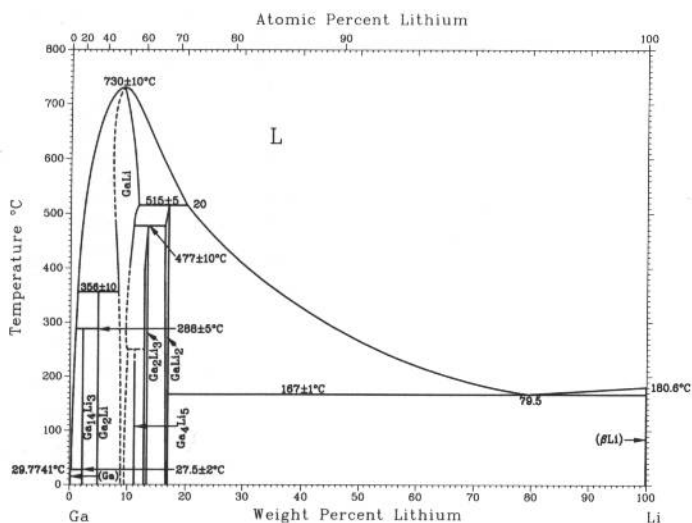


A. Palenzona and S. Cirafici, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% La	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αGa)	~0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
Ga ₆ La	24.9	<i>tP14</i>	<i>P4/nbm</i>
Ga ₄ La(a)	33	<i>o**</i>	...
Ga ₂ La	30 to 49.9	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
GaLa	66.6	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ga ₃ La ₅	76.9	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
GaLa ₃	86	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
(γLa)	~100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(βLa)	~100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(αLa)	~100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

(a) Not shown on diagram; needs further confirmation

Ga-Li

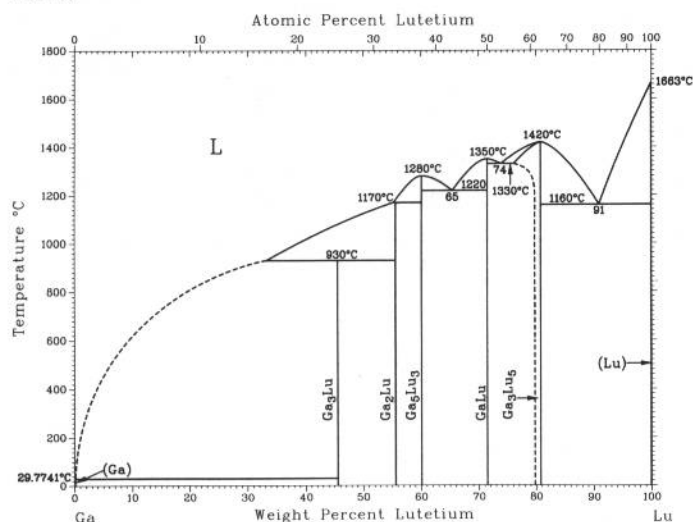


J. Sangster and A.D. Pelton, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Li	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
Ga ₁₄ Li ₃	2.1	<i>hR51</i>	<i>R3m</i>
Ga ₂ Li	4.7(a)	...	...
GaLi	8 to 11(b)	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
Ga ₄ Li ₅	11.1	<i>hR9</i>	<i>P3m1</i>
Ga ₂ Li ₃	12.8 to 13.2	<i>hR15</i>	<i>R3m</i>
GaLi ₂	16 to 17	<i>oC12</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
(βLi)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αLi)(c)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

(a) Stoichiometry uncertain. (b) Near 400 °C. (c) Below -193 °C

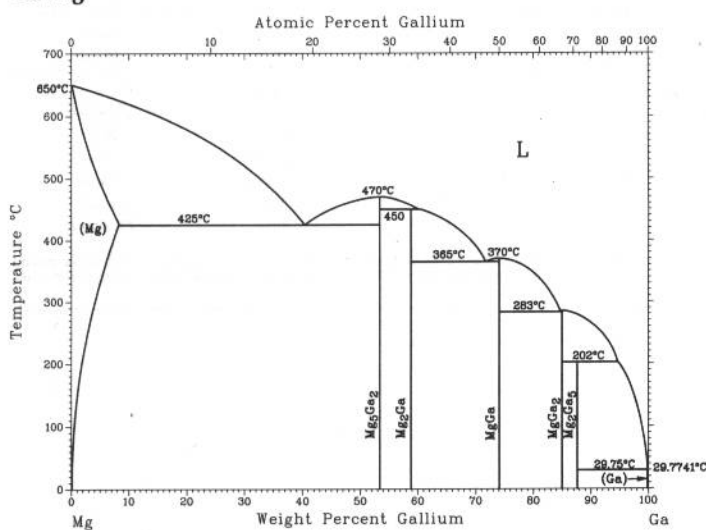
Ga-Lu



S.P. Yatsenko, A.A. Semyannikov, B.G. Semenov, and K.A. Chuntunov, 1979

Phase	Composition, wt% Lu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
Ga ₃ Lu	46	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
Ga ₂ Lu	55.6	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
Ga ₅ Lu ₃	60.1	<i>oP32</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
GaLu	71.5	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ga ₃ Lu ₅	? to 80.7	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
(Lu)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Ga-Mg

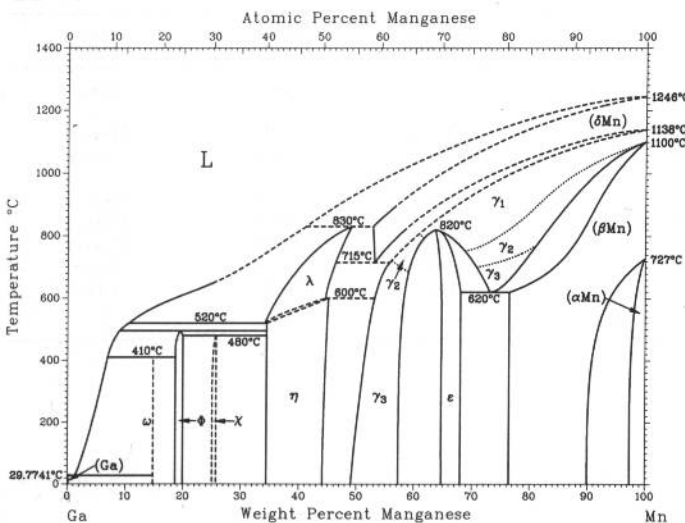


H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ga	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0 to 9.4	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Mg ₅ Ga ₂	53.43	<i>oI28</i>	<i>Ibam</i>
Mg ₂ Ga(a)	58.9	<i>hP18</i>	<i>P6₂c</i>
MgGa	74.2	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4₁/a</i>
MgGa ₂	85.15	<i>oP24</i>	<i>Pbam</i>
Mg ₂ Ga ₅	87.76	<i>tI28</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(Ga)	100	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>

(a) The structure is closely related to the Fe₂P (*hP9*) type with a small deviation.

Ga-Mn

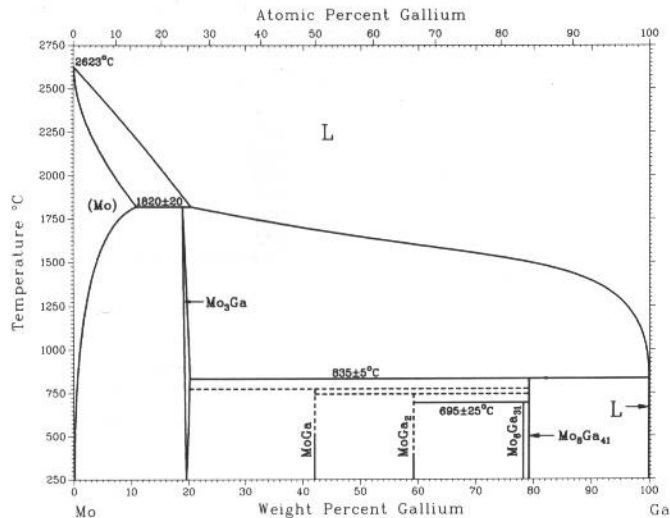


X.S. Lu, J.K. Liang, and M.G. Zhou, 1980

Phase	Composition, wt% Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
ω	15	<i>oC28</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
φ	~18 to 20	...	...
χ	~25	<i>tP14</i>	<i>P4/mbm</i>
λ	~34.0 to 49	<i>hR26</i>	<i>R3m</i>
η	34.4 to 44	...	...
(δMn)	~53 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
γ ₁ (γMn)	~62 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
γ ₂	~56 to 100	<i>tI8</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
γ ₃	~49 to ~59	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
ε	64 to 68	...	...
(βMn)	76.3 to ~100	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4₁32</i>
(αMn)	97.3 to ~100	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I43m</i>

2•210/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

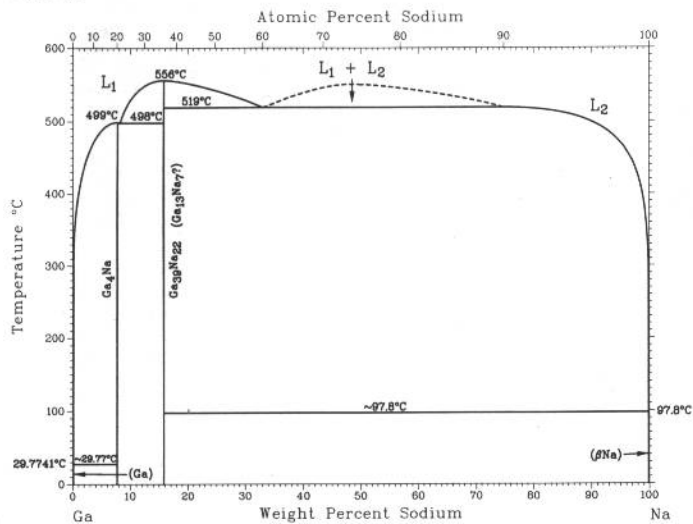
Ga-Mo



From [Molybdenum]

Phase	Composition, wt% Ga	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo)	0 to 11	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
Mo ₃ Ga	~20	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm3n</i>
MoGa	42.1	...	...
MoGa ₂	59.3	...	...
Mo ₆ Ga ₃₁	~78	<i>mP148</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
Mo ₈ Ga ₄₁	~79	<i>hR49</i>	<i>R3</i>
(Ga)	100	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>

Ga-Na

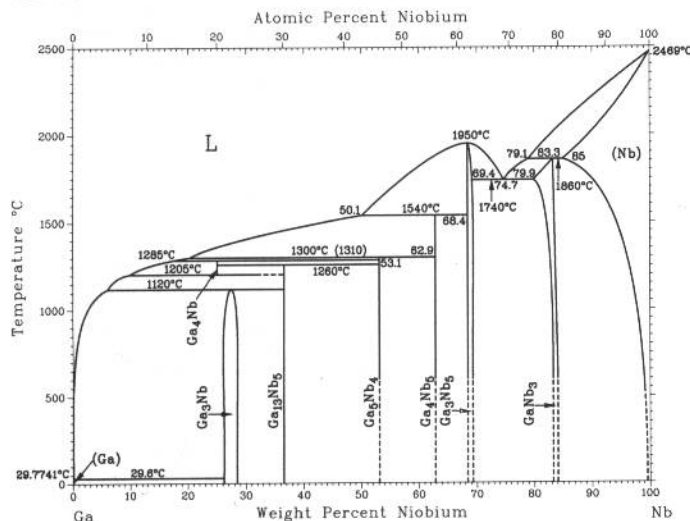


A.D. Pelton and S. Larose, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Na	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
Ga ₄ Na	8	<i>tI10</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Ga ₁₃ Na ₇ (a)	15	<i>hR360</i>	<i>R3m</i>
Ga ₁₃ Na ₇ (b, c)	15	<i>oP240</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Ga ₃₉ Na ₂₂ (c)	15.7	<i>oP244</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(βNa)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αNa)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmm</i>

(a) Structure observed when compound prepared with excess Ga. (b) Structure observed when compound prepared with excess Na. (c) Same compound with same diffractogram, although different stoichiometries have been reported

Ga-Nb



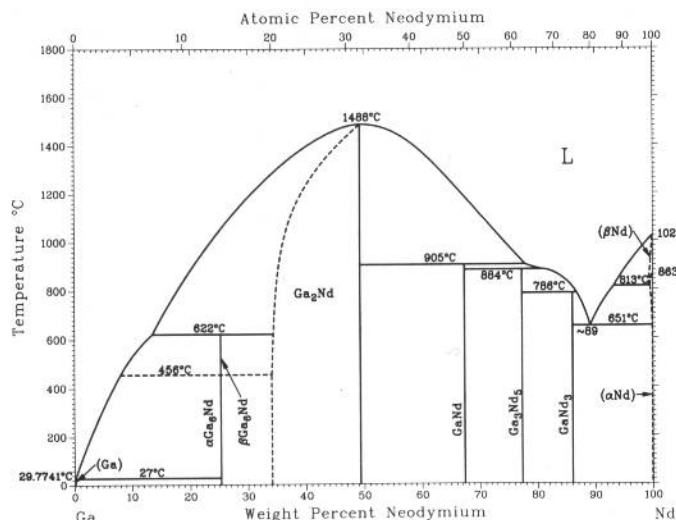
H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Nb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
Ga ₄ Nb	25	...	...
Ga ₃ Nb	26 to 29	<i>tI8</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Ga ₁₃ Nb ₅	36.7	<i>oC36</i>	<i>Cmmm</i>
Ga ₅ Nb ₄	53.3	<i>t**</i>	...
Ga ₄ Nb ₅	62.5	<i>hP18</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
Ga ₂ Nb ₃ (a)	67	<i>tP10</i>	<i>P4/mbm</i>
Ga ₃ Nb ₅	68.4 to 69.4	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
GaNb ₃	79.9 to 84	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm3n</i>
(Nb)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

(a) Not in phase diagram

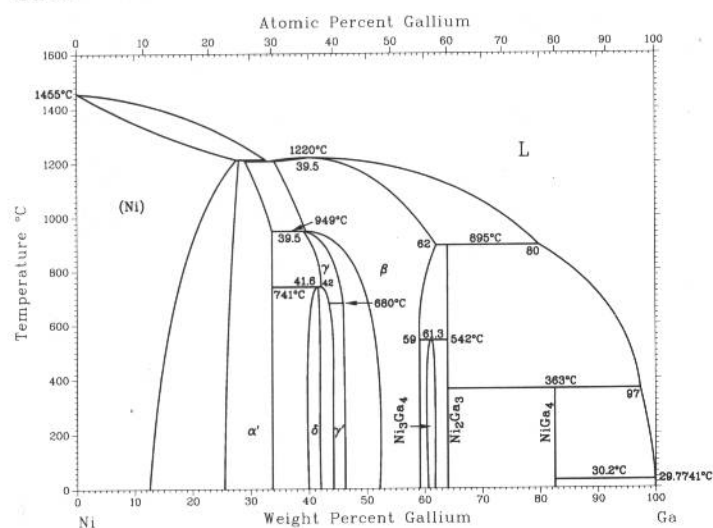
From [Moffatt]

Ga-Nd



Phase	Composition, wt% Nd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
βGa₃Nd	25.7	...	...
αGa₃Nd	25.7	<i>tP14</i>	<i>P4/nbm</i>
Ga₂Nd	~34 to 50.8	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
GaNd	67.4	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ga₃Nd₅	77.5	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
GaNd₃	86	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
(βNd)	? to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αNd)	? to 100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

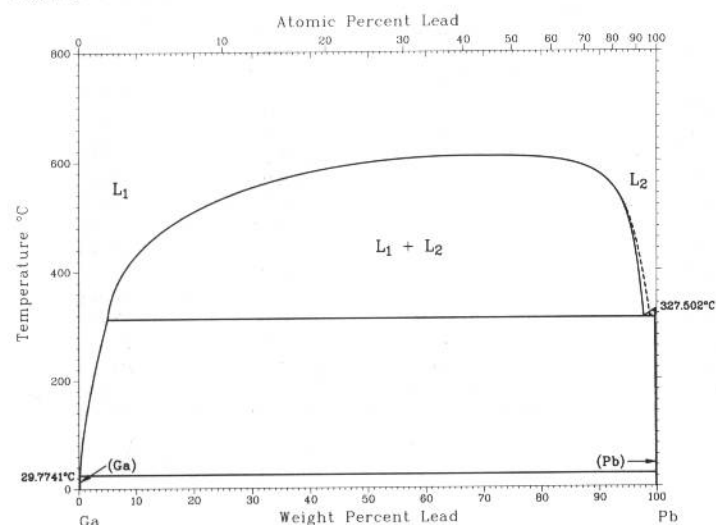
Ga-Ni



S.Y. Lee and P. Nash, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ga	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to 27.6	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
α'(Ni₃Ga)	25.8 to 34	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
β(NiGa)	34.2 to 62	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
γ(Ni₃Ga₂)	39.5 to 46	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
δ(Ni₅Ga₃)	40.3 to 42	<i>oC16</i>	<i>Cmmm</i>
γ'(Ni₃Ga₂)	~43.4 to ~46.4	...	...
Ni₃Ga₄	~60.8 to 61.7	<i>cI112</i>	<i>Ia3d</i>
β'(Ni₂Ga₃)	64	<i>hP5</i>	<i>P3m1</i>
ε(NiGa₄)	83	<i>cI52</i>	<i>I43m</i>
(Ga)	100	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>

Ga-Pb

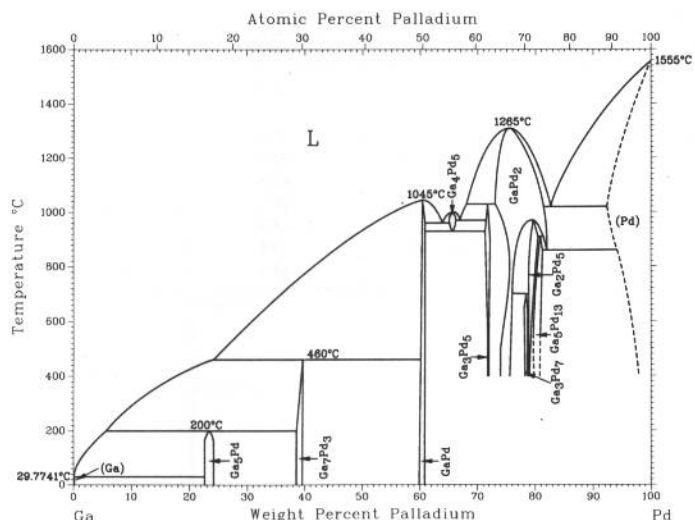


I. Ansara and F. Ajersch, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
(Pb)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

2•212/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

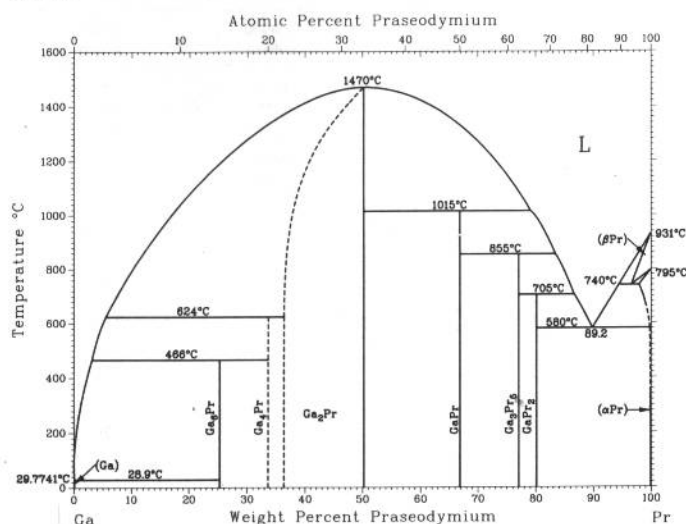
Ga-Pd



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
Ga ₅ Pd	~23.4	<i>tI24</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
Ga ₇ Pd ₃	~40	<i>cI40</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
GaPd	~60.4	<i>cP8</i>	<i>P2₁3</i>
Ga ₄ Pd ₅	~65.7	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
Ga ₃ Pd ₅	~71.8	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pbam</i>
GaPd ₂	73 to 82	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Ga ₃ Pd ₇	~78	...	...
Ga ₂ Pd ₅	79 to 80.5	<i>oP28</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Ga ₅ Pd ₁₃	80 to 81.3	<i>o**</i>	...
(Pd)	? to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

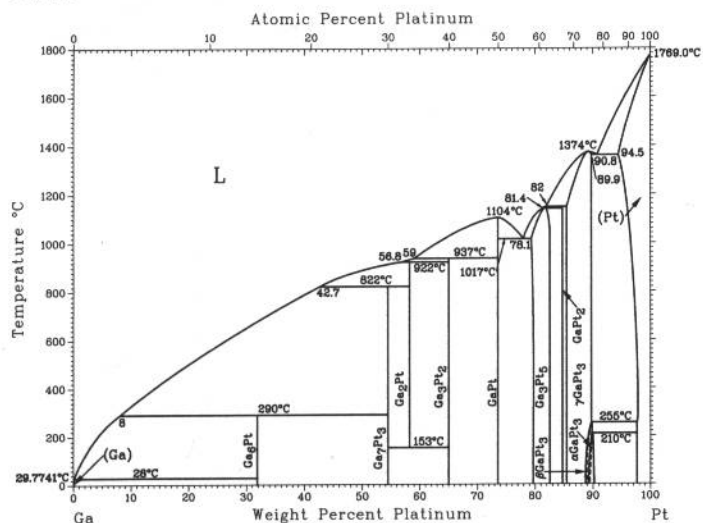
Ga-Pr



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Pr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
Ga ₆ Pr	25.2	<i>tI14</i>	<i>P4/nbm</i>
Ga ₄ Pr	34	...	...
Ga ₂ Pr	36 to 50.2	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
GaPr	66.9	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ga ₃ Pr ₅	77.1	<i>tP32</i>	<i>P4/ncc</i>
GaPr ₂	80.2	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(βPr)	96 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αPr)	98 to 100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Ga-Pt



H. Okamoto, 1990

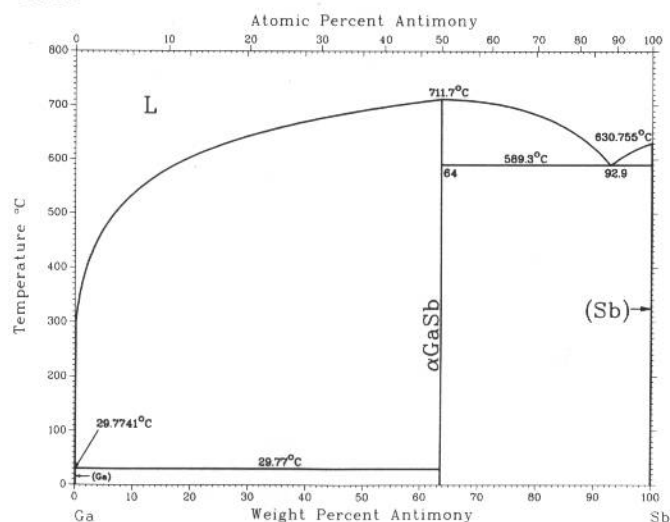
Phase	Composition, wt% Pt	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
Ga ₆ Pt	31.8	<i>o**</i>	...
Ga ₇ Pt ₃	55	<i>cI40</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
Ga ₂ Pt	58.3	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
Ga ₃ Pt ₂	65	<i>hP5</i>	<i>P3m1</i>
GaPt	73.7	<i>cP8</i>	<i>P2₁3</i>
Ga ₃ Pt ₅	79 to 83	<i>oC16</i>	<i>Cmmm</i>
γGaPt ₂	84.9	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pbam</i>
βGaPt ₂	84.9	<i>o**</i>	...
αGaPt ₂	84.9	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
γGaPt ₃	85 to 90	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
βGaPt ₃	~89	<i>tI16</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
αGaPt ₃	~89	<i>tP16</i>	<i>P4/mbm</i>
(Pt)	94.5 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

(a) Partially ordered. (b) Face-centered cubic. (c) Tetragonal. (d) Body-centered tetragonal. (e) Hexagonal

Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
Ga ₂ S	18.7	...	...
GaS	31.5	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
βGa ₄ S ₅	36.5	...	...
αGa ₄ S ₅	36.5	...	...
γGa ₂ S ₃	41	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃mc</i>
βGa ₂ S ₃	41	<i>mC20</i>	<i>Cc</i>
αGa ₂ S ₃	41	<i>cF8</i>	<i>F43m</i>

2•214/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Ga-Sb

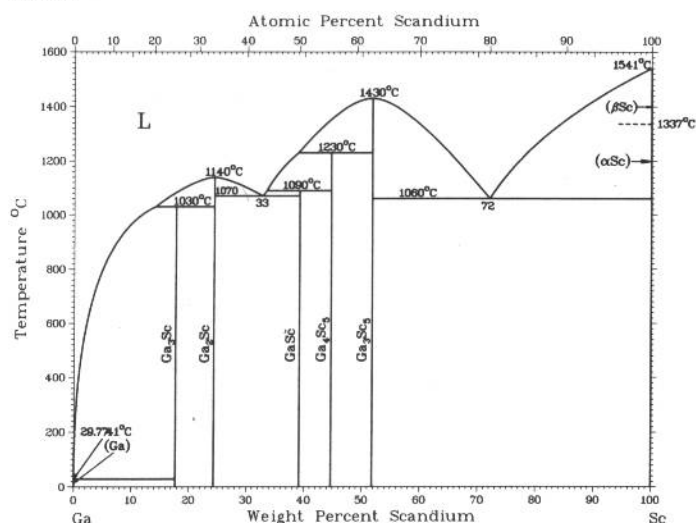


T.I. Ngai, R.C. Sharma, and Y.A. Chang, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
α GaSb	63.6	<i>cF8</i>	<i>F4\bar{3}m</i>
β GaSb(a)	63.6	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4_1/amd</i>
(Sb)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R\bar{3}m</i>

(a) At high pressure

Ga-Sc



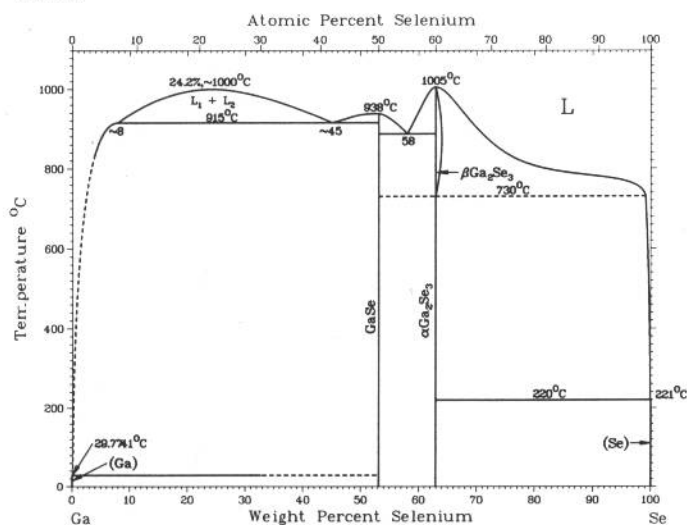
S.P. Yatsenko, A.A. Semyannikov, G.B. Semenov, and K.A. Chuntanov, 1979

Phase	Composition, wt% Sc	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
Ga ₃ Sc	18	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm\bar{3}m</i>
Ga ₂ Sc	24.4	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
GaSc	39.2	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ga ₄ Sc ₅	44.7	<i>tI84</i>	<i>I4_1mmm</i>
Ga ₃ Sc ₅	51.8	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6_3/mcm</i>
(β Sc)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im\bar{3}m</i>
(α Sc)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6_3/mmc</i>

Other reported phase

Ga ₃ Sc ₂	30	<i>oP32</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
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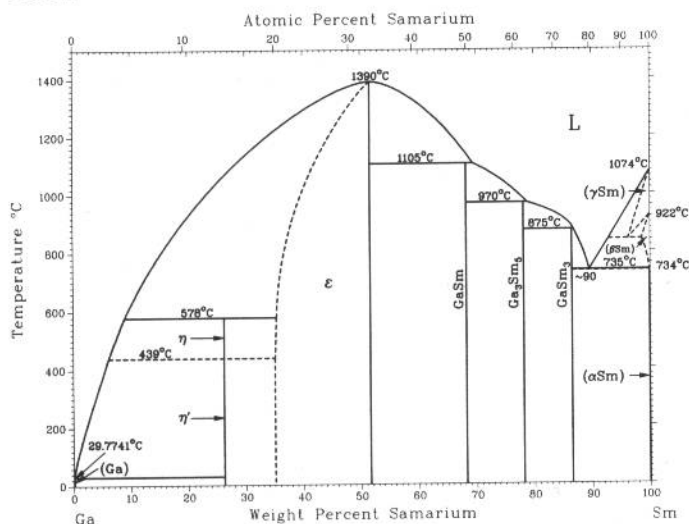
Ga-Se



From [Moffatt]

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
GaSe	53.1	<i>hR4</i> <i>hP8</i> <i>hP16</i>	<i>R\bar{3}m</i> <i>P\bar{6}</i> <i>P6_3mc</i>
β Ga ₂ Se ₃	~63	<i>c**</i>	...
α Ga ₂ Se ₃	63	<i>mC20</i>	<i>Cc</i>
(Se)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3_121</i>

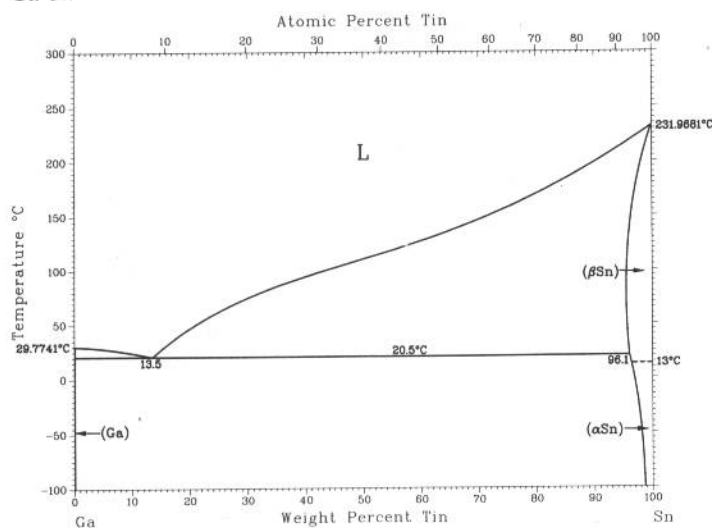
Ga-Sm



From [Moffatt]

Phase	Composition, wt% Sm	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
$\beta\text{Ga}_6\text{Sm}(\eta)$	26.5	...	...
$\alpha\text{Ga}_6\text{Sm}(\eta')$	26.5	<i>tP14</i>	<i>P4/nbm</i>
$\text{Ga}_2\text{Sm}(\epsilon)$	~35 to 51.8	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
GaSm	68.3	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ga_3Sm_5	78.2	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
GaSm_3	87	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Fm\bar{3}m</i>
(γSm)	? to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im\bar{3}m</i>
(βSm)	? to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6_3/mmc</i>
(αSm)	100	<i>hR3</i>	<i>R\bar{3}m</i>

Ga-Sn

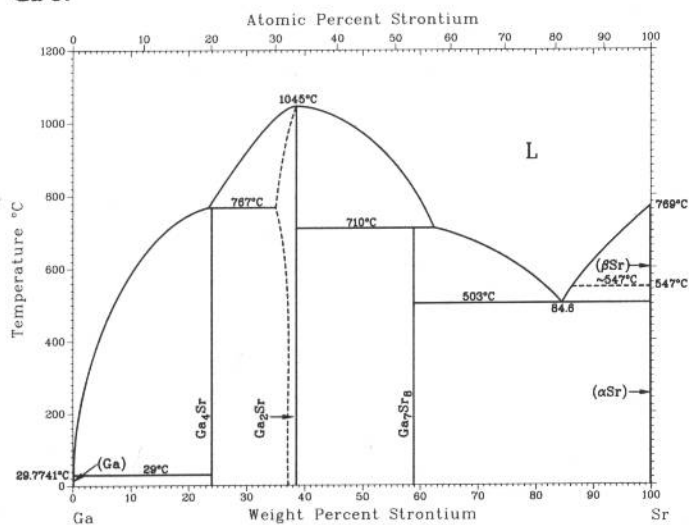


T.J. Anderson and I. Ansara, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αGa)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
(βGa)(a)	0 to 0.03	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(βSn)	96.1 to 100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4_1/amd</i>

(a) Above 1.2 GPa

Ga-Sr



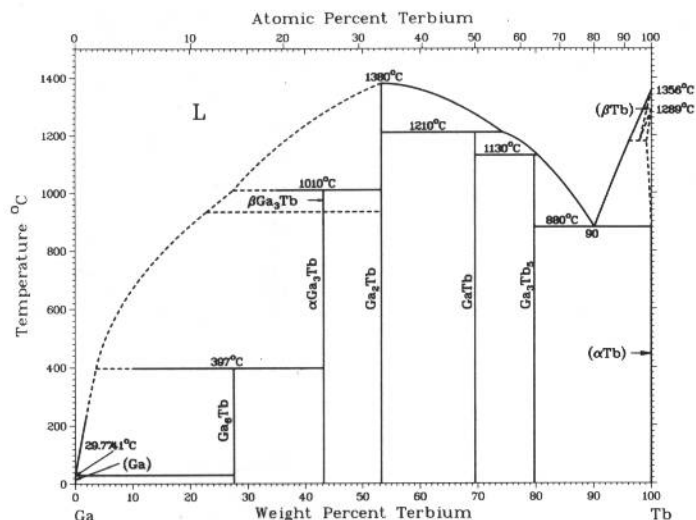
V.P. Itkin and C.B. Alcock, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Sr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6_3/mmc</i>
Ga_4Sr	24	<i>tI10</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Ga_2Sr	35 to 38.6 (a)	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
Ga_5Sr_8	58.9	<i>cP60</i>	<i>P2_13</i>
(αSr)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm\bar{3}m</i>
(βSr)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im\bar{3}m</i>

(a) After annealing at 900 °C

2•216/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

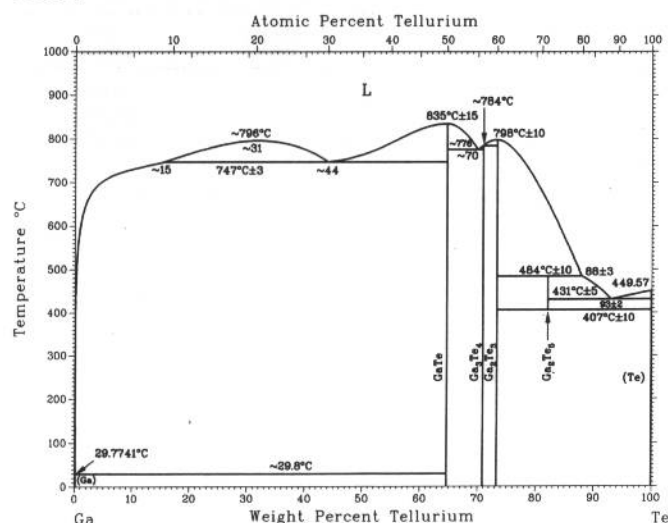
Ga-Tb



From [Moffatt]

Phase	Composition, wt% Tb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
Ga ₆ Tb	27.6	<i>tP14</i>	<i>P4/nbm</i>
β Ga ₃ Tb	43	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
α Ga ₃ Tb	43	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Ga ₂ Tb	53.2	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
GaTb	69.5	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ga ₃ Tb ₅	79.2	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
(β Tb)	? to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Tb)	? to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

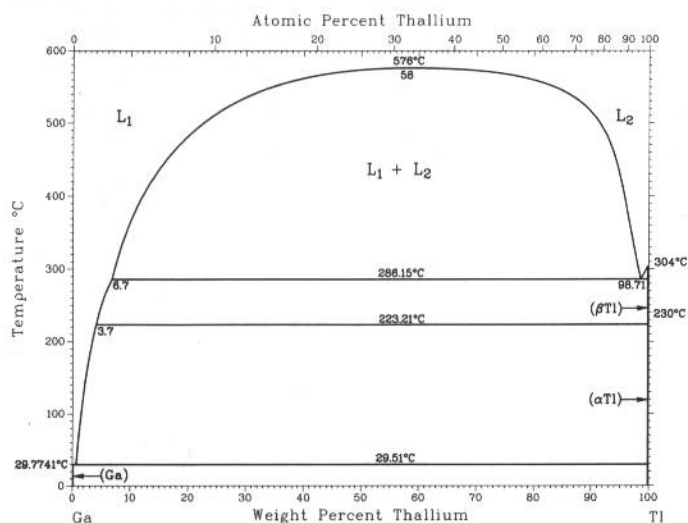
Ga-Te



U.R. Kattner, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
GaTe	64.7	<i>mC24</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
Ga ₃ Te ₄	70.9	<i>hP*</i>	...
Ga ₂ Te ₃	73	<i>cF8</i>	<i>F$\bar{4}3m$</i>
Ga ₂ Te ₅	82.1	<i>tI14</i>	<i>I4/m</i>
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>
Metastable (thin film)			
GaTe	64.7	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Ga-Tl

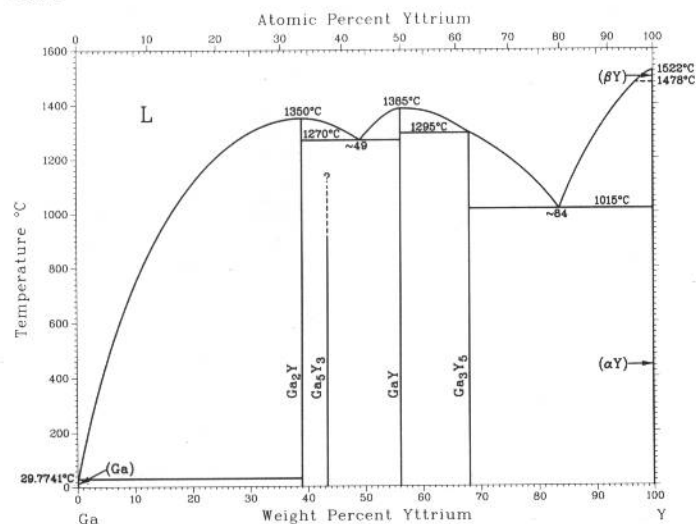


J. Klingbeil and R. Schmid-Fetzer, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
(α Tl)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(β Tl)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>

2•218/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

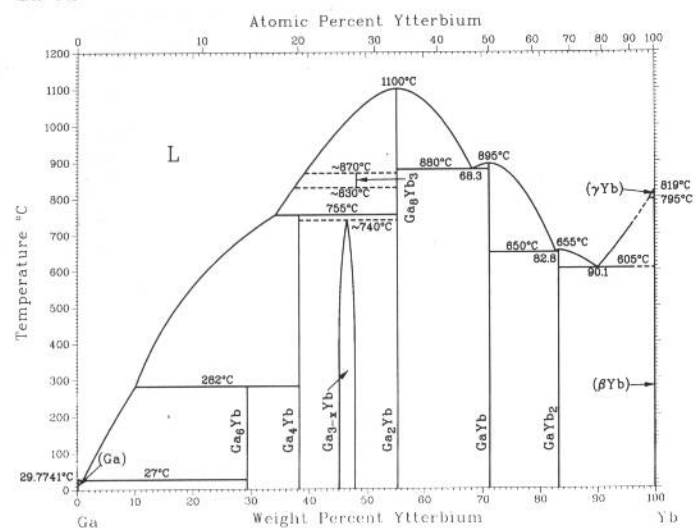
Ga-Y



S.P. Yatsenko, 1977

Phase	Composition, wt % Y	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
Ga ₂ Y	38.9	...	...
Ga ₅ Y ₃	43.3	<i>oP32</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
GaY	56.0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ga ₃ Y ₆	68.0	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
(βY)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αY)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Ga-Yb

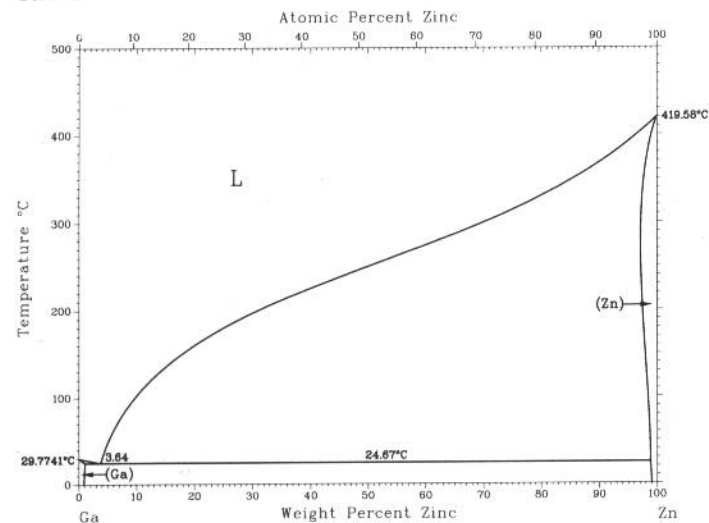


A. Palenzona and S. Cirafici, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt % Yb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αGa)	~0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
Ga ₈ Yb	29.3	<i>tP14</i>	<i>P4/nbm</i>
Ga ₄ Yb	38	<i>mC10</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
Ga _{3-x} Yb(a)	45 to 48.5	<i>hP54.3</i>	<i>P6₃/mmm</i>
Ga ₈ Yb ₃	48.2	<i>oI22</i>	<i>Immm</i>
Ga ₂ Yb	55.3	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
GaYb	71.3	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
GaYb ₂	83.3	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(γYb)	~100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(βYb)	~100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(αYb)	~100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

(a) 0 ≤ x ≤ 0.36

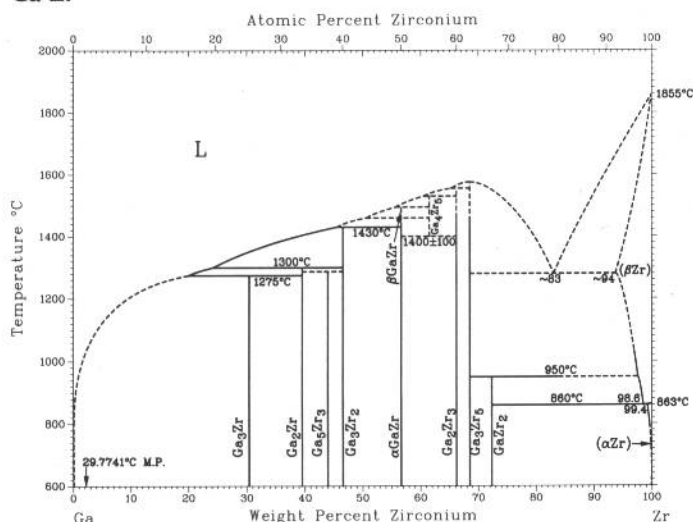
Ga-Zn



J. Dutkiewicz, Z. Moser, L. Zabdyr, D.D. Gohil, T.G. Chart, I. Ansara, and C. Girard, 1990

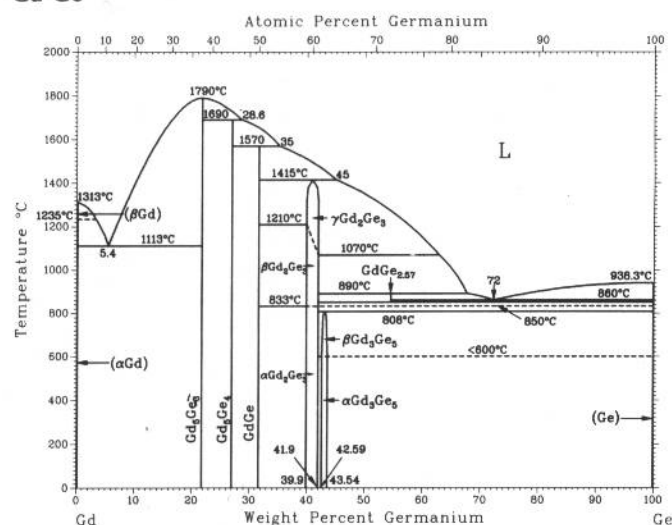
Phase	Composition, wt % Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0 to 0.75	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
(Zn)	97.49 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Ga-Zr



Phase	Composition, wt% Zr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ga)	0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
Ga ₃ Zr	30	<i>tl16</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Ga ₂ Zr	39.5	<i>oC12</i>	<i>Cmmm</i>
Ga ₅ Zr ₃	44.0	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ga ₃ Zr ₂	47	<i>oF40</i>	<i>Fdd2</i>
βGaZr	56.7	...	...
αGaZr	56.7	<i>tl16</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
Ga ₄ Zr ₅	62.1	<i>hP18</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
Ga ₂ Zr ₃	66	<i>tlP10</i>	<i>P4/mbm</i>
Ga ₃ Zr ₅	68.6	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
GaZr ₂	72.4	<i>tl12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
(βZr)	~94 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αZr)	99.4 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Gd-Ge

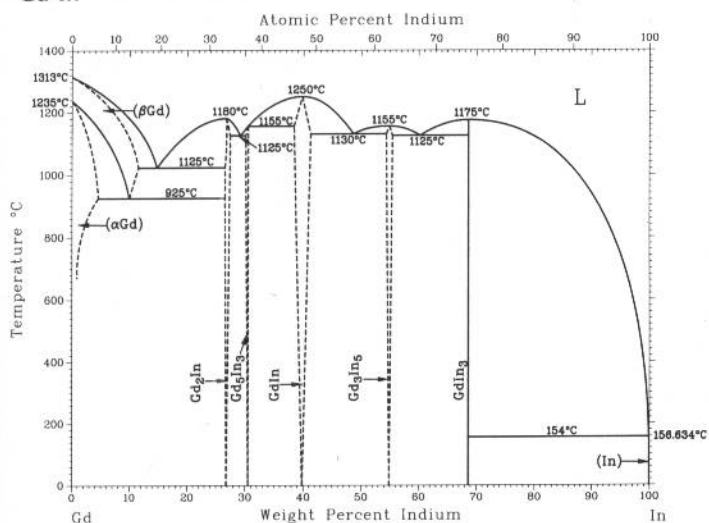


A.B. Gokhale and G.J. Abbaschian, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
βGd(a)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
αGd(b)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Gd ₅ Ge ₃	21.7	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
Gd ₅ Ge ₄	27.0	(c)	<i>Pnma</i>
GdGe	31.6	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
γGd ₂ Ge ₃	40 to 42	...	...
βGd ₂ Ge ₃	40 to 42	...	...
αGd ₂ Ge ₃	40 to 42	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6₃/mmm</i>
βGd ₃ Ge ₅ (d)	42.59 to 43.54	(c)	<i>Imma</i>
αGd ₃ Ge ₅	42.59 to 43.54	<i>tl12</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
GdGe _{2.57}	54	(c)	<i>C222₁</i>
Ge	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>

(a) From 1313 to >1235 °C. (b) From 1235 °C. (c) Orthorhombic. (d) Also designated "GdGe_{2-n}"

Gd-In



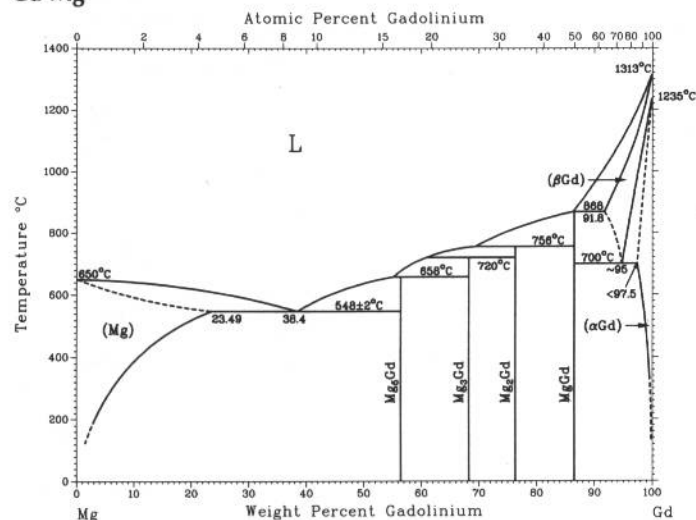
A. Palenzona and S. Cirafici, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βGd)	0 to ~11	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αGd)	0 to ~5	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Gd ₂ In	26.7 ± ~1	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Gd ₃ In ₃	30.5 ± ~1	<i>tl32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
GdIn(a)	39 ± ~2	<i>cP2</i> or <i>cI2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i> or <i>Im3m</i>
Gd ₃ In ₅	54.9 ± ~1	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
GdIn ₃	69	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
(In)	~100	<i>tl2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>

(a) Possibly metastable

2•220/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Gd-Mg

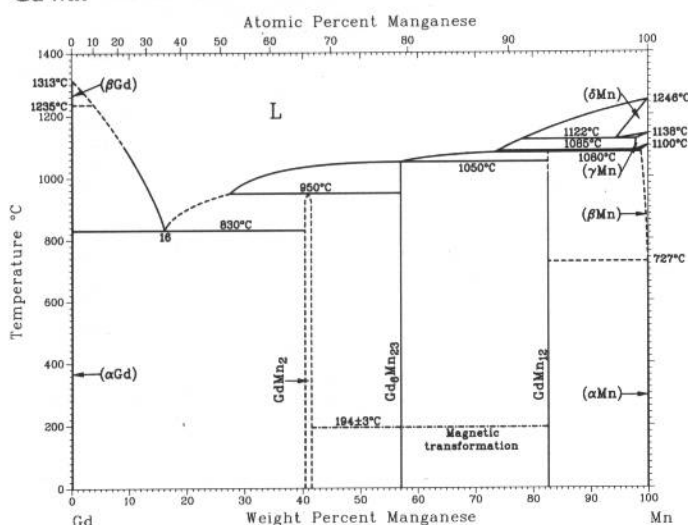


A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Gd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0 to 23.49	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Mg ₅ Gd	56.41(a)	(b)	<i>F43m</i>
Mg ₃ Gd	68	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
Mg ₂ Gd	76.38	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
MgGd	86.6	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
(βGd)	? to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αGd)	<97.5 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

(a) There may be a small homogeneity range. The exact stoichiometry was reported as Mg_{5.05}Gd, closely related to that of Sm₁₁Cd₄₅. (b) Cubic

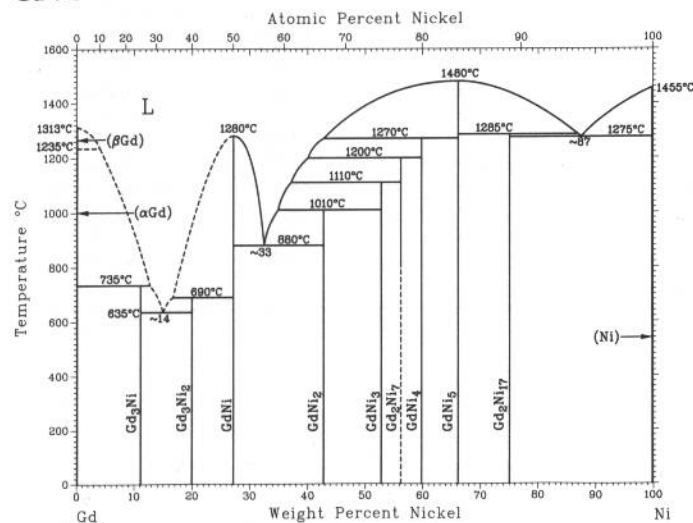
Gd-Mn



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βGd)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αGd)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
GdMn ₂	~41.2	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
Gd ₃ Mn ₂₃	57.2	<i>cF116</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
GdMn ₁₂	80.7	<i>dI26</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(δMn)	~95 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(γMn)	~97 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(βMn)	~100	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4₁32</i>
(αMn)	100	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I43m</i>

Gd-Ni

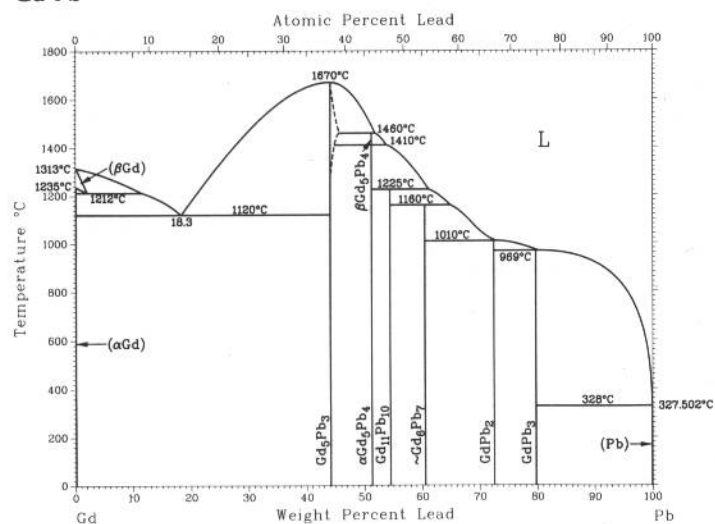


Y.Y. Pan and P. Nash, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ni	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βGd)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(αGd)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
Gd ₃ Ni	11.1	<i>oP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mmm</i>
Gd ₃ Ni ₂	19.9	<i>r**</i>	...
GdNi	27.2	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
GdNi ₂	42.8	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
GdNi ₃	52.8	<i>hP24</i>	<i>R3m</i>
Gd ₂ Ni ₇	56.7	<i>hP36</i> (a) <i>hR54</i> (b)	<i>P6₃/mmc</i> <i>R3m</i>
GdNi ₄	59.9	<i>hP6</i>	...
GdNi ₅	65.1	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmm</i>
Gd ₂ Ni ₁₇	76.1	<i>hP38</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(Ni)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

(a) High-temperature form. (b) Low-temperature form

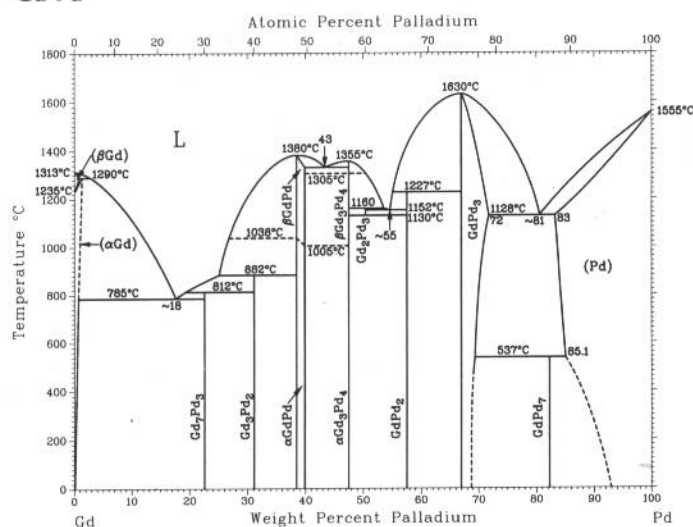
Gd-Pb



A. Palenzona and S. Cirafici, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βGd)	0 to 3	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αGd)	0 to 1	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Gd ₅ Pb ₃	44.2 to 46	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mcm$
Gd ₅ Pb ₄	51.3	<i>oP36</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Gd ₁₁ Pb ₁₀	54.5	...	...
GdPb ₃	80	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Pb)	>99.6 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

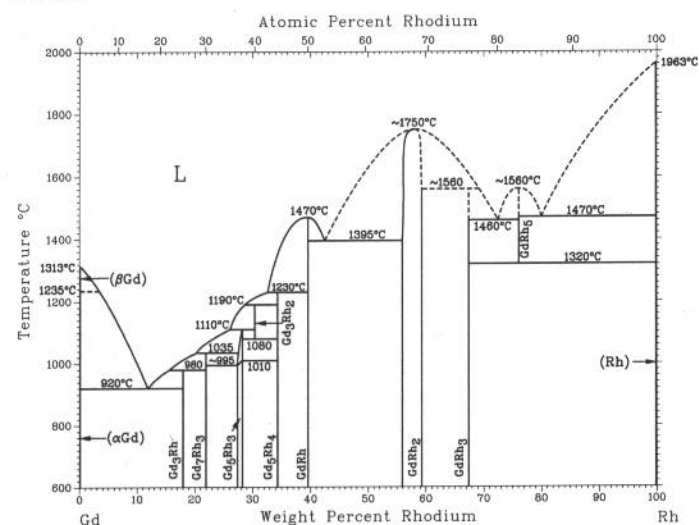
Gd-Pd



H. Okamoto, 1990

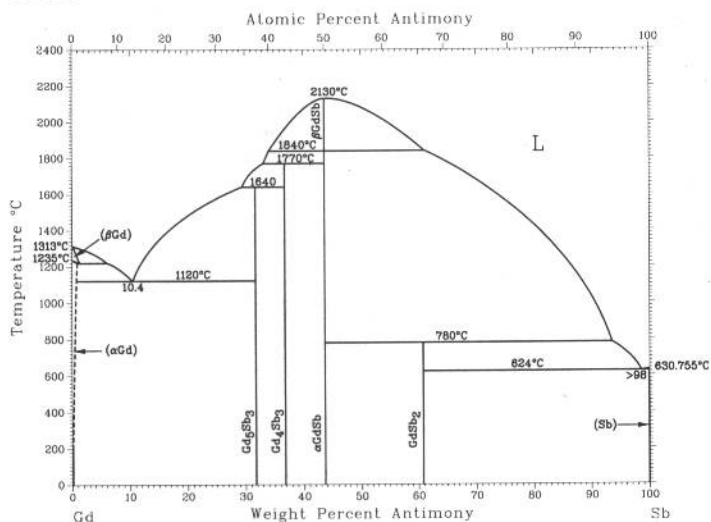
Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βGd)	0 to 0.68	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αGd)	0 to 1.4	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Gd ₇ Pd ₃	23	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}mc$
Gd ₃ Pd ₂	31	<i>tP10</i>	<i>P4/mbm</i>
βGdPd	~40.4	...	...
αGdPd	~40.4	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Gd ₃ Pd ₄	47.4	<i>hR14</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$
Gd ₂ Pd ₃	50	...	...
GdPd ₃	67 to 72	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
GdPd ₇	82.6	...	...
(Pd)	83 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

Gd-Rh

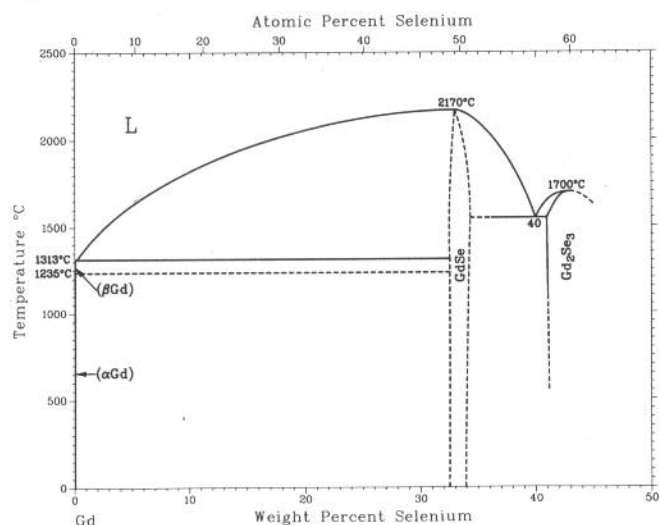


H. Okamoto, 1990

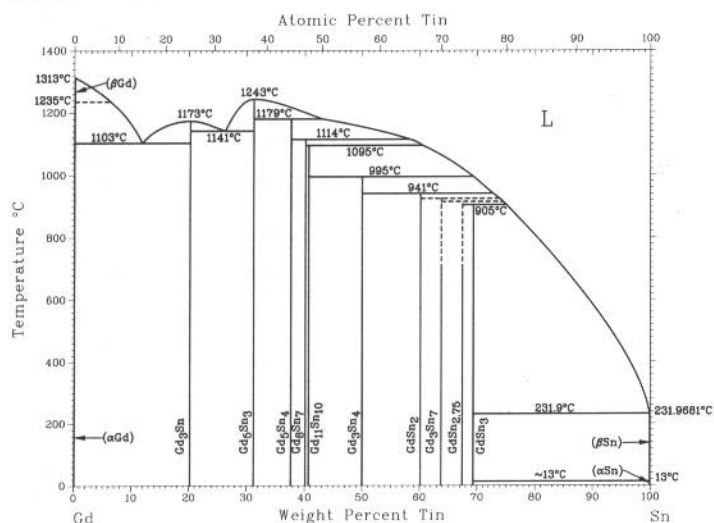
Phase	Composition, wt% Rh	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βGd)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αGd)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Gd ₃ Rh	18	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Gd ₇ Rh ₃	22	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}mc$
βGd ₅ Rh ₃	~28.2	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mcm$
αGd ₅ Rh ₃	~28.2	...	...
Gd ₃ Rh ₂	30	<i>tI140</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
Gd ₅ Rh ₄	34.3	<i>oP36</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
GdRh	39.6	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pd</i> $\bar{3}m$
GdRh ₂	56 to 59	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
GdRh ₃	66	<i>hP24</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
GdRh ₅	76.5	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
(Rh)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$



Gd-Se



Gd-Sn



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βGd)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αGd)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Gd ₅ Sb ₃	31.7	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
Gd ₄ Sb ₃	36.8	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I43d</i>
βGdSb	43.6	...	...
αGdSb	43.6	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
GdSb ₂	60.8	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(Sb)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>

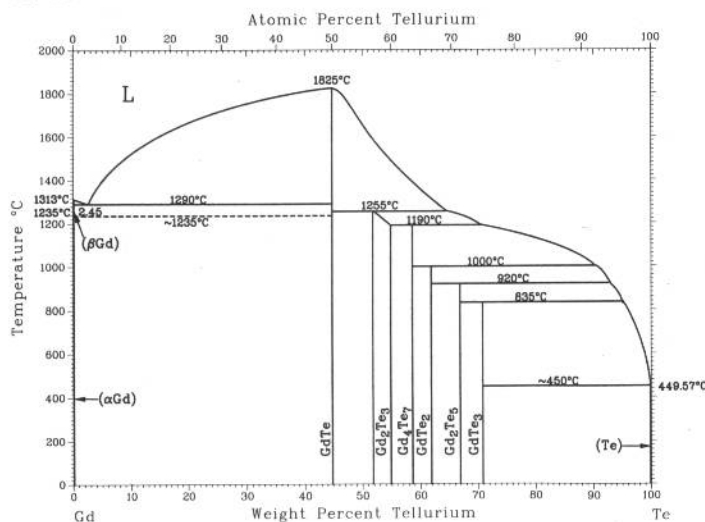
N.Yu. Pribyl'skii, I.G. Vasileva, and R.S. Gamidov, 1982

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βGd)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αGd)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
GdSe	33 to 34	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Gd ₂ Se ₃	~41 to ?	<i>oP20</i> or <i>cI28</i>	<i>Pnma</i> <i>I$\bar{4}3d$</i>
Other reported phases			
GdSe ₂	50.1	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
		<i>o*144</i>	...
		<i>r*24</i>	...

A. Palenzona and S. Cirafici, 1991

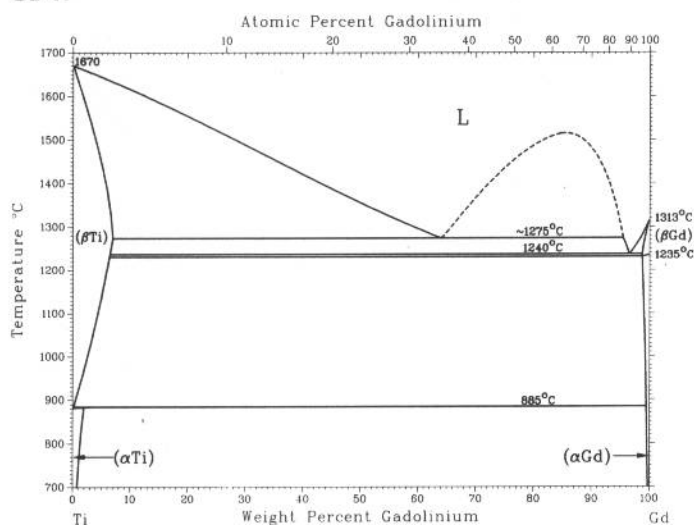
Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(β Gd)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(α Gd)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Gd ₃ Sn	20	...	...
Gd ₅ Sn ₃	31.2	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
Gd ₅ Sn ₄	37.6	<i>oP36</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Gd ₈ Sn ₇	39.8	...	...
Gd ₁₁ Sn ₁₀	40.7	<i>tI84</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Gd ₃ Sn ₄	50.1	...	...
GdSn ₂	60.2	<i>oC12</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Gd ₃ Sn ₇	64	<i>oC20</i>	<i>Cmmm</i>
GdSn _{2.75}	67.5	<i>oC15</i>	<i>Amm2</i>
GdSn ₃	69	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β Sn)	100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(α Sn)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>F$\bar{4}3m$</i>

Gd-Te



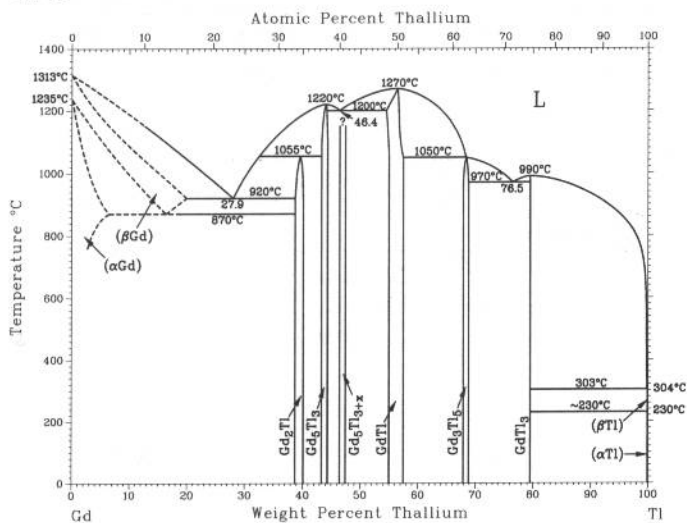
Phase	Composition, wt % Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βGd)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αGd)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
GdTe	44.8	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Gd ₂ Te ₃	52 to 55	<i>oP20</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Gd ₄ Te ₇	58.6	<i>tP6</i>	<i>P4/nmm</i>
GdTe ₂	61.9	...	...
Gd ₂ Te ₅	67.0	<i>oC28</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
GdTe ₃	71	<i>oC16</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>

Gd-Ti



Phase	Composition, wt% Gd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi)	0 to ~6	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αTi)	0 to ~1.9	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βGd)	~99 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αGd)	~99 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Gd-Tl

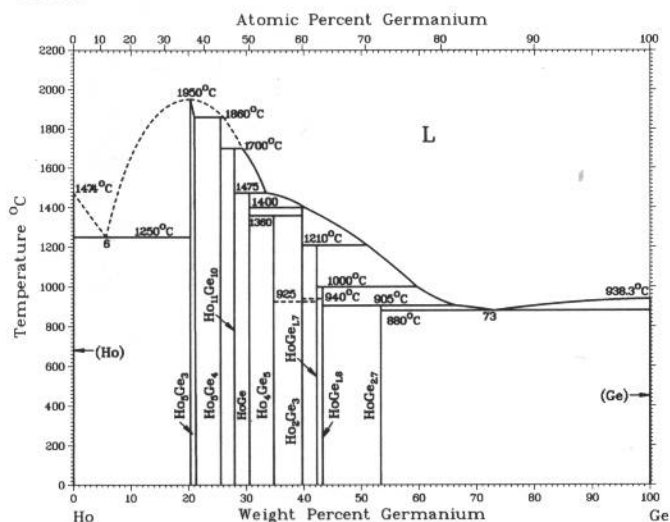


Phase	Composition, wt% Ti	Pearson symbol	Space group
(α Gd)	0 to ?	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(β Gd)	0 to ~20	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Gd ₂ Tl	~39 to ~40	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Gd ₅ Tl ₃	~43 to ~44	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
Gd ₅ Tl _{3+x}	?	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
GdTl(a)	~55 to ~58	<i>cP2</i> (or <i>cI2</i>)	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i> <i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
GdTl(b)	~55 to ~58	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
Gd ₃ Tl ₅	~68 to ~69	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
GdTl ₃	80	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β Tl)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Tl)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

(a) Cubic structure presumed to be room- and higher-temperature phases. (b) Tetragonal structure presumed to be lower-temperature phase.

2•224/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

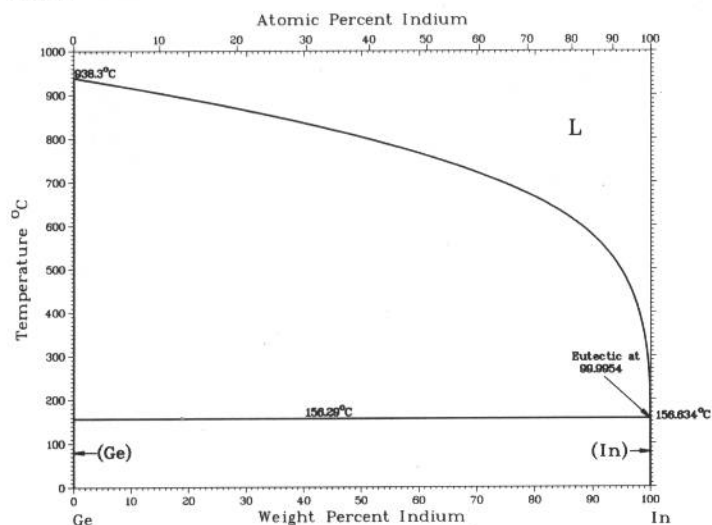
Ge-Ho



V.N. Eremenko, I.M. Obushenko, and Yu.I. Buyanov, 1980

Phase	Composition, wt% Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ho)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Ho ₅ Ge ₃	~20.9	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
Ho ₅ Ge ₄	26.0	<i>oP36</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Ho ₁₁ Ge ₁₀	28.6	<i>tI84</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
HoGe	30.6	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ho ₄ Ge ₅	35.5	...	...
βHo ₂ Ge ₃	40	<i>oC12</i>	<i>Cmmm</i>
αHo ₂ Ge ₃	40	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
βHoGe _{1.7}	43	...	...
αHoGe _{1.7}	43	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
HoGe _{1.8}	44.2	...	...
HoGe _{2.7}	54	<i>o**</i>	...
(Ge)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>

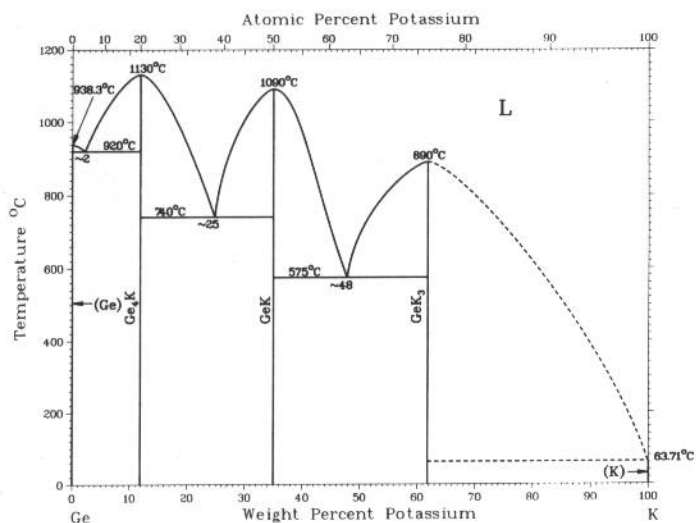
Ge-In



R.W. Olesinski, N. Kanani, and G.J. Abbaschian, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
(In)	100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>

Ge-K



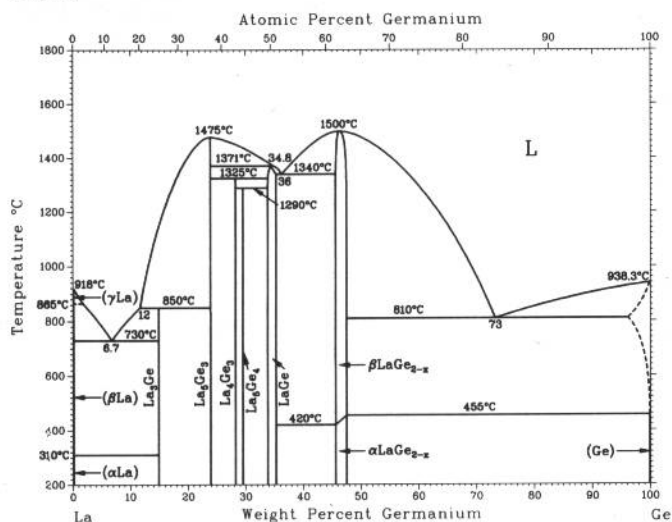
H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% K	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
Ge ₂₃ K ₄ (a)	8.6	<i>cP54</i>	<i>Pm3n</i>
Ge ₄ K	12	...	...
GeK	35.0	<i>cP64</i>	<i>P43m</i>
GeK ₃	62	...	...
(K)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

(a) Not shown in the phase diagram

A.B. Gokhale and G.J. Abbaschian, 1989

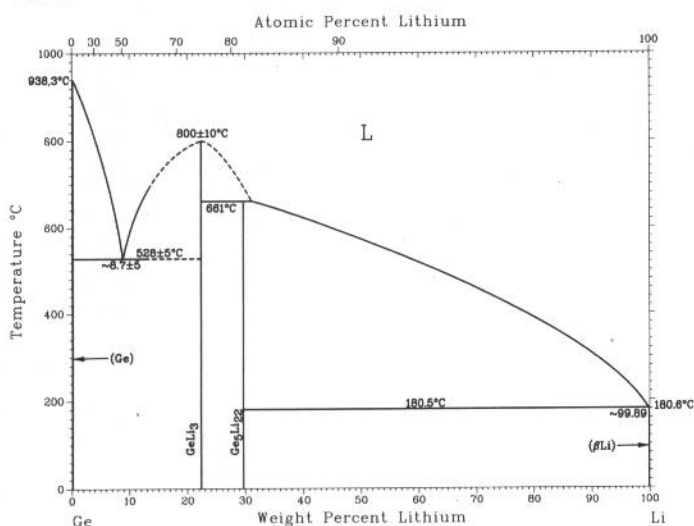
Ge-La



Phase	Composition, wt% Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γLa)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βLa)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αLa)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
La ₃ Ge	15	<i>t**</i>	...
La ₅ Ge ₃	23.9	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mcm$
La ₄ Ge ₃	28.2	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}3d$
La ₅ Ge ₄	29.5	<i>oP*</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
LaGe	33 to 35	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
αLaGe _{2-x}	45.5 to 46.4	<i>oI*</i>	<i>Imma</i>
βLaGe _{2-x}	45.5 to 46.4	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}_1/amd$
(Ge)	? to 100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$

Ge-Li

H. Okamoto, 1990

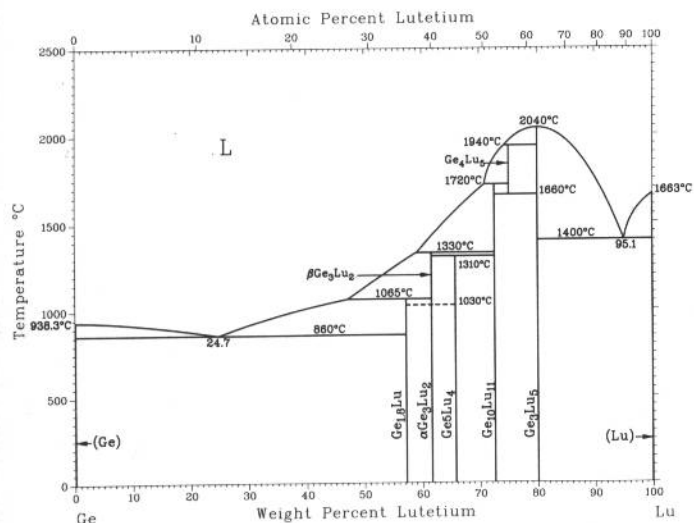


Phase	Composition, wt% Li	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
GeLi(a)	8.7	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}_1/a$
Ge ₆ Li ₁₁ (a)	14.9	<i>oC68</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
GeLi ₂ (a)	16.1	...	...
GeLi ₃	22	...	...
Ge ₂ Li ₇ (a)	25.1	<i>oC36</i>	<i>Cmmm</i>
Ge ₄ Li ₁₅ (a)	26.3	<i>cI76</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}3d$
Ge ₃ Li ₂₂	29.6	<i>cF432</i>	<i>F</i> $\bar{2}3$
(βLi)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) Not shown in the diagram

Ge-Lu

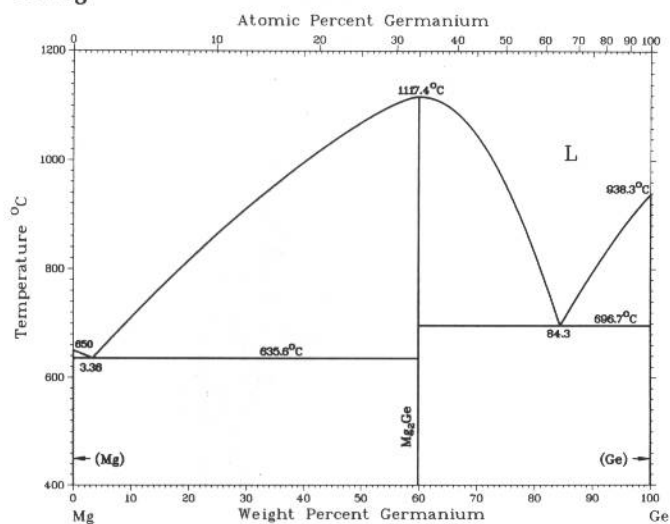
H. Okamoto, 1990



Phase	Composition, wt% Lu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ge _{1.8} Lu	57.2	<i>oC12</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ge ₃ Lu ₂	62	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmm$
Ge ₅ Lu ₄	65.8	...	...
Ge ₁₀ Lu ₁₁	72.6	<i>iF84</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}/mmm$
Ge ₄ Lu ₅	75.1	<i>oP36</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Ge ₃ Lu ₅	80.1	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mcm$
(Lu)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

2•226/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

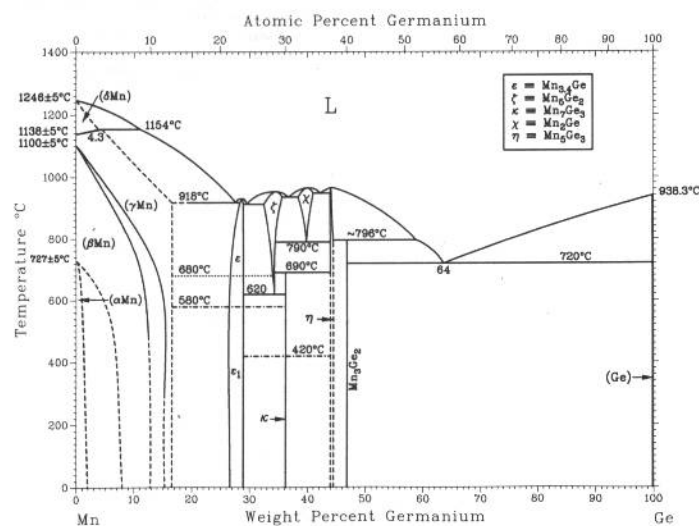
Ge-Mg



A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi, R.W. Olesinski, G.J. Abbaschian, and J.B. Clark, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	~0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Mg ₂ Ge	59.90	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}$m</i>
(Ge)	~100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}$m</i>

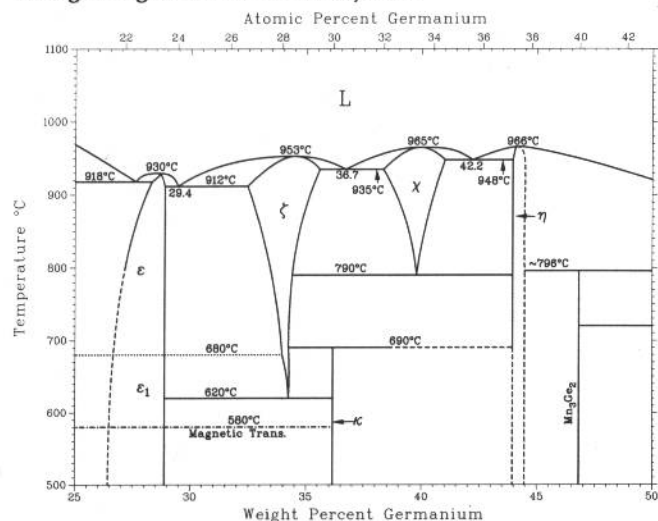
Ge-Mn



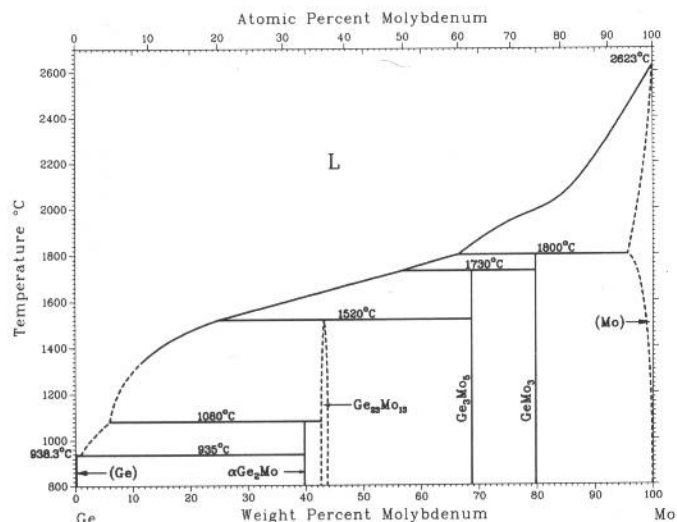
A.B. Gokhale and G.J. Abbaschian, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δMn)	0 to 4.3	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}$m</i>
(γMn)	0 to ~16	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}$m</i>
(βMn)	0 to ~13	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4₁32</i>
(αMn)	0 to ~2.0	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I$\bar{4}$3m</i>
ε	~28.0	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
ε ₁	~28.0	<i>tI8</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
ζ	~34.6	<i>hP128</i>	<i>P3c1</i>
κ	36	<i>o**</i>	...
χ	~39.9	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
η	~44.2	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
Mn ₃ Ge ₂	47	...	...
(Ge)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}$m</i>

Enlarged region of the Mn-Ge system



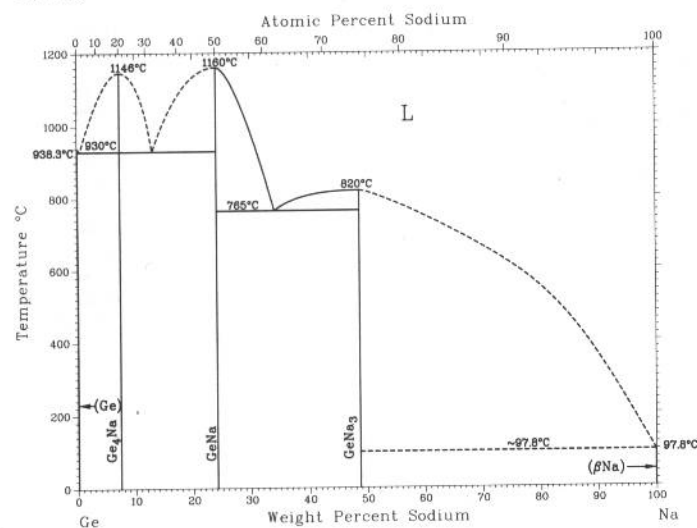
Ge-Mo



Phase	Composition, wt% Mo	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
$\alpha\text{Ge}_2\text{Mo}$	39.7	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
$\beta\text{Ge}_2\text{Mo}$ (HP)	...	<i>tI8</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
$\text{Ge}_{23}\text{Mo}_{13}$ (a)	43 to 44	<i>tP144</i>	<i>P4n2</i>
Ge_3Mo_5	68.8	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6_3/mcm</i>
GeMo_3	80	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm3n</i>
(Mo)	? to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

(a) Also reported as $\text{Ge}_{41}\text{Mo}_{23}$ and $\text{Ge}_{16}\text{Mo}_9$ or $\text{Ge}_{1.7}\text{Mo}$

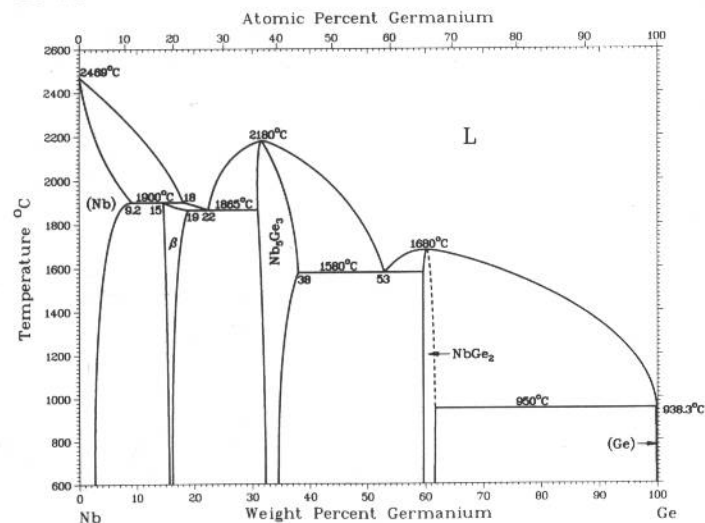
Ge-Na



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Na	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
Ge_4Na	7	<i>cP*</i>	<i>Pm3n</i>
GeNa	24.0	<i>mP32</i>	<i>P2_1/c</i>
GeNa_3	49	...	...
(Na)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

Ge-Nb

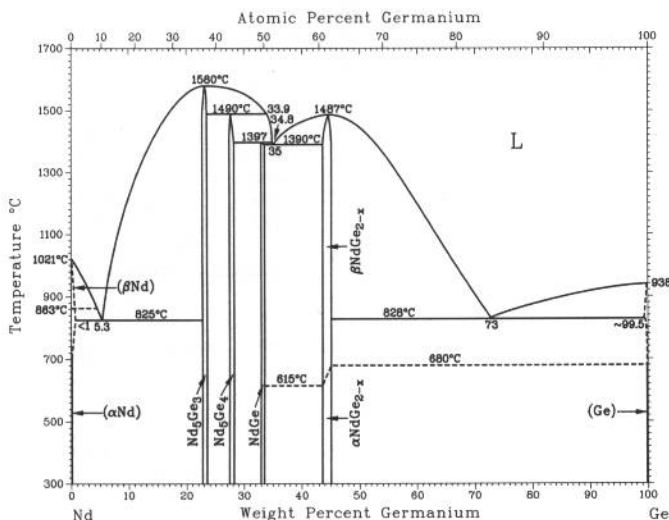


From [Moffatt]

Phase	Composition, wt% Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Nb)	0 to 9.2	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
β	15 to 19	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm3n</i>
Nb_5Ge_3	32 to 38	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
NbGe_2	~61.0	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P6_222</i>
(Ge)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>

2•228/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

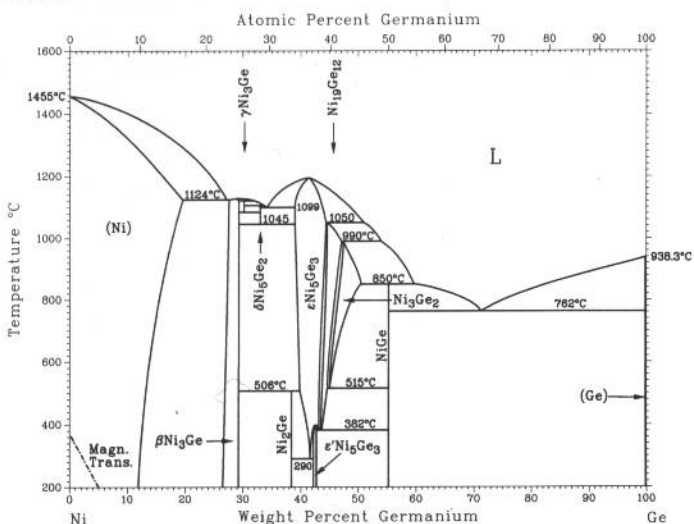
Ge-Nd



A.B. Gokhale and G.J. Abbaschian, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αNd)	0 to <1	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
(βNd)	0 to <1	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
Nd ₅ Ge ₃	22.3 to 23.2	hP16	$P6_3/mcm$
Nd ₅ Ge ₄	26.8 to 27.8	oP*	$Pnma$
NdGe	33 to 33.5	oC8	$Cmcm$
αNdGe _{2-x}	43 to 44.7	oI*	$Imma$
βNdGe _{2-x}	43 to 44.7	tI12	$I4_1/amd$
(Ge)	100	cF8	$Fd\bar{3}m$

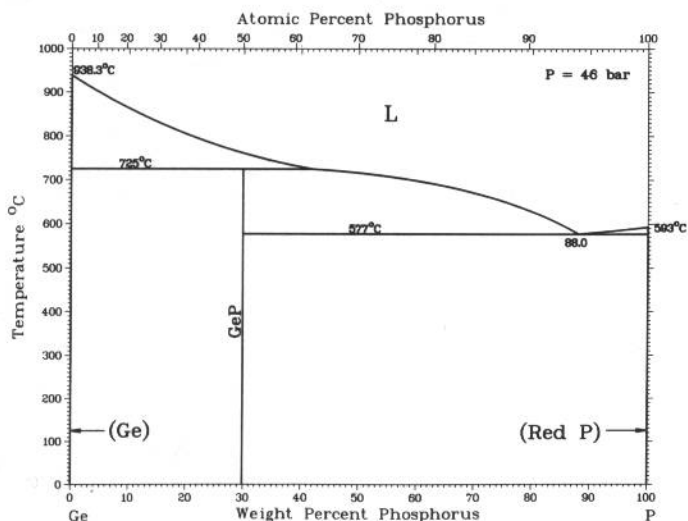
Ge-Ni



A. Nash and P. Nash, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to 19	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
βNi ₃ Ge	26.4 to 29	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
γNi ₃ Ge	29.9	...	...
δNi ₅ Ge ₂	33	hP84	$P6_3/mmc$
Ni ₂ Ge	38.4	oP12	$Pnma$
ε'Ni ₅ Ge ₃	~42	mC32	$C2$
εNi ₅ Ge ₃	40 to 49	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
Ni ₁₀ Ge ₁₂	43 to 46	mC62	$C2$
Ni ₃ Ge ₂ (a)	46 to 48	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
NiGe	55.3	oP8	$Pnma$
(Ge)	100	cF8	$Fd\bar{3}m$

Ge-P



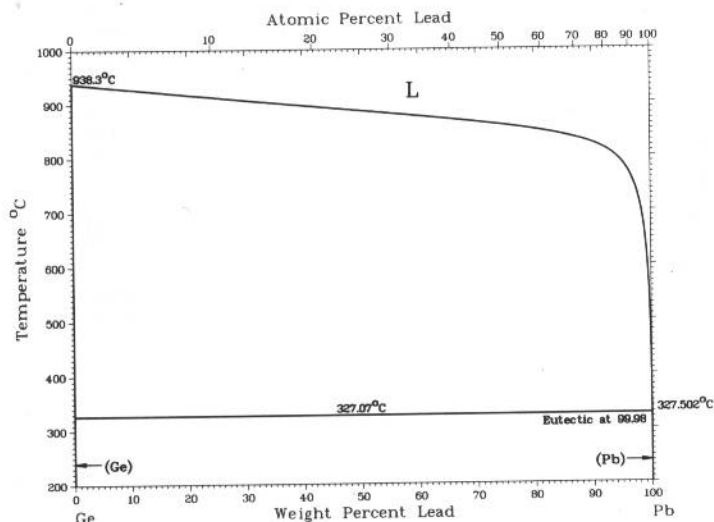
R.W. Olesinski, N. Kanani, and G.J. Abbaschian, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt% P	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0 to 0.07	cF8	$Fd\bar{3}m$
GeP	29.9	(a)	$C2/m$
GeP(b)	29.9	(c)	$I4/mmm$
GeP ₃ (b)	56	hR2	$R\bar{3}m$
GeP ₅ (b)	68.0	hR2	$R\bar{3}m$
Red P	100	...	...
White P	100	...	...
Black P	100	oC8	$Cmca$

(a) Orthorhombic. (b) High-temperature phase. (c) Tetragonal

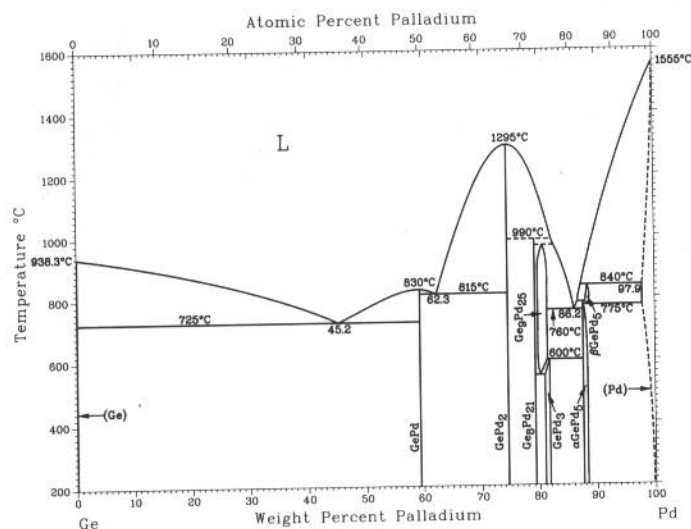
R.W. Olesinski and G.J. Abbaschian, 1984

Ge-Pb



Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
(Pb)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

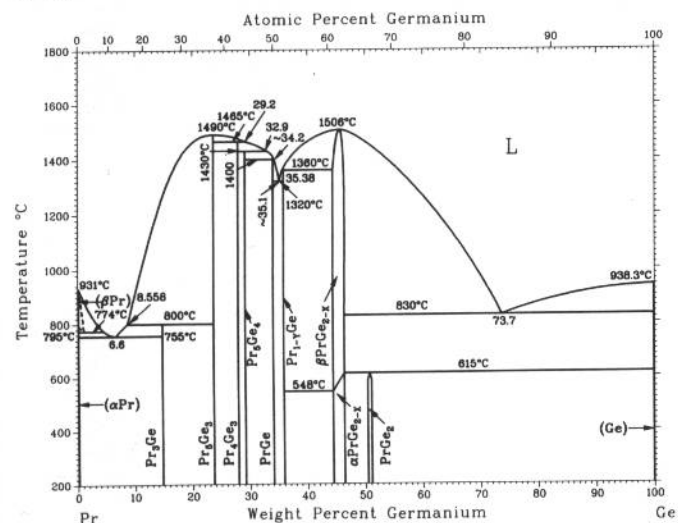
Ge-Pd



Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
GePd	59.4	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
GePd ₂	74.6	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P62m</i>
Ge ₃ Pd ₂₁	79.4	<i>tI116</i>	<i>I4₁/a</i>
Ge ₉ Pd ₂₅	80 to 81.5	<i>hP34</i>	<i>P3</i>
GePd ₃	81.1 to 81.9	...	...
βGePd ₅	88.1 to 88.9	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
αGePd ₅	87.7 to 88.5	<i>mC24</i>	<i>C2</i>
(Pd)	97.9 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

H. Okamoto, 1992

Ge-Pr

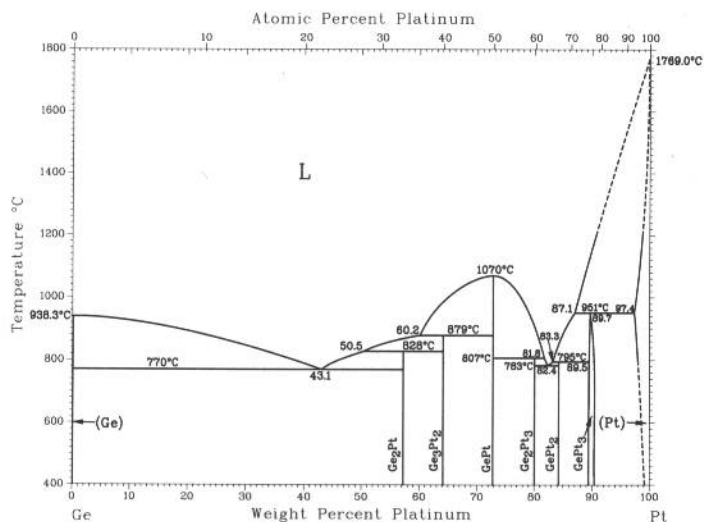


A.B. Gokhale, A. Munitz, and G.J. Abbaschian, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βPr)	0 to ?	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αPr)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Pr ₃ Ge	15	<i>t**</i>	...
Pr ₅ Ge ₃	23.8	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
Pr ₄ Ge ₃	27.9	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I4d</i>
Pr ₅ Ge ₄	29.2	<i>oP*</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
PrGe	34.0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Pr _{1-y} Ge	35.5	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
αPrGe _{2-x}	45 to 46.3	<i>oI*</i>	<i>Imma</i>
βPrGe _{2-x}	45 to 46.3	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
PrGe ₂	~50.8	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(Ge)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>

2•230/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

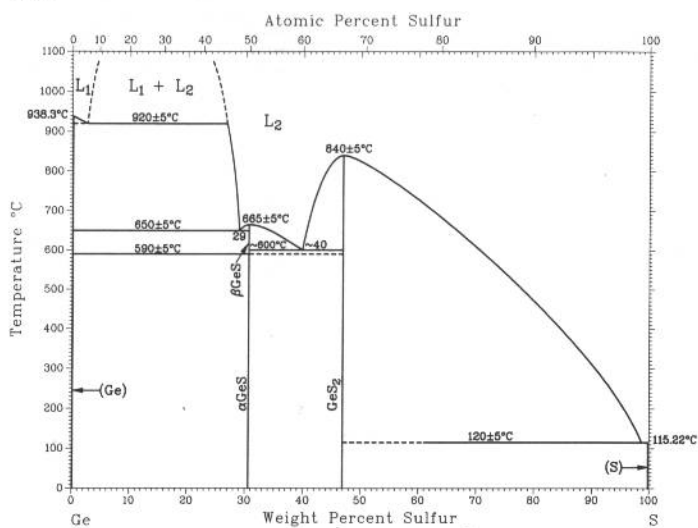
Ge-Pt



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Pt	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
Ge ₂ Pt	57.3	<i>oP6</i>	<i>Pnnm</i>
Ge ₃ Pt ₂	64	<i>oP20</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
GePt	72.9	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Ge ₂ Pt ₃	80	<i>oP40</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
GePt ₂	84.3	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P62m</i>
GePt ₃	90 to 91	<i>mC16</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
(Pt)	97.4 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
Metastable phase			
GePt ₃	90 to 91	<i>dI16</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>

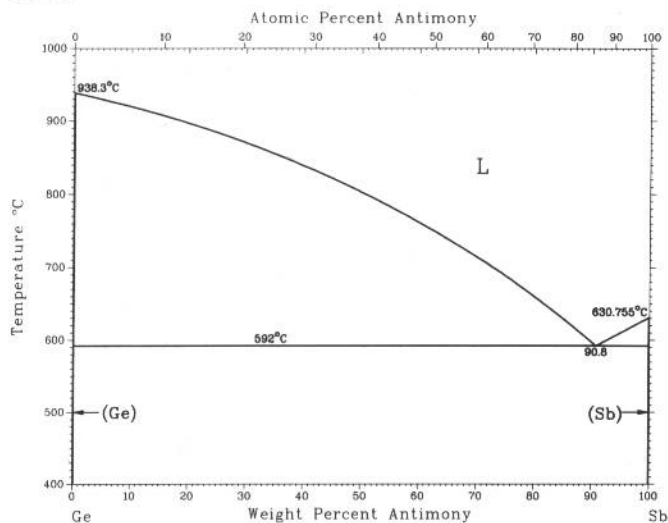
Ge-S



C.H. Lin, A.S. Pashinkin, and A.V. Novoselova, 1963

Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
βGeS	30.6	<i>h**</i>	...
αGeS	30.6	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
GeS ₂	46.9	<i>oF72</i>	<i>Fdd2</i>

Ge-Sb

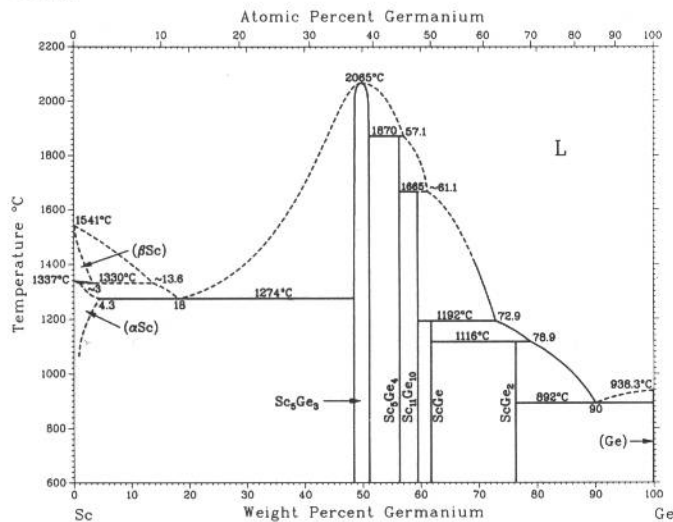


R.W. Olesinski and G.J. Abbaschian, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
(Sb)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>

A.B. Gokhale and G.J. Abbaschian, 1986

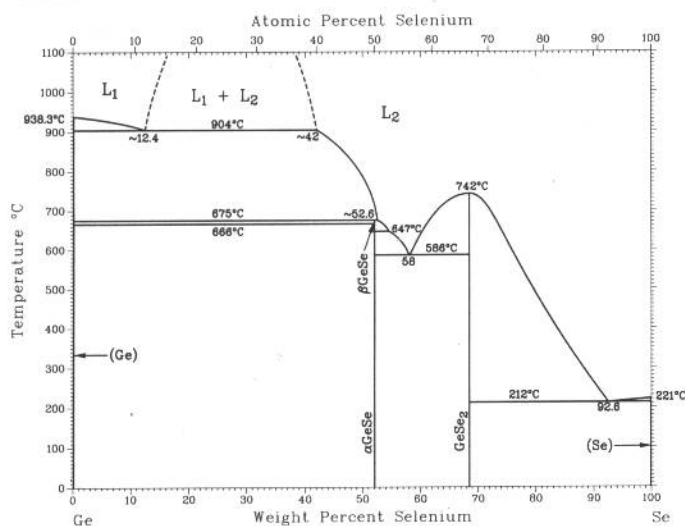
Ge-Sc



Phase	Composition, wt% Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βSc)	0 to ~3	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αSc)	0 to 4.3	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>
Sc ₃ Ge ₃	48.1 to 50.3	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mcm</i>
Sc ₃ Ge ₄	56.4	...	...
Sc ₁₁ Ge ₁₀	59.5	...	<i>I4</i> / <i>mnm</i>
ScGe	61.8	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
ScGe ₂	76.4	<i>oC12</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
(Ge)	~100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$

A.B. Gokhale and G.J. Abbaschian, 1990

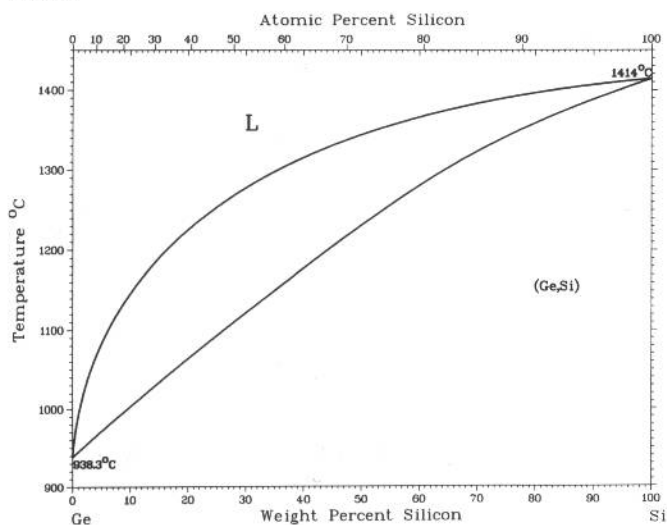
Ge-Se



Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
αGeSe	52.1	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
βGeSe	52.1	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
GeSe ₂	68.51	...	...
(γSe)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3</i> $\bar{1}21$

Note: Crystal structures of the low-temperature α and β forms of Se are not known.

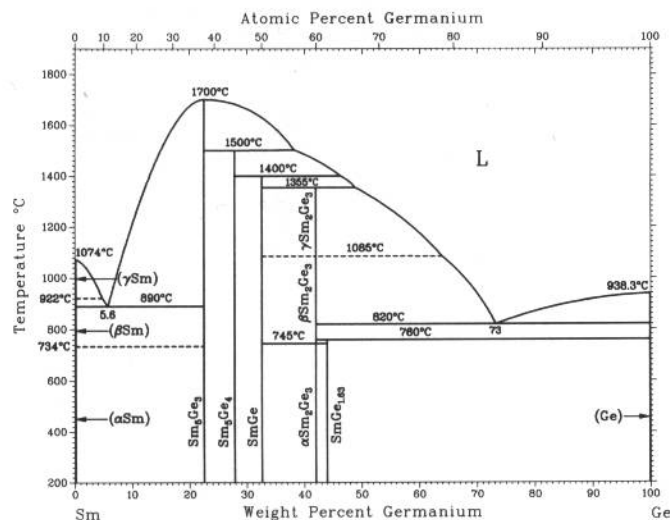
Ge-Si



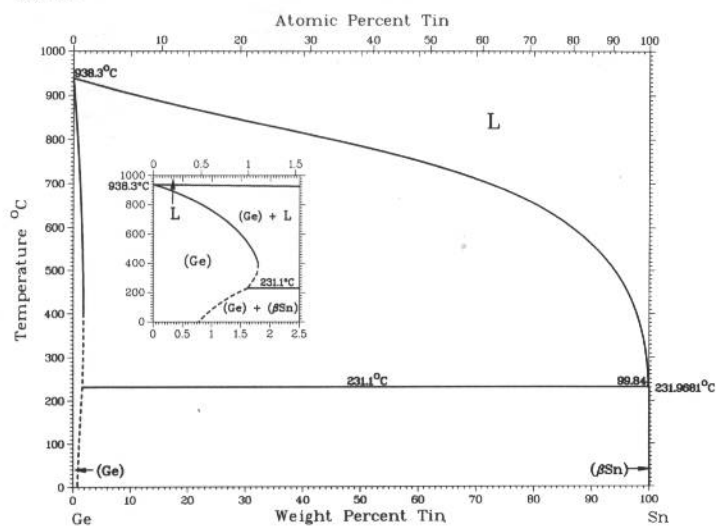
R.W. Olesinski and G.J. Abbaschian, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge,Si)	0 to 100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
High-pressure phases			
GeII	...	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4</i> ₁ / <i>amd</i>
SiII	...	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4</i> ₁ / <i>amd</i>

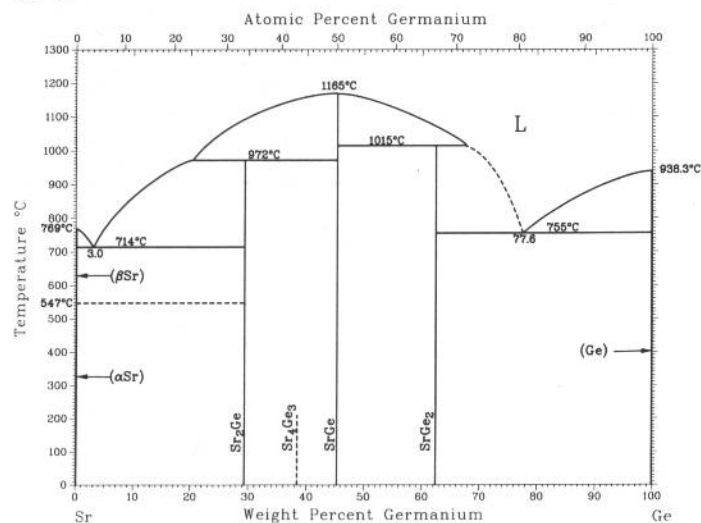
Ge-Sm



Ge-Sn



Ge-Sr



A.B. Gokhale and G.J. Abbaschian, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt % Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γ Sm)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β Sm)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
(α Sm)	0	<i>hR3</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Sm $_5$ Ge $_3$	22.5	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mcm</i>
Sm $_5$ Ge $_4$	27.9	<i>oP*</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
SmGe	32.6	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
γ Sm $_2$ Ge $_3$	42	...	...
β Sm $_2$ Ge $_3$	42	...	...
α Sm $_2$ Ge $_3$	42	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
SmGe $_{1.63}$	44	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4$_1$/amd</i>
(Ge)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>

R.W. Olesinski and G.J. Abbaschian, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0 to 1.8	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β Sn)	100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4$_1$/amd</i>
(α Sn)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
Pressure stabilized phase			
GeII	0 to 15	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4$_1$/amd</i>
Crystallized from amorphous phase			
Ge $_y$ Sn $_{1-y}$	42 to 62.0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>F$\bar{4}3m$</i>

P.R. Subramanian, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(α Sr)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}$m</i>
(β Sr)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}$m</i>
Sr ₂ Ge	29.3	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Sr ₄ Ge ₃	~38.4	<i>oI40</i>	<i>Immm</i>
SrGe	45.3	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
SrGe ₂	62.4	<i>oP24</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(Ge)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}$m</i>

Phase diagram of the Ge-Tb system. The y-axis represents Temperature in °C (0 to 2000), and the x-axis represents Weight Percent Terbium (0 to 100). The diagram shows the liquid phase (L) and various solid phases: (Ge), Ge_3Tb , $\alpha\text{Ge}_{2-y}\text{Tb}$, $\beta\text{Ge}_{2-y}\text{Tb}$, GeTb , $\text{Ge}_9\text{Tb}_{11}$, Ge_4Tb_6 , Ge_3Tb_6 , and (αTb) . Key temperatures are marked at 938.5°C, 830°C, 840°C, 880°C, 890°C, 1380°C, 1420°C, 1580°C, 1660°C, 1840°C, 1900°C, 1180°C, 1356°C, and 1289°C.

Phase	Composition, wt % Tb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
Ge ₃ -αTb	45	<i>oC18</i>	<i>C222₁</i>
Ge ₂ Tb	52.2	...	...
βGe _{2-<i>x</i>} Tb	56	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
αGe _{2-<i>x</i>} Tb	56	...	...
βGe _{2-<i>y</i>} Tb	59	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6₃/mmm</i>
αGe _{2-<i>y</i>} Tb	59	...	...
GeTb	68.6	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ge ₁₀ Tb ₁₁	70.7	<i>tI84</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Ge ₄ Tb ₅	73.3	<i>oP36</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
GeTb ₅	78.5	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
(Tb)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Atomic Percent Tellurium

Temperature °C

938.3°C

720°C

724°C

64.29

430°C

400°C

376°C

365°C

90.87

449.57°C

(Ge)

(Te)

Ge

Weight Percent Tellurium

Te

H. Okamoto, 1990			
Phase	Composition, wt % Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
β GeTe	~63.7 to 65	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
α GeTe	~63.7 to 65	<i>hR*</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
γ GeTe	~65 to 66	<i>o**</i>	...
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3121</i>

Atomic Percent Germanium

Temperature °C

Weight Percent Germanium

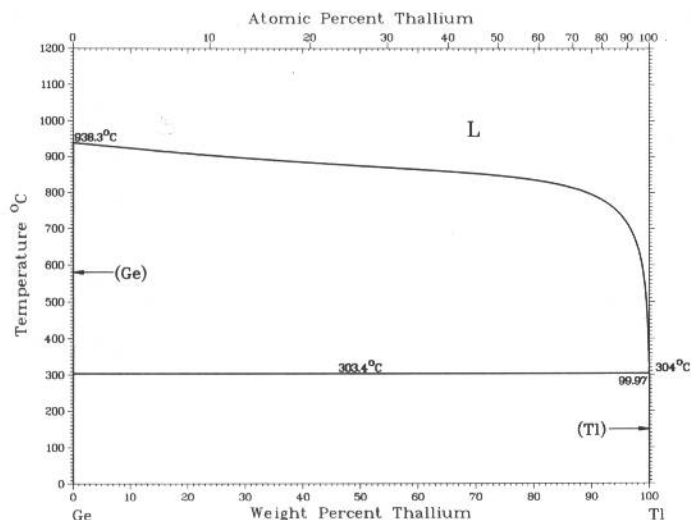
Key features of the phase diagram:

- Temperature Range:** 600 to 2200 °C.
- Composition Range:** 0 to 100 Weight Percent Germanium.
- Phases:**
 - L:** Liquid phase.
 - (δ Ti):** Titanium phase with a maximum solubility of 21 wt% Ge at 1325°C.
 - (α Ti):** Titanium phase.
 - Ti_5Ge_3 , Ti_8Ge_5 , $TiGe_2$:** Intermetallic compounds.
 - (Ge):** Germanium phase.
- Key Temperatures:**
 - 1670°C: Melting point of pure Ti.
 - 1650°C: Peritectic temperature for Ti_5Ge_3 .
 - 1325°C: Eutectic temperature for the (δ Ti) - Ti_5Ge_3 system.
 - 1075°C: Peritectic temperature for Ti_8Ge_5 .
 - 900°C: Peritectic temperature for $TiGe_2$.
 - 860°C: Eutectic temperature for the (α Ti) - Ti_5Ge_3 system.
 - 882°C: Melting point of pure Ti.
 - 921°C: Melting point of pure Ge.
 - 936.3°C: Eutectic temperature for the $TiGe_2$ - (Ge) system.

Phase	Composition, wt% Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi)	0 to ?	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αTi)	0 to ?	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Ti ₅ Ge ₃	47.6	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
Ti ₆ Ge ₅	55.9	<i>oI44</i>	<i>Immm</i>
TiGe ₂	75.2	<i>oF24</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
(Ge)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

2•234/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

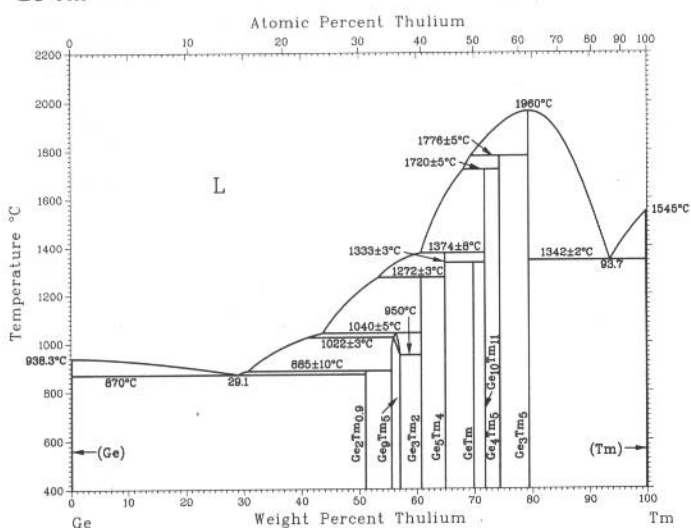
Ge-Tl



R.W. Olesinski and G.J. Abbaschian, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0.06	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
(βTl)	99.97 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αTl)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>

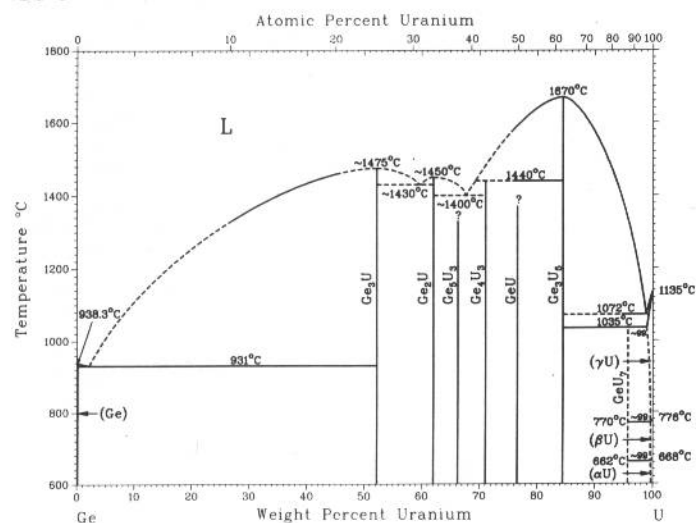
Ge-Tm



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Tm	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
Ge ₂ Tm _{0.9}	51	<i>oC12</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
βGe ₉ Tm ₅	56.4	...	...
αGe ₉ Tm ₅	56.4	...	...
Ge ₃ Tm ₂	61	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P63/mmm</i>
Ge ₅ Tm ₄	65.0	...	...
GeTm	69.9	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ge ₁₀ Tm ₁₁	71.9	<i>tI84</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Ge ₄ Tm ₅	74.4	<i>oP36</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Ge ₃ Tm ₅	79.5	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P63/mcm</i>
(Tm)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>

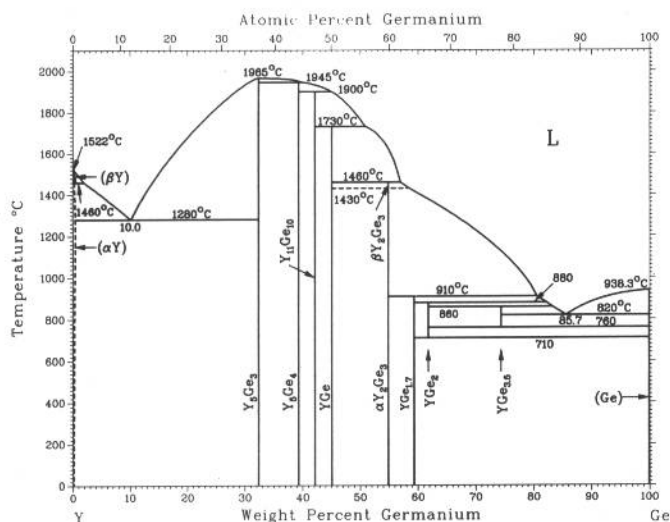
Ge-U



V.S. Lyashenko and V. Bykov, 1960

Phase	Composition, wt% U	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
Ge ₃ U	52	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
Ge ₂ U	62.1	<i>hP3</i> or <i>oC12</i>	<i>P63/mmm</i> <i>Cmcm</i>
Ge ₅ U ₃	66.3	...	...
Ge ₄ U ₃	71.1	<i>o*8</i>	...
GeU	76.6	...	...
Ge ₃ U ₅	84.5	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P63/mcm</i>
GeU ₇	95.8	...	...
(γU)	~99 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(βU)	~99 to 100	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P42/mnm</i>
(αU)	~99 to 100	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>

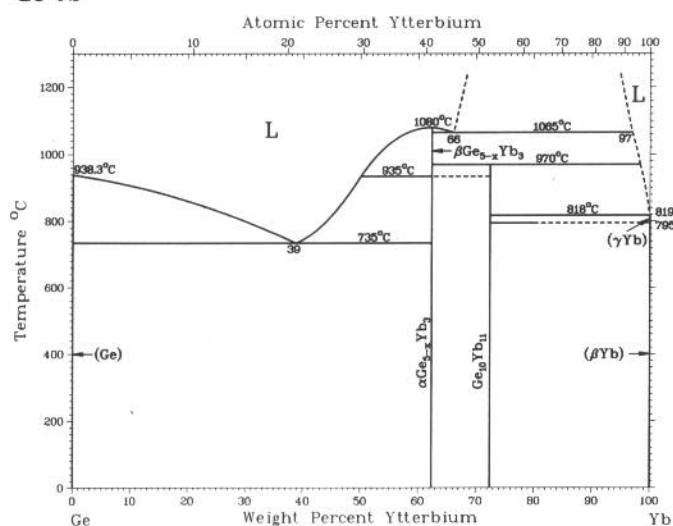
Ge-Y



Phase	Composition, wt% Ge	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αY)	0 to ~0.81	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βY)	0 to ~0.81	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
Y ₅ Ge ₃	32.9	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
Y ₅ Ge ₄	39.52	<i>oP36</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Y ₁₁ Ge ₁₀	42.6	<i>tI84</i>	<i>I4₁/mmm</i>
YGe	45.0	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
βY ₂ Ge ₃	55	...	<i>Pccm(a)</i>
αY ₂ Ge ₃	55	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6₃/mmm</i>
βY ₃ Ge ₅	57.6	<i>oF72</i>	<i>Fdd2</i>
αY ₃ Ge ₅	57.6	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
YGe ₂	62.03	<i>oC12</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Y ₂ Ge ₇	74.09	...	<i>C222₁(a)</i>
(Ge)	0 to ~0.4	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>

(a) Tentative

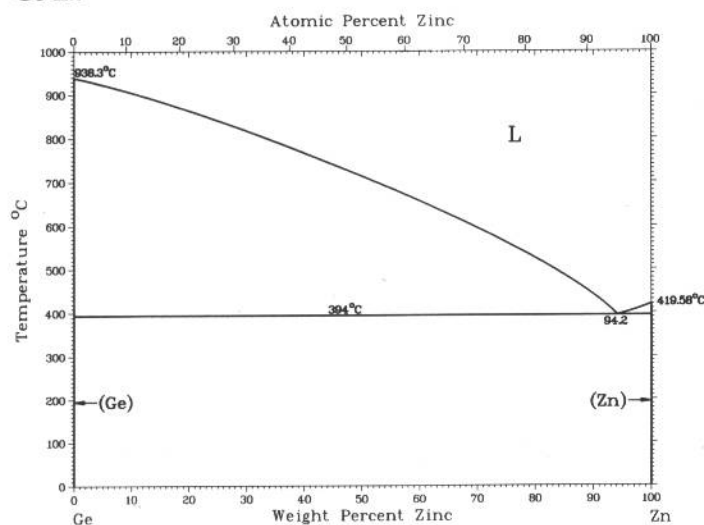
Ge-Yb



V.N. Eremenko, K.A. Meleshevich, and Yu.I. Buyanov, 1983

Phase	Composition, wt% Yb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
βGe _{5-x} Yb ₃	~61	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6₃/mmm</i>
αGe _{5-x} Yb ₃	~61	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₂m</i>
Ge ₁₀ Yb ₁₁	72.3	<i>tI84</i>	<i>I4₁/mmm</i>
(γYb)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(βYb)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(αYb)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Ge-Zn

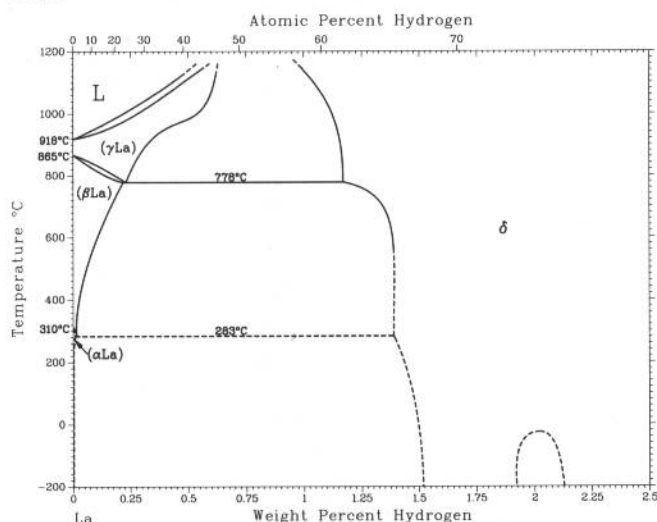


R.W. Olesinski and G.J. Abbaschian, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ge)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
(Zn)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

2•236/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

H-La

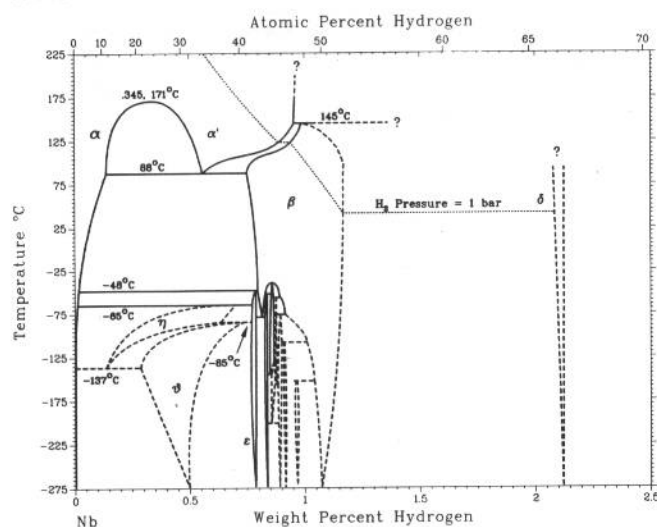


D. Khatamian and F.D. Manchester, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% H	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γLa)(a)	0 to 0.6	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(βLa)(b)	0 to 0.2	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(αLa)(c)	0 to 0.01	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
δ	1 to 2	cF16	$Fm\bar{3}m$

(a) From 865 to 918 °C at 0 at.% H. (b) From 310 to <865 °C at 0 at.% H. (c) Up to <310 °C at 0 at.% H

H-Nb

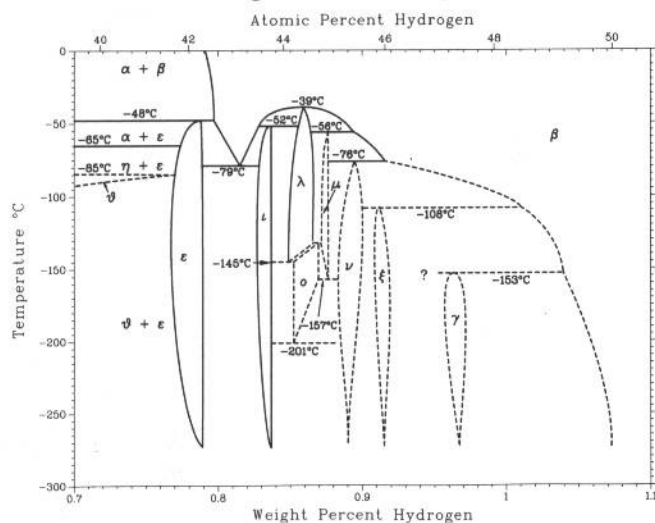


J.F. Smith, 1983

Phase	Composition, wt% H	Pearson symbol	Space group
α, α'	0 to 470.95	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
η	~0.13 to ~0.69	...	...
θ	~0.29 to ~0.75	...	...
β	0.75 to ~1.2	oP8	...
ε	~0.78	oP28	...
ι, λ, ο, μ, υ, ξ	~0.83 to 0.92	(a)	...
γ	~0.96	(b)	...
δ	~2.13	cF12	$Fm\bar{3}m$

(a) H-deficient β structure having ordering of H atoms. (b) Possibly a face-centered tetragonal structure

Peritectoid cascade region of the Nb-H phase diagram

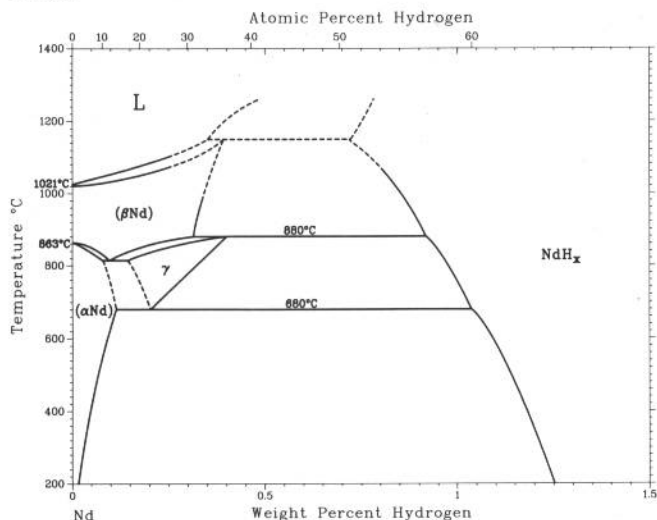


P.R. Subramanian, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% H	Pearson symbol	Space group
(β Nd)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Nd)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
γ (a)	~0.15 to 0.43	...	...
NdH ₂ (b)	~1.38	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Nd ₂ H ₅ (b, c)	~1.6	<i>tI28</i>	<i>I4$_1$md</i>
		<i>tI40</i>	<i>I4$_1$md</i>

(a) High-temperature phase; exists between 680 and 880 °C. (b) Not shown in the phase diagram. (c) Ideal stoichiometry; structure based on neutron-diffraction studies on samples with the composition NdD_{2.36}

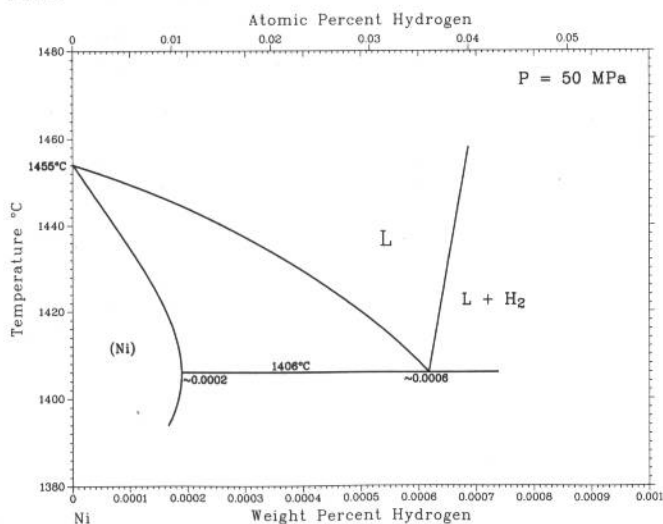
H-Nd



M.L. Wayman and G.C. Weatherly, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% H	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to ~0.0002	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

H-Ni

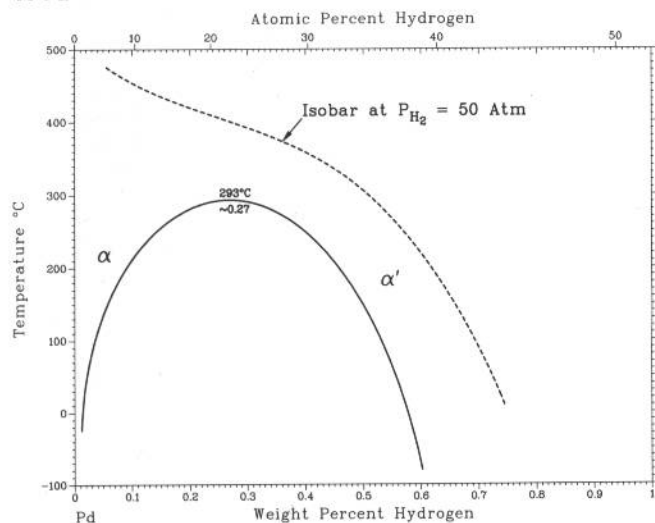


A. San-Martin and F.D. Manchester, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% H	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pd)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
α or (Pd)	0 to 0.019(a)	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
α' or (Pd)	~0.567(a)	(b)	...
Low-temperature phases(c)			
A ₂ B ₂	0.601	...	<i>I4$_1$/amd</i>
A ₄ B	0.715	<i>tI10</i>	<i>I4/m</i>

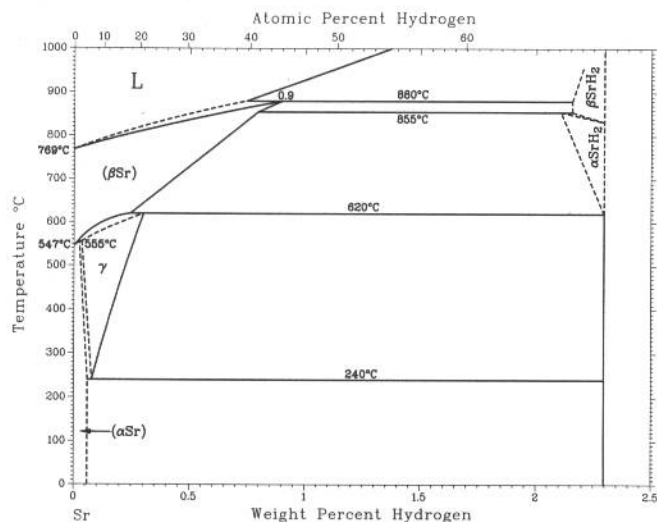
(a) At 25 °C. (b) fcc. (c) Below 100 K

H-Pd



2•238/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

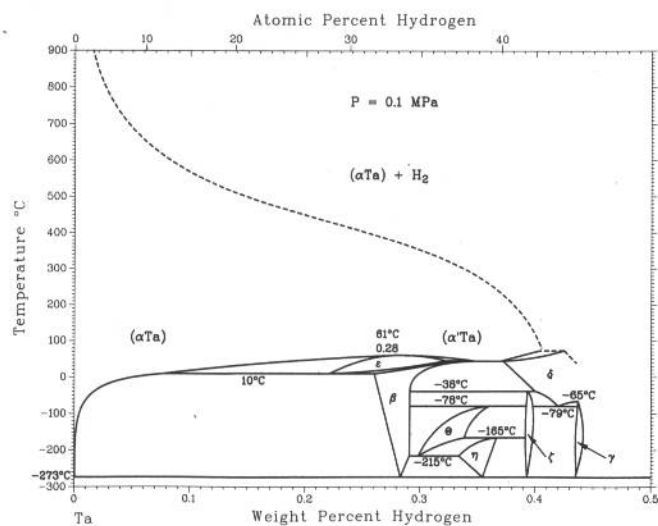
H-Sr



D.T. Peterson and R.P. Colburn, 1964

Phase	Composition, wt% H	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βSr)	0 to 0.9	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αSr)	0 to ?	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
γ	? to 0.3	<i>hP*</i>	...
βSrH ₂	2.3	...	...
αSrH ₂	2.3	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>

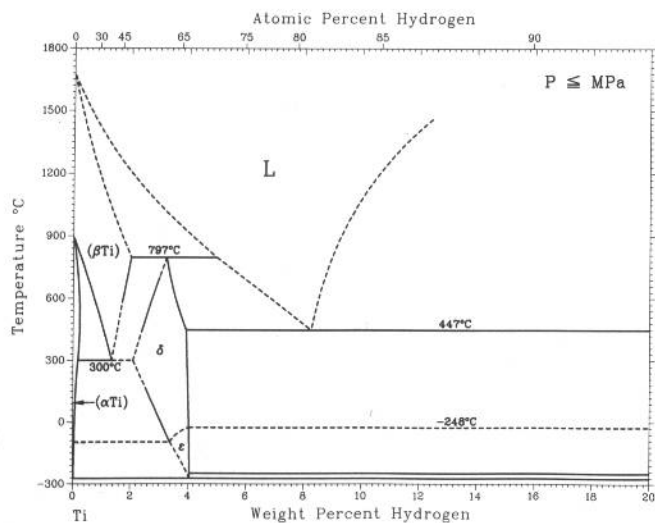
H-Ta



A.San-Martin and F.D. Manchester, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% H	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αTa)	0 to 0.28	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(α'Ta)	0.28 to 0.42	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
ε	0.22 to 0.32	<i>mC*</i>	<i>C222</i>
β	0.26 to 0.35	<i>mC*</i>	<i>C222</i>
θ	0.30 to 0.36	...	...
η	0.34 to ~0.37	...	...
δ	0.37 to 0.438	<i>oP*</i>	<i>Pnnm</i>
ζ	0.395 to ~0.398	...	...
γ	0.436 to 0.439	...	...

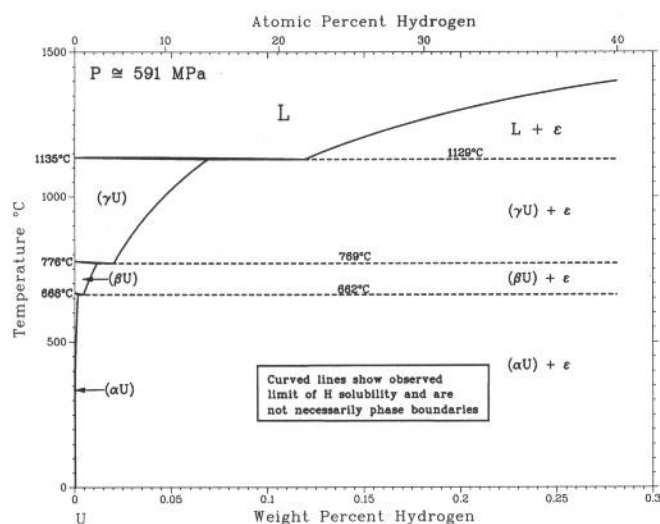
H-Ti



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% H	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi)	0 to 2.06	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTi)	0 to 0.2	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ <i>mmc</i>
δ	2.06 to 4.05	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
ε	3.06 to 4.05	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>

H-U

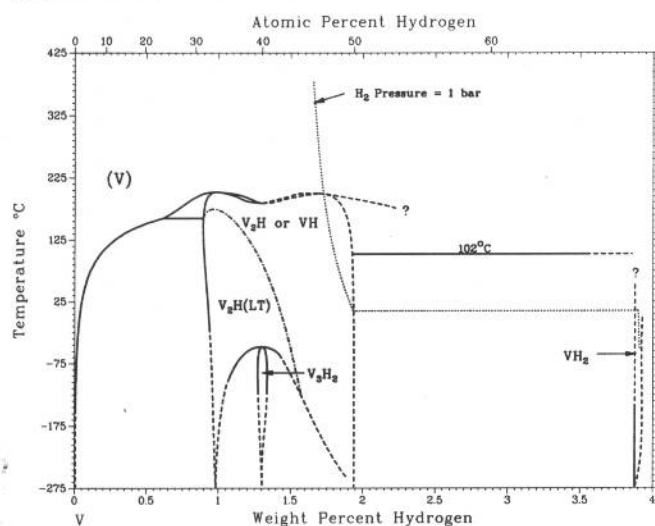


A. San-Martin and F.D. Manchester, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% H	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γU)	0 to 0.069	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βU)	0 to 0.011	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4</i> $\frac{1}{2}$ / <i>mm</i>
(αU)	0 to 0.0014	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
ε	1.25	<i>cP32</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}n$
δ(a)	1.25	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}n$

(a) Metastable phase

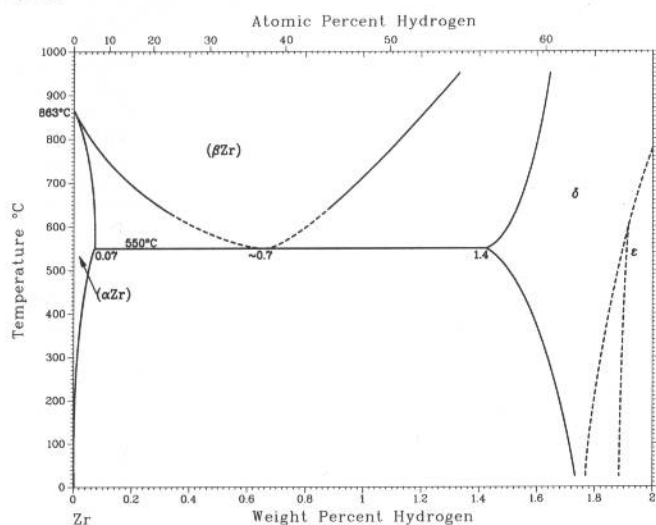
H-V



J.F. Smith and D.T. Peterson, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% H	Pearson symbol	Space group
α or (V)	0 to ?	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
β ₁ or $V_2H(LT)$	~0.97	<i>mC6</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
β ₂ or V_2H or VH	~0.97 to 1.94	<i>tF6</i> , <i>tF8</i> ?	...
δ or V_3H_2	~1.30	<i>mC10</i>	...
γ or VH_2	3.81	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

H-Zr



E. Zuzek, J.P. Abriata, A.San-Martin, and F.D. Manchester, 1990

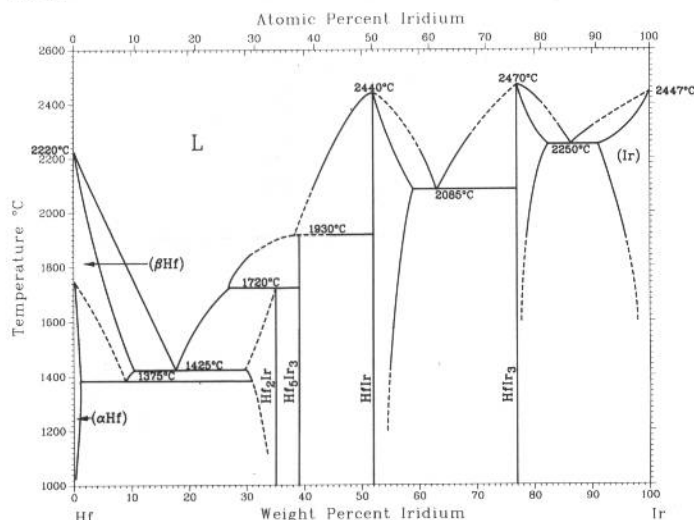
Phase	Composition, wt% H	Pearson symbol	Space group
α or (αZr)	0 to 0.07	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\frac{3}{2}$ / <i>mmc</i>
β or (βZr)	0 to ~1.28?	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
δ	1.4 to ~2.1?	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
ε	1.89	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>

Metastable phase

γ	~0.011	<i>tP6</i>	<i>P4</i> $\frac{1}{2}$ / <i>n</i>
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2•240/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

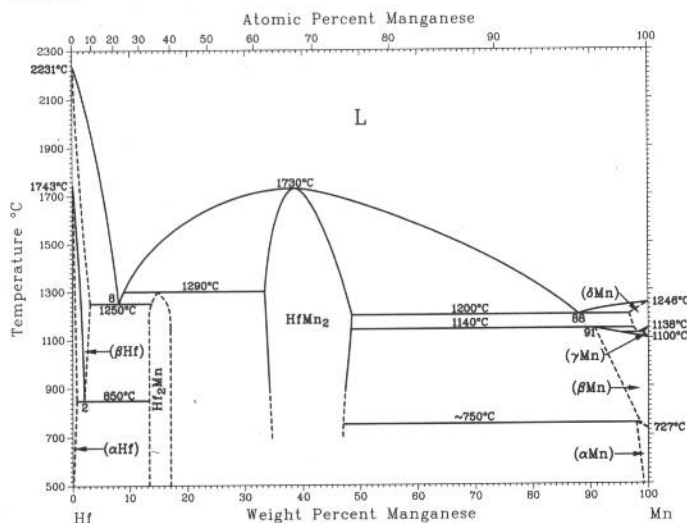
Hf-Ir



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Ir	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βHf)	0 to ~10.5	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αHf)	0 to ~1.5	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Hf ₂ Ir	~28 to 35.0	<i>cF96</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Hf ₅ Ir ₃	39.3	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mcm</i>
HfIr	51.9 to 59	<i>o**</i>	...
HfIr ₃	76 to 82	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(Ir)	~91 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

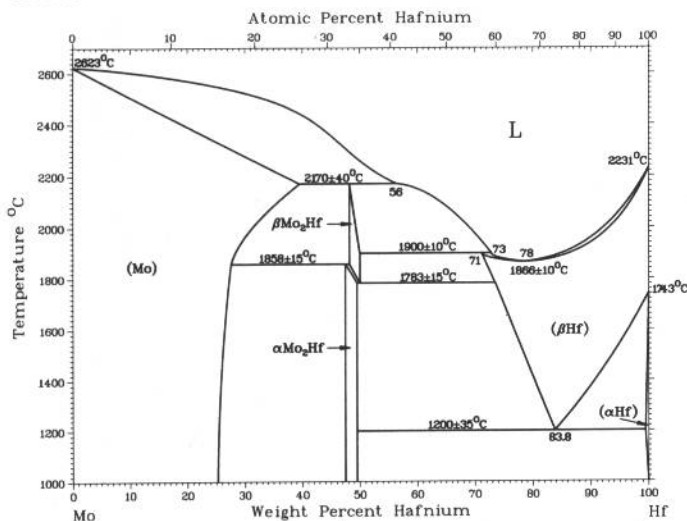
Hf-Mn



H. Okamoto, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βHf)	0 to 3	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αHf)	0 to 0.62	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Hf ₂ Mn	13.3 to ?	<i>cF96</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
βHfMn ₂	?	<i>hP24</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
αHfMn ₂	33 to 48.7	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(δMn)	97.4 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(γMn)	99.0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(βMn)	91 to 100	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4</i> ₁ <i>32</i>
(αMn)	99.4 to 100	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I4</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

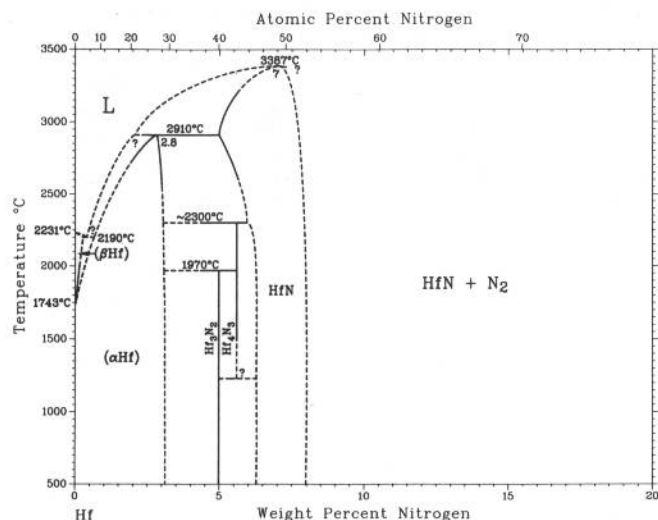
Hf-Mo



From [Molybdenum]

Phase	Composition, wt% Hf	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo)	0 to 38	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
βMo ₂ Hf	~48.2	<i>hP24</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
αMo ₂ Hf	~48.2	<i>cF25</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(βHf)	71 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αHf)	~100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

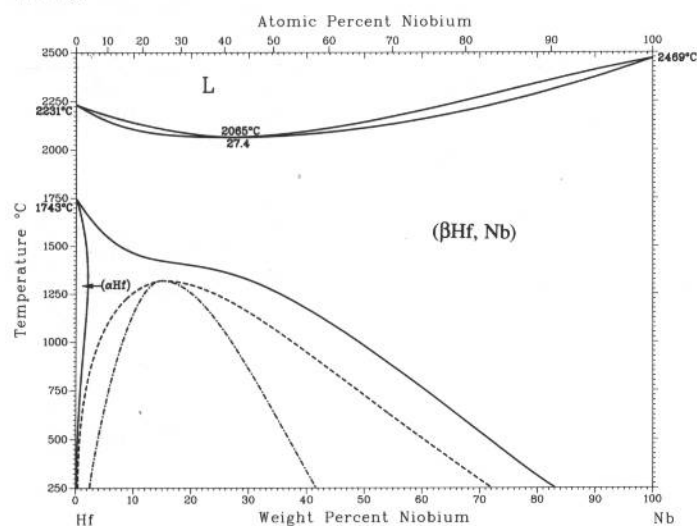
Hf-N



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% N	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βHf)	0 to ?	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αHf)	0 to 3.1	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Hf ₃ N ₂	4.97	<i>hR6</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Hf ₄ N ₃	5.57	<i>hR8</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
HfN	4.59 to 7.98	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αN)	100	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pa</i> $\bar{3}$

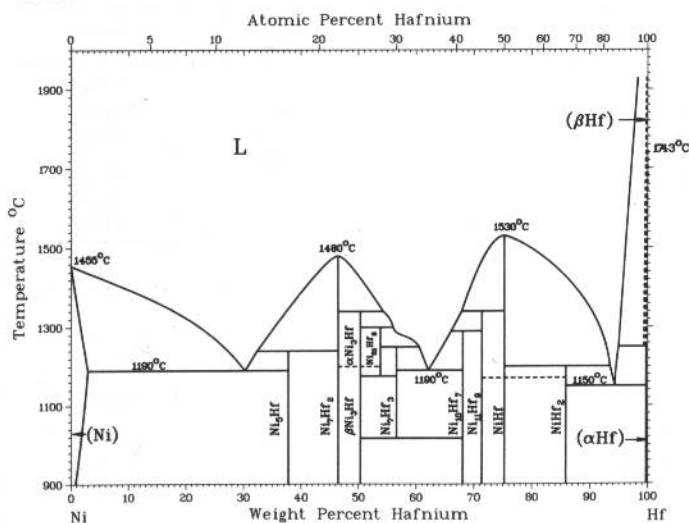
Hf-Nb



H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Nb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βHf, Nb)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αHf)	0 to 2.4	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

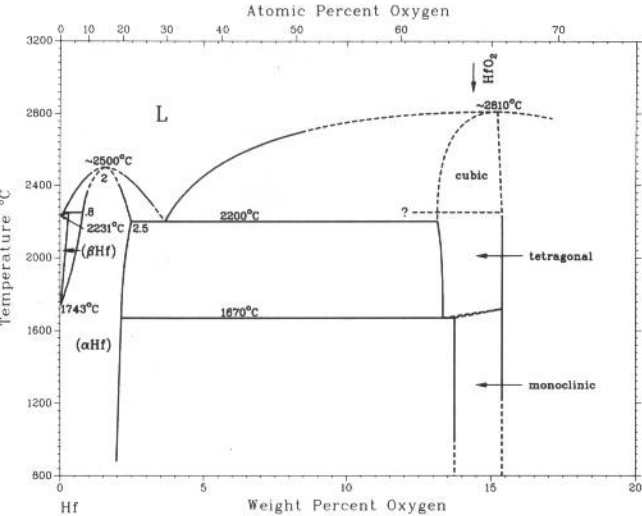
Hf-Ni



P. Nash and A. Nash, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Hf	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to 3	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ni ₅ Hf	37.9	<i>cF24</i>	<i>F</i> $\bar{4}3m$
Ni ₇ Hf ₂	46.5	<i>m**</i>	...
βNi ₃ Hf	50	<i>hP40</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
αNi ₃ Hf	50	<i>hR12</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ni ₂₁ Hf ₆	53.7	<i>aP29</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{1}$
Ni ₇ Hf ₃	57	<i>aP20</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{1}$
Ni ₁₀ Hf ₇	68.1	<i>oC68</i>	<i>C2ca</i>
Ni ₁₁ Hf ₉	71	<i>tI*</i>	<i>I4/m</i>
NiHf	75.3	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
NiHf ₂	85.9	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
(βHf)	99.3 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αHf)	99.7 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

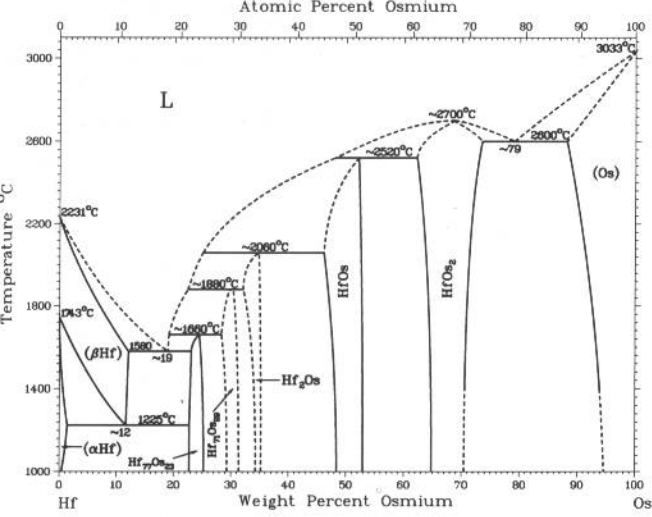
Hf-O



From [Hafnium]

Phase	Composition, wt% O	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βHf)	0 to 0.8	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αHf)	0 to 2.5	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
HfO ₂	~13.2 to 15.4	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
	~13.2 to 15.4	<i>t**</i>	...
	~13.7 to 15.4	<i>mP12</i>	<i>P2</i> ₁ / <i>c</i>

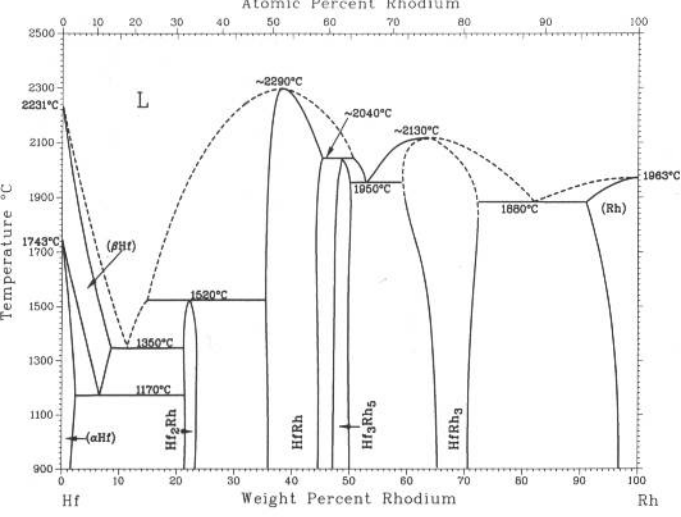
Hf-Os



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Os	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βHf)	0 to 13	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αHf)	0 to 2	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
θ	~24	...	...
ζ	~30	...	...
Hf ₂ Os	~35	...	...
HfOs	~47 to 54	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
HfOs ₂	~64 to 73	<i>cF96</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
		<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
(Os)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

Hf-Rh

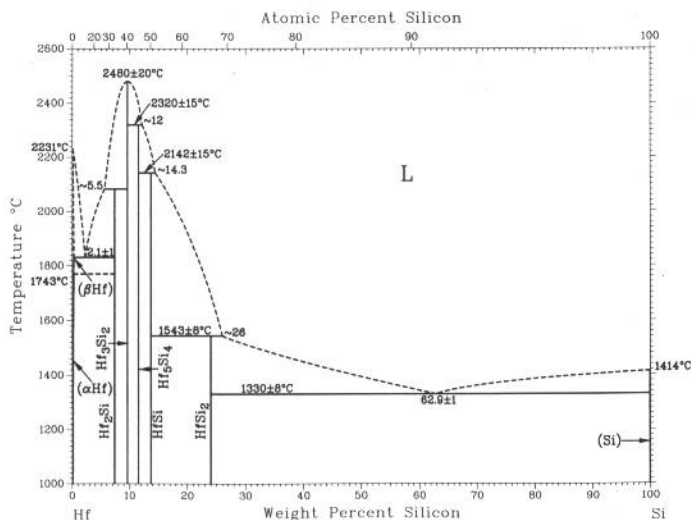


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Rh	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βHf)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αHf)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Hf ₂ Rh	22 to 23	<i>cF96</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
HfRh	36 to 44	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Hf ₃ Rh ₅	47 to 51	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pbam</i>
HfRh ₃	59 to 72	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Rh)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

A.B. Gokhale and G.J. Abbaschian, 1989

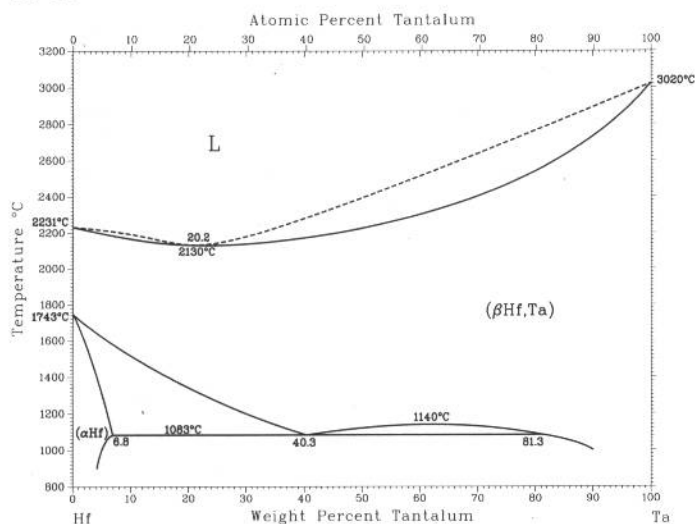
Hf-Si



Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αHf)	~0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βHf)	~0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Hf ₂ Si	7.3	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
Hf ₃ Si ₂	9	<i>tP10</i>	<i>P4/mbm</i>
Hf ₅ Si ₄	11.2	...	<i>P4₁2₁2</i>
HfSi	13.6	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
HfSi ₂	24.0	<i>oC12</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
(Si)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>

Note: The presence of Mn₅Si₃-type (*D8₈*) Hf₅Si₃ has been reported. However, the phase occurs only in the presence of interstitial impurities.

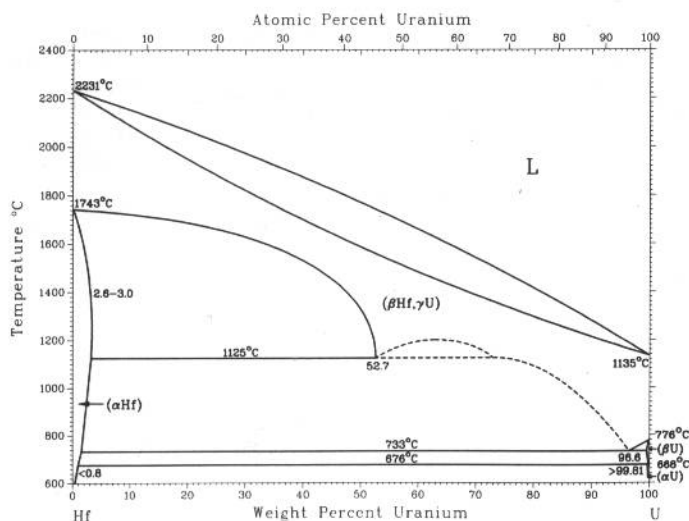
Hf-Ta



R. Krishnan, S.P. Garg, and N. Krishnamurthy, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Ta	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βHf, Ta)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αHf)	0 to 6.8	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Hf-U

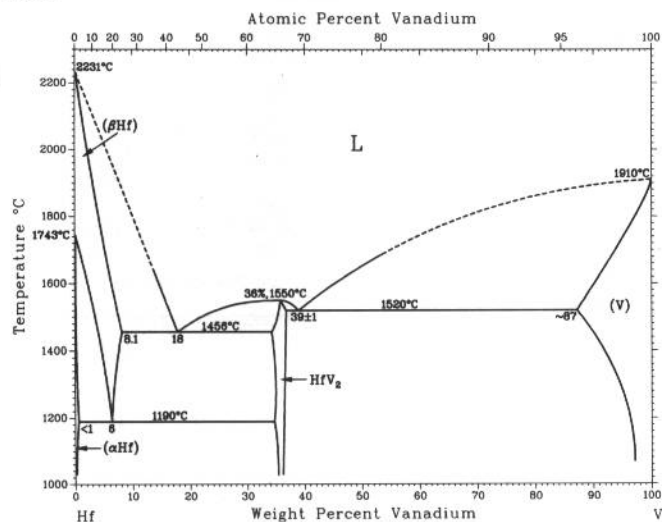


D.T. Peterson and D.J. Beerntsen, 1960

Phase	Composition, wt% U	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βHf, γU)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αHf)	0 to ~3	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βU)	100	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>
(αU)	100	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>

2•244/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

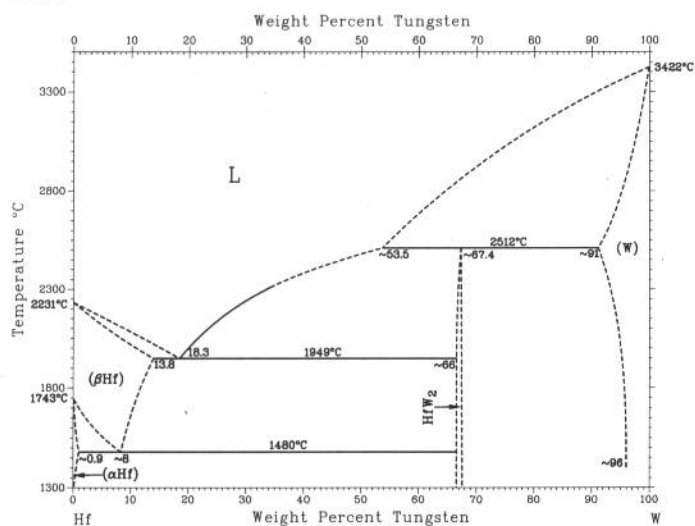
Hf-V



J.F. Smith, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% V	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βHf)	0 to 8.1	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αHf)	0 to <1	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
HfV ₂	~36.4	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
(V)	~87 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

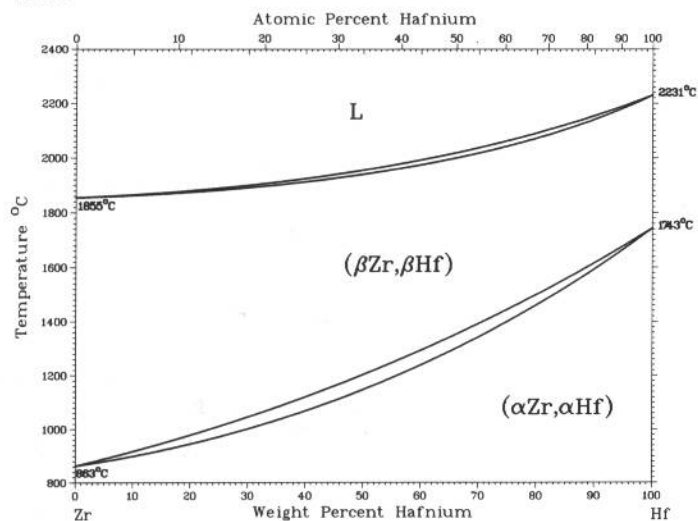
Hf-W



S.V. Nagender Naidu and P. Rama Rao, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% W	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βHf)	0 to 13.8	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αHf)	0 to ~0.9	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
HfW ₂	~67.4	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
(W)	~91 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

Hf-Zr



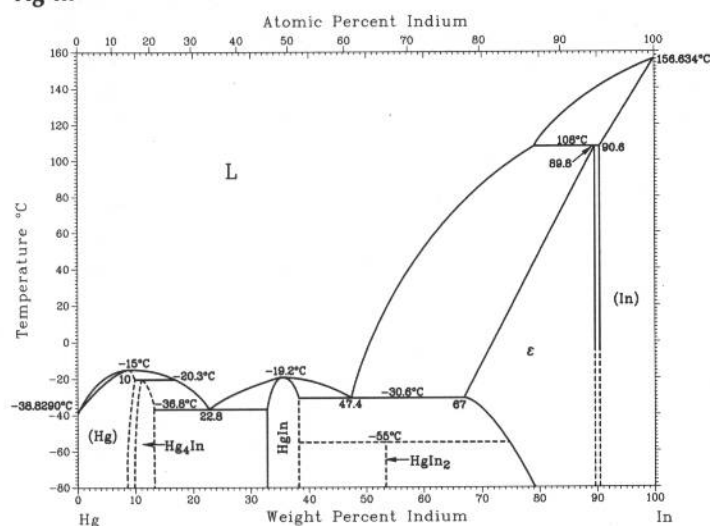
J.P. Abriata, J.C. Bolcich, and H.A. Peretti, 1982

Phase	Composition, wt% Hf	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αZr, αHf)	0 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
(βZr, βHf)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
ω(a)	0 to 100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}m1$ (<i>P6/mmm?</i>)

(a) Metastable at room temperature and zero pressure

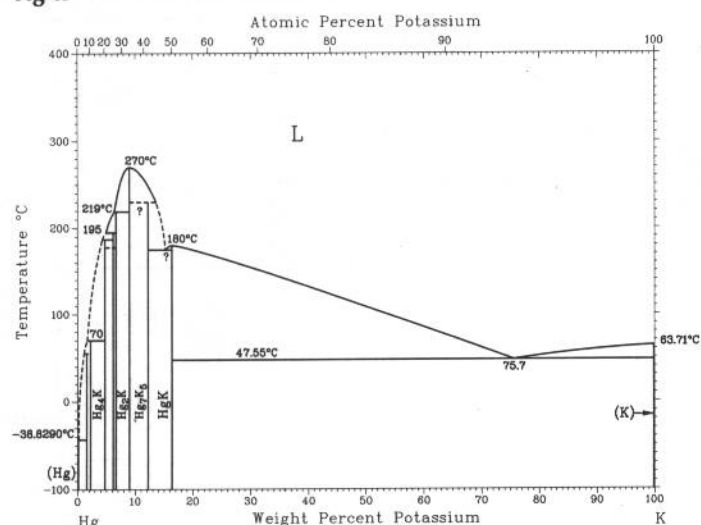
H. Okamoto, 1992

Hg-In



Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Hg)	0 to ~10	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Hg ₄ In	10 to 14	<i>oF8</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
HgIn	33 to 38	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
HgIn ₂	53.4	...	...
ε	67 to 89.8	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(In)	90.6 to 100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>

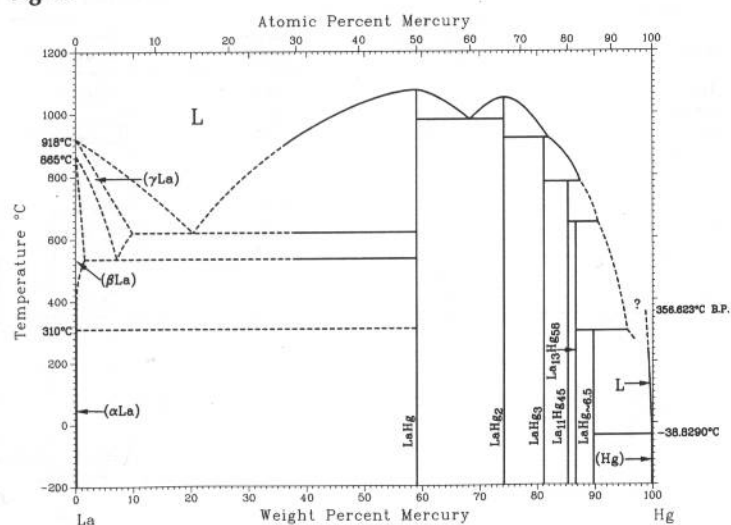
Hg-K



A.E. Vol and I.K. Kagan, 1979

Phase	Composition, wt% K	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Hg)	0	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Hg ₁₁ K	1.7	<i>cP36</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Hg ₉ K	2.1	...	...
Hg ₄ K	4.6	...	...
Hg ₃ K	6.1	...	...
Hg _{2.7} K	6.7	...	...
Hg ₂ K	8.9	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
Hg ₇ K ₅	12.2	<i>oP48</i>	<i>Pbcm</i>
HgK	16.3	<i>aP8</i>	<i>P1</i>
(K)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>

Hg-La

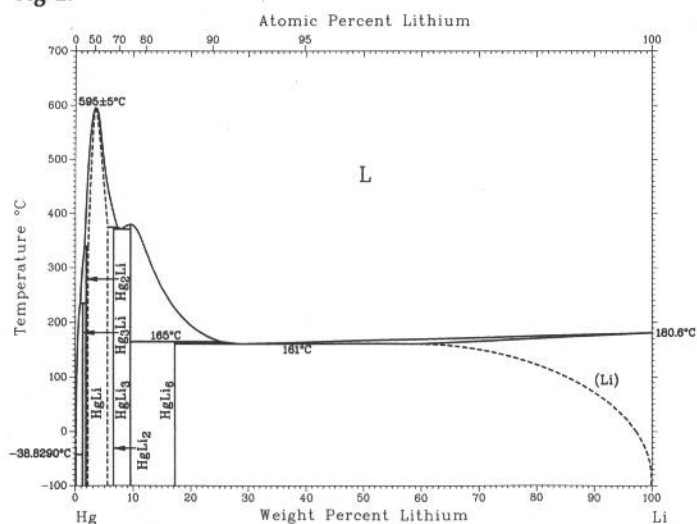


C. Guminski, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Hg	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γLa)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(βLa)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αLa)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
LaHg	59.1	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
LaHg ₂	74.3	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6₃/mmm</i>
LaHg ₃	81	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
La ₁₁ Hg ₄₅	85.5	<i>cF448</i>	<i>F$\bar{4}3m$</i>
La ₁₃ Hg ₅₈	87	<i>hP142</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
LaHg-6.5	91	<i>o**</i>	<i>Cmcm</i> or <i>C2cm</i> or <i>Cmc2₁</i>
(Hg)	100	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>

2•246/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

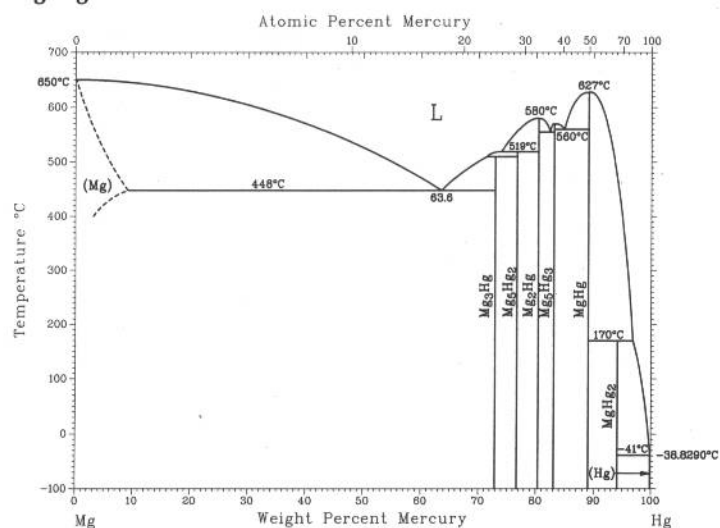
Hg-Li



From [Hansen]

Phase	Composition, wt% Li	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Hg)	0	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Hg ₃ Li	1.1	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Hg ₂ Li	1.7	...	...
HgLi	~2.08 to 5.6	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
HgLi ₂	6.5	...	...
HgLi ₃	9.4	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
HgLi ₆	17.2	...	...
(Li)	? to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>

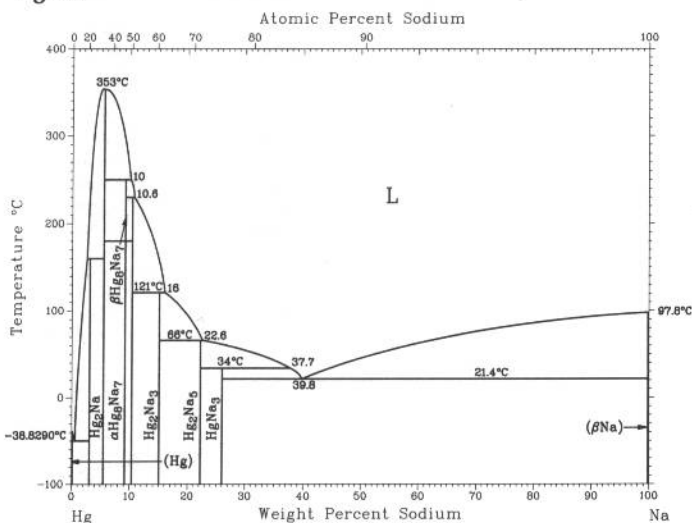
Hg-Mg



A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Hg	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0 to ~9.1	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Mg ₃ Hg	73	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Mg ₅ Hg ₂	76.8	...	...
Mg ₂ Hg	80.5	...	...
Mg ₅ Hg ₃	83.2	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
MgHg	89.2	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
MgHg ₂	94.3	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(Hg)	100	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>

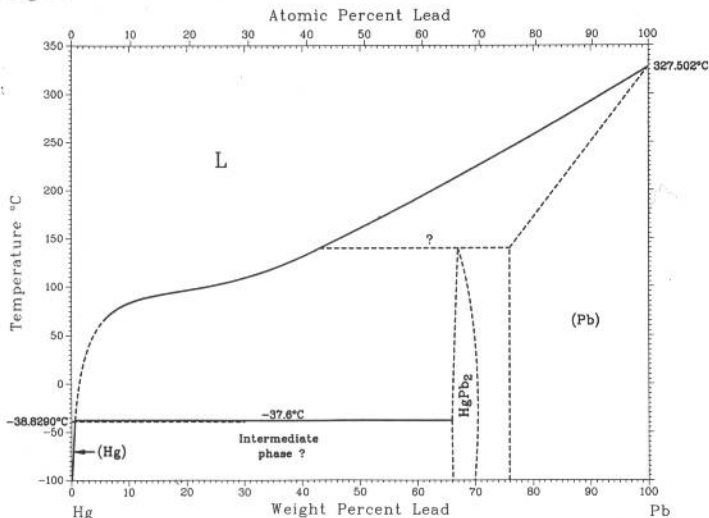
Hg-Na



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Na	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Hg)	~0	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Hg ₄ Na	3	<i>h**</i>	...
Hg ₂ Na	5.4	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
β Hg ₈ Na ₇	~9.1	...	...
α Hg ₈ Na ₇	~9.1	...	...
HgNa	10.3	<i>oC16</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Hg ₂ Na ₃	15	<i>tP20</i>	<i>P4₂/mmm</i>
Hg ₂ Na ₅	~22.2	<i>hR*</i>	...
HgNa ₃	26	...	...
(β Na)	~100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>

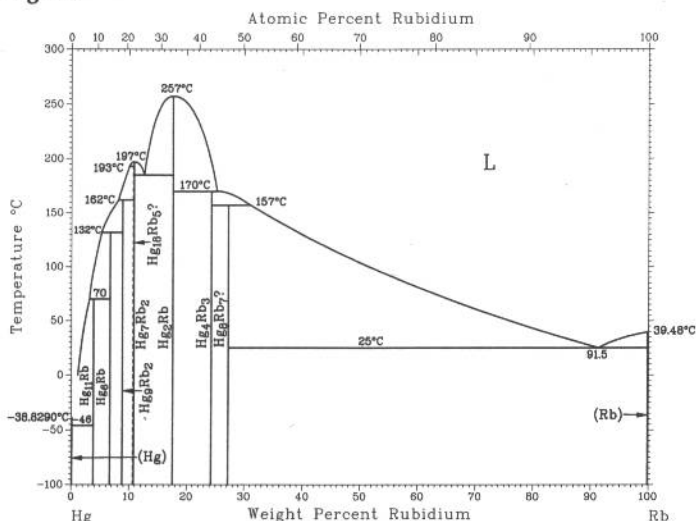
Hg-Pb



From [Hansen]

Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Hg)	0	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R3m</i>
HgPb ₂	~66 to ~71	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
(Pb)	~76 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

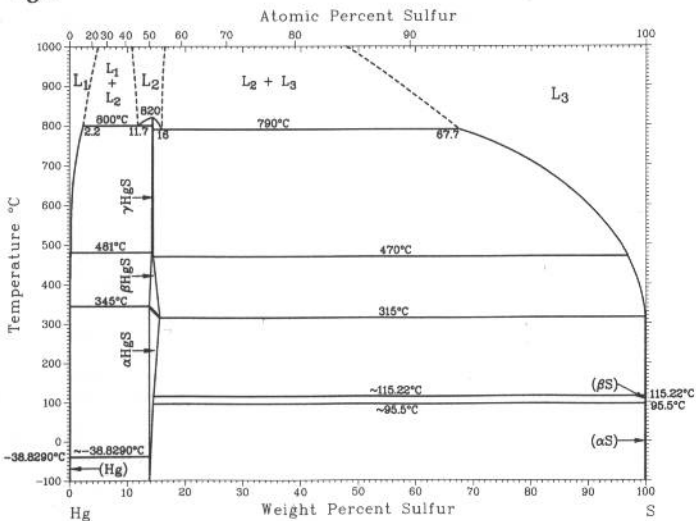
Hg-Rb



From [Hansen]

Phase	Composition, wt% Rb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Hg)	0	<i>hR1</i>	$R\bar{3}m$
Hg ₁₁ Rb	3.7	<i>cP36</i>	$Pm\bar{3}m$
Hg ₆ Rb	6.6	...	...
Hg ₉ Rb ₂	8.7	...	...
Hg ₁₈ Rb ₅	10.6	...	...
Hg ₇ Rb ₂	10.8	...	...
Hg ₂ Rb	17.5	...	...
Hg ₄ Rb ₃	24.2	...	...
Hg ₈ Rb ₇	27.2	...	...
(Rb)	100	<i>cI2</i>	$Im\bar{3}m$

Hg-S



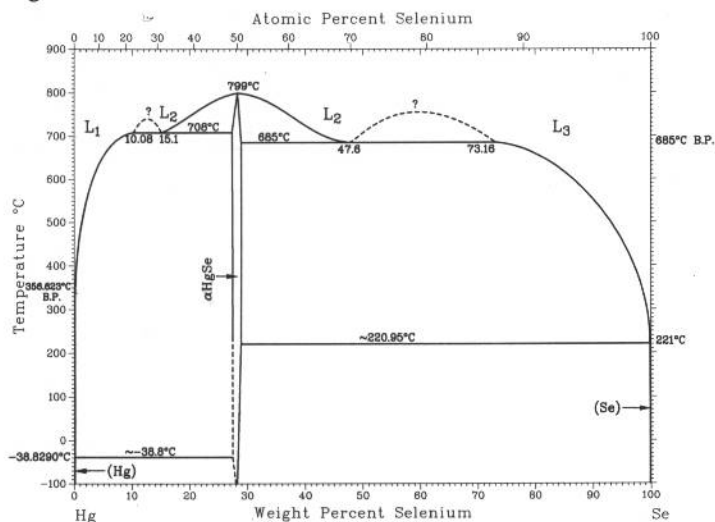
R.C. Sharma, Y.A. Chang, and C. Guminski, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
Hg	0	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
γ HgS	14.19 to 14.47	(a)	...
β HgS	13.8 to 15.61	<i>cF8</i>	<i>F$\bar{4}3m$</i>
α HgS	13.8 to 15.5	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P3$_1$21</i>
δ HgS(b)	13.8	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β S)(c)	100	<i>mP*</i>	<i>P2$_1$/c</i>
(α S)(d)	100	<i>oF128</i>	<i>Fddd</i>

(a) Hexagonal. (b) Above 13 GPa. (c) From 95.5 to 115.22 °C. (d) At <95.5 °C

2•248/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Hg-Se



R.C. Sharma, Y.A. Chang, and C. Guminski, 1992

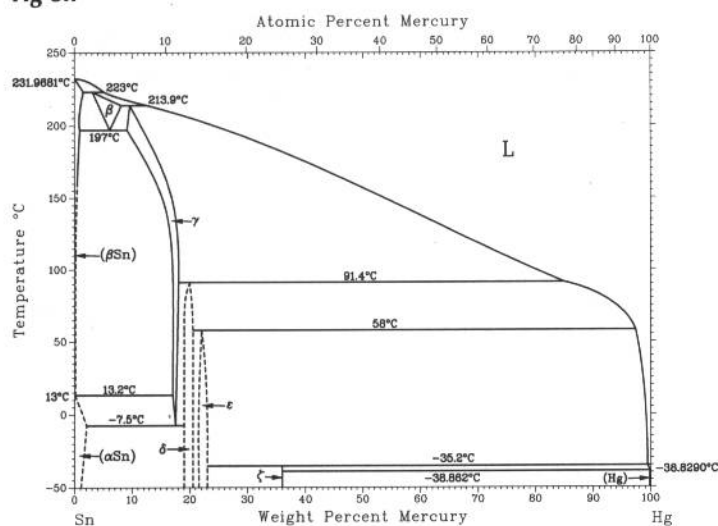
Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Hg)	0	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R3m</i>
αHgSe	27.3 to 28.86	<i>cF8</i>	<i>F43m</i>
(γSe)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3121</i>
(βSe)	100	<i>mP64</i>	<i>P21/c</i>
(αSe)	100	<i>mP32</i>	<i>P21/n</i>

High-pressure phases

βHgSe(a)	28.2	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P3121</i>
γHgSe(b)	28.2	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
δHgSe(c)	28.2	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4m2</i>

(a) Between 0.30 and ~7 GPa. (b) Between ~7 GPa and 13.3 GPa. (c) Above 13.3 GPa

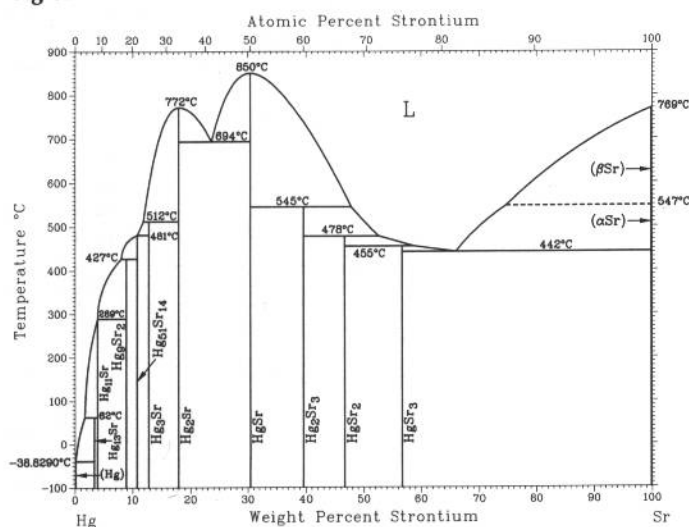
Hg-Sn



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Hg	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βSn)	0 to <0.8	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I41/amd</i>
(αSn)	0 to <2	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
β	~3 to 8	<i>h**</i>	...
γ	~10 to 19	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
δ	~20	...	...
ε	~22 to 23	...	...
ζ	36	...	...
(Hg)	~100	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R3m</i>

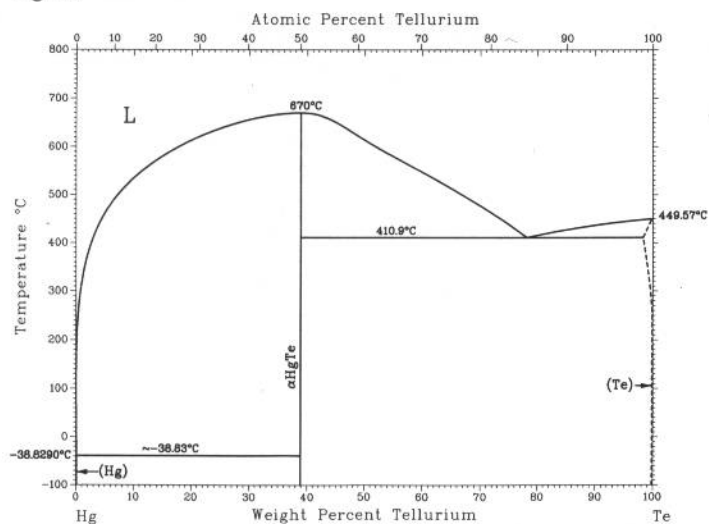
Hg-Sr



P.R. Subramanian, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Sr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Hg)	0	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R3m</i>
Hg ₁₃ Sr	~3.2	...	...
Hg ₁₁ Sr	~3.8	<i>cP36</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
Hg ₉ Sr ₂	~8.8	<i>hP142</i>	<i>P63mc</i>
Hg ₅₁ Sr ₁₄	~10.7	<i>hP58</i>	<i>P6/m</i>
Hg ₃ Sr	13	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
Hg ₂ Sr	17.9	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Immc</i>
HgSr	30.4	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
Hg ₂ Sr ₃	40	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
HgSr ₂	46.7	...	...
HgSr ₃	57	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(βSr)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αSr)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

Hg-Te

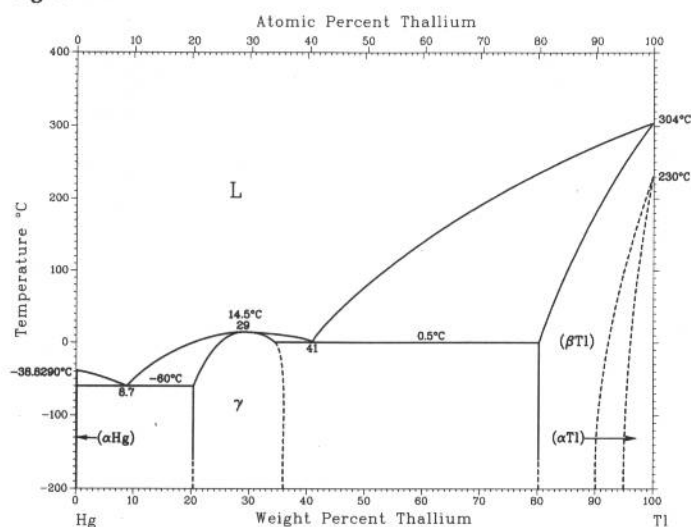


R.C. Sharma and Y.A. Chang, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt % Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Hg)	0	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
α HgTe	30.9	<i>cF8</i>	<i>F$\bar{4}3m$</i>
β HgTe(a)	38.9	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P3$_1$21</i>
(Te)	~98 to 100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3$_1$21</i>

(a) High-pressure form

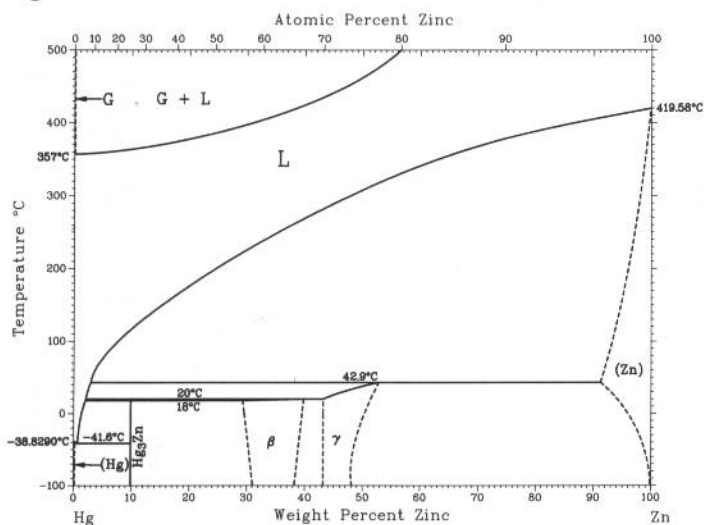
Hg-Tl



C. Guminski, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt % Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(α Hg)	0	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
γ or Hg ₅ Tl ₂	~29	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β Tl)	80 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Tl)	? to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>

Hg-Zn

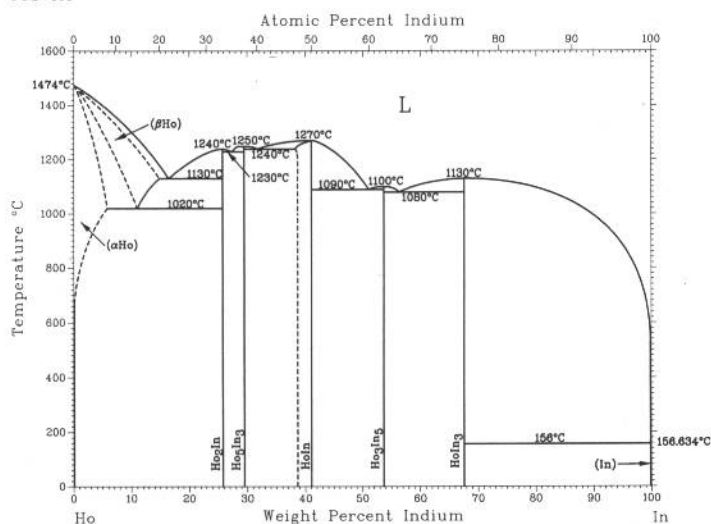


L.A. Zabdyr and C. Guminski, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt % Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Hg)	0 to 0.1	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Hg ₃ Zn	10	...	...
β	~29 to ~40	...	...
γ (a)	~43 to ~52	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmc2$_1$</i>
(Zn)	~95.0 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>

(a) Possibly a hexagonal structure

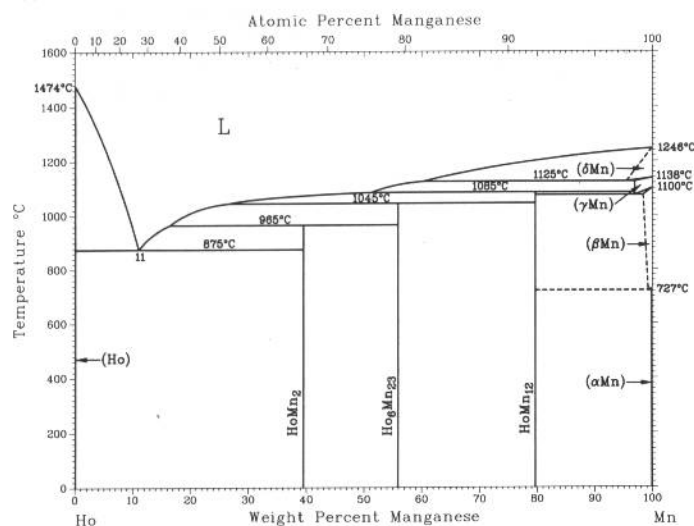
Ho-In



H. Okamoto, 1992

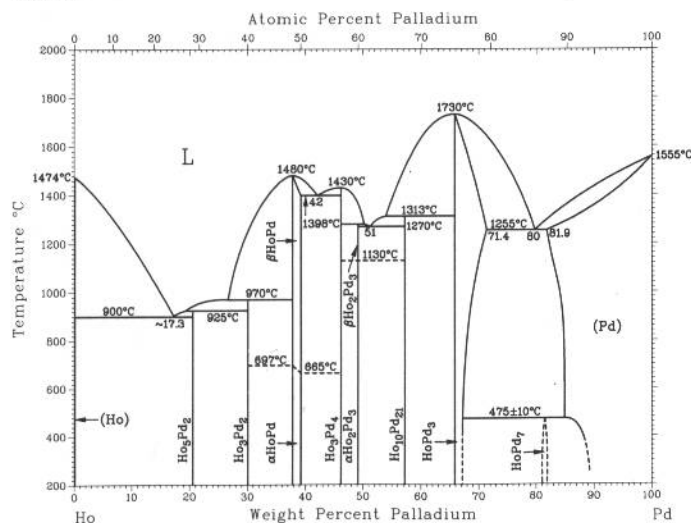
Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(α Ho)	0 to ~6	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(β Ho)	0 to 15	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ho ₂ In	25.8	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
β Ho ₅ In ₃	29.5	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
α Ho ₅ In ₃	29.5	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
HoIn	33 to 41.0	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
		<i>t**</i>	...
Ho ₃ In ₅	53.7	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
HoIn ₃	68	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(In)	100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>

Ho-Mn



H.R. Kirchmayr and W. Lugscheider, 1967

Phase	Composition, wt % Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ho)	~0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
HoMn ₂	40.0	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
Ho ₆ Mn ₂₃	~56.1	<i>cF116</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
HoMn ₁₂	~80.0	<i>tI26</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(δMn)	~97 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(γMn)	~97 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(βMn)	>97 to 100	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4₁32</i>
(αMn)	~100	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I43m</i>

Ho-Pd

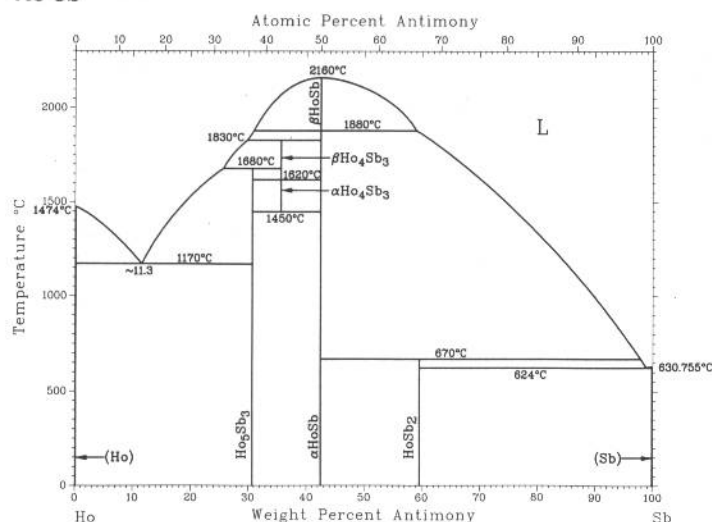
H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt % Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ho)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Ho ₅ Pd ₂	20.5	<i>tI49</i>	<i>I4₁a</i>
Ho ₃ Pd ₂	30	<i>tlP10</i>	<i>P4/mbm</i>
βHoPd	~39.2	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
αHoPd	~39.2	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Ho ₃ Pd ₄	46.2	<i>hR14</i>	<i>R3</i>
βHo ₂ Pd ₃	49.2	...	...
αHo ₂ Pd ₃	49.2	...	...
Ho ₁₀ Pd ₂₁ (a)	57.5	<i>mC124</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
HoPd ₃	66 to 71.4	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
HoPd ₇	81.9	<i>c**</i>	...
(Pd)	81.9 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

(a) Similarity to $\text{Sm}_{10}\text{Pd}_{21}$ is assumed.

Ho-Sb

H. Okamoto, 1990

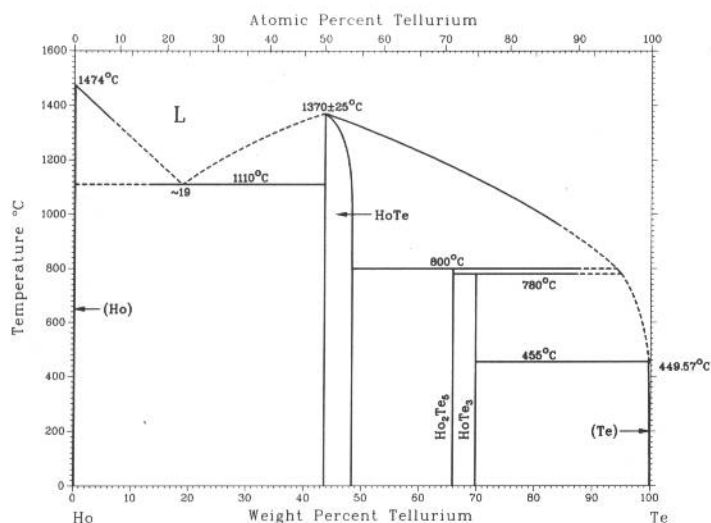


Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ho)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Ho ₅ Sb ₃	30.7	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
βHo ₄ Sb ₃	35.7	...	...
αHo ₄ Sb ₃	35.7	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I4₃d</i>
βHoSb	42.5	...	...
αHoSb	42.5	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
HoSb ₂ (a)	59.7	<i>oC6</i>	<i>C222</i>
(Sb)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>

(a) Synthesized under high pressure

Ho-Te

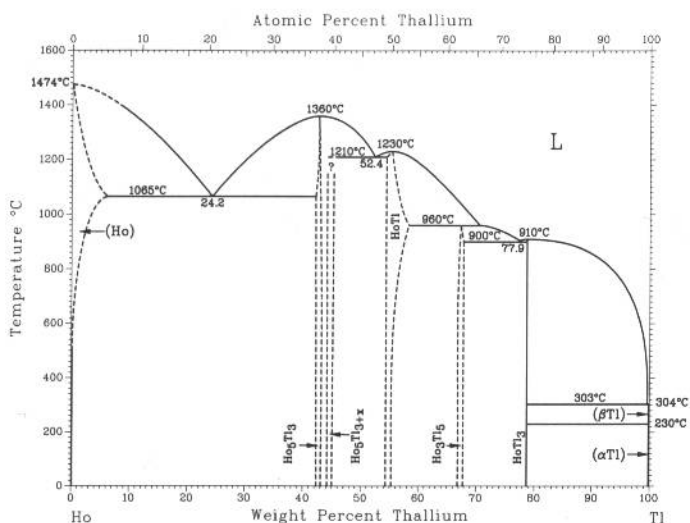
E.I. Yarembash, E.S. Vigileva, A.A. Eliseev, A.V. Zachatskaya, T.G. Aminov, and M.A. Chernitsyna, 1974



Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ho)	~0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
HoTe	44 to <49	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
Ho ₂ Te ₅	~65.9	<i>oC28</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
HoTe ₃	70	<i>oC16</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
(Te)	~100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>

Ho-Tl

S. Delfino, A. Saccone, A. Palenzona, and R. Ferro, unpublished

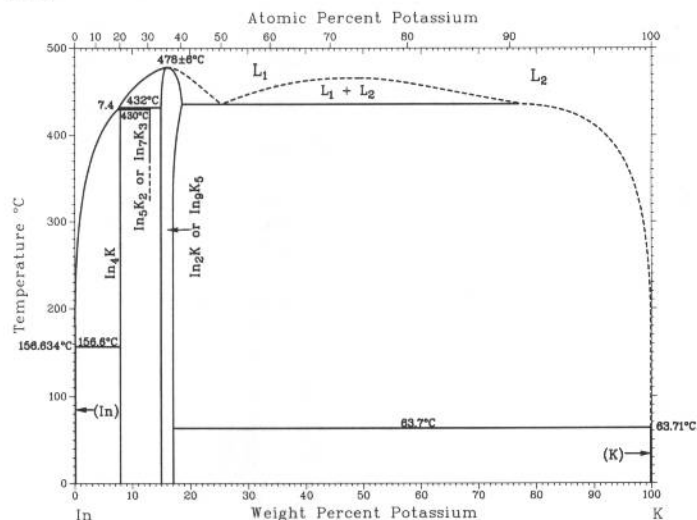


Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ho)	0 to ~6	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Ho ₅ Tl ₃	~42 to ~43	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
Ho ₅ Tl _{3+x}	?	<i>I32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
HoTl(a)	~54 to ~58	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
		(or <i>cI2</i>)	<i>Im3m</i>
HoTl(b)	~54 to ~58	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
Ho ₃ Tl ₅	~67 to ~68	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
HoTl ₃	79	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
(βTl)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αTl)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

(a) Cubic structure presumed to be room- and higher-temperature phase. (b) Tetragonal structure presumed to be lower-temperature phase

2•252/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

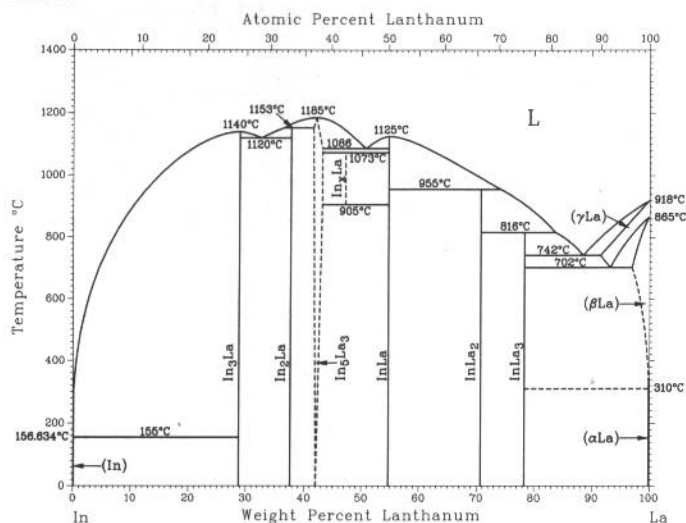
In-K



Phase	Composition, wt% K	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
In ₄ K	8	<i>tI10</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
In ₅ K ₂ (a)	~13	...	...
In ₂ K(b)	14 to 19	...	...
(K)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

(a) Or In₇K₃. (b) Or In₉K₅

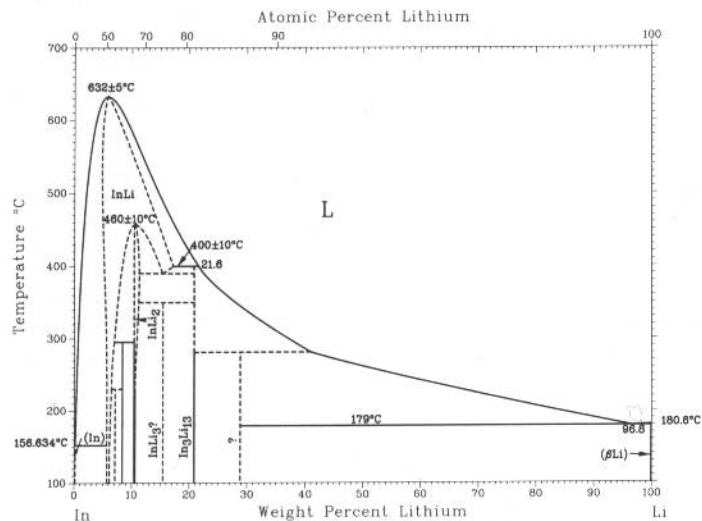
In-La



A. Palenzona and S. Cirafici, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% La	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
In ₃ La	29	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
In ₂ La	37.7	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
In ₄ La ₃	~42 to ~43.1	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
In ₅ La	?	...	...
InLa	~54.7	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
InLa ₂	70.8	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
InLa ₃	78	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
(γLa)	91.4 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(βLa)	97.1 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(αLa)	100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>

In-Li



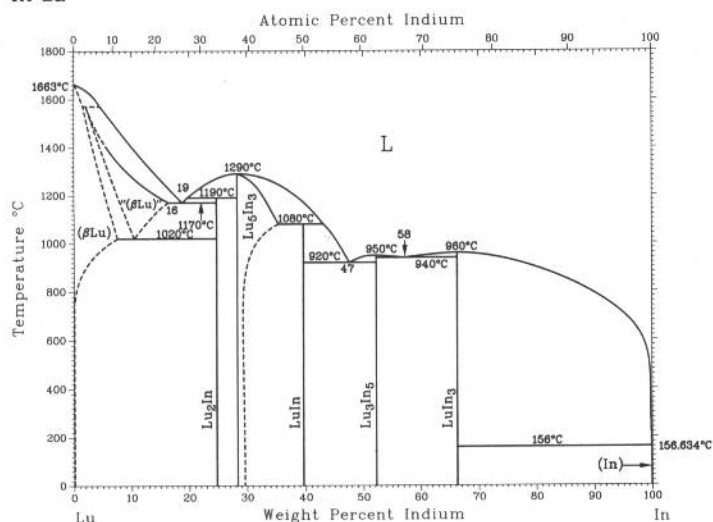
J. Sangster and A.D. Pelton, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Li	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0 to 0.1	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
InLi	5 to 9(a)	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
In ₄ Li ₅	~7.0	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P3m1</i>
In ₂ Li ₃	8	<i>hR5</i>	<i>R3m</i>
InLi ₂	10.3 to 11.2	<i>oC12</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
In ₃ Li ₁₃	20.8	<i>cF128</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
(αLi)(b)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
(βLi)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

(a) At 415 °C. (b) Below -193 °C

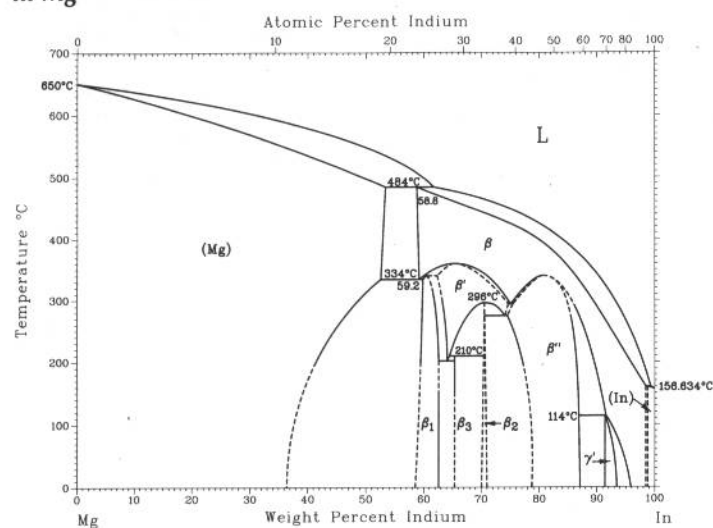
H. Okamoto, 1992

In-Lu



Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Lu)	0 to ?	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Lu ₂ In	24.7	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Lu ₅ In ₃	28.3 to 35	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mcm</i>
LuIn	39.6	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Lu ₃ In ₅	52.2	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
LuIn ₃	66	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(In)	100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>

In-Mg

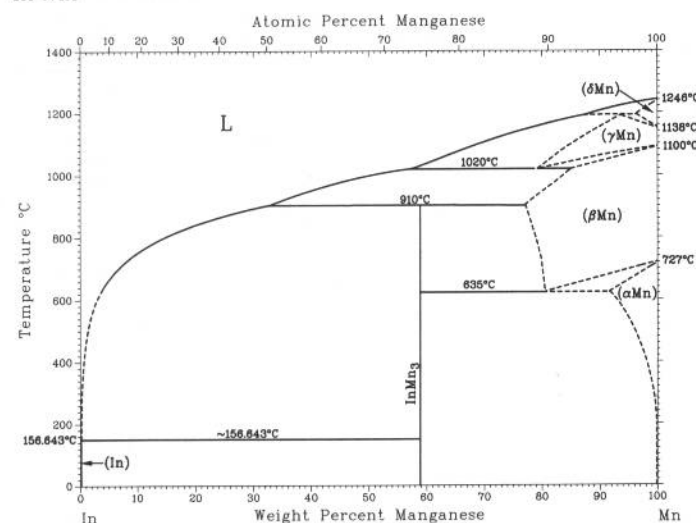


A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0 to 53.2	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
β	58.8 to 98.5	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
β'	~62 to 74.7	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
$\beta_1(a)$	~58.5 to 62	<i>hR16</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
β_3	65.4	<i>oI28</i>	<i>Ibam</i>
β_2	~71	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P6</i> ₂ <i>m</i>
β''	~75 to 87	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
γ	~91.5 to 93.6	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(In)	99 to 100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>

(a) At high temperatures, β_1 has a cubic structure, space group *Pm* $\bar{3}m$, Pearson symbol *cP4*.

In-Mn

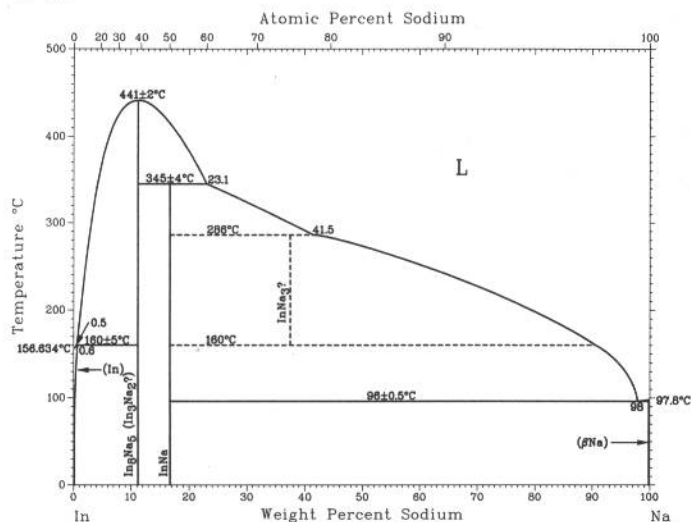


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
InMn ₃	59 ± ?	<i>cP52</i>	<i>P4</i> ₃ <i>m</i>
(δ Mn)	? to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γ Mn)	? to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(β Mn)	? to 100	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4</i> ₁ <i>32</i>
(α Mn)	? to 100	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I4</i> $\bar{3}m$
Metastable phase			
...	75	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

2•254/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

In-Na

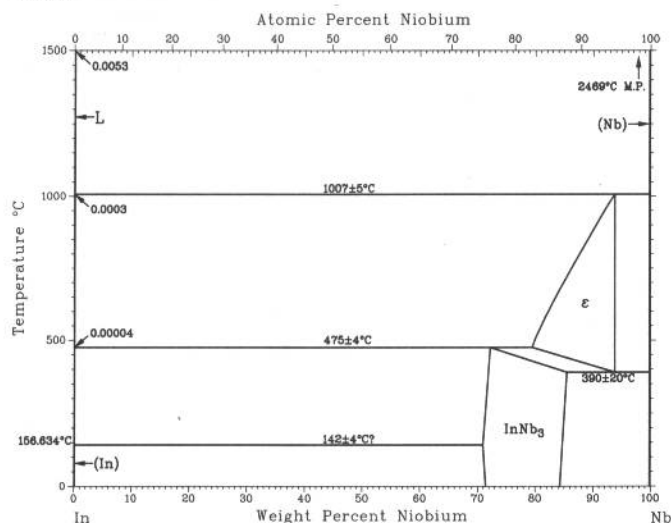


S. Larose and A.D. Pelton, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Na	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0 to 0.6	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
In ₃ Na ₅ (b)	11.1	...	...
InNa	16.7	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
InNa ₃ (b)	...	...	...
(βNa)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αNa)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

(a) At 160 °C. (b) Stoichiometry uncertain

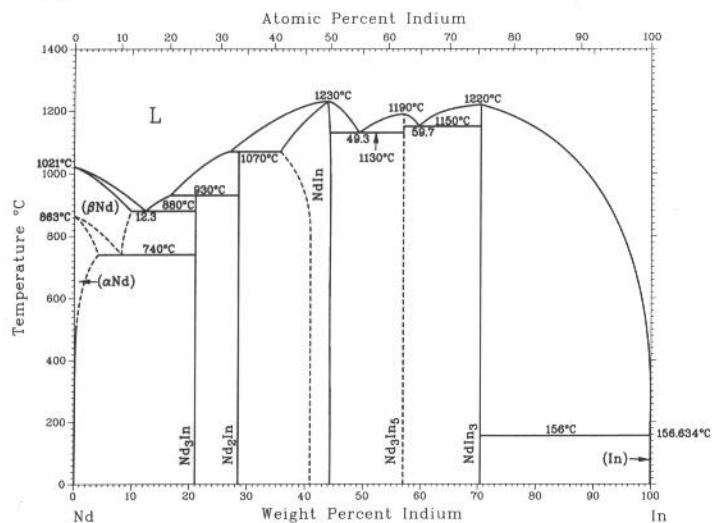
In-Nb



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Nb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
InNb ₃	71 to 86	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm3n</i>
ε	79 to 94	...	...
(Nb)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

In-Nd

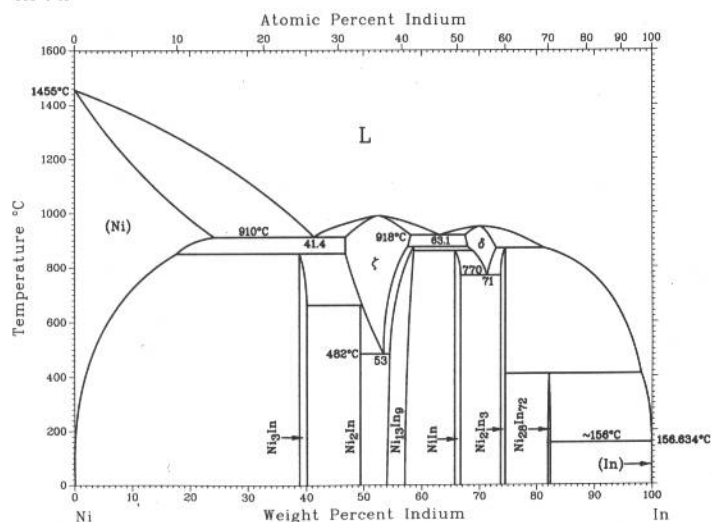


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βNd)	0 to 10	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αNd)	0 to 4	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Nd ₃ In	21	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
Nd ₂ In	28.4	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
NdIn	36 to 44.3	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
Nd ₃ In ₅	57.0	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
NdIn ₃	71	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
(In)	100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>

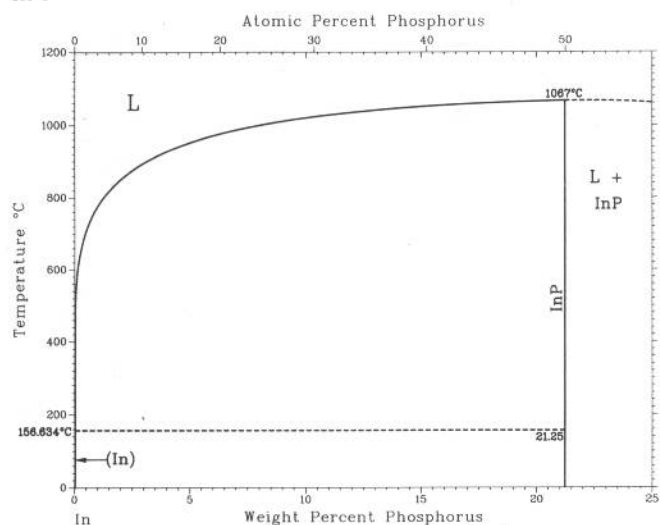
M.F. Singleton and P. Nash, 1992

In-Ni



Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to 24.9	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Ni ₃ In	38.8 to 40.1	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
η (Ni ₂ In)	49.4	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
ζ	47 to 58.1	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
ζ' (Ni ₁₃ In ₉)	55.1 to 58.8	...	...
ϵ (NiIn)	65.7 to 66.6	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6</i> / <i>mmm</i>
δ (NiIn)	67.5 to 73	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Ni ₂ In ₃	74 to 75	<i>hP5</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m1</i>
Ni ₂₈ In ₇₂	82 to 82.4	...	...
(In)	~100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4</i> / <i>mmm</i>
Metastable phase			
ϵ'	27.7 to 40	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

In-P

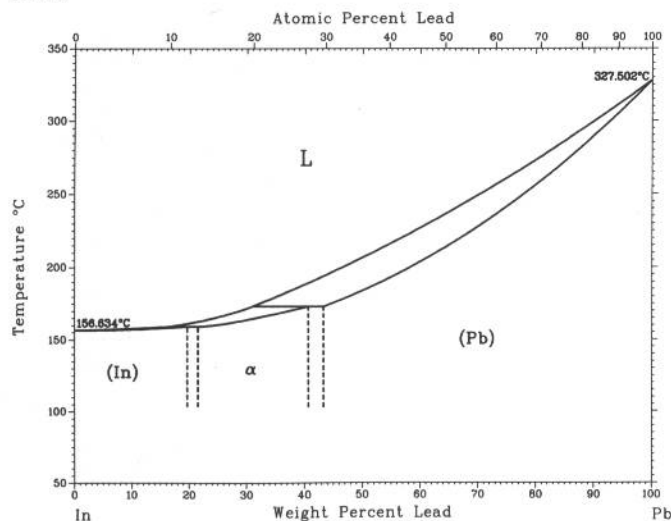


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% P	Pearson symbol	Space group
Stable phases			
(In)	0	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4</i> / <i>mmm</i>
InP	21.2	<i>cF8</i>	<i>F</i> 43 <i>m</i>
High-pressure phases			
InP II(a)	21.2	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
InP III(b)	21.2	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4</i> / <i>amd</i>
InP ₃	45	<i>hR8</i>	<i>R</i> 3 <i>m</i>

(a) 10.8 to 18.9 GPa. (b) >18.9 GPa

In-Pb

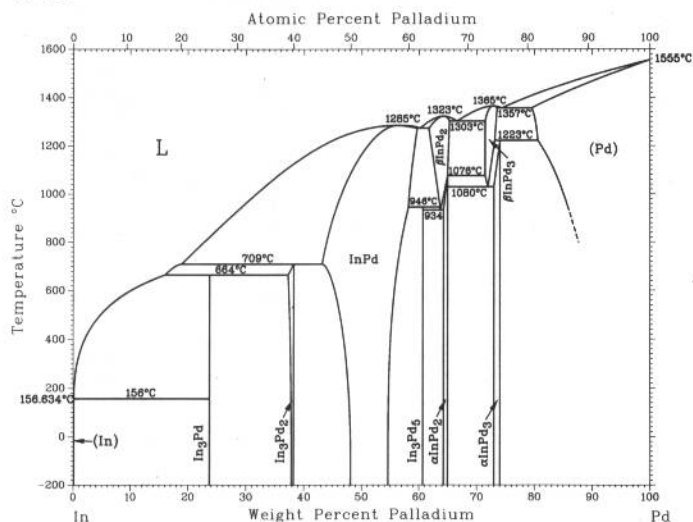


J.P. Nabot and I. Ansara, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0 to ?	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4</i> / <i>mmm</i>
α	~24 to ~44	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4</i> / <i>mmm</i>
(Pb)	? to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

2•256/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

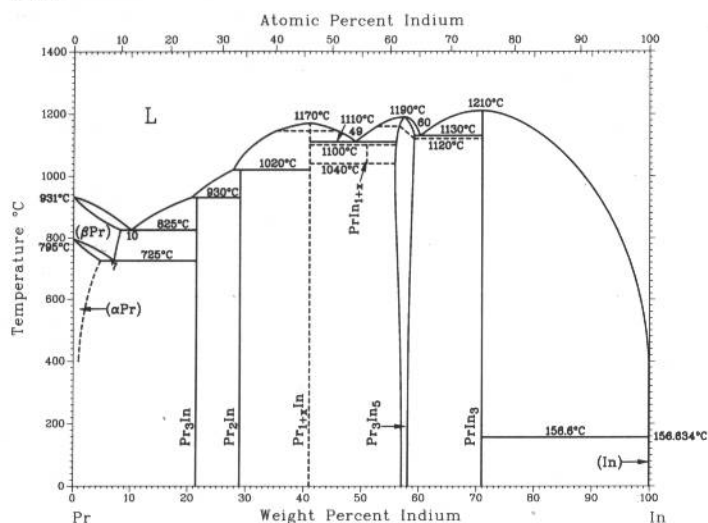
In-Pd



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
In ₃ Pd	24	<i>c*52</i>	...
In ₃ Pd ₂	37 to 38	<i>hP5</i>	<i>P3m1</i>
InPd	43 to 59.7	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
In ₃ Pd ₅	60.7	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pbam</i>
βInPd ₂	61.7 to 65.5	...	...
αInPd ₂	64 to 65.0	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
βInPd ₃	72 to 74	...	...
αInPd ₃	73.0 to 74.1	<i>tI8</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(Pd)	80 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

In-Pr

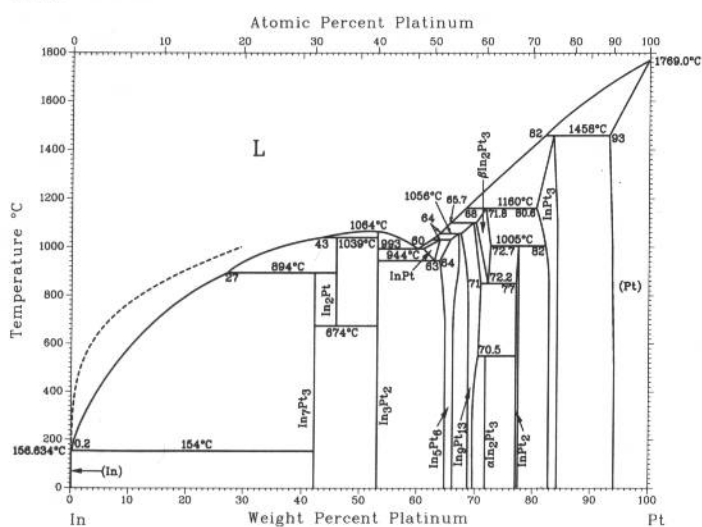


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βPr)	0 to 8.1	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αPr)	0 to 4.6	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
Pr ₃ In	21	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
Pr ₂ In	28.9	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
βPr _{1+x} In	~41	...	...
αPr _{1+x} In	41	...	...
PrIn(a)	44.9	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
PrIn _{1+x}	?	...	...
Pr ₃ In ₅	56 to 59	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
PrIn ₃	70	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
(In)	100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>

(a) Metastable or same as PrIn_{1+x}?

In-Pt



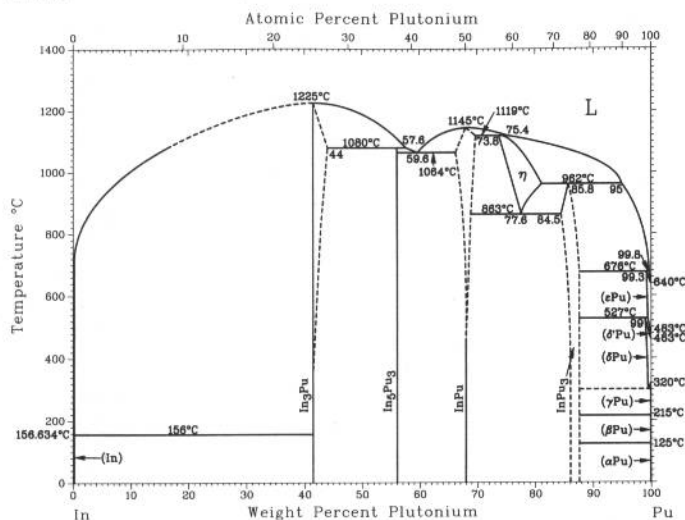
H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Pt	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
In ₃ Pt ₃	42	<i>cI40</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
In ₂ Pt	45.9	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
In ₃ Pt ₂	53	<i>hP5</i>	<i>P3m1</i>
InPt	61 to 64	...	...
In ₅ Pt ₆ (a)	64 to 67.1	<i>mC20</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
In ₉ Pt ₁₃	68 to 71	<i>mC44</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
βIn ₂ Pt ₃	70 to 72.7	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
αIn ₂ Pt ₃	72	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P31c</i>
InPt ₂	77.1 to 78	<i>oC16</i>	<i>Cmmm</i>
InPt ₃	80.6 to 84.3	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
InPt ₄	83.6	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
(Pt)	93 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

(a) InPt₁₄

H. Okamoto, 1992

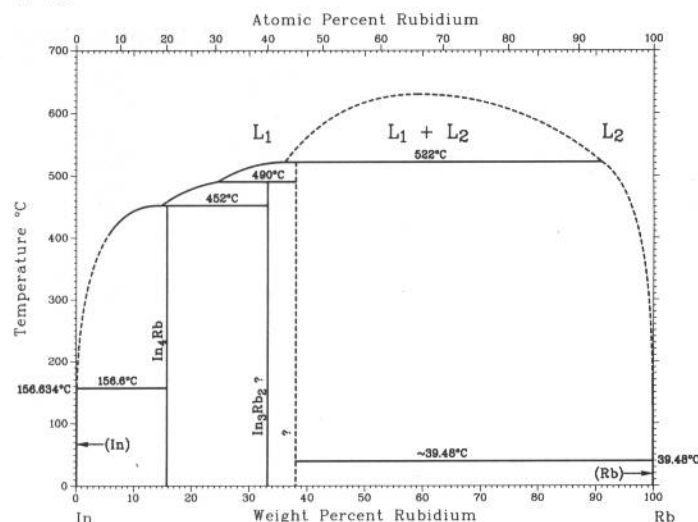
In-Pu



Phase	Composition, wt% Pu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
In ₃ Pu	42 to 44	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
In ₅ Pu ₃	56.1	...	(a)
InPu	66 to 70	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
		<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
η	73.8 to 81	...	...
InPu ₃	84.5 to 88	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
		<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(εPu)	99.3 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(δ'Pu)	100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(δPu)	99 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(γPu)	100	<i>oF8</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
(βPu)	100	<i>mC34</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
(αPu)	100	<i>mP16</i>	<i>P2₁/m</i>

(a) Complex

In-Rb

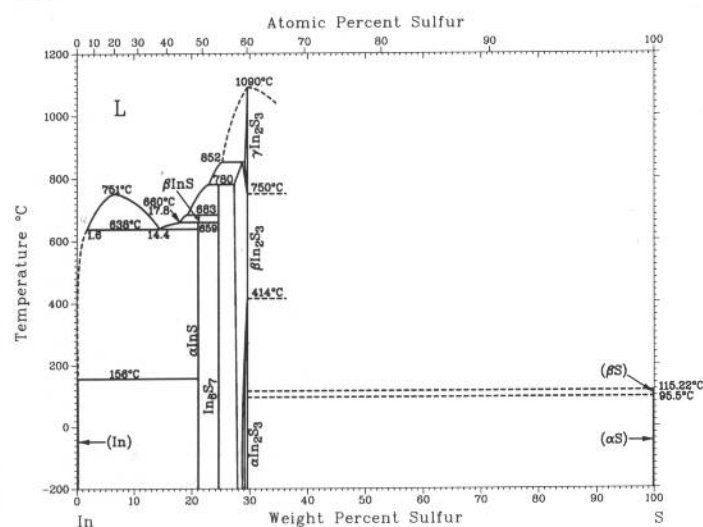


A.D. Pelton and S. Larose, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Rb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
In ₄ Rb	16	<i>tI10</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
In ₃ Rb ₂ (a)	~33	...	...
In ₅ Rb ₄ (b)	...	...	...
(Rb)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

(a) Stoichiometry requires verification. (b) Existence and stoichiometry require verification.

In-S



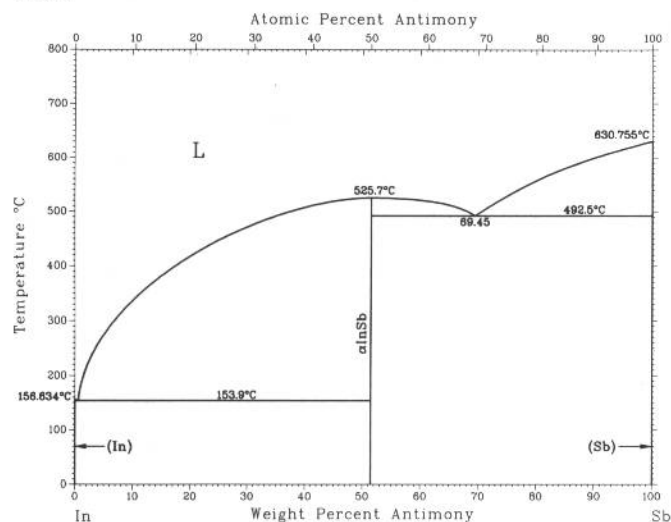
H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
βInS	21.2	...	...
αInS	21.0	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnnm</i>
In ₆ S ₇	24.5	<i>mP26</i>	<i>P2₁/m</i>
γIn ₂ S ₃	29.5	<i>hP7</i>	<i>P3m1</i>
βIn ₂ S ₃	27.8 to 29.5	<i>cF56</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
αIn ₂ S ₃	29.5	<i>tI80</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(βS)	100	<i>mP*</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
(αS)	100	<i>oF128</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
Metastable phase			
InS'	21.8	...	...
High-pressure phase			
εIn ₂ S ₃	29.5	<i>hR10</i>	<i>R3c</i>
Questionable phases			
In ₅ S ₄ (a)	18.2	<i>cP72</i>	<i>Pa3</i>
In ₃ S ₄	27.1	<i>hP*</i>	...
In ₂ S ₃ (b)	29.5	<i>cF8</i>	<i>F43m</i>
In ₂ S ₃ (c)	29.5	<i>o**</i>	...
In ₃ S ₅ (c)	31.8	<i>hP*</i>	...

(a) Probably a ternary compound. (b) Low-temperature phase. (c) High-temperature phase. Conflicts with γIn₂S₃

2•258/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

In-Sb

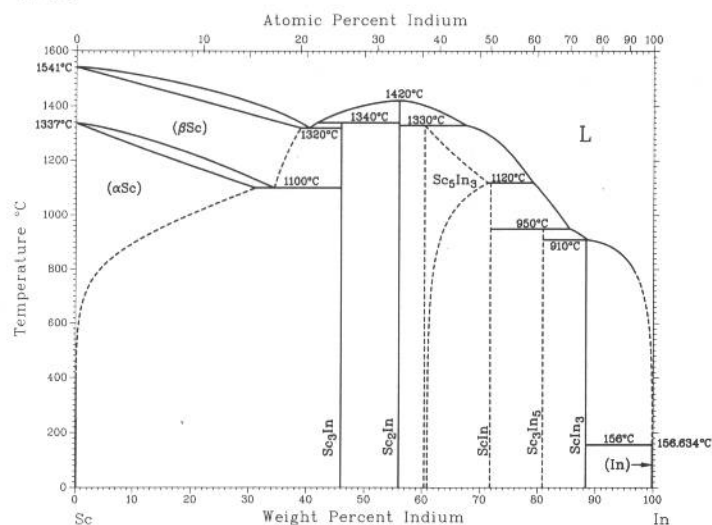


R.C. Sharma, T.L. Ngai, and Y.A. Chang, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0	<i>tI2</i>	<i>F4/mmm</i>
ω (a)	~21	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
ζ (a)	~41	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
γ_2 (a)	49.0	<i>oP4</i>	...
α InSb	51.5	<i>cF8</i>	<i>F43m</i>
β InSb(a)	51.5	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
γ_1 (a)	51.5 to 56	<i>oP2</i>	<i>Pmm2</i>
γ InSb(a)	51.5	(b)	...
γ InSb(a)	51.5	<i>oP4</i>	<i>Pmmm</i> or <i>Pmmn</i>
δ InSb(a)	51.5	<i>oP2</i>	<i>Pmm2</i>
$\llcorner\beta\text{Sn}\gg$ (a)	56	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
π' (a)	58.9	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R3m</i>
π (c)	61 to 71	<i>cP1</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
InSb (thin films)(c)	...	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃mc</i>
(Sb)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>

(a) High-pressure phase. (b) Hexagonal. (c) Metastable phase

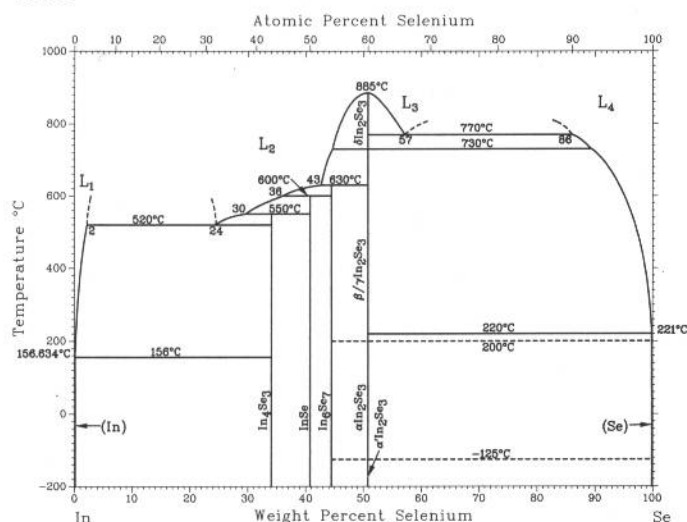
In-Sc



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βSc)	0 to 39	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αSc)	0 to 31	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Sc ₃ In	46	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Sc ₂ In	56.0	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Sc ₅ In ₃	60.5 to 71.9	...	...
ScIn	71.9	...	...
Sc ₃ In ₅	81.0	...	...
ScIn ₃	89	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
(In)	100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>

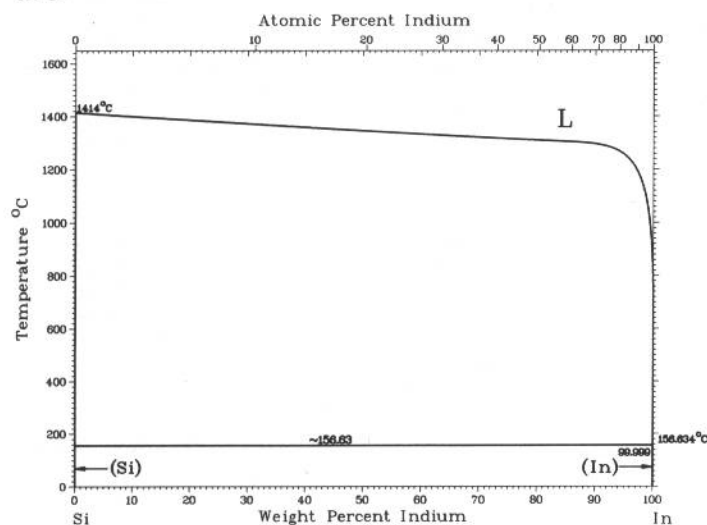
In-Se



Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0	tt2	I4/mmm
In ₄ Se ₃	34.1	oP28	Pnnm
αInSe	40.7	hR4	R $\bar{3}m$
βInSe(a)	40.7	hP8	P6 ₃ /mmc
InSe II(b)	40.7	mP8	P2 ₁ /m
In ₆ Se ₇	44.5	mP26	P2 ₁ /m
In ₂ Se ₃	51	...	...
δ	...	hP5	P6 ₁
γ(c)	...	hP30	P6 ₁
β(c, d)	...	hR5	R $\bar{3}m$
α3(d)	...	hR5	R $\bar{3}m$
α2(d)	...	hP10	P6 ₃ /mmc
α1(d)	...	hP5	...
α'(d)	...	o**	...
In ₂ Se ₃ (e)	51	hP160	P6 ₃
(Se)	100	hP3	P3 ₁ 21
Uncertain phases and structures			
In ₂ Se(f)	25.6	oP24	Pnnm
InSe	40.7	hP*	...
In ₆ Se ₇	44.5	mP26	P2 ₁ /m
In ₅ Se ₆	45.2	...	...
In ₃ Se ₄	47.8	...	...
In ₅ Se ₇	49.0	c**	...
In ₂ Se ₃	51	hP30	P6 ₅
In ₂ Se ₃ (g)	51	m**	...
In ₂ Se ₃ (h)	51	c**	...
InSe ₄	51	...	...

(a) Probably metastable. (b) High-pressure phase. (c) β ↔ α transition is ambiguous. (d) Metastable. (e) Thin film. (f) Probably In₄Se₃. (g) Probably In₆Se₇. (h) Same as In₅Se₇?

In-Si

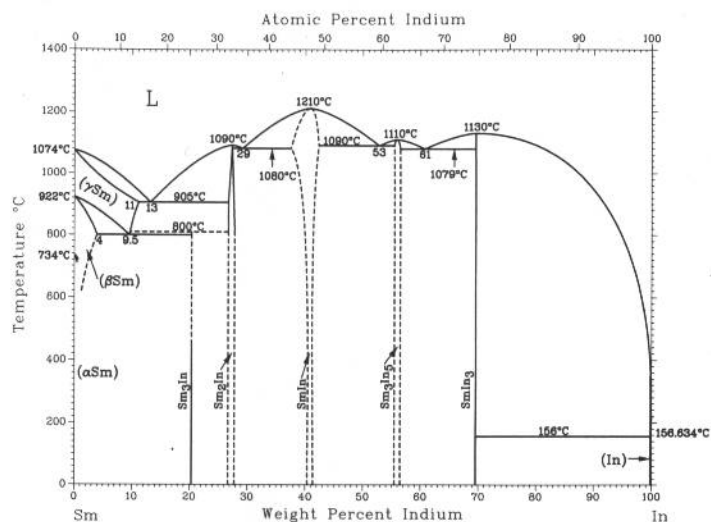


R.W. Olesinski, N. Kanani, and G.J. Abbaschian, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Si)	~0	cF8	Fd $\bar{3}m$
(In)	~100	tt2	I4/mmm

2•260/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

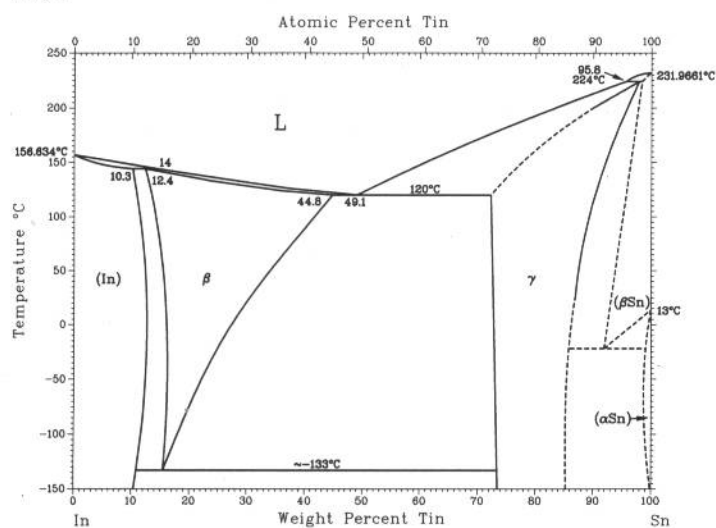
In-Sm



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γSm)	0 to 11	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βSm)	0 to 4	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
(αSm)	0	<i>hR3</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Sm ₃ In	20	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Sm ₂ In	26 to 28	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
SmIn	38 to 42	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Sm ₃ In ₅	56 to 57	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
SmIn ₃	70	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(In)	100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>

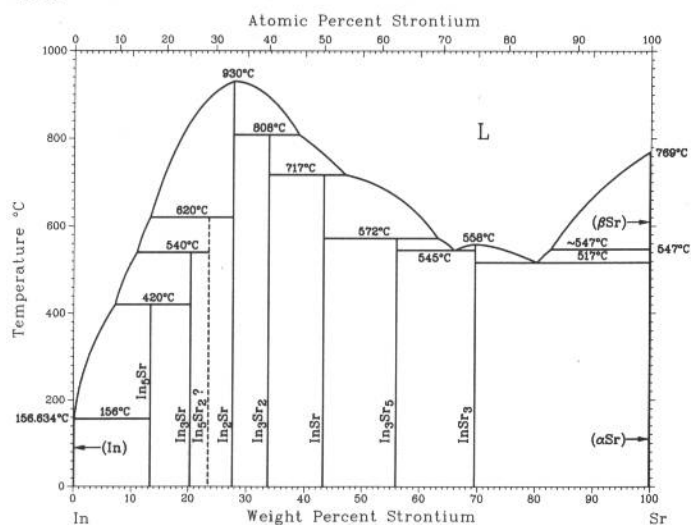
In-Sn



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0 to 12.4	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
β	12.4 to 44.8	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
γ	73 to ?	<i>hP5</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
(βSn)	? to 100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4</i> $\bar{1}$ and
(αSn)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$

In-Sr

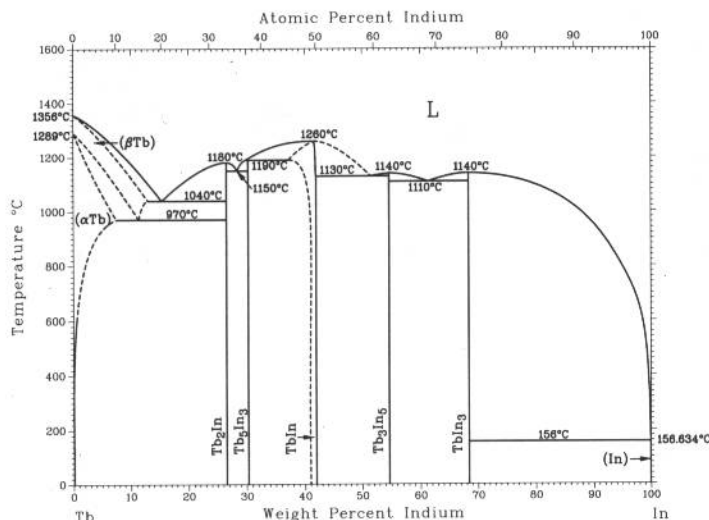


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Sr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
In ₅ Sr	13.3	<i>hP*</i>	...
In ₃ Sr	20	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
In ₅ Sr ₂ ?	23.4	...	...
In ₂ Sr	27.6	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
In ₃ Sr ₂	34	...	...
InSr	43.3	<i>o**</i>	...
In ₃ Sr ₅	56.0	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
InSr ₃	70	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βSr)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αSr)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

H. Okamoto, 1992

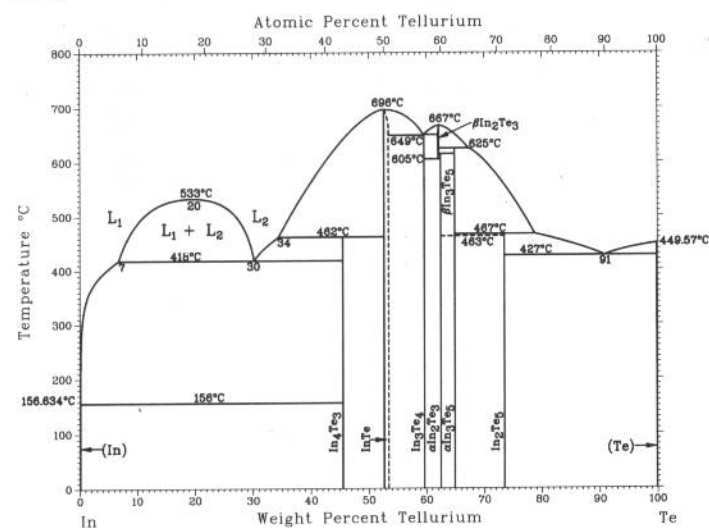
In-Tb



Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTb)	0 to 13	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αTb)	0 to 7	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
Tb ₂ In	26.5	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
Tb ₃ In ₃	30.2	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
TbIn	37 to 41.9	<i>t**</i>	...
Tb ₃ In ₅	54.6	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
TbIn ₃	68	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(In)	100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>

H. Okamoto, 1992

In-Te



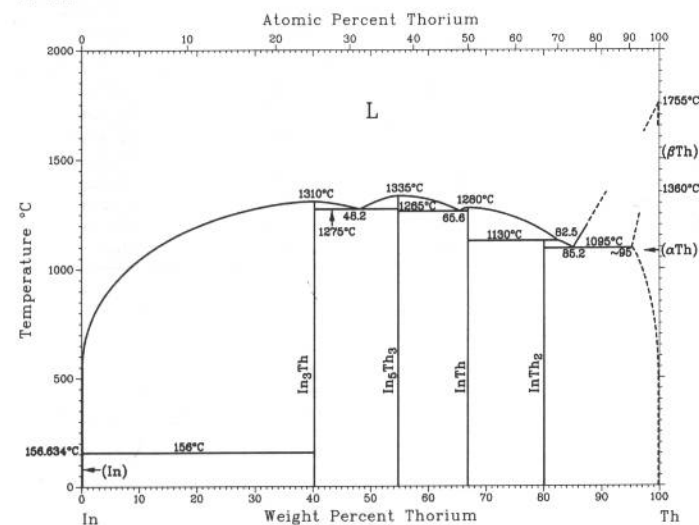
Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
In ₄ Te ₃	45.5	<i>oP28</i>	<i>Pnnm</i>
InTe	53 to 54	<i>tI16</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
In ₃ Te ₄	59.7	<i>hR7</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
In ₃ Te ₄	59.7	<i>tI*</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
βIn ₂ Te ₃	62.0 to 62.6	<i>cF8</i>	<i>F43m</i>
αIn ₂ Te ₃	62.5	<i>cF180</i>	<i>F43m</i>
βIn ₃ Te ₅	64.9	<i>hP*</i>	...
αIn ₃ Te ₅	64.9	...	...
In ₂ Te ₅ I	73.5	<i>mC28</i>	<i>Cc</i>
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3$_1$21</i>

Metastable or high-pressure phases

InTeII	52.6	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
InTeIII	52.6	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
InTeII'	52.6	<i>t*8</i>	...
In _{2+x} Te ₃	...	<i>cP*</i>	...
In ₂ Te ₃	62.5	<i>oI*</i>	<i>Imm2</i>
In ₂ Te ₃	62.5	<i>tP*</i>	<i>P4$_2$mcm or P4$_2$nm</i>
In ₂ Te ₃ (a)	62.5	<i>hP*</i>	...
In ₂ Te ₃ II	62.5	<i>hR5</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
In ₂ Te ₅ II	73.5	<i>mC84</i>	<i>C2/c</i>

(a) Thin film

In-Th

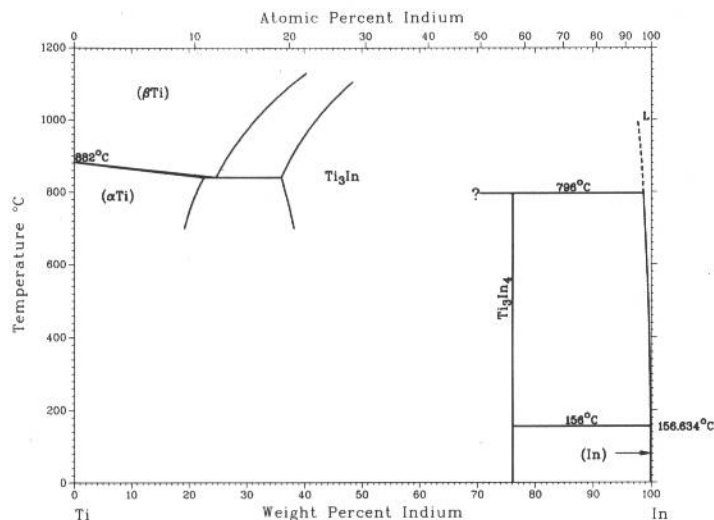


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Th	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
In ₃ Th	40	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
In ₅ Th ₃	54.8	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
InTh	66.9	<i>oP24</i>	<i>Pbcm</i>
InTh ₂	80.2	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
(βTh)	? to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αTh)	~95 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

2•262/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

In-Ti

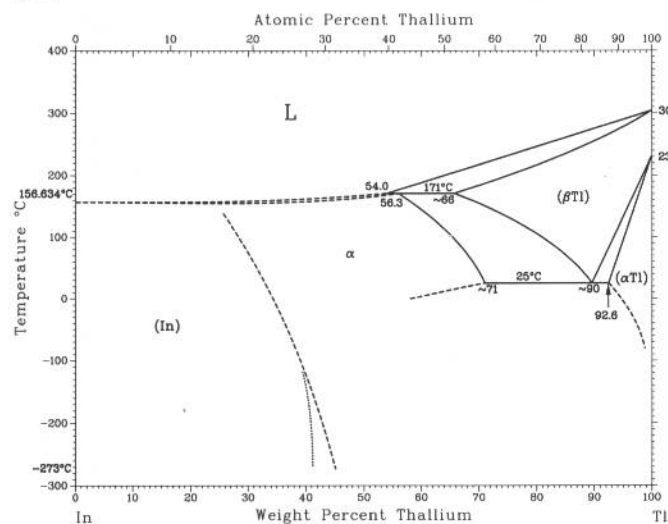


J.L. Murray, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi)	0 to ?	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTi)	0 to ~21	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Ti ₃ In	39 to ?	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Ti ₃ In ₂	(a)	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4</i> / <i>mm</i>
Ti ₃ In ₄	76.1	<i>tP14</i>	<i>P4</i> / <i>mbm</i>
(In)	~100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4</i> / <i>mmm</i>

(a) Unknown

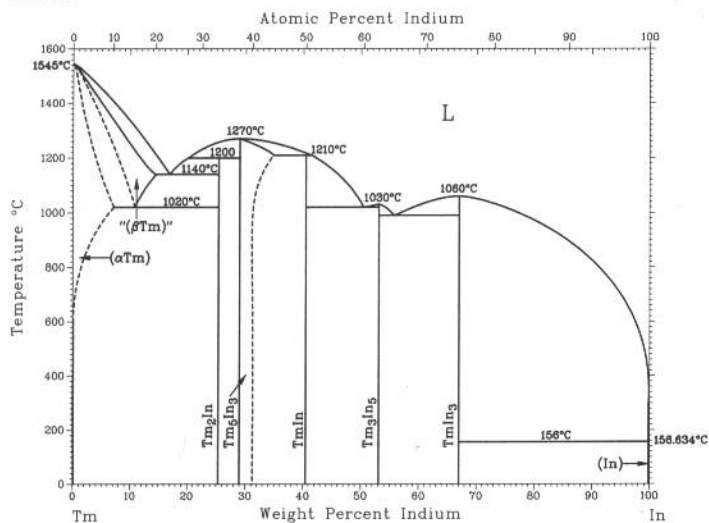
In-Tl



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0 to 44	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4</i> / <i>mmm</i>
α	25 to ~71	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βTl)	~66 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTl)	92.6 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

In-Tm

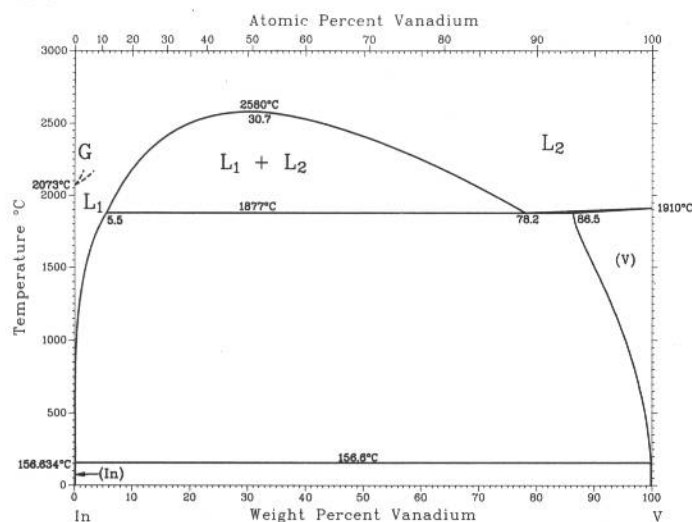


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
"(βTm)"	? to 15	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTm)	0 to 7	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
TmIn	25.3	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Tm ₅ In ₃	29.0 to 36	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mcm</i>
TmIn	40.5	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Tm ₃ In ₅	53.1	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
TmIn ₃	67	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(In)	100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4</i> / <i>mmm</i>

J.F. Smith and K.J. Lee, 1992

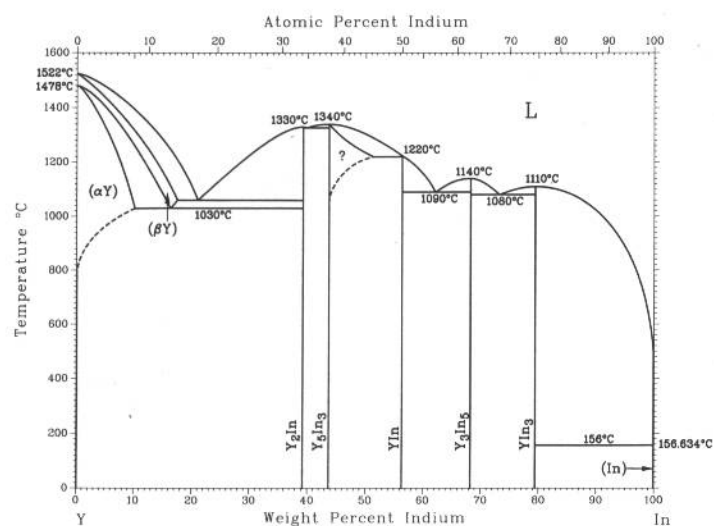
In-V



Phase	Composition, wt% V	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0	$tI2$	$I4/mmm$
$\text{InV}_3(\text{a})$	57	(b)	...
(V)	100	$cI2$	$Im\bar{3}m$

(a) Cr_3Si -type structure reported in impure sample at high pressure. (b) Tetragonal. Pressure-stabilized phase

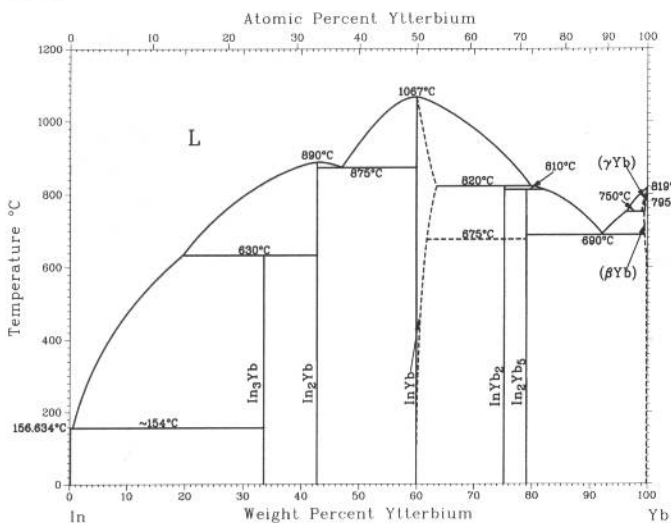
In-Y



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% In	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βY)	0 to 17.4	$cI2$	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αY)	0 to 10.1	$hP2$	$P6_3/mmc$
$Y_2\text{In}$	39.2	$hP6$	$P6_3/mmc$
$Y_3\text{In}_3$	43.7 to 51.4	$hP16$	$P6_3/mcm$
$Y\text{In}$	56.4	$cP2$	$Pm\bar{3}m$
$Y_3\text{In}_5$	68.3	$oC32$	$Cmcm$
$Y\text{In}_3$	79.5	$cP4$	$Pm\bar{3}m$
(In)	100	$tI2$	$I4/mmm$

In-Yb

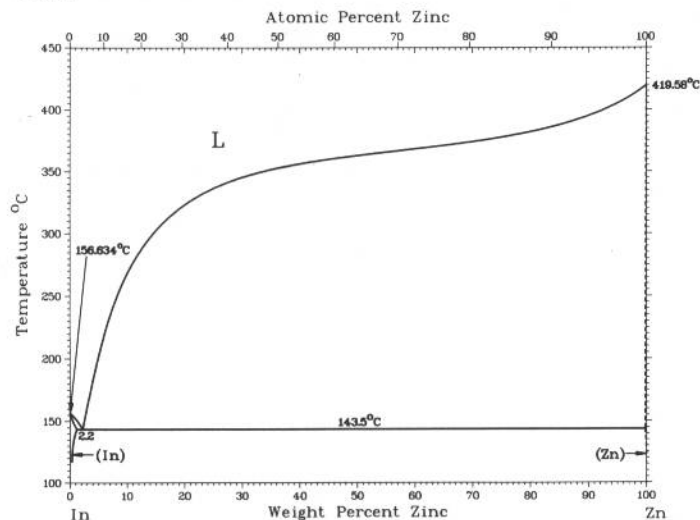


A. Palenzona and S. Cirafici, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Yb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	~0	$tI2$	$I4/mmm$
In_3Yb	33.4	$cP4$	$Pm\bar{3}m$
In_2Yb	42.9	$hP6$	$P6_3/mmc$
InYb	60.1 to ~63	$cP2$	$Pm\bar{3}m$
InYb_2	75.1	$oP12$	$Pnma$
In_2Yb_5	~79.0	...	$R\bar{3}c$ or $R3c$
(γYb)	~100	$cI2$	$Im\bar{3}m$
(βYb)	~100	$cF4$	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(αYb)	~100	$hP2$	$P6_3/mmc$

2•264/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

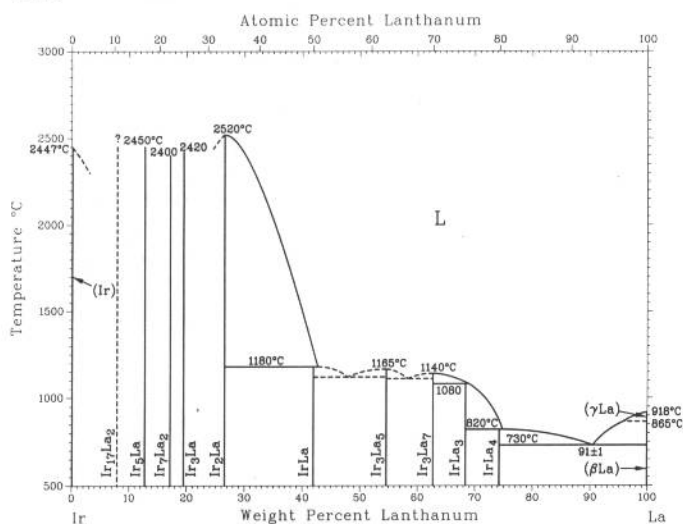
In-Zn



J. Dutkiewicz and W. Zakulski, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(In)	0 to 1	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(Zn)	99.8 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

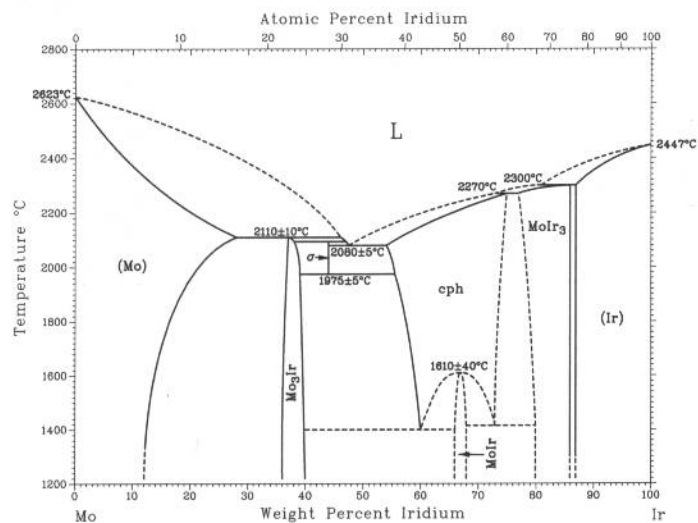
Ir-La



H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% La	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ir)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}$m</i>
Ir ₁₇ La ₂ ?	7.8	...	...
Ir ₅ La	12.7	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
Ir ₇ La ₂	17.1	<i>hP36</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Ir ₃ La	19	<i>hR12</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ir ₂ La	26.5	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}$m</i>
IrLa?	41.9	...	...
Ir ₃ La ₅	54.6	<i>tP32</i>	<i>P4/ncc</i>
Ir ₃ La ₇	63	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P6₃mc</i>
IrLa ₃	68	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
IrLa ₄	74	...	...
(γ La)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}$m</i>
(β La)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}$m</i>
(α La)	100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Ir-Mo

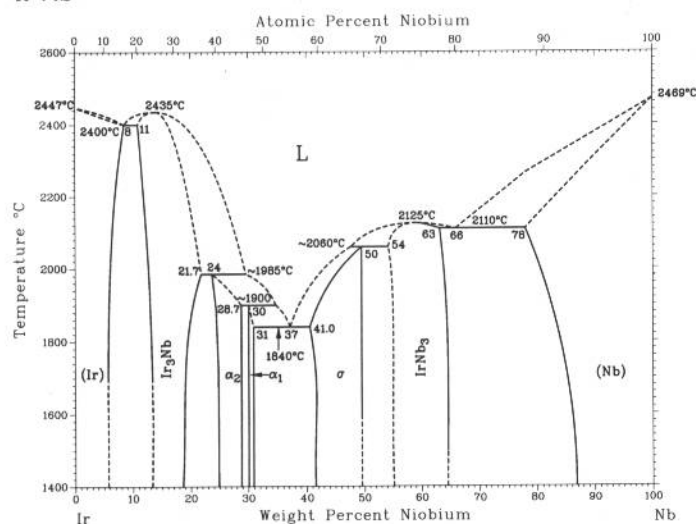


From [Molybdenum]

Phase	Composition, wt% Ir	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo)	0 to ~28	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}$m</i>
Mo ₃ Ir	<36 to 40	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}n$</i>
σ	~44	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>
MoIr (cph)	~54 to >75	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
MoIr (LT)	~66 to 68	<i>oP4</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
MoIr ₃	~77 to 86	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(Ir)	~87 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}$m</i>

H. Okamoto, unpublished

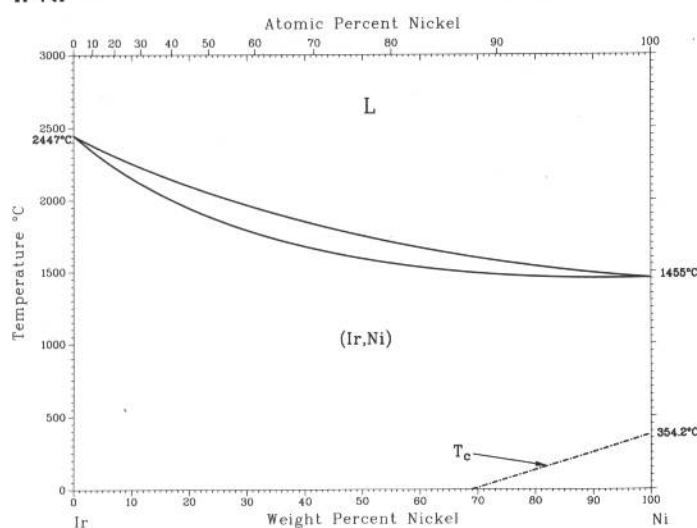
Ir-Nb



Phase	Composition, wt% Nb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ir)	0 to 8	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ir ₃ Nb	11 to 21.7	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
α ₂	24 to 28.7	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pmma</i>
α ₁	30 to 31	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4₂/mmm</i>
σ	41.0 to 50	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mmm</i>
IrNb ₃	54 to 63	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}n$</i>
(Nb)	78 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>

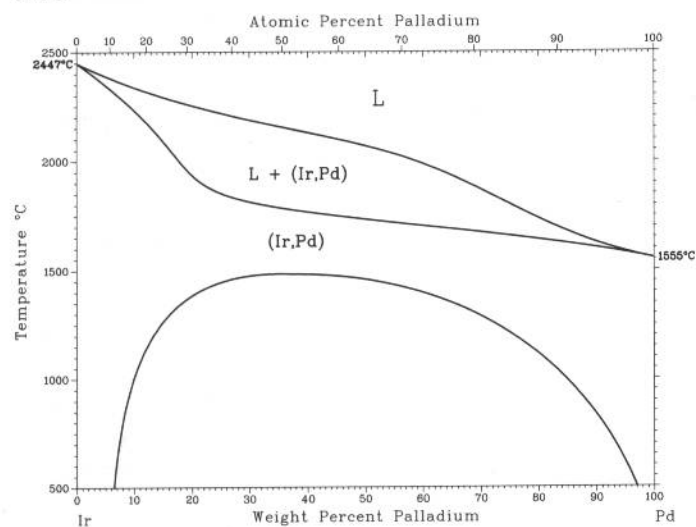
S.C. Yang, N. Chen, and P. Nash, 1991

Ir-Ni



Phase	Composition, wt% Ni	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ir,Ni)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

Ir-Pd

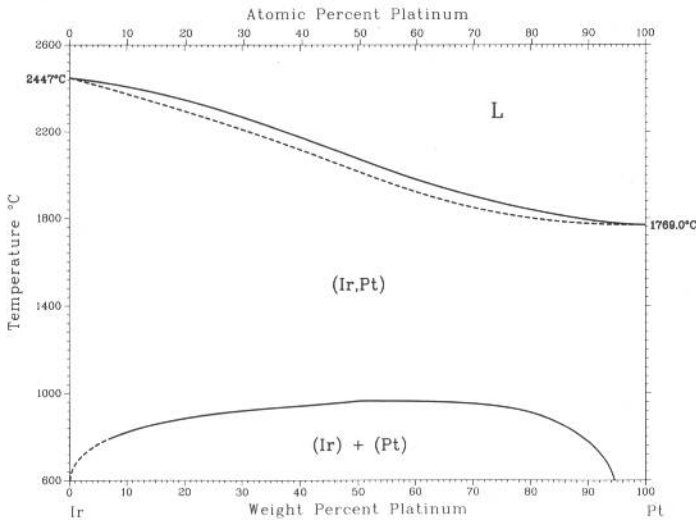


S.N. Tripathi, S.R. Bharadwaj, and M.S. Chandrasekharaiah, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ir,Pd)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

2•266/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

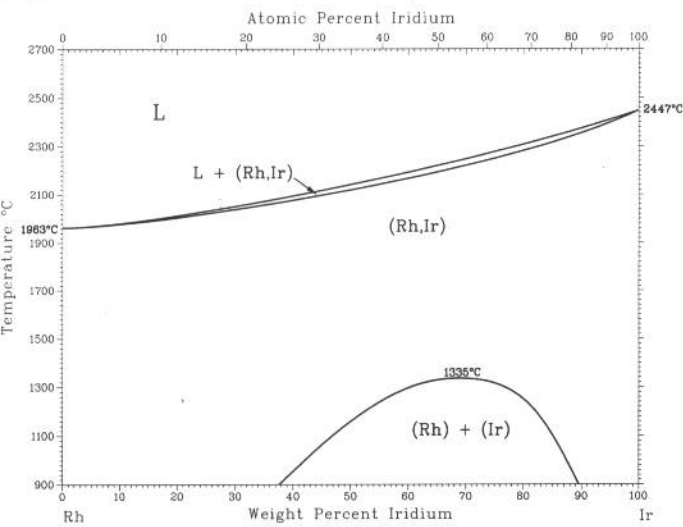
Ir-Pt



L. Muller, 1930; and E. Raub and W. Plate, 1956

Phase	Composition, wt% Pt	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ir,Pt)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

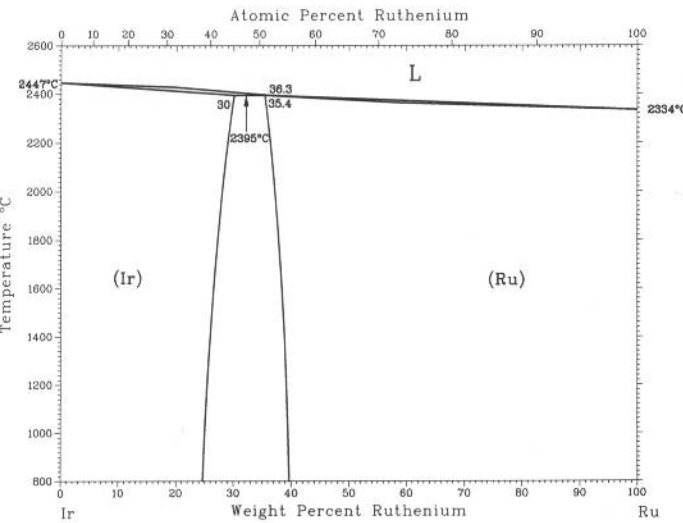
Ir-Rh



S.N. Tripathi, S.R. Bharadwaj, and M.S. Chandrasekharaiah, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ir	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ir,Rh)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

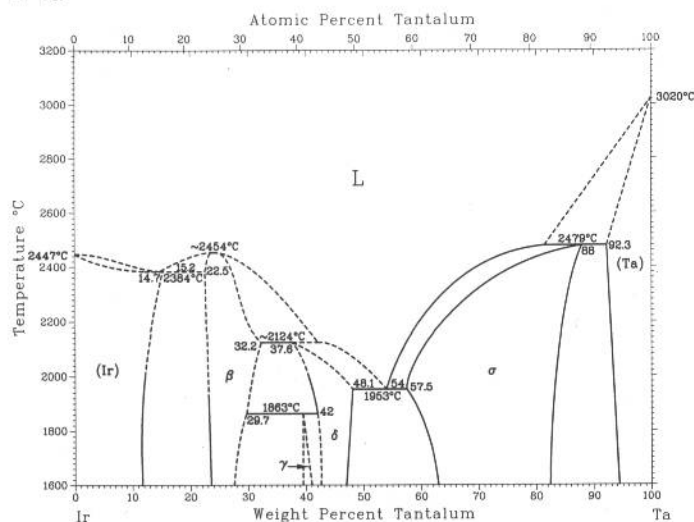
Ir-Ru



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Ru	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ir)	0 to 30	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Ru)	35.4 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

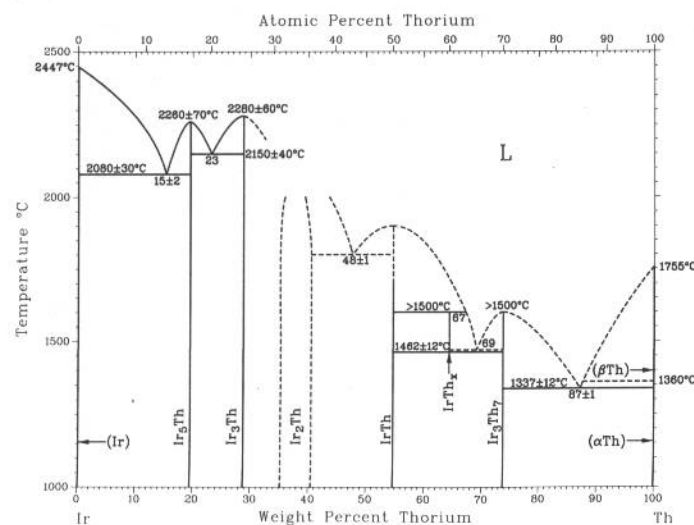
Ir-Ta



From [Metals]

Phase	Composition, wt% Ta	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ir)	0 to 15.2	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
β	22.5 to 32.2	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
γ	~41	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
δ	37.6 to 48.1	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pmma</i>
σ	57.5 to 88.0	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>
(Ta)	92.3 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

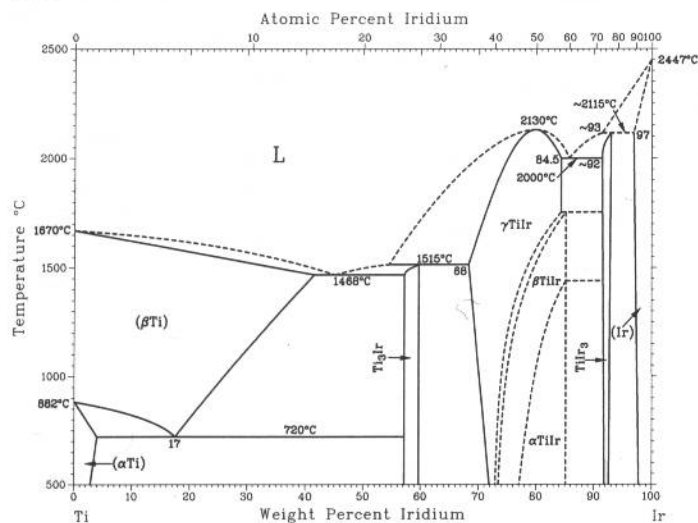
Ir-Th



H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Th	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ir)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Ir_5Th	19.5	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmm</i>
Ir_3Th	29	...	...
Ir_2Th	35 to 40	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
IrTh	54.7	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
IrTh_x	~64	...	...
Ir_3Th_7	74	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P6₃mc</i>
(βTh)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αTh)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

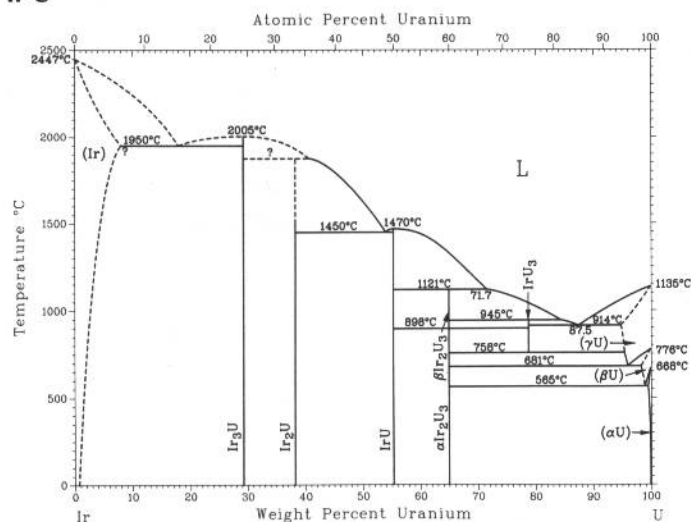
Ir-Ti



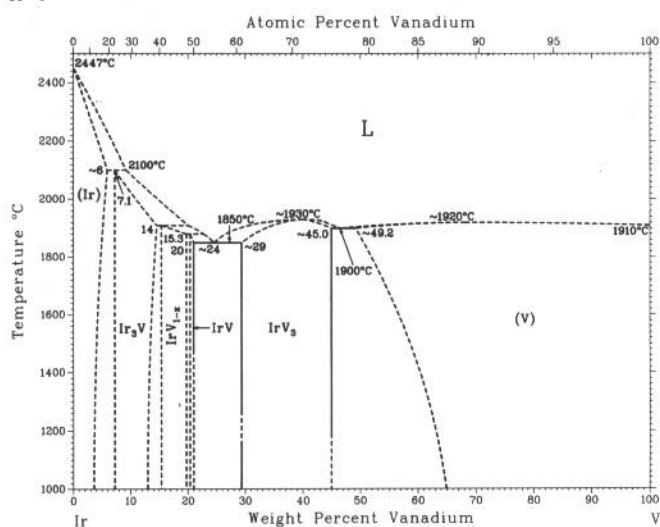
H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Ir	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi)	0 to 4	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αTi)	0 to 40.5	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Ti_3Ir	57 to 60	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>n</i>
γTiIr	68 to 84	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
βTiIr	73 to ?	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
αTiIr	77 to ?	<i>c**</i>	...
TiIr_3	~92 to ~93	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(Ir)	~97 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

Ir-U

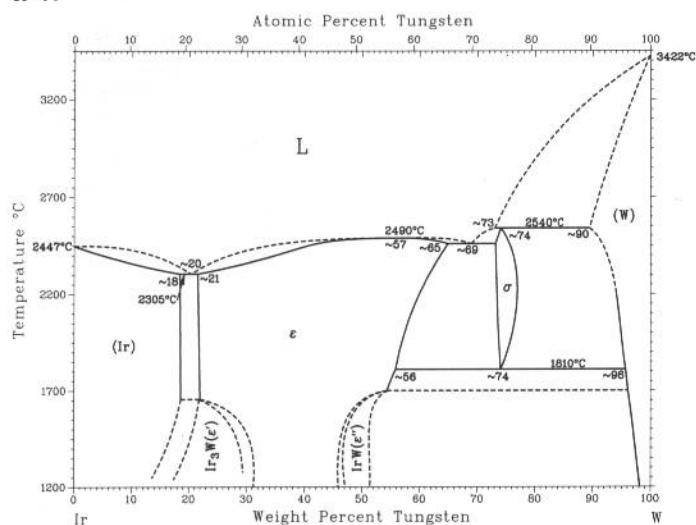


Phase	Composition, wt% U	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ir)	0 to ?	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ir ₃ U	29	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ir ₂ U	38.2	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
IrU	55.3	...	...
β Ir ₂ U ₃	65	...	...
α Ir ₂ U ₃	65	...	...
IrU ₃	79	...	...
(γ U)	? to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β U)	? to 100	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>
(α U)	? to 100	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Possible phase			
IrU ₂	71.3	<i>m**</i>	...

Ir-V

J.F. Smith, 1989			
Phase	Composition, wt % V	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ir)	0 to ~6	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ir ₃ V	7.1 to 14	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
IrV _{1-x}	15.3 to 20	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
IrV	~20.9	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmmm</i>
IrV ₃	~29 to ~45.0	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}n$</i>
(V)	~49.2 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>

Ir-W

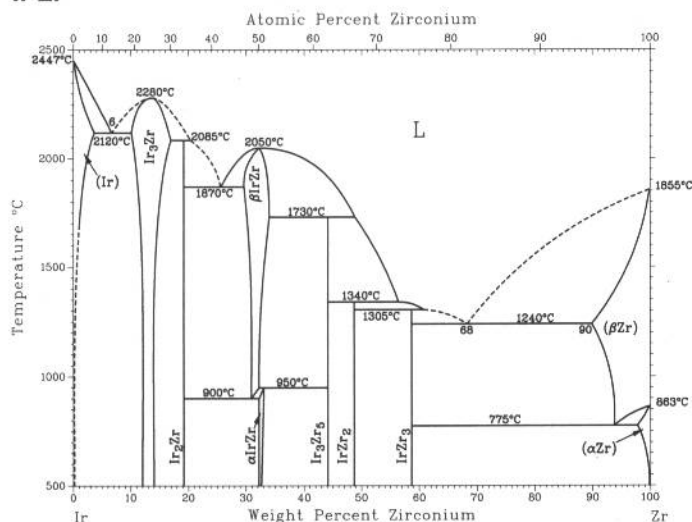


Phase	Composition, wt% W	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ir)	0 to ~18	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
ϵ	~21 to ~65	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
Ir $_3$ W(ϵ')	~24(a)	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
IrW(ϵ'')	48.9(a)	<i>oP4</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
σ	74	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4$_2$/mmn</i>
(W)	~90 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>

(a) Ordered structure

H. Okamoto, 1992

Ir-Zr

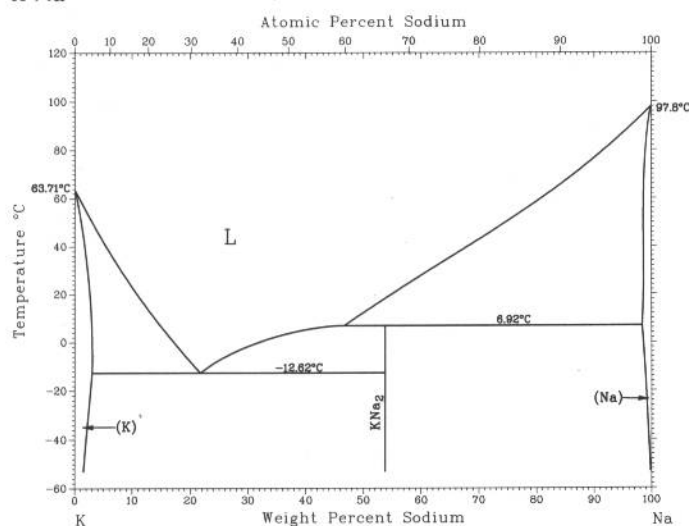


Phase	Composition, wt% Zr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ir)	0 to 3	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Ir ₃ Zr	10 to 17	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Ir ₂ Zr	19.2	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
βIrZr	30 to 34	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
αIrZr	32.2 to 33	(a)	...
Ir ₃ Zr ₅	44.2	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mcm</i>
IrZr ₂	48.7	<i>dI12</i>	<i>I4</i> / <i>mcm</i>
IrZr ₃	59	<i>dI32</i>	<i>I4</i> ₂ / <i>m</i>
(βZr)	90 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αZr)	98 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

(a) Complex

K-Na

C.W. Bale, 1982

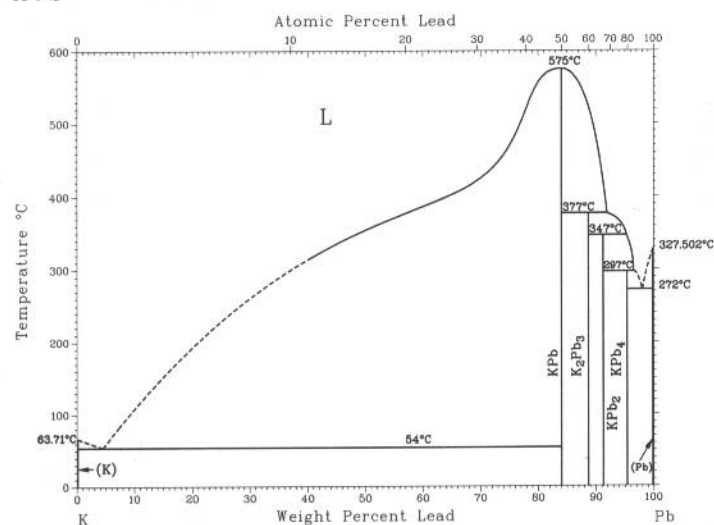


Phase	Composition, wt% Na	Pearson symbol	Space group
(K)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
K ₂ Na(a)	22.72	...	...
KNa ₂	54.05	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(Na)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

(a) Possible phase (not shown in diagram)

K-Pb

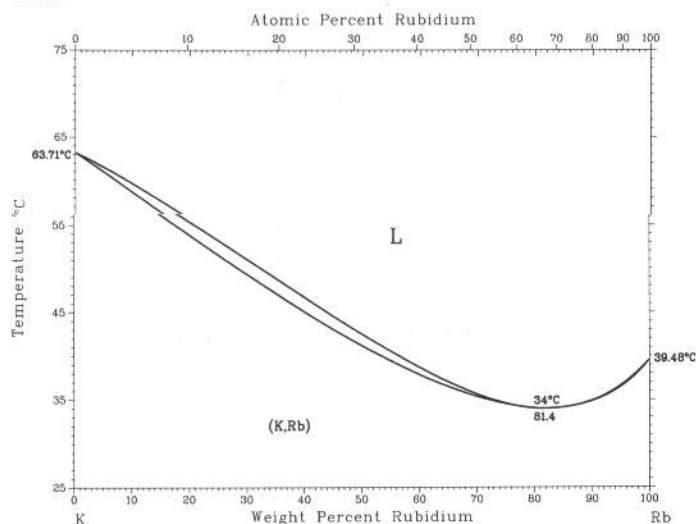
H. Okamoto, 1990



Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(K)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
KPb	84.1	<i>dI64</i>	<i>I4</i> ₁ / <i>acd</i>
K ₂ Pb ₃	89	...	...
KPb ₂	91.4	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
KPb ₄	96	<i>cI*</i>	...
(Pb)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

2•270/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

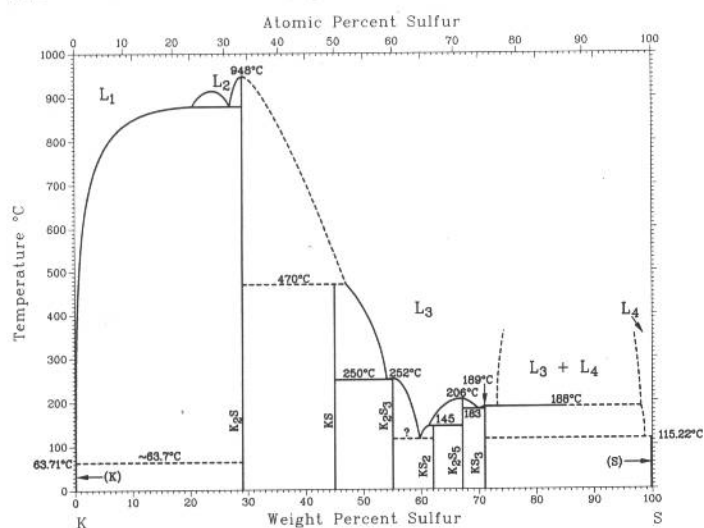
K-Rb



C.W. Bale and A.D. Pelton, 1983

Phase	Composition, wt% Rb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(K,Rb)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

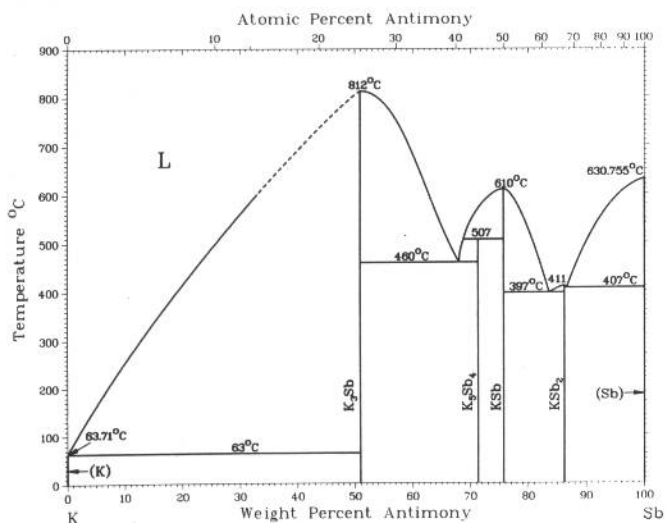
K-S



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(K)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
K ₂ S	29.1	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
KS	45.1	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6₂m</i>
K ₂ S ₃	55	<i>oC20</i>	<i>Cmc2₁</i>
KS ₂	62.2	<i>aP42</i>	...
K ₂ S ₅	67.2	<i>oP28</i>	<i>P2₁2₁2₁</i>
KS ₃	71	<i>aP57</i>	...
(S)	100	<i>oF128</i>	<i>Fddd</i>

K-Sb

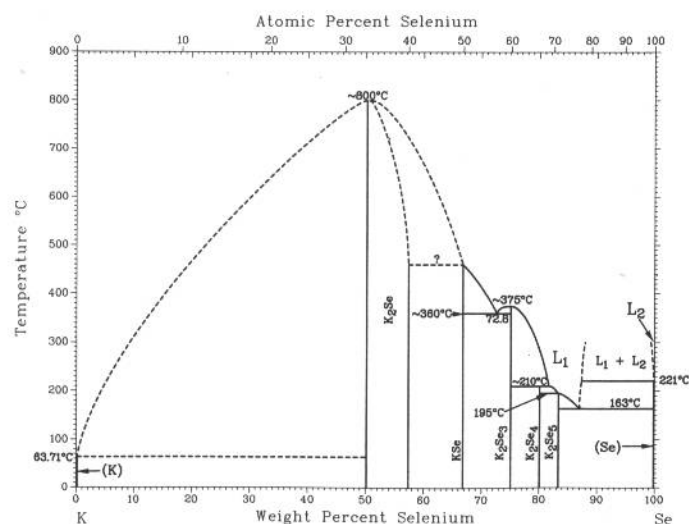


F.W. Dorn and W. Klemm, 1961

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(K)	~0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
K ₃ Sb	51	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
K ₅ Sb ₄	71.3	...	...
KSb	75.7	<i>mP16</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
KSb ₂	86.2	...	...
(Sb)	~100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>

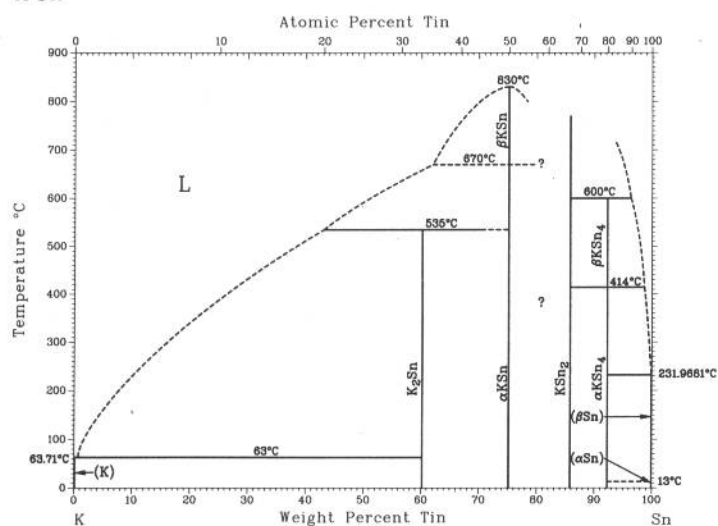
H. Okamoto, 1990

K-Se



Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(K)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
K ₂ Se	50.2 to 57	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
KSe	66.9	...	...
K ₂ Se ₃	75	<i>oC20</i>	<i>Cmc2₁</i>
KSe ₂	80.2	...	...
K ₂ Se ₅	83.4	...	...
(Se)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>

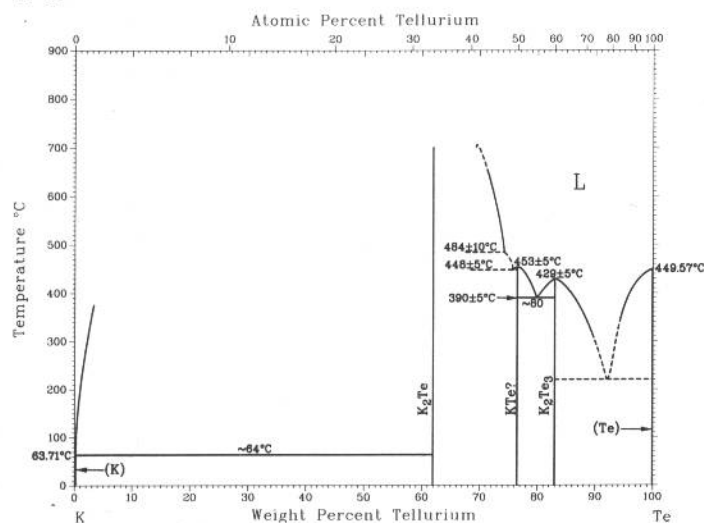
K-Sn



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(K)	~0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
K ₂ Sn	~60.3	...	...
βKSn	75.2	...	...
αKSn	75.2	<i>tI64</i>	<i>I4₁/acd</i>
KSn ₂	85.9	...	...
βKSn ₄	92	...	...
αKSn ₄	92	...	...
(βSn)	~100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(αSn)	~100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
Other reported phase			
K ₄ Sn ₂₃	~94.6	<i>cP54</i>	<i>Pm3n</i>

K-Te

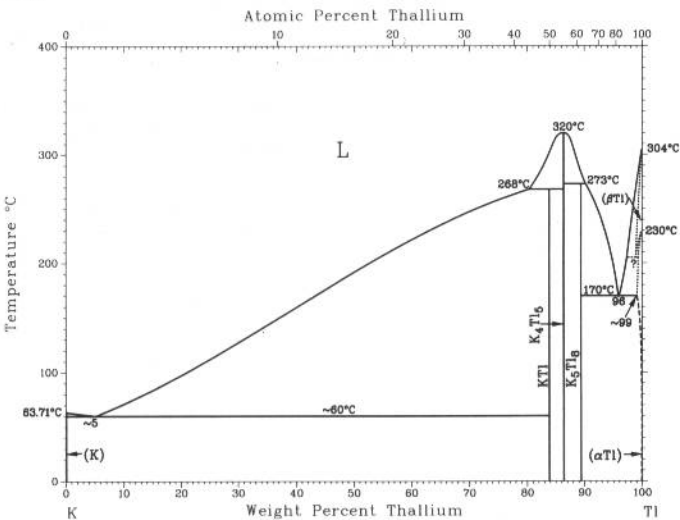


A. Petric and A.D. Pelton, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(K)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
K ₂ Te	62.0 to 72.3(a)	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
KTe	76.5	...	...
K ₂ Te ₃	83	<i>oP20</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>

(a) Homogeneity range subject to verification

K-Tl

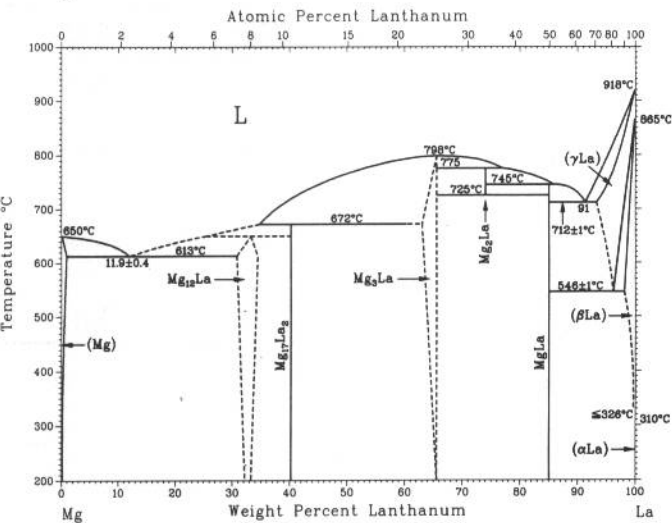


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(K)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
KTl	83.9	(a)	...
K ₄ Tl ₅	86.7	...	...
K ₅ Tl ₆	89.3	...	...
(βTl)	? to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTl)	~99.8 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

(a) Crystal structure neither the β brass or NaCl type

La-Mg

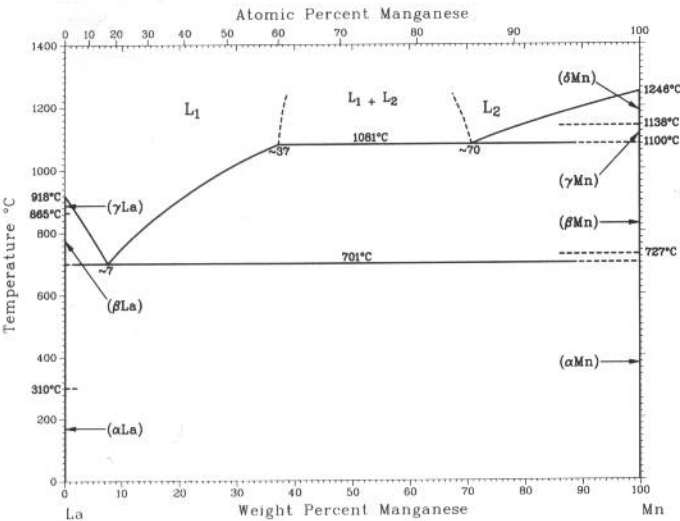


A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% La	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0 to 0.79	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Mg ₁₂ La	30.53 to 34.18(a)	<i>oI338(b)</i>	(<i>Immm</i>)(b)
Mg ₁₇ La ₂	40.21	<i>hP38</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Mg ₃ La	? to 66	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Mg ₂ La	74.07	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
MgLa	85.1	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γLa)	~93 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βLa)	~98.2 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αLa)	? to 100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

(a) Homogeneity range estimated from lattice parameters. (b) This proposed crystal structure is based on the similarities of the lattice parameters of Mg₁₂La with those of Mg₁₂Ce(II).

La-Mn

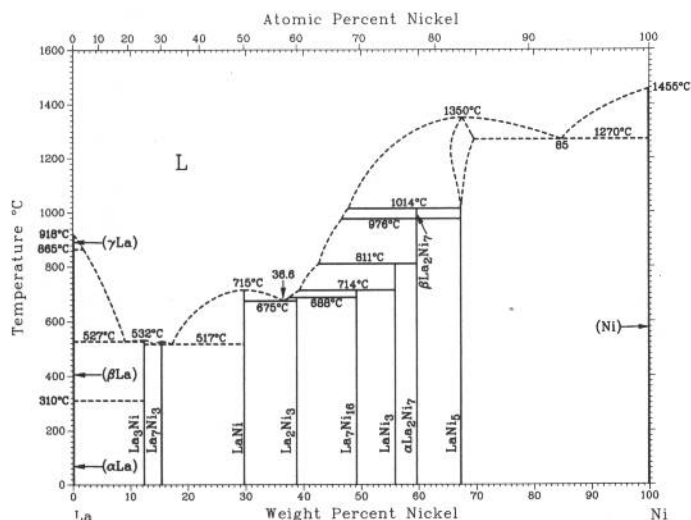


A. Palenzona and S. Cirafici, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γLa)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βLa)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αLa)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(δMn)	~100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γMn)	~100	<i>cI4</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βMn)	~100	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4</i> ₁ <i>32</i>
(αMn)	~100	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}$ <i>3m</i>

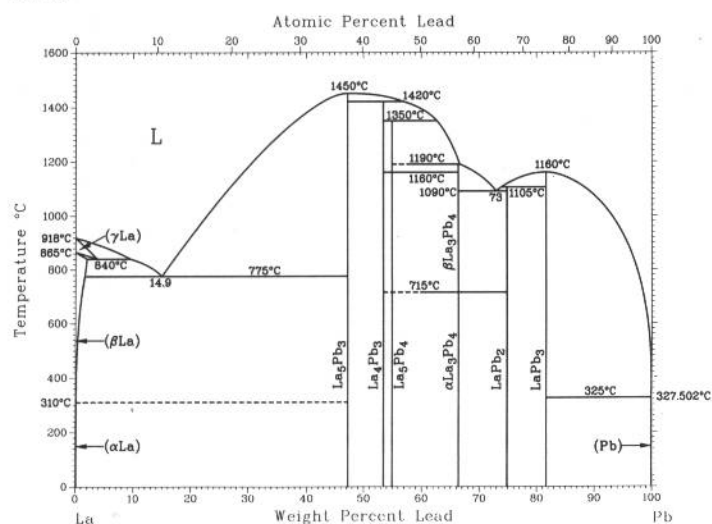
H. Okamoto, 1991

La-Ni



Phase	Composition, wt% Ni	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γLa)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(βLa)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(αLa)	0	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
La ₃ Ni	12.3	oP16	$Pnma$
La ₇ Ni ₃	15.3	hP20	$P6_3/mc$
LaNi	29.7	oC8	$Cmcm$
La ₂ Ni ₃	39.0	oC20	$Cmca$
La ₇ Ni ₁₆	49.2	tI46	$I\bar{4}2m$
LaNi ₃	55.9	hR24	$R\bar{3}m$
βLa ₂ Ni ₇	59.7	hR18	$R\bar{3}m$
αLa ₂ Ni ₇	59.7	hP36	$P6_3/mmc$
LaNi ₅	67.8	hP6	$P6/mmm$
(Ni)	100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Metastable phase			
LaNi ₂	66.7	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$

La-Pb

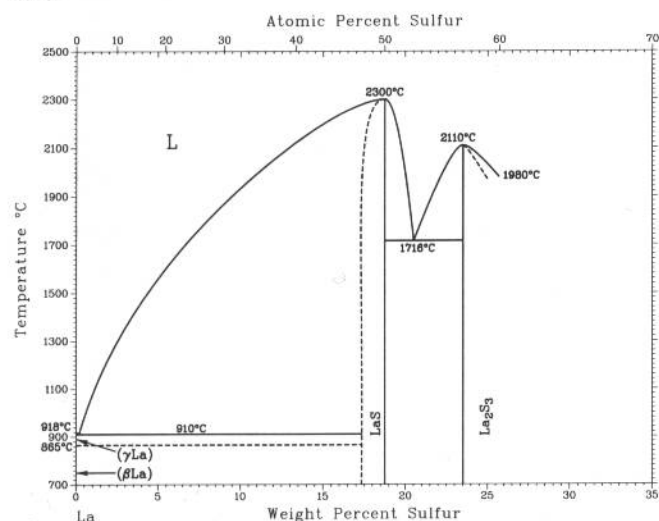


A. Palenzona and S. Cirafici, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γLa)	3.7	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(βLa)	0 to <1.5	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(αLa)	0	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
La ₃ Pb ₃	47.2	hP16	$P6_3/mc$
La ₄ Pb ₃ (a)	52.8	cI28	$I\bar{4}3d$
La ₅ Pb ₄	54.4	oP36	$Pnma$
βLa ₃ Pb ₄	66.5	...	...
αLa ₃ Pb ₄	66.5	...	...
LaPb ₂	74.9	...	...
LaPb ₃	81.7	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
(Pb)	~99.9 to 100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

(a) Low-temperature modification

La-S

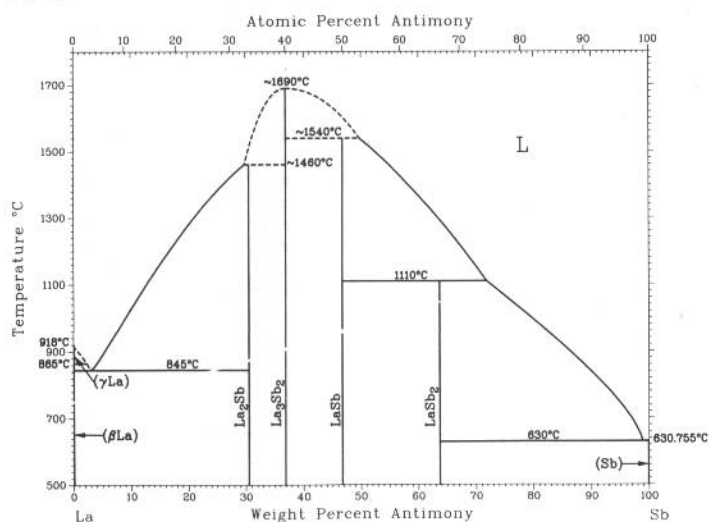


H.F. Franzen, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γLa)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(βLa)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
LaS	17 to 18.8	cF8	$Fm\bar{3}m$
γLa ₂ S ₃	23.5 to 26	cI28	$I\bar{4}3d$

2•274/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

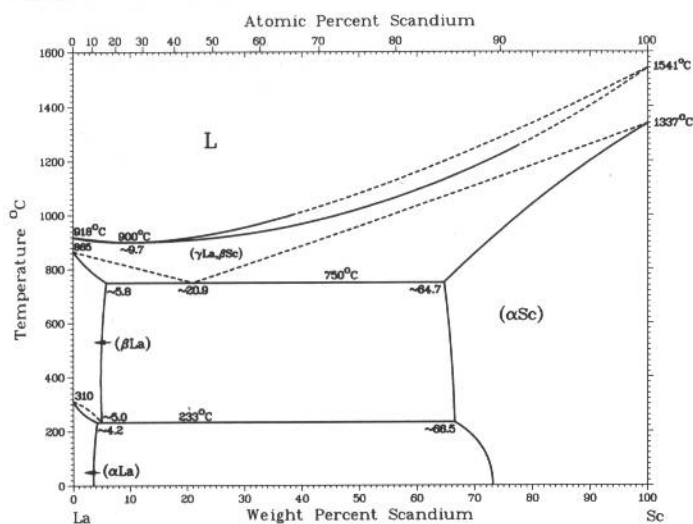
La-Sb



R. Vogel and H. Klose, 1954

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γLa)	~0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βLa)	~0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
La ₂ Sb	30.4	<i>dI12</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
La ₃ Sb ₂	37	...	...
LaSb	46.7	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
LaSb ₂	63.7	<i>oC24</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
(Sb)	~100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Other reported phases			
La ₅ Sb ₃	34.9	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
La ₄ Sb ₃	39.7	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I43d</i>

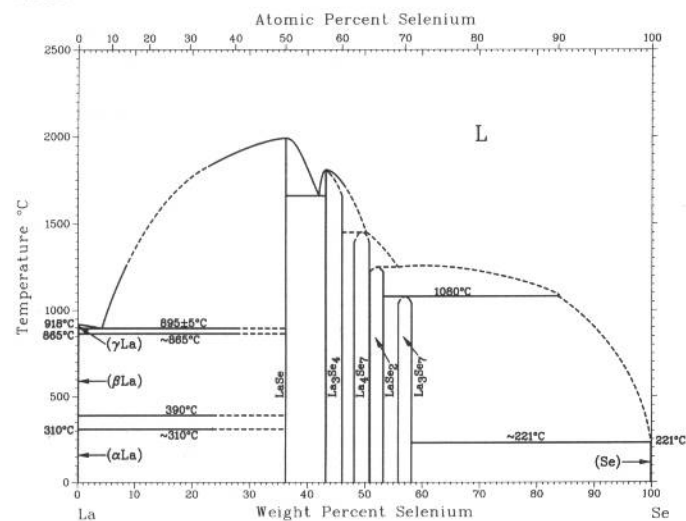
La-Sc



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1982

Phase	Composition, wt% Sc	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αLa)	0 to ~4.2	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βLa)	0 to ~5.8	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γLa, βSc)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αSc)	~64.7 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

La-Se

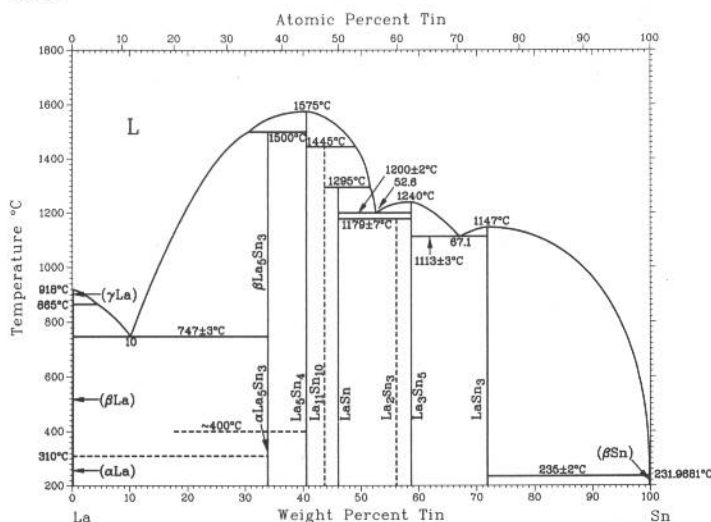


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γLa)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βLa)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αLa)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
LaSe	36.2	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
La ₃ Se ₄	43.2 to 46	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I43d</i>
La ₄ Se ₇	48 to 50.8	<i>mP6</i>	<i>P2/c</i>
LaSe ₂	50.9 to 53.2	<i>tP6</i>	<i>P4/nmm</i>
La ₃ Se ₇	56 to 58	<i>t**</i>	...
(Se)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>

A. Palenzona and S. Cirafici, 1992

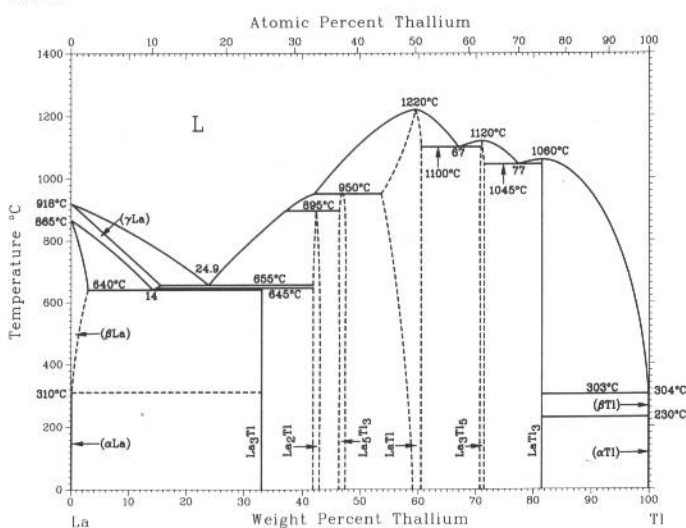
La-Sn



Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
γLa(a)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
βLa(b)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
αLa(c)	0	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
La ₃ Sn(d)	22	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
βLa ₅ Sn ₃	33.9	hP16	$P6_3/mcm$
αLa ₅ Sn ₃	33.9	tI32	$I4/mcm$
La ₅ Sn ₄	40.6	oP36	$Pnma$
La ₁₁ Sn ₁₀ (e)	43.7	tI84	$I4/mmm$
LaSn	46.1	oC8	$Cmcm$
La ₂ Sn ₃	56	...	...
La ₃ Sn ₅	58.8	oC32	$Cmcm$
LaSn ₃	72	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
βSn(f)	100	tI4	$I4_1/amd$
αSn(g)	100	cF8	$Fd\bar{3}m$

(a) From 918 to 865 °C. (b) From 865 to 310 °C. (c) Up to 310 °C. (d) High-temperature, high-pressure phase (e) Proposed structure type. (f) From 13 to 231.9661 °C. (g) Up to 13 °C

La-Tl

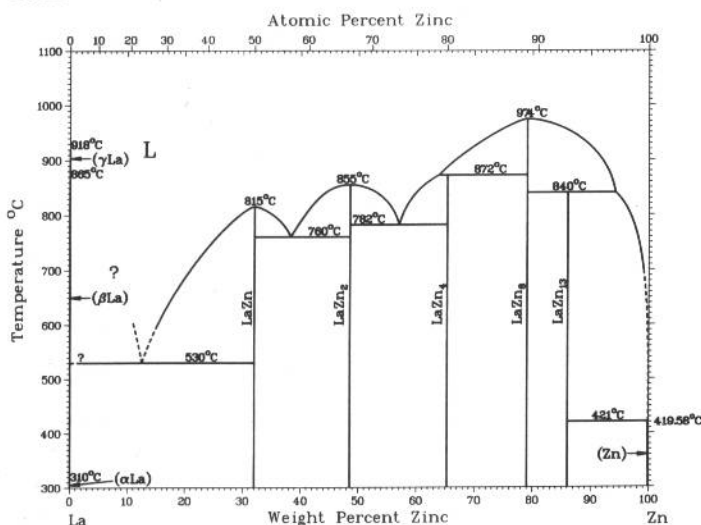


S. Delfino, A. Saccone, A. Palenzona, and R. Ferro, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γLa)	15.4	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(βLa)	0 to 2.8	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(αLa)	0	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
La ₃ Tl(a)	33	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
La ₂ Tl	~33	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
La ₂ Tl	~46.9	...	...
La ₅ Tl ₃	~46 to 47	tI32	$I4/mcm$
LaTl(b)	~54 to ~61	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
LaTl(c)	~54 to ~61	tP2	$P4/mmm$
La ₃ Tl ₅	~71 to ~72	oC32	$Cmcm$
LaTl ₃	82	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
(βTl)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αTl)	100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$

(a) A cP4-cF4 order-disorder transformation in this phase has been suggested. (b) Cubic structure presumed to be room- and higher-temperature phases. (c) Tetragonal structure presumed to be lower-temperature phase

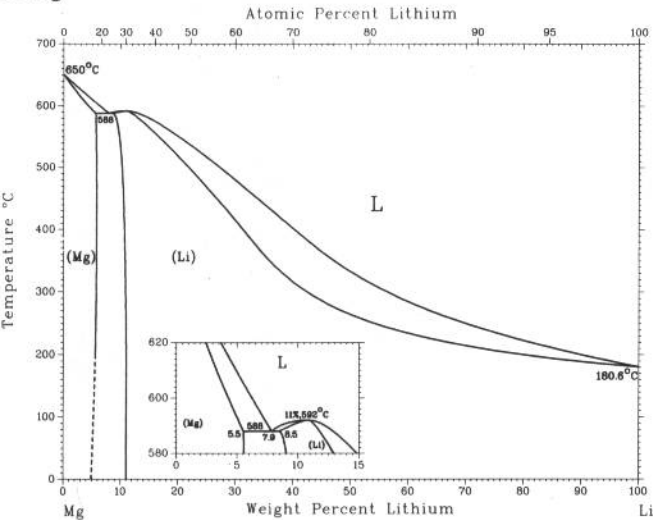
La-Zn



L. Rolla and A. Iandelli, 1941

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γLa)	~0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(βLa)	~0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(αLa)	~0	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
LaZn	32.0	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
LaZn ₂	~48.5	oI12	$Imma$
LaZn ₄	~65	oC20	$Cmcm$
LaZn ₈ (La ₂ Zn ₁₇)	~79	hR19	$R\bar{3}m$
LaZn ₁₃	~86.0	cF112	$Fm\bar{3}c$
(Zn)	~100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
Other reported phases			
LaZn ₅	~70.1	hP6	$P6/mmm$
La ₃ Zn ₂₂	~78	tI100	$I4_1/amd$
LaZn ₁₁	~83.9	tI48	$I4_1/amd$

Li-Mg

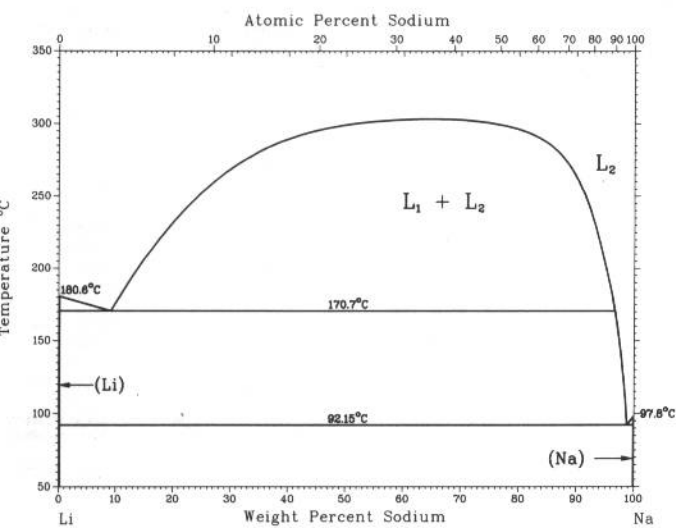


A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi, A.D. Pelton, and J.B. Clark, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Li	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0 to 6	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βLi)	8.5 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αLi)(a)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Cold worked stabilized phase(b)			
(γLi)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

(a) Below -193 °C. (b) Nonequilibrium

Li-Na

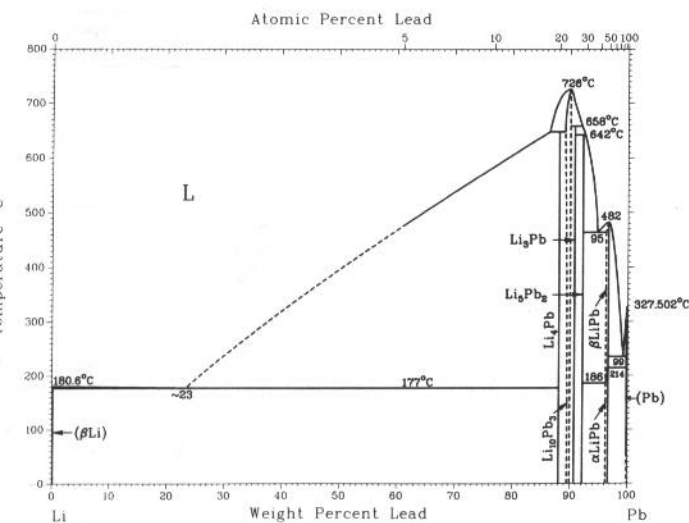


C.W. Bale, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Na	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βLi)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αLi)(a)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βNa)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αNa)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

(a) Below -193 °C

Li-Pb



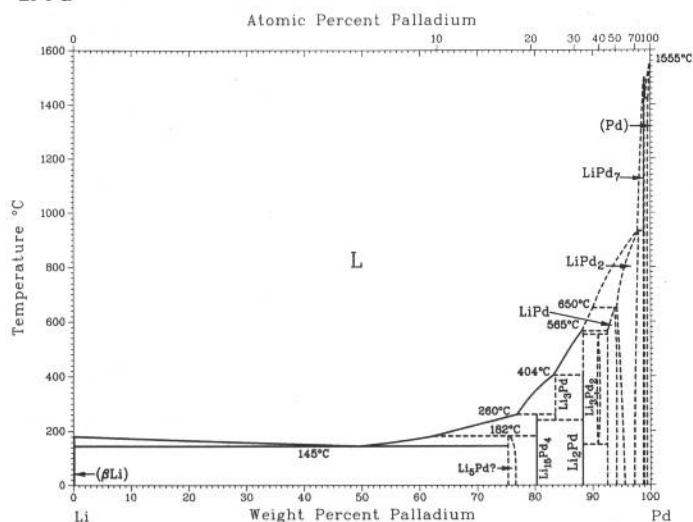
From [Hansen]

Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βLi)	~0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αLi)(a)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Li ₄ Pb	~88	...	...
Li ₁₀ Pb ₃	~89.7 to ~90.2	<i>cP52</i>	<i>P4₃m</i>
Li ₃ Pb	~91	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Li ₅ Pb ₂	92.3	...	...
βLiPb	<96 to 96.8	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
αLiPb	<96 to 96.8	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Pb)	99.9 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Other reported phases			
Li ₂₂ Pb ₅	~87.1	<i>cF432</i>	<i>F23</i>
Li ₇ Pb ₂	~89.5	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P321</i>
Li ₈ Pb ₃	~91.8	<i>mC22</i>	<i>C2/m</i>

(a) Below -193 °C

J. Sangster and A.D. Pelton, 1992

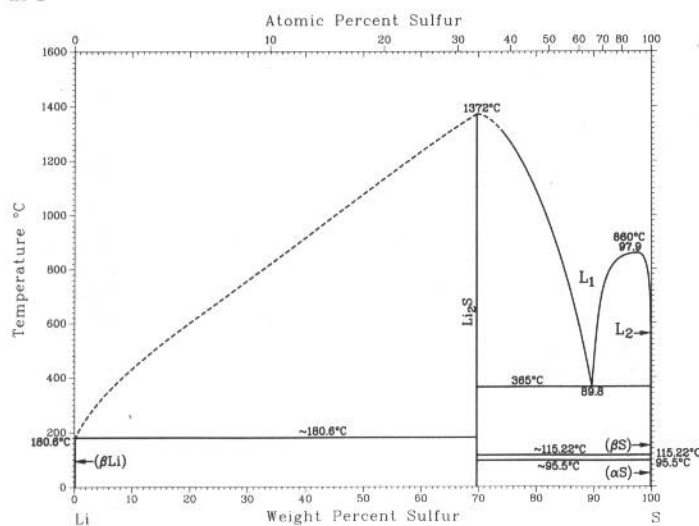
Li-Pd



Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βLi)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αLi)(a)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Li ₁₅ Pd(b)	75.5(b)	<i>cF*</i>	...
Li ₁₅ Pd ₄	80.4	<i>cI76</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}3d$
Li ₃ Pd	84	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Li ₂ Pd	88.4	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
Li ₃ Pd ₂	90.9 to 91.5	<i>cP2(?)</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
LiPd	92.7 to 94.3	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i>
LiPd ₂	~94 to 98	<i>mP8</i>	<i>P2/m</i>
LiPd ₇	99.1	<i>cF32</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Pd)	99.7 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) Below -193 °C. (b) Approximate composition

Li-S

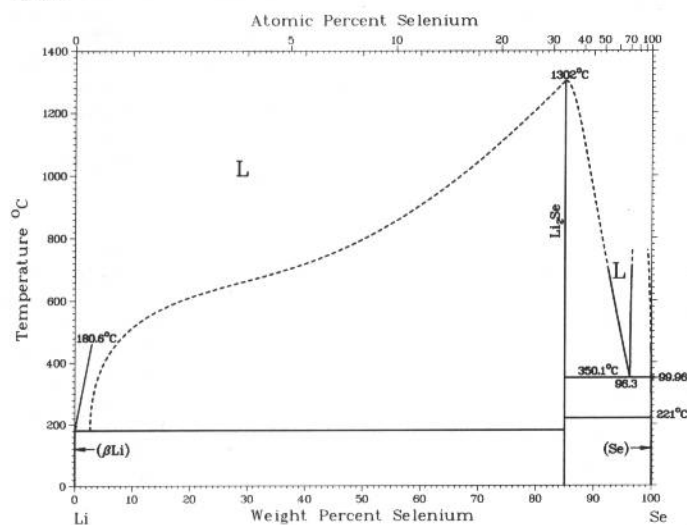


H. Okamoto, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βLi)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αLi)(a)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Li ₂ S	69.8	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βS)	100	<i>mP48</i>	<i>P2</i> $\bar{1}/a$
(αS)	100	<i>oF128</i>	<i>Fddd</i>

(a) Below -193 °C

Li-Se



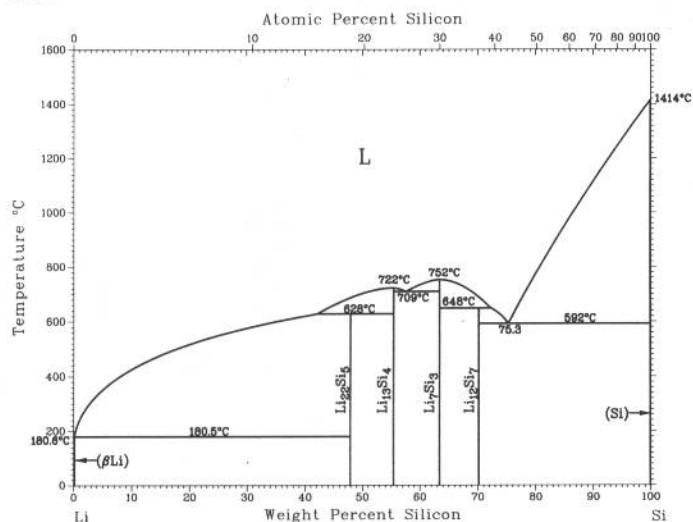
P.T. Cunningham, S.A. Johnson, and E.J. Cairns, 1971

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βLi)	~0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αLi)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Li ₂ Se	85.0	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Se)	~100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3</i> $\bar{1}21$

(a) Below -193 °C

2•278/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Li-Si

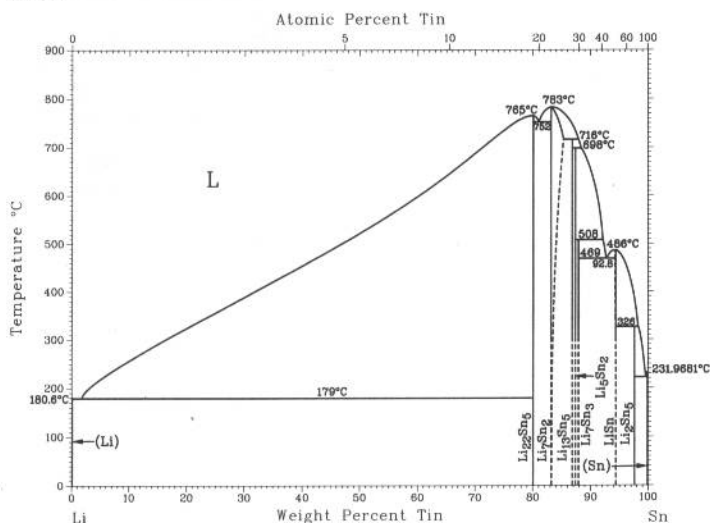


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt % Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βLi)	0	cI2	Fm $\bar{3}$ m
(αLi)(a)	0	hP2	P6 ₃ /mmc
Li ₂₂ Si ₅	47.9	cF432	F23
Li ₁₃ Si ₄	55.4	oP24	Pbam
Li ₇ Si ₃	63	hR7	R $\bar{3}$ m
Li ₁₂ Si ₇	70.2	oP152	Pnma
(Si)	100	cF8	Fd $\bar{3}$ m
Questionable phases			
Li ₄ Si	50	oP250	?
Li ₇ Si ₂	53.6	oP36	Pbam
Li ₁₀ Si ₃	54.9	cF416	?
Li ₂ Si	66.9	mC12	C2/m
Li ₁₃ Si ₇	69	oP160	Pnma

(a) Below -193 °C

Li-Sn

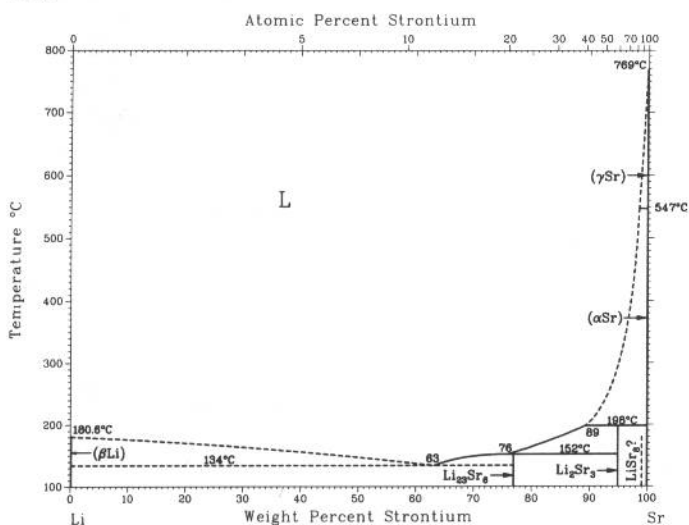


From [Moffatt]

Phase	Composition, wt % Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βLi)	0	cI2	Im $\bar{3}$ m
(αLi)(a)	0	hP2	P6 ₃ /mmc
Li ₂₂ Sn ₅	79.5	cF432	F23
Li ₇ Sn ₂	83.0 to ?	oC36	Cmmm
Li ₁₃ Sn ₅	86.8	hP18	P $\bar{3}$ m1
Li ₅ Sn ₂	87.3	hR7	R $\bar{3}$ m
Li ₇ Sn ₃	88	mP20	P2 ₁ /m
LiSn	94.5	mP6	P2/m
Li ₂ Sn	97.7	tI14	P4/mbm
(βSn)	100	tI4	I4 ₁ /amd
(αSn)	100	cF8	Fd $\bar{3}$ m

(a) Below -193 °C

Li-Sr



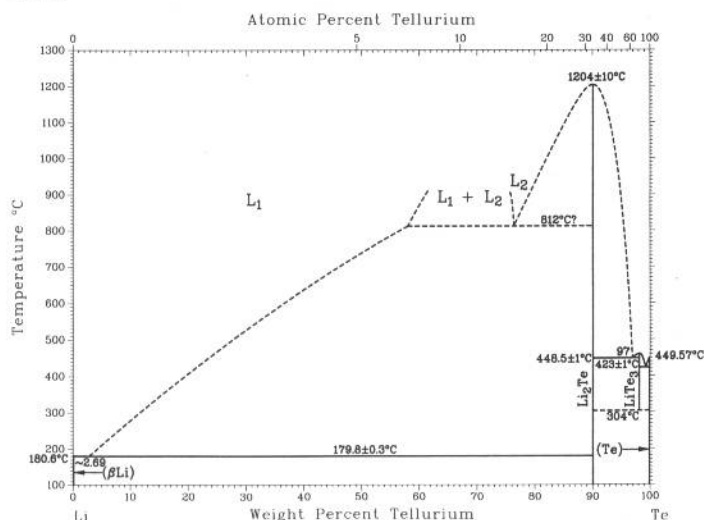
C.W. Bale and A.D. Pelton, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt % Sr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βLi)	0	cI2	Im $\bar{3}$ m
(αLi)(a)	0	hP2	P6 ₃ /mmc
Li ₂₂ Sr ₅	76.7	cF116	Fm $\bar{3}$ m
Li ₇ Sr ₂	95	tP20	P4 ₂ /mnm
Li ₂ Sr(?)	98.9	t**	...
Li ₇ Sr(?)	99.0	t**	...
(γSr)	100	cI2	Im $\bar{3}$ m
(αSr)	100	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}$ m

(a) Below -193 °C

J. Sangster and A.D. Pelton, 1992

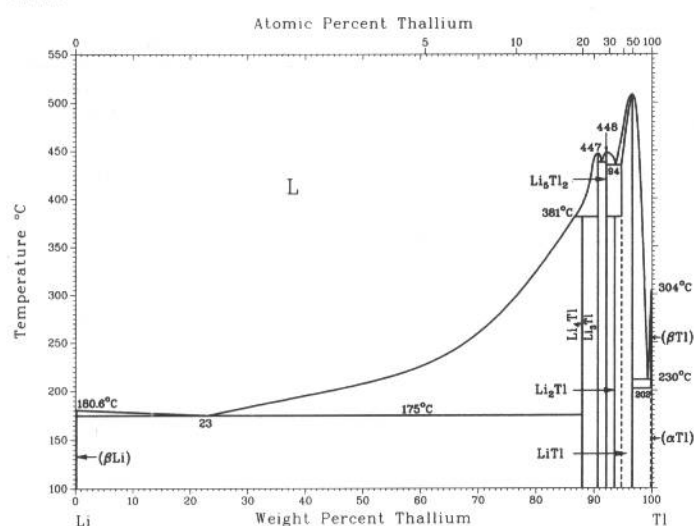
Li-Te



Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βLi)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αLi)(a)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Li ₂ Te	90.2	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
LiTe ₃	98.2	<i>hP48(b)</i>	<i>P3</i> $\bar{c}1$
(αTe)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3</i> $\bar{1}21$

(a) Below -193 °C. (b) Rhombohedrally centered hexagonal supercell, which is imposed on a cubic pseudocell

Li-Tl



G. Grube and G. Schaefler, 1934

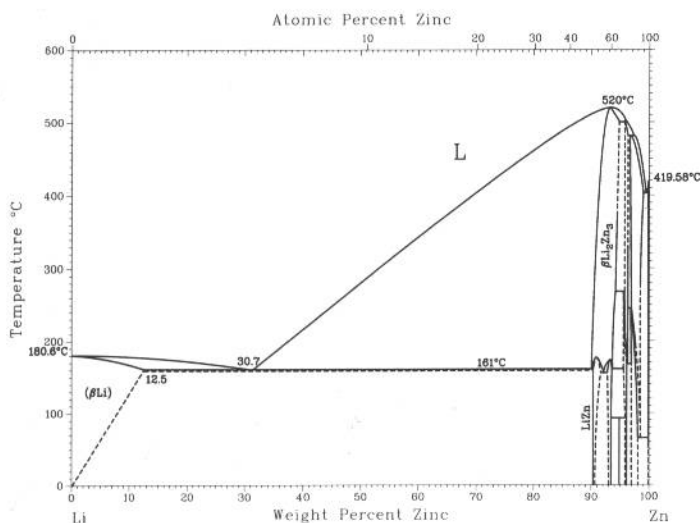
Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βLi)	~0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αLi)(a)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Li ₄ Tl	88	...	...
Li ₃ Tl	91	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Li ₅ Tl ₂	~92.1	<i>hR7</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Li ₂ Tl	93.6	<i>oC12</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
LiTl	~94.9 to 96.7	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βTl)	>99.9 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTl)	~99.9 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

Other reported phase

Li ₂₂ Tl ₅	87.0	<i>cF432</i>	<i>F23</i>
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(a) Below -193 °C

Li-Zn



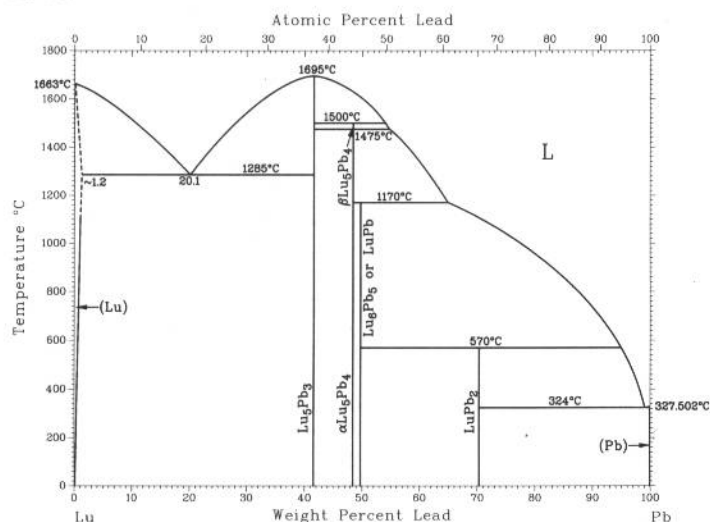
A.D. Pelton, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βLi)	0 to 12.5	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αLi)(a)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
LiZn	~90.4 to 92	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
βLi ₂ Zn ₃	~90.4 to 95	...	...
αLi ₂ Zn ₃	~93 to 93	<i>c**?</i>	...
LiZn ₂	94.97	...	...
βLi ₂ Zn ₅ (b)	95.8 to 99.1	...	...
αLi ₂ Zn ₅ (b)	95.6 to 96.2	<i>h**(c)</i>	...
βLiZn ₄	~96.6 to 98.8	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$ (d)
αLiZn ₄	~96.9 to 98.2	<i>h**(e)</i>	...
(Zn)	99.9 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

(a) Below -193 °C. (b) Possibly Li₃Zn₈ is a better designation. (c) Pseudocell. (d) Disordered—random distribution. (e) Ordered

2•280/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

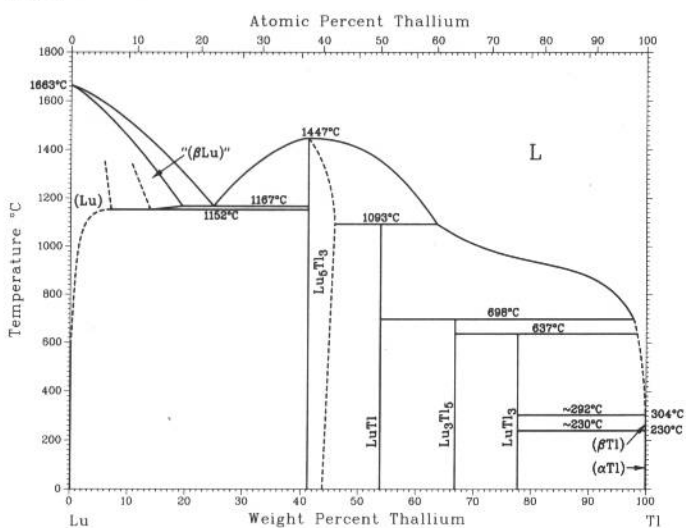
Lu-Pb



O.D. McMasters and K.A. Gschneidner, Jr., 1969

Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Lu)	0 to ~1.2	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Lu ₅ Pb ₃	41.5	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
βLu ₅ Pb ₄	48.6	...	...
αLu ₅ Pb ₄	48.6	<i>oP*</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Lu ₆ Pb ₅ or LuPb	49.7	<i>oI*</i>	<i>Ibam</i>
LuPb ₂	70.3	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(Pb)	~100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

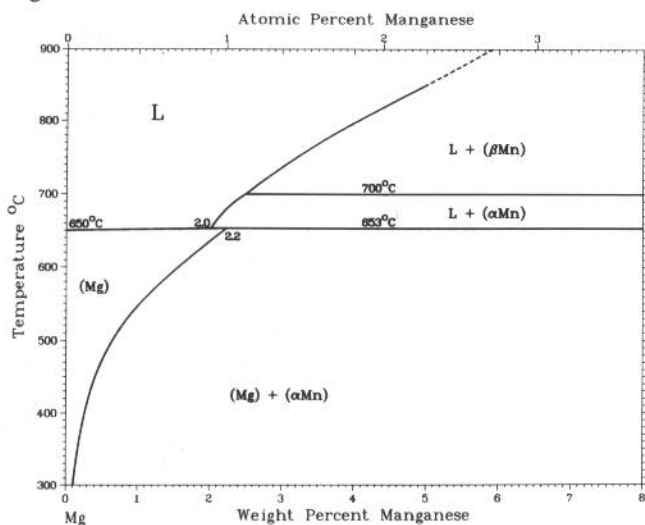
Lu-Tl



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Lu)	~0	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Lu ₅ Tl ₃	41.2	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
LuTl	53.9	...	...
Lu ₃ Tl ₅	66.1	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
LuTl ₃	78	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
(βTl)	~100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αTl)	~100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

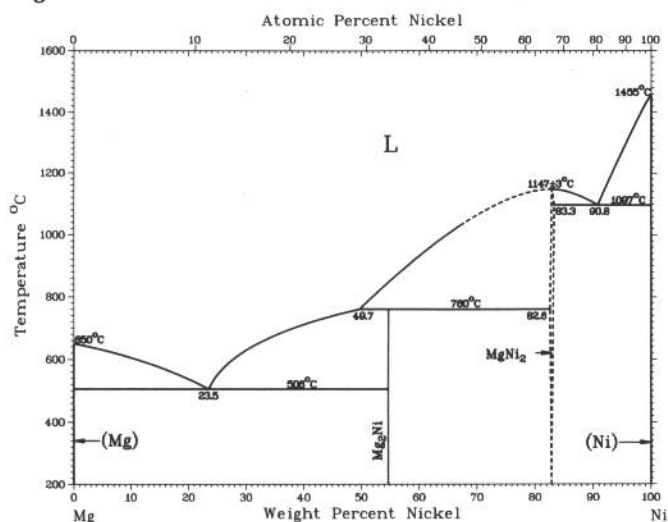
Mg-Mn



A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0 to 2.2	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(αMn)	100	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I43m</i>
(βMn)	100	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4₁32</i>
(γMn)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(δMn)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

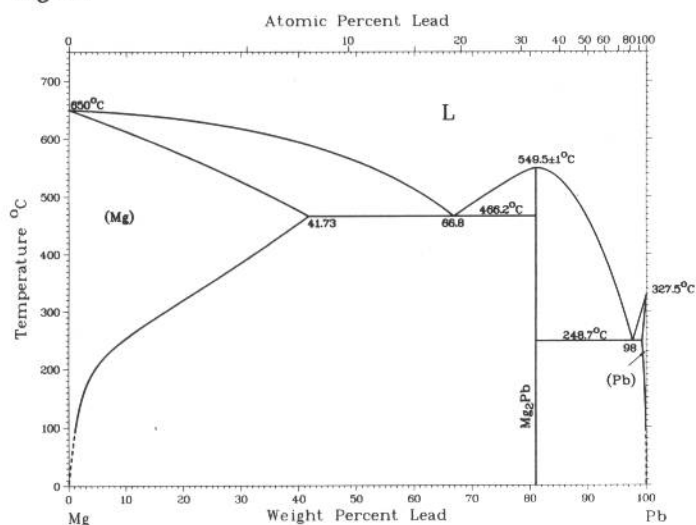
Mg-Ni



A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ni	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Mg_2Ni	54.7	<i>hP18</i>	<i>P6₂22</i>
$MgNi_2$	82.9	<i>hP24</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(Ni)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}$m</i>

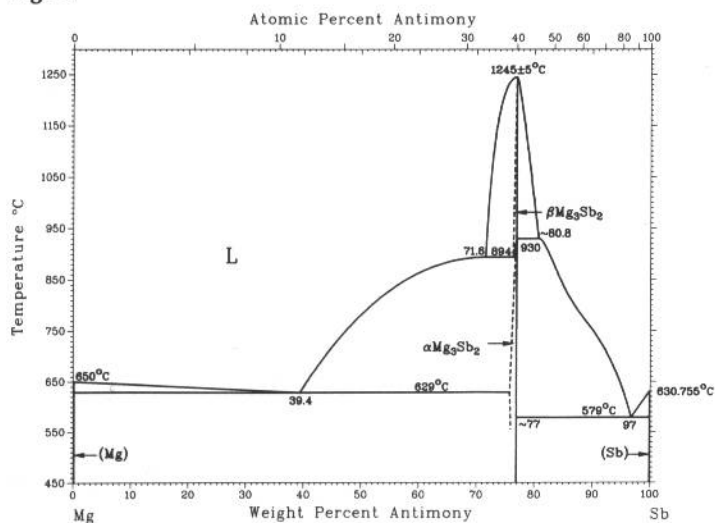
Mg-Pb



A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0 to 41.73	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Mg_2Pb	81.00	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}$m</i>
(Pb)	~99 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}$m</i>

Mg-Sb

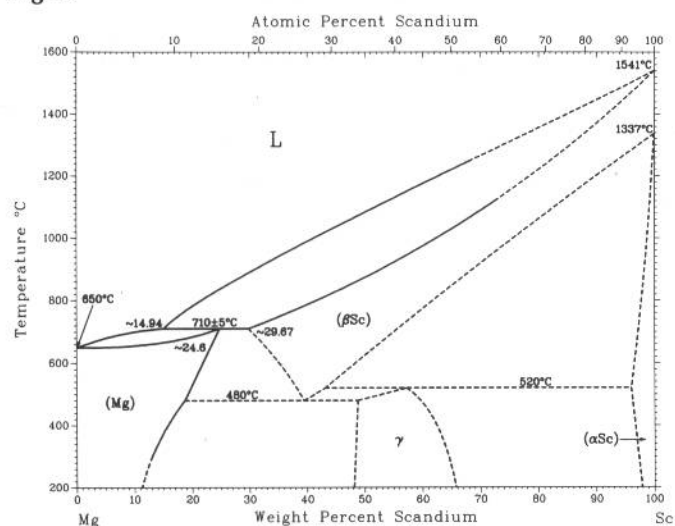


A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
βMg_3Sb_2	~77	<i>cI80</i>	<i>Ia$\bar{3}$</i>
αMg_3Sb_2	~77	<i>hP5</i>	<i>P$\bar{3}$m1</i>
(Sb)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}$m</i>

2•282/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

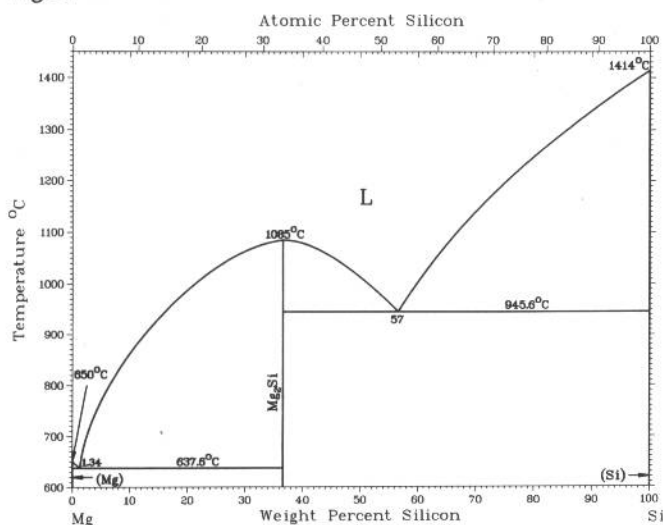
Mg-Sc



A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Sc	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0 to ~24.6	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
γ	? to ?	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}$m</i>
(βSc)	~29.67 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}$m</i>
(αSc)	? to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Mg-Si

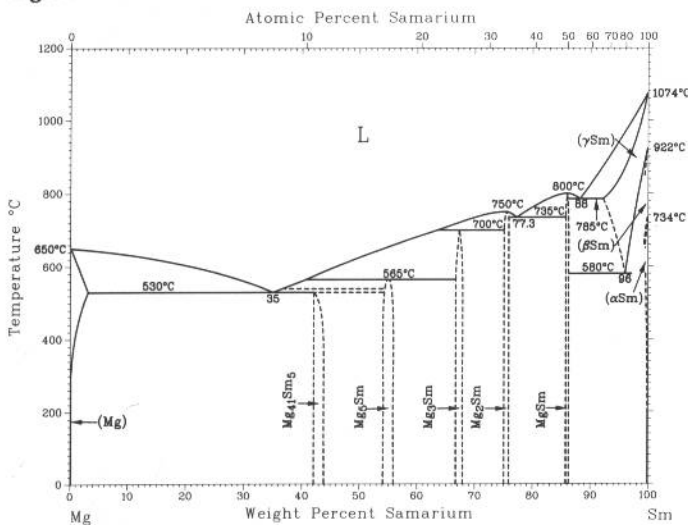


A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	~0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Mg ₂ Si	36.61	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}$m</i>
(Si)	~100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}$m</i>
High-pressure phases			
Mg ₂ Si(a)	36.61	...	...
SiII	100	...	...

(a) Above ~2.5 GPa and 900 °C, it forms a hexagonal structure.

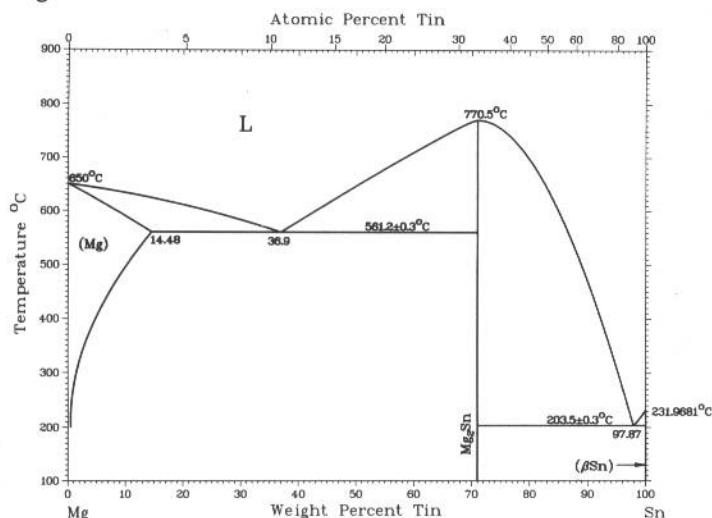
Mg-Sm



A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Sm	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0 to ~6	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Mg ₄₁ Sm ₅	43.1	<i>tI92</i>	<i>I4/m</i>
Mg ₅ Sm	55.4	<i>cF440-448</i>	<i>F$\bar{4}$3m</i>
Mg ₃ Sm	67	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}$m</i>
Mg ₂ Sm	75.57	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}$m</i>
MgSm	86.1	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}$m</i>
(γSm)	~96 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}$m</i>
(βSm)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(αSm)	100	<i>hR3</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}$m</i>

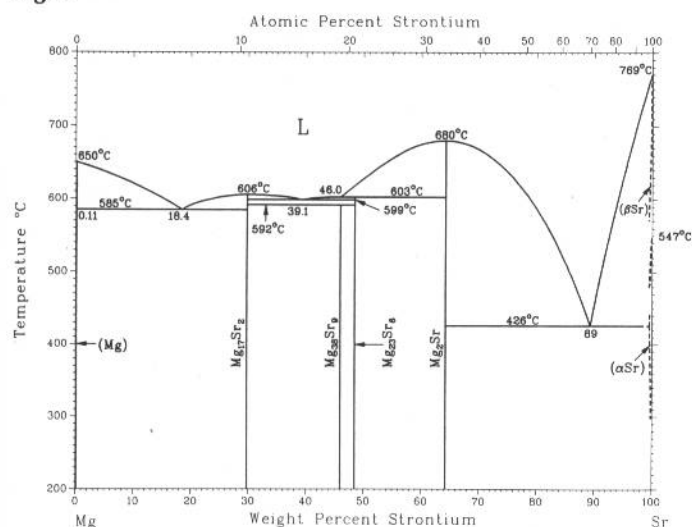
Mg-Sn



A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0 to 14.48	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Mg ₂ Sn	70.9	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(βSn)	100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(αSn)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
High-pressure phases			
Mg ₂ Sn	70.9	<i>h**</i>	...
SnII	100	<i>tI2</i>	...
SnIII	100	<i>cI2</i>	...

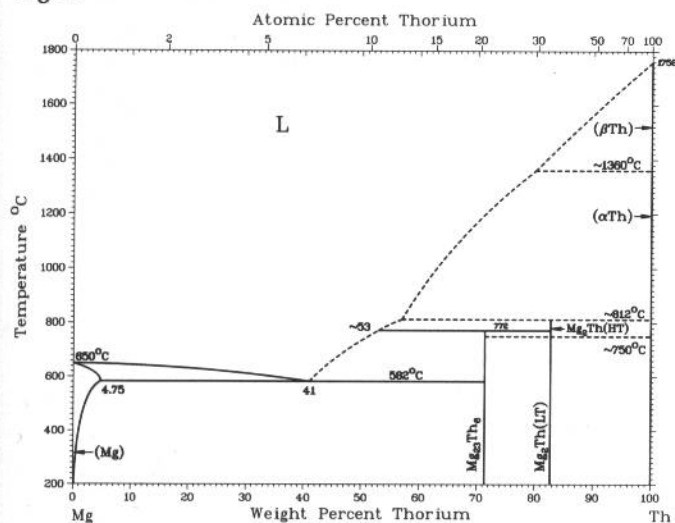
Mg-Sr



A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Sr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0 to 0.11	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Mg ₁₇ Sr ₂	29.79	<i>hP38</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Mg ₃₈ Sr ₉ or Mg ₄ Sr	46.06	<i>hP94</i> or <i>hP90</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Mg ₂₃ Sr ₆	48.47	<i>cF116</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
Mg ₂ Sr	64.31	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(γSr)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αSr)	? to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

Mg-Th

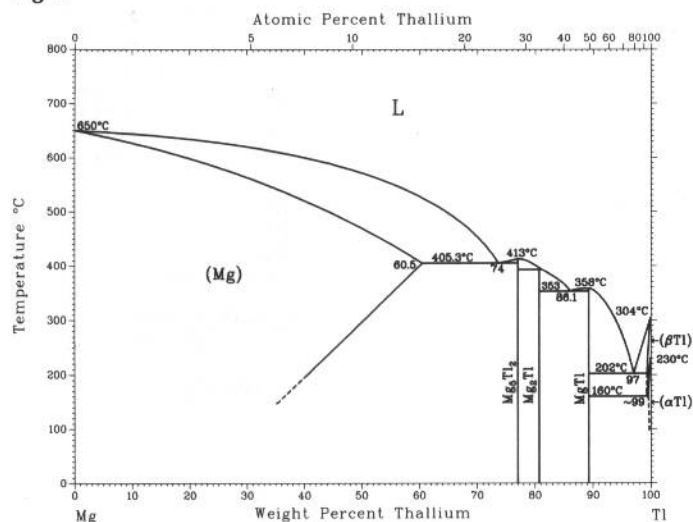


A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Th	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0 to 4.75	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Mg ₂₃ Th ₆	71.35	<i>cF116</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
Mg ₂ Th (HT)	82.68	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
Mg ₂ Th (LT)	82.68	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βTh)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αTh)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

2•284/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

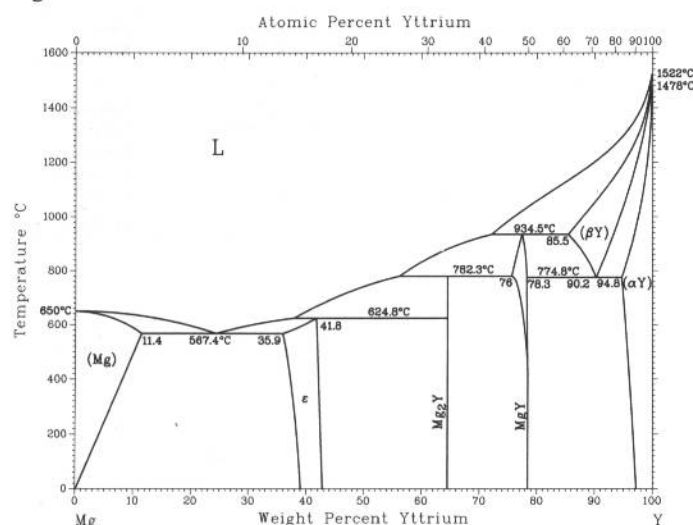
Mg-Tl



A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0 to 60.5	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Mg_5Tl_2	77.08	<i>oI28</i>	<i>Ibam</i>
Mg_2Tl	80.78	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P6₂m</i>
$MgTl$	89.4	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
(βTl)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αTl)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

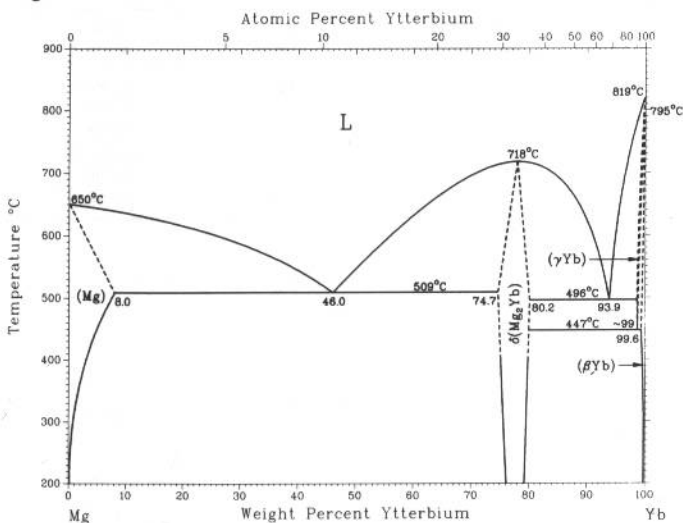
Mg-Y



H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Y	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0 to 11.4	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
ϵ	35.9 to 41.8	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I43m</i>
Mg_2Y	64.6	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
MgY	76 to 78.3	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
(βY)	85.5 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αY)	94.8 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

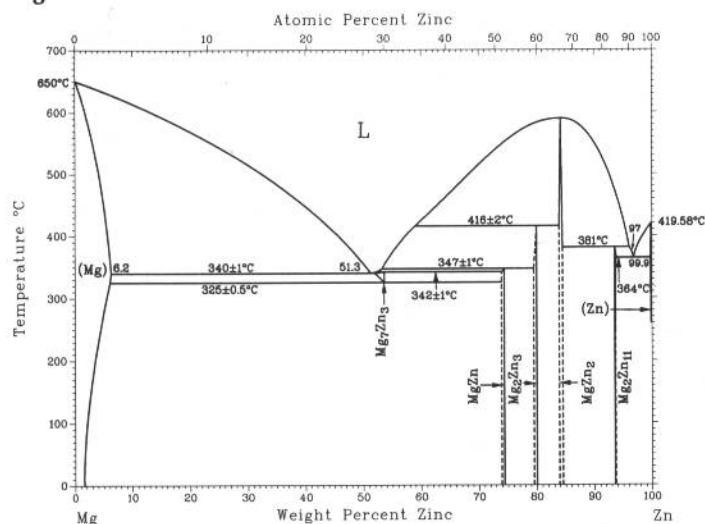
Mg-Yb



A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Yb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0 to 8.0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
$\delta(Mg_2Yb)$	74.7 to 80.2	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(γYb)	~99 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(βYb)	99.6 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(αYb)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

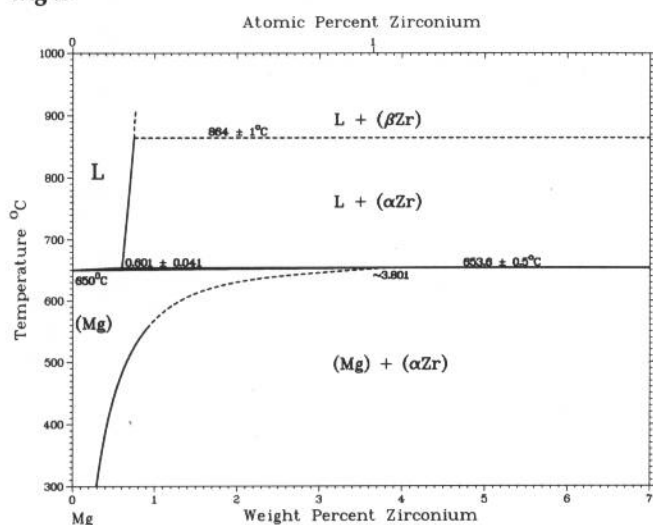
Mg-Zn



J.B. Clark, L. Zabdyr, and Z. Moser, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0 to 6.2	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Mg ₇ Zn ₃	53.6	<i>oI142</i>	<i>Immm</i>
MgZn	74.0	...	...
Mg ₂ Zn ₃	80.1	<i>mC110</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
MgZn ₂	84 to 84.6	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Mg ₂ Zn ₁₁	93.7	<i>cP39</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}$</i>
(Zn)	99.9 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

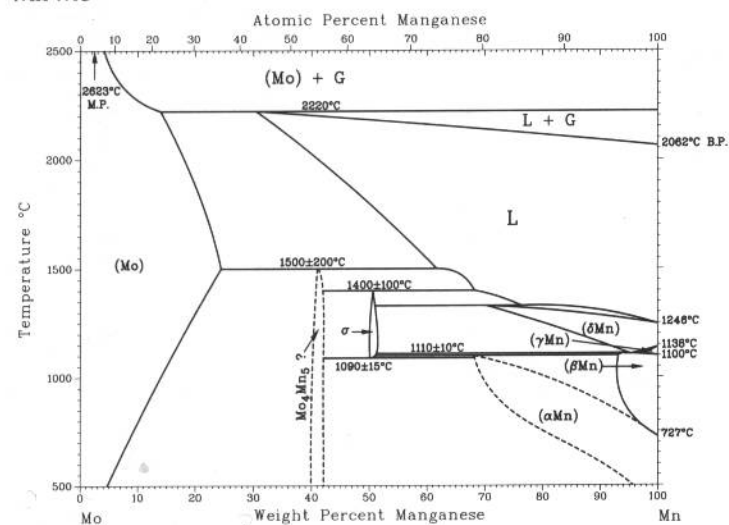
Mg-Zr



A.A. Nayeb-Hashemi and J.B. Clark, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Zr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mg)	0 to ~3.801	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(αZr)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βZr)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

Mn-Mo

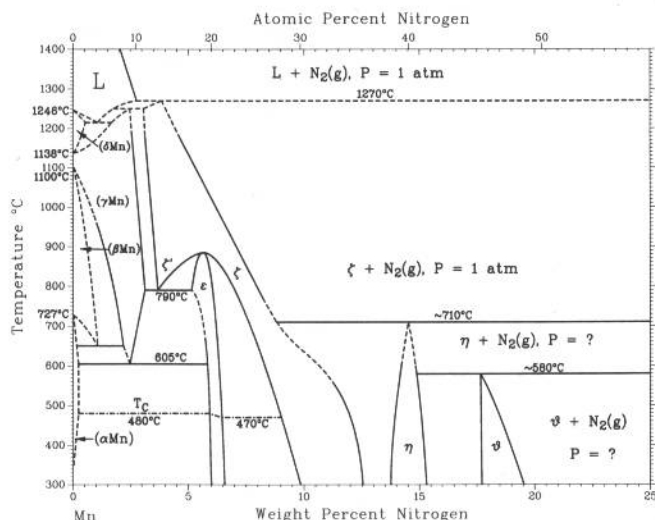


From [Molybdenum]

Phase	Composition, wt% Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo)	0 to 25	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
Mo ₄ Mn ₅	~42	<i>hR39?</i>	...
σ	~50	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>
(δMn)	71 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(γMn)	97 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(βMn)	78 to 100	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4₁32</i>
(αMn)	~68 to 100	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I43m</i>

2•286/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

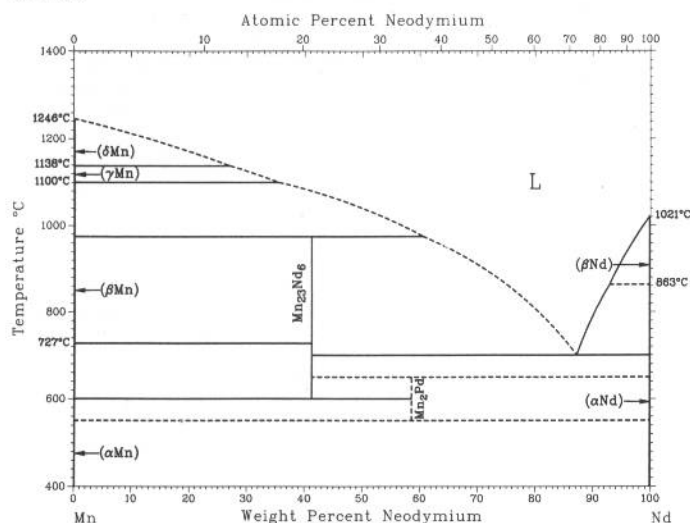
Mn-N



N.A. Gokcen, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% N	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δ Mn)	0 to ~0.5	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γ Mn)	0 to 3.2	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β Mn)	0 to ~1	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4$_1$32</i>
(α Mn)	0 to ~0.13	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I$\bar{4}3m$</i>
ϵ or Mn_4N	5.1 to 6.6	<i>cF5</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
ζ'	~13	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6$_3$22</i>
ζ or $Mn_{12}N_5$	~9	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6$_3$22</i>
ζ or Mn_2N	11.0	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6$_3/mmc$</i>
ζ or Mn_2N	~11.2	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pbcn</i>
η or Mn_6N_4	~14 to 15	...	<i>I4/mmm</i>
θ or Mn_6N_5	~17.7 to 20	...	...

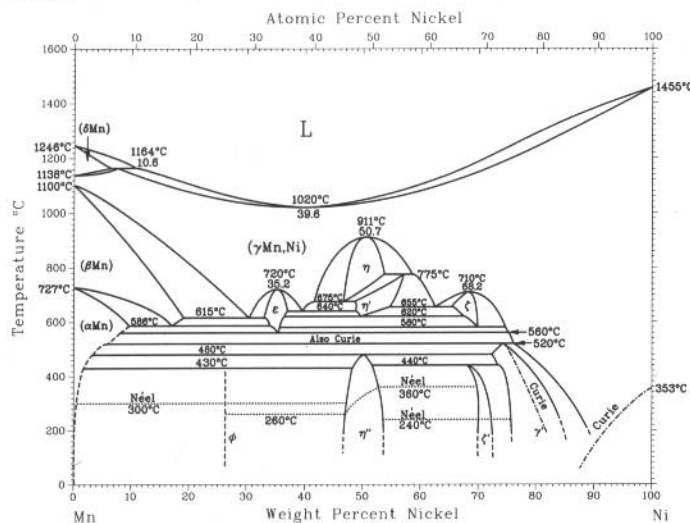
Mn-Nd



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Nd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δ Mn)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γ Mn)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β Mn)	0	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4$_1$32</i>
(α Mn)	0	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I$\bar{4}3m$</i>
$Mn_{23}Nd_6$	40.7	<i>cF116</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
βMn_2Nd	56.7	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6$_3/mmc$</i>
αMn_2Nd	56.7	<i>m**</i>	...
(β Nd)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Nd)	100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6$_3/mmc$</i>

Mn-Ni



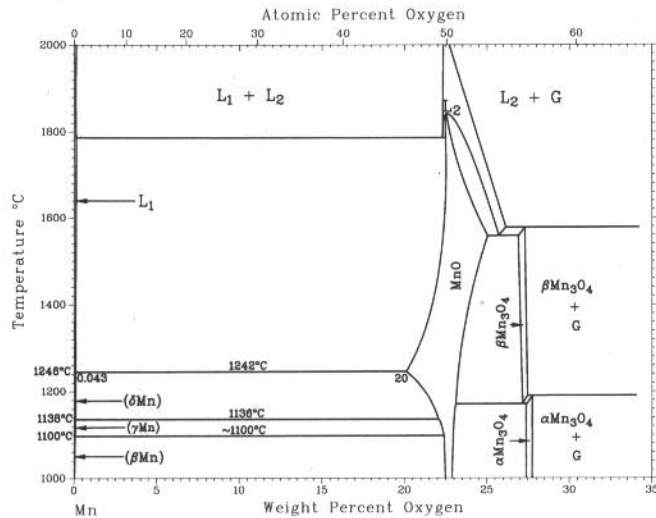
N.A. Gokcen, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ni	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δ Mn)	0 to 6	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γ Mn, Ni)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β Mn)	0 to 19	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4$_1$32</i>
(α Mn)	0 to 10	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I$\bar{4}3m$</i>
ϕ	26	...	...
ϵ	34 to 38	...	...
$\eta(a)$	47 to 54	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
η'	49 to 57.1	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
ζ	66 to 70	...	...
ζ'	~71	...	...
γ	72 to 86	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>

(a) At 745 °C; this phase cannot be retained by quenching.

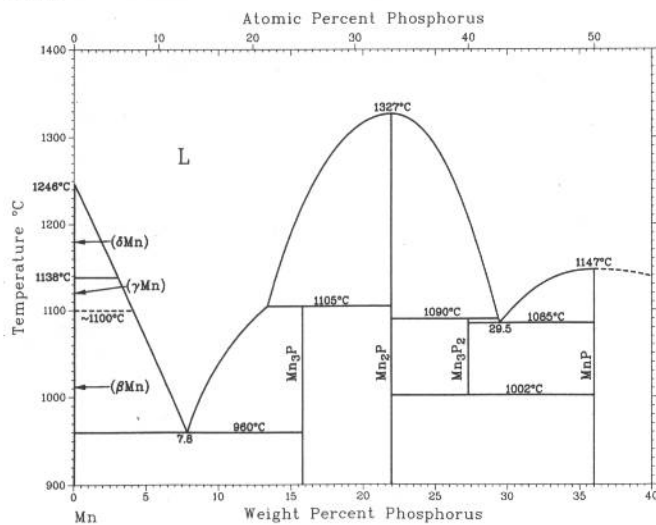
H. Okamoto, 1990

Mn-O



Phase	Composition, wt % O	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δ Mn)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im\bar{3}m</i>
(γ Mn)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm\bar{3}m</i>
(β Mn)	0	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4_132</i>
(α Mn)	0	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I\bar{4}3m</i>
MnO	20 to 25	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm\bar{3}m</i>
β Mn ₃ O ₄	~28	...	...
α Mn ₃ O ₄	~28	<i>tl28</i>	<i>I4_1/amd</i>

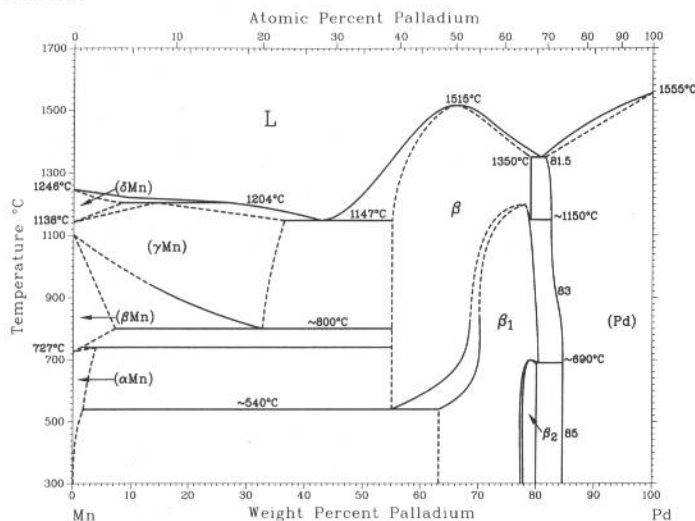
Mn-P



J. Berak and T. Heumann, 1950

Phase	Composition, wt % P	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δ Mn)	~0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im\bar{3}m</i>
(γ Mn)	~0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm\bar{3}m</i>
(β Mn)	~0	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4_132</i>
Mn ₃ P	16	<i>tl32</i>	<i>I\bar{4}</i>
Mn ₂ P	22.0	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P6_2m</i>
Mn ₃ P ₂	27	...	...
MnP	36.1	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Other reported phase			
MnP ₄	69	<i>aP10</i> <i>aP30</i>	<i>P\bar{1}</i> <i>P\bar{1}</i>

Mn-Pd

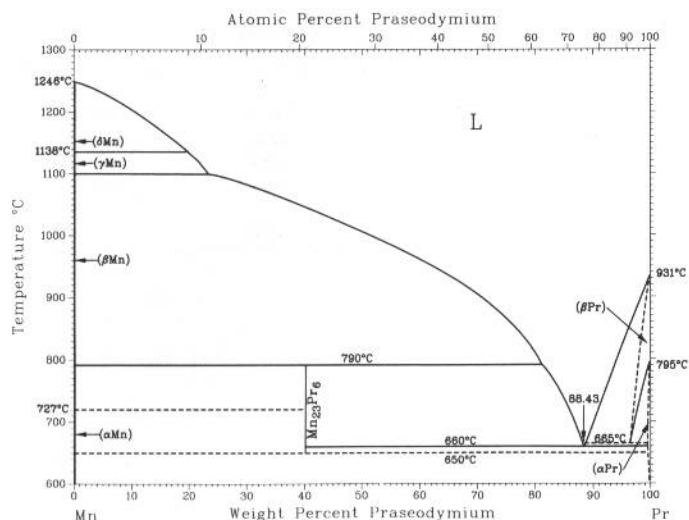


From [Hansen]

Phase	Composition, wt % Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δ Mn)	0 to ~9	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im\bar{3}m</i>
(γ Mn)	0 to ~35	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm\bar{3}m</i>
(β Mn)	0 to ~8	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4_132</i>
(α Mn)	0 to ~4	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I\bar{4}3m</i>
β (MnPd)	~54 to <79	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm\bar{3}m</i>
β_1	~63 to <81	...	...
β_2	~77.5 to 80.1	...	...
(Pd)	81.5 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm\bar{3}m</i>
Other reported phases			
Mn ₂ Pd ₃ (HT)	~74	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
Mn ₂ Pd ₃ (LT)	~74	<i>t**</i>	...
Mn ₃ Pd ₅	~76.4	<i>oC16</i>	<i>Cmmm</i>
Mn ₁₁ Pd ₂₁	~78.6	<i>tP32</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
MnPd ₃	85	<i>tl16</i>	<i>I4mm</i>

2•288/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

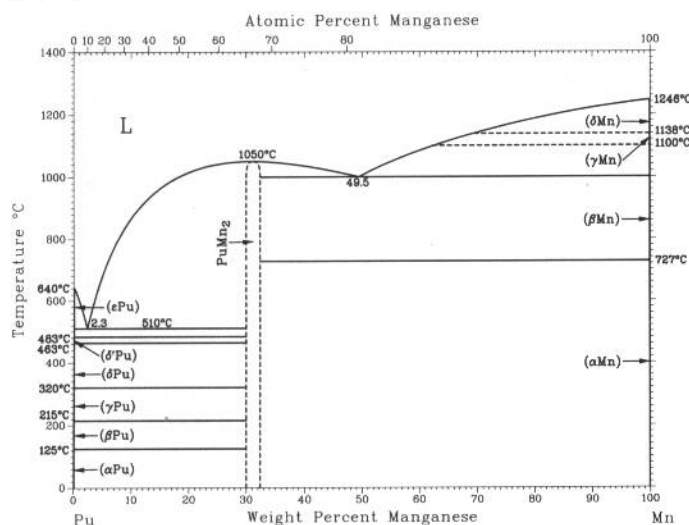
Mn-Pr



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt % Pr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δMn)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(γMn)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(βMn)	0	cP20	$P4_132$
(αMn)	0	cI58	$I\bar{4}3m$
Mn ₂₃ Pr ₆	40.1	cF116	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(βPr)	~96.5 to 100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αPr)	? to 100	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
Metastable phase			
Mn ₂ Pr	56.1	hP12	$P6_3/mmc$

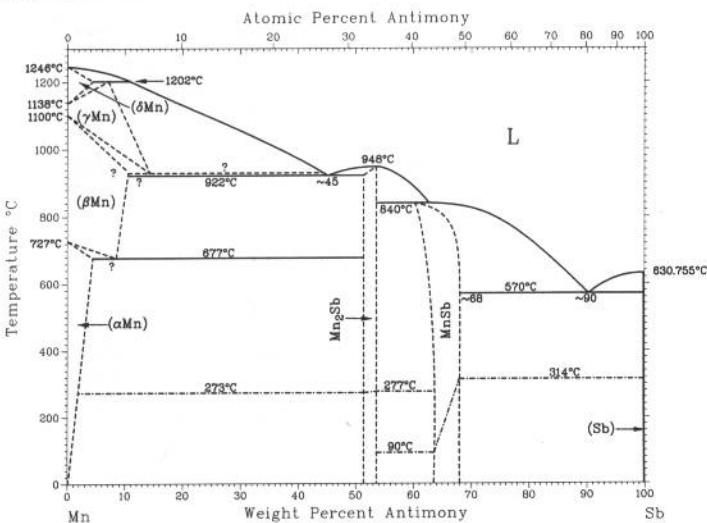
Mn-Pu



S.T. Konobeevsky, 1955

Phase	Composition, wt % Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(εPu)	~0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(δ'Pu)	~0	tI2	$I4/mmm$
(δPu)	~0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(γPu)	~0	oF8	$Fddd$
(βPu)	~0	mC34	$C2/m$
(αPu)	~0	mP16	$P2_1/m$
PuMn ₂	~31.1	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
(δMn)	~100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(γMn)	~100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(βMn)	~100	cP20	$P4_132$
(αMn)	~100	cI58	$I\bar{4}3m$

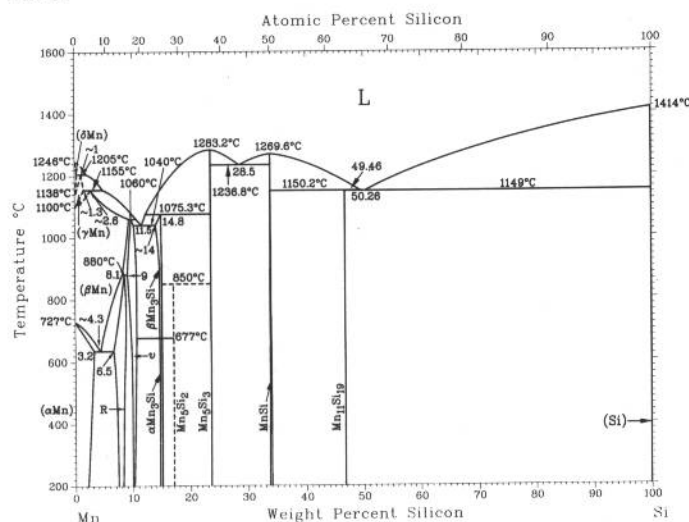
Mn-Sb



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt % Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δMn)	0 to ?	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(γMn)	0 to ?	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(βMn)	0 to ?	cP20	$P4_132$
(αMn)	0 to ?	cI58	$I\bar{4}3m$
Mn ₂ Sb	~52.5	tP6	$P4/nmm$
MnSb	~61 to ~68	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
(Sb)	100	hR2	$R\bar{3}m$

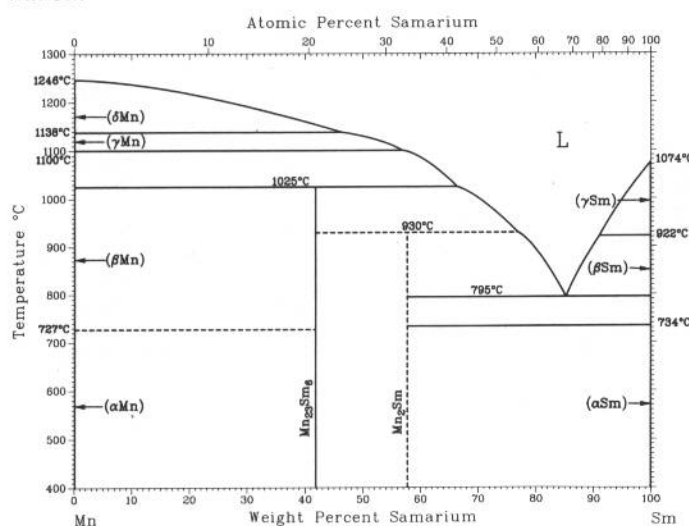
Mn-Si



H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δMn)	0 to ~0.1	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γMn)	0 to ~1.3	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βMn)	0 to ~9.3	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4</i> $\bar{1}$ 32
(αMn)	0 to 3.2	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}$ 3m
R	6.5 to 8.72	<i>hR53</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$
v	9.0 to 10.55	<i>oI186</i>	<i>Immm</i>
βMn ₃ Si	~14 to 15.0	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
αMn ₃ Si	14.6 to 15.0		
Mn ₅ Si ₂	17.0	<i>tP56</i>	<i>P4</i> $\bar{1}$ 2 ₁ 2
Mn ₅ Si ₃	23.5	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ /mcm
MnSi	33.4 to 34.0	<i>cP8</i>	<i>P2</i> $\bar{1}$ 3
Mn ₁₁ Si ₁₉	~46.9	<i>tP120</i>	<i>P4</i> n2
(Si)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$

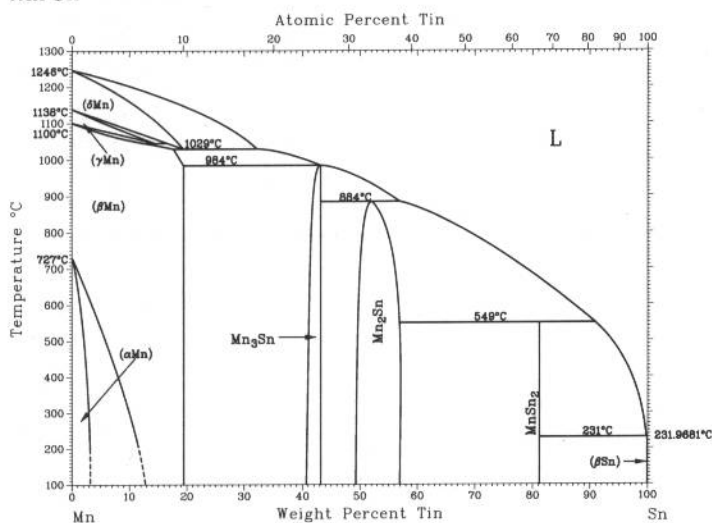
Mn-Sm



H.R. Kirchmayr and W. Lugscheider, 1970

Phase	Composition, wt% Sm	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δMn)	~0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γMn)	~0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βMn)	~0	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4</i> $\bar{1}$ 32
(αMn)	~0	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}$ 3m
Mn ₂₃ Sm ₆	~41.7	<i>cF116</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Mn ₂ Sm	57.7	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ /mmc
		<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
(δSm)	~100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βSm)	~100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ /mmc
(αSm)	~100	<i>hR13</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$

Mn-Sn

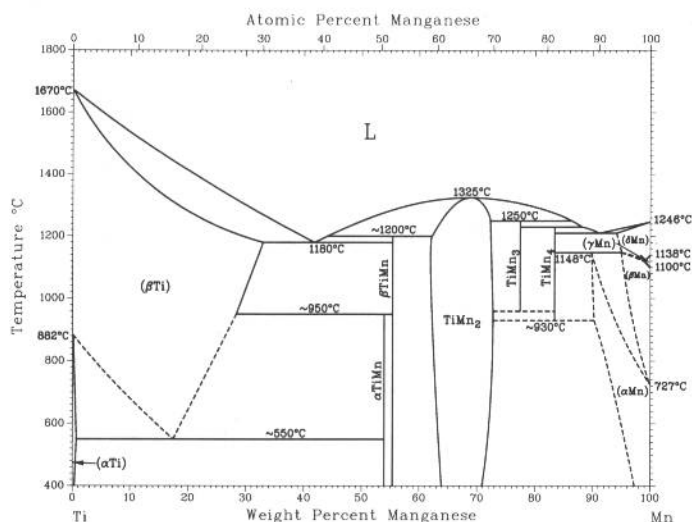


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δMn)	0 to 19	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γMn)	0 to 14	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βMn)	0 to 21	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4</i> $\bar{1}$ 32
(αMn)	0 to 2	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}$ 3m
Mn ₃ Sn	41 to 43	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ /mmc
Mn ₂ Sn	49 to 57	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ /mmc
MnSn ₂	81.2	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4</i> /mcm
(βSn)	100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4</i> $\bar{1}$ /amd
(αSn)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$

2•290/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Mn-Ti

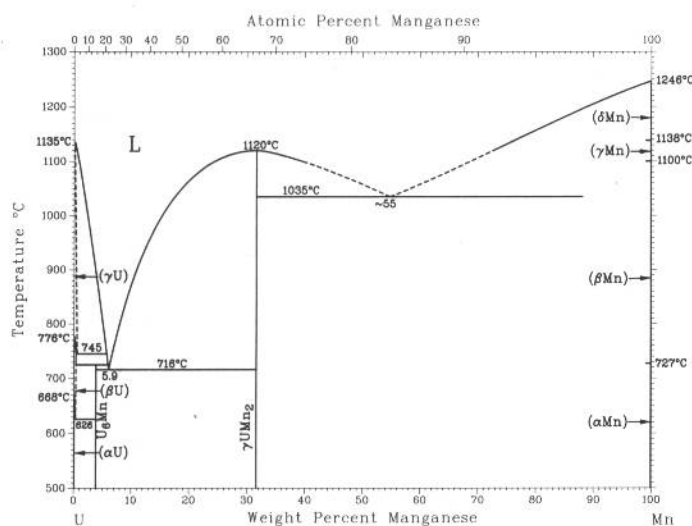


J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi)	0 to 33	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTi)	0 to 0.5	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
αTiMn	53.9	<i>t*</i> 58	...
βTiMn	55	(a)	...
TiMn ₂	63 to 73	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
TiMn ₃	78	(b)	...
TiMn ₄	83.5	<i>hR53</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
(δMn)	92 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γMn)	99.5 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βMn)	95 to 100	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4</i> $\bar{1}32$
(αMn)	89 to 100	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}3m$
(α'Ti)	(c)	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
ω	(c)	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>

(a) Undetermined. (b) Orthorhombic. (c) Metastable phase

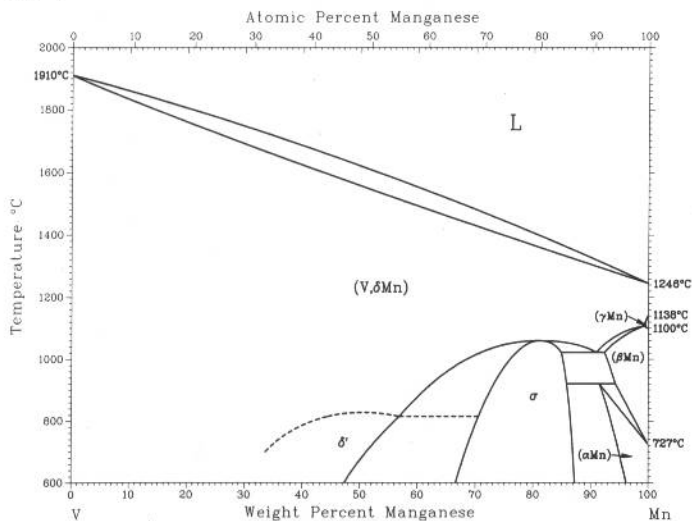
Mn-U



From [Hansen]

Phase	Composition, wt% Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γU)	0 to ~0.5	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βU)	0 to ~0.4	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4</i> $\bar{2}/mnm$
(αU)	~0	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
U ₆ Mn	~3.7	<i>tI28</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
γUMn ₂	31.6	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
βUMn ₂	31.6	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
αUMn ₂	31.6	<i>mC24</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
(δMn)	~100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γMn)	~100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βMn)	~100	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4</i> $\bar{1}32$
(αMn)	~100	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}3m$

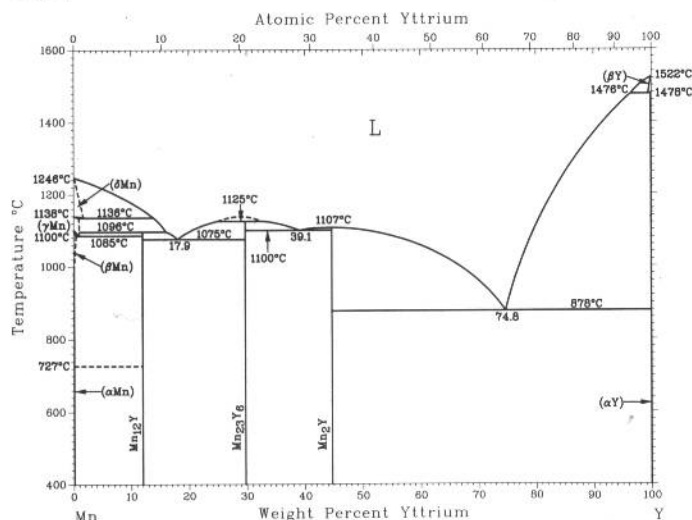
Mn-V



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Mn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(V, δMn)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
δ'	? to ~57	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
σ	? to ?	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4</i> $\bar{2}/mnm$
(γMn)	99 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βMn)	93 to 100	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4</i> $\bar{1}32$
(αMn)	92 to 100	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}3m$

Mn-Y



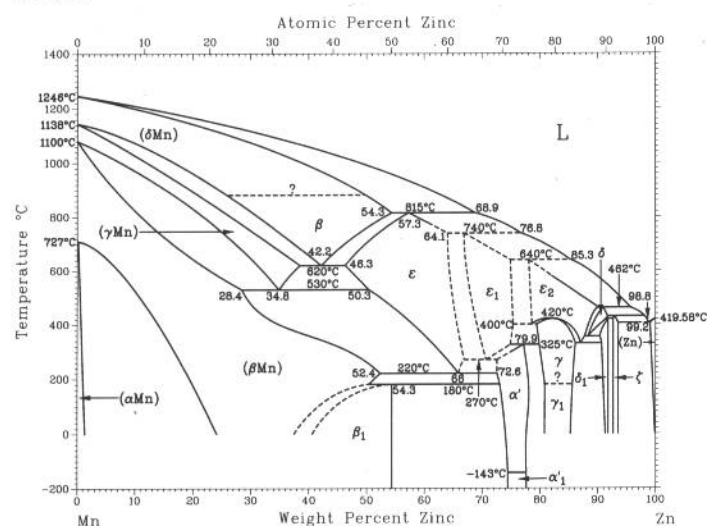
Phase	Composition, wt % Y	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δ Mn)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γ Mn)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β Mn)	0	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4$_1$32</i>
(α Mn)	0	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I$\bar{4}3m$</i>
Mn $_{12}$ Y	11.9	<i>tI26</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Mn $_{23}$ Y $_6$	29.7	<i>cF116</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Mn $_2$ Y	44.7	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β Y)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Y)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>

Other phases

Mn ₂ Y(a)	44.7	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Mn ₂ Y(b)	44.7	...	...

(a) Synthesized under high temperature (1300 °C) and high pressure (40 kbar). (b) Distorted tetragonal Cu₂Mg type obtained below 100 K

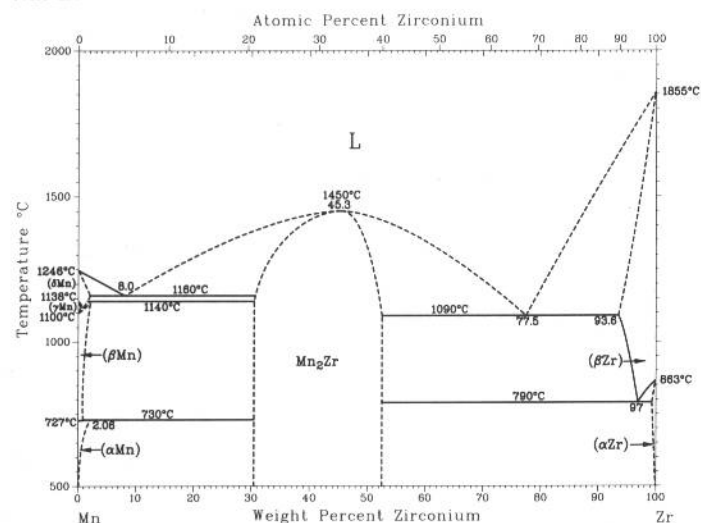
Mn-Zn



H. Okamoto and L.E. Tanner, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt % Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δ Mn)	0 to 54.3	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γ Mn)	0 to 38	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γ Mn ₁)	0 to ?	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(β Mn)	0 to 52.4	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4₁31</i>
(α Mn)	0 to 2.0	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I$\bar{4}3m$</i>
β	? to 54.3	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
β_1	47.8 to 54.3	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
ϵ	46.3 to 67	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
ϵ_1	67 to 75	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
ϵ_2	78 to 90.2	<i>hP*</i>	...
α'	72.6 to 78	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
α'_1	74 to 78	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
γ	79.9 to 86.6	<i>cI52</i>	...
γ_1	...	<i>cI550 \pm 8</i>	...
δ	88.4 to 92.0	<i>hP*</i>	...
δ_1	90.5 to 92.2	<i>hP*</i>	...
ζ (MnZn ₁₃)	93.7 to 94.0	<i>mC28</i>	<i>P2/m</i>
(Zn)	99.2 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Mn-Zr

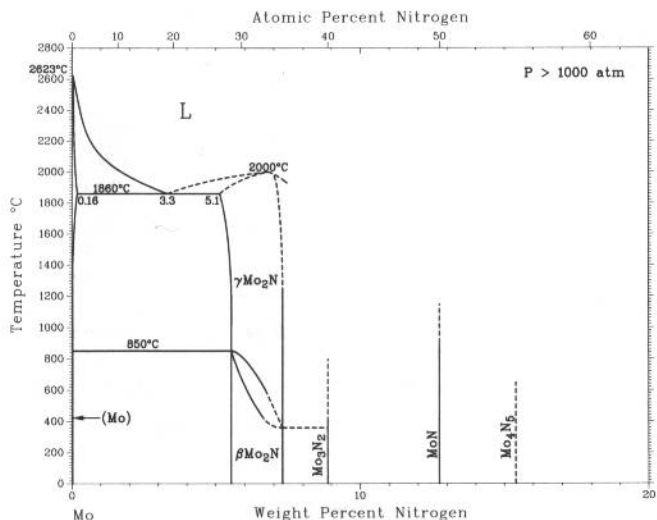


M. Lasocka, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt % Zr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(δ Mn)	0 to 2.06	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γ Mn)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β Mn)	0 to ~2	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4₁32</i>
(α Mn)	0 to 2.06	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I$\bar{4}3m$</i>
Mn ₂ Zr	30.40 to 53	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(β Zr)	93.6 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Zr)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

2•292/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

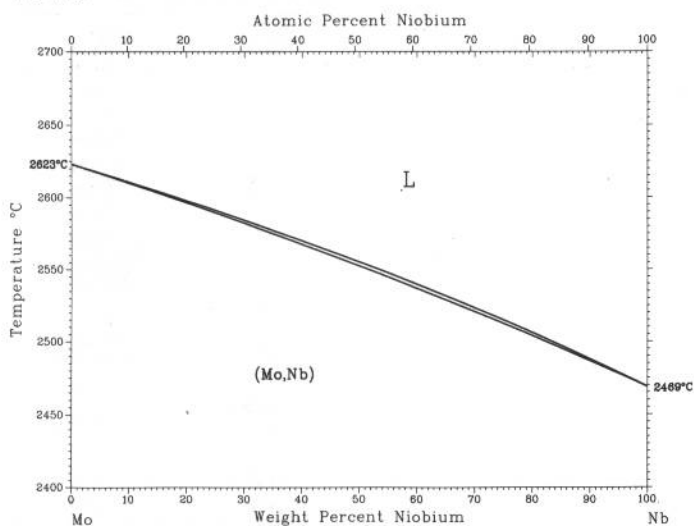
Mo-N



P.R. Subramanian, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% N	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo)	0 to 0.16	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
γ Mo ₂ N	5.1 to 7	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
β Mo ₂ N	5.6 to 7	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4</i> ₁ / <i>amd</i>
Mo ₃ N ₂	~9	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
MoN	12.7	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Mo ₄ N ₅	~15.5	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

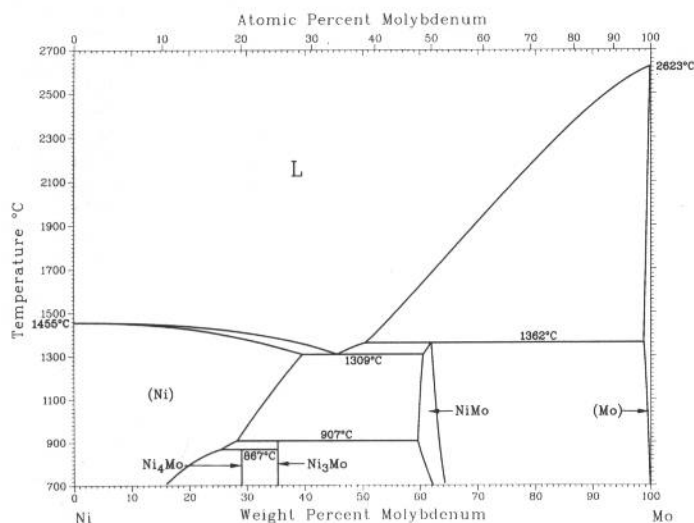
Mo-Nb



H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Nb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo,Nb)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

Mo-Ni

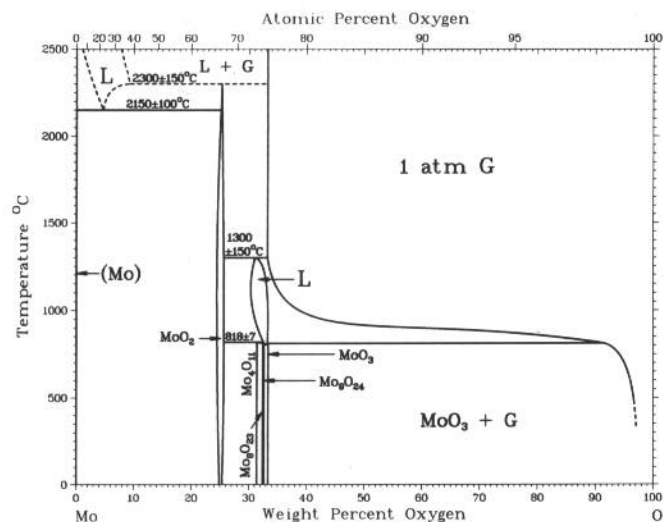


H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Mo	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to 38(a)	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ni ₄ Mo	29.0	<i>tI10</i>	<i>I4</i> / <i>m</i>
Ni ₃ Mo	35.3	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pmnn</i>
NiMo	63.9 to 65.7	<i>oP112</i>	<i>P2</i> ₁ <i>2</i> ₁
(Mo)	98.9 to 100(b)	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Metastable phases			
Ni ₂ Mo	...	<i>oI6</i>	...
Ni ₃ Mo	...	<i>tI8</i>	<i>I4</i> / <i>mmm</i>
Ni ₄ Mo	...	<i>tI10, cF4</i>	...
Ni ₁₇ Mo ₅	...	...	...

(a) At 1317 °C. (b) At 1362 °C

Mo-O

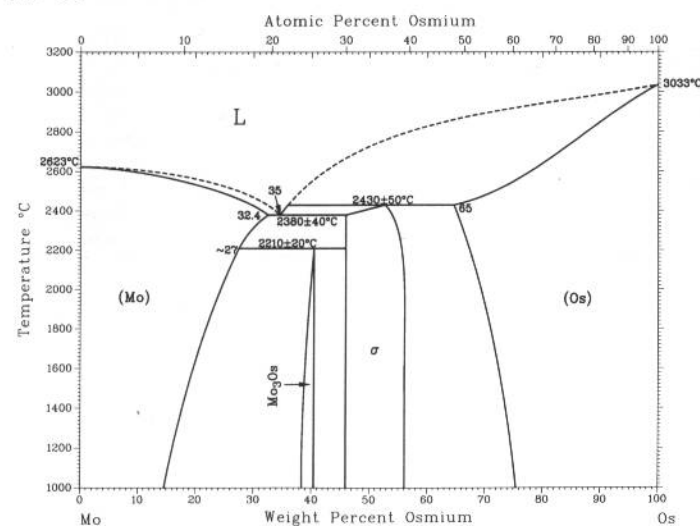


L. Brewer and R.H. Lamoreaux, 1980

Phase	Composition, wt% O	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
MoO ₂	~25.0	<i>mP12</i> <i>tP6</i>	<i>P2₁/c(a)</i> <i>P4₂/mnn</i>
Mo ₄ O ₁₁	31.4	<i>oP60</i>	<i>Pna2₁</i>
Mo ₈ O ₂₃	32.4	<i>mP124</i>	<i>Pc</i>
Mo ₉ O ₂₄ (b)	32.5	<i>mP62</i> <i>mC280</i>	<i>P2/c</i> <i>C2/c</i>
MoO ₃	33	<i>mP70</i> <i>oP128</i>	<i>P2/c</i> <i>Pba2</i>

(a) Or *P2₁*. (b) Might be Mo₉O₂₆

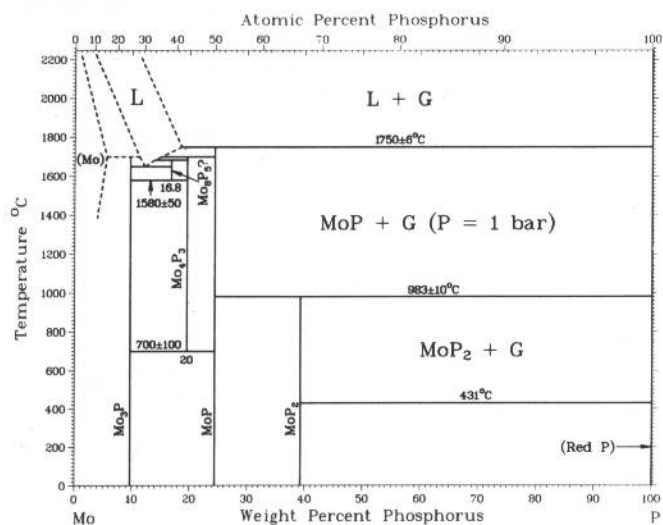
Mo-Os



From [Molybdenum]

Phase	Composition, wt% Os	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo)	0 to 32.4	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
Mo ₃ Os	~40	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm3n</i>
σ (Mo ₂ Os)	46 to 56	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>
(Os)	65 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Mo-P

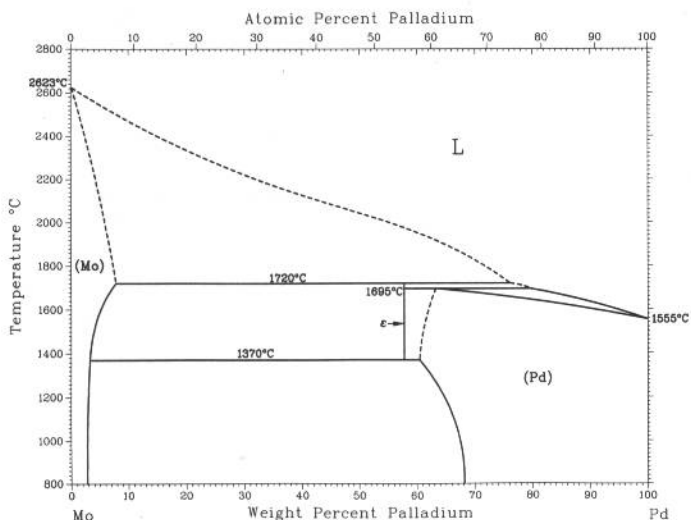


From [Molybdenum]

Phase	Composition, wt% P	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo)	0 to >5	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
Mo ₃ P	10	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I42m</i>
Mo ₈ P ₅	16.8	<i>mP13</i>	<i>Pm</i>
Mo ₄ P ₃	20	<i>oP56</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
MoP	24.4	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
MoP ₂	39.3	<i>oC12</i>	<i>Cmc2₁</i>
(P) (red)	~100	...	...
Other reported phase			
Mo ₅ P ₃	~16.2	<i>h**</i>	...

2•294/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

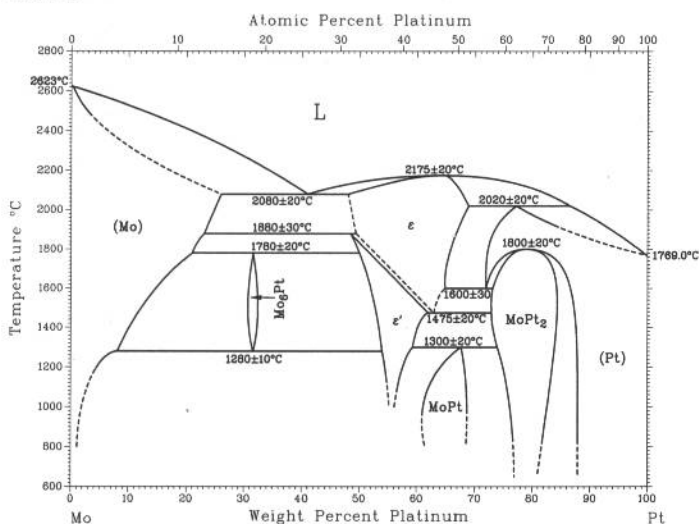
Mo-Pd



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo)	0 to 8	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
ε	~58	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
(Pd)	61 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

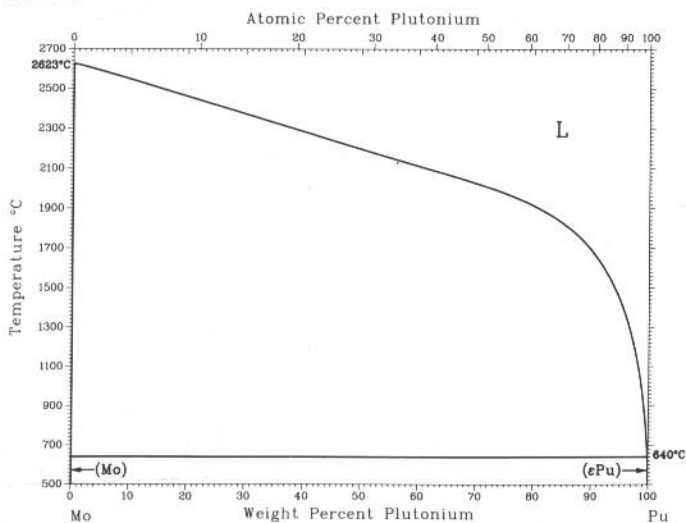
Mo-Pt



L. Brewer and R.H. Lamoreaux, 1980

Phase	Composition, wt% Pt	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo)	0 to 26 ± 2	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Mo ₆ Pt	31.6 ± 0.7	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}n$</i>
ε?	48 ± 1 to 71 ± 2	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
ε'	48.4 ± 1 to 62 ± 2	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
MoPt	61 ± 2 to 70 ± 2	<i>oP4</i>	<i>Pmma</i>
MoPt ₂	74 ± 2 to 84 ± 1	<i>oI6</i>	<i>Immm</i>
(Pt)	72 ± 2 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

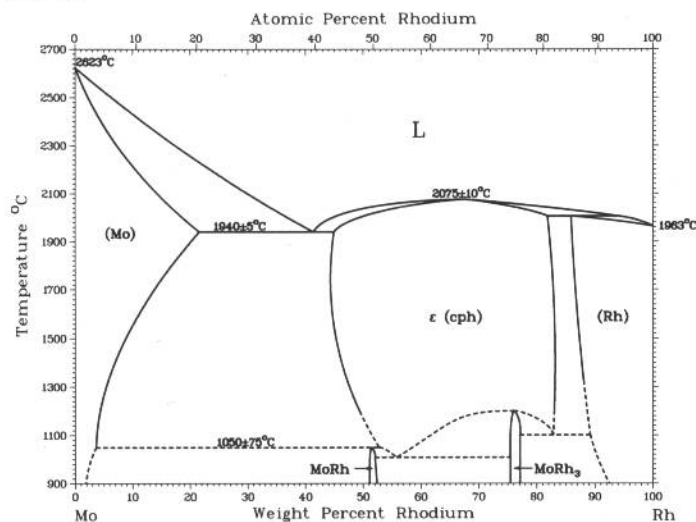
Mo-Pu



From [Molybdenum]

Phase	Composition, wt% Pu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(εPu)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>

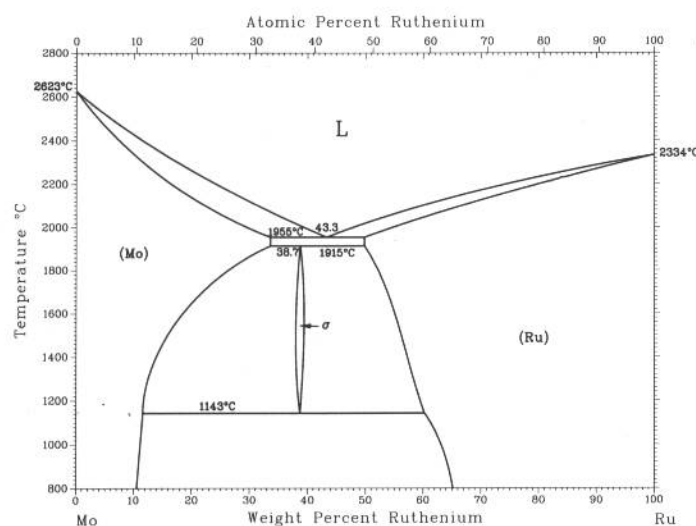
Mo-Rh



From [Molybdenum]

Phase	Composition, wt% Rh	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo)	0 to 21	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
MoRh	~51.8	<i>oP4</i>	<i>Pmma</i>
ε	~44 to 83	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
MoRh ₃	~76	...	...
(Rh)	86 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

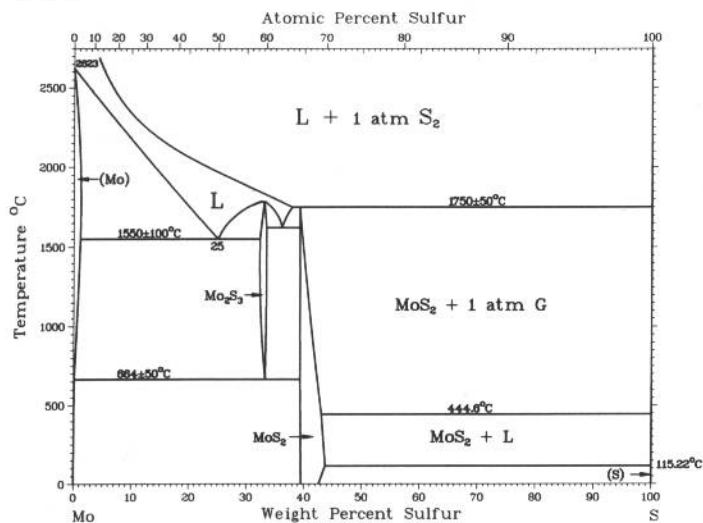
Mo-Ru



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Ru	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo)	0 to 33.6	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
σ	37.9 to 40.7	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mmm</i>
(Ru)	49.8 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Mo-S



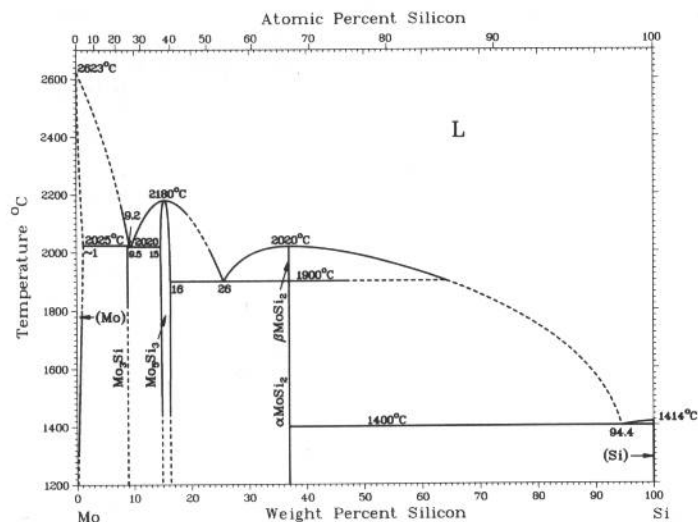
L. Brewer and R.H. Lamoreaux, 1980

Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo)	0 to 1	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Mo ₂ S ₃	~33	<i>mP10</i>	<i>P2₁/m</i>
MoS ₂	39 to 44	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
		<i>hR3</i>	<i>R3m</i>
(βS)	100	<i>mP*</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
(αS)(a)	100	<i>oF128</i>	<i>Fddd</i>

(a) Below 95.5 °C

2•296/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

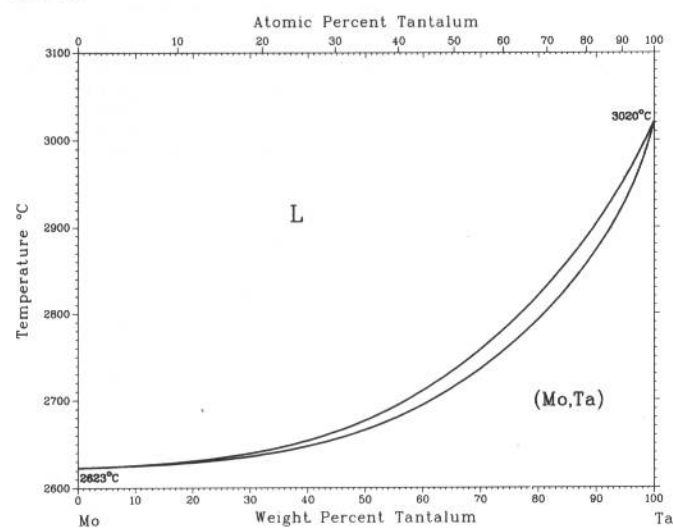
Mo-Si



A.B. Gokhale and G.J. Abbaschian, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo)	0 to ~1	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Mo ₃ Si	9	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}n$
Mo ₅ Si ₃	~14.9	<i>tI38</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
βMoSi ₂	37.0	...	<i>C622</i>
αMoSi ₂	37.0	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(Si)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$

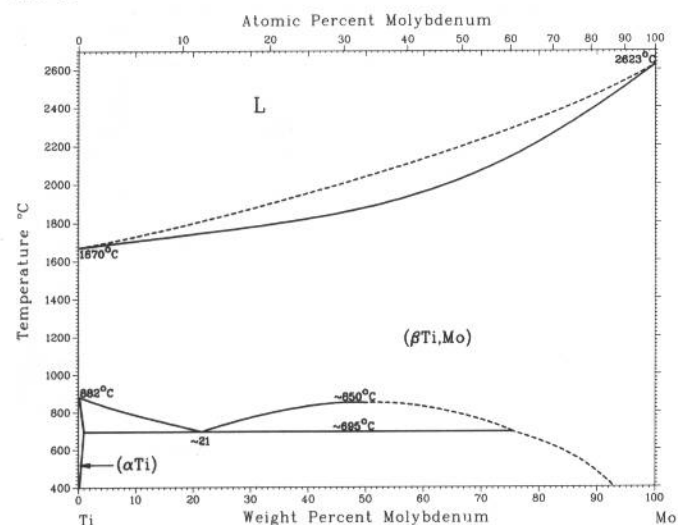
Mo-Ta



R. Krishnan, S.P. Garg, and N. Krishnamurthy, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% Ta	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo,Ta)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

Mo-Ti



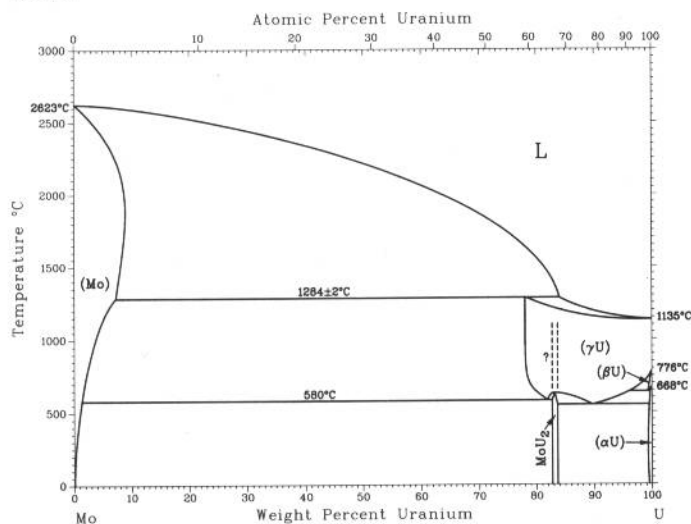
J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Mo	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi,Mo)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTi)	0 to 0.8	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
α'	(a)	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
α''	(a)	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
ω	(a)	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>

(a) Metastable

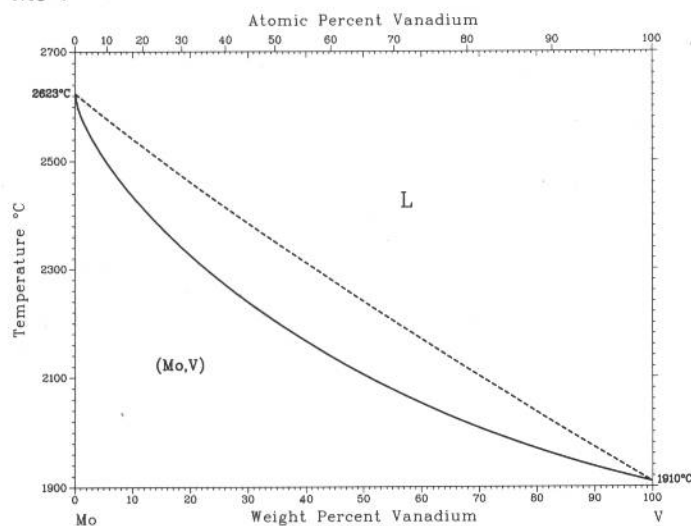
H. Okamoto, 1990

Mo-U



Phase	Composition, wt% U	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo)	0 to 9	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
MoU ₂	83.2	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(γU)	98 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βU)	99 to 100	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mmn</i>
(αU)	99 to 100	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>

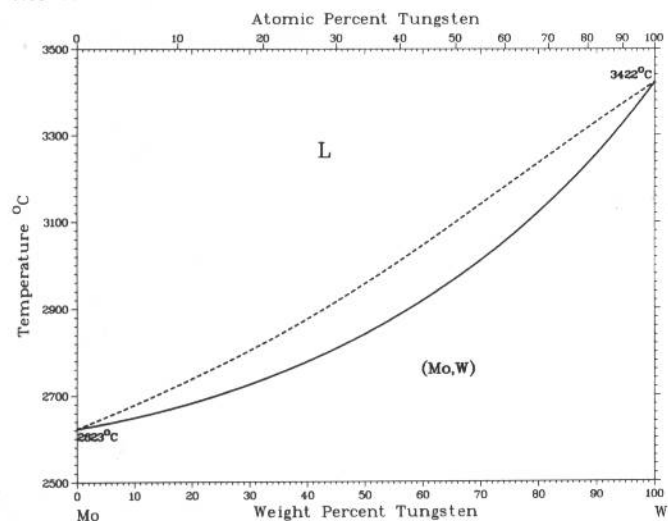
Mo-V



J.F. Smith, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% V	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo,V)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

Mo-W

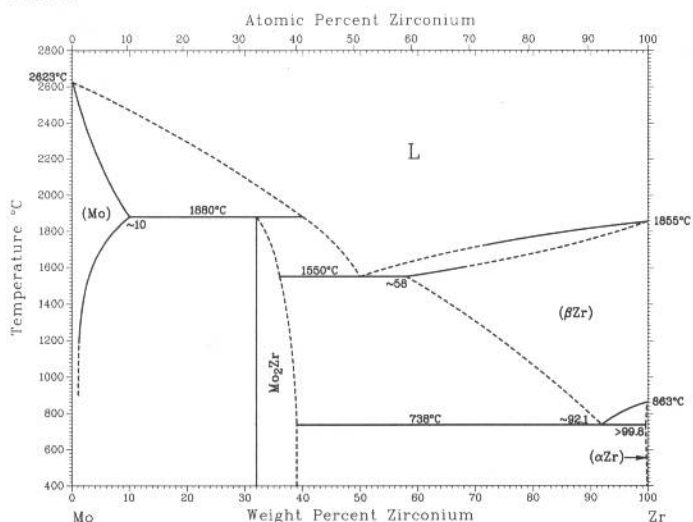


S.V. Nagender Naidu, A.M. Sriramamurthy, and P. Rama Rao, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt% W	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo,W)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

2•298/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

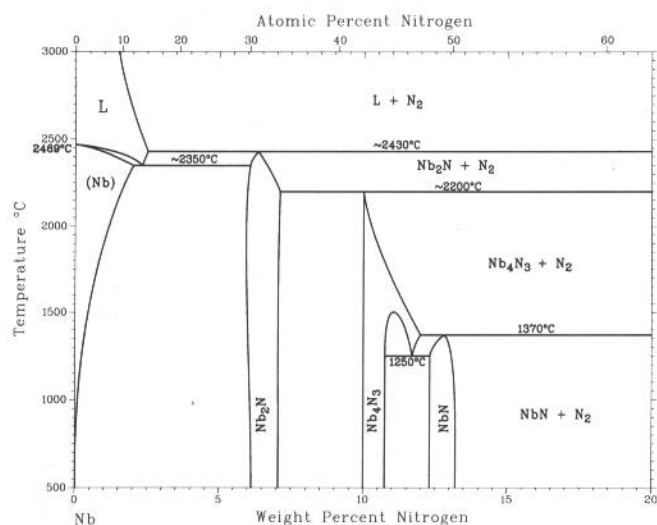
Mo-Zr



From [Zirconium]

Phase	Composition, wt% Zr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Mo)	0 to ~10	<i>cF2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Mo ₂ Zr	32 to 39	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βZr)	~58 to 100	<i>cF2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αZr)	~100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ <i>mmc</i>

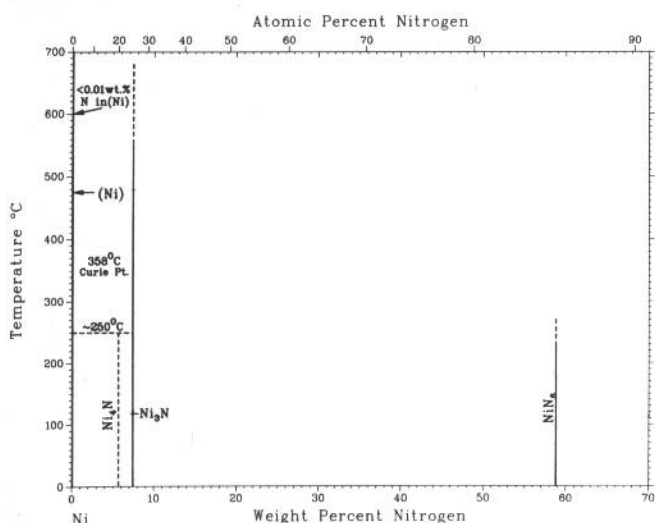
N-Nb



Yu.V. Levinskiy, 1974

Phase	Composition, wt% N	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Nb)	0 to <3	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Nb ₂ N	~5.9 to 7	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}1m$
Nb ₄ N ₃	~10.2	<i>tI14</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
NbN	~13.1	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ <i>mmc</i>
Other reported phases			
Nb ₃ N	5	<i>tP58</i>	<i>P4/m</i>
Nb ₁₀ N ₉	12.0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ <i>m2</i>
NbN	13.1	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ <i>mmc</i>
Nb ₅ N ₆	15.3	<i>hP22</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ <i>mcm</i>
Nb ₄ N ₅	15.9	<i>tI18</i>	<i>I4/m</i>

N-Ni

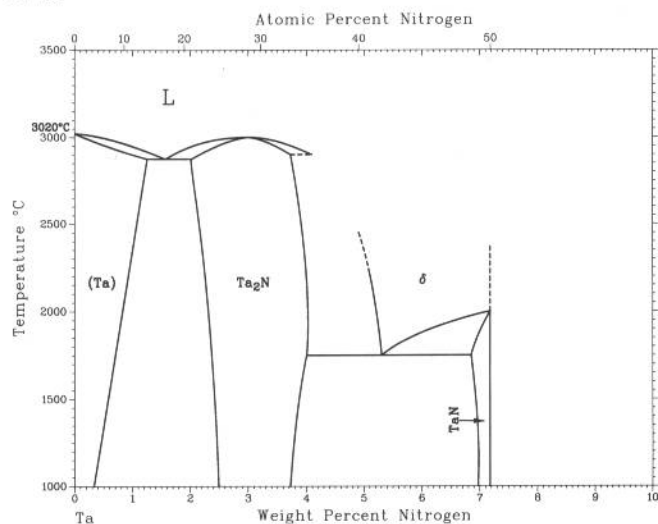


H.A. Wriedt, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% N	Pearson symbol	Space group
Stable phases			
(Ni)(a)	~0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ni ₃ N	7	<i>hP*</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ <i>22</i> or <i>P312</i>
Ni(N ₃) ₂	58.9	...	...
Other phases			
Ni ₄ N.I	6	<i>C**</i>	...
Ni ₄ N.II	6	<i>t**</i>	...
Ni ₂ N	10.6	<i>t**</i>	...
Ni ₃ N ₂ (b)	14	...	...

(a) At 25 °C. (b) Existence questionable

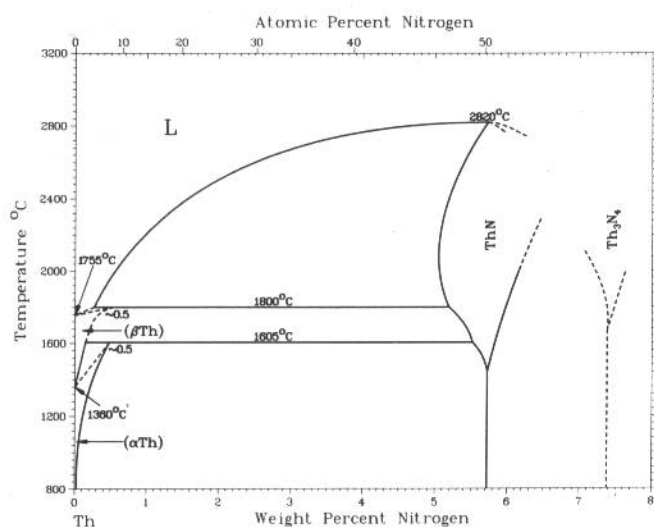
N-Ta



J. Gatterer, D. Dufek, P. Ettmayer, and R. Kieffer, 1975

Phase	Composition, wt% N	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ta)	0 to 1.5	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ta ₂ N	2.1 to 4.0	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
δ	~4.9 to 7.2	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
TaN	7.2	<i>c**</i>	...
Other reported phases			
Ta ₉ N ₂	~1.7	<i>c**</i>	...
Ta ₄ (HT?)	~1.9	<i>o**</i>	...
Ta ₂ N	~3.7	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}1m$
TaN	7.2	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Ta ₅ N ₆	~8.5	<i>hP22</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mcm</i>
Ta ₄ N ₅	~8.8	<i>tI18</i>	<i>I4</i> / <i>m</i>
Ta ₃ N ₅	~11.4	<i>t**</i>	...
		<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
		<i>mC32</i>	<i>C2</i> / <i>m</i>

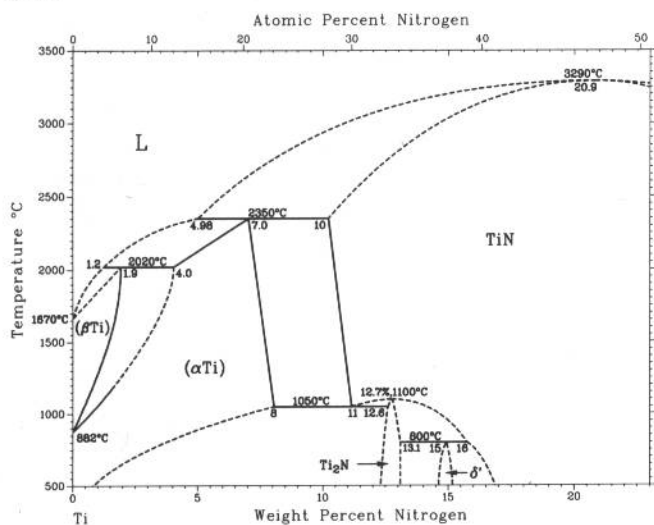
N-Th



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% N	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTh)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTh)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
ThN	~5.7	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Th ₃ N ₄	~7.4	<i>mC4</i>	<i>Cm</i>
		<i>o*18</i>	...
		<i>hR7</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Th ₂ N ₃	8.3	<i>hP5</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}m1$

N-Ti

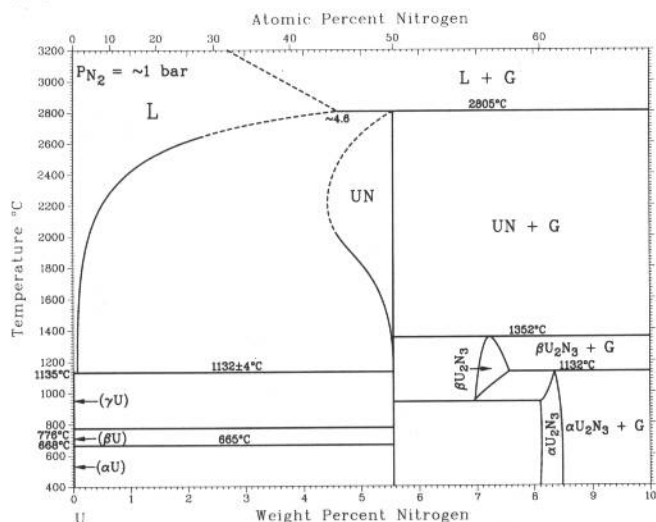


H.A. Wriedt and J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% N	Pearson symbol	Space group
Stable phases			
(αTi)	0 to 8	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(βTi)	0 to 1.9	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ti ₂ N	~13	<i>tP6</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ / <i>mnm</i>
TiN	10 to >22.6	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
δ'	~15	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4</i> ₁ / <i>amd</i>
ω	~0	<i>h**</i>	...
Metastable phase			
α'	...	<i>tP6</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ / <i>mnm</i>

2•300/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

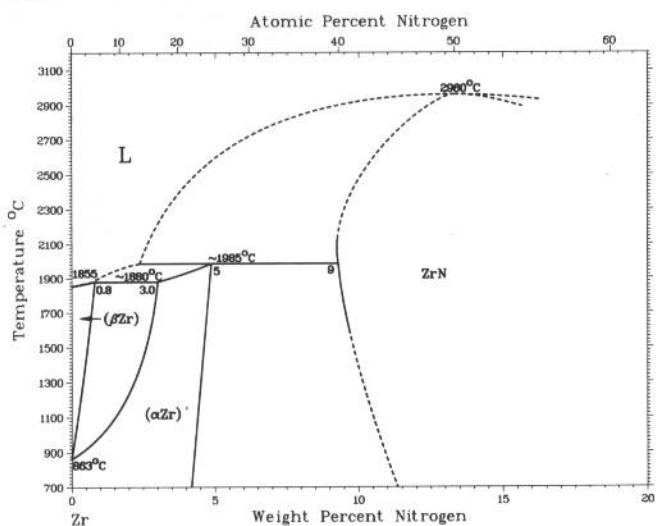
N-U



From [Metals]

Phase	Composition, wt% N	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γU)	~0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βU)	~0	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4</i> $\frac{1}{2}$ <i>/mm</i>
(αU)	~0	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
UN	~4.4 to 5.6	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
βU ₂ N ₃	~7 to 7.5	<i>hP5</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}m1$
αU ₂ N ₃	~8 to 8.4	<i>cI80</i>	<i>Ia</i> $\bar{3}$
Other reported phases			
U ₄ N ₇	~9.3	<i>hR*</i>	...
UN ₂	~10.5	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

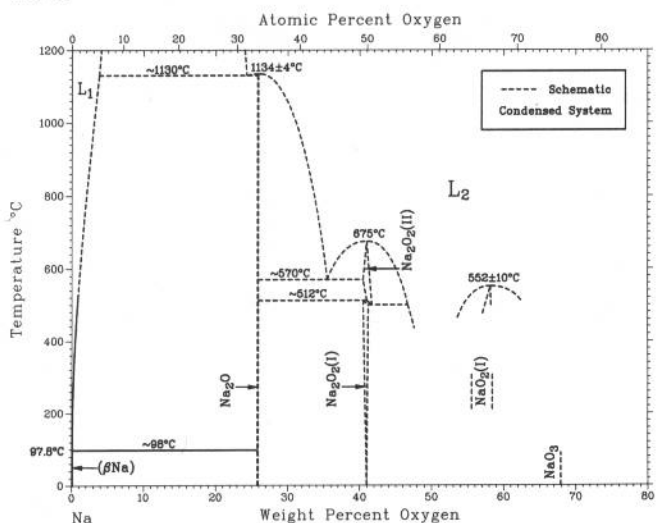
N-Zr



From [Zirconium]

Phase	Composition, wt% N	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βZr)	0 to 0.7	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αZr)	0 to 5	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\frac{3}{2}$ <i>/mmc</i>
ZrN	9 to ?	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

Na-O

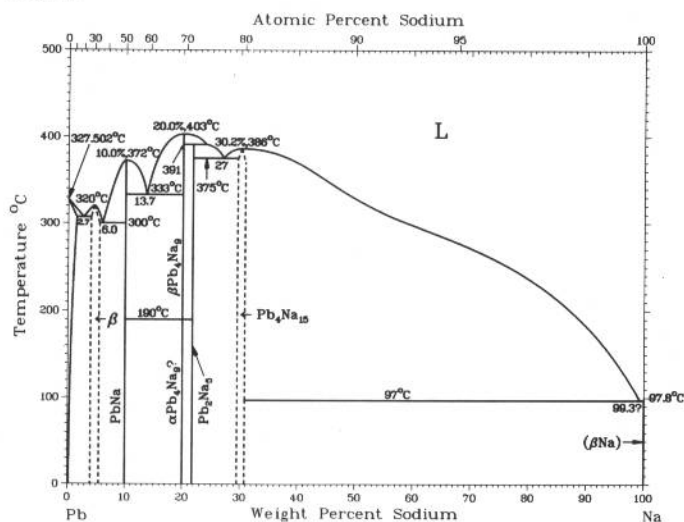


H.A. Wriedt, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% O	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βNa)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αNa)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\frac{3}{2}$ <i>/mmc</i>
Na ₂ O	25.8	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Na ₂ O ₂ -II	41.0	...	...
Na ₂ O ₂ -I	41.0	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P6</i> $\frac{3}{2}$ <i>m(a)</i>
NaO ₂ (I)	58.2	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
NaO ₂ (II)	58.2	<i>cP12</i>	<i>Pa</i> $\bar{3}$
NaO ₂ (III)	58.2	<i>oP6</i>	<i>Pnnm</i>
NaO ₃	68	<i>bct</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Other phase			
Na ₂ O ₂ -Q(b)	41.0	...	...

(a) Might be *C* $\bar{6}2m$. (b) Noncubic

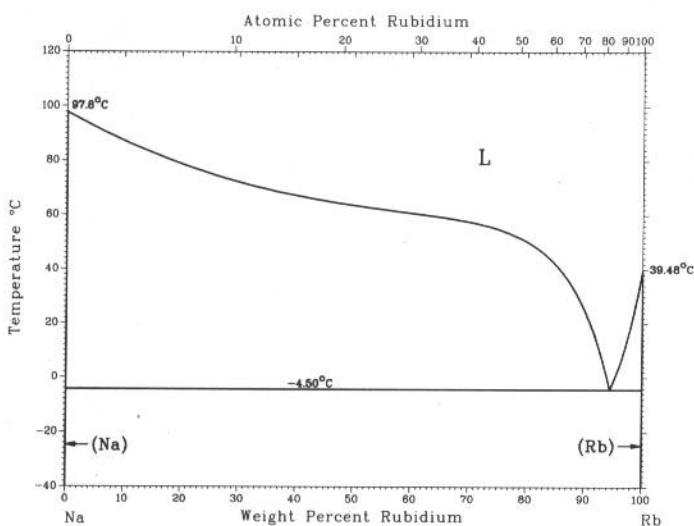
Na-Pb



From [Metals]

Phase	Composition, wt% Na	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pb)	0 to 2.7	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
$\beta(Pb_3Na)$	>4 to >5	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
PbNa	10.0	tI64	$I4_1/acd$
Pb_4Na_9	~20.0	hP26	$P6_3/mmc$
Pb_2Na_5	~21.7	hR7	$R\bar{3}m$
Pb_4Na_{15}	~29 to 31	cI76	$I\bar{4}3d$
(βNa)	~100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
Other reported phases			
Pb_5Na_{13}	~22.4	hP36	$P6_3/mmc$
$PbNa_5$	~36.5	hP*	...

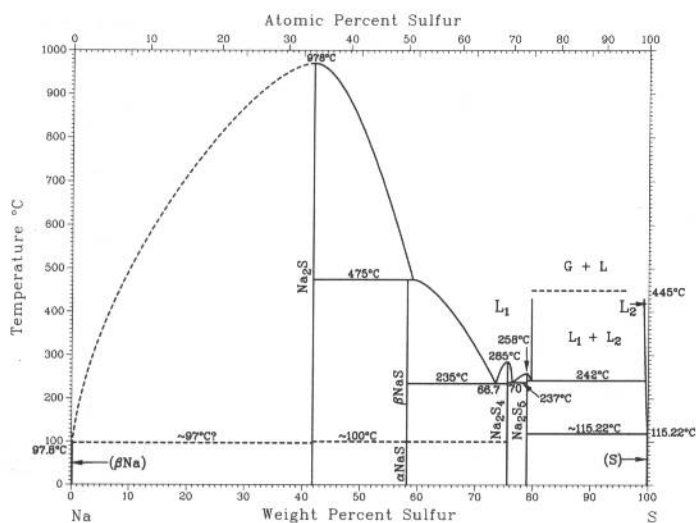
Na-Rb



C.W. Bale, 1982

Phase	Composition, wt% Rb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Na)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(Rb)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$

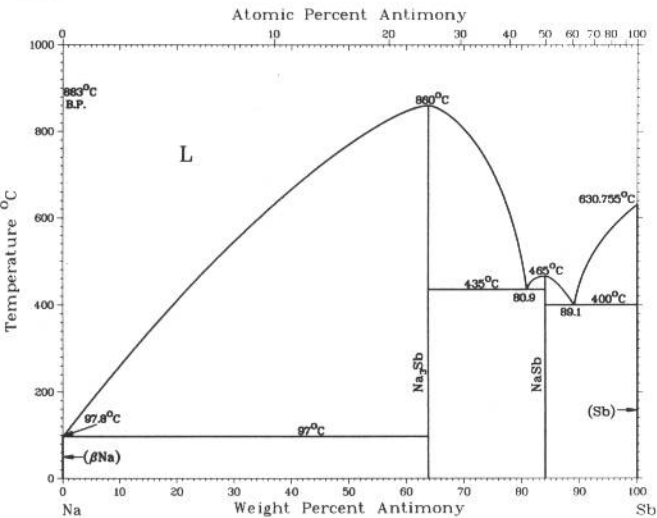
Na-S



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βNa)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
Na_2S	41.0	cF12	$Fm\bar{3}m$
βNaS	58.2	hP8	$P6_3/mmc$
αNaS	58.2	hP12	$P\bar{6}2m$
Na_2S_4	73.6	tI48	$I\bar{4}2d$
Na_2S_5	~78	oP28	$Pnma$
(S)	0	mP64	$P2_1/c$

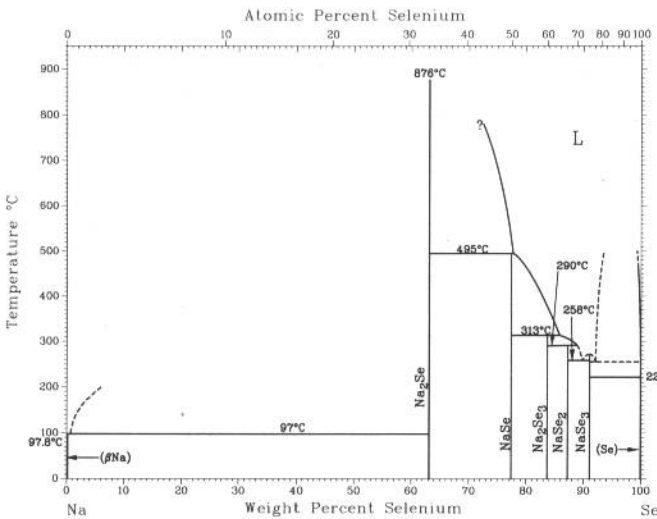
Na-Sb



C.H. Mathewson, 1906

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βNa)	~0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Na ₃ Sb	64	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
NaSb	84.1	<i>mP16</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
(Sb)	~100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$

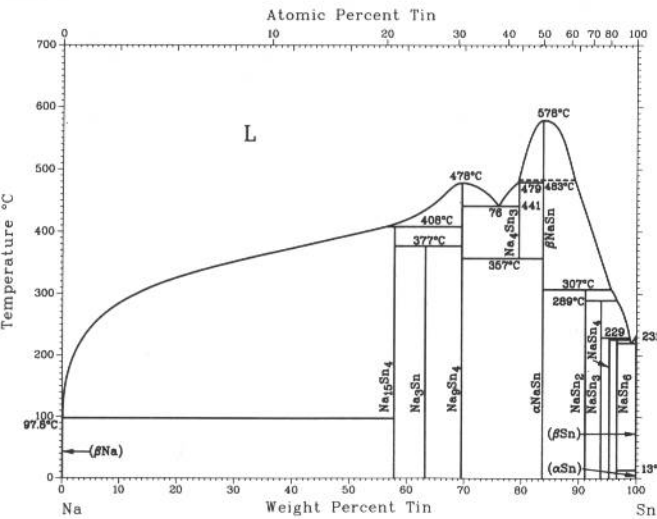
Na-Se



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βNa)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Na ₂ Se	63.2	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
NaSe	77.4	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Na ₂ Se ₃	84	...	...
NaSe ₂	87.3	...	...
NaSe ₃	91	...	...
(Se)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>

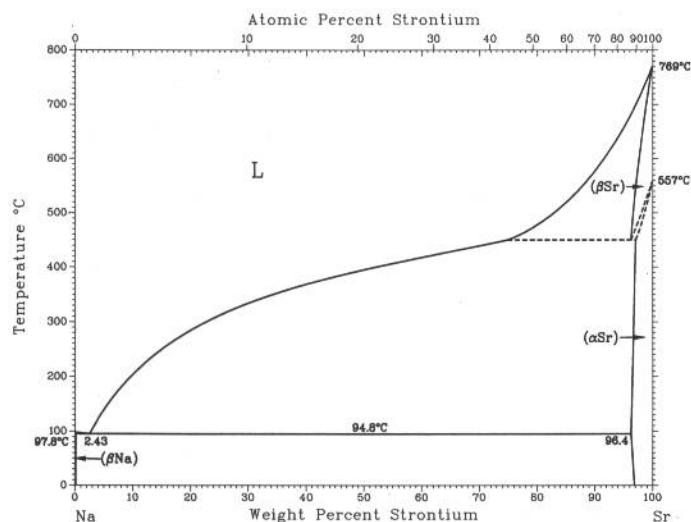
Na-Sn



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βNa)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Na ₁₅ Sn ₄	58	<i>cI76</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}3d$
Na ₃ Sn	63	...	...
Na ₉ Sn ₄	69.7	<i>oC52</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Na ₄ Sn ₃	79.5	...	...
βNaSn	83.8	...	...
αNaSn	83.8	<i>tI64</i>	<i>I4₁/acd</i>
NaSn ₂	91.2	...	...
NaSn ₃	94	...	...
NaSn ₄	95	...	...
NaSn ₆	96.9	...	...
(βSn)	100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(αSn)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$

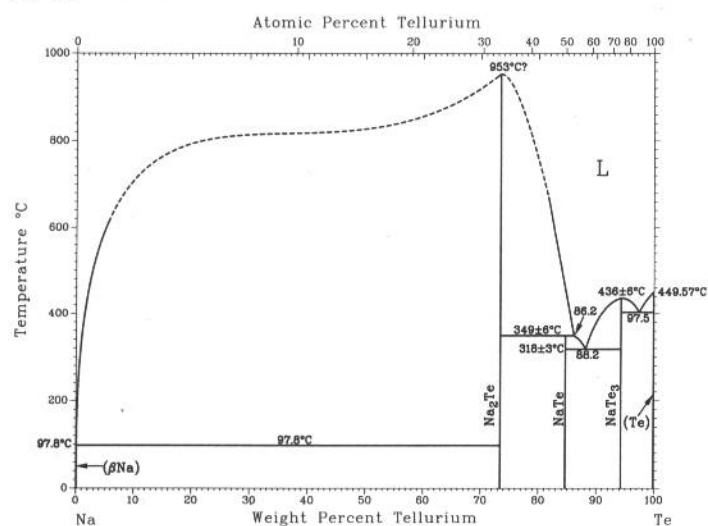
Na-Sr



A.D. Pelton, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt% Sr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βNa)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αNa)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
(βSr)	97.2 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αSr)	96.4 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

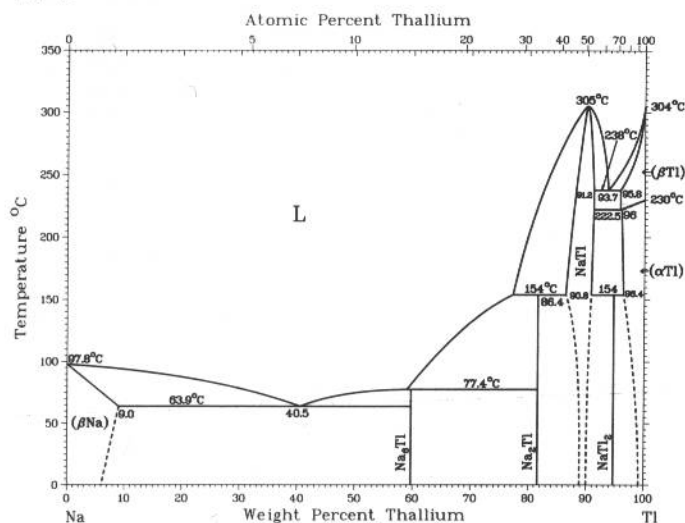
Na-Te



A.D. Pelton and A. Petric, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βNa)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αNa)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Na ₂ Te	73.5	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
NaTe	84.7	...	...
NaTe ₃	94	...	...
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3</i> $\bar{1}21$

Na-Tl

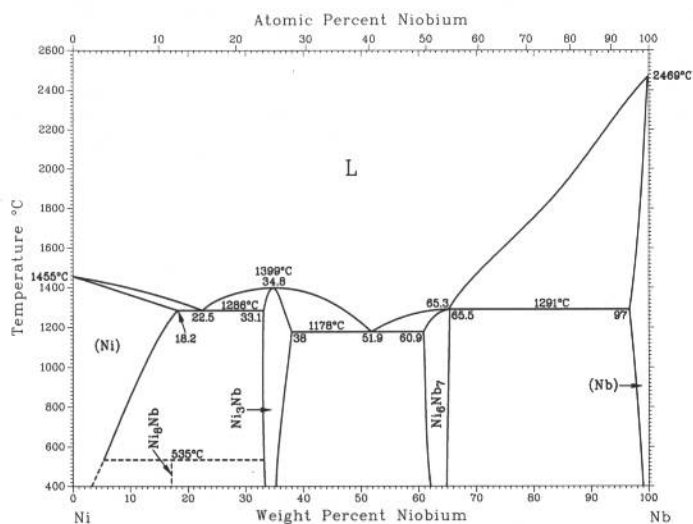


G. Grube and A. Schmidt, 1936

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βNa)	0 to 9.0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Na ₂ Tl	~59.7	<i>cF400</i>	<i>F</i> $\bar{4}3m$
Na ₂ Tl	81.6	<i>oC48</i>	<i>C222</i> $\bar{1}$
NaTl	86.4 to 91.2	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
NaTl ₂	94.7	...	...
(βTl)	95.8 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTl)	96 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

2•304/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

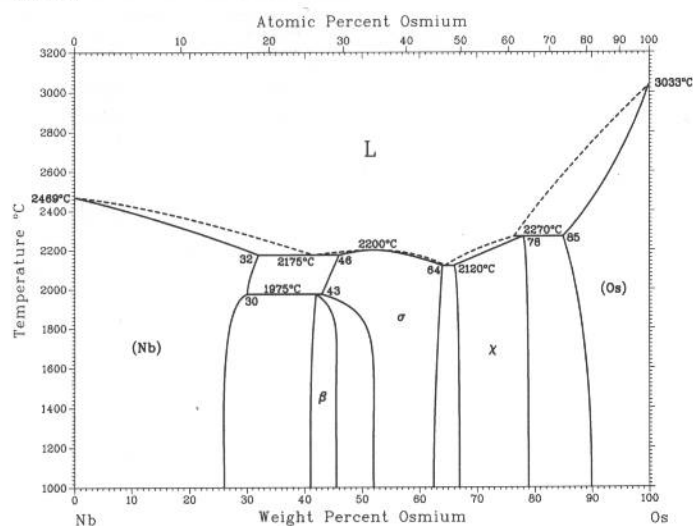
Nb-Ni



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Nb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to 18.2	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Ni ₉ Nb	16.5	<i>tI36</i>	...
Ni ₃ Nb	33.1 to 38.0	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pmmn</i>
Ni ₆ Nb ₇	60.9 to 65.5	<i>hR13</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(Nb)	97 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

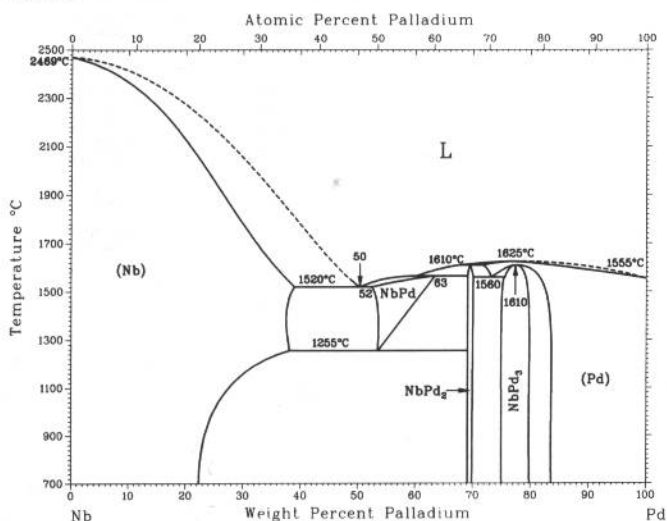
Nb-Os



R.M. Waterstrat and R.C. Manuszewski, 1977

Phase	Composition, wt% Os	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Nb)	0 to 32	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
β	>41 to ~46	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>n</i>
σ	43 to 64	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ / <i>mmm</i>
χ	66 to 78	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}$ <i>3m</i>
(Os)	85 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

Nb-Pd

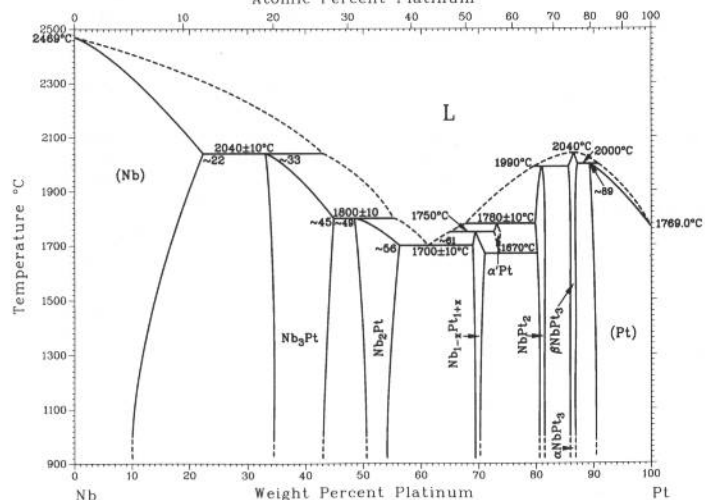


M.S. Chandrasekharaiah, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Nb)	0 to 39	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
NbPd(a)	52 to 63	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
NbPd ₂	69.2 to 70.1	<i>oI14</i>	<i>Immm</i>
α NbPd ₃	78(b)	<i>tI8</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
β NbPd ₃	76 to 78	...	<i>Pmmn</i>
(Pd)	73 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

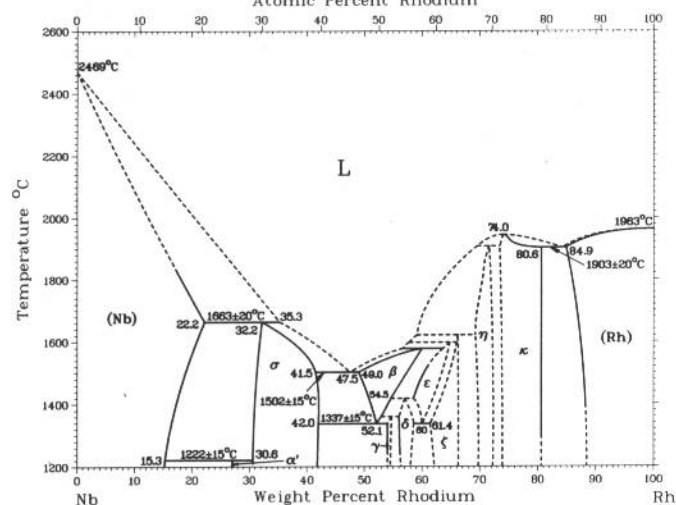
(a) Data from rapidly quenched samples. (b) At 1300 °C

Atomic Percent Platinum



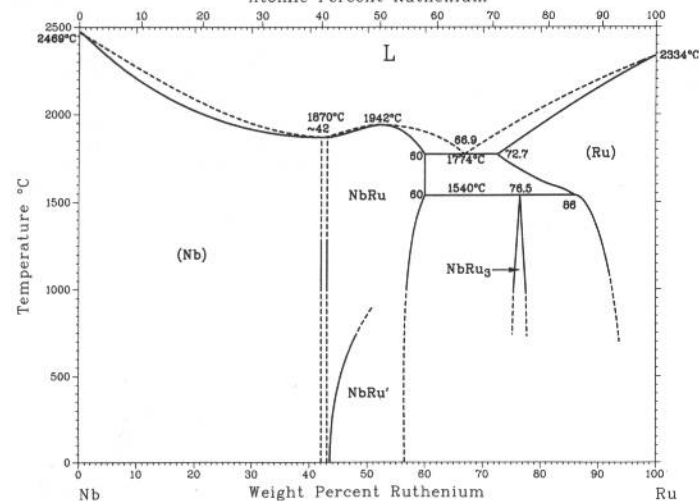
Phase	Composition, wt% Pt	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Nb)	0 to ~22	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Nb ₃ Pt	~33 to ~45	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}n$</i>
Nb ₂ Pt	~49 to ~56	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mmn</i>
Nb _{1-x} Pt _{1+x}	69 to 70	<i>oP4</i>	<i>Pmma</i>
α' Pt	~74	...	...
NbPt ₂	~81	<i>oI6</i>	<i>Immm</i>
β NbPt ₃	~87	<i>mP48</i>	<i>P2₁/m</i>
α NbPt ₃	~87	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pmmn</i>
(Pt)	~89 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

Atomic Percent Rhodium

D.L. Ritter, B.C. Giessen, and N.J. Grant, 1964

Phase	Composition, wt% Rh	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Nb)	0 to 22.2	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
α' (Nb ₃ Rh)	27	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}n$</i>
σ (Nb ₁₃ Rh ₇)	30.6 to 42.0	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mmn</i>
β	49.0 to ~61	...	...
γ	~54.0 to 55	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
δ	~56.0 to 59	<i>o**</i>	...
ϵ (Nb ₂ Rh ₃)	~59 to 64	<i>oP4</i>	<i>Pmma</i>
ζ (Nb ₂ Rh ₃)	61 to ~66	<i>mP18</i>	<i>P2/m</i>
η (Nb ₁₃ Rh ₂₇)	~69 to 72	<i>hP24</i>	<i>P6m2</i>
κ (NbRh ₃)	~73 to 80.6	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Rh)	84.9 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Other reported phases			
NbRh	~52.6	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
		<i>oP4</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Nb ₉ Rh ₁₁	58	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>

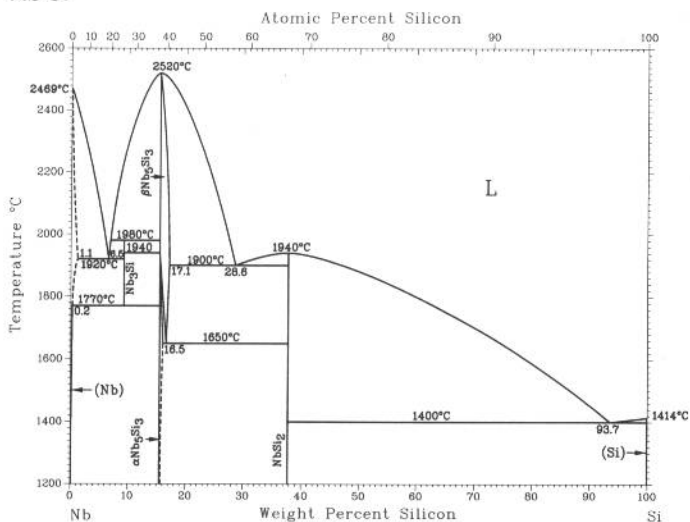
Atomic Percent Ruthenium

H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Ru	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Nb)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
NbRu	43 to 60	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
NbRu'	?	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
NbRu ₃	76.5	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Ru)	72.7 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

2•306/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

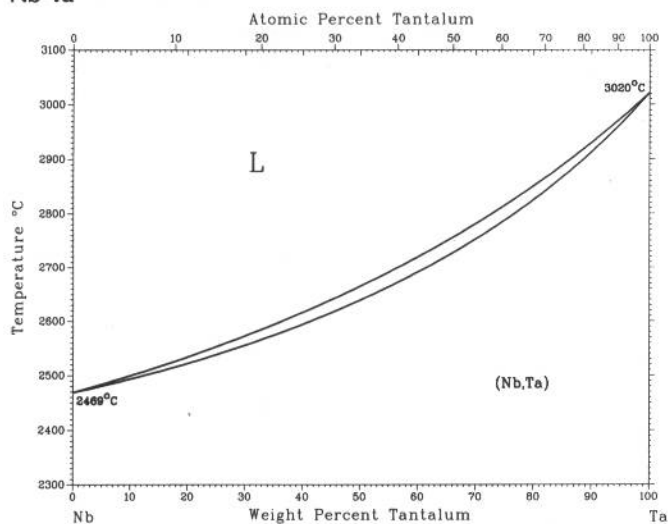
Nb-Si



H. Okamoto, A.B. Gokhale, and G.J. Abbaschian, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Nb)	0 to 1.1	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Nb ₃ Si	9	<i>tP32</i>	<i>P4</i> $\bar{2}$ / <i>n</i>
β Nb ₅ Si ₃	15.4 to 17.1	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
α Nb ₅ Si ₃	15.4 to 15.9	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
NbSi ₂	37.7	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{4}$ 22
(Si)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
Metastable phases			
Nb ₇ Si	2.9 to 4.3	<i>c**</i>	...
Nb ₃ Si- <i>m</i>	3.2 to 7.9	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}n$
Nb ₃ Si- <i>m'</i>	3.2 to 10.1	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Nb ₃ Si- <i>m''</i>	9.2	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
γ Nb ₅ Si ₃	15.4	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mcm</i>
High-pressure phase			
Nb ₃ Si-I	9.2	<i>t**</i>	...

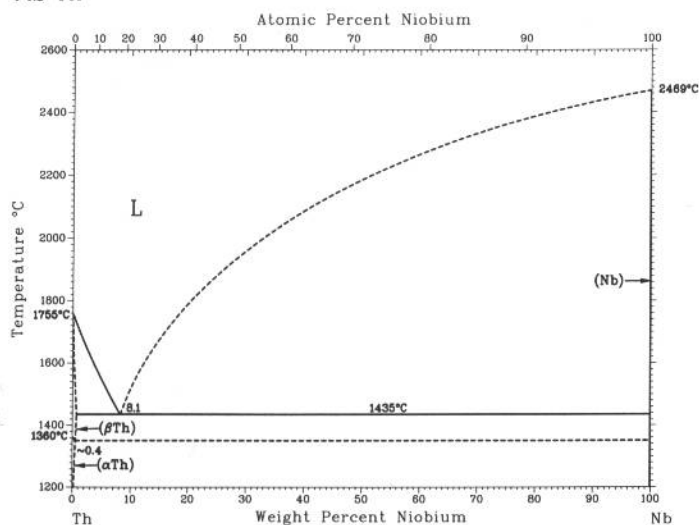
Nb-Ta



R. Krishnan, S.P. Garg, and N. Krishnamurthy, 1982

Phase	Composition, wt% Ta	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Nb,Ta)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

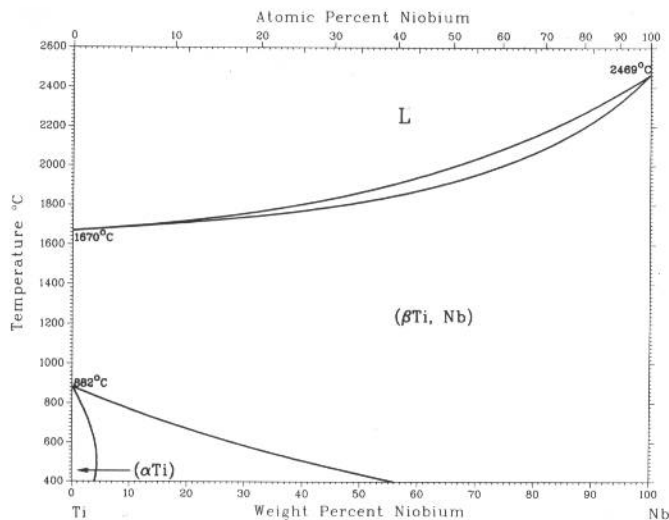
Nb-Th



O.N. Carlson, J.M. Dickerson, H.E. Lunt, and H.A. Wilhelm, 1956

Phase	Composition, wt% Nb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(β Th)	0 to ~0.6	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(α Th)	0 to ~0.4	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Nb)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

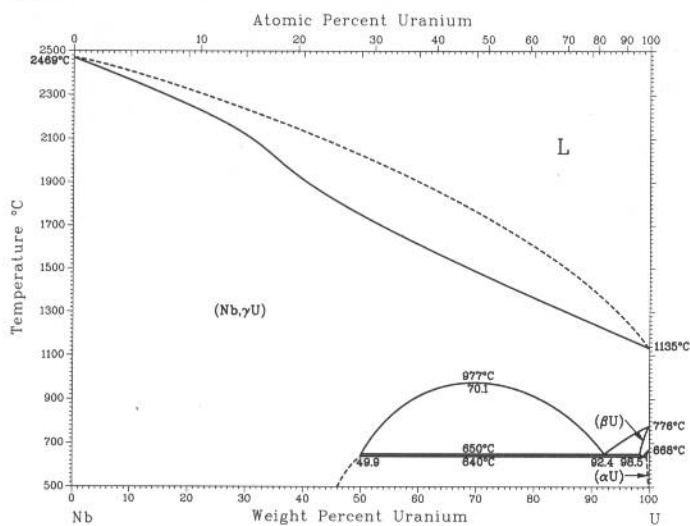
Nb-Ti



J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Nb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi,Nb)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTi)	0 to 4.7	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Metastable phases			
(α'Ti)	0 to ~9	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
(α''Ti)	~14 to 43	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
ω	16 to 45	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmm$
τ	26 to 41	(a)	...
(a) bct			

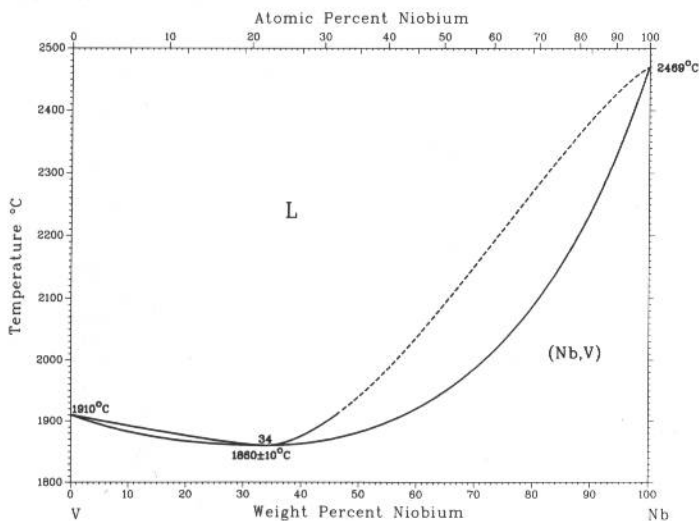
Nb-U



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% U	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Nb,γU)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βU)	98.5 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αU)	~100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

Nb-V

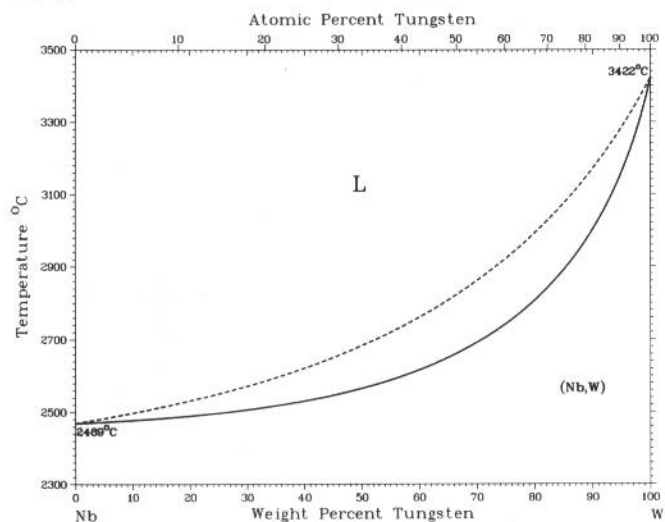


J.F. Smith and O.N. Carlson, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Nb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(V,Nb)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

2•308/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

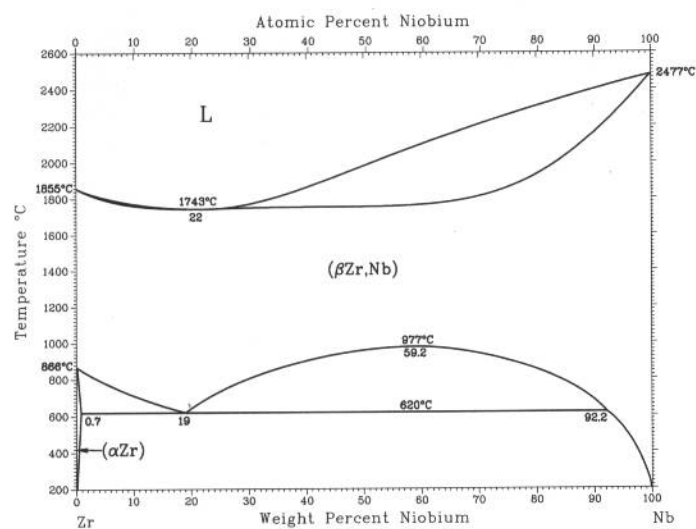
Nb-W



S.V. Nagender Naidu, A.M. Sriramamurthy, and P. Rama Rao, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% W	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Nb,W)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

Nb-Zr

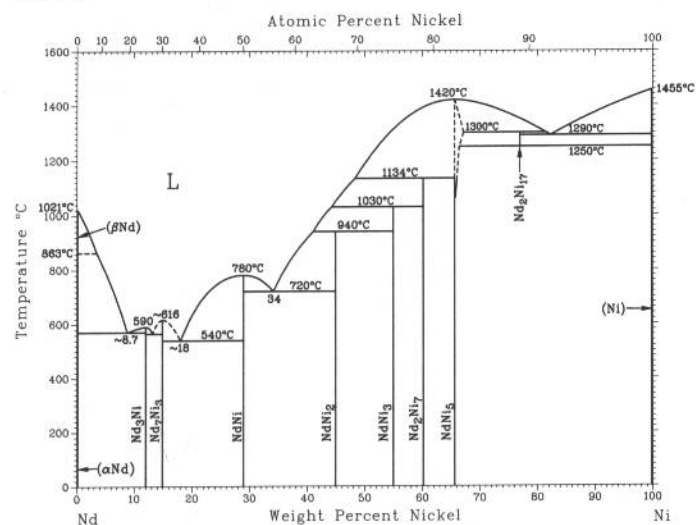


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Nb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βZr,Nb)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αZr)	0 to 0.7	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
Metastable phase			
ω	...	<i>hP3</i>	(a)

(a) Changes from *P63/mmc* to *P3m1* with increasing Nb content

Nd-Ni

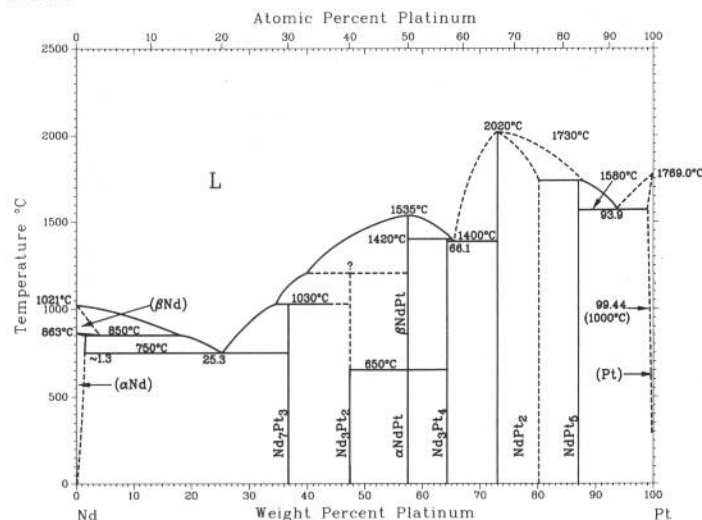


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Ni	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βNd)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αNd)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
Nd ₃ Ni	11.9	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Nd ₇ Ni ₃	14.8	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P63mc</i>
NdNi	28.9	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
NdNi ₂	44.9	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
NdNi ₃	55.0	<i>hR12</i>	<i>R3m</i>
Nd ₂ Ni ₇	58.8	<i>hP36</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
		<i>hR18</i>	<i>R3m</i>
NdNi ₅	67.0	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
Nd ₂ Ni ₁₇	77.6	<i>hP38</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
(Ni)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

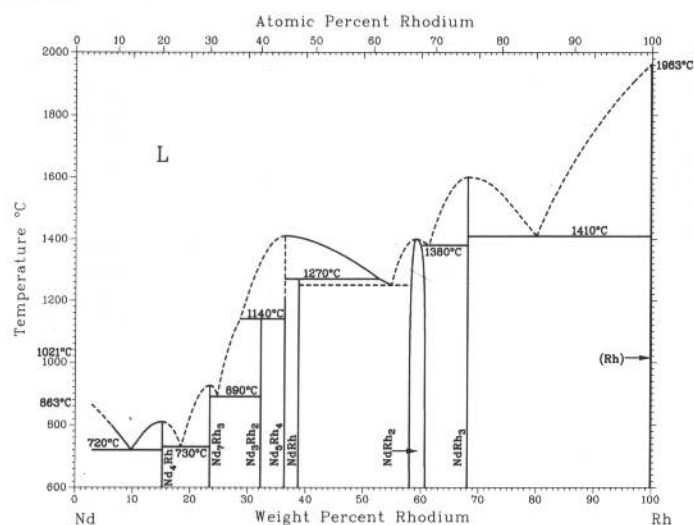
H. Okamoto, 1990

Nd-Pt



Phase	Composition, wt% Pt	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βNd)	0 to ~4	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αNd)	0 to ~1.3	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Nd ₇ Pt ₃	37	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}mc$
Nd ₃ Pt ₂	47	<i>hR15</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$
βNdPt	57.5	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
αNdPt	57.5	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Nd ₃ Pt ₄	64.3	<i>hR14</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$
NdPt ₂	73.0 to 80	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
NdPt ₃	87.1	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
(Pt)	~100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

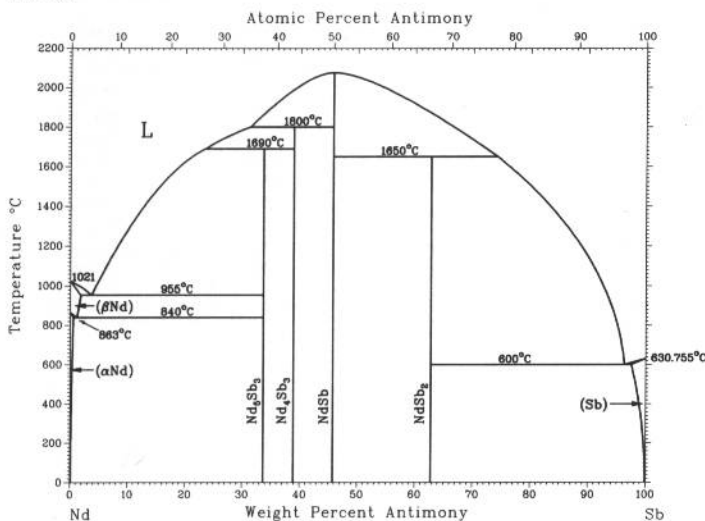
Nd-Rh



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Rh	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βNd)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αNd)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Nd ₄ Rh	15	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Nd ₇ Rh ₃	23	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}mc$
βNd ₃ Rh ₂	32	...	...
αNd ₃ Rh ₂	32	<i>hR15</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$
Nd ₅ Rh ₄	36.3	<i>oP36</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
NdRh	39	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
NdRh ₂	58 to 60.8	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
NdRh ₃	68	<i>hP24</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
(Rh)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

Nd-Sb

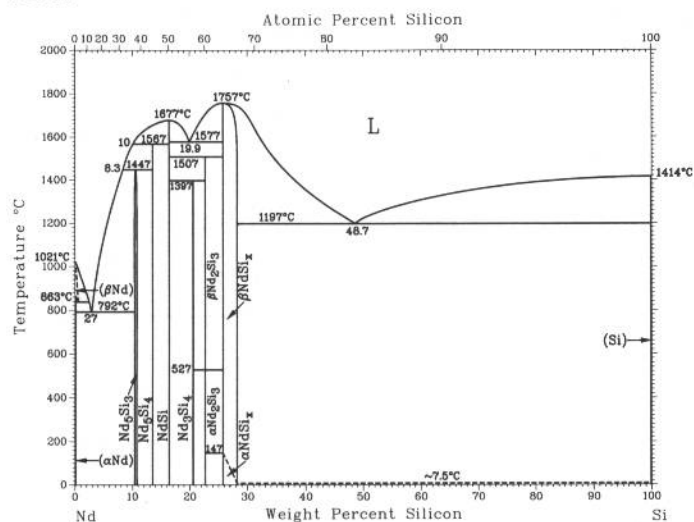


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βNd)	0 to 1.7	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αNd)	0 to 0.8	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Nd ₄ Sb ₃	33.6	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mcm$
Nd ₃ Sb ₂	38.8	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}3d$
NdSb	45.8	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
NdSb ₂	62.8	<i>oC24</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
(Sb)	97.6 to 100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$

2•310/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

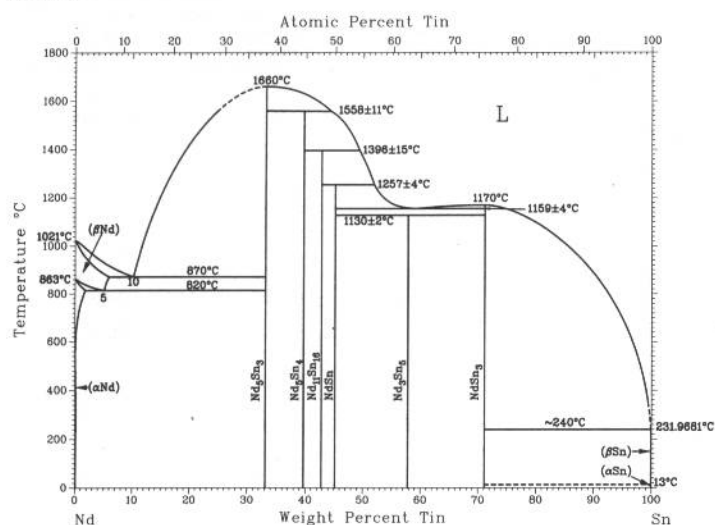
Nd-Si



A.B. Gokhale, A. Munitz, and G.J. Abbaschian, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt % Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βNd)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αNd)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Nd ₅ Si ₃	~10.3 to ~10.7	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
Nd ₅ Si ₄	13.48	...	<i>P4</i> $\bar{1}2_12$
NdSi	16.3	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Nd ₃ Si ₄	21	...	...
βNd ₂ Si ₃	23	...	...
αNd ₂ Si ₃	22.6	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmm$
βNdSi _x	28.14	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4</i> $\bar{1}/amd$
αNdSi _x	25.7 to 28.14	...	<i>Imma</i>
(Si)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$

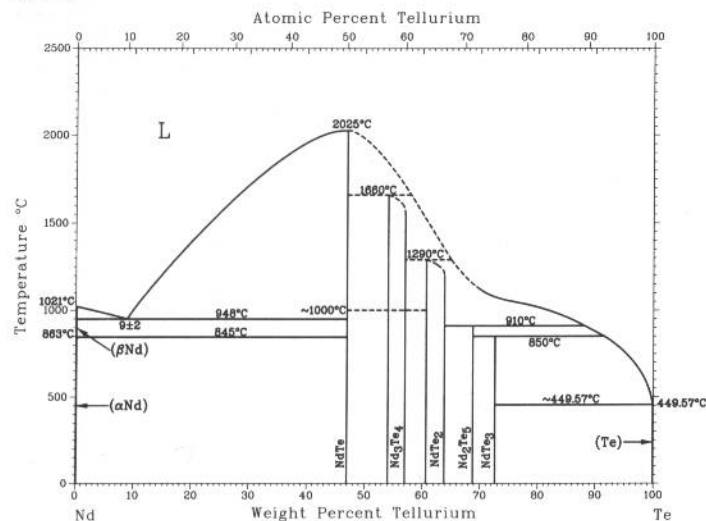
Nd-Sn



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt % Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βNd)	0 to 6	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αNd)	0 to 2	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Nd ₅ Sn ₃	33.1	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mcm$
Nd ₅ Sn ₄	39.7	<i>oP36</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Nd ₁₁ Sn ₁₀	42.8	<i>tI84</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
NdSn	45.1	...	...
Nd ₃ Sn ₅	57.8	...	...
NdSn ₃	71	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βSn)	100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4</i> $\bar{1}/amd$
(αSn)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$

Nd-Te



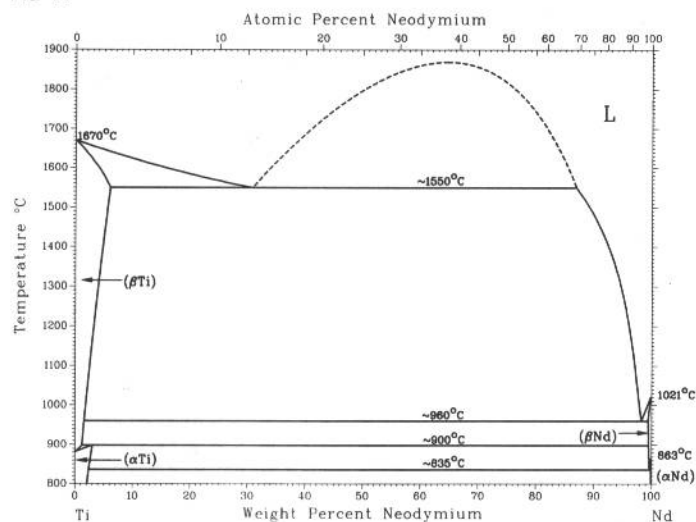
H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt % Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βNd)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αNd)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
NdTe	46.9	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Nd ₃ Te ₄ (a)	54 to 57?	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I43d</i>
Nd ₂ Te ₃ (a)	57	<i>oP20</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
NdTe ₂	60.7 to 63.9	<i>tP6</i>	<i>P4/nmm</i>
Nd ₂ Te ₅	68.8	<i>oC28</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
NdTe ₃	73	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3</i> $\bar{1}21$

(a) The phase relationships between Nd₃Te₄ and Nd₂Te₃, and the homogeneity range of each, are unknown.

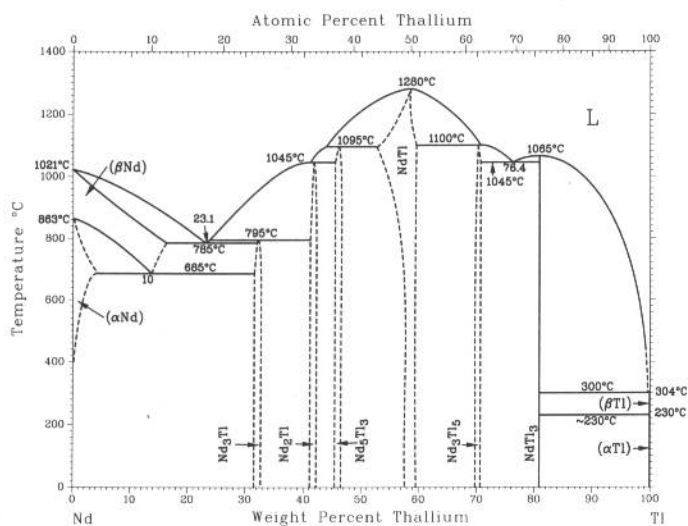
J.L. Murray, 1987

Nd-Ti



Phase	Composition, wt% Nd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi)	0 to ~9	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTi)	0 to ~3	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
(βNd)	? to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αNd)	~100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

Nd-Tl

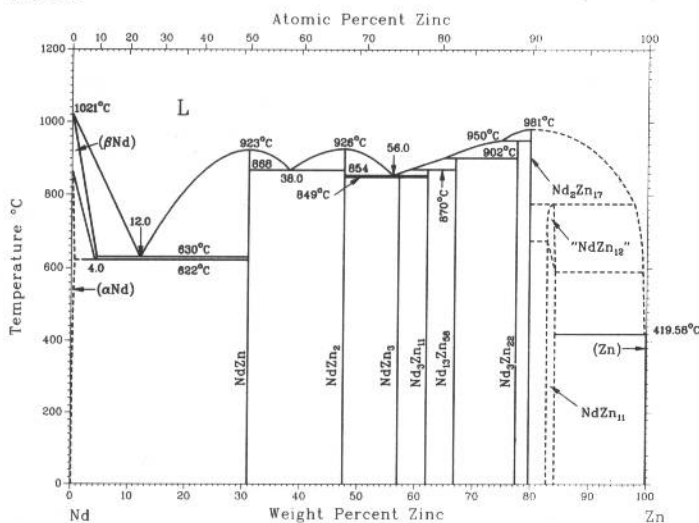


S. Delfino, A. Saccone, A. Palenzona, and R. Ferro, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βNd)	0 to ~16	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αNd)	0 to ~4	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Nd ₃ Tl(a)	~31.5 to 32.7	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Nd ₂ Tl	~41 to ~42	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Nd ₅ Tl ₃	~45 to ~47	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
NdTl(b)	~53 to ~60	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
		(or <i>cI2</i>)	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
NdTl(c)	~53 to ~60	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
Nd ₃ Tl ₅	~70 to ~71	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
NdTl ₃	81	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βTl)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTl)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

(a) A *cP4-cF4* order-disorder transformation in this phase has been suggested. (b) Cubic structure presumed to be room- and higher-temperature phases. (c) Tetragonal structure presumed to be lower-temperature phase

Nd-Zn

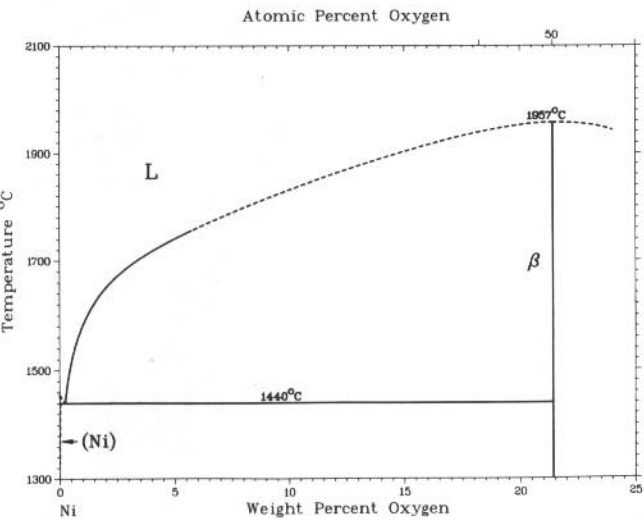


J.T. Mason and P. Chiotti, 1972

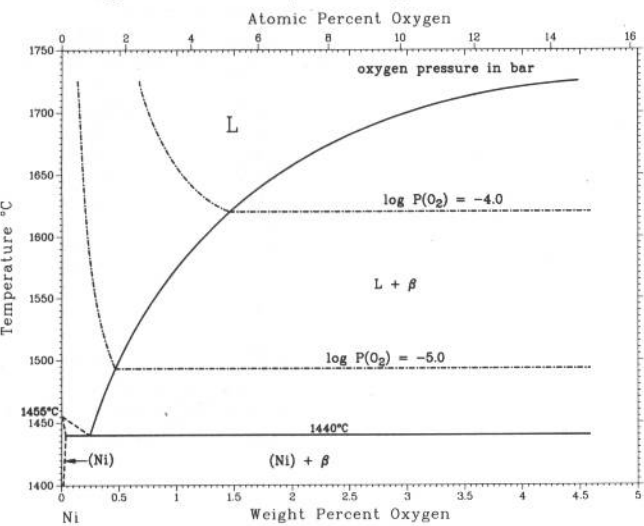
Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βNd)	0 to 4.0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αNd)	0 to >0.5	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
NdZn	31.2	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
NdZn ₂	47.6	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
NdZn ₃	~57.0	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Nd ₃ Zn ₁₁	~62.5	<i>oI28</i>	<i>Immm</i>
Nd ₁₃ Zn ₅₈	~66.9	<i>hP142</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}mc$
Nd ₃ Zn ₂₂	>77	<i>tI100</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
Nd ₂ Zn ₁₇	~79.4	<i>hP38</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
NdZn ₁₁	~83.4	<i>hR19</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
"NdZn ₁₂ "	~84.5	<i>tI48</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(Zn)	~100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Other reported phase			
NdZn ₅	~69.3	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>

2•312/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

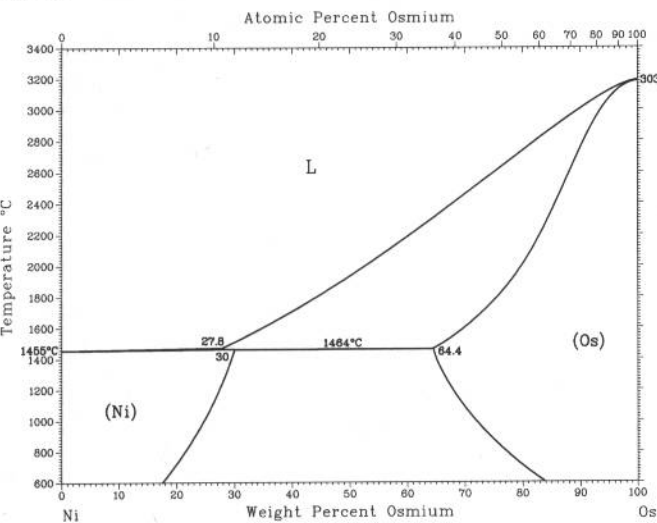
Ni-O



Ni-rich region of the Ni-O phase diagram



Ni-Os



J.P. Neumann, T. Zhong, and Y.A. Chang, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt % O	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to 0.01	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
NiO(HT) or β	21.4	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
NiO(LT)	21.4	<i>rP2</i> (a)	...
Ni ₃ O ₄	27	...	...
Ni ₂ O ₃	29	...	...
NiO ₂	35.3	...	...

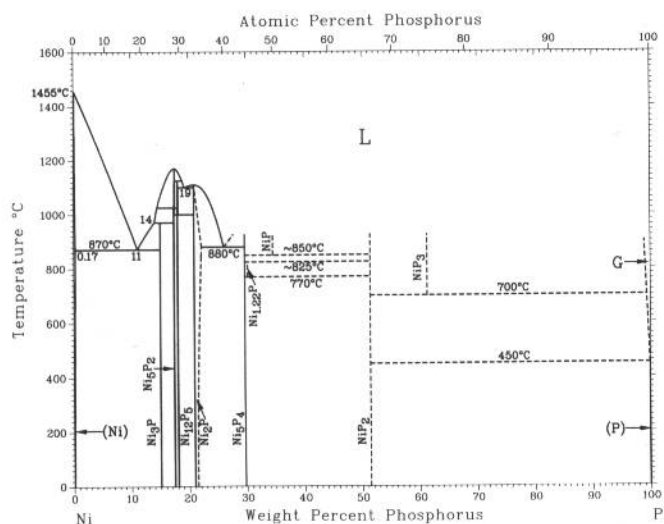
(a) The *rP2* designation for NiO(LT) is an alternative to *hR2*.

P. Nash, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Os	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to 30	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(Os)	64.4 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

K.J. Lee and P. Nash, 1991

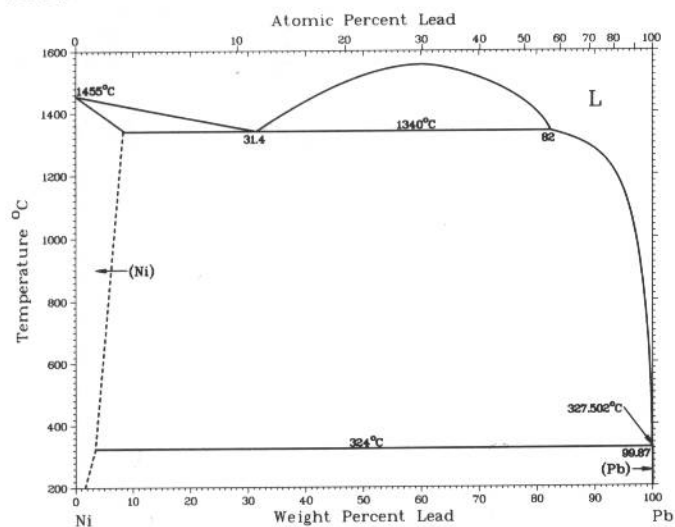
Ni-P



Phase	Composition, wt% P	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to 0.17	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ni ₃ P	15	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I$\bar{4}$</i>
β Ni ₅ P ₂	17.5	...	...
α Ni ₅ P ₂	17.5	<i>hP168(a)</i>	<i>P$\bar{3}$</i>
δ Ni ₁₂ P ₅	18.0	...	...
γ Ni ₁₂ P ₅	18.0	<i>tI34</i>	<i>I4/m</i>
Ni ₂ P	20.9 to ?	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P6₂m</i>
			<i>P3₂1</i>
			<i>P6₃mc</i>
Ni ₅ P ₄	29.6	<i>hP36</i>	...
Ni _{1.22} P	30.2	...	...
NiP	34.5	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pcba</i>
NiP ₂	51.4	<i>mC12</i>	<i>C2/c</i>
NiP ₃	61	<i>cI32</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}$</i>
P (red)	100	...	...
High-pressure phase			
NiP ₂	51.4	<i>cP12</i>	<i>Pa$\bar{3}$</i>
Metastable phases			
"Ni ₅ P ₂ "	11 to 18	<i>h**</i>	...
α	8 to 15	<i>c**</i>	...
α_1	8 to 15	<i>h**</i>	...
α_2	8 to 15	<i>h**</i>	...
α_3	8 to 15	<i>h**</i>	...
" α Ni ₃ P"	15	<i>t**</i>	...
" β Ni ₃ P"	15	<i>h**</i>	...
" γ Ni ₃ P"	15	<i>c**</i>	...
α (amorphous)	~15	(b)	...
β (amorphous)	~15	(c)	...

(a) Might be *hP336*. (b) Liquid-like. (c) Molecular cluster

Ni-Pb

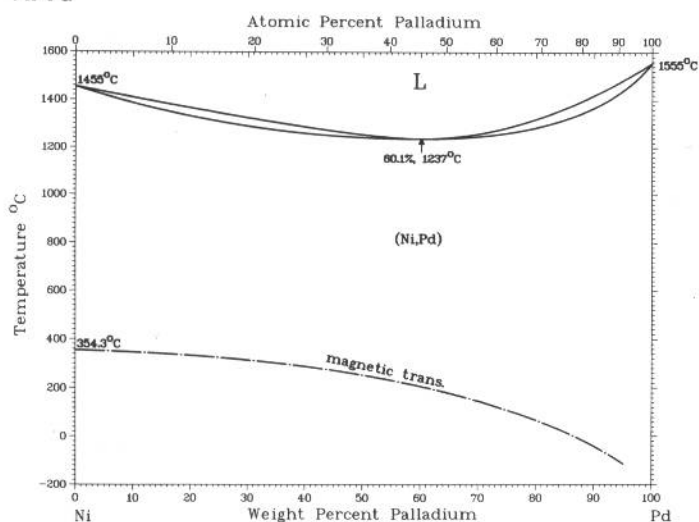


P. Nash, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to ~4.1	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Pb)	99.9 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Metastable phase			
NiPb	77.9	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

2•314/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

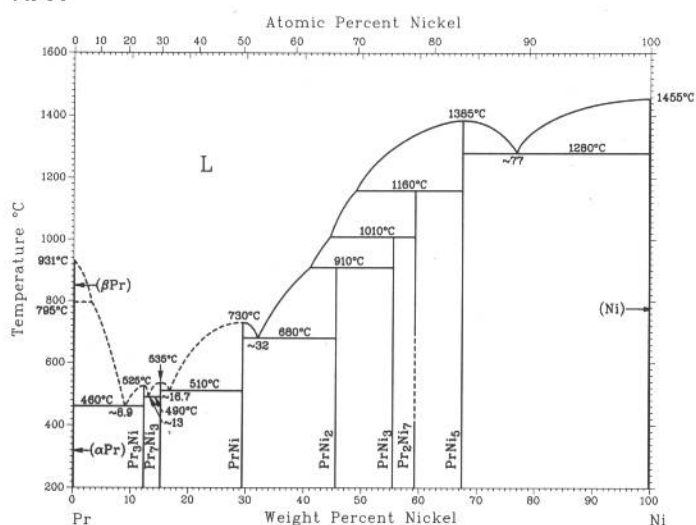
Ni-Pd



A. Nash and P. Nash, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni,Pd)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

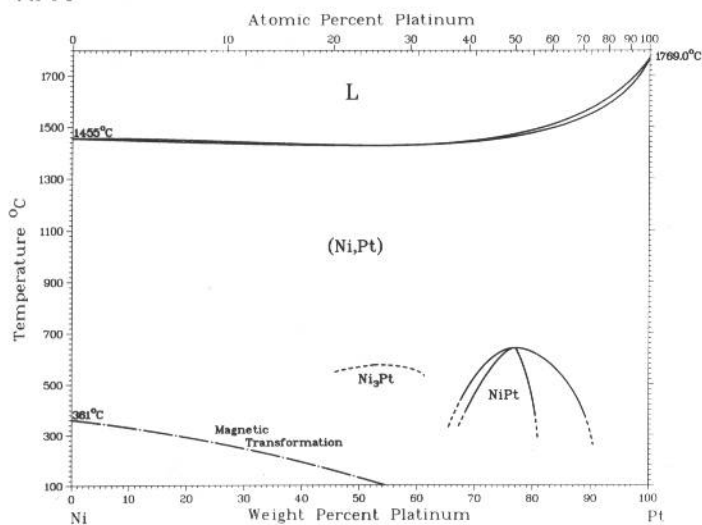
Ni-Pr



Y.Y. Pan and P. Nash, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ni	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βPr)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
(αPr)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Pr ₃ Ni	12.2	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Pr ₇ Ni ₃	15.1	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P6$_3$mc</i>
PrNi	29.4	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
PrNi ₂	45.5	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
PrNi ₃	55.5	<i>hR24</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Pr ₂ Ni ₇	59.3	<i>hP36</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
PrNi ₅	67.5	<i>hP6</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Ni)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

Ni-Pt

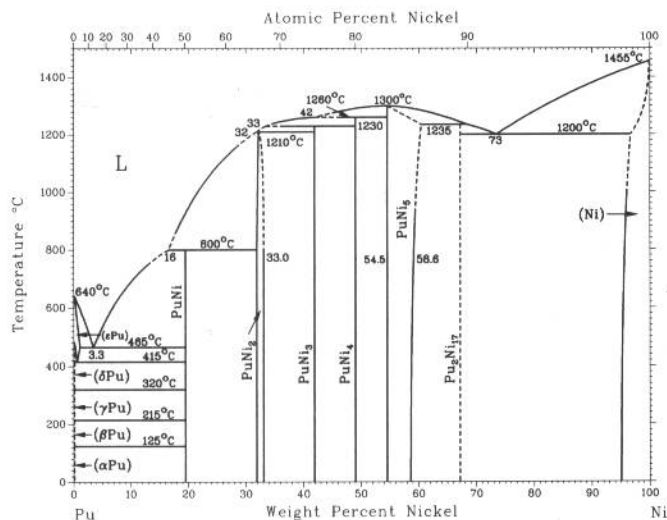


P. Nash and M.F. Singleton, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Pt	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni,Pt)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ni ₃ Pt	~53	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
NiPt	~76.9	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>

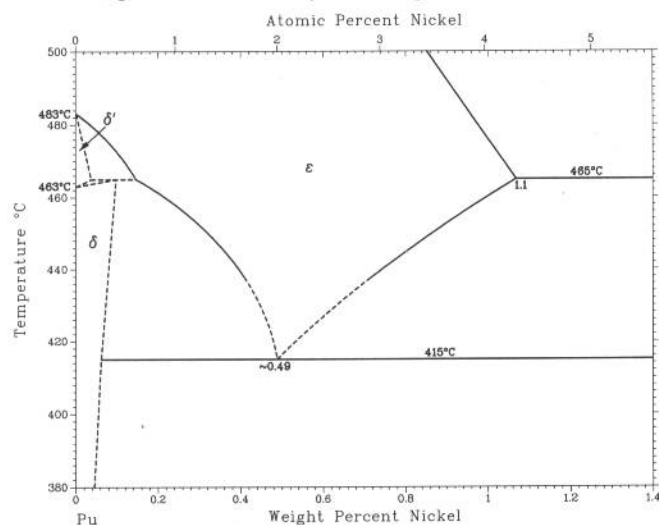
D.E. Peterson, 1991

Ni-Pu



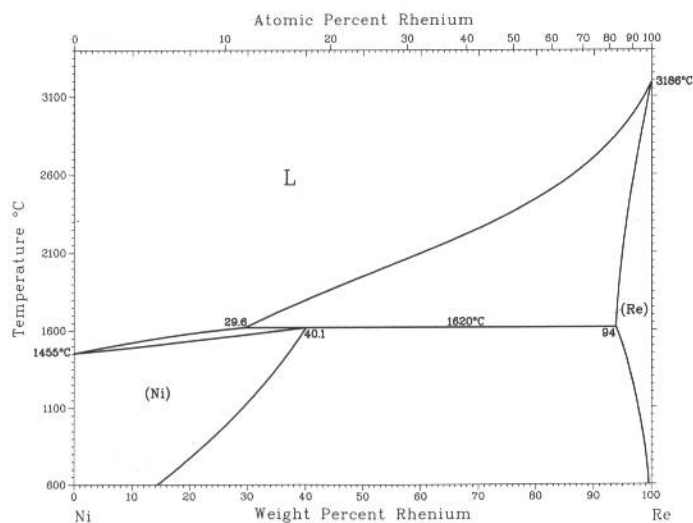
Phase	Composition, wt% Ni	Pearson symbol	Space group
(εPu)	0 to 1.1	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(δ'Pu)	0 to 0.04	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(δPu)	0 to 0.1	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γPu)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
(βPu)	0	<i>mC34</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
(αPu)	0	<i>mP16</i>	<i>P2₁/m</i>
PuNi	19.4	<i>cC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
PuNi ₂	32.5 to 34	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
PuNi ₃	42	<i>hR12</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
PuNi ₄	49	<i>mC30</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
PuNi ₅	54.5 to 60	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Pu ₂ Ni ₁₇	67.2	<i>hP38</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(Ni)	92.9 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

Pu-rich region of the Pu-Ni phase diagram



Ni-Re

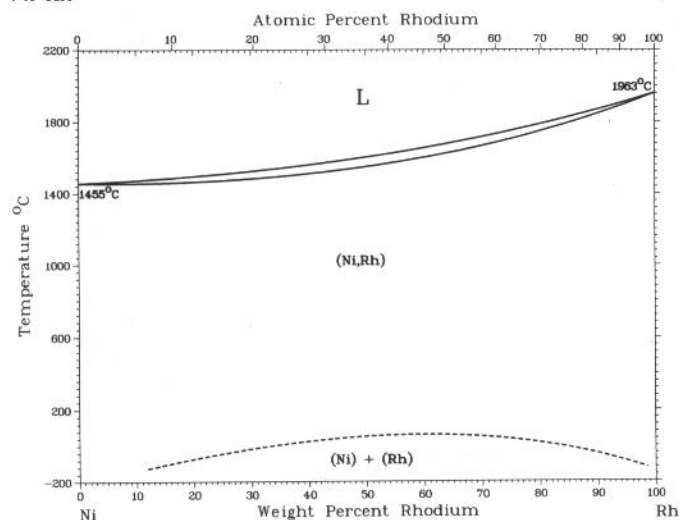
H. Okamoto, 1992



Phase	Composition, wt% Re	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to 40.1	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Re)	94 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

2•316/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

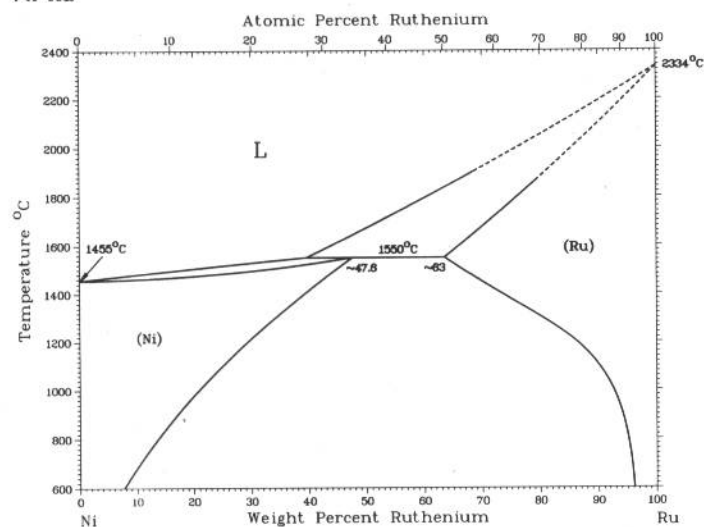
Ni-Rh



A. Nash and P. Nash, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Rh	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni,Rh)	0 to 100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

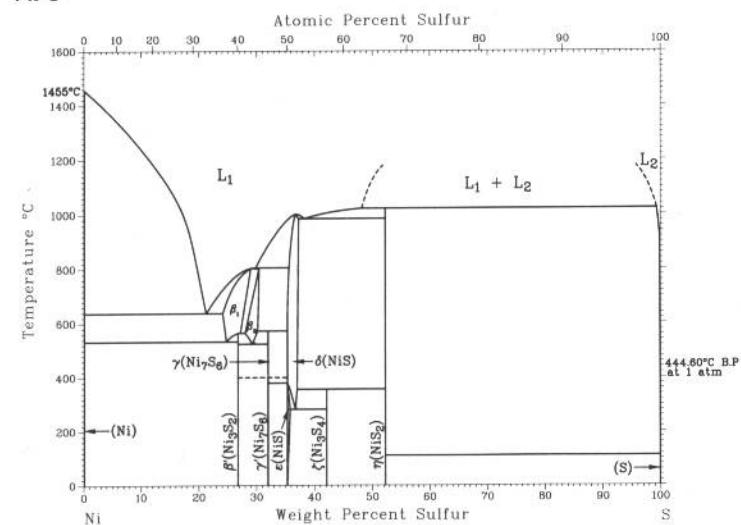
Ni-Ru



P. Nash, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ru	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to ~47.6	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(Ru)	~63 to 100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
Metastable phase	?	I^{**}	...

Ni-S



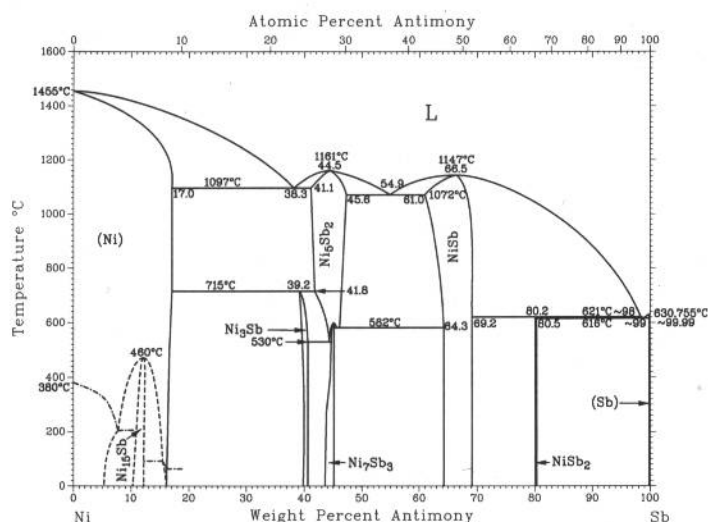
M. Singleton, P. Nash, and K.J. Lee, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
β'(Ni ₃ S ₂)	27	hR5	R32
β ₁ (Ni ₃ S ₂)	24.1 to ~28	(a)	...
β ₂ (Ni ₄ S ₃)	28 to 30	...	...
γ(Ni ₇ S ₆)	31.9	(a)	...
γ'(Ni ₇ S ₆)	31.9	...	...
ε(NiS)	35.3 to 35.8	hR6	$R\bar{3}m$
δ(NiS)	35.1 to 37.7	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
ζ(Ni ₃ S ₄)	42.1	cF56	$Fd\bar{3}m$
η(NiS ₂)	52.3	cP12	Pa3
(S)	100	oF128	$Fddd$

(a) Hexagonal

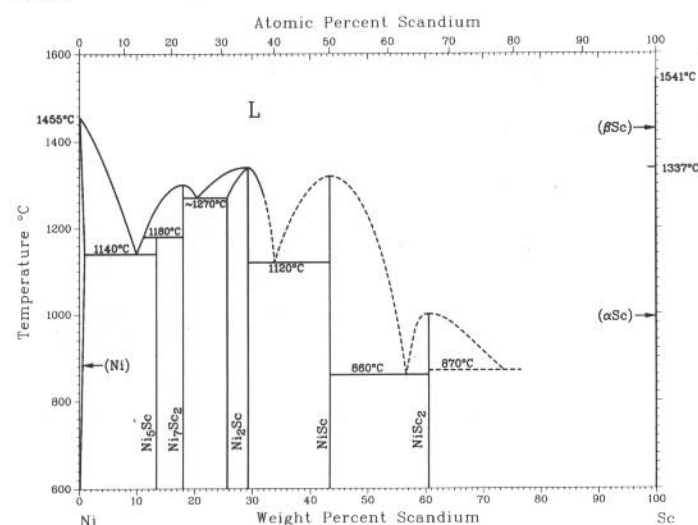
G.H. Cha, S.Y. Lee, and P. Nash, 1991

Ni-Sb



Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to 17.0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Ni ₁₅ Sb	12.2	...	...
Ni ₃ Sb	39.2 to 41	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pmm</i>
Ni ₅ Sb ₂	41.1 to 45.6	<i>mC28</i>	...
Ni ₇ Sb ₃	45	<i>t**</i>	...
NiSb	61.0 to 69.2	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
NiSb ₂	80.2 to 80.5	<i>oP6</i>	<i>Pnnm</i>
(Sb)	~100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

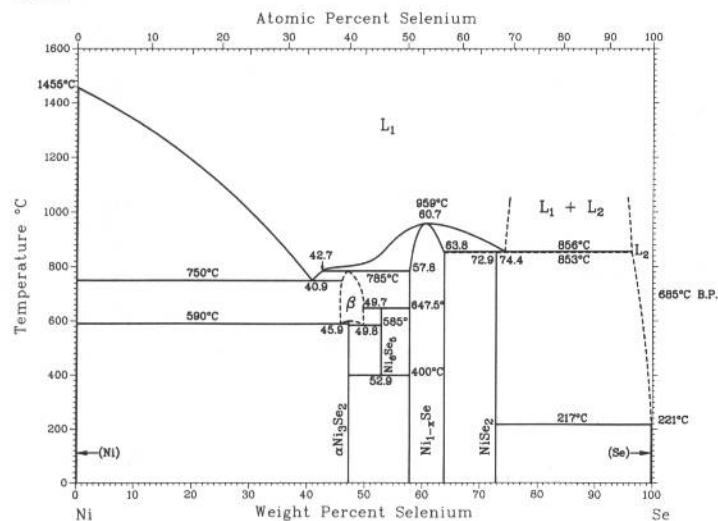
Ni-Sc



P. Nash and Y.Y. Pan, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Sc	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	~0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Ni ₃ Sc(HT)	13.3	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmm</i>
Ni ₃ Sc(LT)	13.3	...	...
Ni ₇ Sc ₂	17.9	<i>hP36</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Ni ₂ Sc	26 to 29	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
NiSc	43.4	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
NiSc ₂	60.5	<i>cF96</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(βSc)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αSc)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Ni-Se

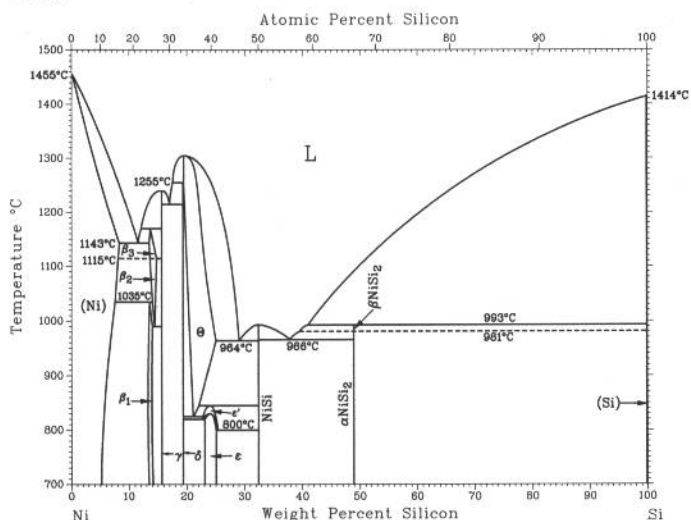


S.Y. Lee and P. Nash, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	~0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
βNi _{3±x} Se ₂	45.9 to 49.8	<i>c**</i>	...
αNi ₃ Se ₂	47	<i>hR5</i>	<i>R32</i>
Ni ₆ Se ₅	52.9	<i>oP88</i>	<i>Pca2₁</i>
Ni _{1-x} Se	57.8 to 63.8	<i>oC48</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
NiSe ₂	72.9	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(γSe)	~100	<i>cP12</i>	<i>Pa3</i>
(Se)	~100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>
Metastable phase			
α'Ni ₃ Se ₂	47	<i>tI*</i>	...

2•318/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

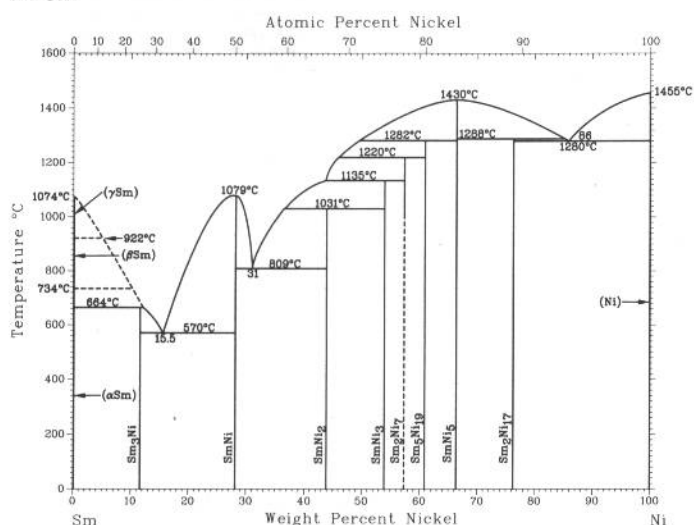
Ni-Si



P. Nash and A. Nash, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to 8.2	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
β_1 (Ni_4Si)	12.4 to 13.4	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
β_3 (Ni_3Si)	~13.4 to 14.1	mC16	...
β_2 (Ni_3Si)	~13.4 to 14.1	mC16	...
γ ($Ni_{31}Si_{12}$)	15.6	hP14	...
θ (Ni_2Si)	19.4 to 25	hP6	...
δ (Ni_2Si)	19.3	oP12	...
ϵ (Ni_3Si_2)	23 to 25	oP80	...
NiSi	32.4	oP8	$Pnma$
$\beta NiSi_2$	48.9	?	...
$\alpha NiSi_2$	48.9	cF12	$Fm\bar{3}m$
(Si)	~100	cF8	$Fd\bar{3}m$

Ni-Sm

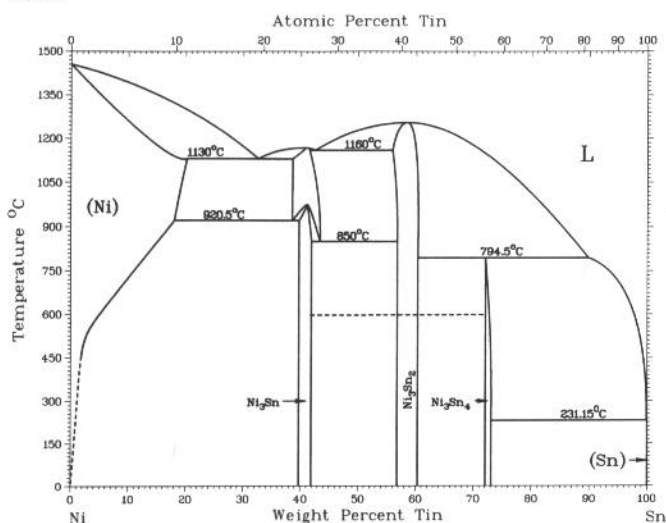


Y.Y. Pan and P. Nash, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ni	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γSm)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(βSm)	0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
(αSm)	0	hR3	$R\bar{3}m$
Sm_3Ni	11.5	oP16	$Pnma$
$SmNi$	28.1	oC8	$Cmcm$
$SmNi_2$	43.9	cF24	$Fd\bar{3}m$
$SmNi_3$	53.9	hR24	$R\bar{3}m$
Sm_2Ni_7	57.8	hP36(a)	$P6_3/mmc$
		hR54(b)	$R\bar{3}m$
Sm_5Ni_{19}	59.8	(c)	$P3m/1$
$SmNi_5$	66.1	hP6	$P6/mmm$
Sm_2Ni_{17}	76.9	hP38	$P6_3/mmm$
(Ni)	100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

(a) High-temperature form. (b) Low-temperature form. (c) Trigonal

Ni-Sn

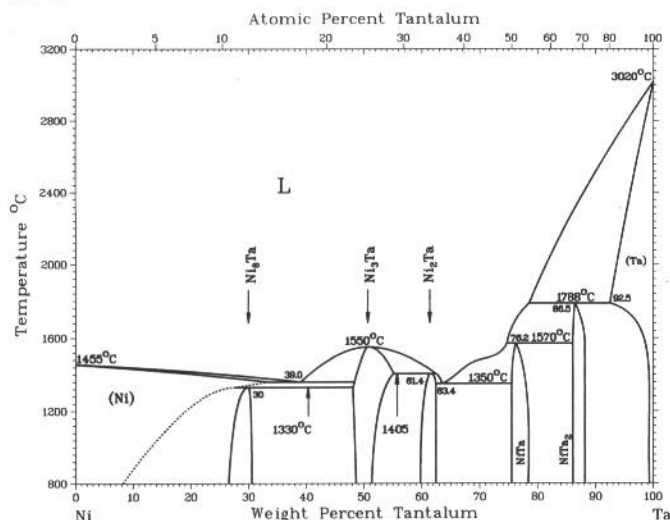


P. Nash and A. Nash, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to 19.3	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Ni_3Sn (HT)	37.9 to 43.0	(a)	...
Ni_3Sn (LT)	39 to 41.7	hP8	$P6_3/mmc$
Ni_3Sn_2 (HT)	54.8 to 57.9	(a)	...
		(b)	...
Ni_3Sn_2 (LT)	55.9 to 59.9	hP4	$P6_3/mmc$
Ni_3Sn_4	71.6 to 73	mC14	$C2/m$
(βSn)	~100	tI4	$I4_1/amd$
Metastable phase			
Ni_3Sn	40	oP8	$Pnmm$

(a) Hexagonal. (b) Orthorhombic

Ni-Ta

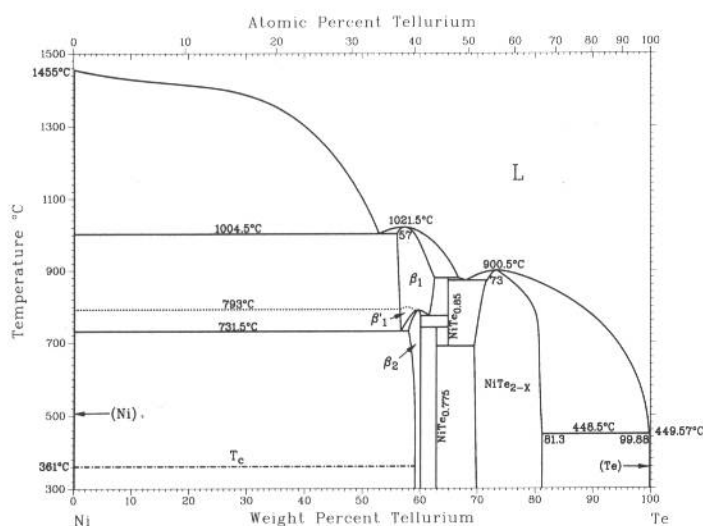


A. Nash and P. Nash, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ta	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to 33	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Ni ₈ Ta	27.8	<i>tI36</i>	...
Ni ₃ Ta(12) <i>S</i>	47.2 to 55.1	<i>mP48</i>	<i>P2</i> ₁ / <i>m</i>
Ni ₂ Ta	59.7 to 62	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
NiTa	75.5 to 78	<i>hR13</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
NiTa ₂	86.1 to 88	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
(Ta)	92.5 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Metastable phases			
ζ	45	...	...
Ni ₃ Ta(2) <i>S</i>	51	<i>mP8</i>	<i>Pmmn</i>
Ni ₃ Ta(3) <i>S</i>	51	<i>tI8</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>

Note: Number in parentheses indicates stacking period; *S* identifies the orthogonal layer type.

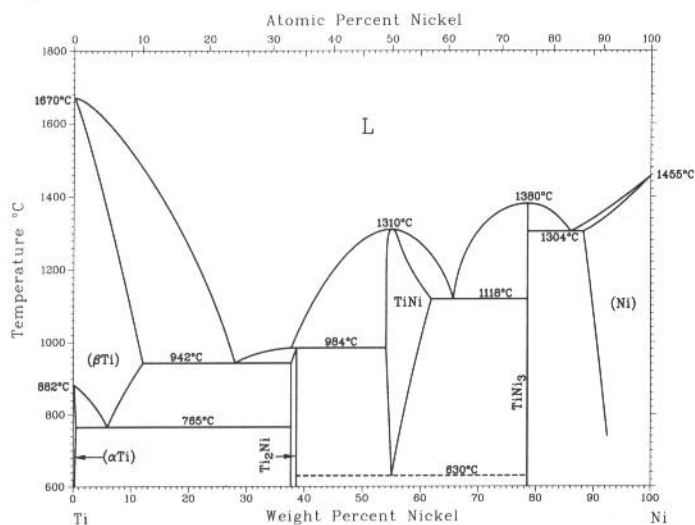
Ni-Te



S.Y. Lee and P. Nash, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	~0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
β ₁	55.9 to 62.4	<i>cF*</i>	...
β ₂	58.0 to 59.7	<i>m**</i>	...
	59.7 to 60.1	<i>o**</i>	...
	60.0 to 60.4	<i>t**</i>	...
β' ₁	56.5 to 58	...	...
NiTe _{0.775}	62.7	<i>o**</i>	...
NiTe _{0.85}	64.8	...	...
NiTe _{2-x}	69.4 to 81.3	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
		<i>hP3</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m1</i>
(Te)	~100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3</i> ₁ <i>21</i>

Ni-Ti

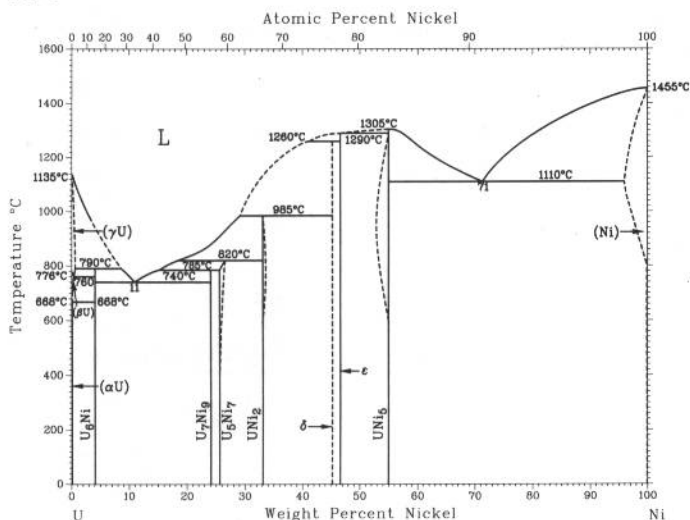


J.L. Murray, 1991

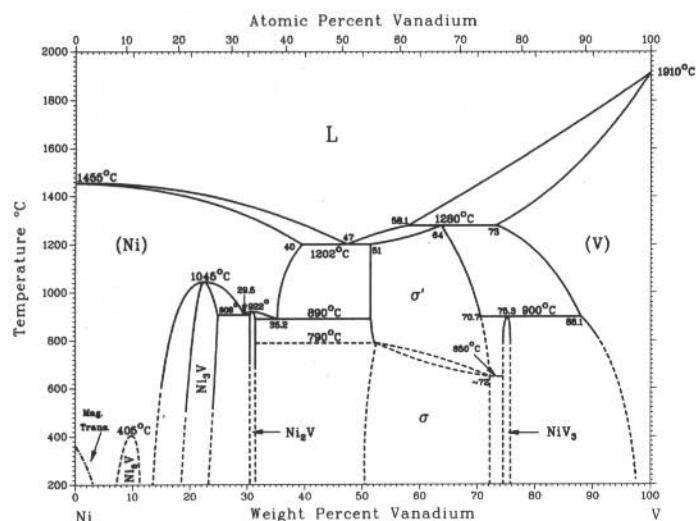
Phase	Composition, wt% Ni	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi)	0 to 12	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αTi)	0 to 0.3	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
ω(a)	~10	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6</i> / <i>mmm</i> or <i>P</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m1</i>
Ti ₂ Ni	38.0	<i>cF96</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
TiNi'(a)	~54 to 58	<i>mP4</i>	<i>P2</i> ₁ / <i>m</i>
TiNi	54.6 to 62	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
γ''TiNi ₃ (a)	~77	<i>hR21</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
TiNi ₃	79	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
γ'TiNi ₃ (a)	~86 to 90	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(Ni)	88.4 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

(a) Metastable

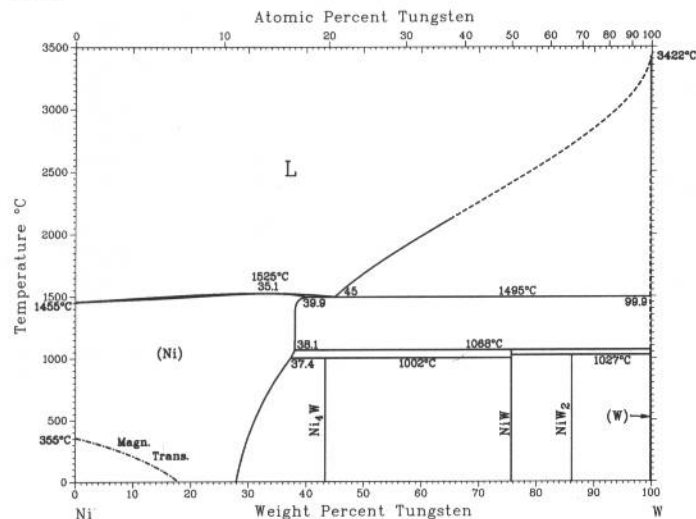
Ni-U



Ni-V



Ni-W



D.E. Peterson, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Ni	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γ U)	0 to 0.5	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β U)	0 to 0.2	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>
(α U)	0	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
U ₆ Ni	4.0	<i>tI28</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
U ₇ Ni ₉	24.0	...	...
U ₅ Ni ₇	25.6 to 26.6	...	...
UNi ₂	33.1 to 33.4	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
δ	45.2	...	...
ϵ	46.6	...	...
η (a)	52.9	...	...
UNi ₅	53.8 to 55.2	<i>cF24</i>	<i>F$\bar{4}3m$</i>
(Ni)	93.1 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

(a) Existence tentative

(a) Existence tentative

J.F. Smith, O.N. Carlson, and P. Nash, 1991

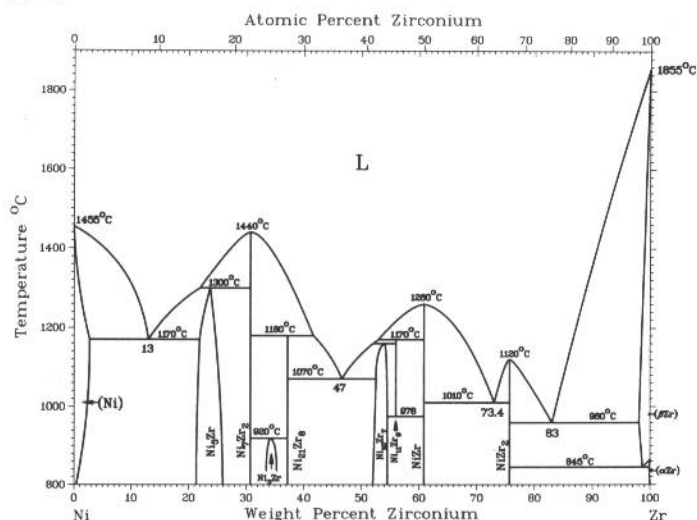
Phase	Composition, wt% V	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to 40	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ni ₈ V	~9.8	<i>tI18</i>	...
Ni ₃ V	~19 to 23.0	<i>tI8</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Ni ₂ V	~30.2	<i>oI6</i>	...
σ'	51 to ~72	...	...
σ	54.0 to ~72	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mmn</i>
NiV ₃	74.9 to 76.0	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}n$</i>
(V)	73 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>

H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% W	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to 39.9	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ni ₄ W	~44	<i>tI10</i>	<i>I4/m</i>
NiW	~75.8	<i>o**</i>	...
NiW ₂	86.3	<i>tI96</i>	<i>I4</i>
(W)	99.9 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>

2•322/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Ni-Zr

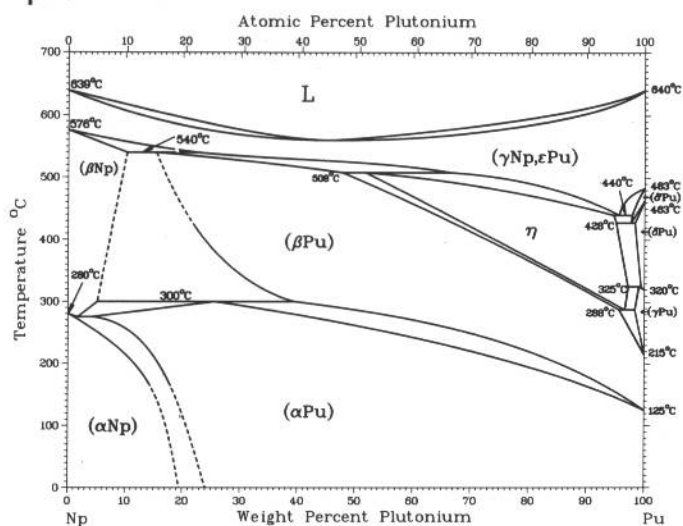


P. Nash and C.S. Jayanth, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Zr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ni)	0 to 2.74	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Ni ₅ Zr	21.32 to 25.95	<i>cF24</i>	<i>F</i> $\bar{4}$ 3 <i>m</i>
Ni ₇ Zr ₂	30.75	<i>mC36</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
Ni ₃ Zr	33.5 to 35.3	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Ni ₂₁ Zr ₈	37.2	(a)	...
Ni ₁₀ Zr ₇	52.0 to 54.52	<i>oC68</i>	<i>C2ca</i> (b)
			<i>Pbca</i> (c)
Ni ₁₁ Zr ₉	56.0	<i>tI40</i>	<i>I4/m</i>
NiZr	60.9	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
NiZr ₂	75.7	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
(βZr)	98.10 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αZr)	99.9 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

(a) Triclinic. (b) Stoichiometric. (c) Zr-rich

Np-Pu

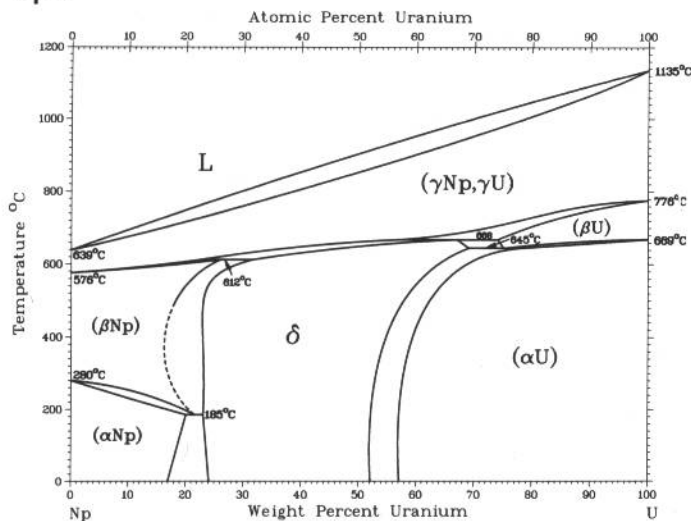


R.I. Sheldon and D.E. Peterson, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt% Pu	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γNp, εPu)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(βNp)	0 to 10.3	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ <i>1</i> <i>2</i>
(αNp)	0 to 19.5	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
η	52 to 97.1	(a)	...
(δ'Pu)	97.7 to 100	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(δPu)	98.3 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(γPu)	98.3 to 100	<i>oF8</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
(βPu)	15.4 to 100	<i>mC34</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
(αPu)	4.1 to 100	<i>mP16</i>	<i>P2</i> ₁ / <i>m</i>

(a) Orthorhombic (tentative)

Np-U



R.I. Sheldon and D.E. Peterson, 1985

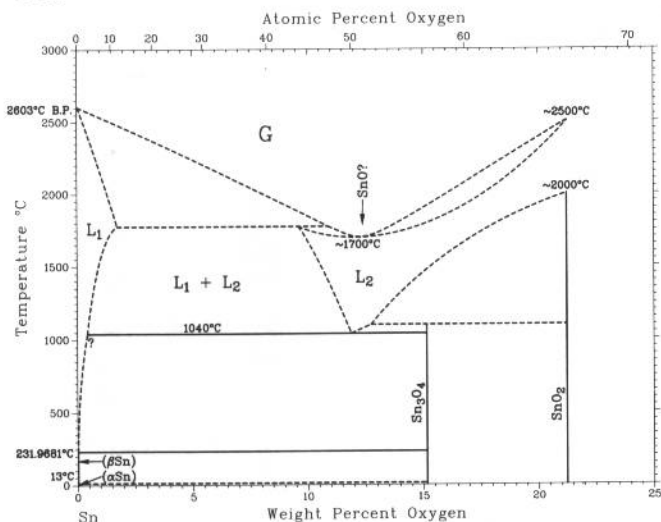
Phase	Composition, wt% U	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γNp, γU)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(βNp)	0 to 26	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ <i>1</i> <i>2</i>
(αNp)	0 to 20	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
δ	23 to 69	<i>cP58</i> (a)	...
(βU)	74 to 100	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ / <i>mmm</i>
(αU)	57 to 100	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>

(a) Tentative

(a) The lower limit at 1100 °C might be 58.8 at.% O. (b) Possibly unconnected ranges of the same phase.
(c) At 0.1 MPa O₂ pressure

2•324/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

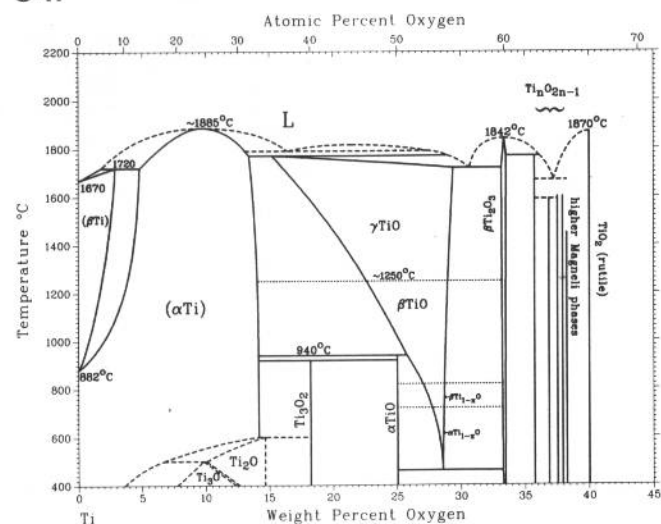
O-Sn



From [Hansen]

Phase	Composition, wt% O	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βSn)	0	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(αSn)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
SnO(?)	11.9	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4/nmm</i>
Sn ₃ O ₄	15.2	<i>a**</i>	...
SnO ₂	21.3	<i>tP6</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>

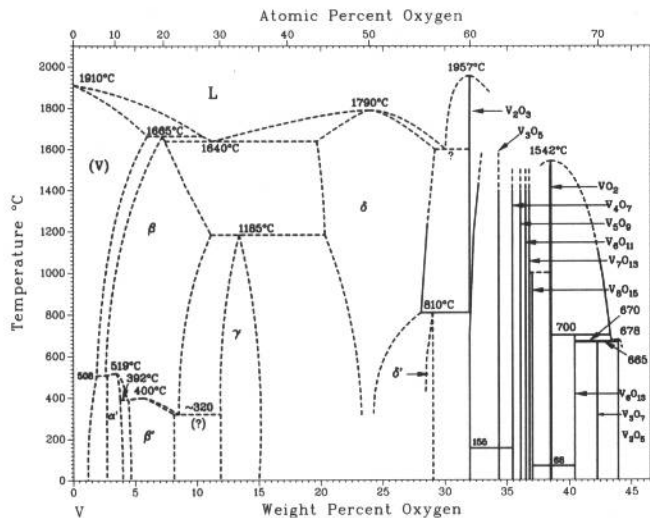
O-Ti



J.L. Murray and H.A. Wriedt, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% O	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi)	0 to 3	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αTi)	0 to 13.5	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Ti ₃ O	~8 to ~13	<i>hP~16</i>	<i>P31c</i>
Ti ₂ O	~10 to 14.4	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3m1</i>
γTiO	15.2 to 29.4	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
Ti ₃ O ₂	~18	<i>hP~5</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
βTiO	~24 to ~29.4	<i>c**</i>	...
αTiO	~25.0	<i>mC16</i>	<i>A2/m or B*/*</i>
βTi _{1-x} O	~29.5	<i>oI12</i>	<i>I222</i>
αTi _{1-x} O	~29.5	<i>tI18</i>	<i>I4/m</i>
βTi ₂ O ₃	33.2 to 33.6	<i>hR30</i>	<i>R3c</i>
αTi ₂ O ₃	33.2 to 33.6	<i>hR30</i>	<i>R3c</i>
βTi ₃ O ₅	35.8	<i>m**</i>	...
αTi ₃ O ₅	35.8	<i>mC32</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
α'Ti ₃ O ₅	35.8	<i>mC32</i>	<i>Cc</i>
γTi ₄ O ₇	36.9	<i>aP44</i>	<i>P1</i>
βTi ₄ O ₇	36.9	<i>aP44</i>	<i>P1</i>
αTi ₄ O ₇	36.9	<i>aP44</i>	<i>P1</i>
γTi ₅ O ₉	37.6	<i>aP28</i>	<i>P1</i>
βTi ₆ O ₁₁	38.0	<i>aC68</i>	<i>A1</i>
Ti ₇ O ₁₃	38.3	<i>aP40</i>	<i>P1</i>
Ti ₈ O ₁₅	38.5	<i>aC92</i>	<i>A1</i>
Ti ₉ O ₁₇	38.7	<i>aP52</i>	<i>P1</i>
Rutile	40.1	<i>tP6</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>
Metastable phases			
Anatase	...	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
Brookite	...	<i>oP24</i>	<i>Pbca</i>
High-pressure phases			
TiO ₂ -II	...	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pbcn</i>
TiO ₂ -III	...	<i>hP~48</i>	...

O-V

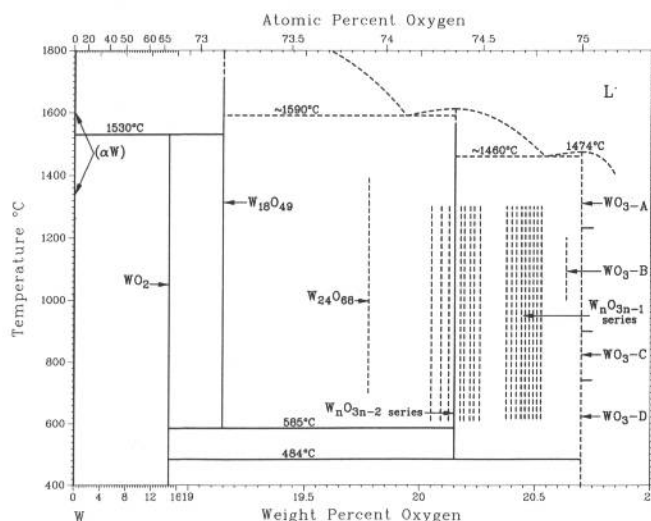


Phase	Composition, wt % O	Pearson symbol	Space group
(V)	0 to 6	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
α'	2.7 to 4.0	<i>tI216(a)</i>	...
β	2.6 to 11.1	<i>tI2.5(b)</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
β'	4 to 8	<i>tI76(c)</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
γ	12 to 15	<i>mC20(d)</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
δ	19 to 29.4	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
δ'	27 to 28.6	<i>tI116</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
h-V ₂ O ₃ (e)	32.0 to 32.5	<i>hR10</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}c$
l-V ₂ O ₃ (f)	32	<i>mI20</i>	<i>I2a</i>
h-V ₃ O ₅ (e)	~34.4	<i>mI32</i>	<i>I2/c</i>
l-V ₃ O ₅ (f)	34.4 to 34.38	<i>mP32</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
V ₄ O ₇	35.4	<i>aP22</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{1}$
V ₅ O ₉	36.1	<i>aP28</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{1}$
V ₆ O ₁₁	36.5	<i>aP34</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{1}$
V ₇ O ₁₃	36.8	<i>aP40</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{1}$
V ₈ O ₁₅	37.0	<i>aP46</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{1}$
βVO ₂ (e)	38.5 to 38.8	<i>tP6</i>	<i>P4₂/mmn</i>
αVO ₂ (f)	38.6	<i>mP12</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
h-V ₆ O ₁₃ (e)	~40.5	<i>mC38</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
l-V ₆ O ₁₃ (f)	~40.5	<i>mP38</i>	<i>P2₁/a</i>
V ₃ O ₇	~42	<i>mC120</i>	<i>C2/c</i>
V ₂ O ₅	~43.9	<i>oP14</i>	<i>Pmmn</i>
Other phases			
Martensite-A	2.2 to 2.9	<i>tI*(g)</i>	...
Martensite-B	2.0 to 2.2	<i>tI*(g)</i>	...
ε	8 to 11	<i>mP*</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
VO _{1.17}	~27	...	<i>I4₁/a</i>
V ₉ O ₁₇	~37.3	<i>aP52</i>	<i>P1</i>
VO ₂ -B	~38.6	<i>tI288(?)</i>	...
VO ₂ -M ₂	~38.6	<i>mC24</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
VO ₂ -T ₂	~38.6	<i>tP6</i>	<i>P4₂/mmn</i>
VO ₂ -M ₃	38.7 to 39.2	<i>mP6</i>	<i>P2/m</i>
VO ₂ -M ₄ (h)	~38.6	<i>mC24</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
VO ₂ -D	~38.6	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pbnm</i>
V ₆ O ₁₃ -C	~40.5	<i>cP76(?)</i>	...
V ₆ O ₁₃ -D	~40.5	<i>mC38</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
V ₄ O ₉	~41.4	<i>oP52</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
V ₄ O ₉ -E	~41.1	<i>oP104(?)</i>	...
V ₂ O ₅	~44.1	...	...

(a) At V₈O₁₅. (b) At V₄O₉. (c) At V₁₆O₂₃. (d) At V₇O₁₃. (e) Above T_{tr}. (f) Below transformation temperature, T_{tr}. (g) 2 atoms V/unit cell. (h) Also called VO₂(B)

H.A. Wriedt, 1989

O-W (condensed system, 0.1 MPa)

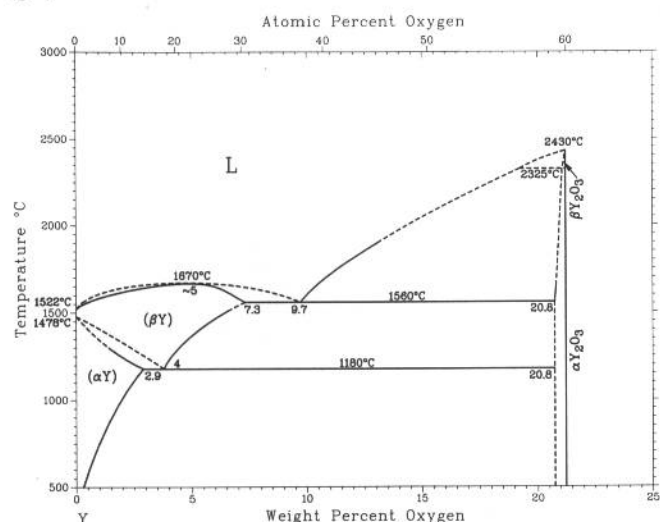


Phase	Composition, wt % O	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αW)	~0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
WO ₂	~14.8	<i>mP12</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
W ₁₈ O ₄₉	~19.1	<i>mP67</i>	<i>P2/m</i>
W ₂₄ O ₆₈	~19.8	<i>m*92</i>	...
W ₂₀ O ₅₈ (a)	20.2	<i>mP78</i>	<i>P2/m</i>
W ₂₄ O ₇₀ (a)	20.3	<i>mP94</i>	...
W ₂₅ O ₇₃ (a)(b)	20.3	<i>mP98</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
W ₂₅ O ₇₄ (c)	20.4	<i>mP99</i>	<i>P2/m</i>
WO ₃ -M	~20.7	...	...
WO ₃ -J	~20.7	...	...
WO ₃ -K	~20.7	...	...
WO ₃ -H	~20.7	...	...
WO ₃ -G	~20.7	<i>mP16</i>	<i>Pc</i>
WO ₃ -F	~20.7	<i>aP32</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{1}$
WO ₃ -E(d)	~20.7	<i>mP32</i>	<i>P2₁/n</i>
WO ₃ -D(d)	~20.7	<i>oP32</i>	<i>Pmnb</i>
WO ₃ -C(d)	~20.7	<i>tP8</i>	<i>P4/nmn</i>
WO ₃ -B	~20.7	<i>tP8</i>	<i>P4/nmm</i>
WO ₃ -A	~20.7	<i>tP8(?)</i>	<i>P4/nmm(?)</i>
Other			
(βW)	0 to ?	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}n$
W ₄₀ O ₁₁₈ (a)	20.4	<i>mP158</i>	<i>P2</i>
WO ₃ (e)	20.7	<i>hP24</i>	<i>P6/mmm(?)</i>
WO ₃ (f)	20.7	<i>c*4</i>	...

(a) Member W_nO_{3n-2} series. (b) Identified as WO_{2.96}(α). (c) Probable member W_nO_{3n-1} series, called WO_{2.96}(β). (d) Often described as a slightly distorted ReO₃ (D0₉). (e) Hexagonal. (f) Cubic

2•326/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

O-Y

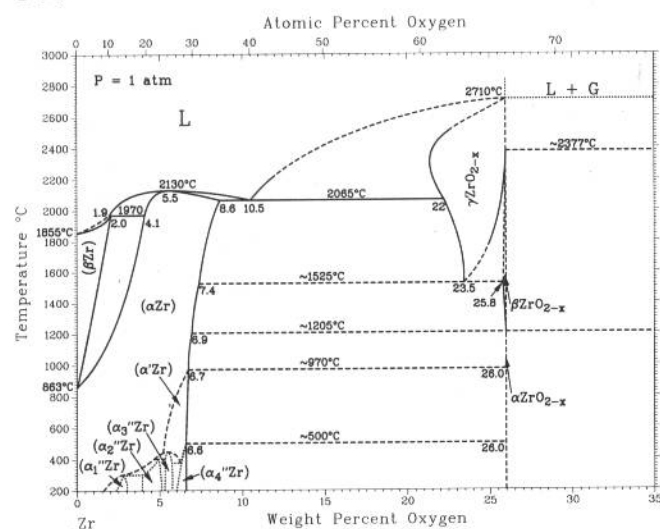


O.N. Carlson, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% O	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βY)	0 to 7.3	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αY)	0 to 2.9	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
αY_2O_{3-x}	20.8 to 21	cI80	$Ia\bar{3}$
βY_2O_{3-x}	~21	hP(?)	$P\bar{3}m1$
$\gamma Y_2O_3(a)$	~21	mC(?)	$C2/m$

(a) High-pressure phase

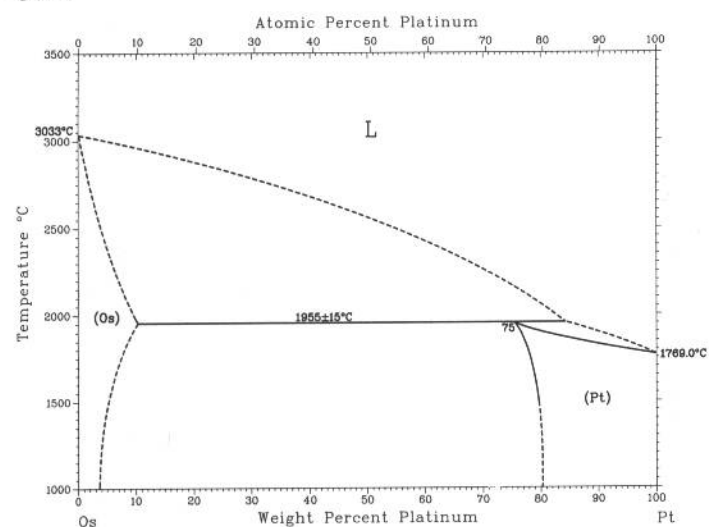
O-Zr



J.P. Abriata, R. Versaci, and J. Garcés, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% O	Pearson symbol	Space group
(αZr)	0 to 8.6	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
(βZr)	0 to 2.0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
γZrO_{2-x}	22 to 25.9	cF12	$Fm\bar{3}m$
βZrO_{2-x}	25.8 to 25.9	tP6	$P4_2/nmc$
αZrO_{2-x}	25.9	mP12	$P2_1/c$

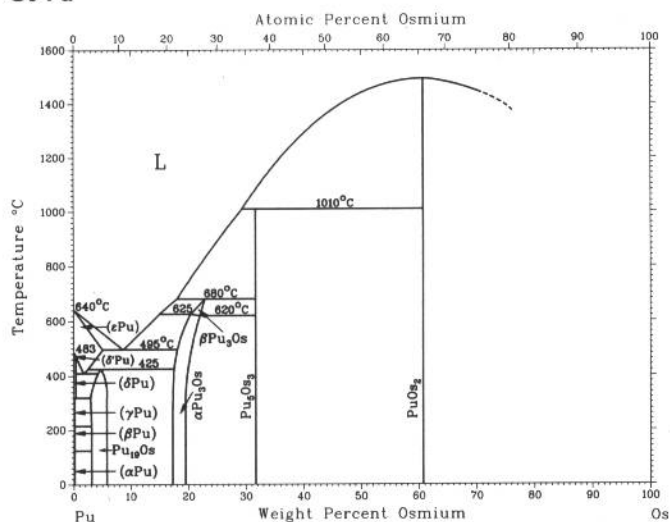
Os-Pt



H. Okamoto, 1990

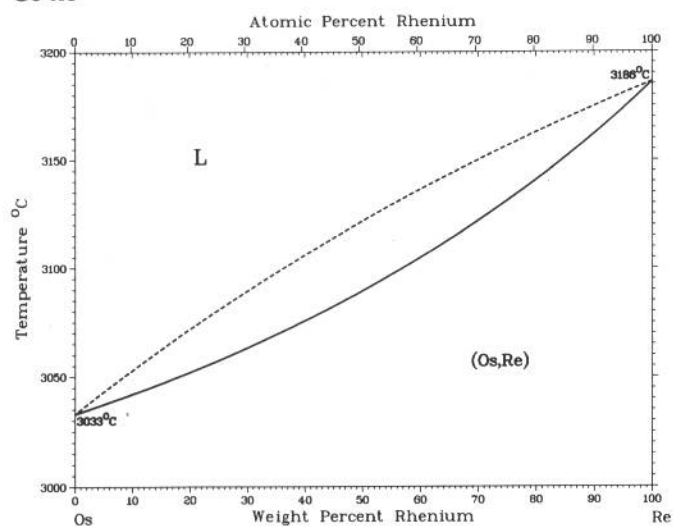
Phase	Composition, wt% Pt	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Os)	0 to ~11	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
(Pt)	75 to 100	cF2	$Fm\bar{3}m$

Os-Pu



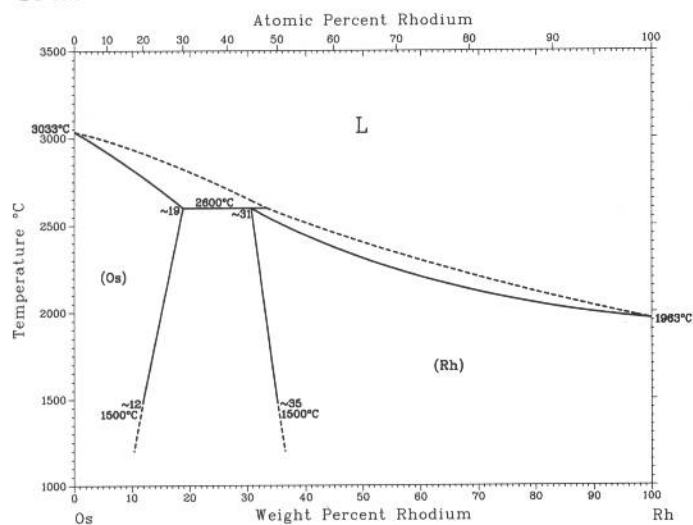
Phase	Composition, wt% Os	Pearson symbol	Space group
(εPu)	0 to ~5	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(δ'Pu)	0 to ~0.4	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(δPu)	0 to ~0.4	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γPu)	~0	<i>oF8</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
(βPu)	~0	<i>mC34</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
(αPu)	~0	<i>mP16</i>	<i>P2₁/m</i>
βPu ₁₉ Os	3 to >6	<i>oP52</i>	<i>Pnna</i>
αPu ₁₉ Os	3 to >6	<i>oC40</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
βPu ₃ Os	~21 to <22	...	...
αPu ₃ Os	~17 to >22	...	...
Pu ₅ Os ₃	~31.9	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
PuOs ₂	61.0	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Other reported phase			
PuOs ₂	61.0	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>

Os-Re



M.A. Tylkina, V.P. Polyakova, and E.M. Savitskii, 1962			
Phase	Composition, wt% Re	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Os,Re)	0 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

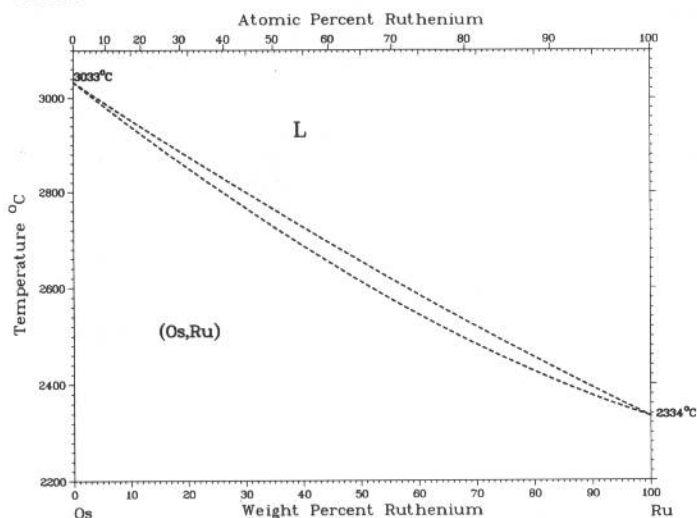
Os-Rh



H. Okamoto, 1990			
Phase	Composition, wt% Rh	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Os)	0 to ~19	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(Rh)	~31 to 100	<i>cF2</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}$m</i>

2•328/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

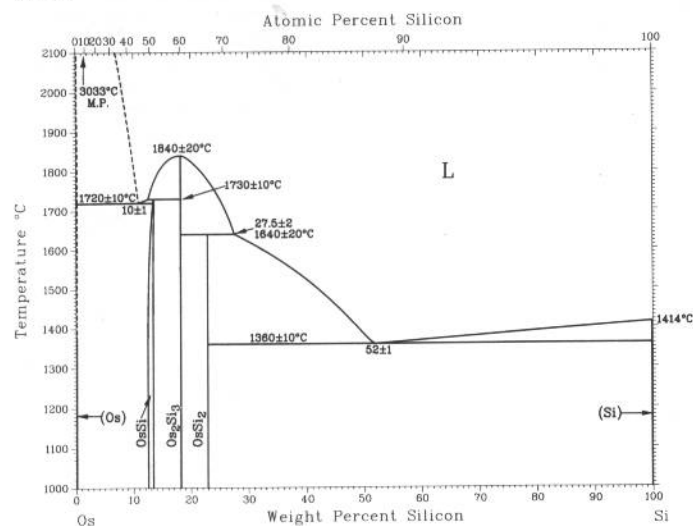
Os-Ru



M.A. Tylkina, V.P. Polyakova, and E.M. Savitskii, 1962

Phase	Composition, wt% Ru	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Os,Ru)	0 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

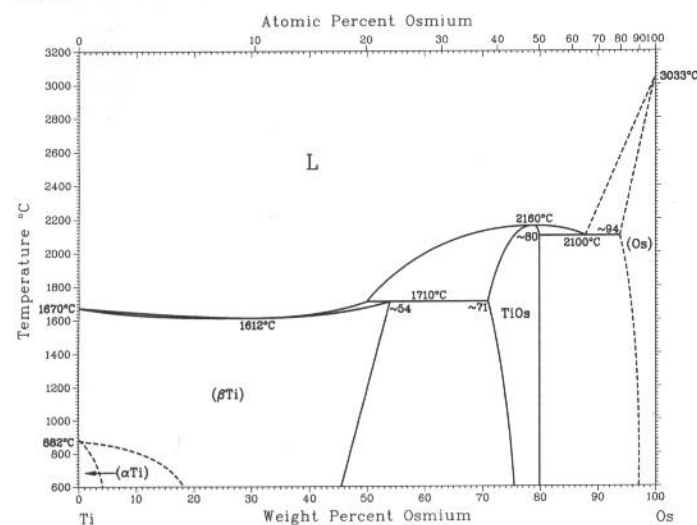
Os-Si



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Os)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
OsSi	12.9	<i>cP8</i>	<i>P2₁3</i>
Os ₂ Si ₃	18	<i>oP40</i>	<i>Pbcn</i>
OsSi ₂	22.8	<i>oC48</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
(Si)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
Metastable phase			
OsSi ₂ -m	22.8	<i>mC12</i>	<i>C2/m</i>

Os-Ti

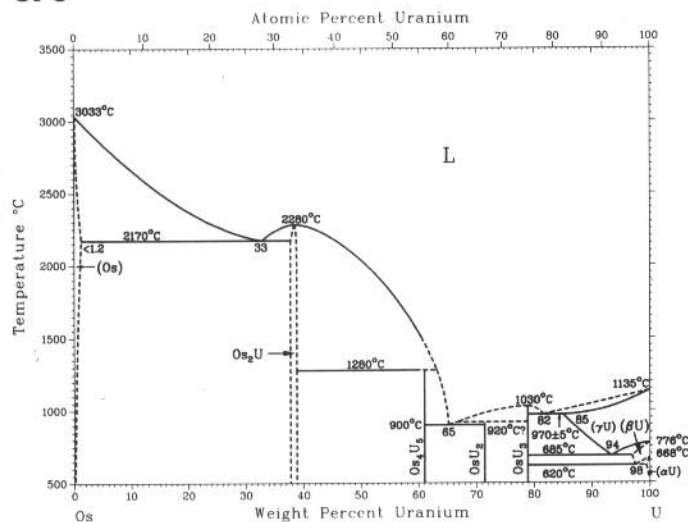


J.L. Murray, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Os	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi)	0 to 54	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αTi)	0 to 4	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
TiOs	~71 to ~80	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
(Os)	~94 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

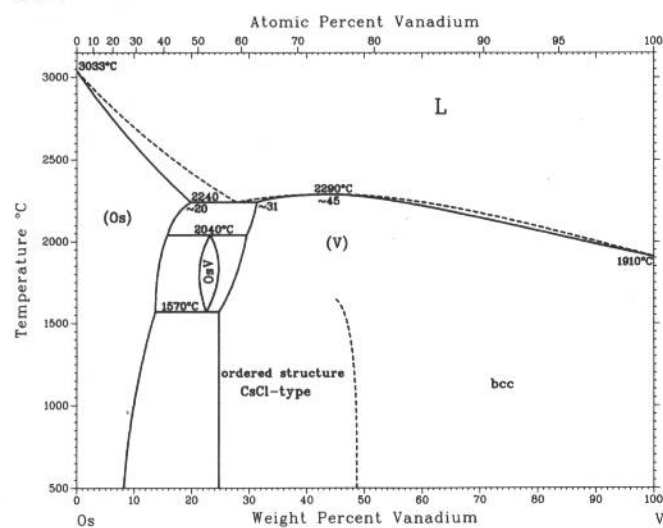
From [Shunk]

Os-U



Phase	Composition, wt% U	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Os)	0 to <1.2	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Os ₂ U	~37.6 to 39	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
Os ₄ U ₅	~61.0	...	...
OsU ₂	~71.5	<i>m*12</i>	...
OsU ₃	79	...	...
(γU)	85 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(βU)	>97 to 100	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>
(αU)	>99 to 100	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>

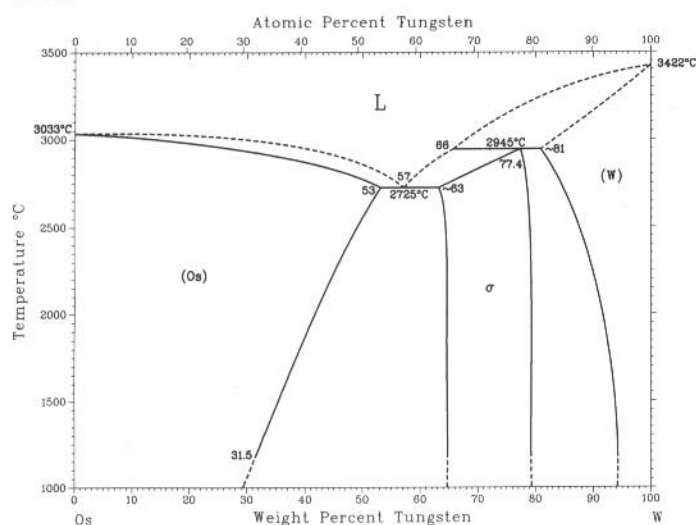
Os-V



J.F. Smith, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% V	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Os)	0 to ~20	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
OsV	~21.1 to 25	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm3n</i>
(V)	25 to ?	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
	? to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

Os-W

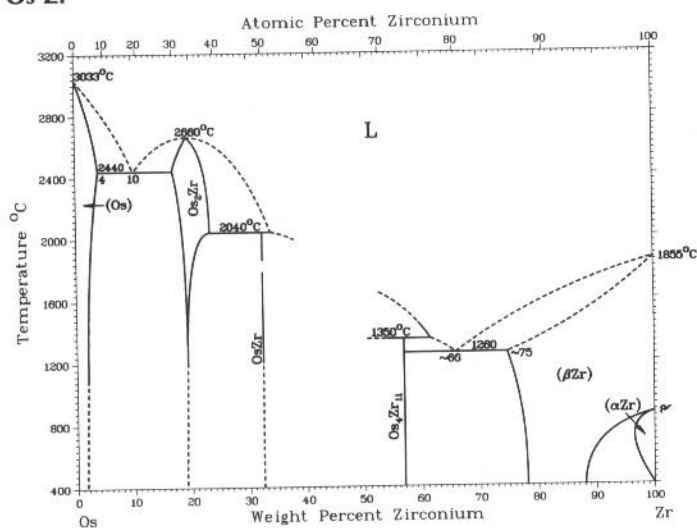


S.V. Nagender Naidu and P. Rama Rao, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% W	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Os)	0 to 53	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
σ	~63 to ~80	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>
(W)	~81 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>

2•330/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

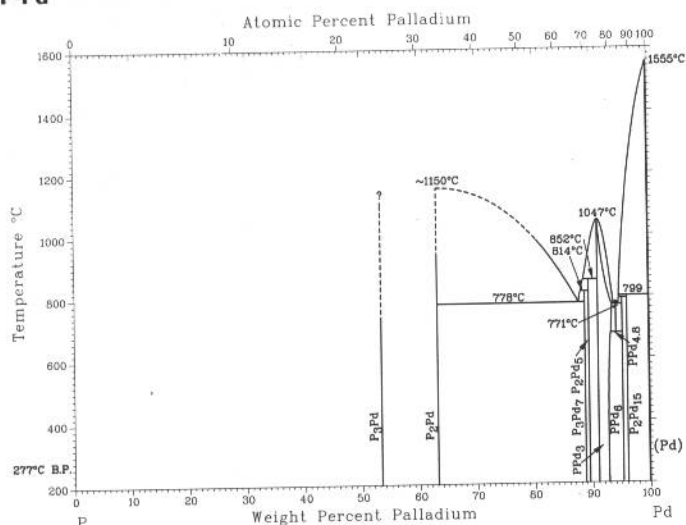
Os-Zr



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Zr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Os)	0 to 4	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Os ₂ Zr	~17 to <24	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
OsZr	32.4	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}$m</i>
Os ₄ Zr ₁₁	~56.8	<i>cF120</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}$m</i>
(βZr)	~75 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}$m</i>
(αZr)	98 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

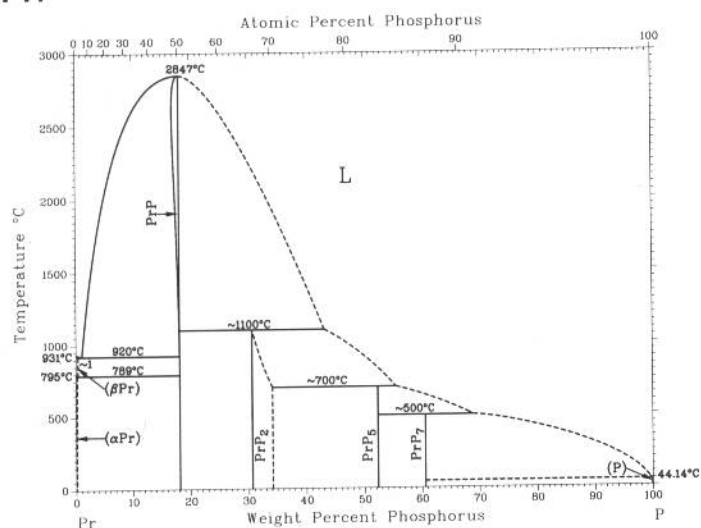
P-Pd



H. Okamoto, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
P (white)	0	<i>c**</i>	...
P ₃ Pd	53	<i>cI32</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}$</i>
P ₂ Pd	63.2	<i>mC12</i>	<i>C2/c</i>
P ₃ Pd ₇	88.9	<i>hR20</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}$</i>
P ₂ Pd ₅	89.6	...	...
PPd ₃	91 to 93.5	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
PPd _{4.8}	94.3	<i>mP24</i>	<i>P2₁</i>
PPd ₆	95.4	<i>mP28</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
P ₂ Pd ₁₅	96.3	<i>hR17</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}$</i>
(Pd)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}$m</i>

P-Pr

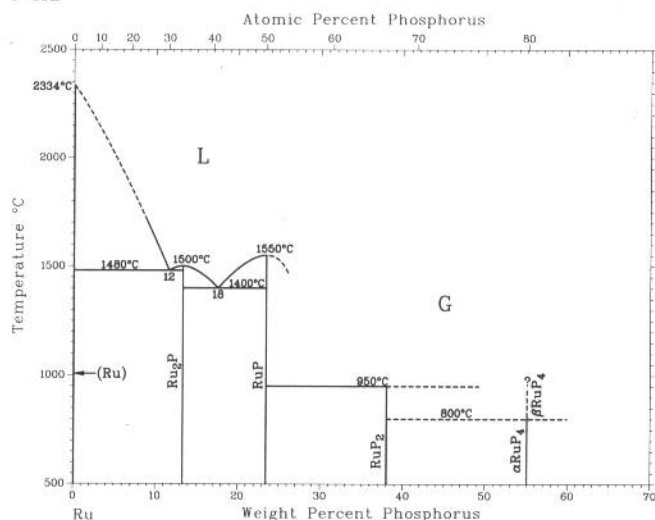


From [Moffatt]

Phase	Composition, wt% P	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βPr)	0 to 0.2	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}$m</i>
(αPr)	0 to ~0.07	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
PrP	~17 to 18.0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}$m</i>
PrP ₂	30.6 to ?	<i>mP12</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
PrP ₅	52.3	<i>mP12</i>	<i>P2₁/m</i>
PrP ₇	60.6	...	...
(αP)	100	<i>c**</i>	...

P-Ru

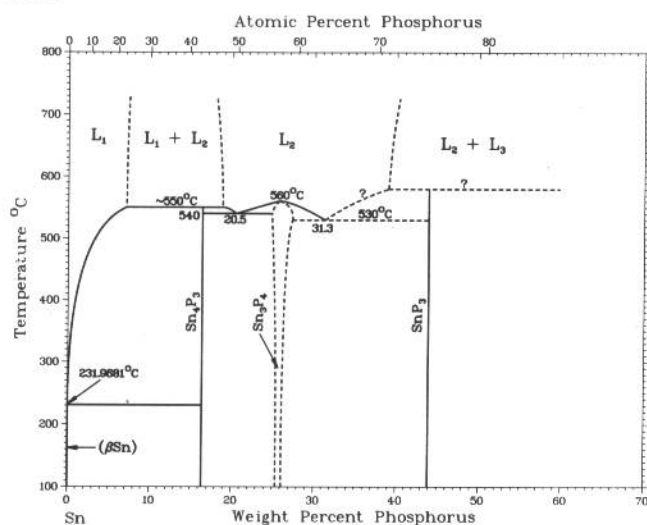
H. Okamoto, 1990



Phase	Composition, wt% P	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ru)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Ru ₂ P	13.3	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
RuP	23.5	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
RuP ₂	38.0	<i>oP6</i>	<i>Pnnm</i>
βRuP ₄	55	<i>aP15</i>	<i>P1</i>
αRuP ₄	55	<i>mP10</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>

P-Sn

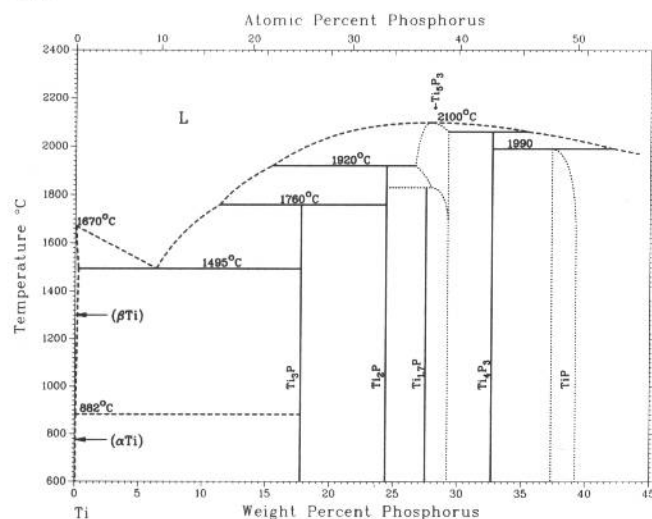
A.C. Vivian, 1920



Phase	Composition, wt% P	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βSn)	0	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(αSn)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
Sn ₄ P ₃	16.4	<i>hR7</i>	<i>R3m</i>
Sn ₃ P ₄	~25.8	<i>hR7</i>	<i>R3m</i>
SnP ₃	44	<i>hR8</i>	<i>R3m</i>
Metastable/high-pressure phases			
SnP	20.7	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
	20.7	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P321</i>
	20.7	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4mm</i>
Sn ₇ P ₁₀	27.1	<i>h**</i>	...

P-Ti

J.L. Murray, 1987

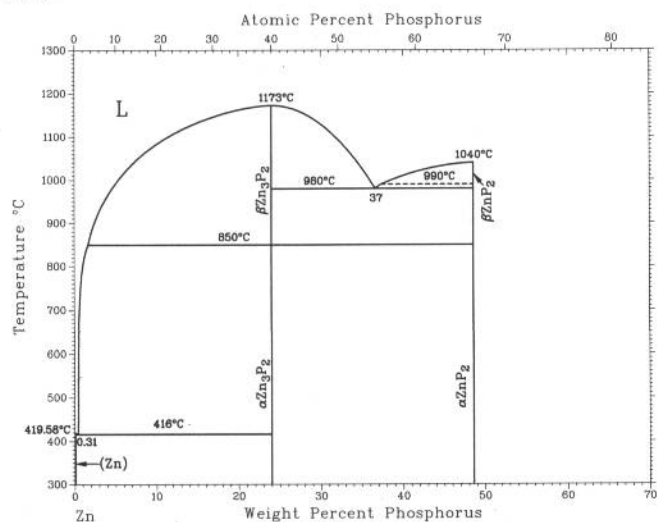


Phase	Composition, wt% P	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi)	0 to 0.2	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αTi)	0 to ?	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Ti ₃ P	18	<i>tP32</i>	<i>P4₂/n</i>
Ti ₂ P	24.4	<i>h**</i>	...
	(a)	...	...
Ti ₅ P ₃	~27 to ~29	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
Ti ₁₇ P	27.5	<i>oP*</i>	<i>P2₁2₁2₁</i>
Ti ₄ P ₃	32.7	<i>c**</i>	...
Ti ₃ P ₂ (b)	28	<i>t**</i>	...
TiP	37 to 39.3	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
TiP ₂	56.4	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>

(a) Trigonal. (b) Not shown in diagram

2•332/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

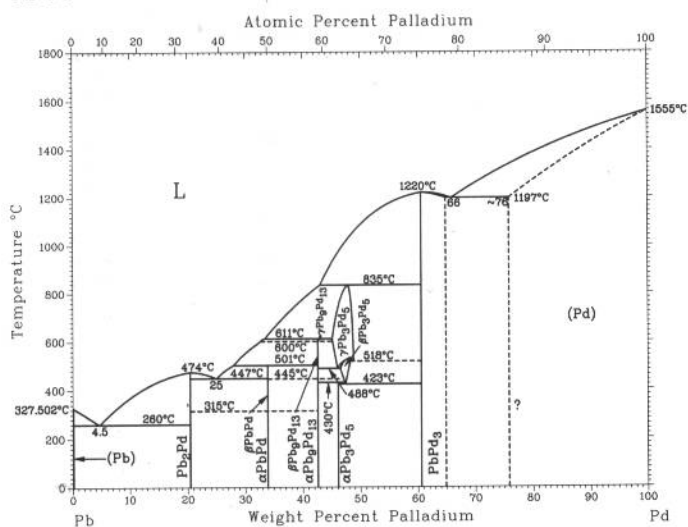
P-Zn



J. Dutkiewicz, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt % P	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Zn)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
$\beta\text{Zn}_3\text{P}_2$	24	<i>c**</i>	...
$\alpha\text{Zn}_3\text{P}_2$	24	<i>tP40</i>	<i>P4₂/nmc</i>
βZnP_2	48.7	<i>mP24</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
αZnP_2	48.7	<i>tP24</i>	<i>P4₁2₁2</i>

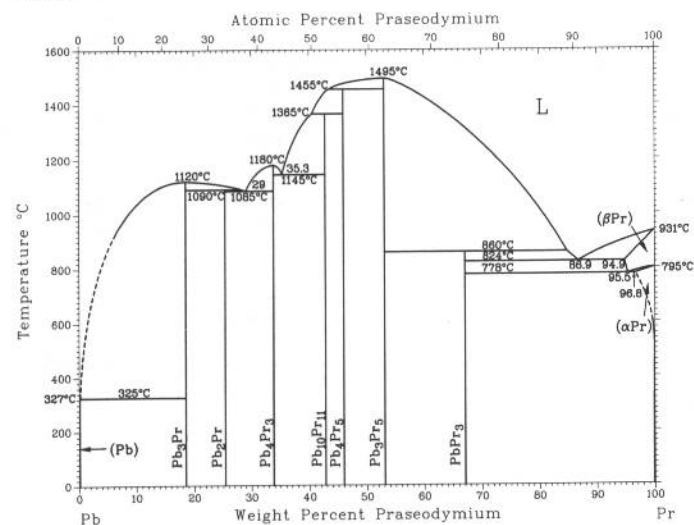
Pb-Pd



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt % Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pb)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}$m</i>
Pb_2Pd	20.4	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
PbPd	33.9	<i>aP32</i>	<i>P$\bar{1}$</i>
$\gamma\text{Pb}_9\text{Pd}_{13}$	42.6	...	...
$\beta\text{Pb}_9\text{Pd}_{13}$	42.6	<i>hP5</i>	...
$\alpha\text{Pb}_9\text{Pd}_{13}$	42.6	<i>mC88</i>	<i>C2/c</i>
$\gamma\text{Pb}_3\text{Pd}_5$	45 to 48	...	...
$\beta\text{Pb}_3\text{Pd}_5$	46 to 47	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
$\alpha\text{Pb}_3\text{Pd}_5$	46.1	<i>mC32</i>	<i>C2</i>
PbPd_3	61 to 66	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}$m</i>
(Pd)	~76 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}$m</i>

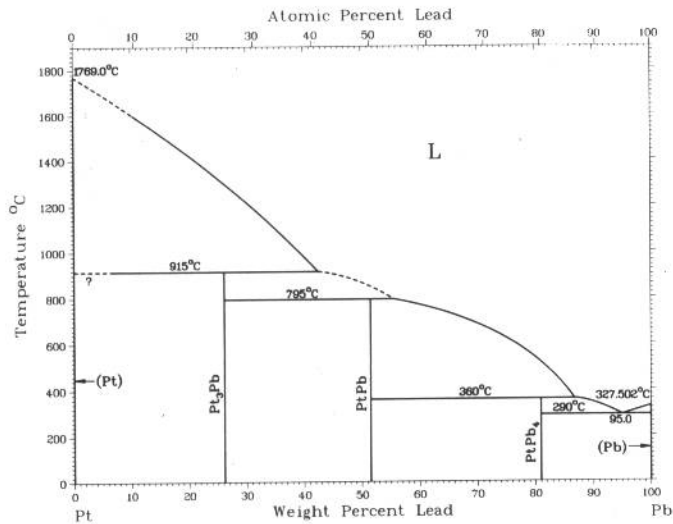
Pb-Pr



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt % Pr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pb)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}$m</i>
Pb_3Pr	19	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}$m</i>
Pb_2Pr	25.3	<i>tI24</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
Pb_4Pr_3	33.8	...	...
$\text{Pb}_{10}\text{Pr}_{11}$	42.8	<i>tI84</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Pb_4Pr_5	46.0	<i>oP36</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Pb_3Pr_5	53.1	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
PbPr_3	67	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}$m</i>
(βPr)	94.9 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}$m</i>
(αPr)	96.8 to 100	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

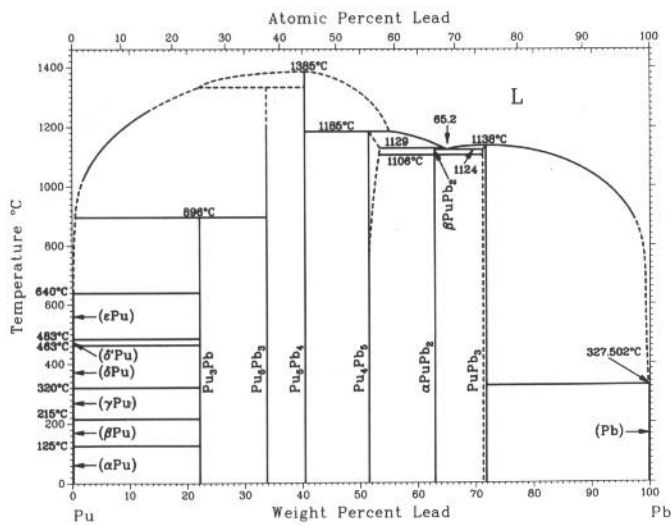
Pb-Pt



From [Hansen]

Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pt)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Pt ₃ Pb	26	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
PtPb	51.5	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
PtPb ₄	81	<i>tP10</i>	<i>P4/nbm</i>
(Pb)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

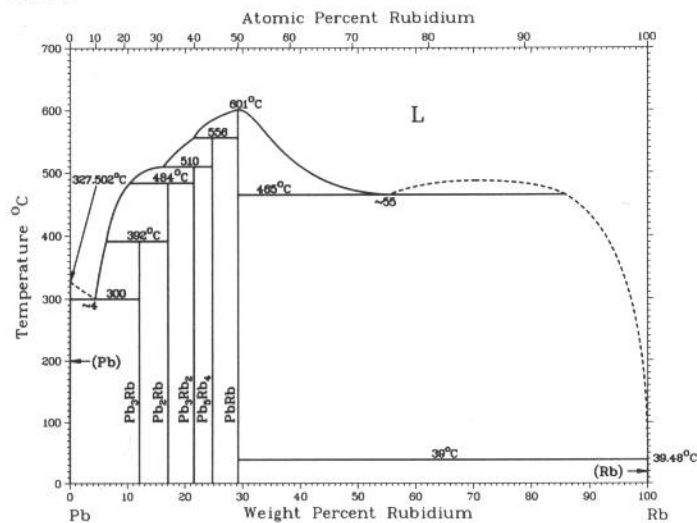
Pb-Pu



E.M. Foltyn and D.E. Peterson, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(εPu)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(δ'Pu)	0	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(δPu)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(γPu)	0	<i>oF8</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
(βPu)	0	<i>mC34</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
(αPu)	0	<i>mP16</i>	<i>P2</i> ₁ / <i>m</i>
Pu ₃ Pb	22	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Pu ₅ Pb ₃	33.7	<i>tI38</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
Pu ₅ Pb ₄	40.4	...	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mcm</i>
Pu ₄ Pb ₅	51.5 to 53.5	...	<i>P6</i> ₃ <i>22</i>
βPuPb ₂	63.0	...	...
PuPb ₂	63.0	<i>tI24</i>	<i>I4</i> ₁ / <i>amd</i>
PuPb ₃	71 to 72	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(Pb)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

Pb-Rb

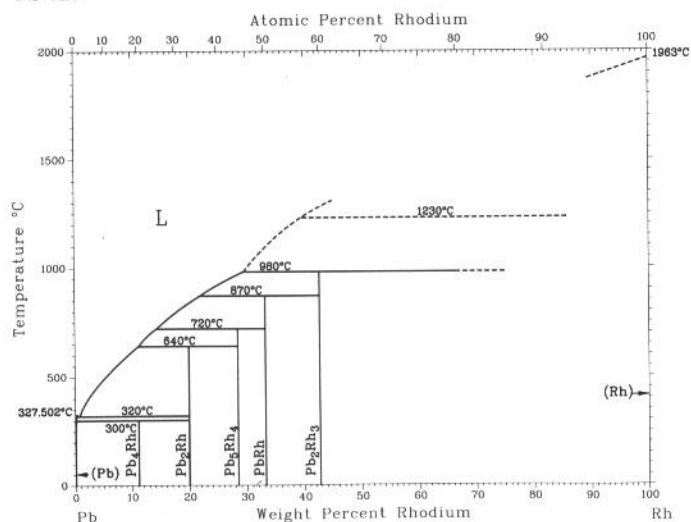


A.N. Kuznetsov, K.A. Chuntanov, and S.P. Yatsenko, 1977

Phase	Composition, wt% Rb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pb)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Pb ₃ Rb	12	...	...
Pb ₂ Rb	17.1	...	...
Pb ₃ Rb ₂	22	...	...
Pb ₅ Rb ₄	24.8	...	...
PbRb	29.2	<i>tI64</i>	<i>I4</i> ₁ / <i>acd</i>
(Rb)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

2•334/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

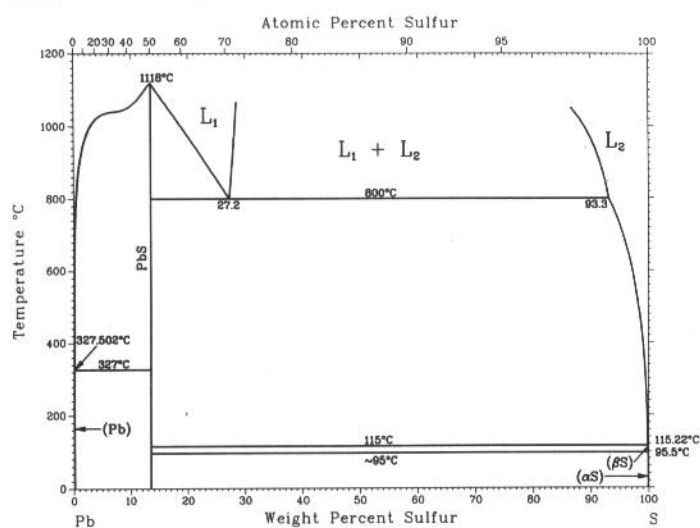
Pb-Rh



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Rh	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pb)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Pb ₄ Rh	11	...	...
Pb ₂ Rh	19.9	<i>tI</i> 12	<i>I4/mcm</i>
Pb ₅ Rh ₄	28.4	<i>oF</i> 72	<i>Fmmm</i>
PbRh	33.2	<i>hP</i> 6	<i>P6/mmm</i>
Pb ₂ Rh ₃	43	<i>hP</i> 4	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(Rh)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

Pb-S

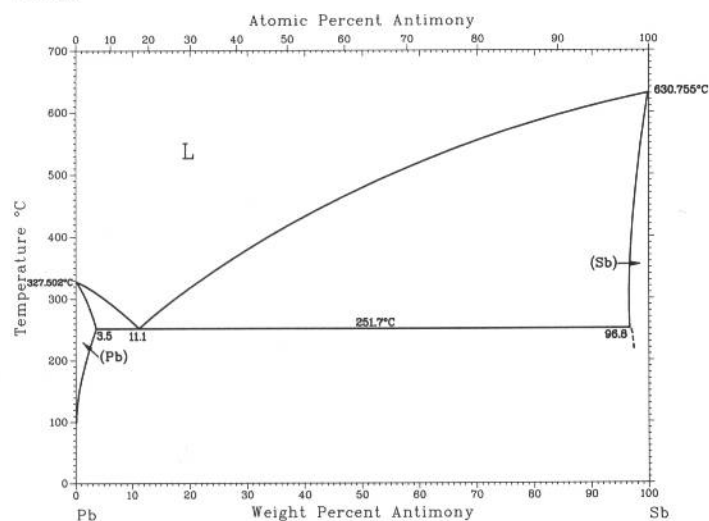


J.-C. Lin, R.C Sharma, and Y.A. Chang, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pb)	~0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
PbS	13.4	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
PbS(a)	13.4	<i>oP</i> 8	<i>Pnma</i>
(βS)	100	<i>mP</i> *	<i>P2₁/c</i>
(αS)	100	<i>oF</i> 128	<i>Fddd</i>

(a) High-pressure phase

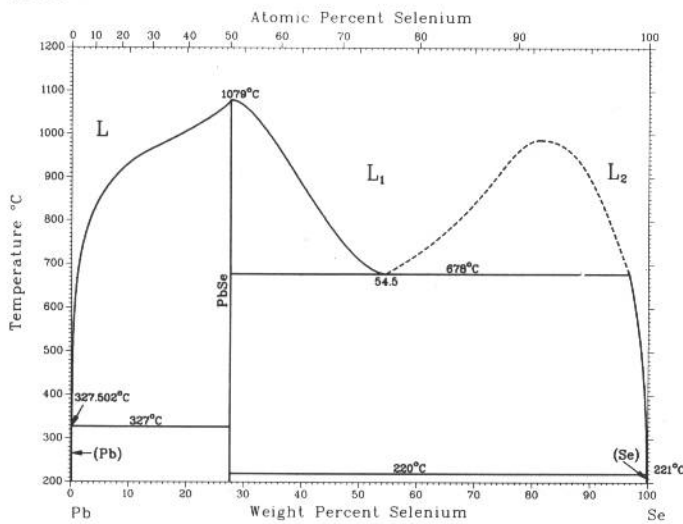
Pb-Sb



S. Ashtakala, A.D. Pelton, and C.W. Bale, 1981

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pb)	0 to 3.5	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(Sb)	? to 100	<i>hR</i> 2	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

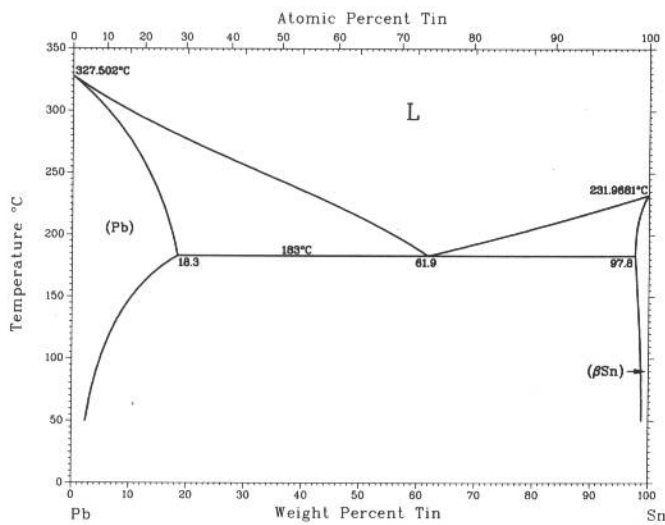
Pb-Se



J.-C. Lin, R.C. Sharma, and Y.A. Chang, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pb)	~0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
PbSe	27.6	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
PbSe(HP)	27.6	<i>oP87</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(Se)	~100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3</i> $\bar{1}21$

Pb-Sn

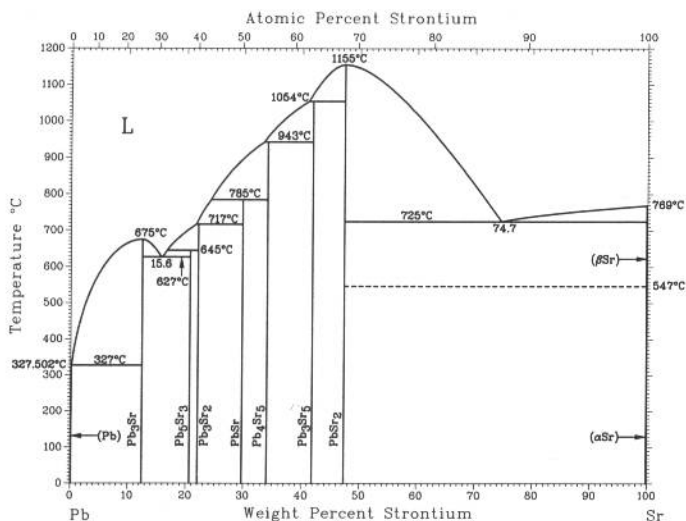


I. Karakaya and W.T. Thompson, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pb)	0 to 18.3	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βSn)	97.8 to 100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4</i> $\bar{1}/amd$
(αSn)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
High-pressure phases			
ε(a)	52 to 74	<i>hP1</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmm$
ε'(b)	52	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

(a) From phase diagram calculated at 2500 MPa. (b) This phase was claimed for alloys at 350 °C and 5500 MPa.

Pb-Sr

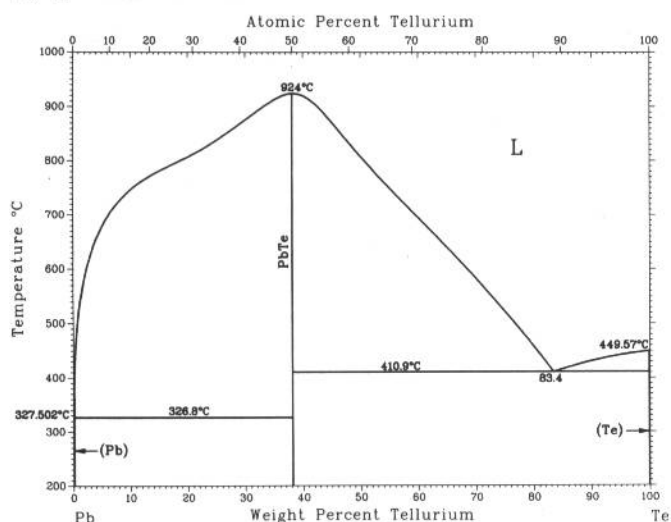


G. Bruzzone, E. Franceschi, and F. Merlo, 1981

Phase	Composition, wt% Sr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pb)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Pb ₃ Sr	12	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4</i> $\bar{1}/mmm$
Pb ₅ Sr ₃	20.2	<i>t**</i>	...
Pb ₃ Sr ₂	22	<i>t**</i>	...
PbSr	29.7	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Pb ₄ Sr ₅	34.6	<i>oP36</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Pb ₃ Sr ₅	41.3	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4</i> $\bar{1}/mcm$
PbSr ₂	45.9	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(βSr)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αSr)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

2•336/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

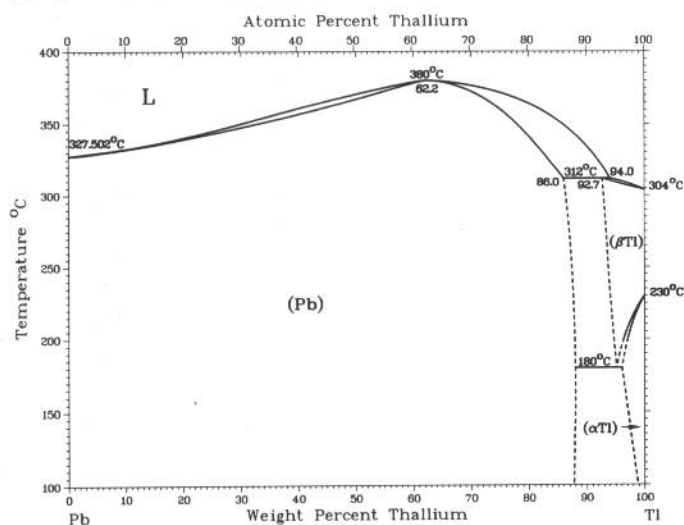
Pb-Te



J.-C. Lin, K.C. Hsieh, R.C. Sharma, and Y.A. Chang, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pb)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
PbTe	38.1	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
PbTe(HP)	38.1	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>

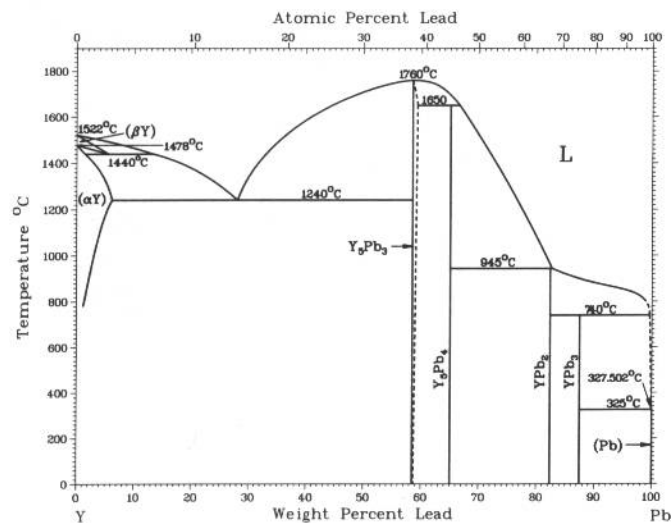
Pb-Tl



From [Hultgren,B]

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pb)	0 to 88	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(βTl)	92.7 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αTl)	96 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

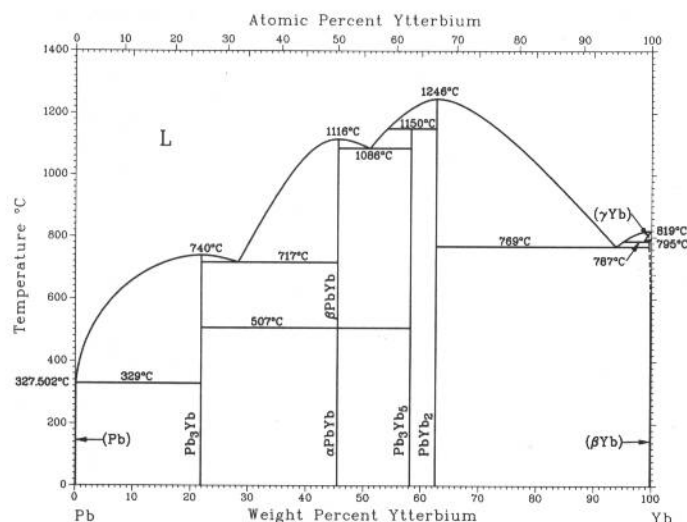
Pb-Y



O.N. Carlson, F.A. Schmidt, and D.E. Diesburg, 1967

Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βY)	0 to 5.6	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αY)	0 to 5.6	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Y ₅ Pb ₃	~58.3	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
Y ₅ Pb ₄	65.1	<i>oP6</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
YPb ₂	82.3	<i>oC12</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
YPb ₃	87.5	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Pb)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

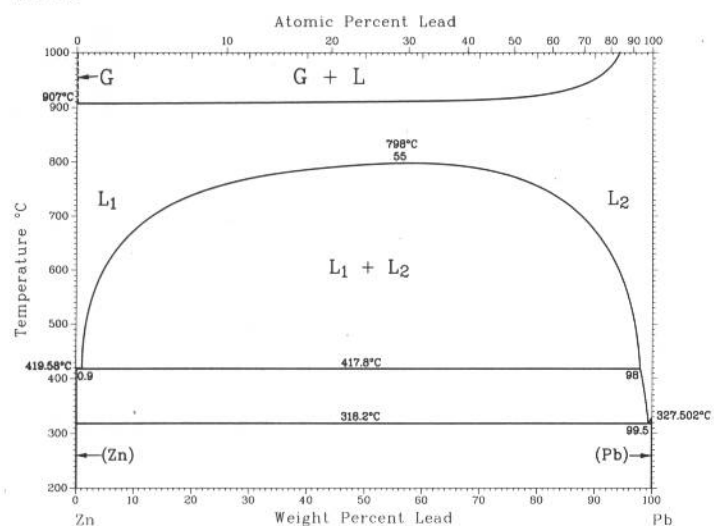
Pb-Yb



Phase	Composition, wt % Yb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pb)	~0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Pb ₃ Yb	22	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
PbYb	45.5	<i>tP4(a)</i>	<i>P4/mmm(a)</i>
Pb ₃ Yb ₅	58.2	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
PbYb ₂	62.6	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(γ Yb)	~100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β Yb)	~100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Yb)	~100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

(a) Low-temperature modification

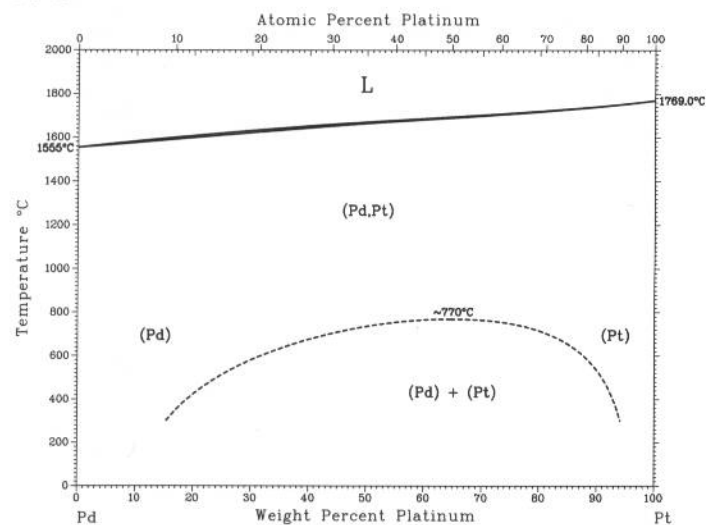
Pb-Zn



From [Hansen]

Phase	Composition, wt% Pb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Zn)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(Pb)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

Pd-Pt

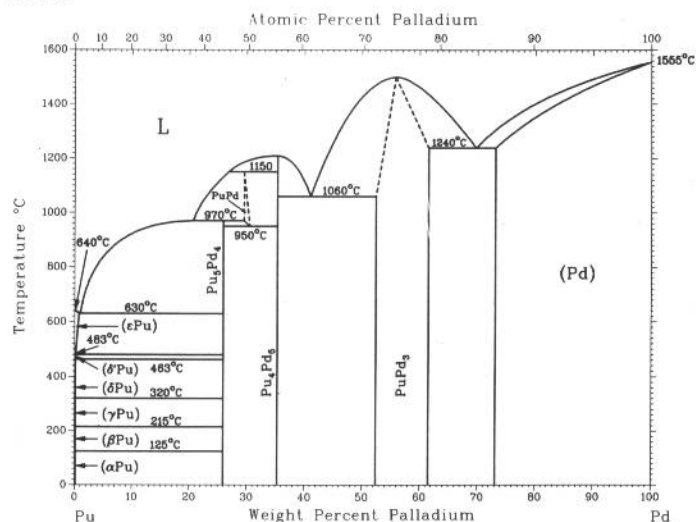


H. Okamoto, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Pt	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pd,Pt)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

2•338/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

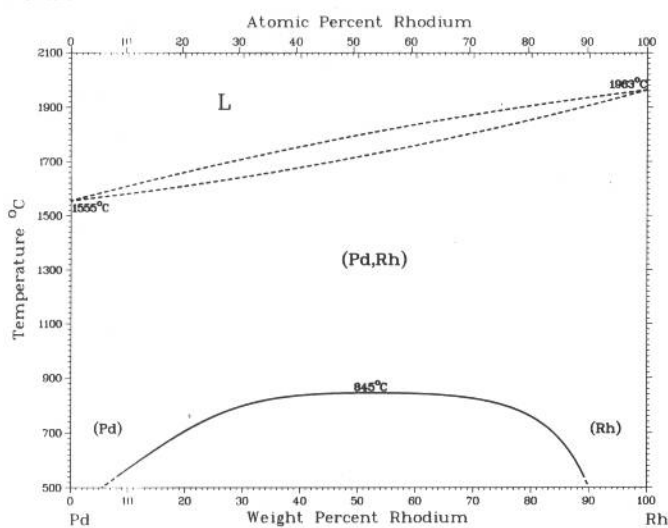
Pd-Pu



V.I. Kutaitsev, N.T. Chebotarev, I.G. Lebedev, M.A. Andrianov,
V.N. Konev, and T.S. Menshikova, 1967

Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(εPu)	0 to 0.7	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(δ'Pu)	0	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(δPu)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γPu)	0	<i>oF8</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
(βPu)	0	<i>mC34</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
(αPu)	0	<i>mP16</i>	<i>P2</i> ₁ / <i>m</i>
Pu ₃ Pd ₄	25.8	...	...
PuPd	~30 to 30.4	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Pu ₄ Pd ₅	35.3	...	...
PuPd ₃	~52.2 to 61.4	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Pd)	~73 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

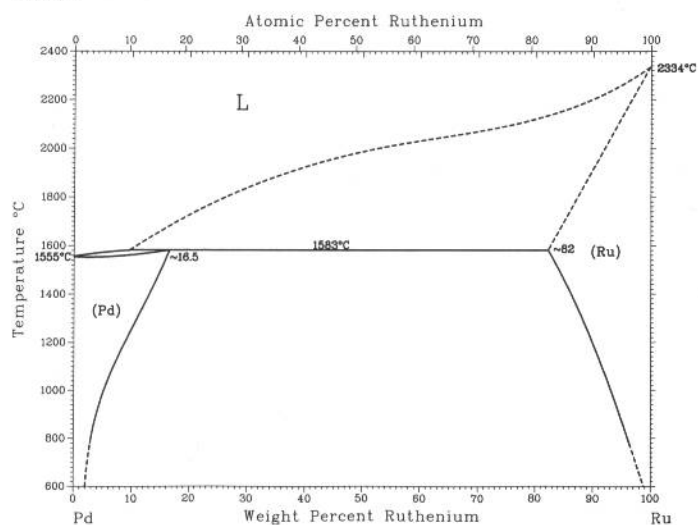
Pd-Rh



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Rh	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pd,Rh)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

Pd-Ru

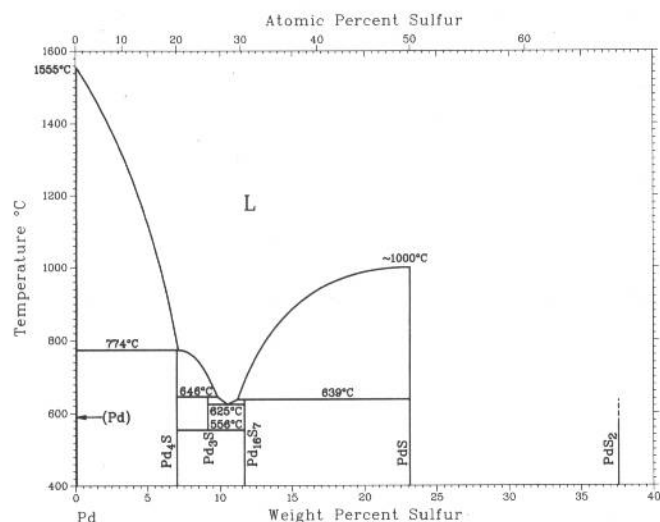


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Ru	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pd)	0 to ~16.5	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Ru)	~82 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

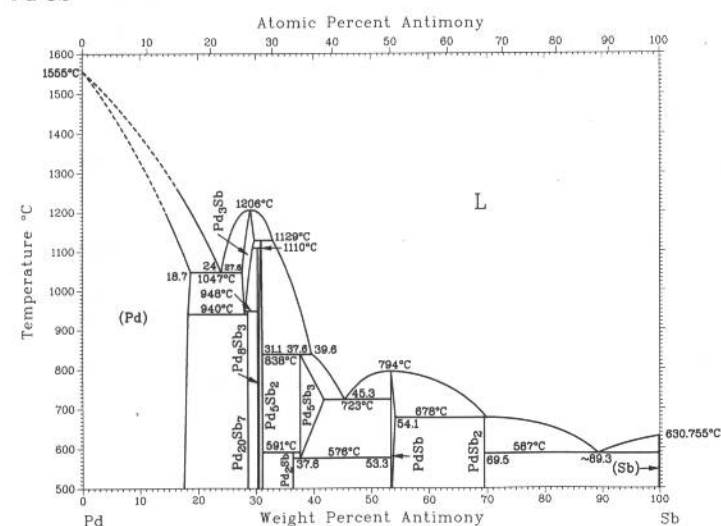
H. Okamoto, 1992

Pd-S



Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pd)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Pd ₄ S	7	<i>tP10</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ <i>c</i>
Pd ₃ S	9	<i>oC16</i>	<i>Ama</i> 2
Pd ₁₇ S ₇	11.6	<i>cP64</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
PdS	23.2	<i>tP16</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ <i>/m</i>
PdS ₂	37.6	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pbca</i>

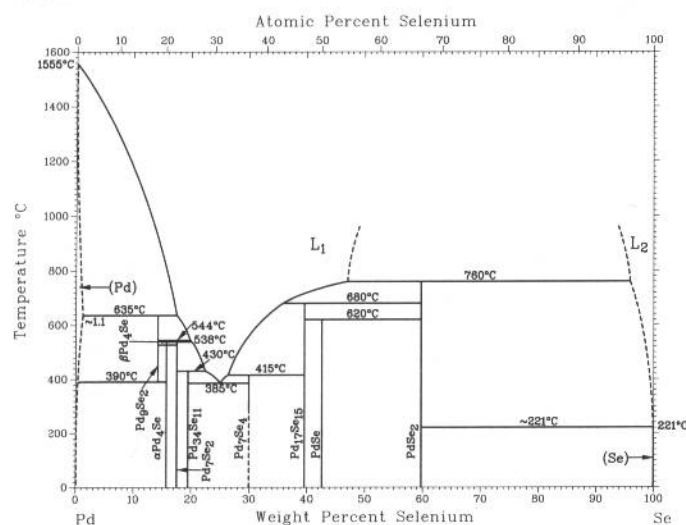
Pd-Sb



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pd)	0 to 18.7	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Pd ₃ Sb	27.6 to 29.7	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
Pd ₂₀ Sb ₇	28.6	<i>hR27</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$
Pd ₈ Sb ₃	30.3	<i>hR44</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}c$
Pd ₅ Sb ₂	30.5 to 31.1	<i>hP84</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ <i>/mmc</i>
Pd ₂ Sb	36.4	<i>oC24</i>	<i>Cmc</i> 2 ₁
PdSb	37.4 to 41.7	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ <i>/mmc</i>
PdSb	53.4 to 44.2	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ <i>/mmc</i>
PdSb ₂	69.6	<i>cP12</i>	<i>Pa</i> 3
(Sb)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$

Pd-Se

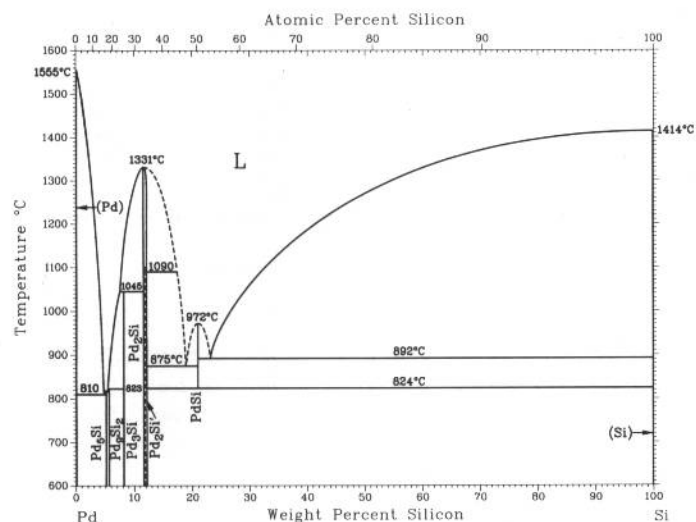


H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pd)	0 to ~1.1	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Pd ₉ Se ₂	14.2	<i>hP*</i>	...
β Pd ₄ Se	16	...	...
α Pd ₄ Se	16	<i>tP10</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ <i>c</i>
Pd ₇ Se ₂	17.5	<i>m*18</i>	...
Pd ₃₄ Se ₁₁	19.3	<i>mP*</i>	<i>P2</i> ₁ <i>/n</i>
Pd ₇ Se ₄	29.8	<i>oP22</i>	<i>P2</i> ₁ <i>22</i> ₁
Pd ₁₇ Se ₁₅	39.6	<i>cP64</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
PdSe	42.6	<i>tP16</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ <i>/m</i>
PdSe ₂	59.8	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pbca</i>
(γ Se)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3</i> ₂ <i>1</i>

2•340/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Pd-Si

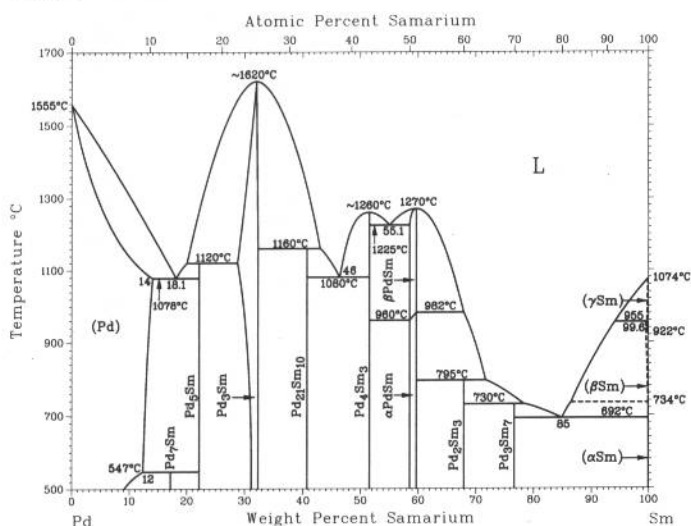


H.C. Baxi and T.B. Massalski, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pd)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Pd ₅ Si	5.02	<i>mP24</i>	<i>P2</i> ₁
Pd ₃ Si	5.54	<i>oP44</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Pd ₃ Si	8.1	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Pd ₂ Si	11.5 to 12.1	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P62m</i>
Pd ₂ Si'(a)	11.7 to 12.1	(b)	...
PdSi(c)	20.9	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(Si)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

(a) Below 1090 °C. (b) Hexagonal superstructure based on the Pd₂Si unit cell. (c) From 972 to 612 °C

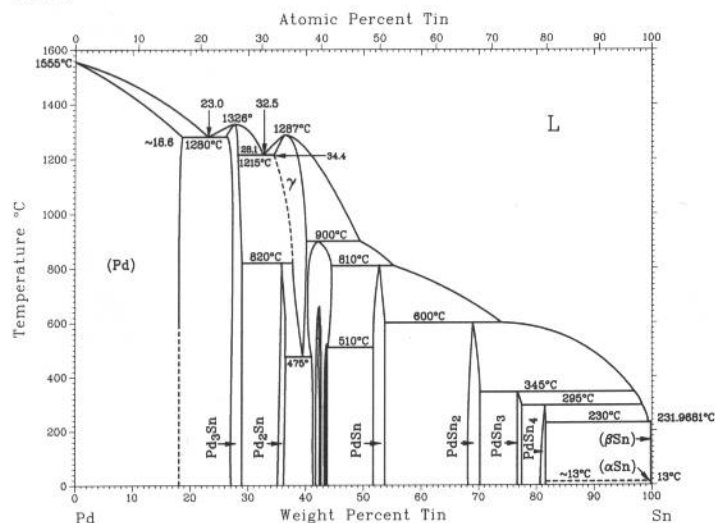
Pd-Sm



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Sm	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pd)	0 to 14	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Pd ₇ Sm	16.8	<i>c**</i>	...
Pd ₅ Sm	22.1	<i>o*72</i>	...
Pd ₃ Sm	29.1 to 32	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Pd ₂₁ Sm ₁₀	40.3	<i>mC124</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
Pd ₄ Sm ₃	51.5	<i>hR14</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$
βPdSm	58.6	...	...
αPdSm	58.6	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Pd ₂ Sm ₃	68	...	...
Pd ₂ Sm ₇	77	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P63mc</i>
(γSm)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(βSm)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
(αSm)	100	<i>hR3</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

Pd-Sn

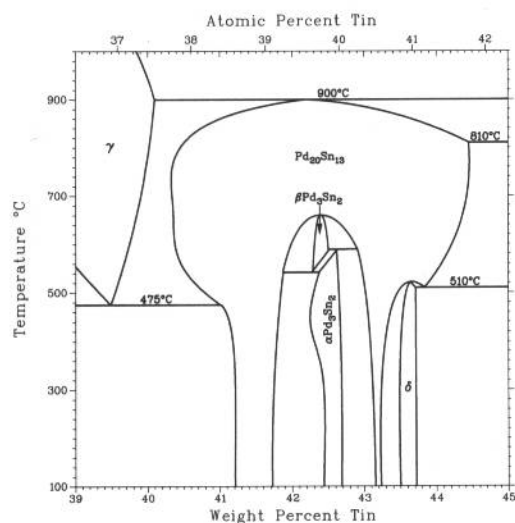


H. Okamoto, 1990

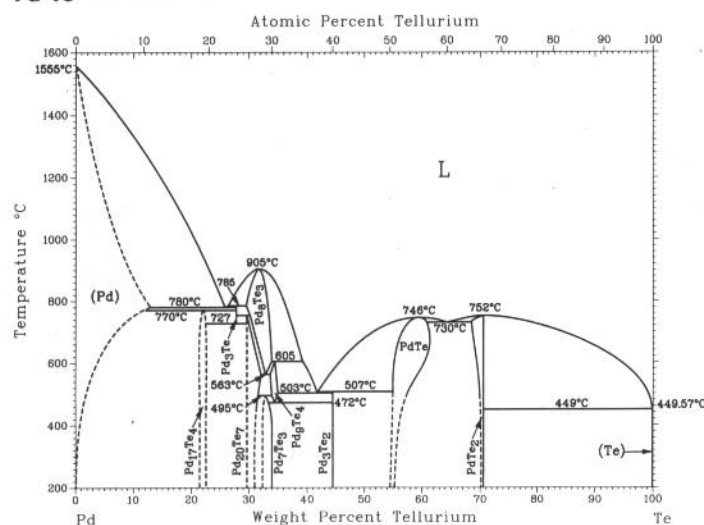
Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pd)	0 to ~18.6	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Pd ₃ Sn	26 to 28.1	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Pd ₂ Sn	35.8	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
γ	34 to 40.1	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
Pd ₂₀ Sn ₁₃	41 to 45	<i>hP66</i>	<i>P3121</i>
βPd ₃ Sn ₂	42.4	...	...
αPd ₃ Sn ₂	43	...	...
δ	44	...	...
PdSn	~52.7	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
PdSn ₂	~69.1	<i>oC24</i>	<i>Aba2</i>
PdSn ₃	~77	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
PdSn ₄	~82	<i>oC20</i>	<i>Aba2</i>
(βSn)	100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I41/amd</i>
(αSn)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

(continued)

Pd-Sn phase diagram from 39 to 45 wt% Sn



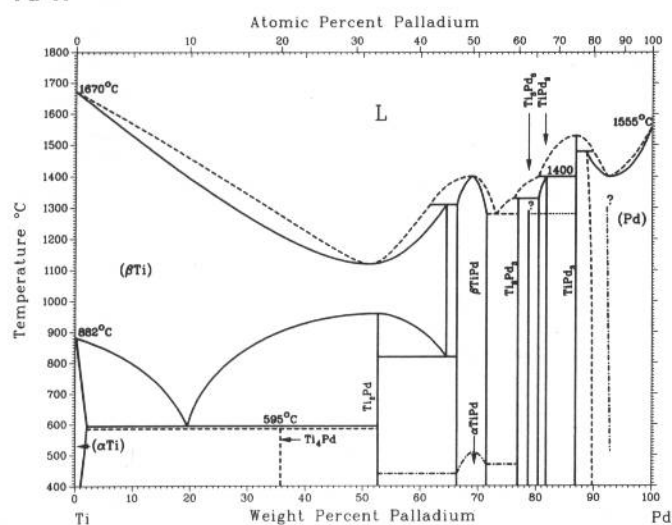
Pd-Te



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pd)	0 to 13	<i>cF2</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Pd ₁₇ Te ₄	~22	...	...
Pd ₁₃ Te ₃	27.8	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Pd ₂₀ Te ₇	30 to 34	<i>hR27</i>	<i>R</i> 3
Pd ₉ Te ₃	30 to 39	<i>o**</i>	...
Pd ₇ Te ₃	33 to 34	<i>m**</i>	...
Pd ₅ Te ₃	39 to 40	<i>mP52</i>	<i>P2</i> ₁ / <i>c</i>
Pd ₃ Te ₂	44	<i>oC20</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
PdTe	54.5 to 59	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
PdTe ₂	68.5 to 70.6	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}m1$
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P</i> ₃ 21
Questionable phases			
Pd ₄ Te	23 to 26	<i>cF104</i>	<i>F</i> $\bar{4}3m$
Pd ₃ Te ₂	44	<i>oP45</i>	<i>P</i> 222 ₁

Pd-Ti



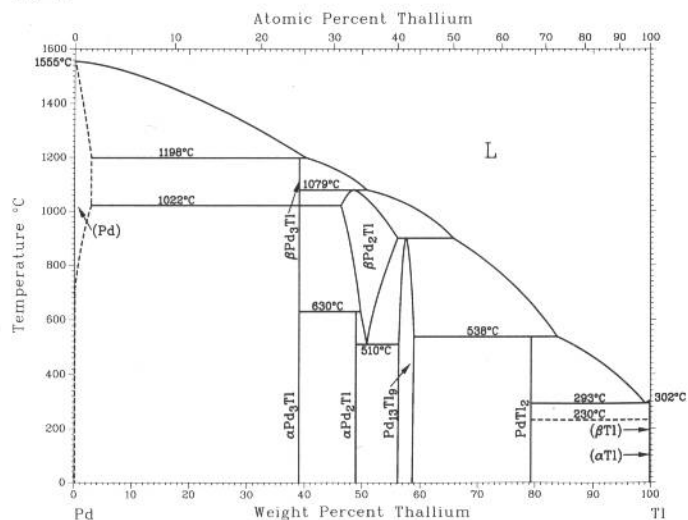
J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi)	0 to 65	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTi)	0 to ~2	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Ti ₁₄ Pd	36	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}n$
Ti ₁₂ Pd	52.6	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
βTiPd	66 to 72	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
αTiPd	66 to 72	<i>oP4</i>	<i>Pmma</i>
Ti ₂ Pd ₃	77	<i>oC20</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Ti ₃ Pd ₅	78.7	<i>tP8</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
TiPd ₂	81 to 82	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
TiPd ₂	81 to 82	(a)	...
TiPd ₃	87	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
γ(b)	87 to 92	<i>cP4</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
(Pd)	93 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) Orthorhombic distortion of MoSi₂. (b) Possibly an ordered metastable phase. The dot-dash lines show the observed limits of ordering.

2•342/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

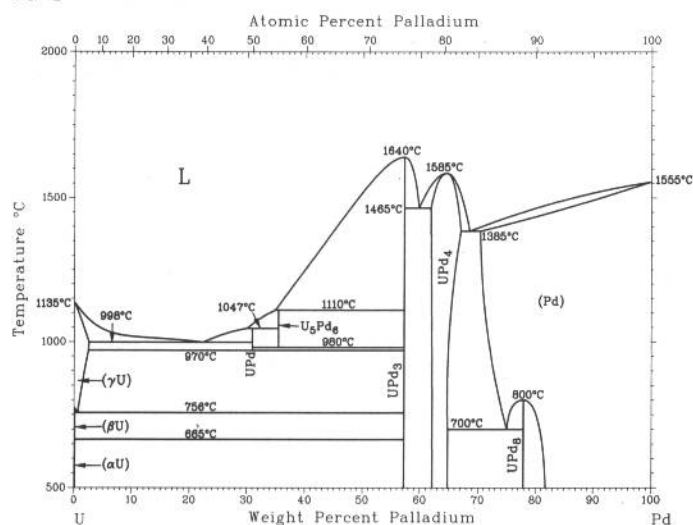
Pd-Tl



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pd)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
β Pd ₃ Tl	39	<i>tI8</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
α Pd ₃ Tl	39	<i>tI16</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
β Pd ₂ Tl	45 to 56	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
α Pd ₂ Tl	48.9	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Pd ₁₃ Tl ₉	56 to 59	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P$\bar{3}1c$</i>
PdTi ₂	79.4	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
(β Tl)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Tl)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

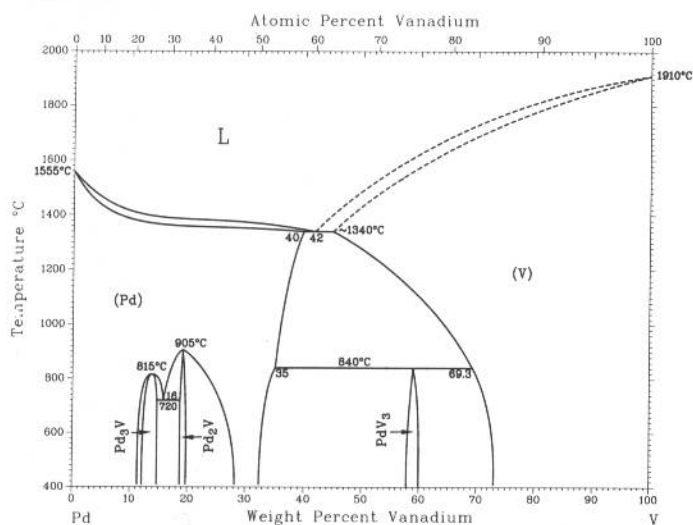
Pd-U



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Pd	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γ U)	0 to 2	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(β U)	0	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mmm</i>
(α U)	0	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
UPd	30.9	...	...
U ₅ Pd ₆	34.9	...	...
UPd ₃	57	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
UPd ₄	61 to 66	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
UPd ₆	78.2	...	...
(Pd)	70 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

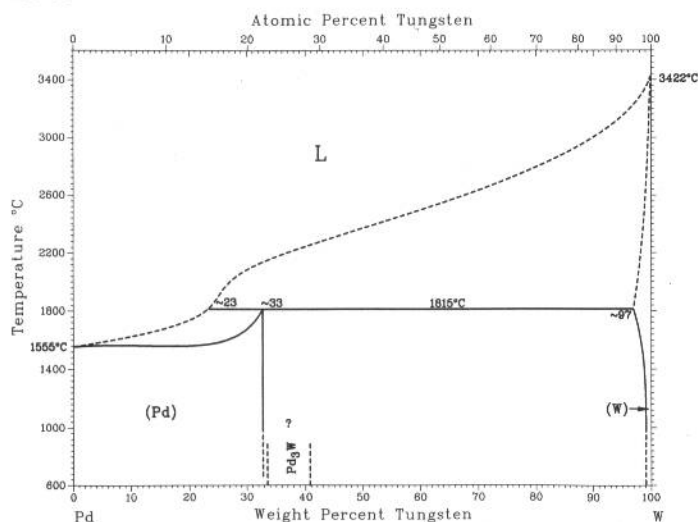
Pd-V



J.F. Smith, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% V	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pd)	0 to 40	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Pd ₃ V	~14	<i>tI8</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Pd ₂ V	~19.3	<i>oI6</i>	<i>Immm</i>
PdV ₃	~59	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}n$</i>
(V)	~44.4 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>

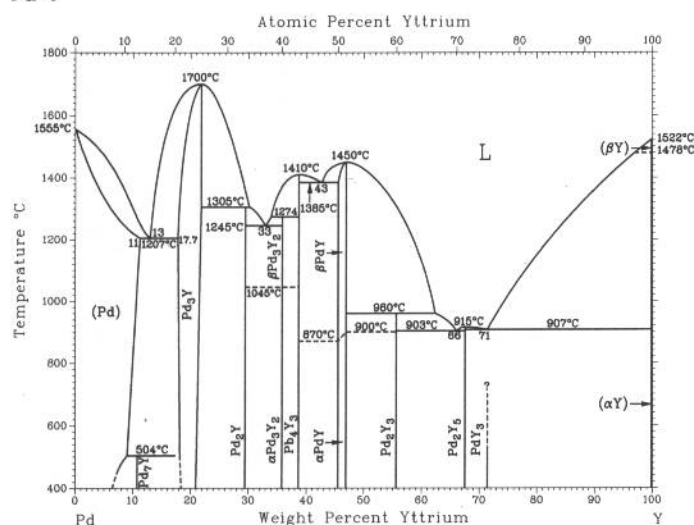
Pd-W



S.V. Nagender Naidu and P. Rama Rao, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% W	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pd)	0 to 33	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(W)	~97 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

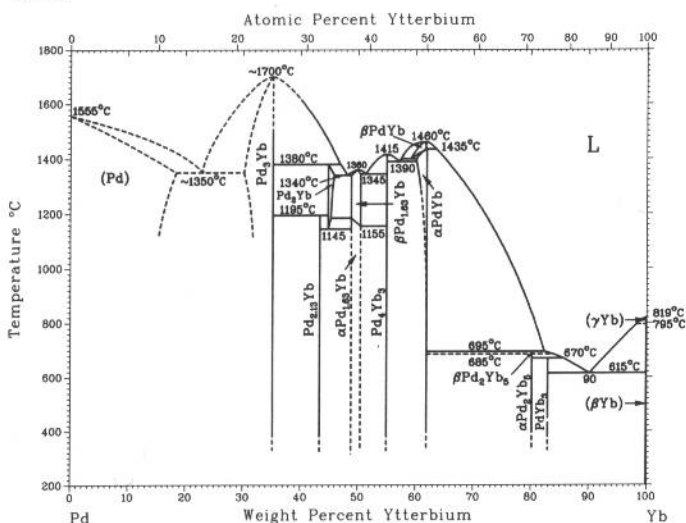
Pd-Y



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Y	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pd)	0 to 11	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Pd ₇ Y	10.7	<i>c**</i>	...
Pd ₃ Y	17.7 to 22	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Pd ₂ Y	29.4	...	...
βPd ₃ Y ₂	36	...	...
αPd ₃ Y ₂	36	...	...
Pd ₄ Y ₃	38.6	<i>hR14</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$
βPdY	45.5 to ~47	...	...
αPdY	45.5 to ~47	...	...
Pd ₂ Y ₃	56	<i>hR15</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$
Pd ₂ Y ₅	67.6	<i>cF144</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
PdY ₃	72	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(βY)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αY)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Pd-Yb

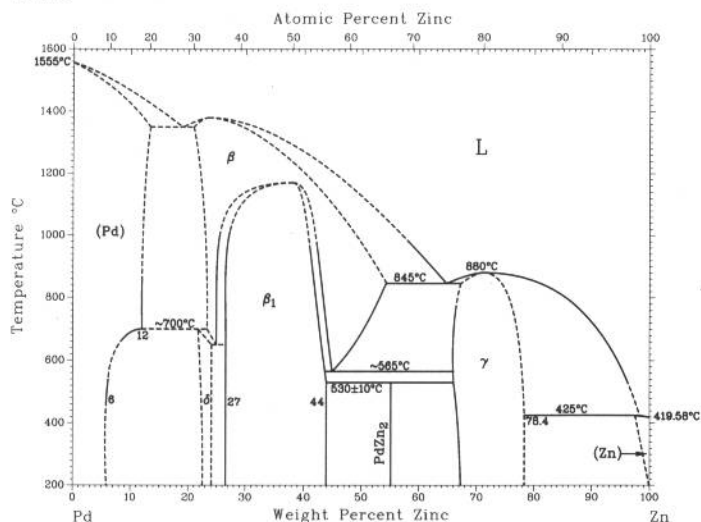


A. Iandelli and A. Palenzona, 1973

Phase	Composition, wt% Yb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pd)	0 to 18	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Pd ₃ Yb	30 to 35	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Pd _{2.13} Yb	43	...	...
Pd ₂ Yb	44.8 to 46.1	...	...
βPd _{1.63} Yb	49 to 50.4	...	...
αPd _{1.63} Yb	49 to 50.4	...	...
Pd ₄ Yb ₃	55	<i>hR14</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$
βPdYb	59 to ~61.9	...	...
αPdYb	60 to 61.9	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
βPd ₂ Yb ₅	~80.2	...	...
αPd ₂ Yb ₅	~80.2	...	...
PdYb ₃	83	...	...
(γYb)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βYb)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

2•344/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

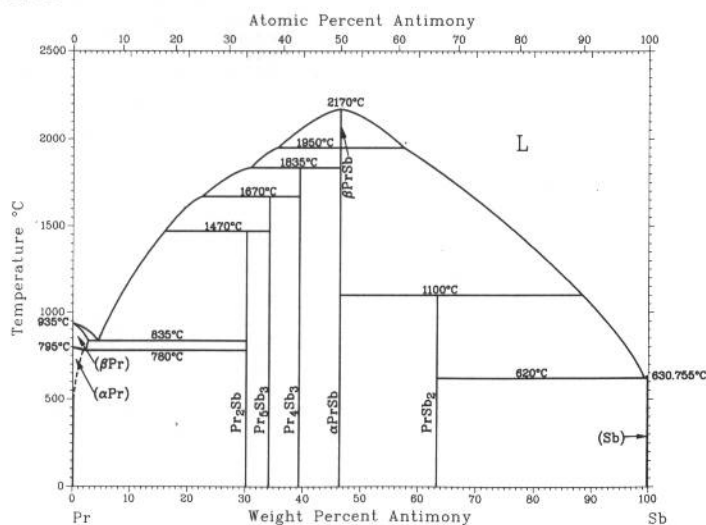
Pd-Zn



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pd)	0 to 13	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
δ	~23	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
β	21 to 53	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
β₁	27 to 44	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
PdZn₂	55.2	<i>oC48</i>	<i>Cmmm</i>
γ	66 to 78.4	<i>cI52</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}$ 3 <i>m</i>
(Zn)	? to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>

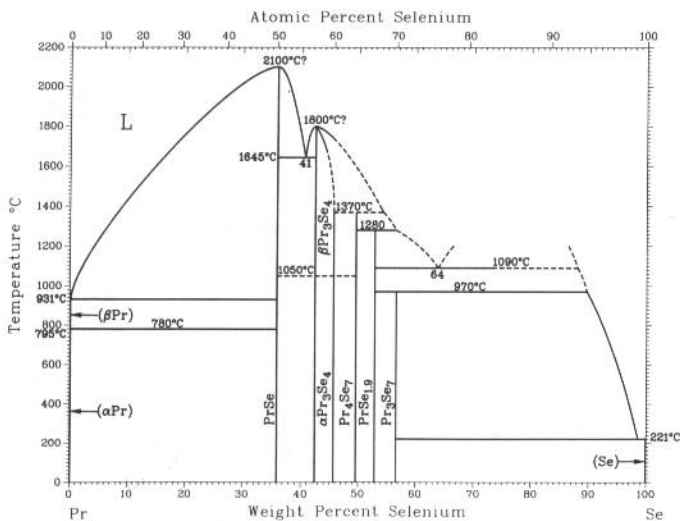
Pr-Sb



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βPr)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αPr)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>
Pr₂Sb	30.1	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Pr₅Sb₃	34.1	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mcm</i>
Pr₄Sb₃	39.4	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}$ 3 <i>d</i>
βPrSb	46.4	...	...
αPrSb	46.4	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
PrSb₂	63.4	<i>oC24</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
(Sb)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

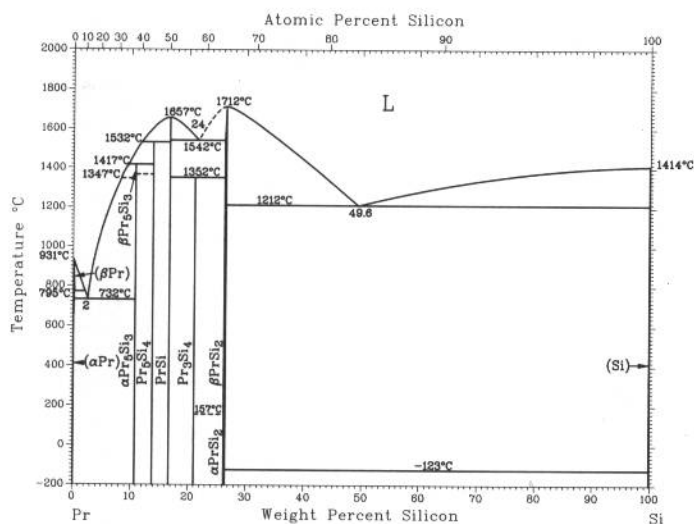
Pr-Se



E.I. Yarembach, 1970

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βPr)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αPr)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>
PrSe	35.9	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
βPr₃Se₄	~42.2 to 46	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}$ 3 <i>d</i>
αPr₃Se₄	~42.2 to 46	<i>tI28</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
Pr₄Se₇	49.5	<i>tP22</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
PrSe₁.₉	~52.9	<i>tP6</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
Pr₃Se₇	57	...	...
(Se)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3</i> $\bar{1}$ 21

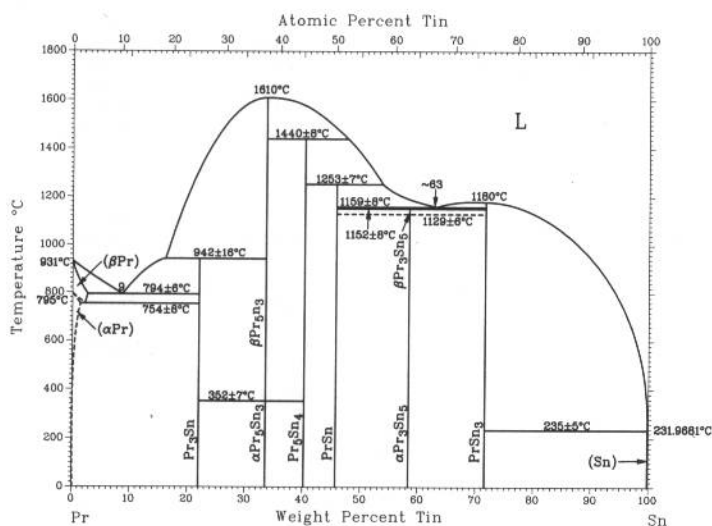
Pr-Si



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βPr)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αPr)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
βPr ₅ Si ₃	10.7	...	...
αPr ₅ Si ₃	10.7	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
Pr ₅ Si ₄	13.7	<i>tP36</i>	<i>P4</i> $\bar{1}2_12$
PrSi	16.6	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Pr ₃ Si ₄	21.0	...	...
βPrSi ₂	26.4	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4</i> $\bar{1}/amd$
αPrSi ₂	26.4	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
(Si)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$

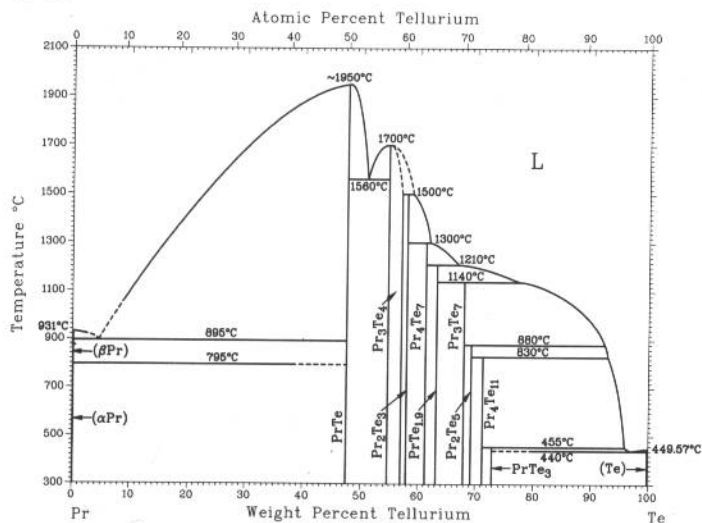
Pr-Sn



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βPr)	0 to ~3	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αPr)	0 to ~1.3	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Pr ₃ Sn	22	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
βPr ₅ Sn ₃	33.6	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mcm$
αPr ₅ Sn ₃	33.6	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
Pr ₅ Sn ₄	40.2	<i>oP36</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
PrSn	45.7	...	...
βPr ₃ Sn ₅	58.4	...	...
αPr ₃ Sn ₅	58.4	...	...
PrSn ₃	72	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βSn)	100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4</i> $\bar{1}/amd$
(αSn)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$

Pr-Te

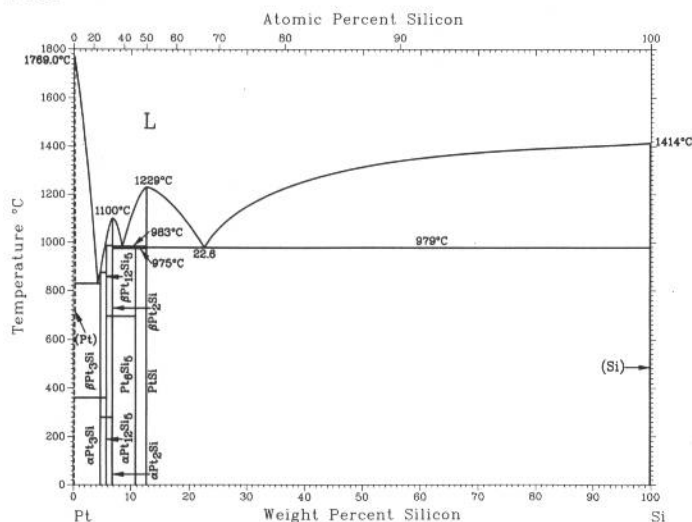


E.I. Yarembach, 1970

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βPr)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αPr)	0	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
PrTe	47.5	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Pr ₃ Te ₄	54.7 to ~57	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}3d$
Pr ₂ Te ₃	58	...	...
Pr ₄ Te ₇	~61.3	...	...
PrTe _{1.9}	~63.2	...	...
Pr ₃ Te ₇	68	...	...
Pr ₂ Te ₅	69.3	<i>oC28</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Pr ₄ Te ₁₁	71.3	...	...
PrTe ₃	73	<i>tP16</i>	<i>P4</i> $\bar{2}1n$
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3</i> $\bar{1}21$

Phase	Composition, wt% Rh	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pt,Rh)	0 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

Pt-Si

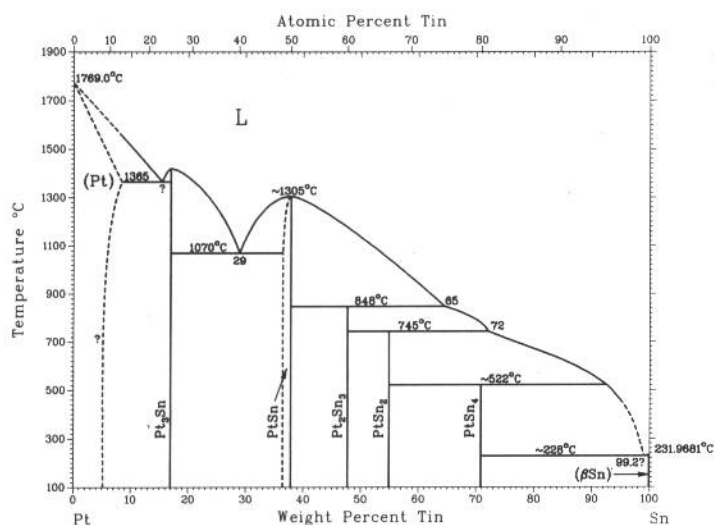


H. Okamoto and L.E. Tanner, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pt)	0 to 0.2	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
γ Pt ₃ Si(a)	5	<i>tI16</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
β Pt ₃ Si	5	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
α Pt ₃ Si	5	<i>mC16</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
β Pt ₁₂ Si ₅	5.7	<i>tI34</i>	<i>I4/m</i>
α Pt ₁₂ Si ₅	5.7	<i>tP68</i>	<i>P4/n</i>
β Pt ₂ Si	6.7	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P6$\bar{2}m$</i>
α Pt ₂ Si	6.7	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Pt ₆ Si ₅	10.7	<i>mP22</i>	<i>P2$\bar{1}$/m</i>
PtSi	12.6	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Pt ₂ Si ₃ (b)	18	<i>hP10</i>	<i>P6$\bar{3}$/mmc</i>
Pt ₄ Si ₉ (b)	24.4	?	?
(Si)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>

(a) Impurity stabilized. (b) Metastable

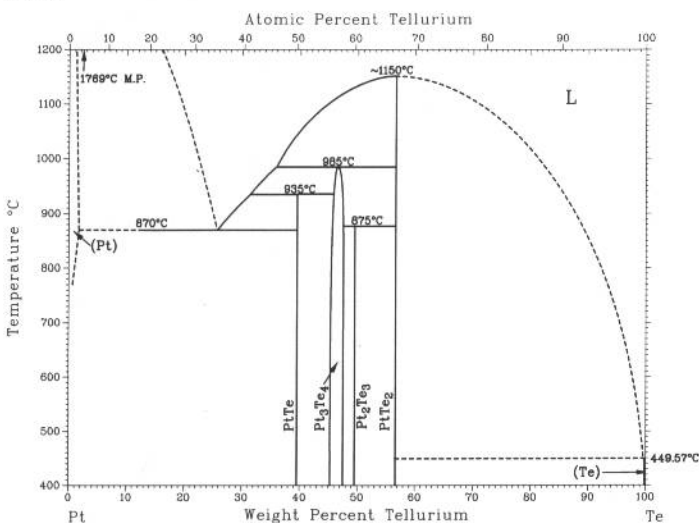
Pt-Sn



From [Hansen]

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pt)	0 to ?	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Pt ₃ Sn	17	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
PtSn	>36 to 37.8	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6$\bar{3}$/mmc</i>
Pt ₂ Sn ₃	48	<i>hP10</i>	<i>P6$\bar{3}$/mmc</i>
PtSn ₂	54.9	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
PtSn ₄	71	<i>oC20</i>	<i>Aba2</i>
(β Sn)	100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4$\bar{1}$/amd</i>
(α Sn)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>

Pt-Te

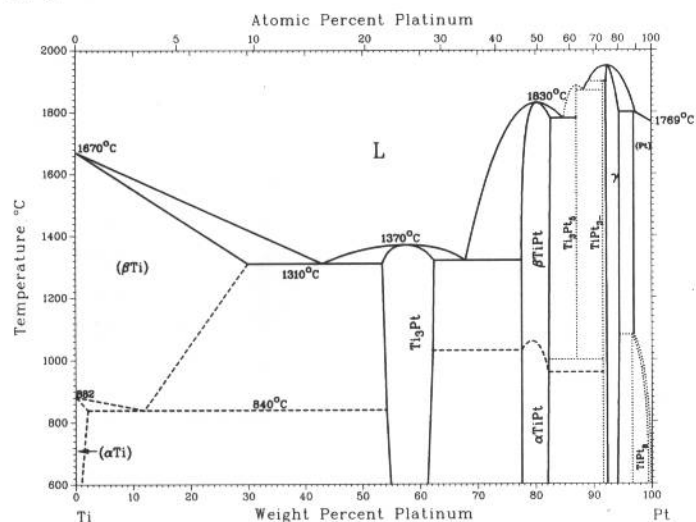


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pt)	0 to ?	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
PtTe	39.5	<i>mC8</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
Pt ₃ Te ₄	~46.5	<i>mC14</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
Pt ₂ Te ₃	50	<i>mC20</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
PtTe ₂	56.7	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3m1</i>
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3$\bar{1}21$</i>

2•348/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

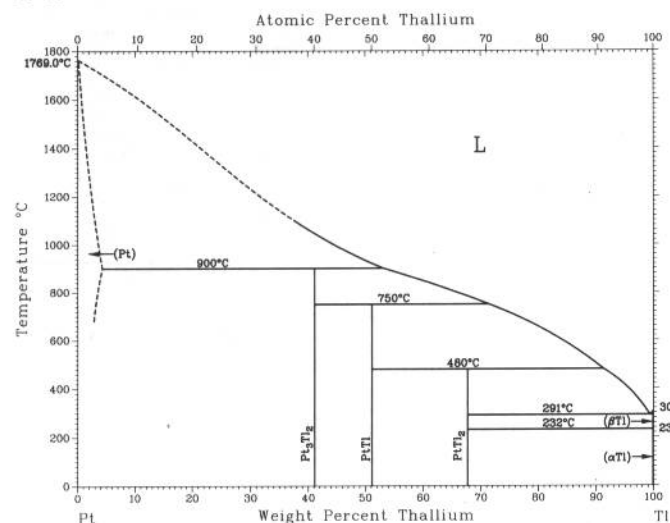
Pt-Ti



J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Pt	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi)	0 to 31	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αTi)	0 to 2.0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
Ti ₃ Pt	54 to 63	cP8	$Pm\bar{3}n$
βTiPt	78 to 83	oP2	$Pmma$
αTiPt	78 to 83	oP4	$Pmma$
Ti ₃ Pt ₅	87.2	oI32	$Ibam$
TiPt ₃	<92	hP16	$P6_3/mmc$
γ	92 to 95	tP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
TiPt ₈	97 to 99.5	tI18	$I4/m$
(Pt)	95 to 100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

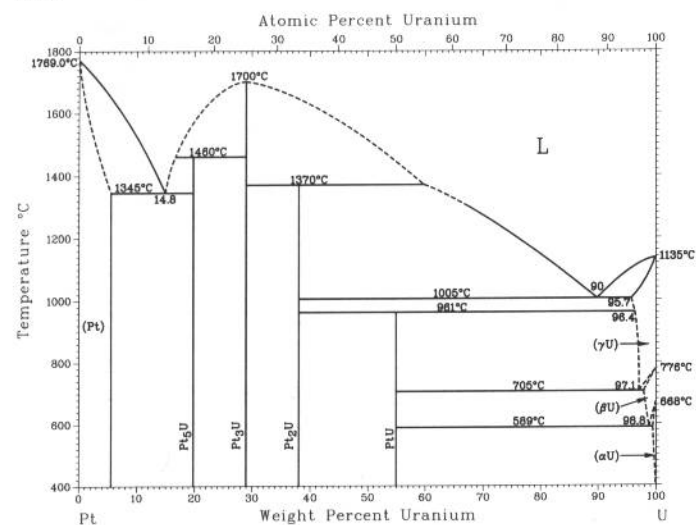
Pt-Tl



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pt)	0 to ?	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Pt ₃ Tl ₂	41	hP20	$P\bar{3}1c$
PtTl	51.2	hP6	$P6/mmm$
PtTl ₂	67.7	tI12	$I4/mcm$
(βTl)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αTl)	100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$

Pt-U



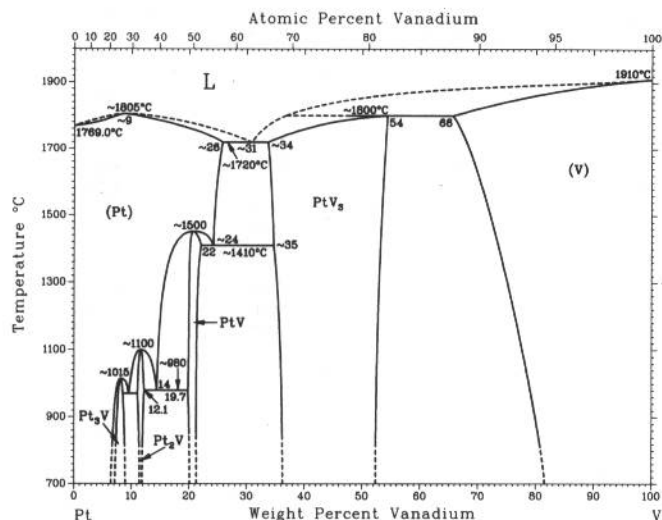
B.A.S. Ross and D.E. Peterson, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% U	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pt)	0 to 5	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Pt ₅ U	19.7	cF24	$F\bar{4}3m$
Pt ₃ U	29	hP8	$P6_3/mmc$
Pt ₂ U(a)	37.9	oC12	$Ama2$
PtU	55.0	oC8	$Cmcm$
(γU)	99.7 to 100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(βU)	98.1 to 100	tP30	$P4_2/mnm$
(αU)	99.2 to 100	oC4	$Cmcm$

(a) Distorted structure

J.F. Smith, 1989

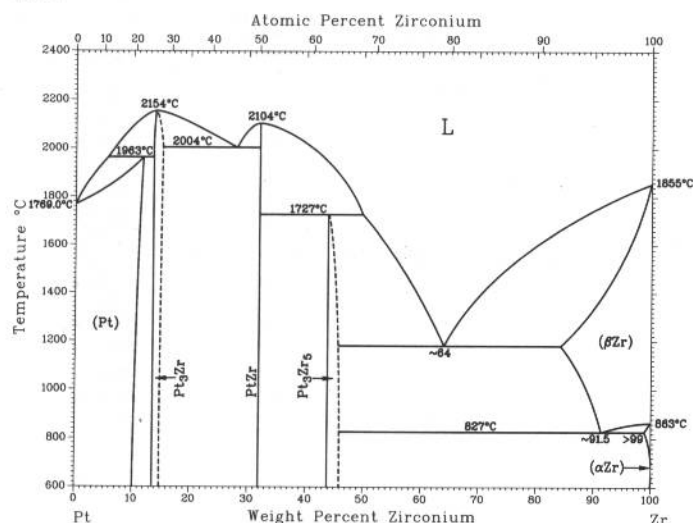
Pt-V



Phase	Composition, wt% V	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pt)	0 to ~26	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Pt ₃ V	7 to 8	<i>tI8</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Pt ₂ V	11 to 21.1	<i>oI6</i>	<i>Immm</i>
PtV	19.7 to 22	<i>oP4</i>	<i>Pmma</i>
PtV ₂	~34 to 54	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}n$</i>
(V)	66 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Metastable phases			
Pt ₈ V(a)	~3.2	<i>tI18</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Pt ₃ V(b)	6.9 to 7.2	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
PtV	20.7 to 23.5	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
PtV ₃	~44	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>

(a) Possibly misclassified because neither its stability nor metastability is conclusive. (b) Stabilized by oxygen and possibly also by nitrogen and/or carbon

Pt-Zr

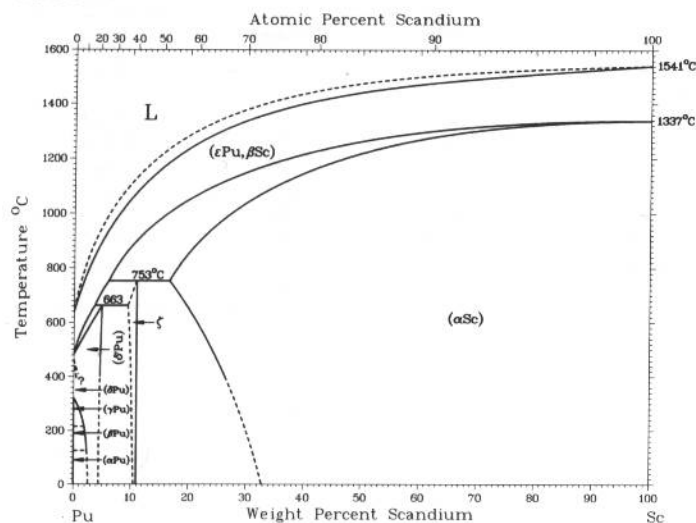


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Zr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Pt)	0 to ~12	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Pt ₃ Zr	14	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
		<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Pt ₁₁ Zr ₉ (a)	28	<i>tI40</i>	<i>I4/m</i>
βPtZr	31.9	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
αPtZr	31.9	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Pt ₃ Zr ₅	43.8	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
(βZr)	~84.3 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αZr)	>99 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Note: The polymorphic transformation temperature of PtZr is unknown. (a) Not shown in the diagram

Pu-Sc

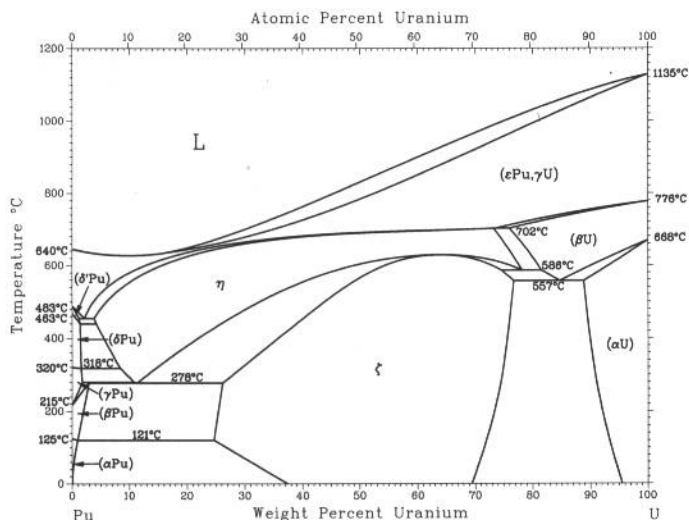


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Sc	Pearson symbol	Space group
(εPu, βSc)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(δ'Pu)	0 to ?	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(δPu)	0 to ?	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γPu)	0 to ?	<i>oF8</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
(βPu)	0 to ?	<i>mC34</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
(αPu)	0 to ?	<i>mP16</i>	<i>P2₁/m</i>
ζ	? to 11	...	...
(αSc)	17 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

2•350/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

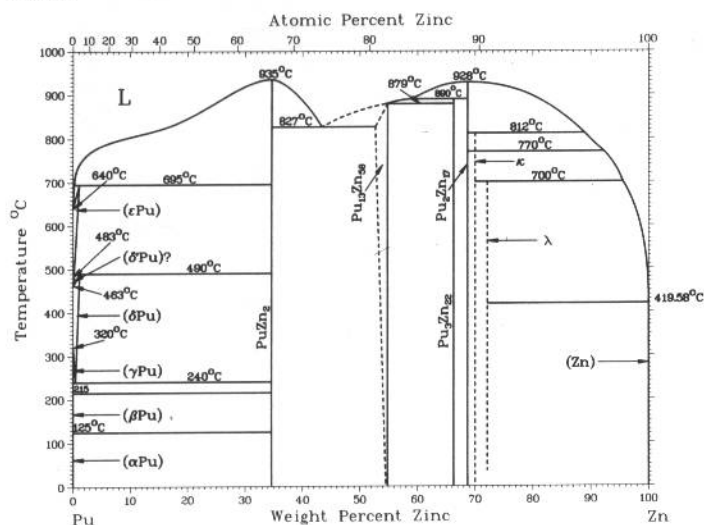
Pu-U



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% U	Pearson symbol	Space group
(εPu, γU)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(δ'Pu)	0 to 2	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(δPu)	0 to 2	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γPu)	0 to 2	<i>oF8</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
(βPu)	0 to 3	<i>mC34</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
(αPu)	0	<i>mP16</i>	<i>P2₁/m</i>
ζ	25 to 77	<i>cP58</i>	...
η	4 to 80	<i>tP52</i>	...
(βU)	77 to 100	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mmn</i>
(αU)	89 to 100	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>

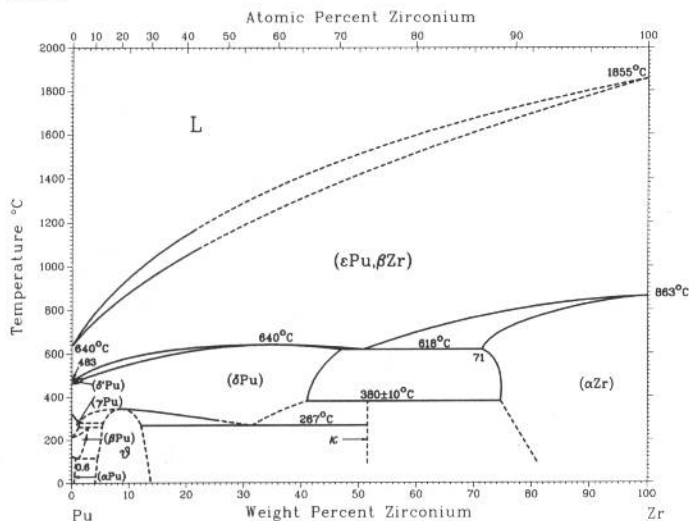
Pu-Zn



From [Chiotti]

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(εPu)	0 to 0.96	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(δ'Pu)	0	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(δPu)	0 to 1.1	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γPu)	0	<i>oF8</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
(βPu)	0	<i>mC34</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
(αPu)	0	<i>mP16</i>	<i>P2₁/m</i>
PuZn ₂	34.9	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
Pu ₃ Zn ₅₈	~52.5 to 55	<i>hP142</i>	<i>P6₃mc</i>
Pu ₃ Zn ₂₂	66	<i>tI100</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
Pu ₂ Zn ₁₇	69.5	<i>hR*</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
κ (HT)	~71	<i>hP*</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
κ (LT)	~71	<i>hP38</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
λ	~71.8	<i>hP*</i>	<i>P6₃22</i>
(Zn)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

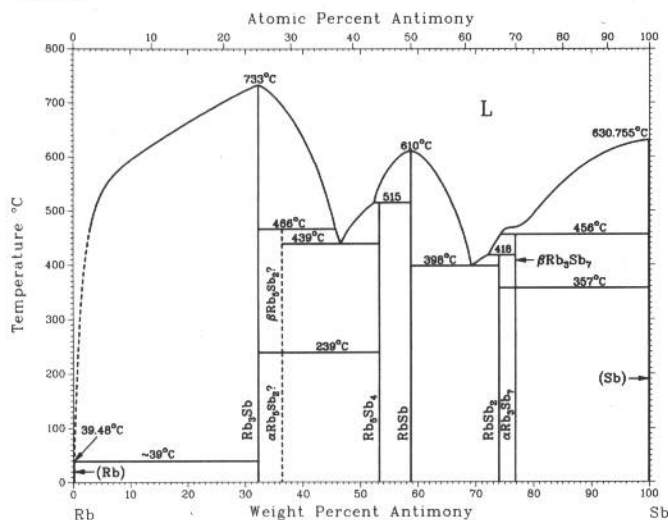
Pu-Zr



From [Elliott]

Phase	Composition, wt% Zr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(εPu, βZr)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(δ'Pu)	0 to 0.76	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(δPu)	0 to 47	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γPu)	0 to 1.1	<i>oF8</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
(βPu)	0 to 2.7	<i>mC34</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
(αPu)	0 to 0.57	<i>mP16</i>	<i>P2₁/m</i>
θ (or Pu ₄ Zr)	4 to 14	<i>tP80</i>	<i>P4/ncc</i>
κ (or Pu ₄ Zr ₃)	52	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
(αZr)	71 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

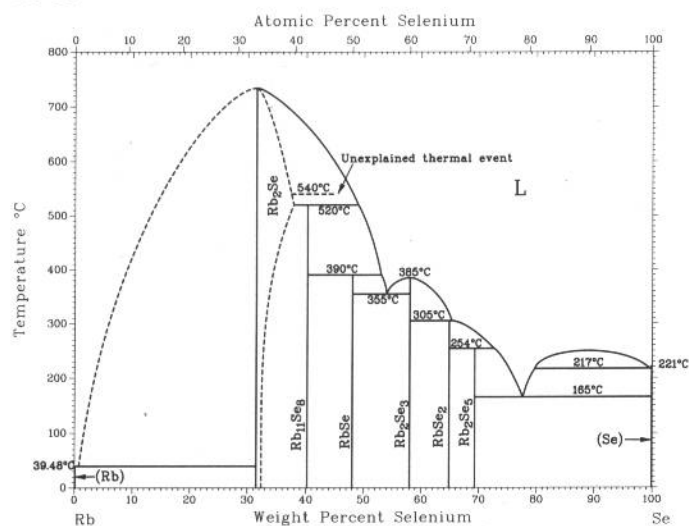
Rb-Sb



F.W. Dorn and W. Klemm, 1961

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Rb)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Rb ₃ Sb	30	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ <i>mm</i>
β Rb ₅ Sb ₂	36.3	...	...
α Rb ₅ Sb ₂	36.3	...	...
Rb ₅ Sb ₄	53.2	...	...
RbSb	58.8	<i>oP16</i>	<i>P2</i> ₁ <i>2</i> ₁ <i>2</i> ₁
RbSb ₂	74.0	...	...
β Rb ₃ Sb ₇	77	...	...
α Rb ₃ Sb ₇	77	...	...
(Sb)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$

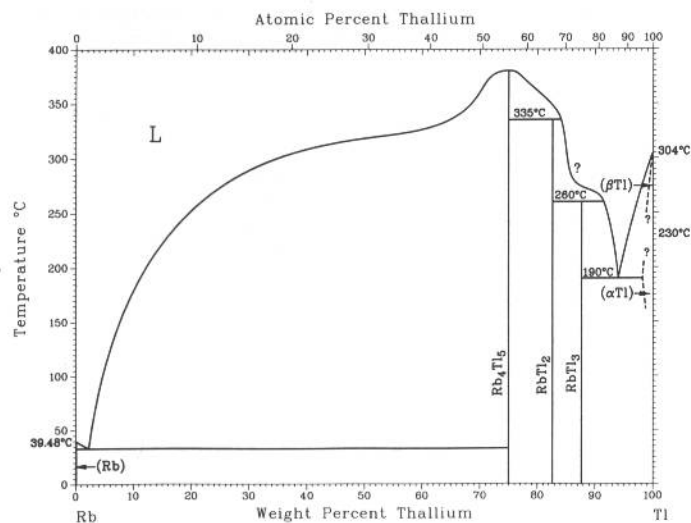
Rb-Se



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Rb)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Rb ₂ Se	31.6 to ~38	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Rb ₁₁ Se ₈	40.2	...	...
RbSe	48.0	...	...
Rb ₂ Se ₃	58	<i>oC20</i>	<i>Cmc</i> ₂ <i>1</i>
RbSe ₂	64.9	...	...
Rb ₂ Se ₅	69.8	<i>oP28</i>	<i>P2</i> ₁ <i>2</i> ₁ <i>2</i> ₁
(Se)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3</i> ₁ <i>2</i> ₁

Rb-Tl

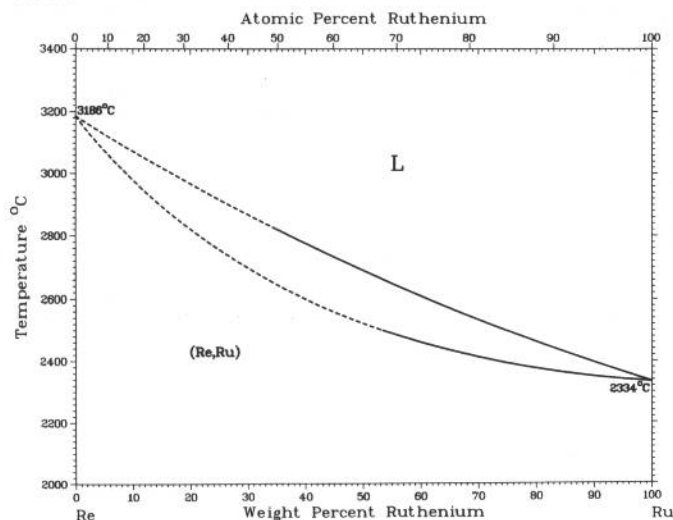


R. Thümmel and W. Klemm, 1970

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Rb)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Rb ₄ Tl ₅	74.9	...	...
RbTl ₂	82.7	...	...
RbTl ₃	88	...	...
(β Tl)	? to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(α Tl)	? to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ <i>mmc</i>

2•352/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

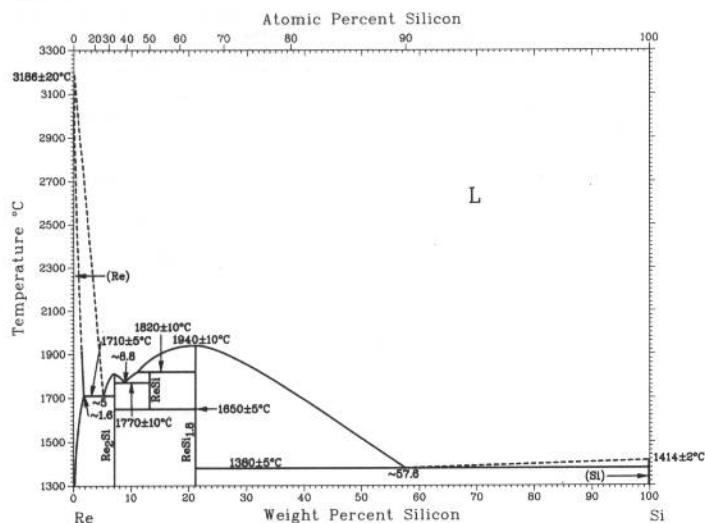
Re-Ru



E. Rudy, B. Kietter, and H. Froelich, 1962

Phase	Composition, wt% Ru	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Re,Ru)	0 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Re-Si

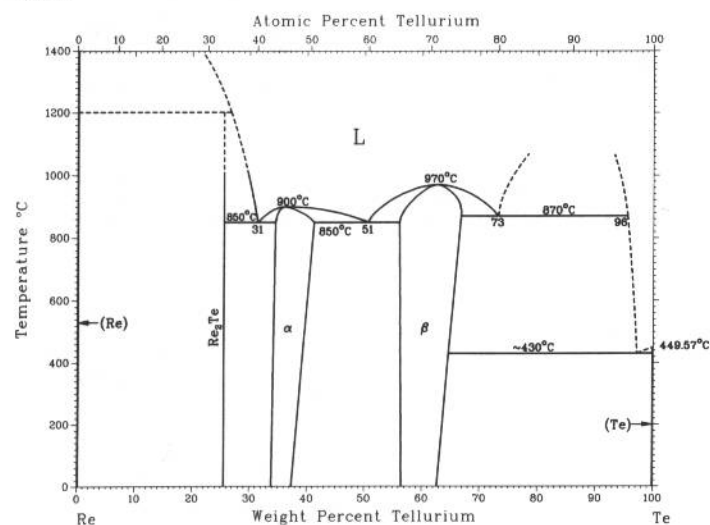


A.B. Gokhale and G.J. Abbaschian, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Re)	0 to ~1.6	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Re ₂ Si	7.0	(a)	<i>P2₁/b</i>
ReSi	13.1	<i>cP8</i>	<i>P2₁3</i>
ReSi _{1.8}	21.4	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(Si)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>

(a) Monoclinic

Re-Te

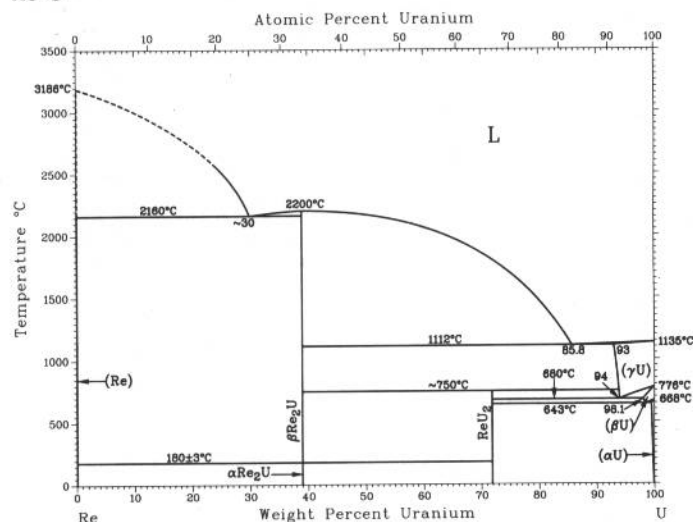


T.Kh. Kurbanov, R.A. Dovlyatshina, I.A. Dzhavodova, and F.A. Akhmenov, 1977

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Re)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Re ₂ Te	25.5	...	...
α	~33.9 to 42.1	...	...
β	~56.5 to 67	<i>oP84</i>	<i>Pbca</i>
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>

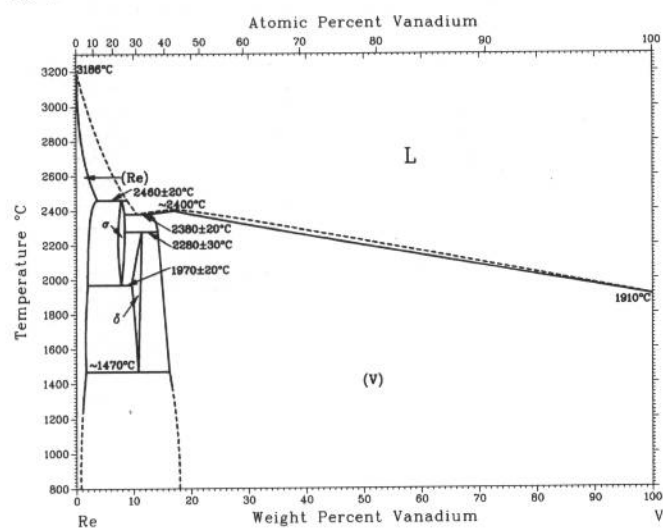
H. Okamoto, 1990

Re-U



Phase	Composition, wt% U	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Re)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Re ₂ U	39.0	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Re ₂ U	39.0	<i>oC24</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
ReU ₂	71.9	...	...
(γU)	93 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(βU)	98.1 to 100	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>
(αU)	~100	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>

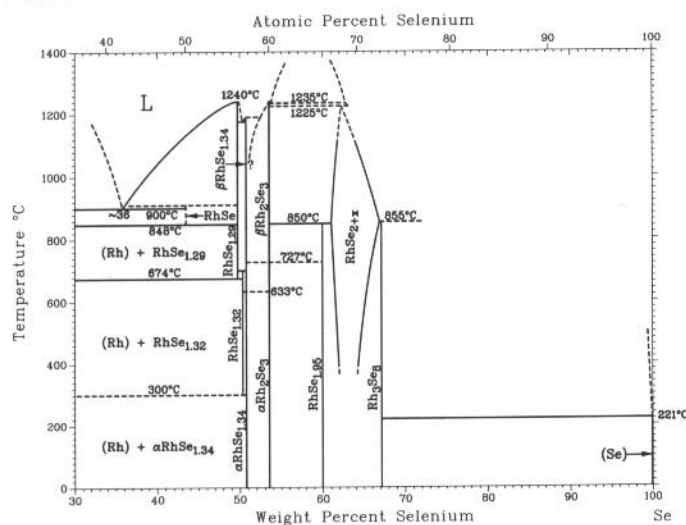
Re-V



J.F. Smith, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% V	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Re)	0 to 4	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
σ	~8.0 to 8.3	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>
δ	9.6 to 11.4	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}n$</i>
(V)	12.8 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>

Rh-Se

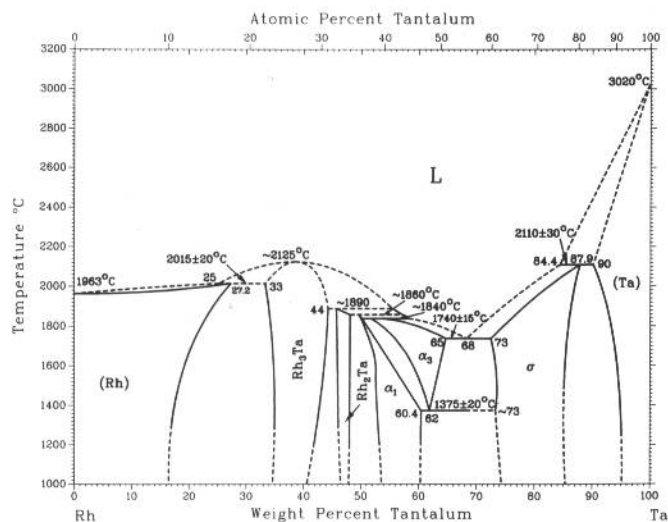


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Rh)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
RhSe	43.4	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
RhSe _{1.29}	49.7	...	...
RhSe _{1.32}	50.3	<i>o**</i>	...
βRhSe _{1.34}	50.7	...	...
αRhSe _{1.34}	50.7	<i>hP*</i>	...
βRh ₂ Se ₃	54	...	...
αRh ₂ Se ₃	54	<i>oP20</i>	<i>Pbcn</i>
RhSe _{1.95}	59.9	<i>oP24</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
RhSe _{2+x}	61.0 to 66.9	<i>cP12</i>	<i>Pa$\bar{3}$</i>
Rh ₃ Se ₈	67.1	<i>hR11</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}$</i>
(Se)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>

2-354/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

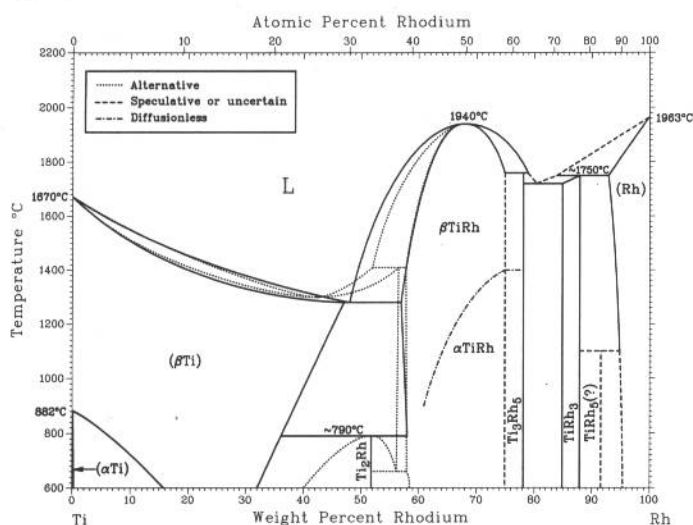
Rh-Ta



B.C. Giessen, H. Ibach, and N.J. Grant, 1964

Phase	Composition, wt% Ta	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Rh)	0 to 27.2	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Rh ₃ Ta	33 to 44	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Rh ₂ Ta	45 to 48	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
α ₃	54 to 65	...	...
α ₁	51 to 60.4	...	<i>Pmcm</i> ?
σ	73 to 87.9	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ / <i>mmm</i>
(Ta)	90 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

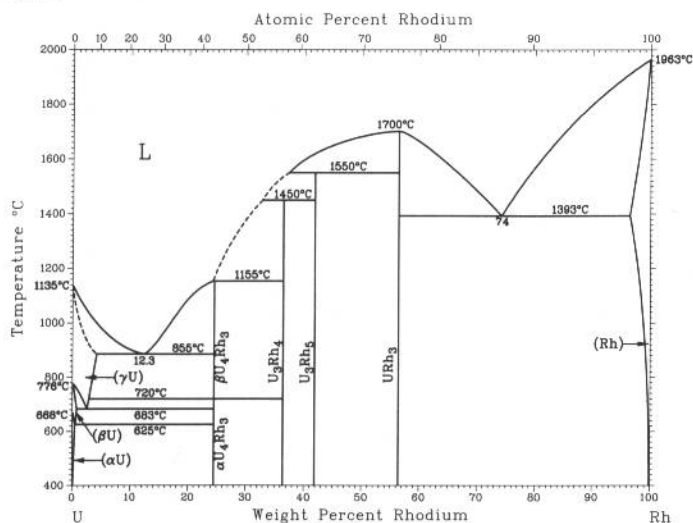
Rh-Ti



J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Rh	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi)	0 to 47	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αTi)	0 to 0.161	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Ti ₂ Rh	51.8	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
βTiRh	~57 to 75	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
αTiRh	~57 to 75	<i>tP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Ti ₃ Rh ₅	78.2	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pbam</i>
TiRh ₃	85 to 88	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
TiRh ₅	~91.7	...	...
(Rh)	93 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

Rh-U

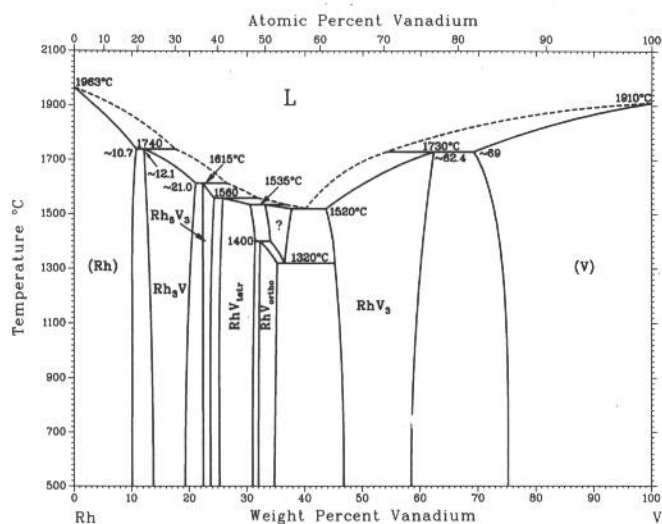


From [Ivanov]

Phase	Composition, wt% Rh	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γU)	0 to 0.41	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
(βU)	0 to 0.87	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ / <i>n</i> $\bar{2}$
(αU)	0 to 0.43	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
βU ₄ Rh ₃	25	...	...
αU ₄ Rh ₃	25	...	...
U ₃ Rh ₄	36	...	...
U ₃ Rh ₅	~42	...	...
URh ₃	57	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(Rh)	96 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

Rh-V

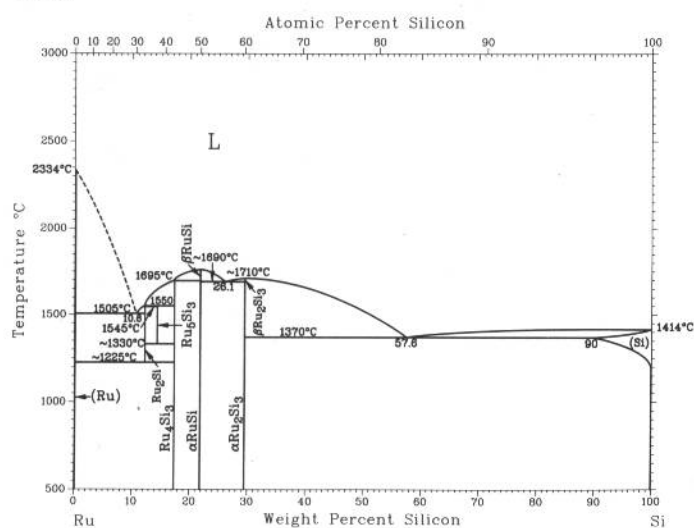
J.F. Smith, 1989



Phase	Composition, wt% V	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Rh)	0 to ~10.7	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Rh ₃ V	~12.1 to ~21.0	cP4	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
Rh ₅ V ₃	~23 to 24.3	oC16	<i>Cm</i> 2 <i>m</i> or <i>Cm</i> <i>c</i> <i>m</i>
RhV _{tetr}	25.2 to 31	tP4	<i>P4</i> / <i>mmm</i>
RhV _{ortho}	32 to 35.2	oC8	<i>Cmmm</i>
RhV ₃	44 to ~62.4	cP8	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>n</i>
(V)	~69 to 100	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

Ru-Si

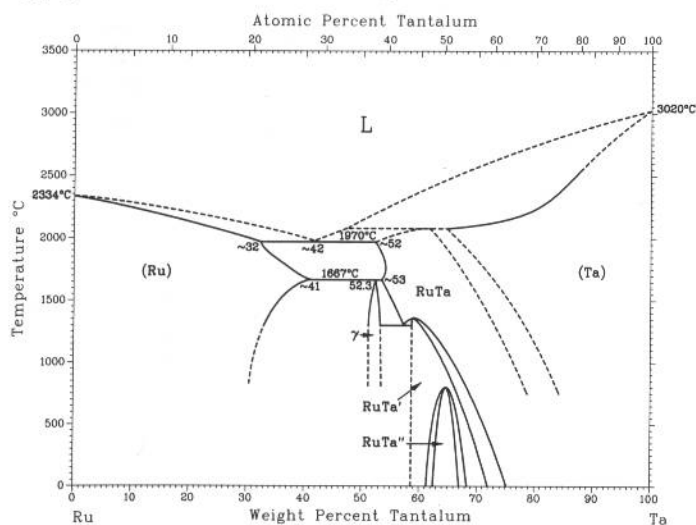
H. Okamoto, 1990



Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ru)	0	hP2	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Ru ₂ Si	12.2	oP12	<i>Pnma</i>
Ru ₅ Si ₃	14.3	oP16	<i>Pbam</i>
Ru ₄ Si ₃	17.3	oP28	<i>Pnma</i>
β RuSi	21.7	cP2	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
α RuSi	21.7	cP8	<i>P2</i> ₁ <i>3</i>
β Ru ₂ Si ₃	29	tP80	<i>P4c</i> 2
α Ru ₂ Si ₃	29	oP40	<i>Pbcn</i>
(Si)	90 to 100	cF8	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

Ru-Ta

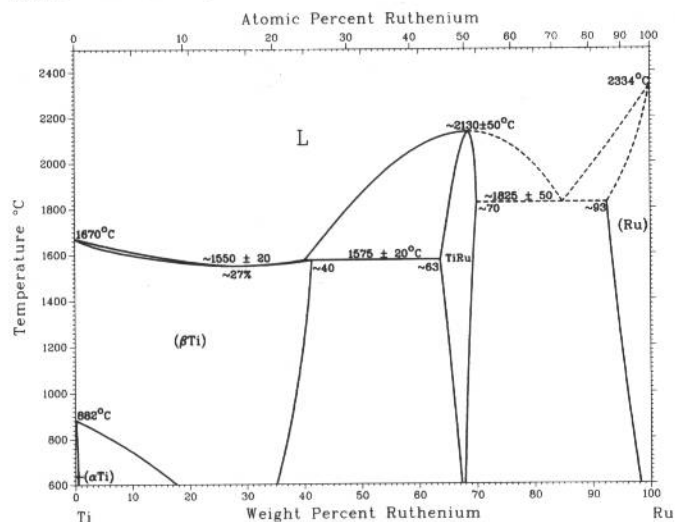
H. Okamoto, 1991



Phase	Composition, wt% Ta	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ru)	0 to ~41	hP2	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
γ	~52.3	c**	...
RuTa	~52.3 to ?	cP2	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
RuTa'	~58 to 73	tP2	<i>P4</i> / <i>mmm</i>
RuTa''	~62 to 67	oC4	<i>Cmmm</i>
(Ta)	65 to 100	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

2•356/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

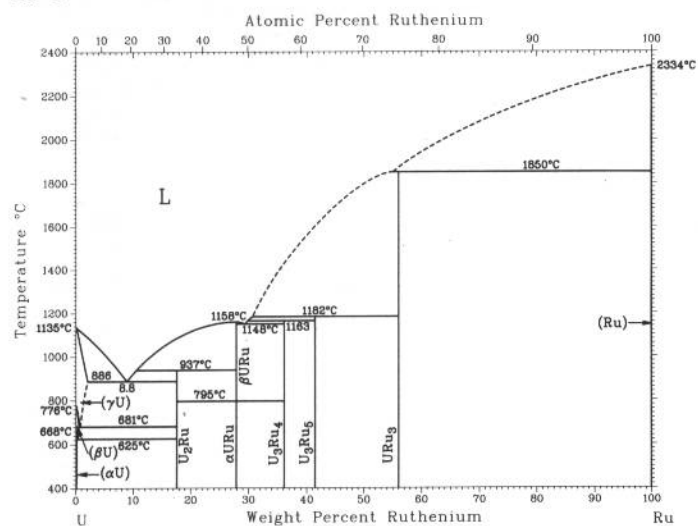
Ru-Ti



J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Ru	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi)	0 to ~40	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTi)	0 to >0.2	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
TiRu	~63 to ~70	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Ru)	~93 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Metastable phases			
(α''Ti)	...	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
(α'''Ti)	...	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
ω	...	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmm$

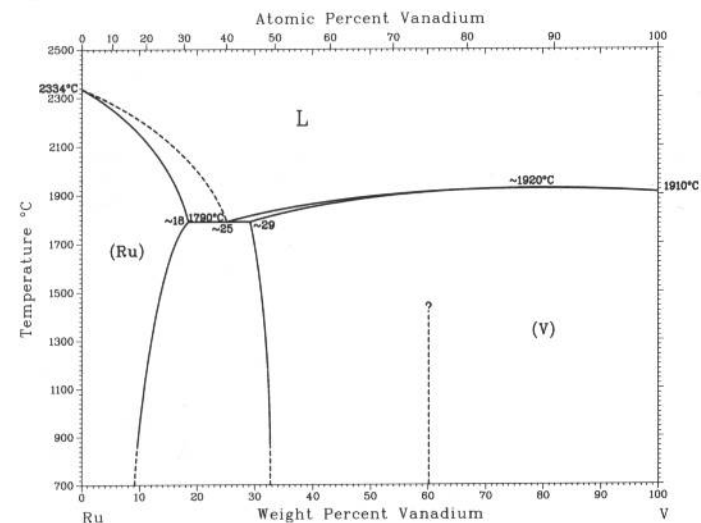
Ru-U



P. Chiotti, V.V. Akhachinskij, I. Ansara, and M.H. Rand, 1982

Phase	Composition, wt% Ru	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γU)	0 to 2.0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βU)	0 to 0.86	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4</i> $\bar{2}/mnm$
(αU)	~0	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
U ₂ Ru	17.5	<i>mP12</i>	<i>P2</i> $\bar{1}/m$ or <i>P2</i> $\bar{1}/m$
URu	27.5	...	...
U ₃ Ru ₄	36	...	...
U ₃ Ru ₅	41.4	...	...
URu ₃	56	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Ru)	98 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

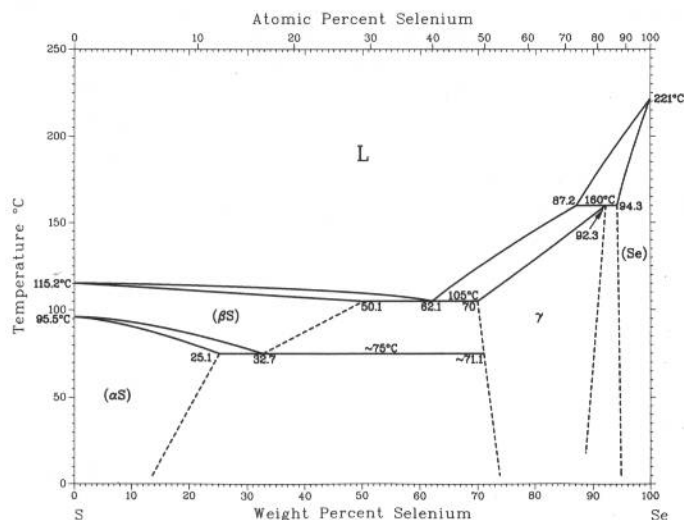
Ru-V



J.F. Smith, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% V	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ru)	0 to ~18	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
RuV	33.5	<i>t**</i>	...
RuV	~29 to 60	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(V)	60 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

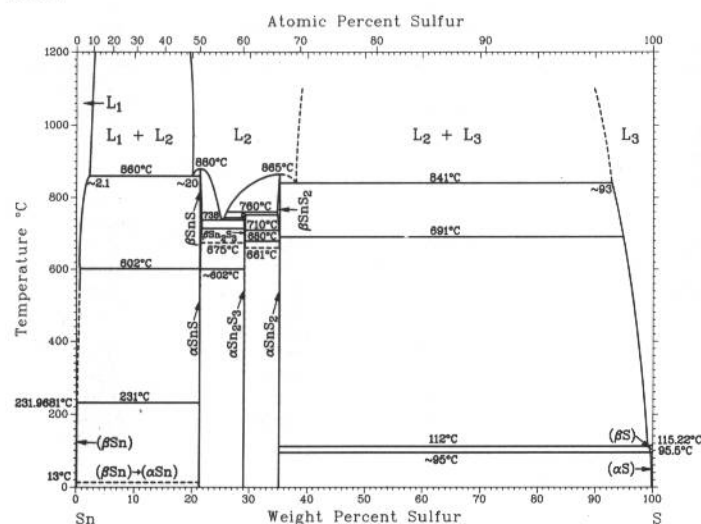
S-Se



R.C. Sharma and Y.A. Chang, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βS)	0 to 50.1	<i>mP*</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
(αS)	0 to 25.1	<i>oF128</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
γ	70 to 92.3	(a)	...
(Se)	94.3 to 100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>
High-pressure phase			
$S_{0.555}Se_{0.445}$	66.4	(b)	<i>P3₁ or P3₂</i>
(a) Monoclinic. (b) Trigonal			

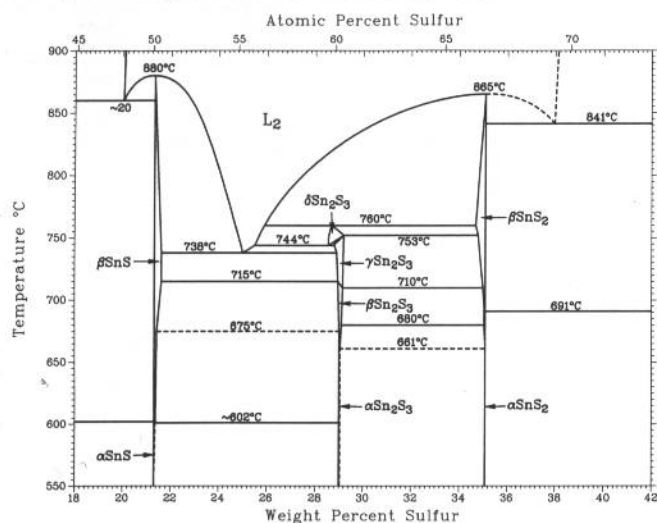
S-Sn

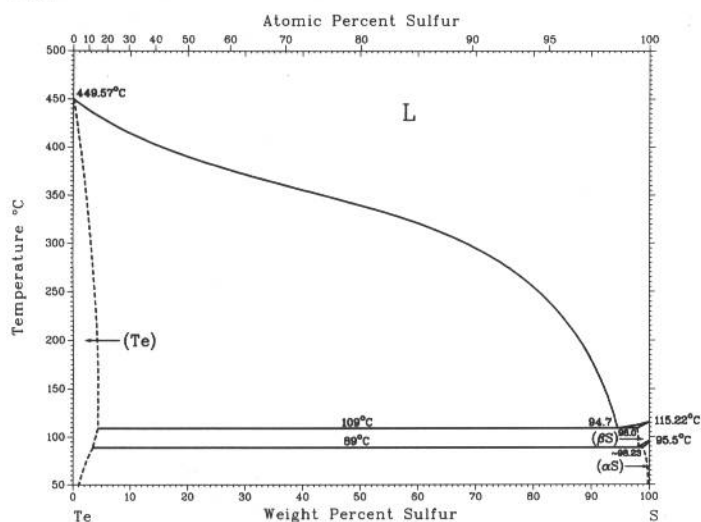


R.C. Sharma and Y.A. Chang, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βSn)	0	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
βSnS	21.3	<i>cC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
αSnS	21.3	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
δSn ₂ S ₃	29	...	...
γSn ₂ S ₃	29	...	...
βSn ₂ S ₃	29	...	...
αSn ₂ S ₃	29	<i>oP20</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
SnS ₂	35.1	<i>hP*</i>	<i>P6₃mc</i>
Metastable phases			
SnS (thin film)	21.3	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
Sn ₄ S ₅	25.3	...	...
Sn ₃ S ₄	26.4	<i>t**</i>	...

S-Sn phase diagram between 18 and 35 wt%





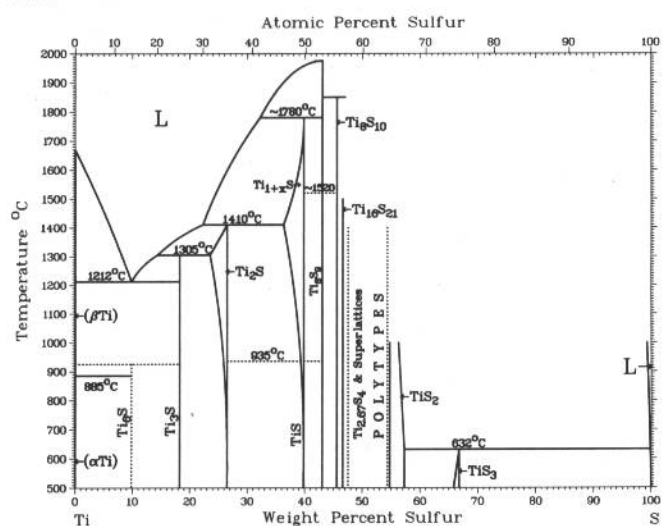
D.T. Li, R.C. Sharma, and Y.A. Chang, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Te)	0 to 40.3	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>
Te ₇ S ₁₀ (a)	...	(b)	...
(βS)	98.0 to 100	<i>mP*</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
(αS)	~98.23 to 100	<i>oF128</i>	<i>Fddd</i>

(a) High-pressure phase. (b) Pseudo-orthorhombic

(a) High-pressure phase. (b) Pseudo-orthorhombic

S-Ti

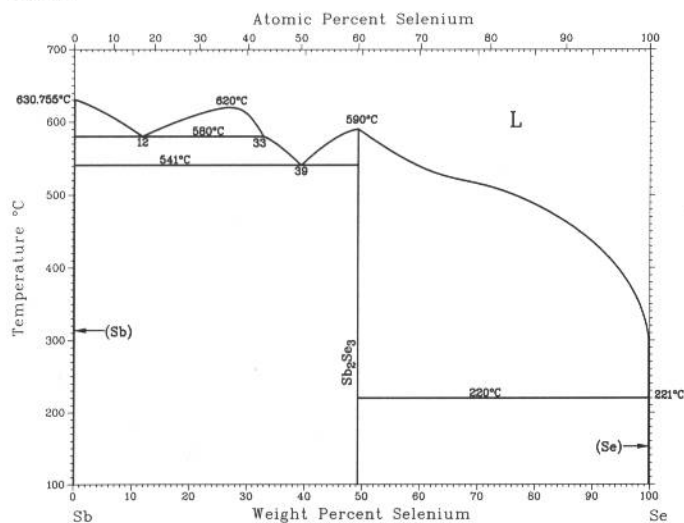


J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% S	Pearson symbol	Space group
(β Ti)	0 to 0.007	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Ti)	0 to 0.013	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
Ti ₆ S	~10	(a)	...
Ti ₃ S	18	<i>r*24</i>	...
Ti ₂ S	23 to 27	(b)	...
Ti _{1+x} S	36 to 39.8	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6m2</i>
TiS	~39.8	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
Ti ₈ S ₉	~42.6	<i>hR18</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ti ₈ S ₁₀	~45.6	<i>hP18</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
Ti ₁₆ S ₂₁	~45.6	<i>hR37.1</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Ti _{2.67} S ₄	47.9 to 51.6	<i>hP6.8</i>	<i>P6$_3$mc</i>
(4H) ₂	49.9 to 50.4	<i>mC40.14</i>	<i>Cc</i>
(4H) ₃	...	<i>mC59.8</i>	<i>Cc</i>
Ti ₇ S ₁₂	~53.1	<i>hR19.1</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
TiS ₂	54.8 to 57.3	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P$\bar{3}m$</i>
TiS ₃	~67	<i>mP8</i>	<i>P2$_1$/m</i>
(S)	100	<i>oF128</i>	<i>Fddd</i>

(a) Hexagonal. (b) Unknown low symmetry

Sb-Se

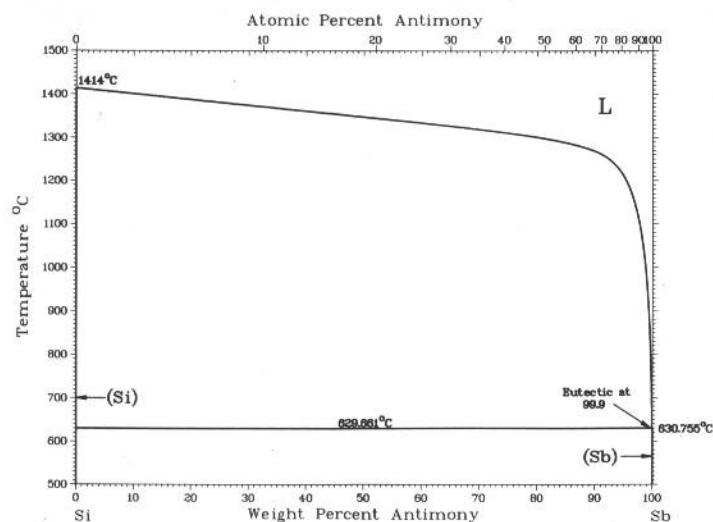


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Sb)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>
Sb ₂ Se ₃	49	<i>oP20</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(Se)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>

R.W. Olesinski and G.J. Abbaschian, 1985

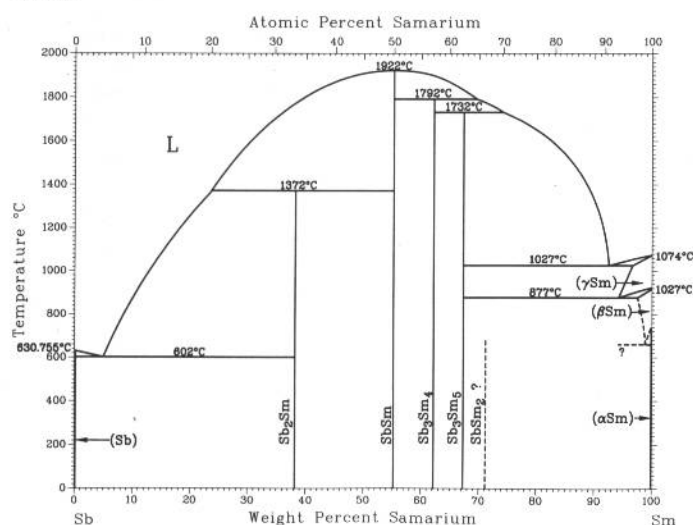
Sb-Si



Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Si)	0 to 0.09	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
(Sb)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>

Sb-Sm

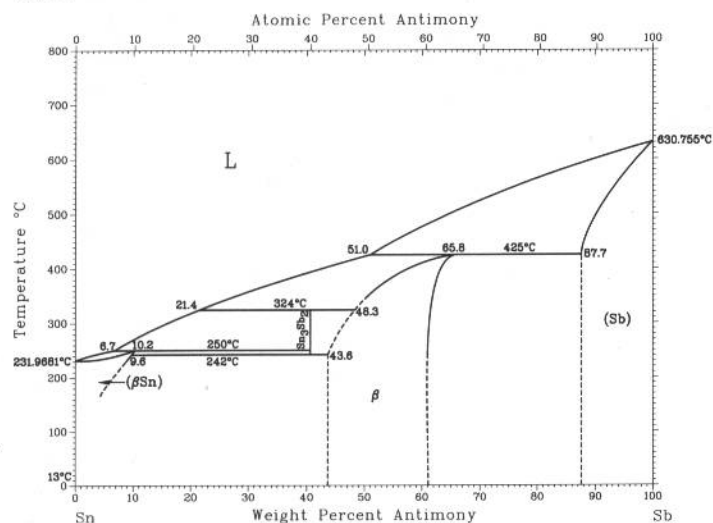
H. Okamoto, 1990



Phase	Composition, wt% Sm	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Sb)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>
Sb ₂ Sm	38.1	<i>oC24</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
SbSm	55.3	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
Sb ₃ Sm ₄	62.2	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I43d</i>
Sb ₃ Sm ₅	67.3	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P63/mcm</i>
SbSm ₂	71.2	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(γSm)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(βSm)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P63/mmc</i>
(αSm)	100	<i>hR3</i>	<i>R3m</i>

Sb-Sn

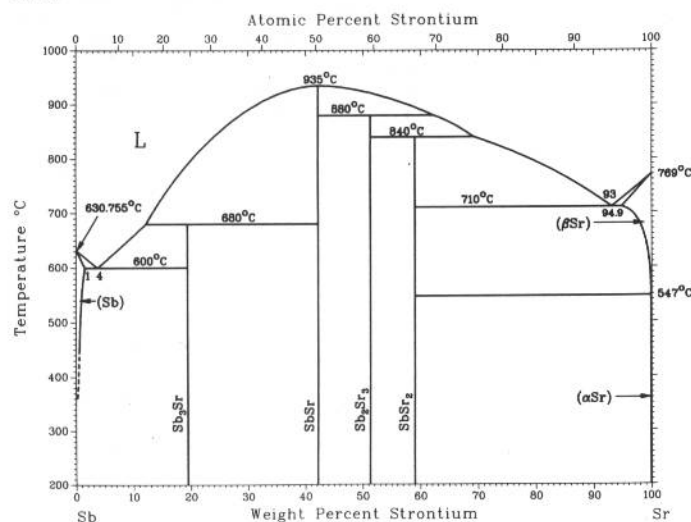
B. Predel and W. Schwermann, 1971



Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βSn)	0 to 9.6	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I41/amd</i>
Sn ₃ Sb ₂	43.6	...	...
β	43.6 to 65.8	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(Sb)	87.7 to 100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>

2•360/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

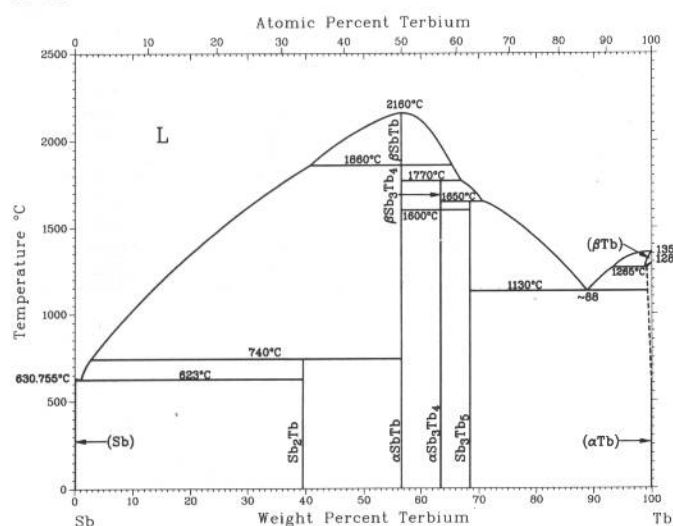
Sb-Sr



A.V. Vakhobov, Z.V. Niyazova, and B.N. Polev, 1975

Phase	Composition, wt% Sr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Sb)	0 to 1	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Sb ₃ Sr	19	...	...
SbSr	41.8	...	...
Sb ₂ Sr ₃	52	...	...
SbSr ₂	59	<i>tl12</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(β Sr)	94.9 to 100	<i>cl2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Sr)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

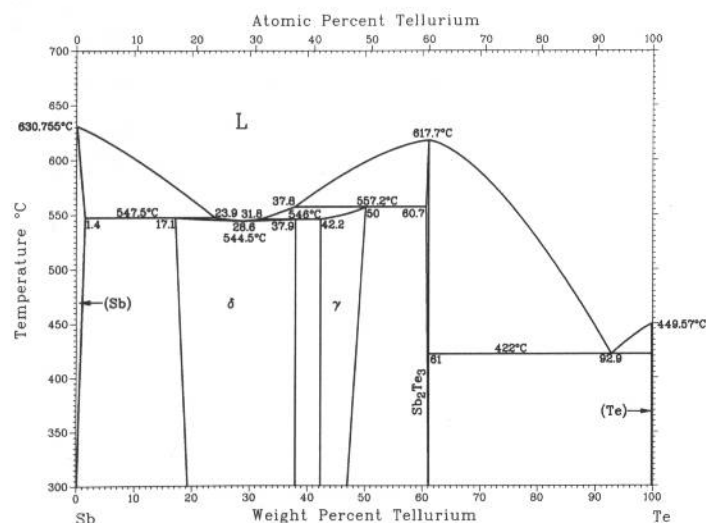
Sb-Tb



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Tb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Sb)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
Sb ₂ Tb	39.5	<i>oC24</i>	<i>Cmca</i>
β SbTb	56.6	...	...
α SbTb	56.6	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
β Sb ₃ Tb ₄	63.5	<i>cl28</i>	<i>I$\bar{4}3d$</i>
α Sb ₃ Tb ₄	63.5	...	...
Sb ₃ Tb ₅	68.5	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6$\bar{3}$/mcm</i>
(β Tb)	100	<i>cl2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Tb)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$\bar{3}$/mmc</i>

Sb-Te

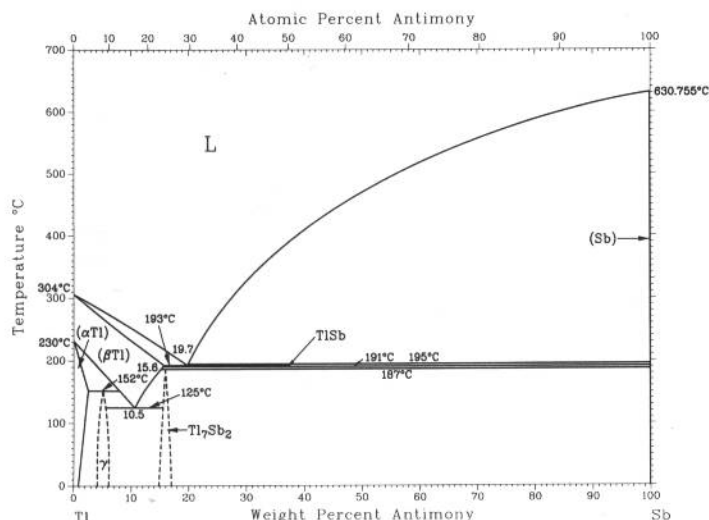


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Sb)	0 to 1.4	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
δ	17.1 to 37.9	...	...
γ	42.2 to 50	...	...
Sb ₂ Te ₃	60.7 to 61	<i>hR5</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3$\bar{1}21$</i>

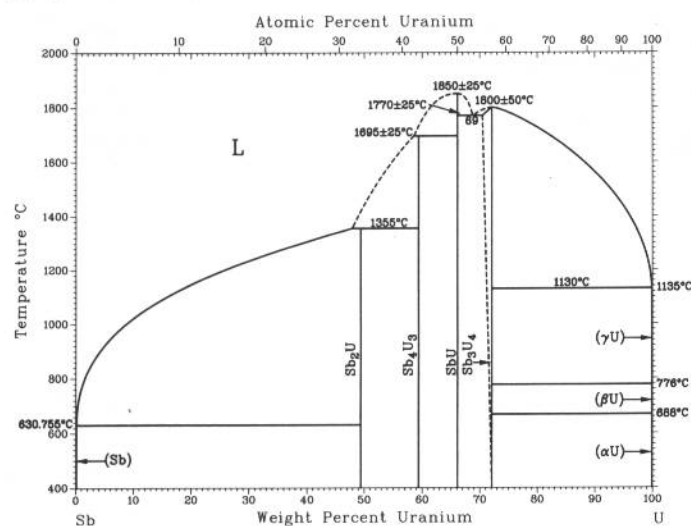
R.C. Sharma and Y.A. Chang, unpublished

Sb-Tl



Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTl)	0 to 15.6	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTl)	0 to 2	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
γ	4.0 to 6.0	<i>cF*</i>	...
Tl ₇ Sb ₂	14.7 to 16.9	<i>cI54</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
TlSb	37.3	...	...
(Sb)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$

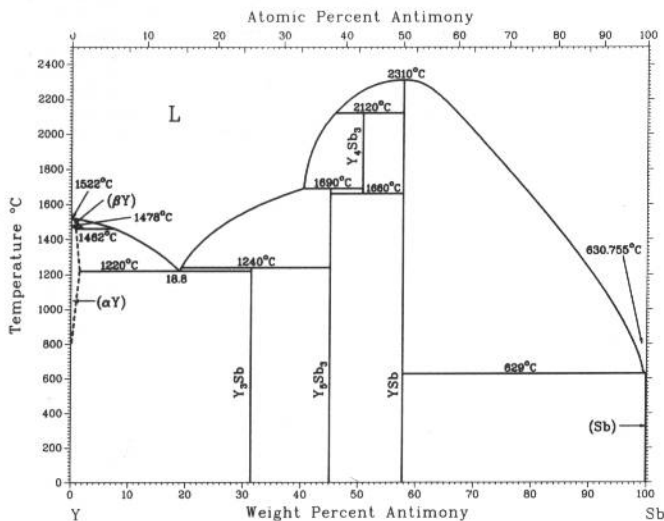
Sb-U



Phase	Composition, wt% U	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Sb)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
Sb ₂ U	49.4	<i>tP6</i>	<i>P4</i> $\bar{1}nm$
Sb ₄ U ₃ (a)	59.5	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}3d$
SbU	66.2	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Sb ₃ U ₄	72.2	...	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mcm$
(γU)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βU)	100	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4</i> $\bar{2}/mm$
(αU)	100	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>

(a) Evidence for ferromagnetic ordering of Sb₄U₃ has been presented.

Sb-Y

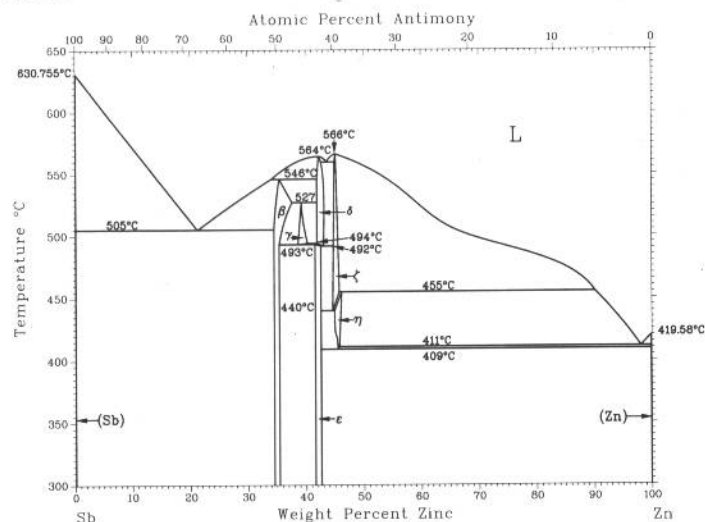


F.A. Schmidt and O.D. McMasters, 1970

Phase	Composition, wt% Sb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βY)	0 to 2.7	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αY)	0 to 1.4	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Y ₃ Sb	31	<i>tP32</i>	<i>P4</i> $\bar{2}/n$
Y ₅ Sb ₃	45.1	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mcm$
Y ₄ Sb ₃	50.7	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I</i> $\bar{4}3d$
YSb	57.8	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(Sb)	100	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$

2•362/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

Sb-Zn

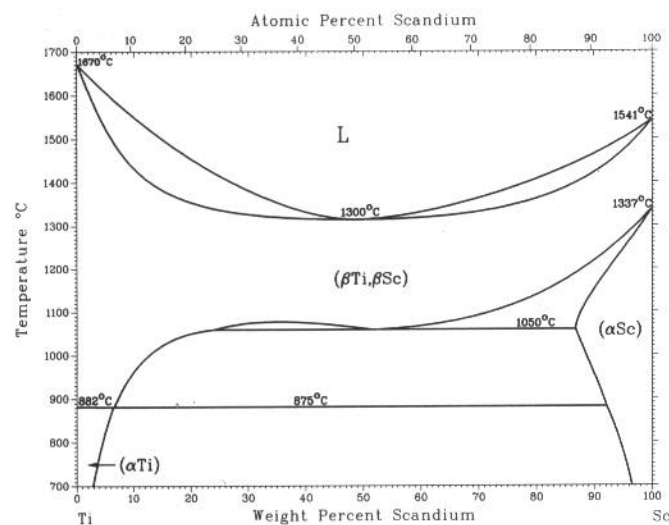


G. Vuillard and J.P. Piton, 1966; and T. Takei, 1927

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Sb)	0	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
β	~34.9 to ~38	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pbca</i>
γ	39 to 41	...	...
ϵ	42 to 43	(a)	...
δ	42 to ~43.1	(a)	...
ζ	45 to 46	<i>oI*</i>	...
η	45 to ~46	<i>oP30</i>	<i>Pmmn</i>
(Zn)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>

(a) Sb_3Zn_4 (δ, ϵ, η): *hR22* or *oP28* or *mC**?

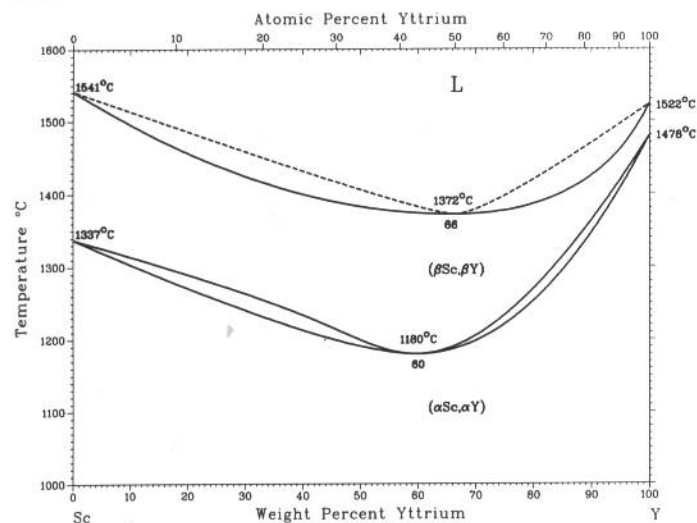
Sc-Ti



J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Sc	Pearson symbol	Space group
(β Ti, β Sc)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Ti)	0 to 7.4	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
(α Sc)	88.2 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>

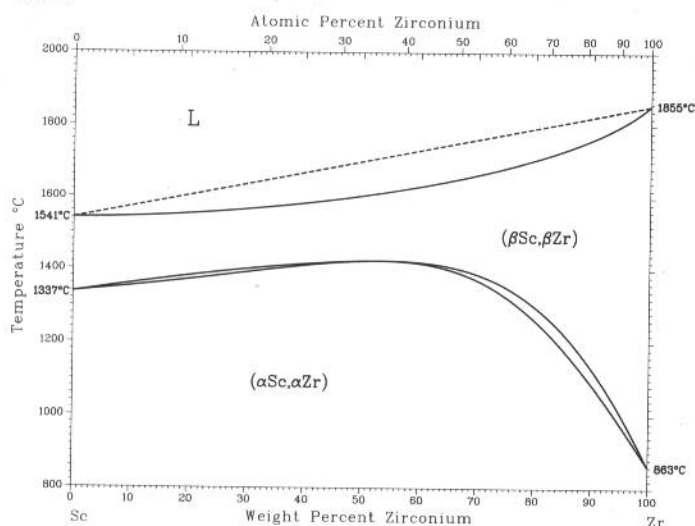
Sc-Y



K.A. Gschneidner, Jr. and F.W. Calderwood, 1983

Phase	Composition, wt% Y	Pearson symbol	Space group
(β Sc, β Y)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Sc, α Y)	0 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>

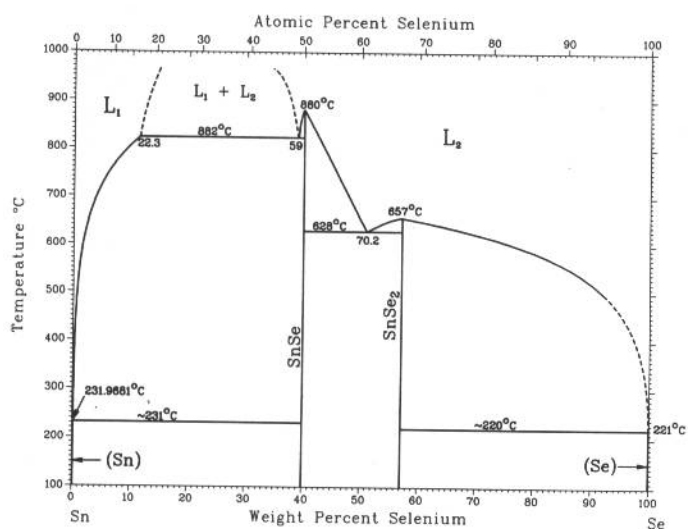
Sc-Zr



A. Palenzona and S. Cirafici, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Zr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βSc, βZr)	0 to 100	<i>cf2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αSc, αZr)	0 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

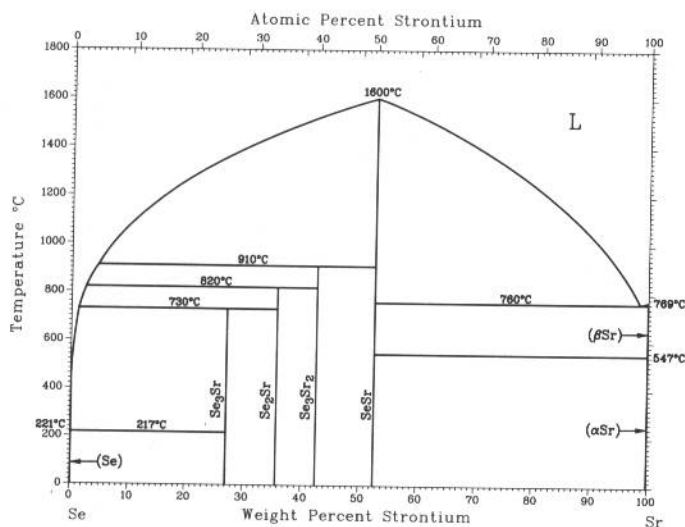
Se-Sn



R.C. Sharma and Y.A. Chang, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Sn)	0	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
SnSe	39.9	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
SnSe ₂	57.1	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁m1</i>
(Se)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>

Se-Sr

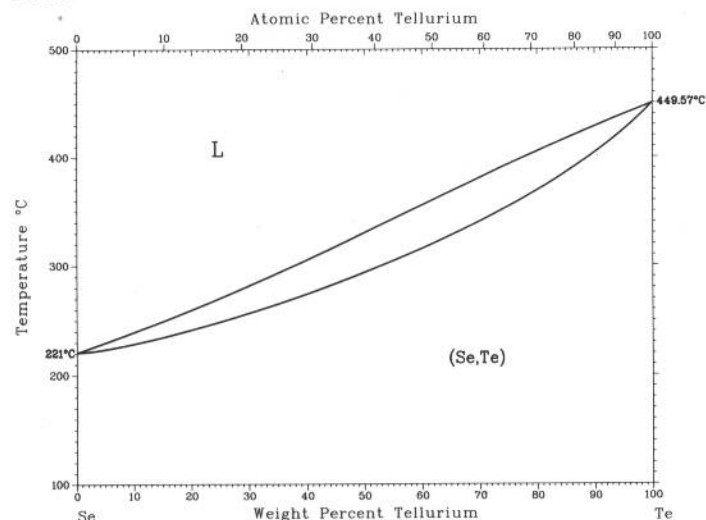


Yu.B. Lyskova and A.V. Vakhobov, 1975

Phase	Composition, wt% Sr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Se)	0	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>
Se ₃ Sr	27	...	...
Se ₂ Sr	35.7	...	...
Se ₃ Sr ₂	43	...	...
SeSr	52.6	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(βSr)	100	<i>cf2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αSr)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

2•364/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

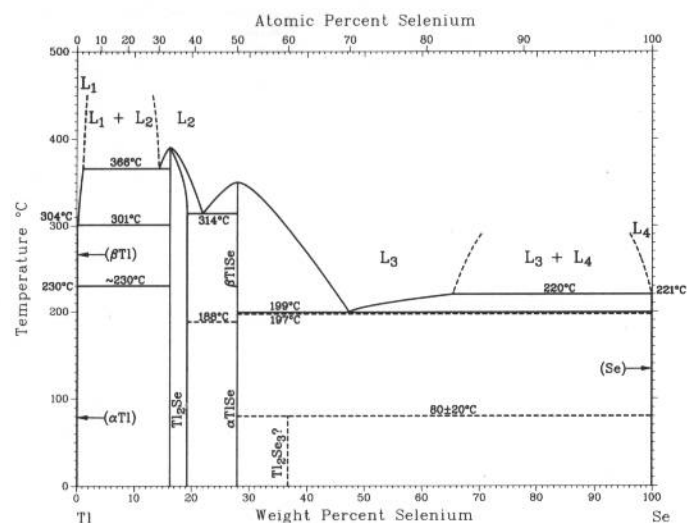
Se-Te



R.C. Sharma, D.T. Li, and Y.A. Chang, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Se,Te)	0 to 100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>

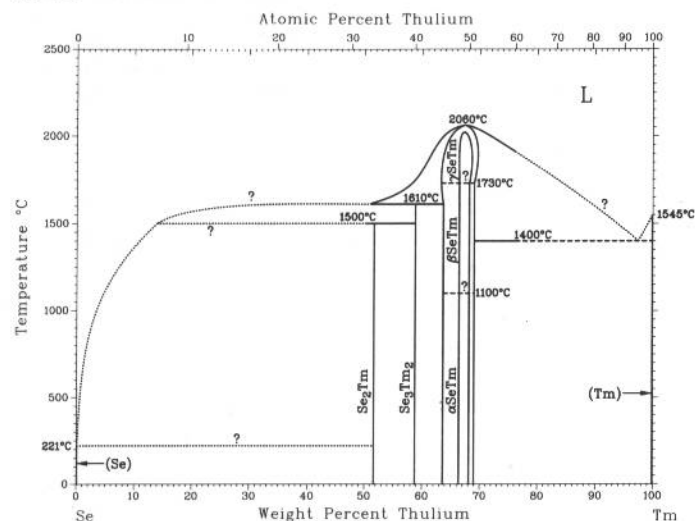
Se-Tl



G. Morgant, B. Legendre, S. Mareglier-Lacordaire, and C. Souleau, 1981

Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTl)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αTl)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Tl ₂ Se	16.5 to 19	<i>tP32</i>	<i>P4/ncc</i>
βTlSe	27.9	<i>tI16</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
αTlSe	27.9	...	...
Tl ₂ Se ₃ ?	37	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃mc</i>
(Se)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>

Se-Tm



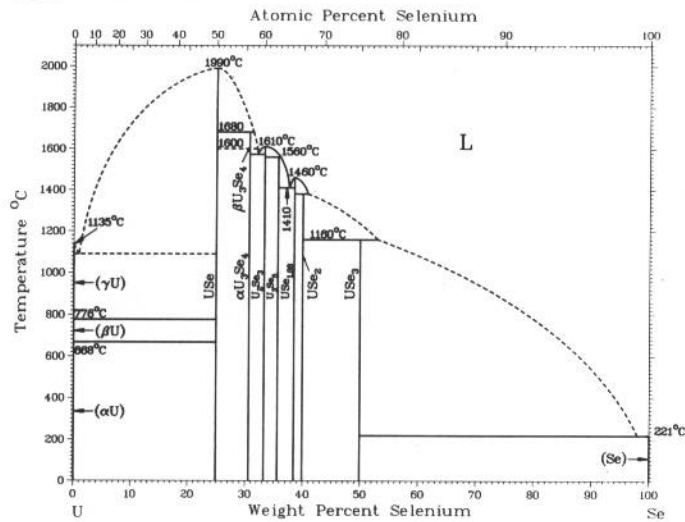
H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Tm	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γSe)	0	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>
Se ₂ Tm	51.6	<i>tP6</i>	<i>P4/nmm</i>
Se ₃ Tm ₂	59	<i>oF80</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
γSeTm	64 to 69	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
βSeTm	65 to 69	...	...
αSeTm	65 to 69	...	...
(Tm)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Note: "SeTm" is Se₆Tm₅ on the Se-rich side and SeTm_{1.05} on the Tm-rich side.

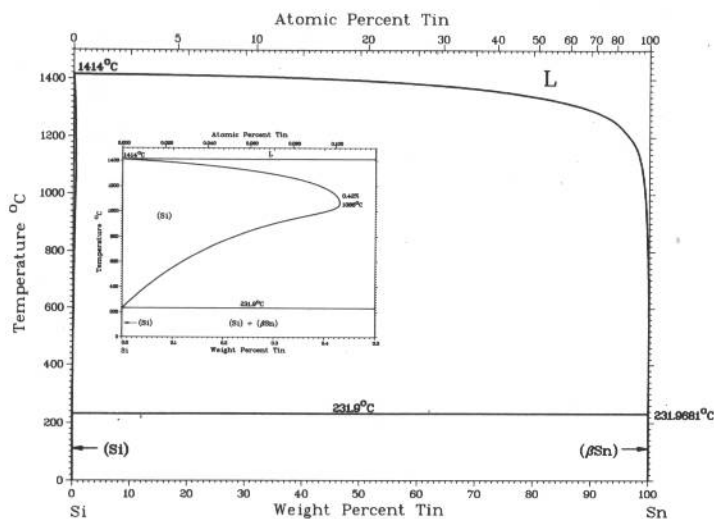
G.V. Ellert, V.G. Sevast'yanov, and V.K. Slovyanskikh, 1975

Se-U



Phase	Composition, wt% Se	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γU)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(βU)	0	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mm</i>
(αU)	0	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
USE	24.9	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
βU ₃ Se ₄	31	...	...
αU ₃ Se ₄	31	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I43d</i>
U ₂ Se ₃	33	<i>oP20</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
U ₃ Se ₅	35.6	<i>oP32</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
USE _{1.88}	38.4	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P6₃/m</i>
USE ₂	39.9	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
USE ₃	49.9	<i>mP8</i>	<i>P2₁/m</i>
(Se)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>

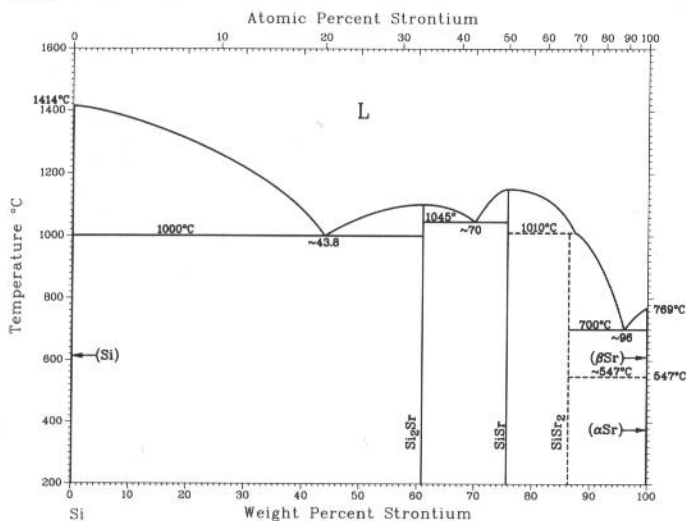
Si-Sn



R.W. Olesinski and G.J. Abbaschian, 1984

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Si)	0 to 0.42	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
(βSn)	100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(αSn)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>

Si-Sr



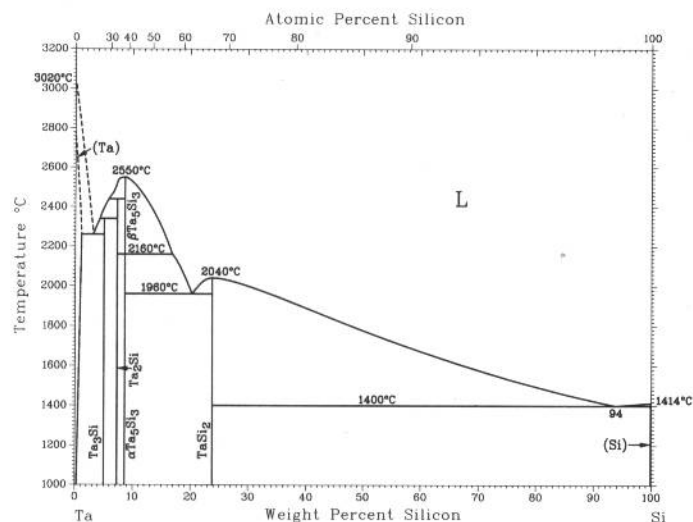
V.P. Itkin and C.B. Alcock, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Sr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Si)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
Si ₂ Sr	60.9	<i>cP12</i>	<i>P4₃32</i>
SiSr	75.7	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
SiSr ₂	86.2	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(βSr)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αSr)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
Other possible phases			
Si ₇ Sr ₄	64.0 to 68(a)	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
αSiSr	75.7	<i>oI40</i>	<i>Immm</i>
Si ₃ Sr ₅	83.9	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4cm</i>
High-pressure, metastable phase			
Si ₂ Sr(II)	60.9	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>

(a) Possible speculative homogeneity range

2•366/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

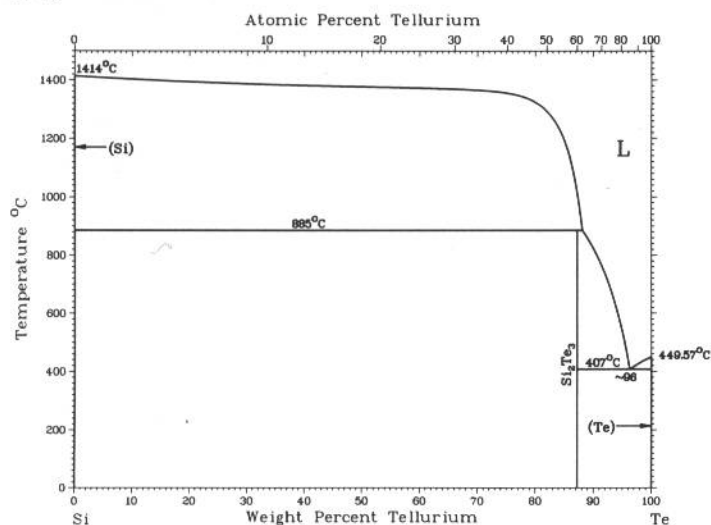
Si-Ta



M.E. Schlesinger, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt % Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ta)	0 to ~1	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Ta ₃ Si	5	<i>tP32</i>	<i>P4</i> ₂ / <i>n</i>
Ta ₂ Si	7.2	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4/m</i>
β-Ta ₅ Si ₃	8.5	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
α-Ta ₅ Si ₃	8.5	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
TaSi ₂	23.7	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P6</i> ₂ <i>22</i>
Si	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
Metastable phases			
Ta _{4.5} Si	3.5	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Ta ₅ Si ₃	8.5	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mcm</i>

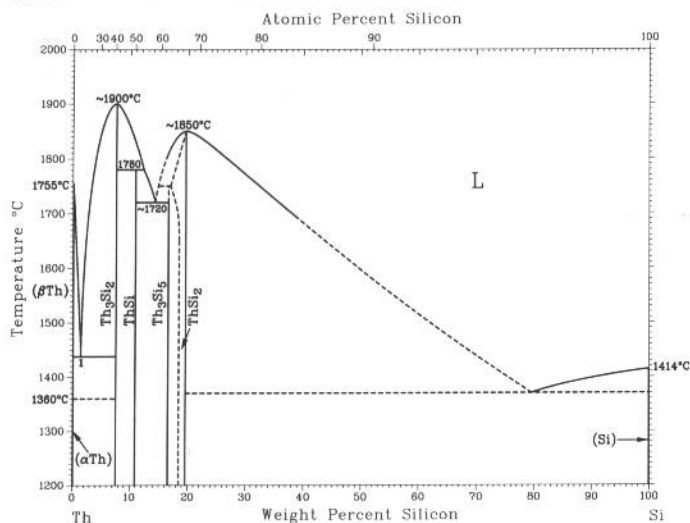
Si-Te



T.G. Davey and E.H. Baker, 1980

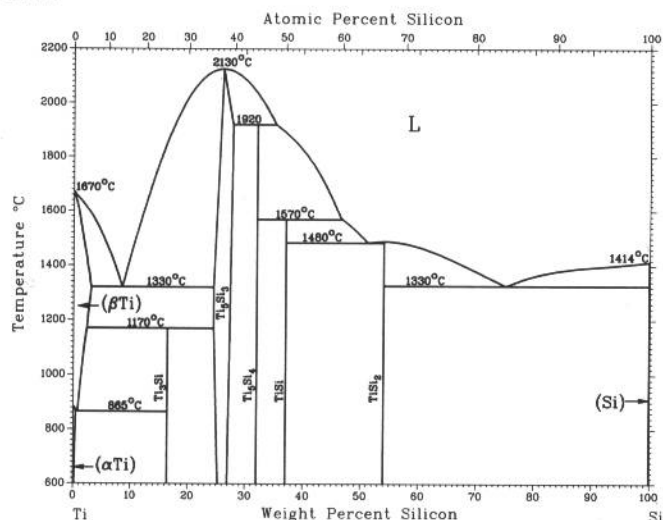
Phase	Composition, wt % Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Si)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
Si ₂ Te ₃	87	<i>hP40</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>1c</i>
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P</i> ₃ <i>121</i>

Si-Th



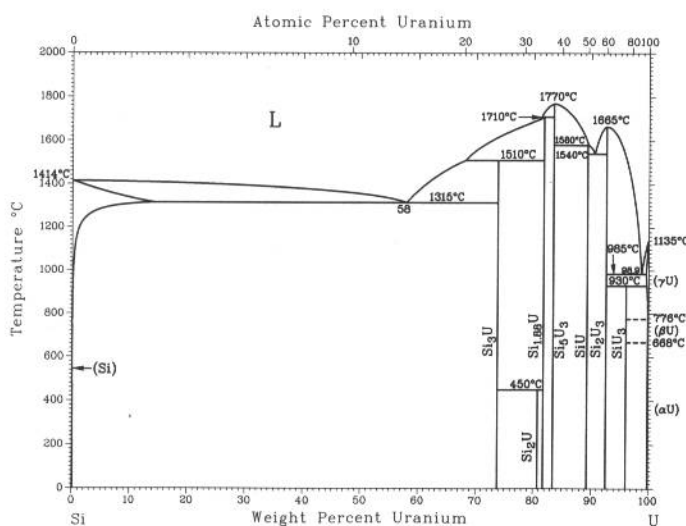
From [Thorium]

Phase	Composition, wt % Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTh)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTh)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Th ₃ Si ₂	8	<i>tP10</i>	<i>P4/mbm</i>
ThSi	10.8	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Th ₃ Si ₅	16.8	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mnm</i>
ThSi ₂	~18 to 19.5	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4</i> ₁ / <i>amd</i>
(Si)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$

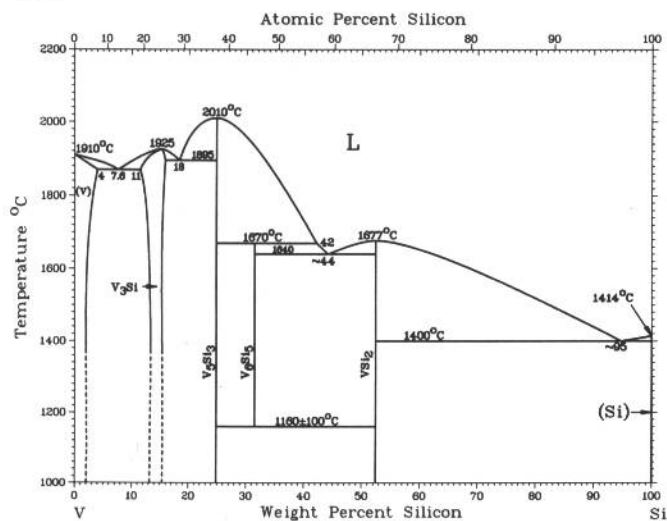


Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(β Ti)	0 to 2.1	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(α Ti)	0 to 0.3	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mmc</i>
Ti $_3$ Si	16	<i>tP32</i>	<i>P4$_2$/n</i>
Ti $_5$ Si $_3$	24.4 to 27.7	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6$_3$/mcm</i>
Ti $_8$ Si $_4$	31.9	<i>tP36</i>	<i>P4$_1$2$_1$2</i>
Ti $_6$ Si $_5$ (a)	32.9	(b)	...
TiSi	37.0	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pmm2</i>
		<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
TiSi $_2$	54.0	<i>oF24</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
(Si)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>

(a) Not shown in diagram. (b) Tetragonal, related to $\sigma(D8_8)$



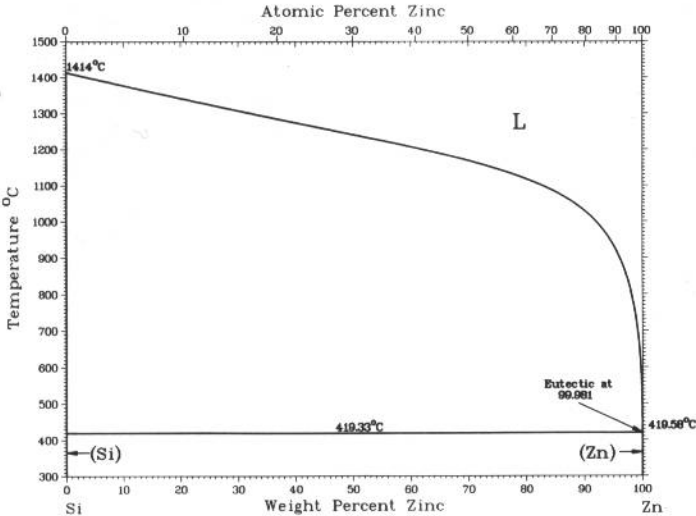
Phase	Composition, wt % U	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Si)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
Si ₃ U	74	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Si ₂ U	80.9	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
Si _{1.88} U	81.8	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
Si ₅ U ₃	83.6	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
SiU	89.4	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Si ₂ U ₃	93	<i>tP19</i>	<i>P4/mbm</i>
SiU ₃	96	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γU)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(βU)	100	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>
(αU)	100	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>



Phase	Composition, wt% Si	Pearson symbol	Space group
(V)	0 to 4	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
V ₃ Si	11 to ~15.9	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}n$</i>
V ₅ Si ₃	24.9	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
V ₅ Si ₃	(a)	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
V ₆ Si ₅	~31	<i>oI44</i>	<i>Immm</i>
VSi ₂	52.5	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P6₂22</i>
(Si)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

(a) Carbon-stabilized

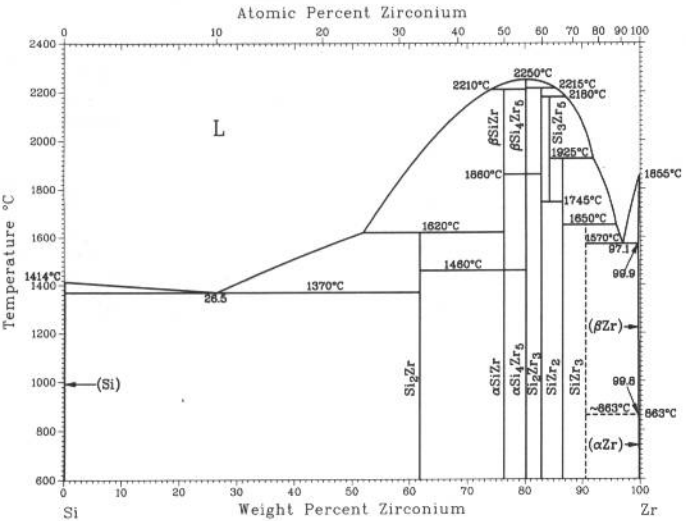
Si-Zn



R.W. Olesinski and G.J. Abbaschian, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Si)	0	cF8	$Fd\bar{3}m$
(Zn)	100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$

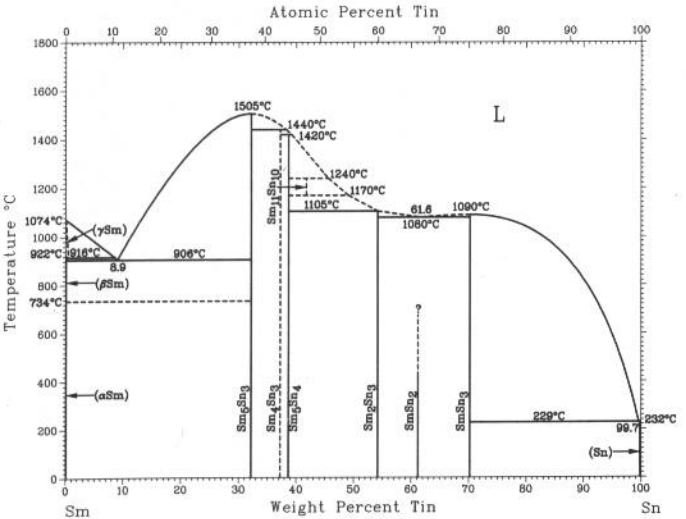
Si-Zr



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Zr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Si)	0	cF8	$Fd\bar{3}m$
Si ₂ Zr	61.9	oC12	$Cmcm$
βSiZr	76.5	oC8	$Cmcm$
αSiZr	76.5	oP8	$Pnma$
βSr ₄ Zr ₅	80.3	...	...
αSr ₄ Zr ₅	80.3	tP36	$P4_12_12$
Si ₂ Zr ₃	83	tP10	$P4/mbm$
Si ₃ Zr ₅	84.4	hP16	$P6_3/mcm$
SiZr ₂	86.7	tI12	$I4/mcm$
SiZr ₃	~91	tP32	$P4_2/n$
		tI32	$I4$
(βZr)	100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αZr)	100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$

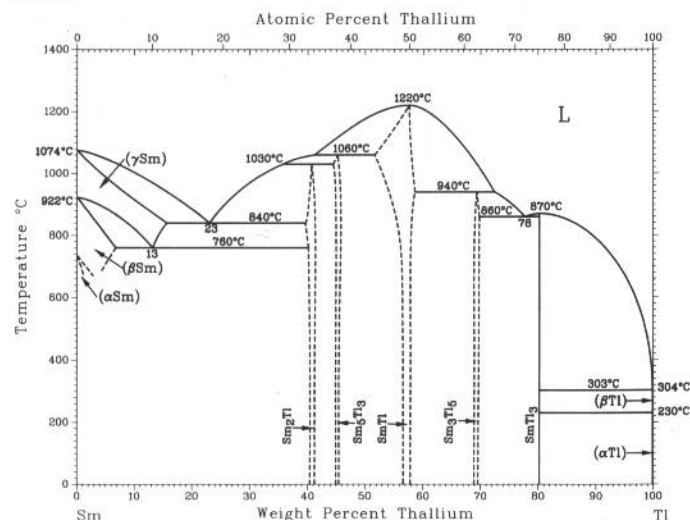
Sm-Sn



G. Borzone, A. Borseese, and R. Ferro, 1982

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γSm)	0 to 0.4	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(βSm)	0	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
(αSm)	0	hR3	$R\bar{3}m$
Sm ₅ Sn ₃	32.1	hP16	$P6_3/mcm$
Sm ₄ Sn ₃	37	cI28	$I43d$
Sm ₅ Sn ₄	38.8	oP36	$Pnma$
Sm ₁₁ Sn ₁₀	~42	tI84	$I4/mmm$
Sm ₂ Sn ₃	54	t**	...
SmSn ₂	61.3	...	...
SmSn ₃	70	cP4	$Pm\bar{3}m$
(βSn)	100	tI4	$I4_1/amd$
(αSn)	100	cF8	$Fd\bar{3}m$

Sm-Tl

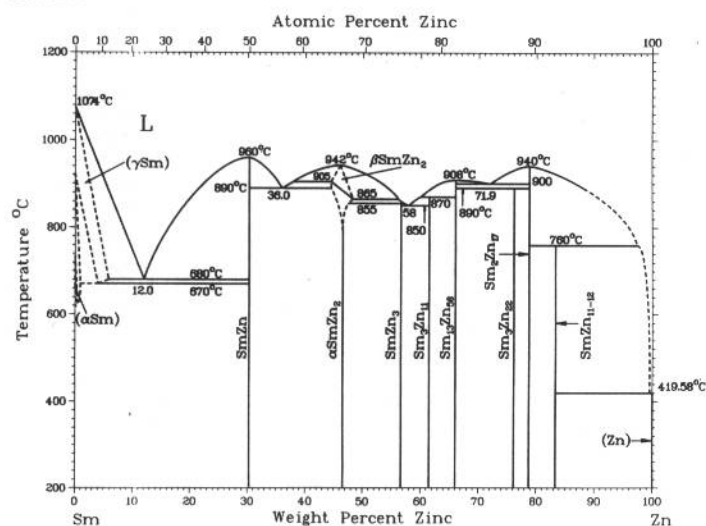


S. Delfino, A. Saccone, A. Palenzona, and R. Ferro, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βSm)	0 to ~3.4	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(αSm)	0 to ?	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γSm)	0 to ~16	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
Sm ₂ Tl	~40 to ~41	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Sm ₃ Tl ₃	~44 to ~45	<i>dI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
SmTl(a)	~52 to ~59	<i>tP2</i> (or <i>cI2</i>)	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i> <i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
SmTl(b)	~52 to ~59	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
Sm ₃ Tl ₅	~69 to ~70	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
SmTl ₃	80	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(βTl)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αTl)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

(a) Cubic structure presumed to be room- and high-temperature phases. (b) Tetragonal structure presumed to be low-temperature phase.

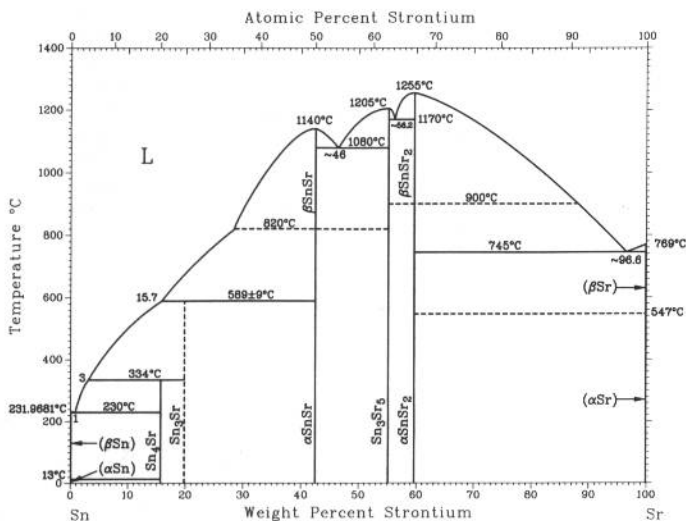
Sm-Zn



From [Moffatt]

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γSm)	0 to ?	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(βSm)	0 to ?	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(αSm)	0 to ?	<i>hR3</i>	<i>R$\bar{3}m$</i>
SmZn	30.3	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}m$</i>
βSmZn ₂	45.2 to 48	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
αSmZn ₂	~46.6	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
SmZn ₃	57	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Sm ₃ Zn ₁₁	~61.5	<i>oI28</i>	<i>Immm</i>
Sm ₁₃ Zn ₅₈	~66.2	<i>hP142</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Sm ₃ Zn ₂₂	76	<i>tI100</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
Sm ₂ Zn ₁₇	~78.8	...	...
SmZn ₁₁₋₁₂	83	<i>tI26</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(Zn)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Sn-Sr

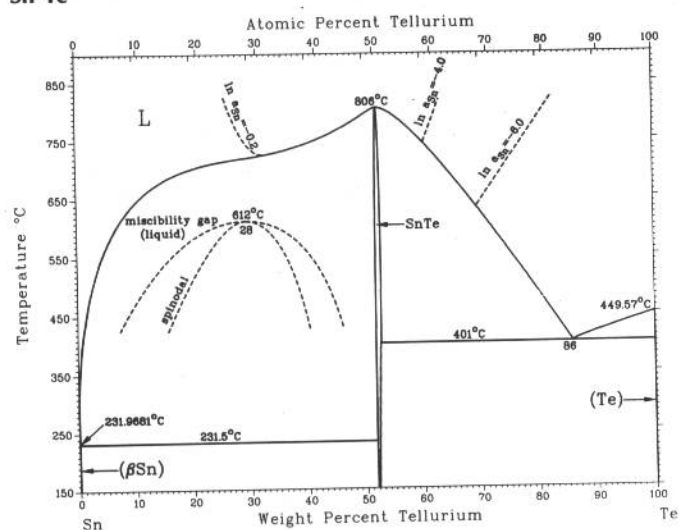


P.R. Subramanian, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Sr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βSn)	0	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(αSn)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
Sn ₄ Sr	15.6	...	...
Sn ₃ Sr	19.7	...	...
βSnSr	42.5	...	...
αSnSr	42.5	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Sn ₃ Sr ₅	55.2	<i>dI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
βSnSr ₂	59.6	...	...
αSnSr ₂	59.6	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(βSr)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αSr)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>

2•370/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

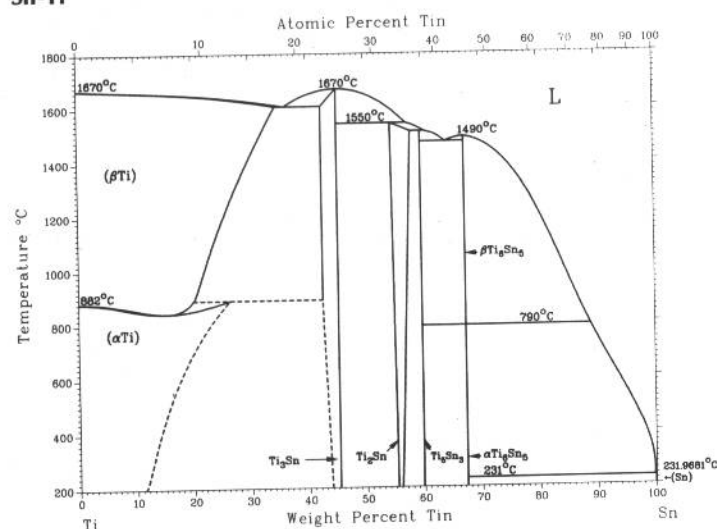
Sn-Te



R.C. Sharma and Y.A. Chang, 1986

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Sn)	~0	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
SnTe	51.8	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
SnTe(HP)	51.8	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>

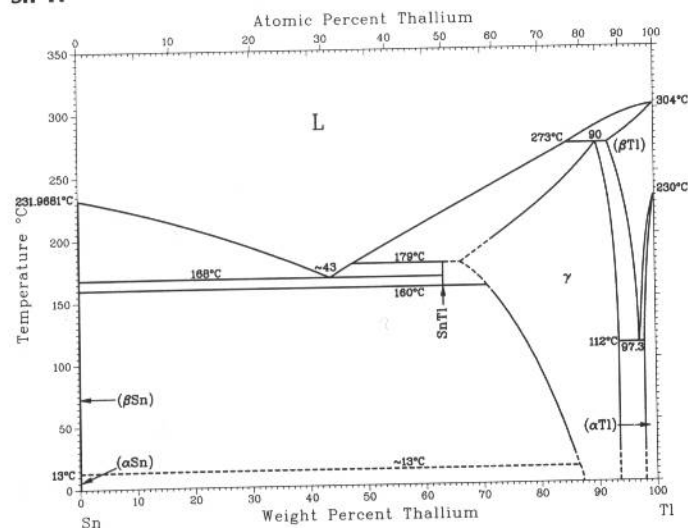
Sn-Ti



J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi)	0 to 34	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αTi)	0 to >16.7	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Ti ₃ Sn	43 to 45	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Ti ₂ Sn	54.6 to 58.1	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Ti ₅ Sn ₃	59.8	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
βTi ₆ Sn ₅	67.4	<i>hP22</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
αTi ₆ Sn ₅	67.4	<i>oI44</i>	<i>P3₁c</i>
(Sn)	99.99 to 100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>Immm</i>
			<i>I4₁/amd</i>

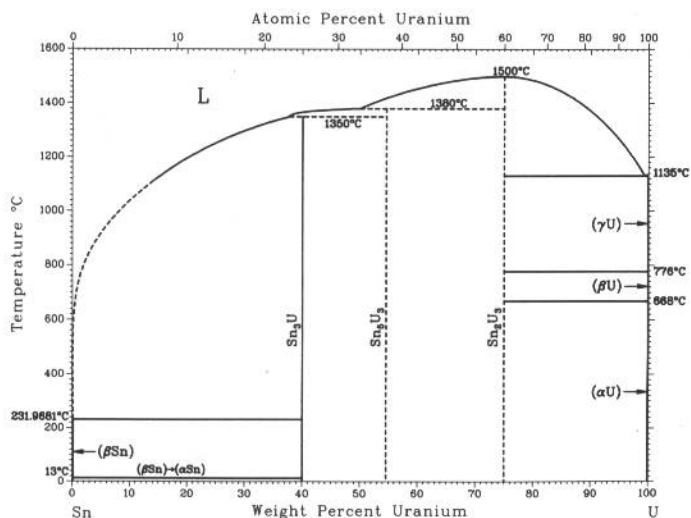
Sn-Tl



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βSn)	0	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(αSn)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
SnTl	63.3	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4₁/mmm</i>
γ	68 to 94	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(βTl)	92 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αTl)	98 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Sn-U

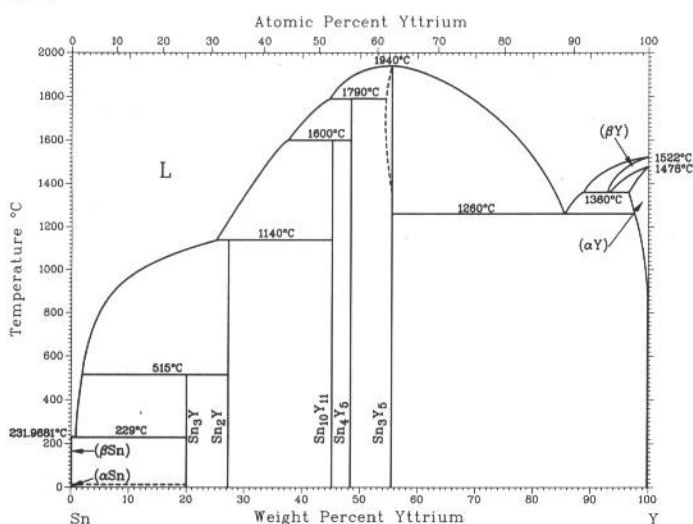


R.I. Sheldon, E.M. Foltyn, and D.E. Peterson, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% U	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βSn)	0	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(αSn)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
Sn ₃ U(a)	40.1	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
Sn ₅ U ₃	54.6	...	...
Sn ₃ U ₅	75.0	...	...
(γU)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(βU)	100	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mmn</i>
(αU)	100	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>

(a) No tendency to disorder was observed.

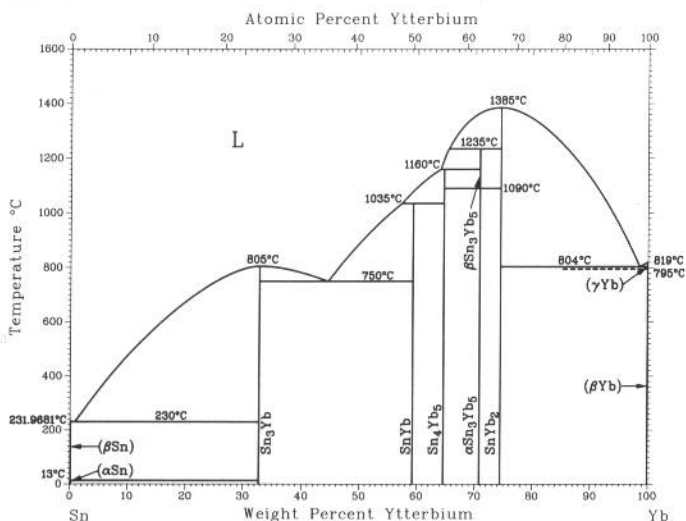
Sn-Y



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Y	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βSn)	0	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(αSn)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
Sn ₃ Y	20	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
Sn ₂ Y	27.2	<i>oC12</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
Sn ₁₀ Y ₁₁	45.2	<i>tI84</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
Sn ₄ Y ₆	48.4	<i>oP36</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Sn ₃ Y ₆	55.5	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
(βY)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αY)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

Sn-Yb

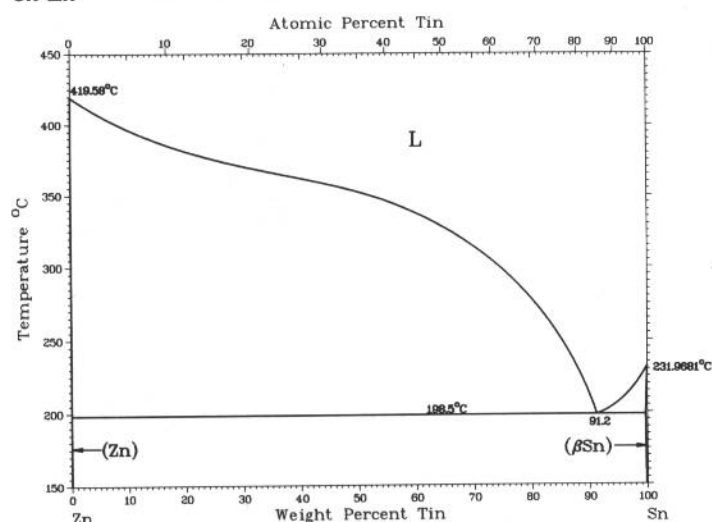


A. Palenzona and S. Cirafici, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Yb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βSn)	0	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(αSn)	0	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
Sn ₃ Yb	32.7	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
SnYb	59.3	<i>tP2</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
Sn ₄ Yb ₅	64.6	<i>oP36</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
βSn ₃ Yb ₅	70.8	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
αSn ₃ Yb ₅	70.8	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
SnYb ₂	74.5	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(γYb)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(βYb)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
(αYb)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

2•372/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

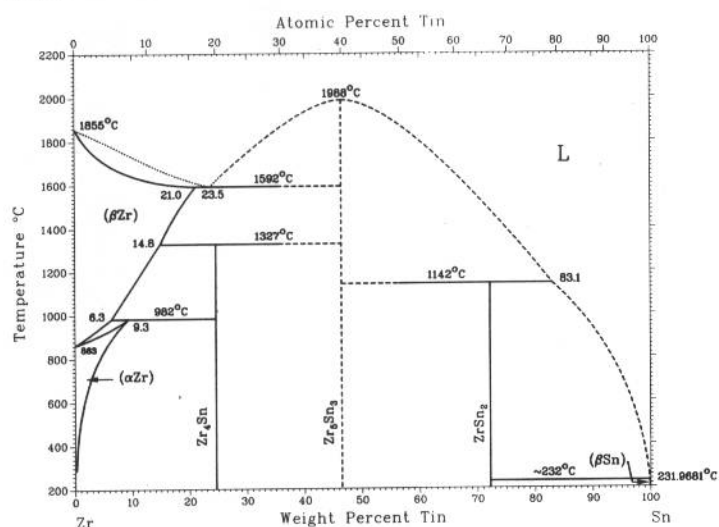
Sn-Zn



Z. Moser, J. Dutkiewicz, W. Gasior, and J. Salawa, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Zn)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βSn)	~100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>

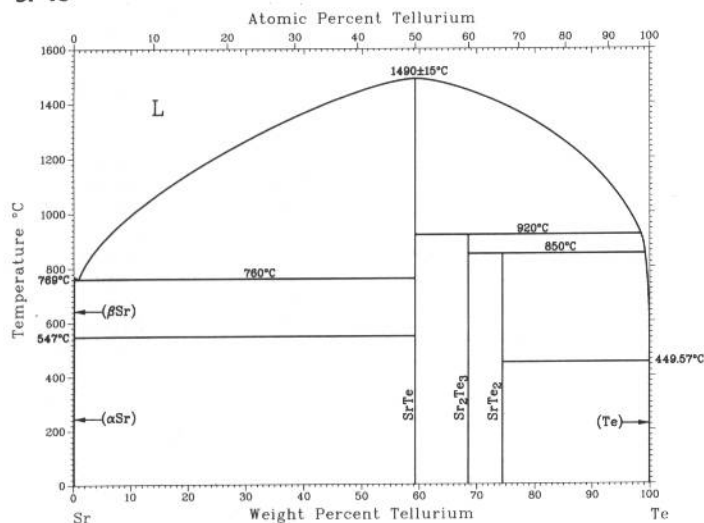
Sn-Zr



J.P. Abriata, J.C. Bolcich, and D. Arias, 1983

Phase	Composition, wt% Sn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βZr)	0 to 21.0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αZr)	0 to 9.3	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
Zr ₄ Sn	~25	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm$\bar{3}n$</i>
Zr ₃ Sn ₃	40 to ~47	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
ZrSn ₂	72.8	<i>oF24</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
(βSn)	100	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
(αSn)	100	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd$\bar{3}m$</i>
Possible additional phase			
Zr ₃ Sn ₄	~52	<i>hP18</i>	...

Sr-Te

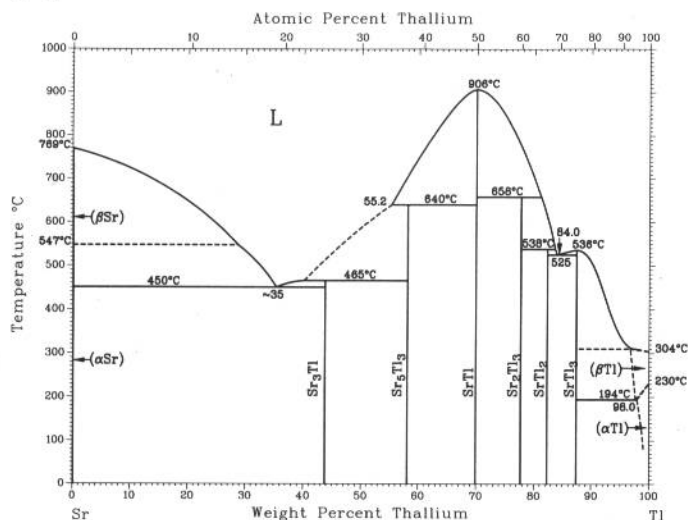


Yu.B. Lyskova and A.V. Vakhobov, 1975

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βSr)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αSr)	0	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
SrTe	59.3	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
Sr ₂ Te ₃	69	...	...
SrTe ₂	74.5	...	...
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>

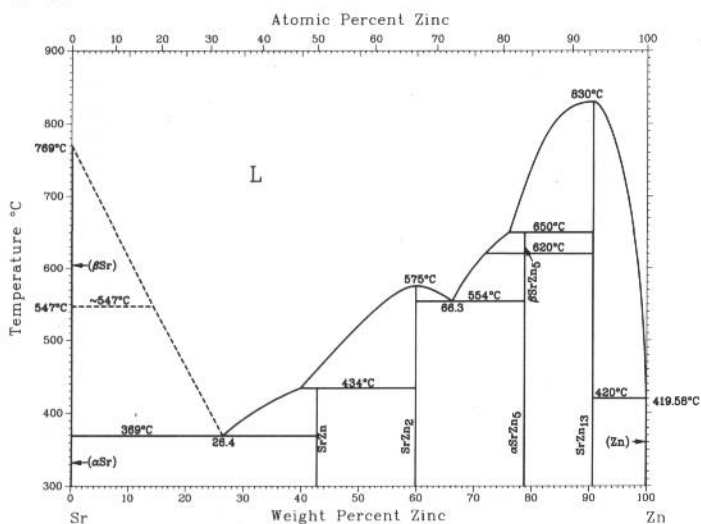
H. Okamoto, 1990

Sr-Tl



Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βSr)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αSr)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
Sr ₃ Tl	44	...	...
Sr ₅ Tl ₃	58.3	<i>I</i> 32	$I4/mcm$
SrTl	70.0	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
Sr ₂ Tl ₃	78	...	...
SrTl ₂	82.4	<i>h</i> P6	$P6_3/mmc$
SrTl ₃	88	...	...
(βTl)	? to 100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αTl)	98.0 to 100	<i>h</i> P2	$P6_3/mmc$

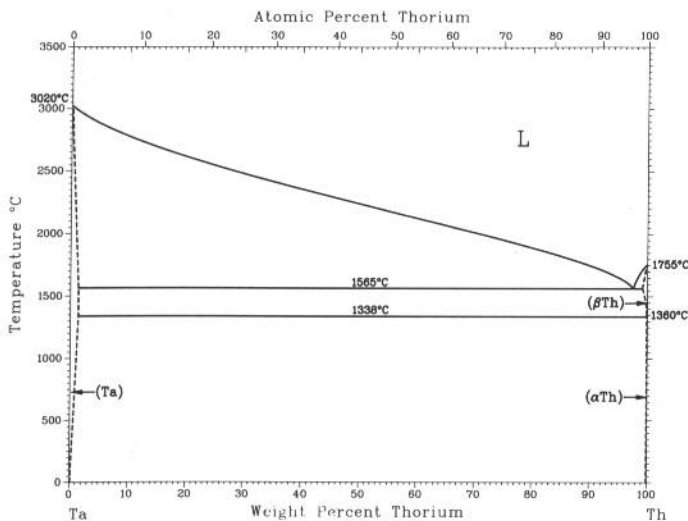
Sr-Zn



P.R. Subramanian, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βSr)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αSr)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
SrZn	42.7	<i>o</i> P8	$Pnma$
SrZn ₂	59.9	<i>o</i> I12	$Imma$
SrZn ₅ (HT)	78.8	<i>h</i> P6	$P6/mmm$
SrZn ₅ (LT)	78.8	<i>o</i> P24	$Pnma$
SrZn ₁₃	~90.7	cF112	$Fm\bar{3}c$
(Zn)	100	<i>h</i> P2	$P6_3/mmc$

Ta-Th

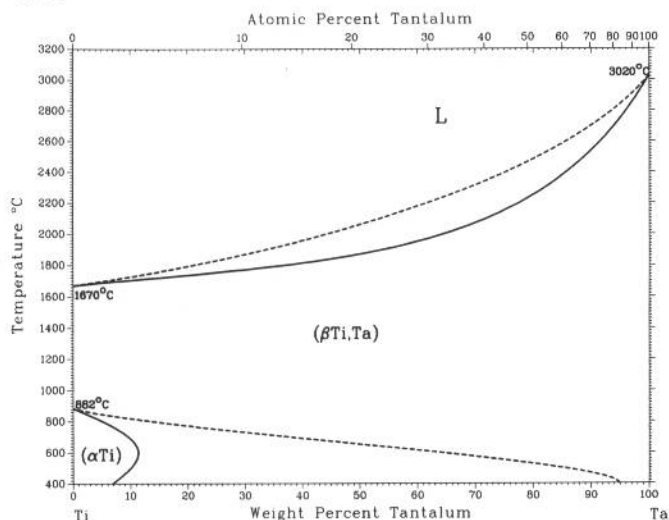


R. Krishnan, S.P. Garg, and N. Krishnamurthy, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Th	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ta)	0 to <1	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(βTh)	99.85 to 100	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(αTh)	>99.9 to 100	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$

2•374/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

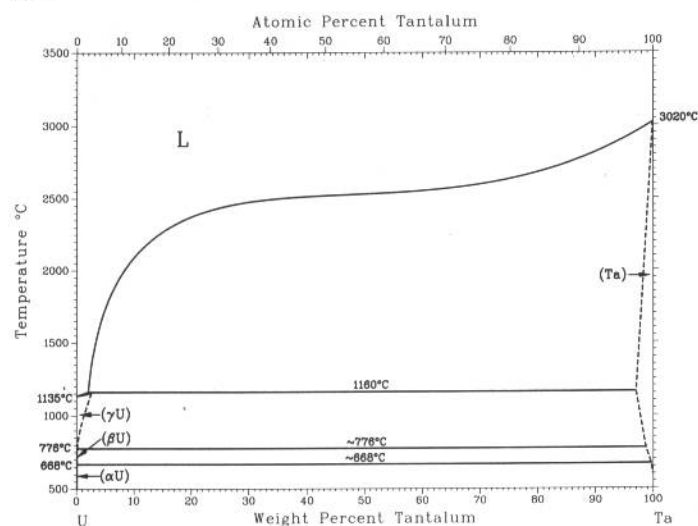
Ta-Ti



J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Ta	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi,Ta)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTi)	0 to 12.4	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Metastable phases			
(α')	...	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
(α'')	...	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
ω	...	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmm$ or <i>P</i> $\bar{3}m1$

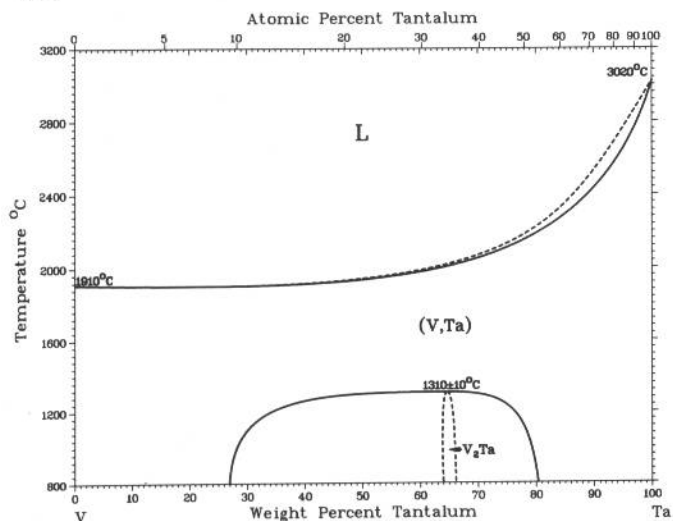
Ta-U



R. Krishnan, S.P. Garg, and N. Krishnamurthy, 1988

Phase	Composition, wt% Ta	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γU)	0 to ~2	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βU)	0	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4</i> $\bar{2}/mnm$
(αU)	0	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
(Ta)	? to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

Ta-V

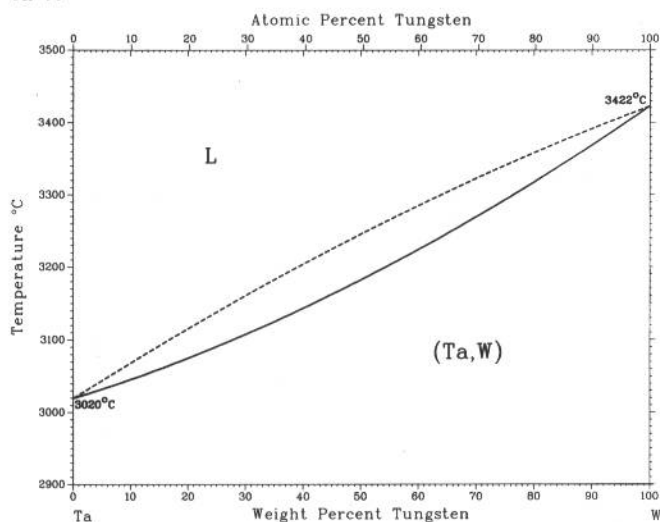


J.F. Smith and O.N. Carlson, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Ta	Pearson symbol	Space group
(V,Ta)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
V ₂ Ta(a)	~64 to ~67	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$

(a) A high-temperature polymorph of V₂Ta has been reported to be a hexagonal MgZn₂-type structure, with *hP* $\bar{1}2$ and *P6* $\bar{3}/mmc$.

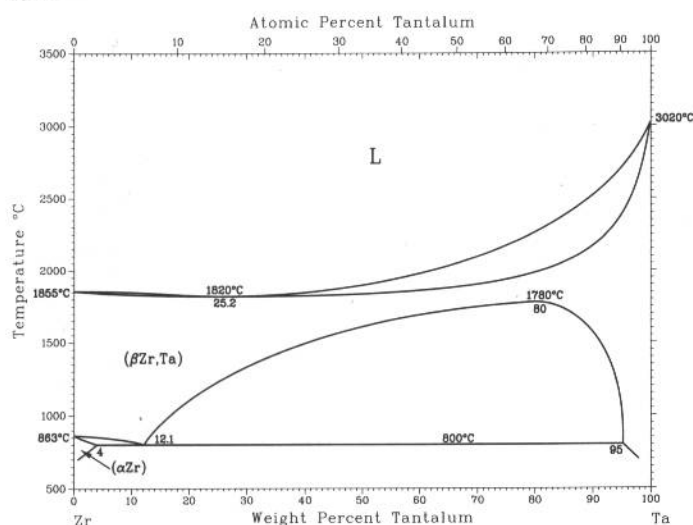
Ta-W



R. Krishnan, S.P. Garg, and N. Krishnamurthy, 1985

Phase	Composition, wt% W	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Ta,W)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

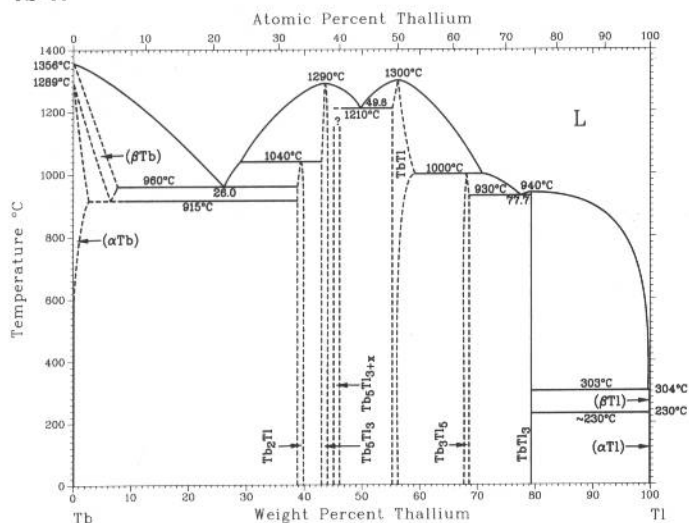
Ta-Zr



R. Krishnan, S.P. Garg, S. Banerjee, and N. Krishnamurthy, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Ta	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βZr,Ta)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αZr)	0 to 4	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

Tb-Tl

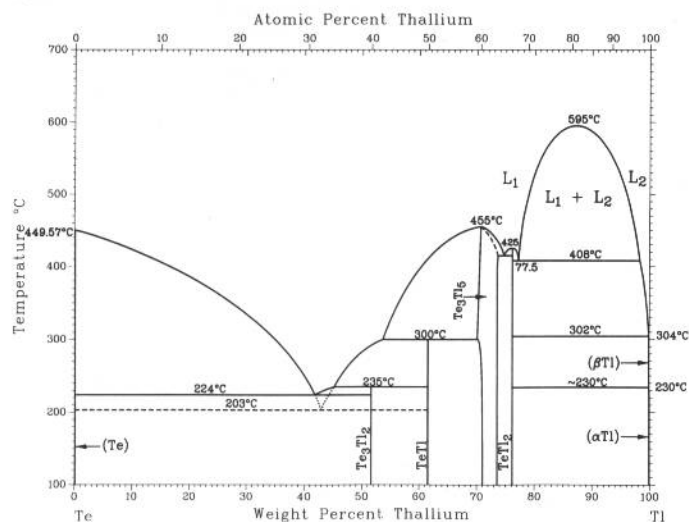


S. Delfino, A. Saccone, A. Palenzona, and R. Ferro, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTb)	0 to ~6	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTb)	0 to ?	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Tb ₂ Tl	~39 to ~40	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
βTb ₅ Tl ₃	~43 to ~44	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mcm$
αTb ₅ Tl ₃	~43 to ~44	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
Tb ₅ Tl _{3+2x}	?	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
TbTl	~55 to ~59	<i>cP2(a)</i> (or <i>cI2</i>)	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
	~55 to ~59	<i>tP2(b)</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Tb ₃ Tl ₅	~68 to ~69	<i>oC32</i>	<i>P4/mmm</i>
TbTl ₃	79	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
(βTl)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTl)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
			<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

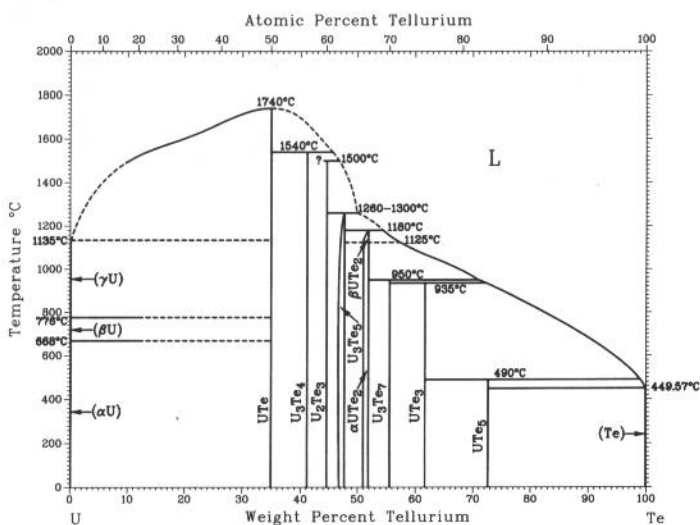
(a) High-temperature phase (>250 K). (b) Low-temperature phase

Te-Tl



Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Te)	0	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>
Te ₃ Tl ₂	52	<i>mC20</i>	<i>Cc</i>
TeTl	61.6	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
Te ₃ Tl ₅	72.7	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4/m</i>
TeTl ₂	76.2	...	...
(βTl)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αTl)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

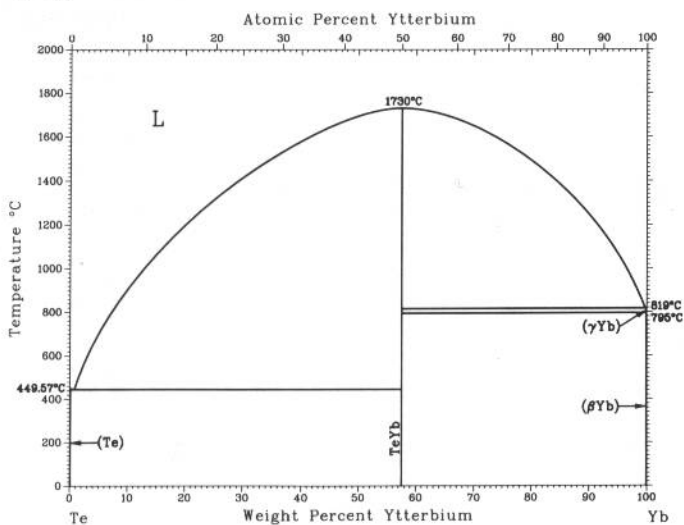
Te-U



From [Moffatt]

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γU)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(βU)	0	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂mmn</i>
(αU)	0	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
UTe	34.9	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
U ₃ Te ₄	~41.0	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I$\bar{4}3d$</i>
U ₂ Te ₃	45	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
U ₃ Te ₅	47 to 48	<i>oP32</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
β/αUTe ₂	51 to 52	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Immm</i>
U ₃ Te ₇	56	<i>tP6</i>	<i>P4/nmm</i>
UTe ₃	62	<i>t**</i>	...
UTe ₅	73.1	...	...
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>

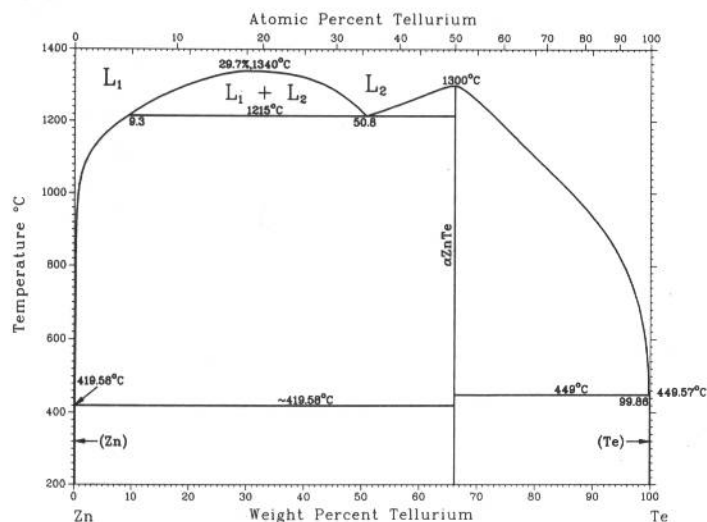
Te-Yb



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Yb	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Te)	0	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>
TeYb	57.6	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(γYb)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im$\bar{3}m$</i>
(βYb)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i>
(αYb)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

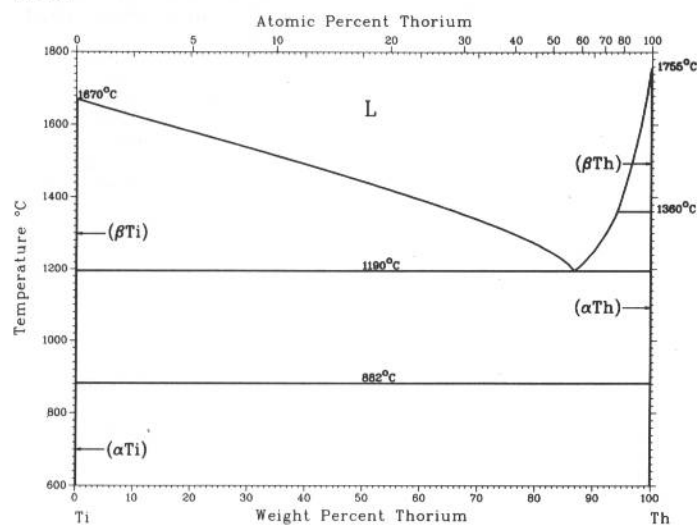
Te-Zn



R.C. Sharma and Y.A. Chang, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Te	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Zn)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
αZnTe	66.1	<i>cF8</i>	<i>F43m</i>
(Te)	100	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>

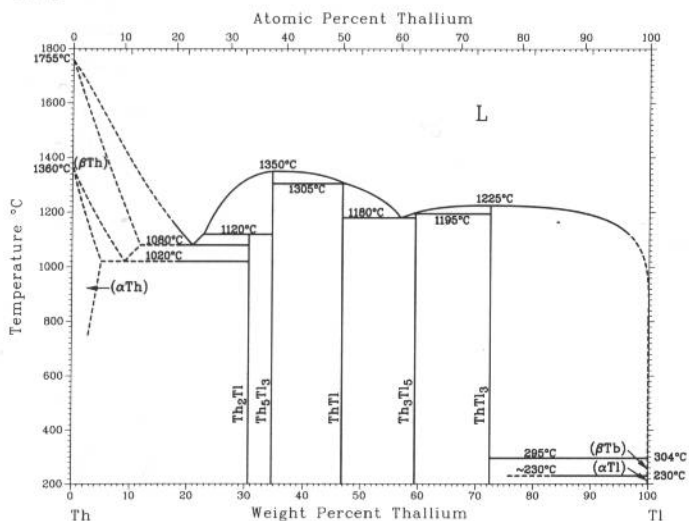
Th-Ti



J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Th	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αTi)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(βTh)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αTh)	100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>

Th-Tl

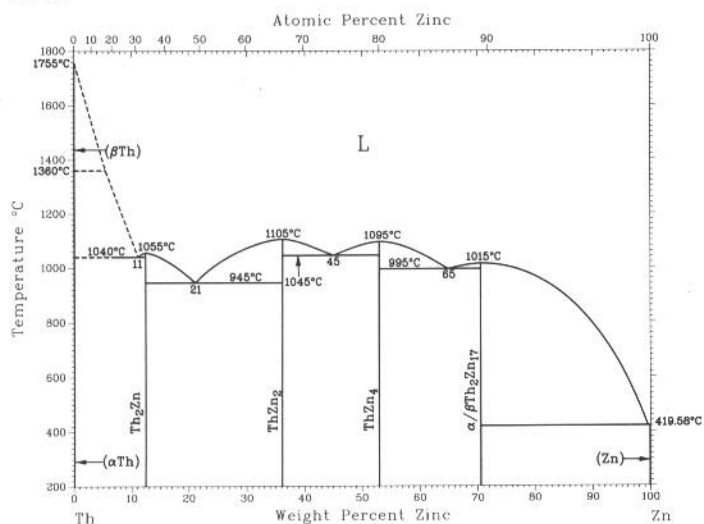


H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTh)	0 to ?	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αTh)	0 to ?	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
Th ₂ Tl	30.5	<i>hP12</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
Th ₃ Tl ₃	34.6	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mcm</i>
ThTl	46.8	<i>oP24</i>	<i>Pbcm</i>
Th ₃ Tl ₅	59.5	<i>oC32</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
ThTl ₃	73	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
(βTl)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
(αTl)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

2•378/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

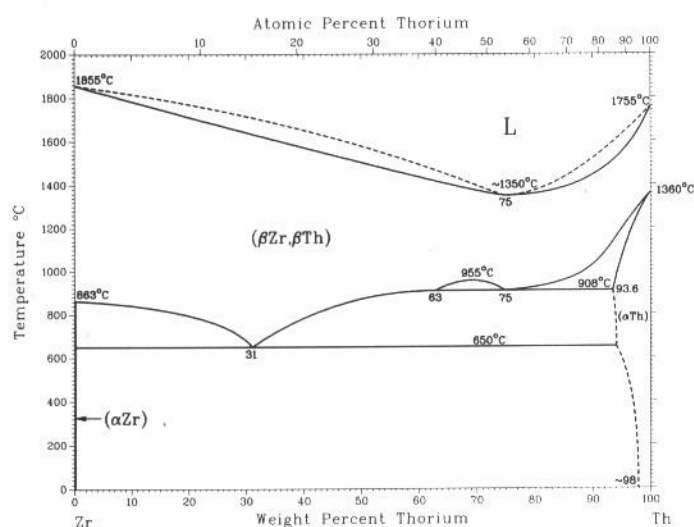
Th-Zn



P. Chiotti and K.J. Gill, 1961

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTh)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTh)	0	<i>cF2</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
Th ₂ Zn	12.3	<i>dI2</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
ThZn ₂	36.1	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
ThZn ₄	53	<i>dI10</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
βTh ₂ Zn ₁₇	70.6	<i>hR19</i>	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}m$
αTh ₂ Zn ₁₇	70.6	<i>hP38</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(Zn)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>

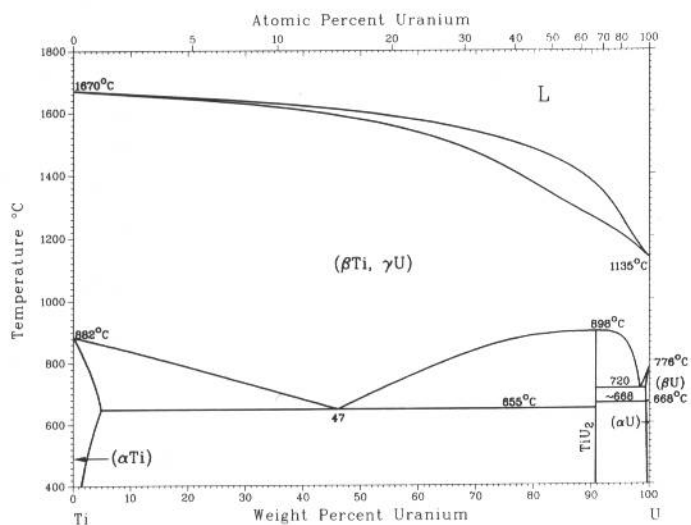
Th-Zr



E.D. Gibson, B.A. Loomis, and O.N. Carlson, 1958;
R.H. Johnson and R.W.K. Honeycombe, 1961

Phase	Composition, wt% Th	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βZr, βTh)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αZr)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
(αTh)	93.6 to 100	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$

Ti-U

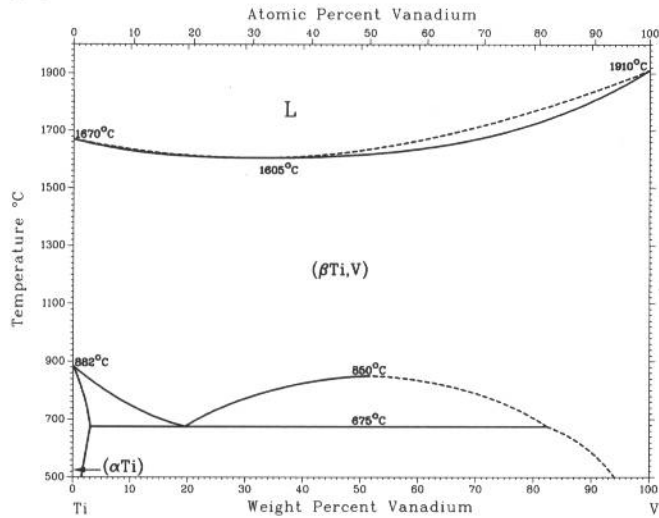


J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% U	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi, γU)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTi)	0 to ~5	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
TiU ₂	90.9	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>
(βU)	~99.6 to 100	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂nm</i>
(αU)	~99.6 to 100	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
α _b (a)	38	(b)	...

(a) Metastable. (b) Monoclinic

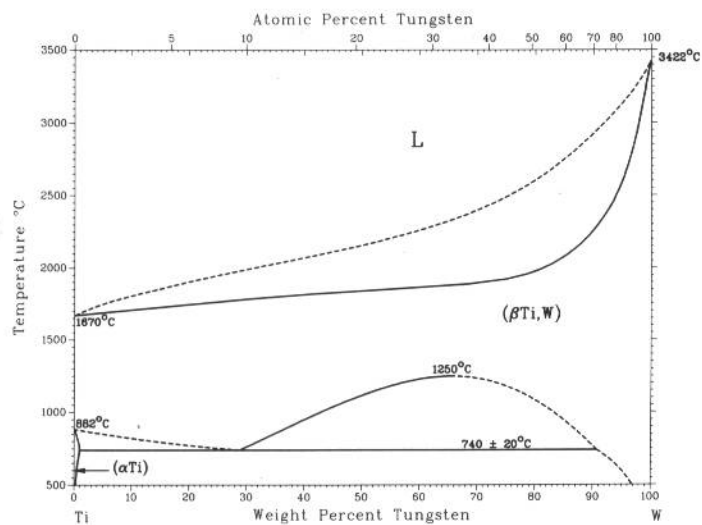
Ti-V



J.L. Murray, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt % V	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi,V)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTi)	0 to ~3	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Metastable phases			
α'	0 to 5	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
α''	5 to 16	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
ω	12 to ~51.5	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{6}/mmm$ or <i>P</i> $\bar{3}m1$

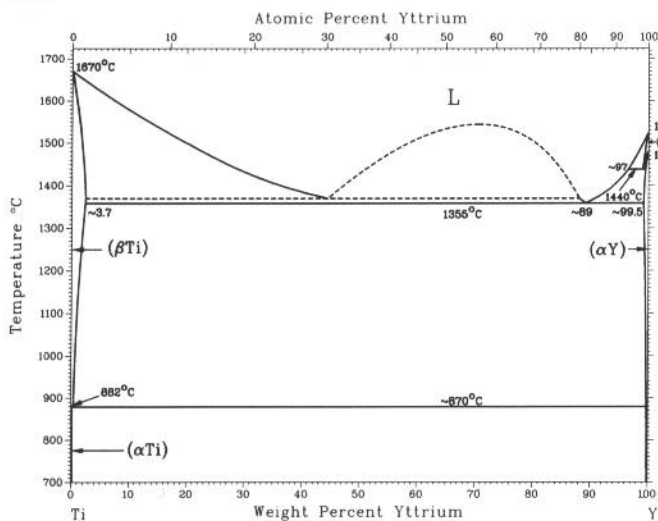
Ti-W



J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt % W	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi,W)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTi)	0 to 0.8	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
α'(a)	0 to 7	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
α''(a)	7 to 18.3	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
ω(a)	20 to 30	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{6}/mmm$
(a) Metastable			

Ti-Y

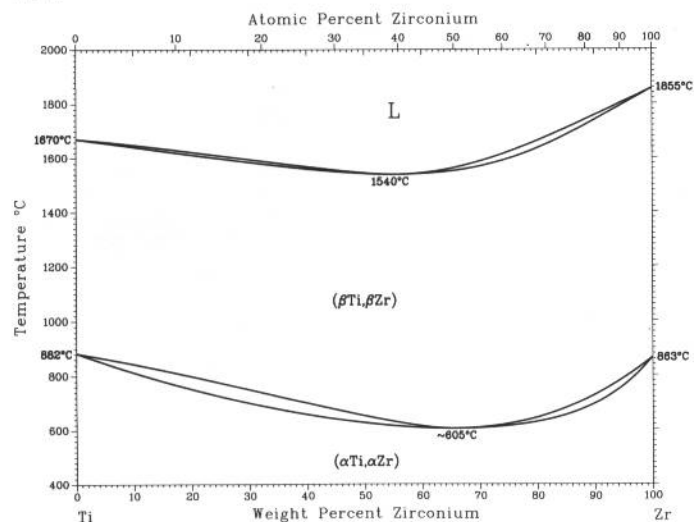


J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt % Y	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi)	0 to ~3.7	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTi)	0 to ~0.02	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
(βY)	~99.5 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αY)	~99.5 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

2•380/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

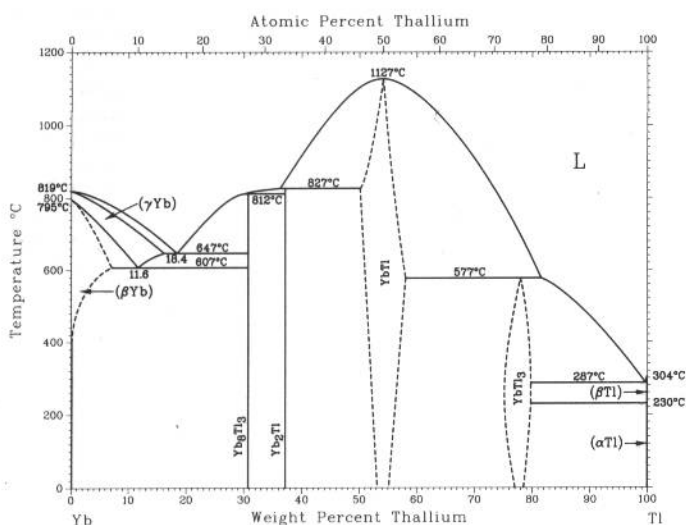
Ti-Zr



J.L. Murray, 1987

Phase	Composition, wt% Zr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βTi, βZr)	0 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTi, αZr)	0 to 100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
Metastable phases			
α'	...	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
ω	...	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i> or <i>P</i> $\bar{3}m1$

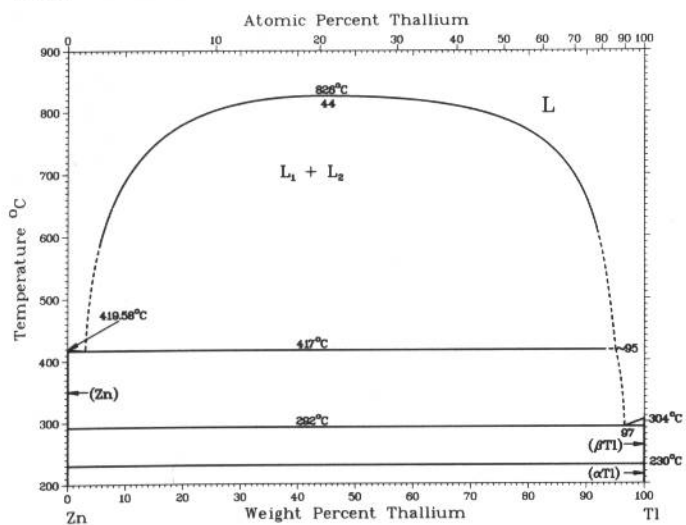
Tl-Yb



S. Delfino, A. Saccone, A. Palenzona, and R. Ferro, unpublished

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βYb)	0 to ~7	<i>cF2</i>	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(γYb)	0 to ~16	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
Yb ₂ Tl ₃	30.69	<i>aP22</i>	<i>P</i> $\bar{1}$
Yb ₂ Tl	37.13	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
YbTl	~50 to ~58	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
		(or <i>cI2</i>)	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
YbTl ₃	~75 to ~80	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
(βTl)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTl)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

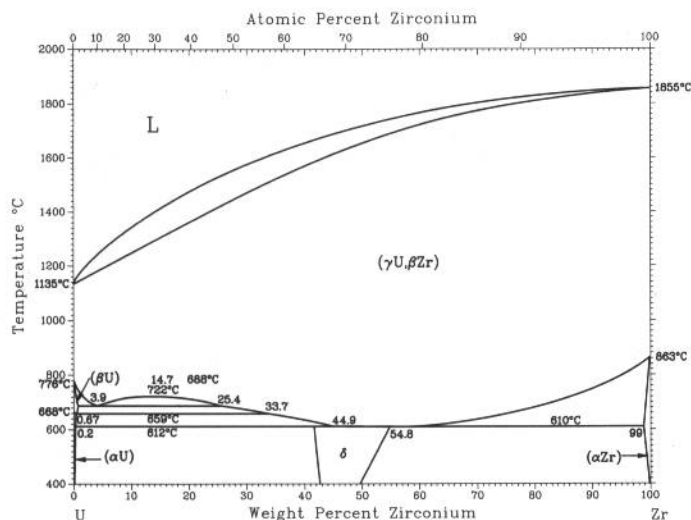
Tl-Zn



A.V. Vegesack, 1907; and W. Seith, H. Johnson, and J. Wagner, 1952

Phase	Composition, wt% Tl	Pearson symbol	Space group
(Zn)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$
(βTl)	100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αTl)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}/mmc$

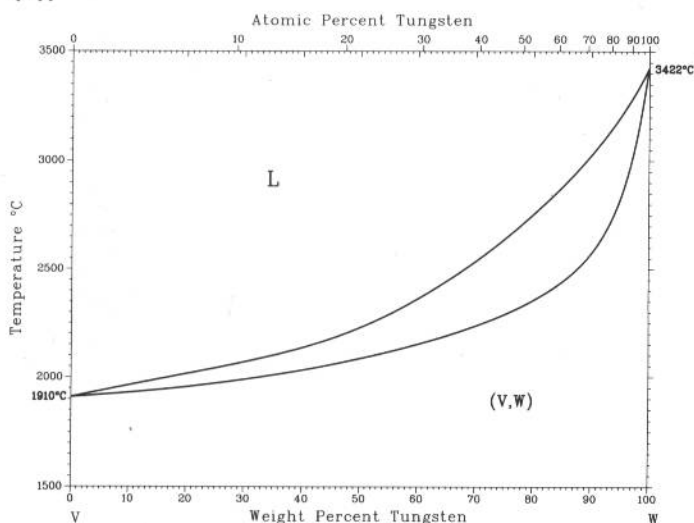
U-Zr



H. Okamoto, 1992

Phase	Composition, wt% Zr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γU,βZr)	0 to 100	<i>cl</i> 2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(BU)	0 to 0.4	<i>tP</i> 30	<i>P</i> 4 ₂ / <i>mnm</i>
(αU)	0 to 0.2	<i>oC</i> 4	<i>Cmcm</i>
δ	42 to 55	<i>hP</i> 3	<i>P</i> 6/ <i>mmm</i>
(αZr)	99 to 100	<i>hP</i> 2	<i>P</i> 6 ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

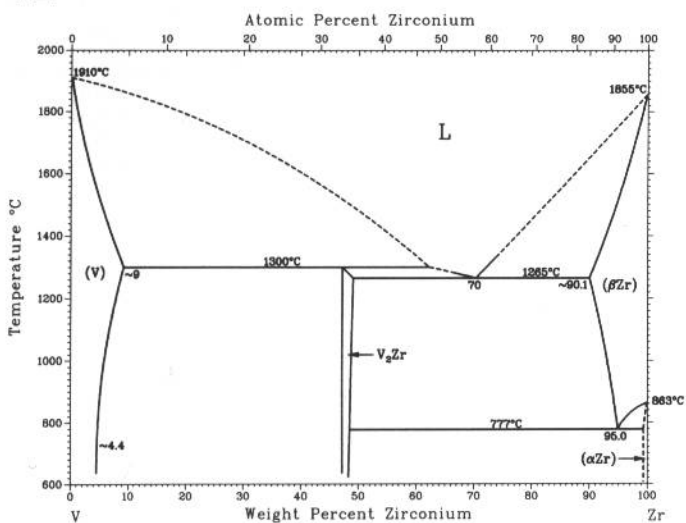
V-W



S.V. Nagender Naidu, A.M. Sriramamurthy, M. Vijayakumar, and P. Rama Rao, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% W	Pearson symbol	Space group
(V,W)	0 to 100	<i>cl</i> 2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>

V-Zr

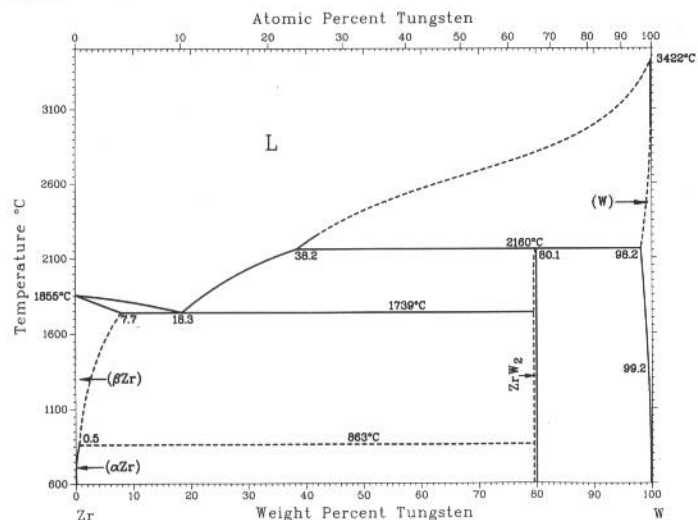


J.F. Smith, 1989

Phase	Composition, wt% Zr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(V)	0 to ~9	<i>cl</i> 2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
V ₂ Zr	~47.2	<i>cF</i> 24	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(βZr)	~90.1 to 100	<i>cl</i> 2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>
(αZr)	~100	<i>hP</i> 2	<i>P</i> 6 ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

2•382/Binary Alloy Phase Diagrams

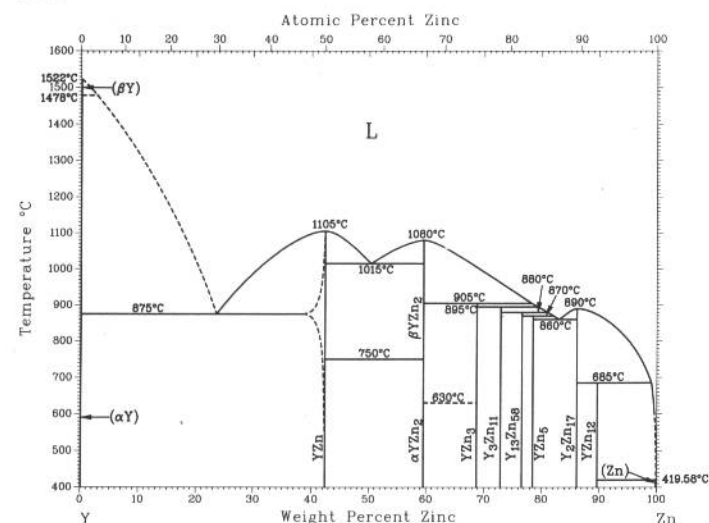
W-Zr



S.V. Nagender Naidu and P. Rama Rao, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% W	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βZr)	0 to 7.7	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αZr)	0 to 0.50	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
ZrW ₂	~80.1	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}m$
(W)	98.2 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$

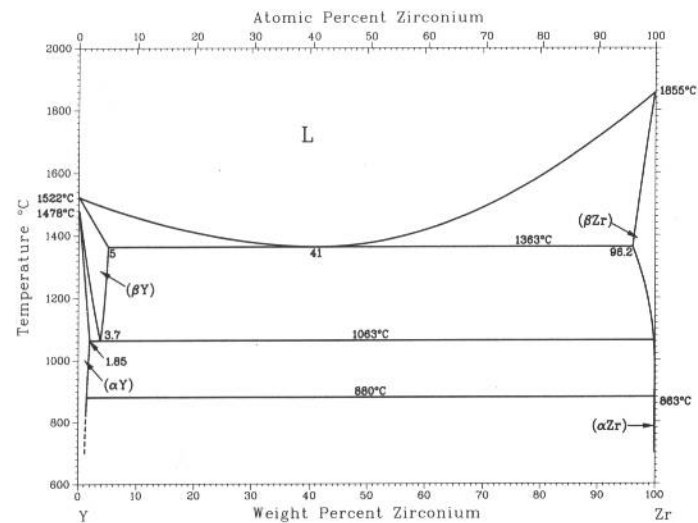
Y-Zn



H. Okamoto, 1990

Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βY)	0	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αY)	0	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
YZn	? to 42.4	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm</i> $\bar{3}m$
βYZn ₂	59.6	...	...
αYZn ₂	59.6	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Imma</i>
YZn ₃	69	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
Y ₃ Zn ₁₁	73.0	<i>oI28</i>	<i>Immm</i>
Y ₁₃ Zn ₅₈	76.7	<i>hP142</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mc</i>
YZn ₅	76.6	<i>hP36</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
Y ₂ Zn ₁₇	86.2	<i>hP38</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
YZn ₁₂	89.8	<i>tI26</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
(Zn)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

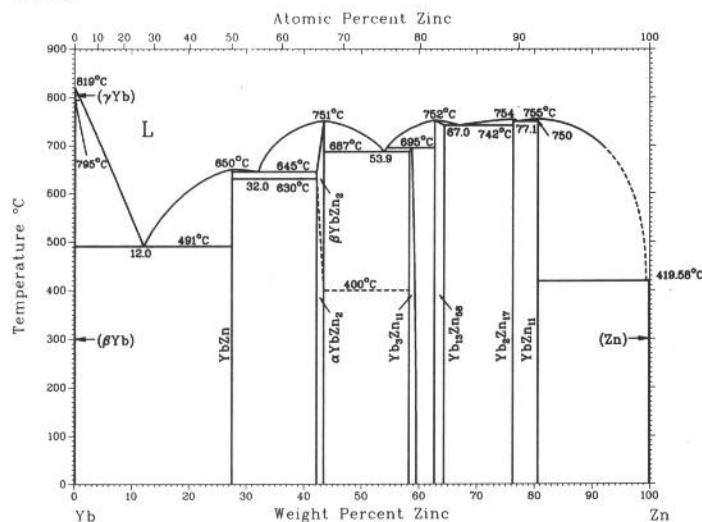
Y-Zr



A. Palenzona and S. Cirafici, 1991

Phase	Composition, wt% Zr	Pearson symbol	Space group
(βY)	0 to 5	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αY)	0 to 1.85	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>
(βZr)	96.2 to 100	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}m$
(αZr)	100	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6</i> ₃ / <i>mmc</i>

Yb-Zn



Phase	Composition, wt% Zn	Pearson symbol	Space group
(γYb)	0	cI2	$Im\bar{3}m$
(βYb)	0	cF4	$Fm\bar{3}m$
YbZn	27.4	cP2	$Pm\bar{3}m$
βYbZn ₂	~42 to 43	...	...
αYbZn ₂	~42 to 43	oI12	$Imma$
Yb ₃ Zn ₁₁	~58.0 to 59.4	oI28	$Immm$
Yb ₁₃ Zn ₅₈	~62.5 to 64.0	hP142	$P6_3/mc$
Yb ₂ Zn ₁₇	76.3	...	...
YbZn ₁₁	80.3	dI48	$I4_1/amd$
(Zn)	100	hP2	$P6_3/mmc$
Other reported phases			
Yb ₃ Zn ₁₇	68	cI160	$Im\bar{3}$
YbZn ₁₃	83.2	cF112	$Fm\bar{3}c$

Section 3

Ternary Alloy Phase Diagrams

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Introduction to Ternary Alloy Phase Diagrams

THE 80 TERNARY SYSTEMS covered in this Section were selected for their commercial importance from the thousands of systems scheduled for inclusion in the *Handbook of Ternary Alloy Phase Diagrams*, to be published by ASM in 1994. The 313 diagrams shown here were chosen from the more than 12,000 assembled for that project. Wherever a recent compilation of diagrams assessed under the International Programme covered one of these systems, priority was given to those evaluated diagrams in preference to older, unassessed work. The remaining diagrams, although not yet assessed, were selected as the best available.

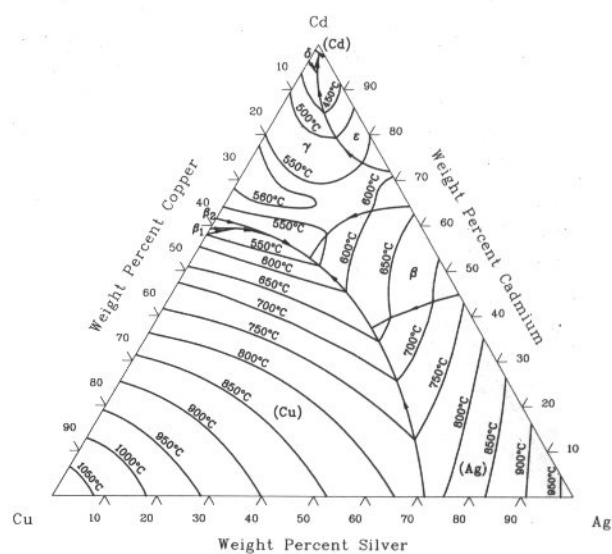
When a single source covered a system, a set of compatible diagrams was selected from it. For some systems, however, diagrams from more than one source were needed. Except for occasional conversion of composition scale from atomic to weight percent or change in orientation

or labeling, each author's diagram has been redrawn, but shown as originally presented. *Therefore, the diagrams do not, in all instances, agree with one another and with the binary diagrams published in this Volume.* The reference source for each diagram is identified by a code consisting of two numbers (indicating the year of publication) followed by the first three letters of the first author's (or editor's) surname. The complete citation for each source code is listed at the end of this Section.

Because this Handbook is designed to be used primarily by engineers to solve industrial problems, the composition scale is plotted in weight percent. Conversions between weight and atomic composition can be made using the standard atomic weights listed in the Appendix. For the sake of clarity, grid lines are not superimposed on the phase diagrams. However, tick marks are provided along the composition scales as well as

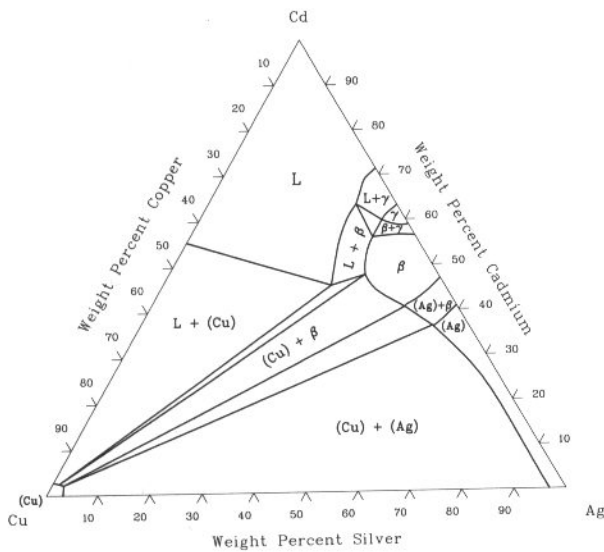
the temperature scale, which is shown in degrees Celsius. Celsius temperatures can be easily converted to degrees Fahrenheit using the table in the Appendix. When an arrowhead appears on a temperature trough line in a liquidus projection, it indicates the direction of decreasing temperature in the trough. Dashed lines are used to denote uncertain or speculative boundaries. Dotted lines indicate the limit of the investigated region.

The diagrams presented in this Section are for stable equilibrium conditions, with the exception of metastable conditions for some diagrams involving carbon and iron. These latter ternary diagrams can be identified by the presence of Fe_3C on the Fe-C binary portion of the diagram. In some ternary diagrams involving carbon and iron, the symbol M is used to represent both iron and the other metallic element when the two metals substitute for each other in a carbide phase—for example, M_3C .

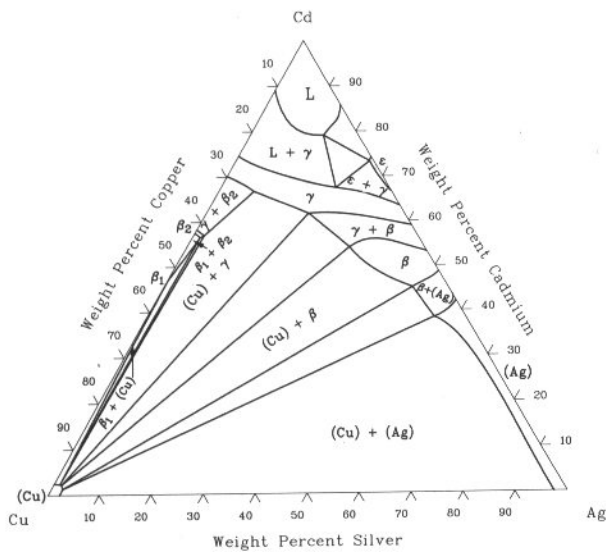


3•6/Ternary Alloy Phase Diagrams

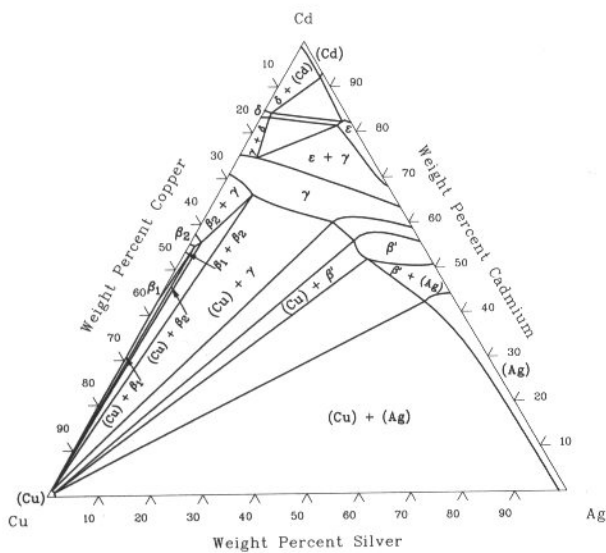
Ag-Cd-Cu isothermal section at 600 °C [88Pet]



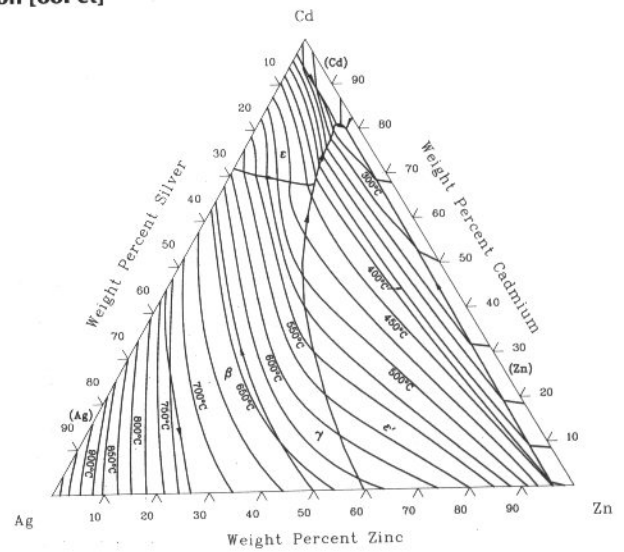
Ag-Cd-Cu isothermal section at 500 °C [88Pet]



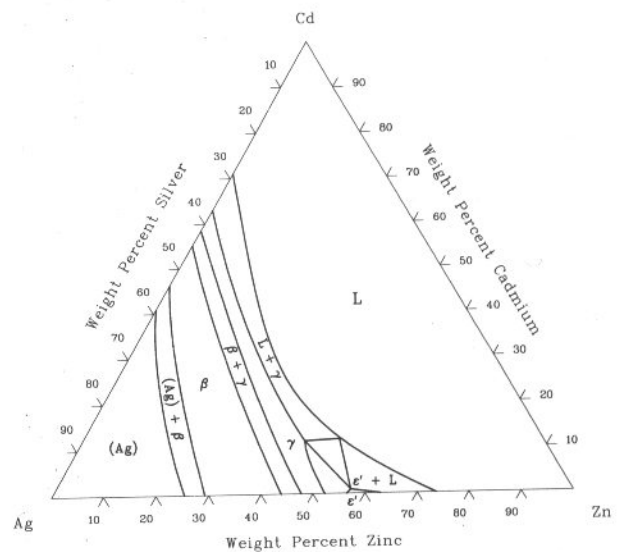
Ag-Cd-Cu isothermal section at 300 °C [88Pet]



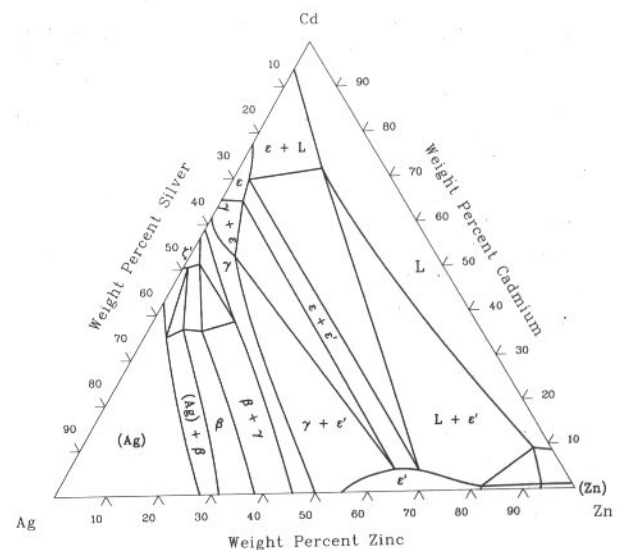
Ag-Cd-Zn liquidus projection with regions of primary crystallization [88Pet]



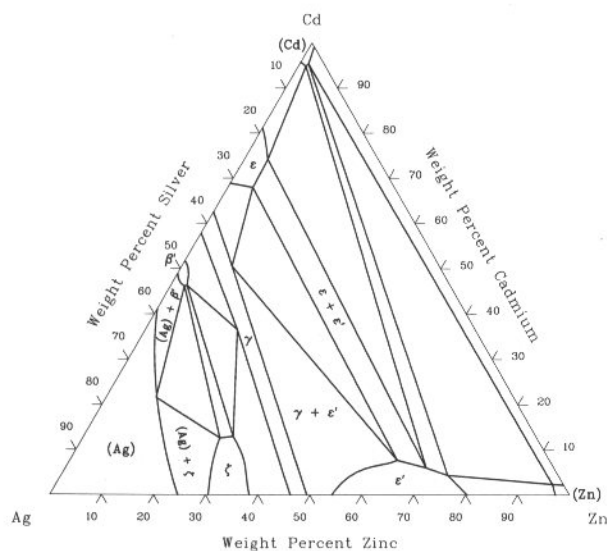
Ag-Cd-Zn isothermal section at 600 °C [88Pet]



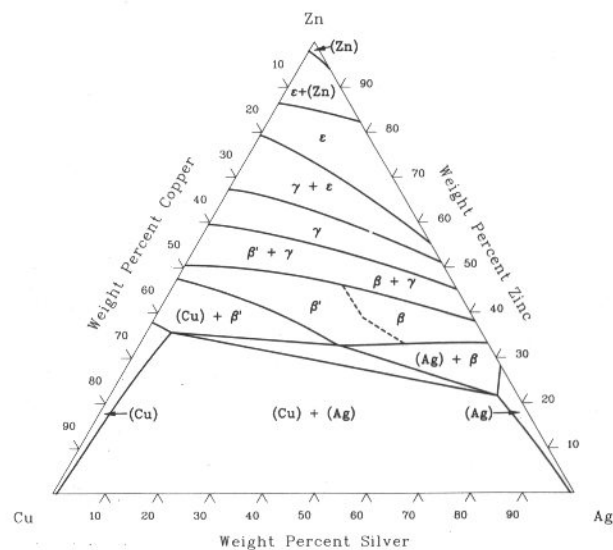
Ag-Cd-Zn isothermal section at 400 °C [88Pet]



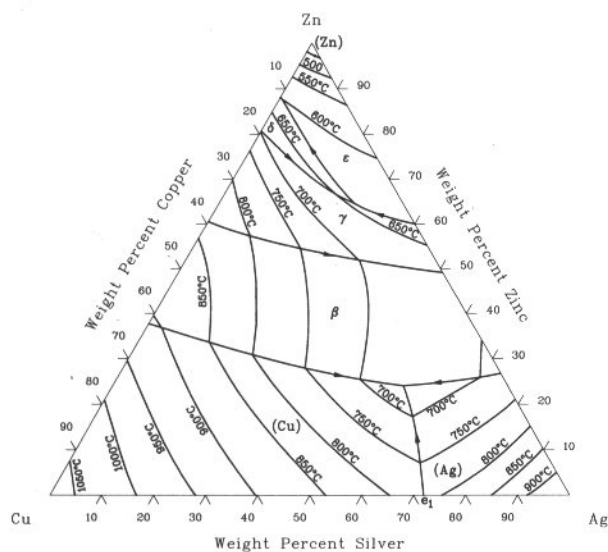
Ag-Cd-Zn isothermal section at 200 °C [88Pet]



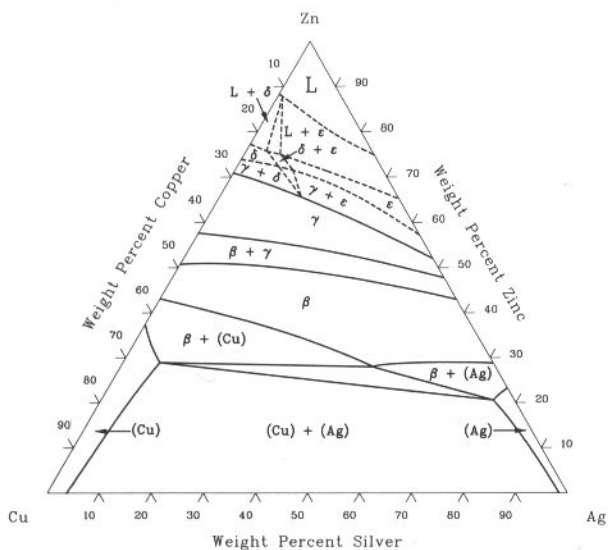
Ag-Cu-Zn isothermal section at 350 °C [88Pet]



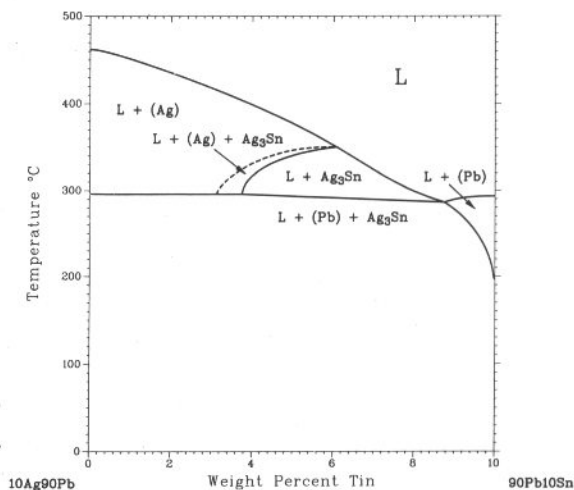
Ag-Cu-Zn liquidus projection [88Pet]



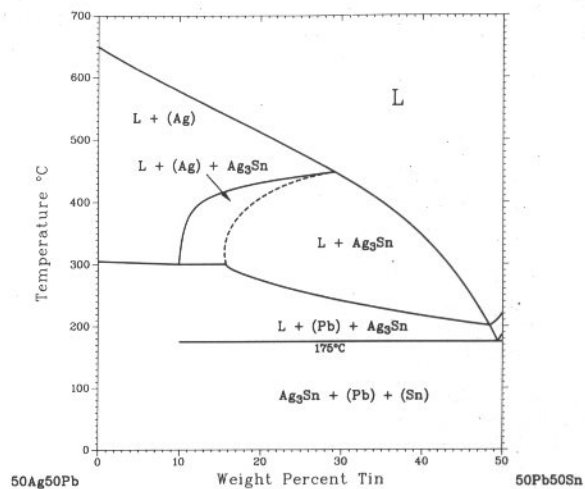
Ag-Cu-Zn isothermal section at 600 °C [88Pet]



Ag-Pb-Sn [11Par]

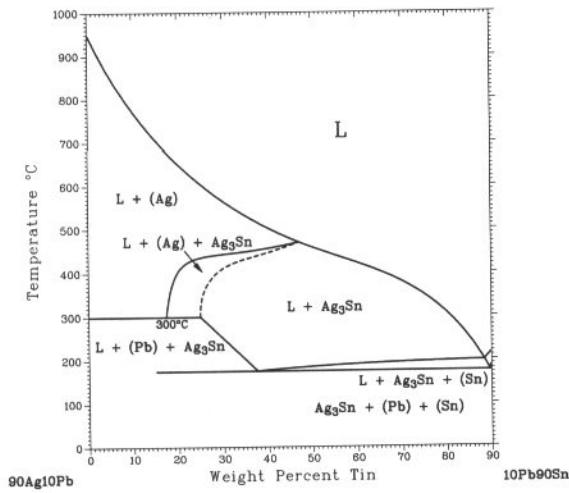


Ag-Pb-Sn [11Par]

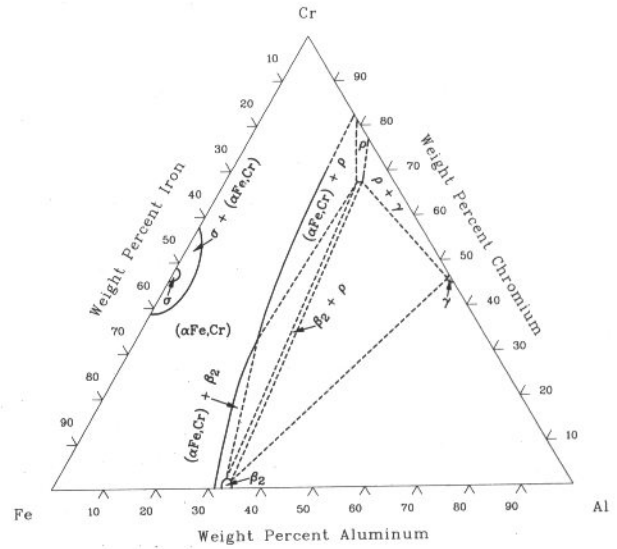


3•8/Ternary Alloy Phase Diagrams

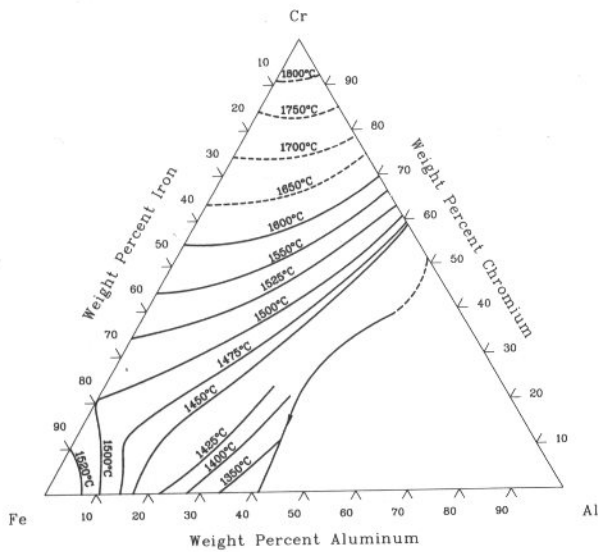
Ag-Pb-Sn [11Par]



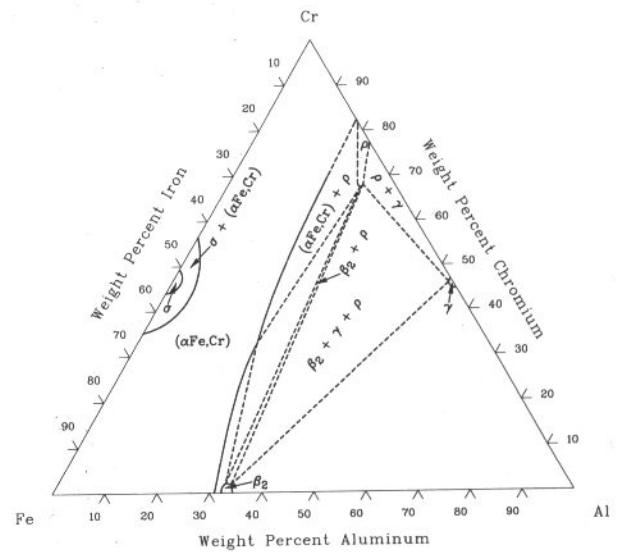
Al-Cr-Fe isothermal section at 750 °C [88Ray]



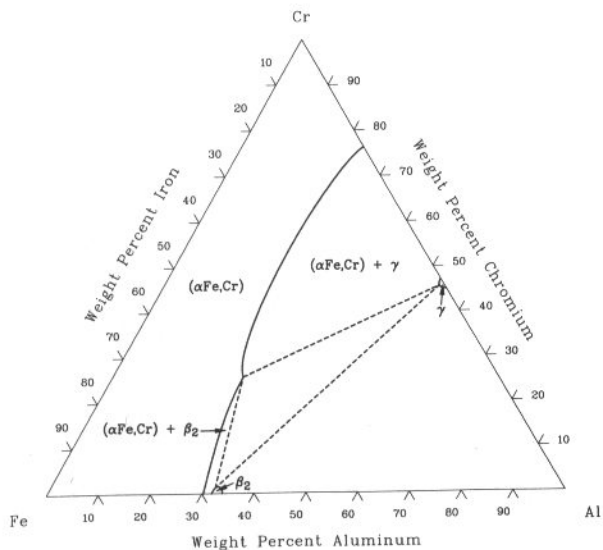
Al-Cr-Fe liquidus projection [88Ray]



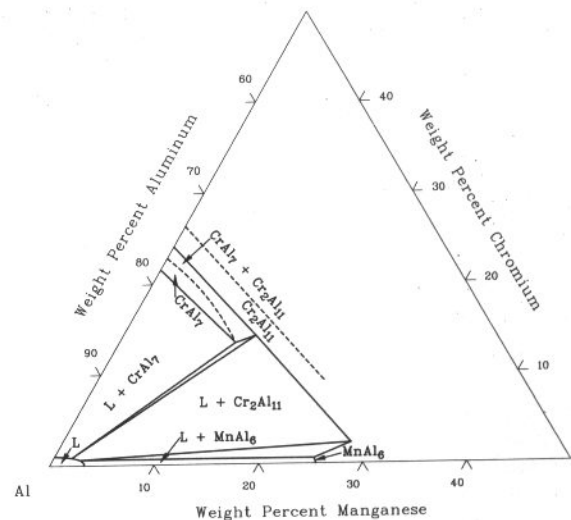
Al-Cr-Fe isothermal section at 600 °C [88Ray]



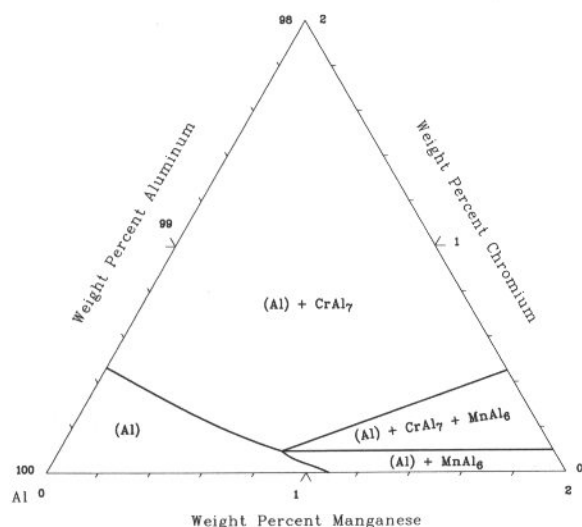
Al-Cr-Fe isothermal section at 900 °C [88Ray]



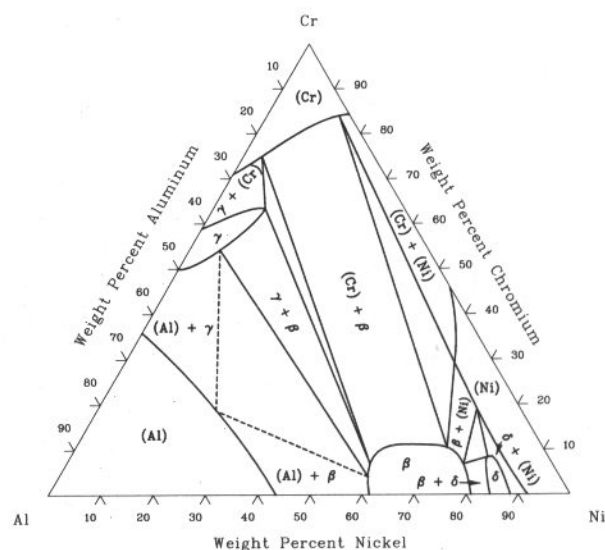
Al-Cr-Mn isothermal section at 690 °C [73Wil]



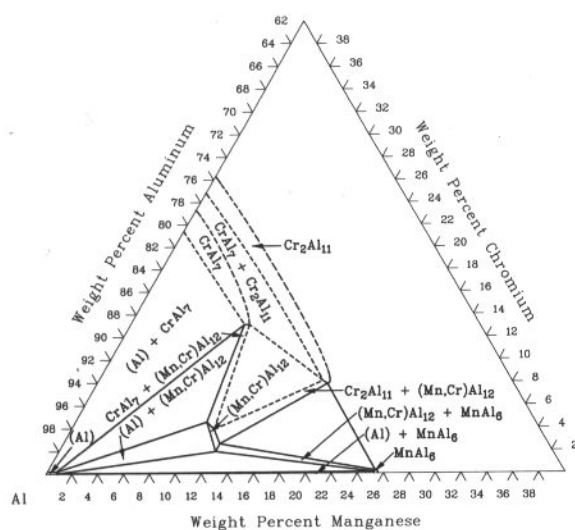
Al-Cr-Mn isothermal section at 600 °C [73Wil]



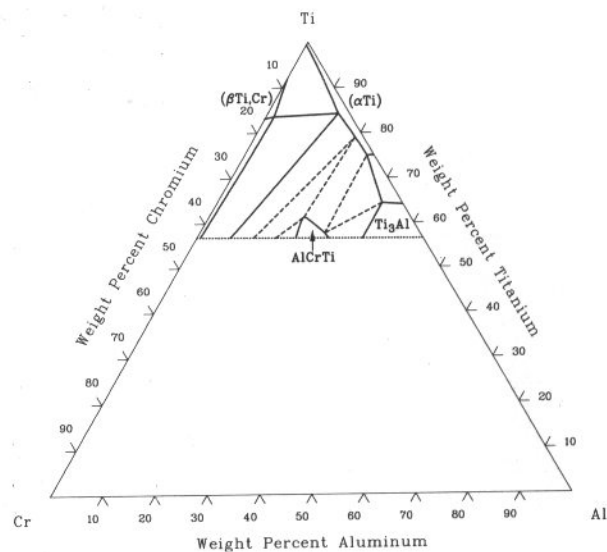
Al-Cr-Ni isothermal section at 1150 °C [87Ofo]



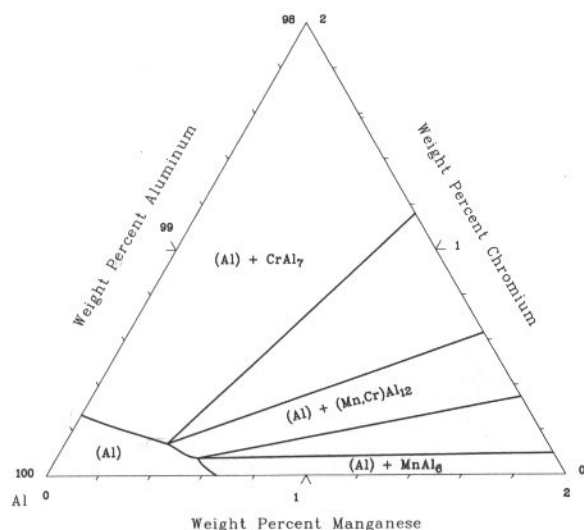
Al-Cr-Mn isothermal section at 550 °C [73Wil]



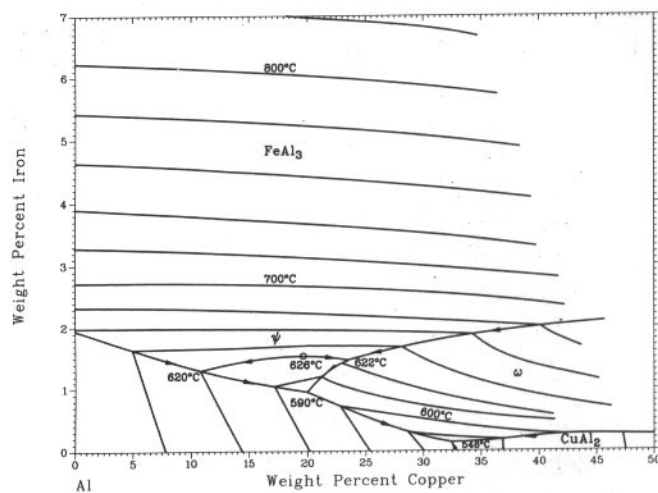
Al-Cr-Ti isothermal section at 760 °C [56Zwi]



Al-Cr-Mn (Al) isothermal section at 550 °C [73Wil]

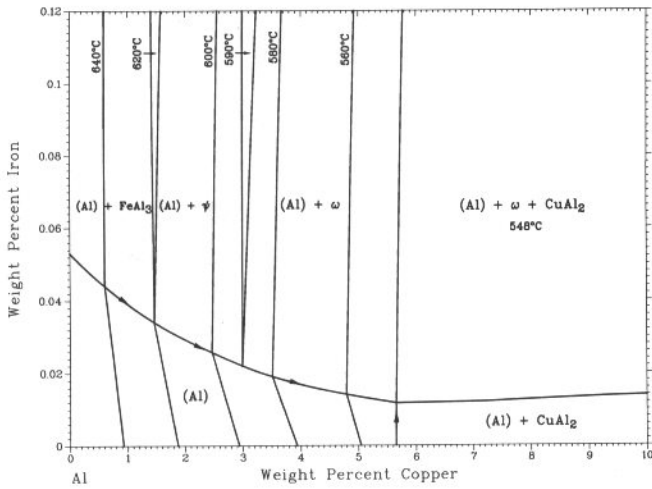


Al-Cu-Fe liquidus projection [73Wil]

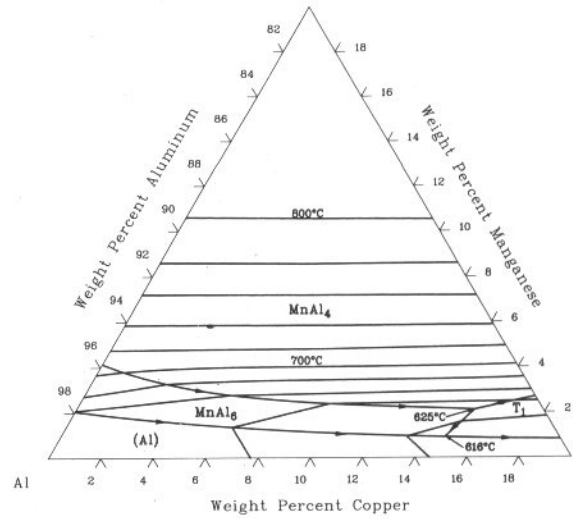


3•10/Ternary Alloy Phase Diagrams

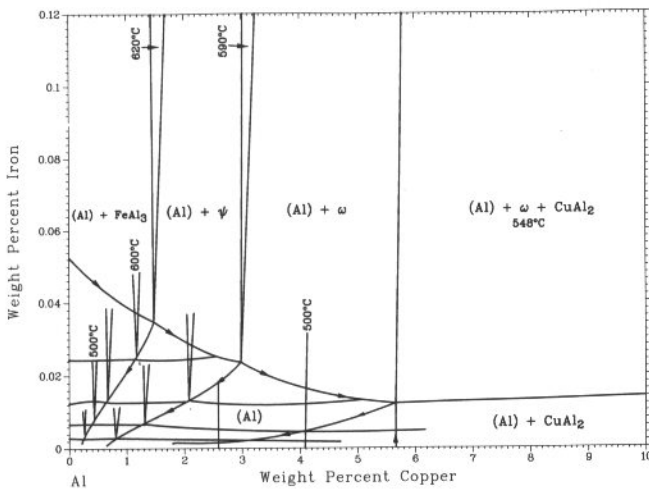
Al-Cu-Fe solidus projection [73Wil]



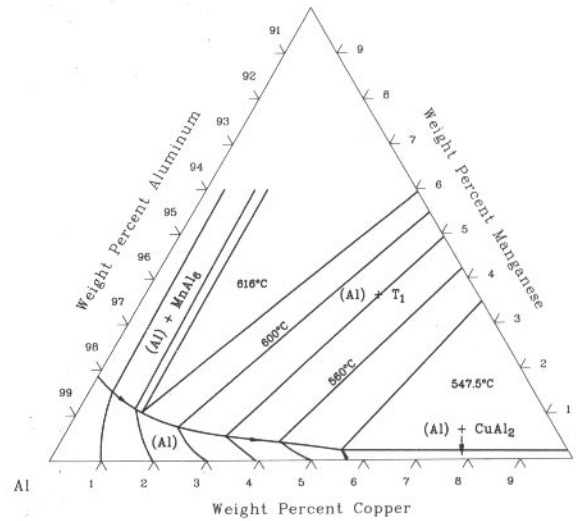
Al-Cu-Mn liquidus projection [73Wil]



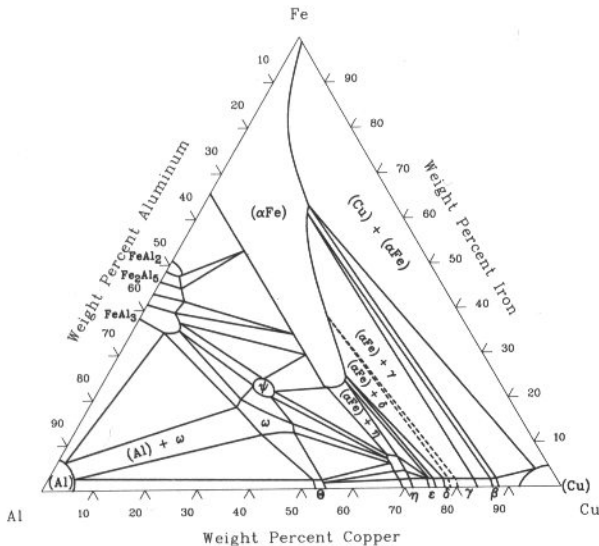
Al-Cu-Fe solvus projection [73Wil]



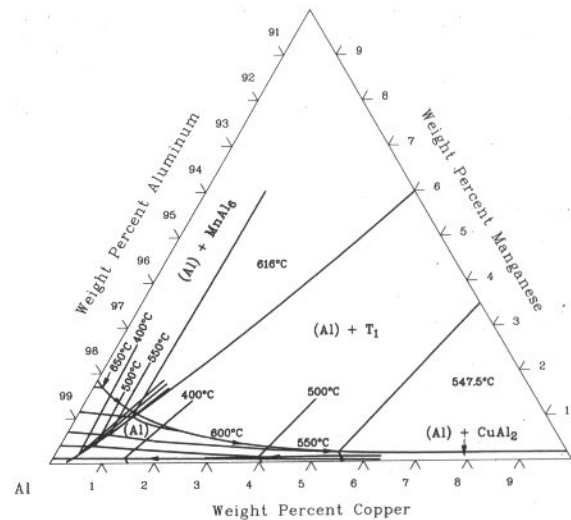
Al-Cu-Mn solidus projection [73Wil]



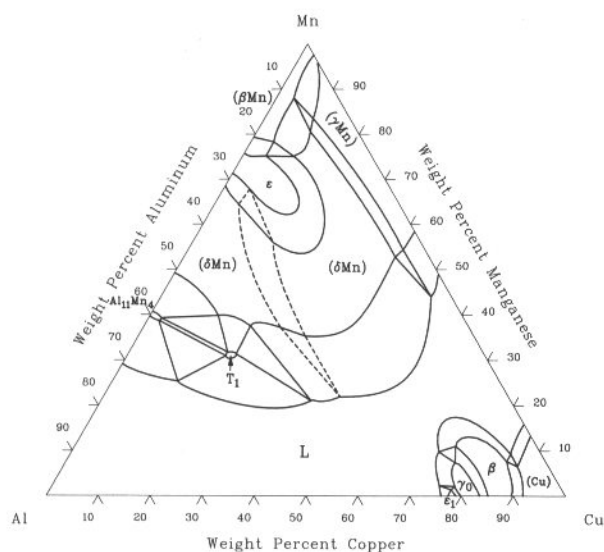
Al-Cu-Fe isothermal section at 600 °C [71Pre]



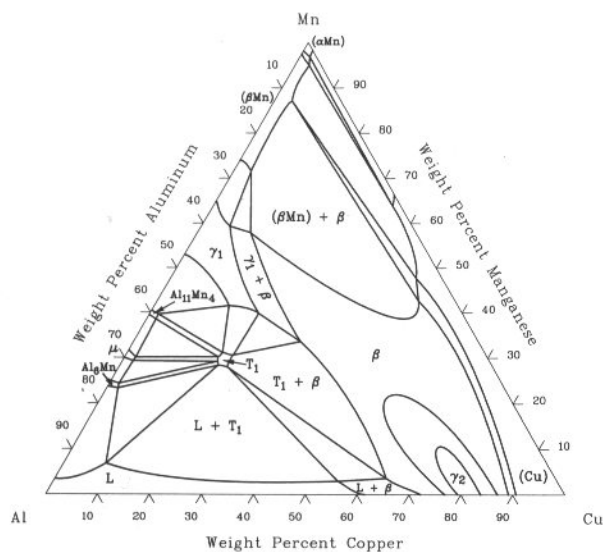
Al-Cu-Mn solvus projection [73Wil]



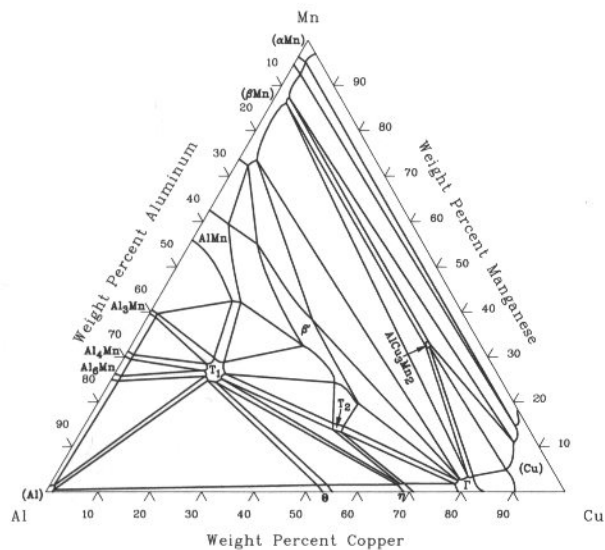
Al-Cu-Mn isothermal section at 950 °C [66Kos]



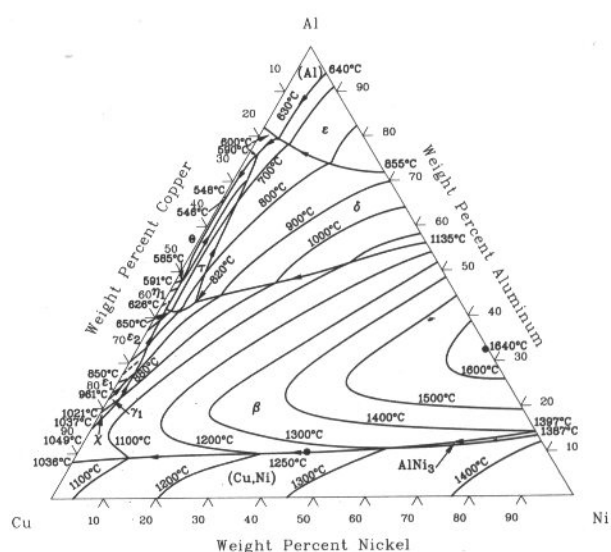
Al-Cu-Mn isothermal section at 700 °C [66Kos]



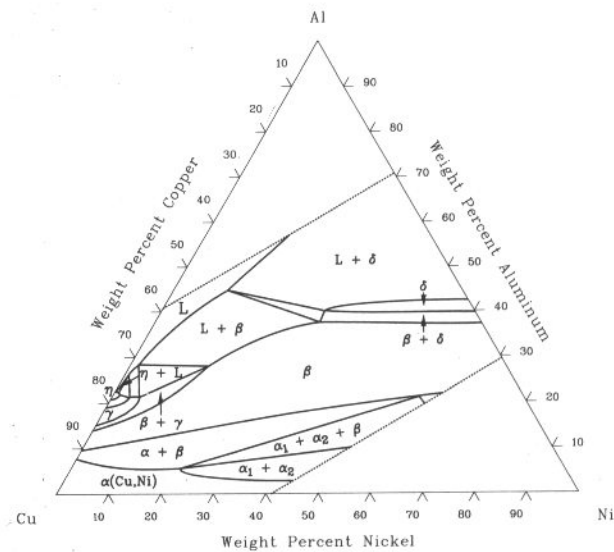
Al-Cu-Mn isothermal section at 25 °C [66Kos]



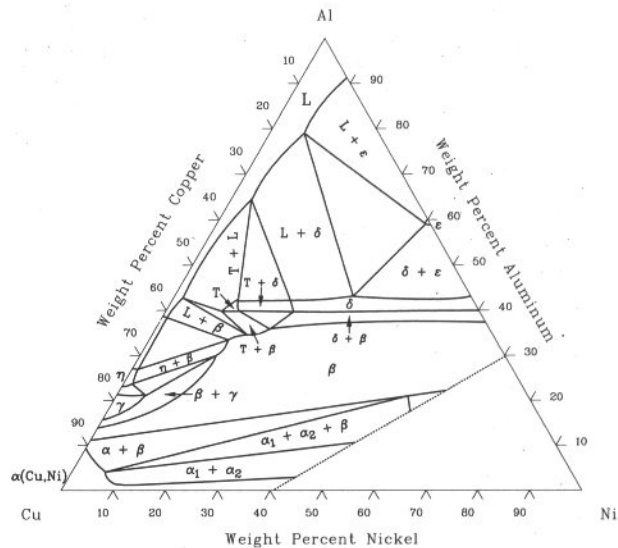
Al-Cu-Ni liquidus projection [73Wil]



Al-Cu-Ni isothermal section at 900 °C [48Kos]

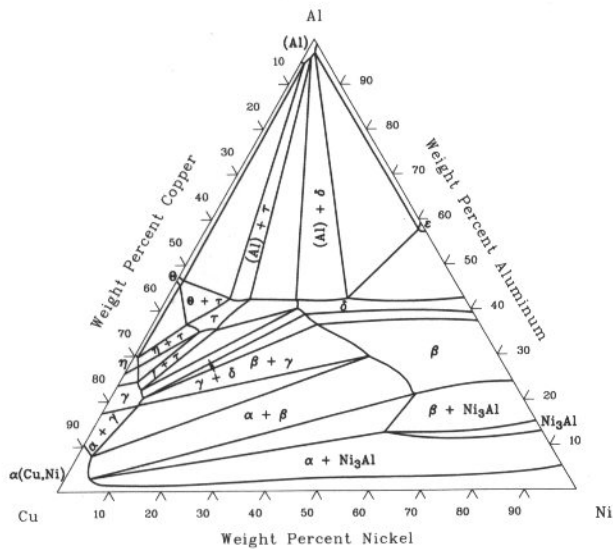


Al-Cu-Ni isothermal section at 700 °C [48Kos]

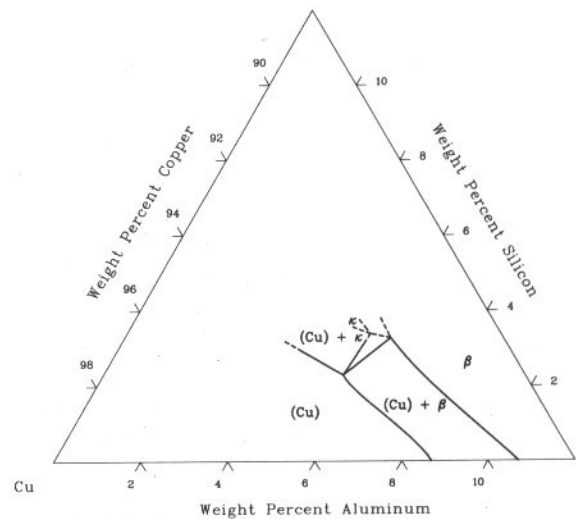


3•12/Ternary Alloy Phase Diagrams

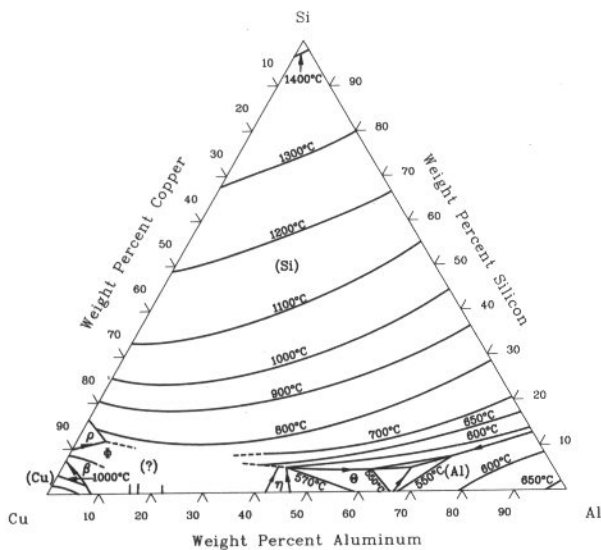
Al-Cu-Ni isothermal section at 500 °C [73Wil]



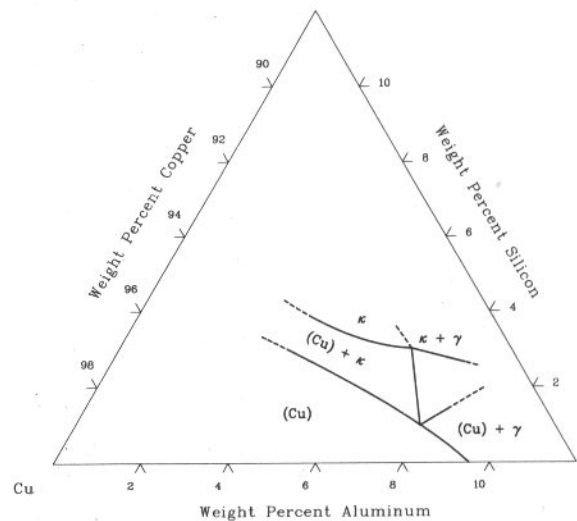
Al-Cu-Si isothermal section at 750 °C [48Wil]



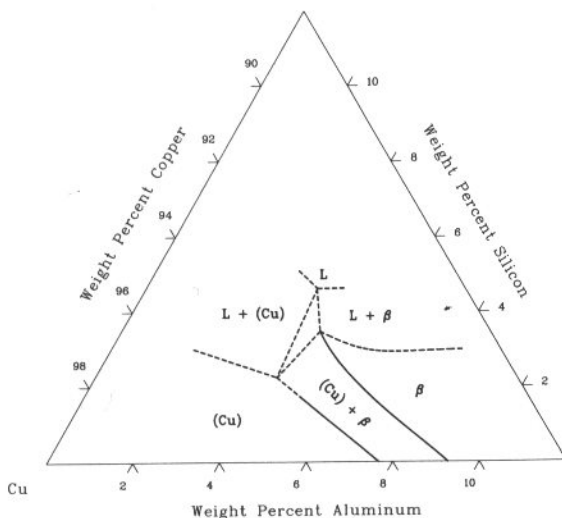
Al-Cu-Si liquidus projection [79Cha]



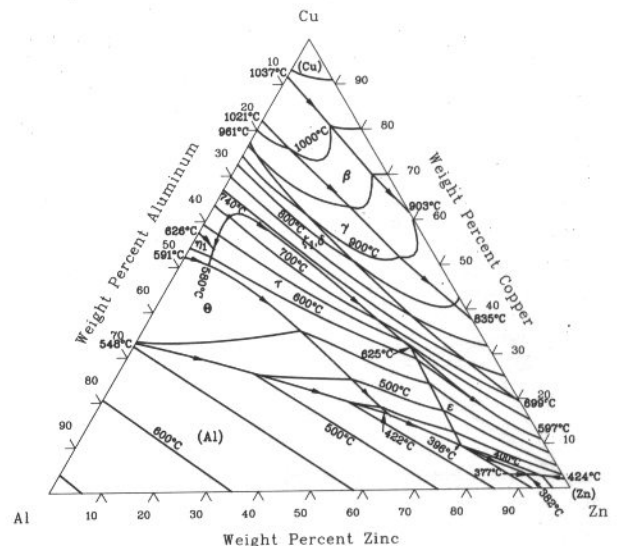
Al-Cu-Si isothermal section at 400 °C [48Wil]



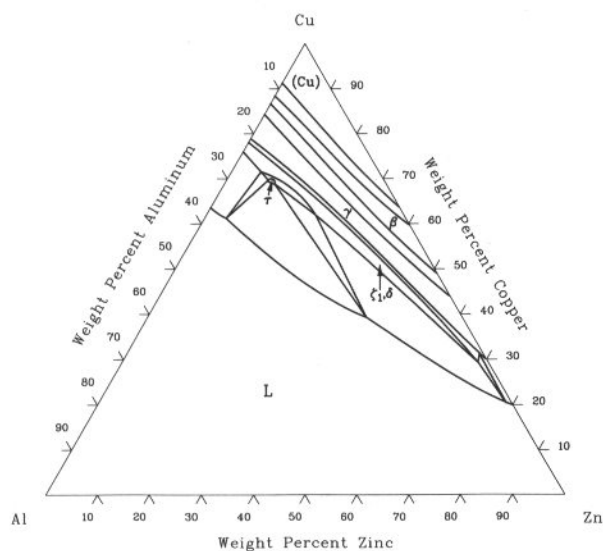
Al-Cu-Si isothermal section at 955 °C [48Wil]



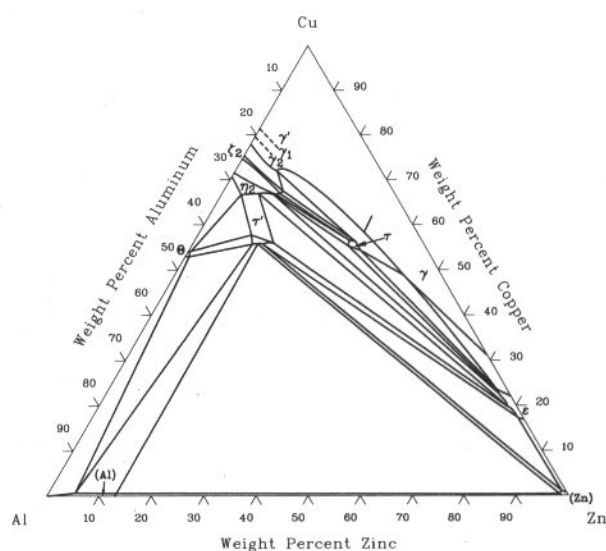
Al-Cu-Zn liquidus projection [73Wil]



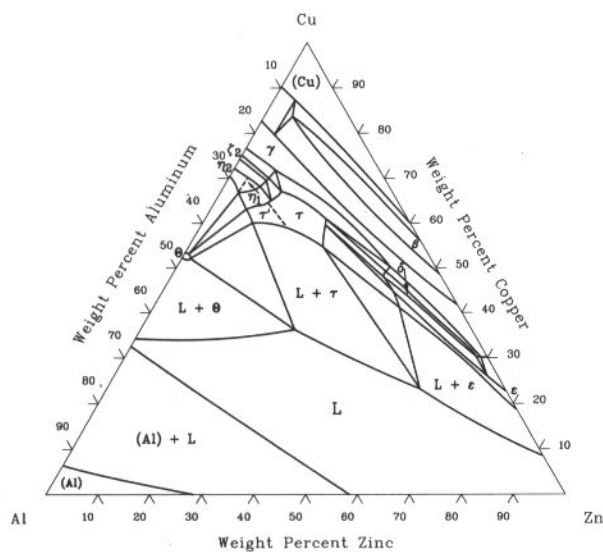
Al-Cu-Zn isothermal section at 700 °C [73Wil]



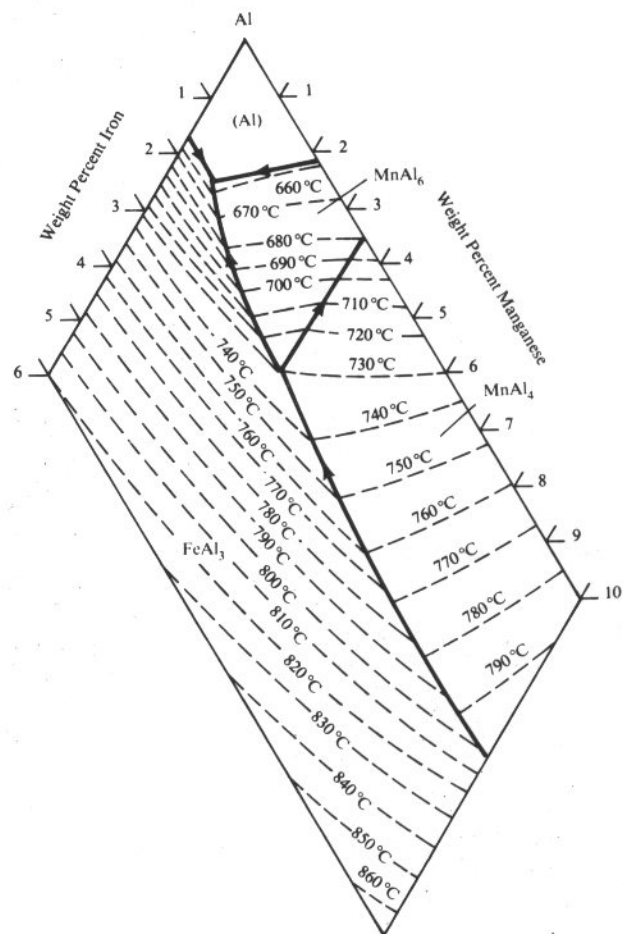
Al-Cu-Zn isothermal section at 200 °C [73Wil]



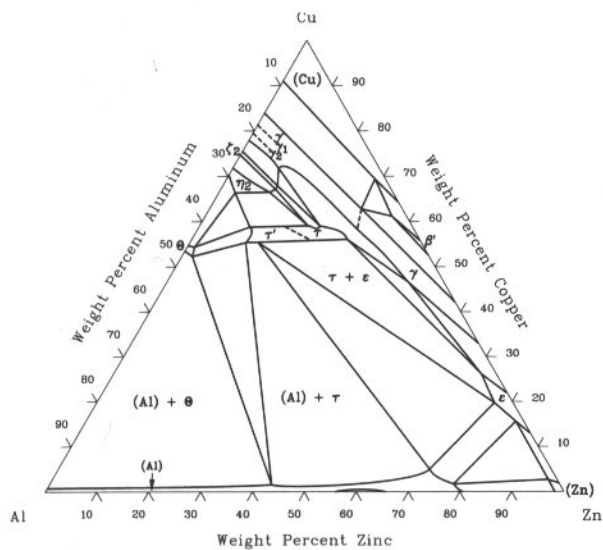
Al-Cu-Zn isothermal section at 550 °C [73Wil]



Al-Fe-Mn (Al) liquidus projection [88Ray]

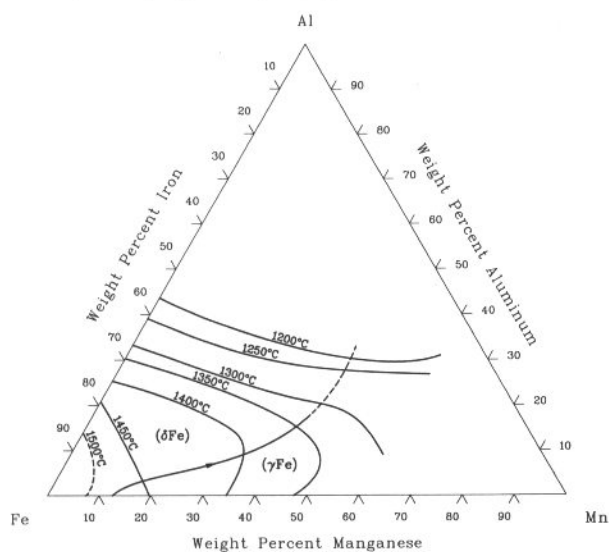


Al-Cu-Zn isothermal section at 350 °C [73Wil]

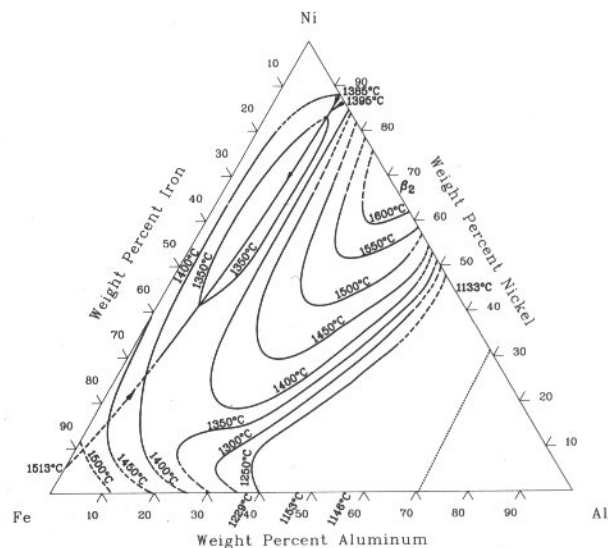


3•14/Ternary Alloy Phase Diagrams

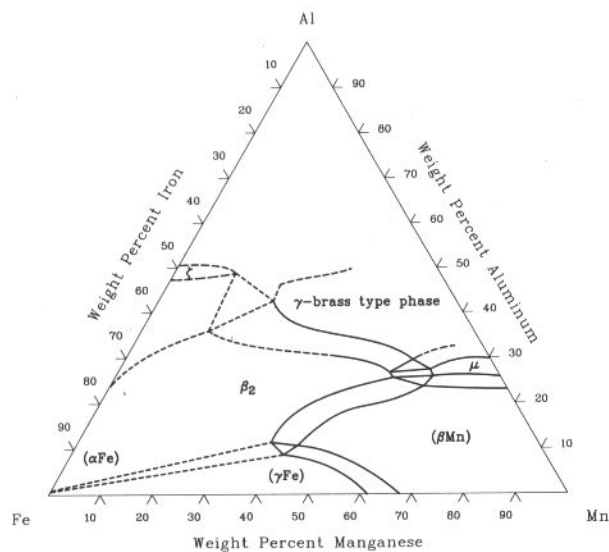
Al-Fe-Mn liquidus projection [88Ray]



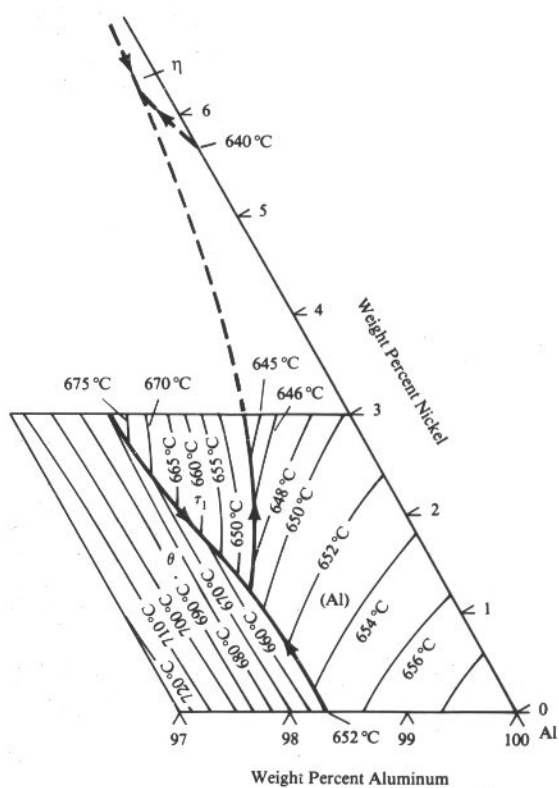
Al-Fe-Ni liquidus projection [88Ray]



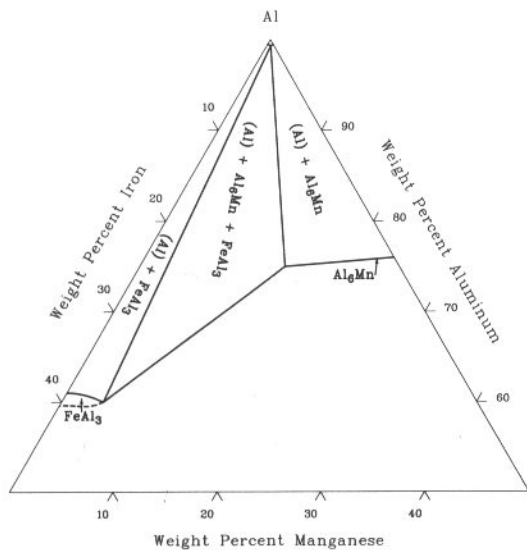
Al-Fe-Mn isothermal section at 1000 °C [88Ray]



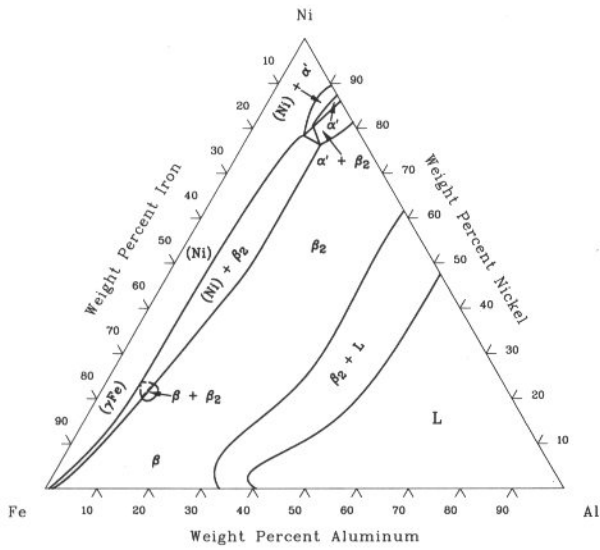
Al-Fe-Ni (Al) liquidus projection [88Ray]



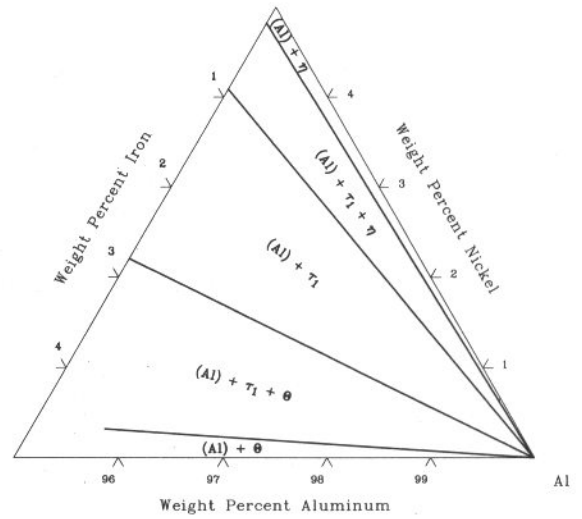
Al-Fe-Mn isothermal section at 600 °C [88Ray]



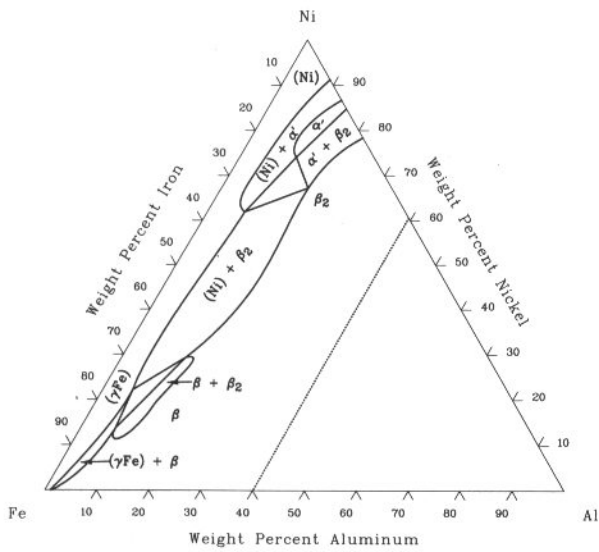
Al-Fe-Ni isothermal section at 1250 °C [88Ray]



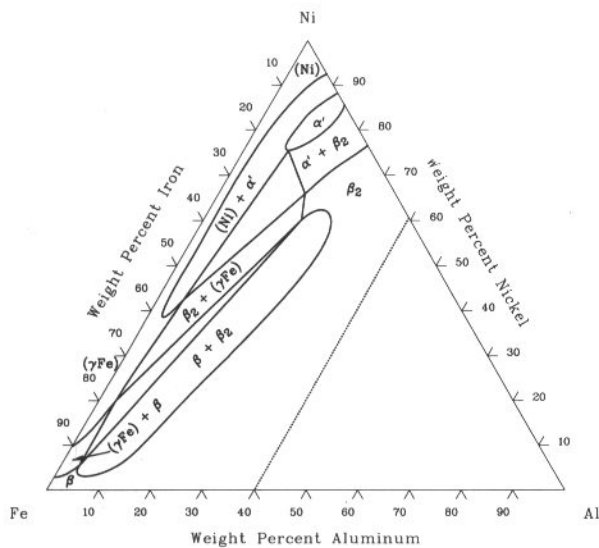
Al-Fe-Ni isothermal section at 600 °C [88Ray]



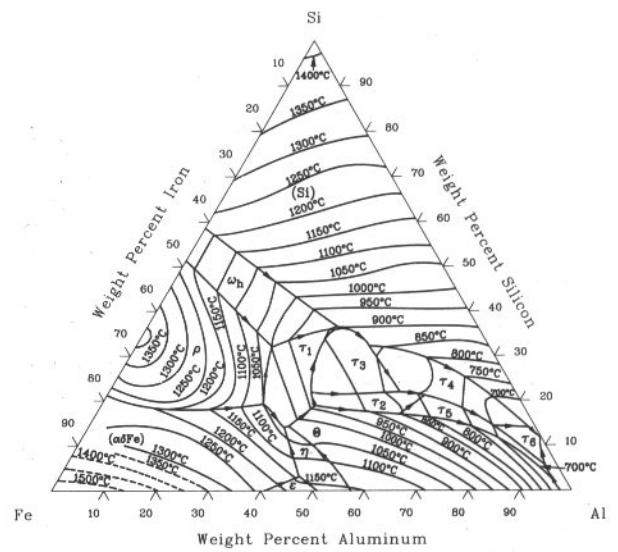
Al-Fe-Ni isothermal section at 950 °C [88Ray]



Al-Fe-Ni isothermal section at 750 °C [88Ray]

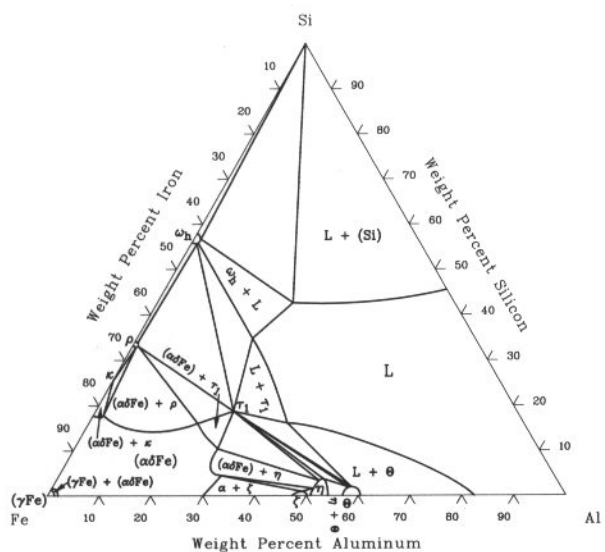


Al-Fe-Si liquidus projection [88Ray]

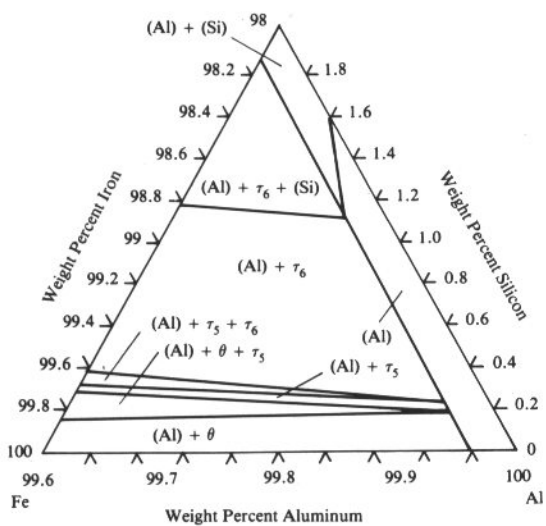


3•16/Ternary Alloy Phase Diagrams

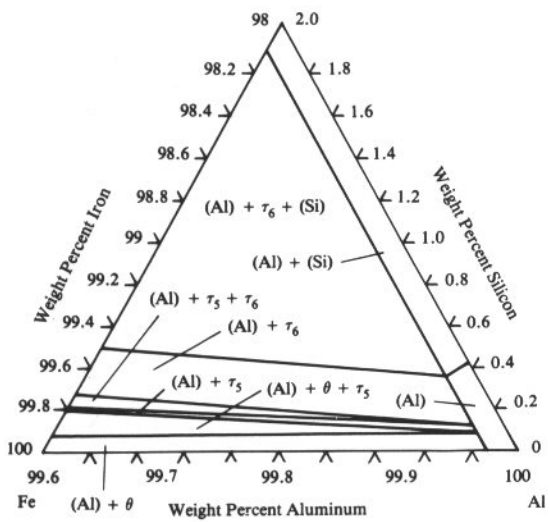
Al-Fe-Si isothermal section at 1000 °C [88Ray]



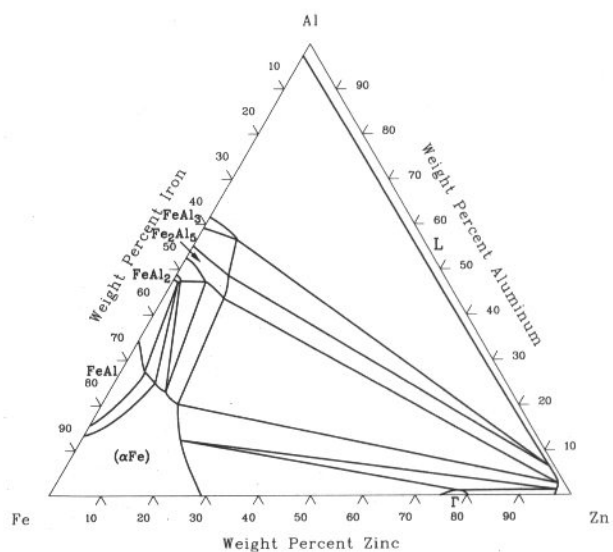
Al-Fe-Si isothermal section at 550 °C [88Ray]



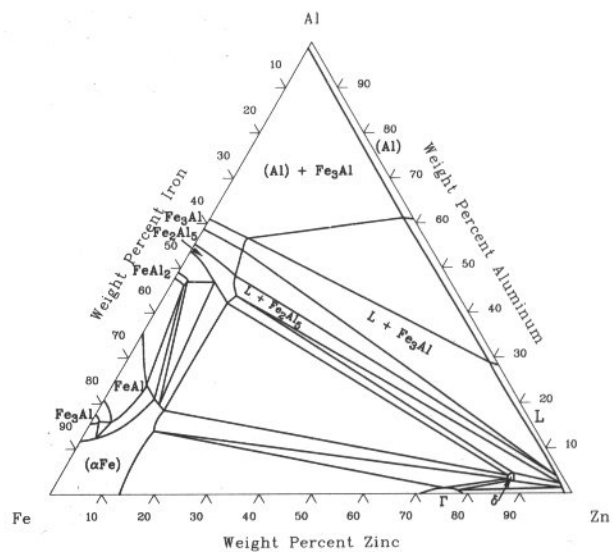
Al-Fe-Si isothermal section at 450 °C [88Ray]



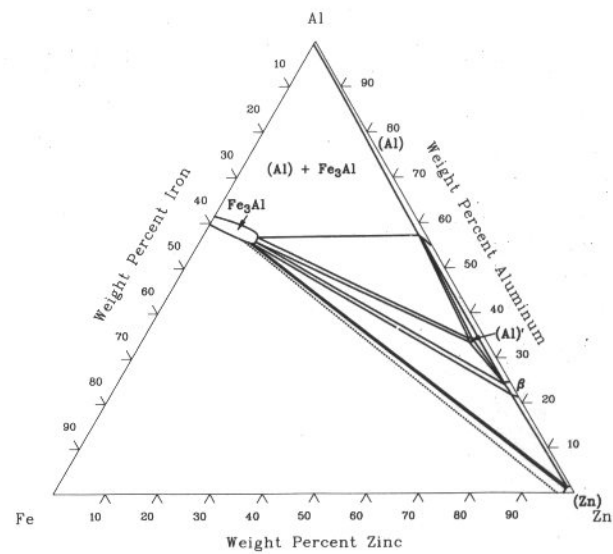
Al-Fe-Zn isothermal section at 700 °C [70Kos]



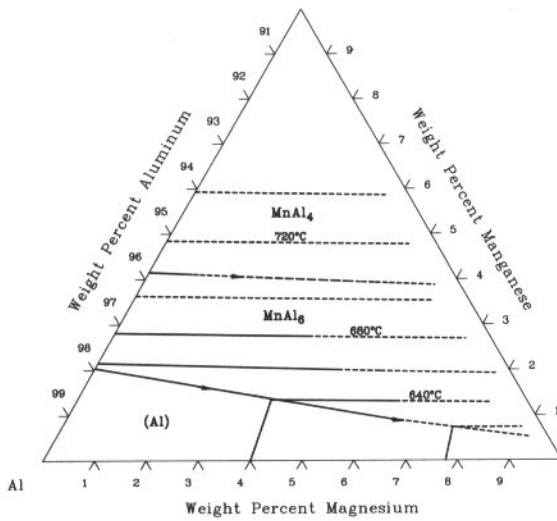
Al-Fe-Zn isothermal section at 500 °C [70Kos]



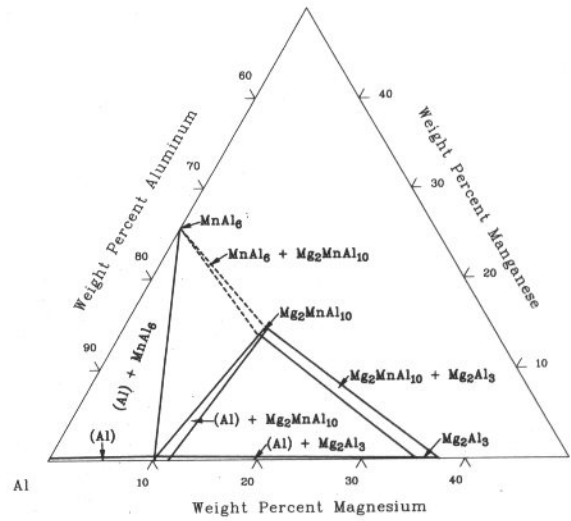
Al-Fe-Zn isothermal section at 330 °C [70Kos]



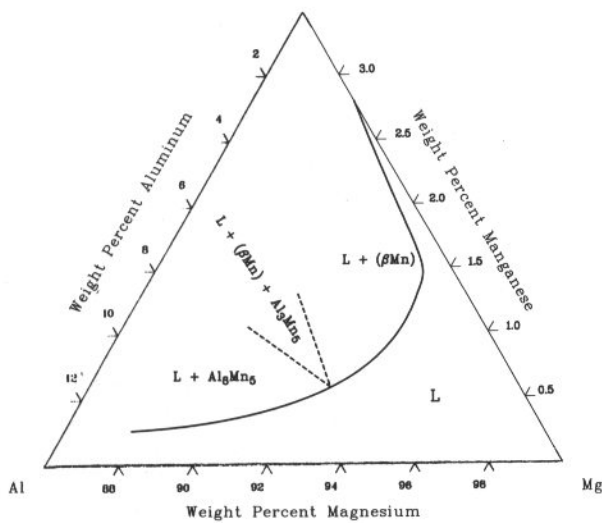
Al-Mg-Mn liquidus projection [73Wil]



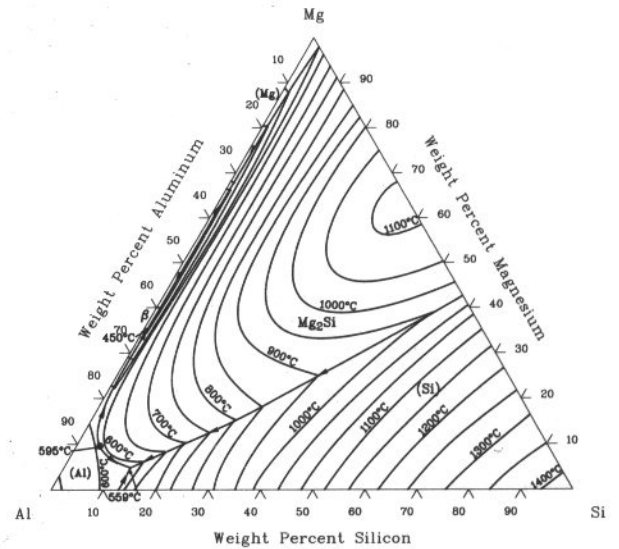
Al-Mg-Mn isothermal section at 400 °C [73Wil]



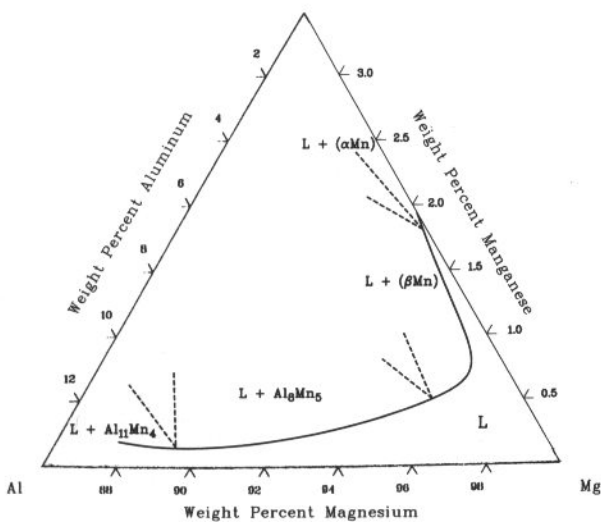
Al-Mg-Mn isothermal section at 750 °C [88Sim]



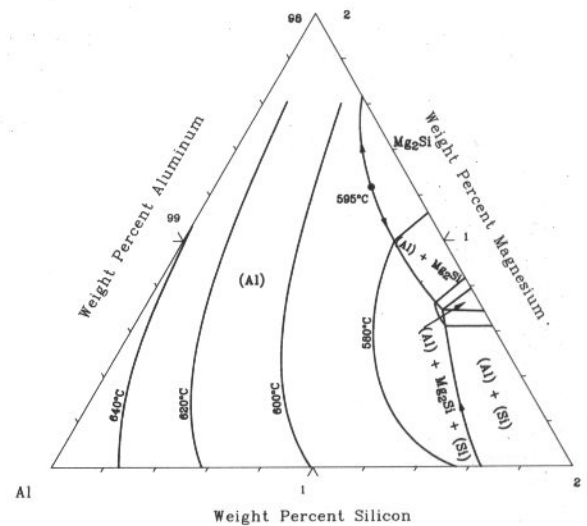
Al-Mg-Si liquidus projection [73Wil]



Al-Mg-Mn isothermal section at 670 °C [88Sim]

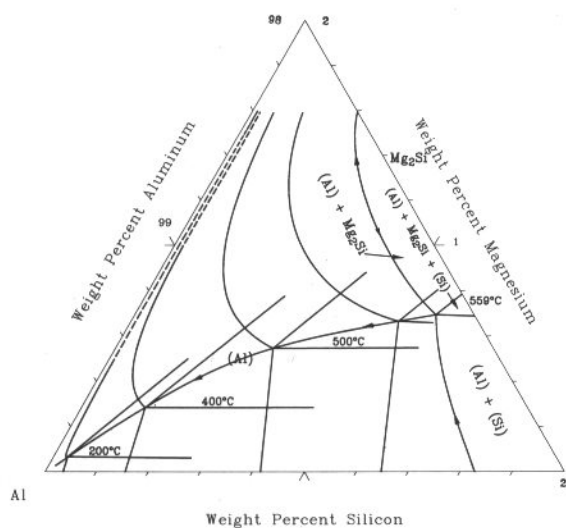


Al-Mg-Si solidus projection [73Wil]

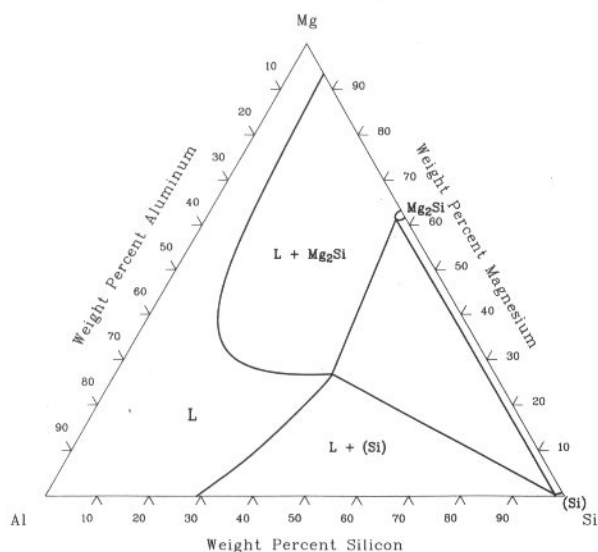


3•18/Ternary Alloy Phase Diagrams

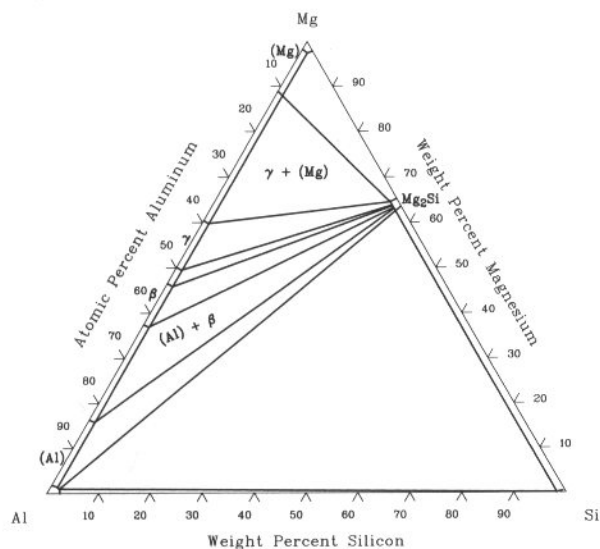
Al-Mg-Si solvus projection [73Wil]



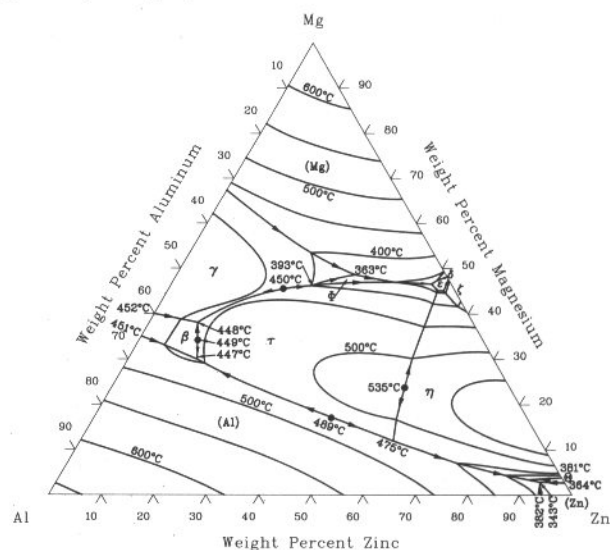
Al-Mg-Si isothermal section at 800 °C [88Rok]



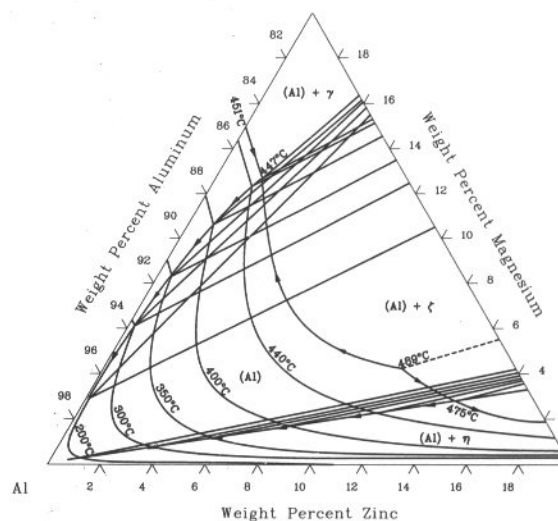
Al-Mg-Si isothermal section at 430 °C [88Rok]



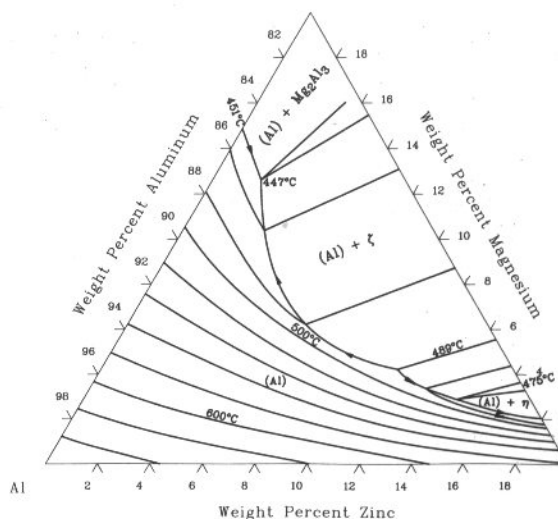
Al-Mg-Zn liquidus projection [73Wil]



Al-Mg-Zn solvus projection [73Wil]



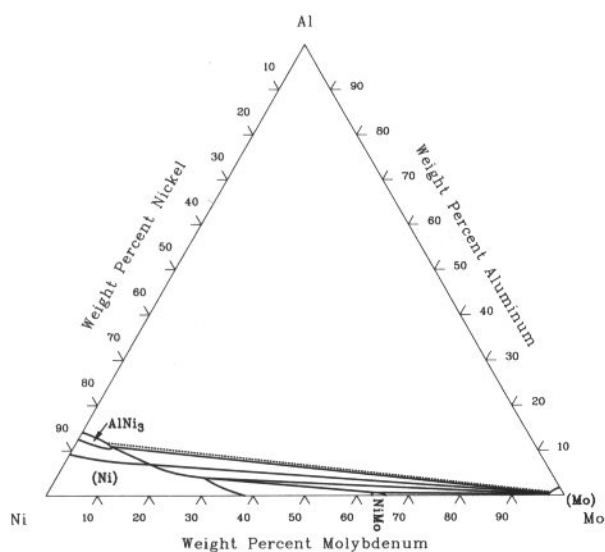
Al-Mg-Zn solidus projection [73Wil]



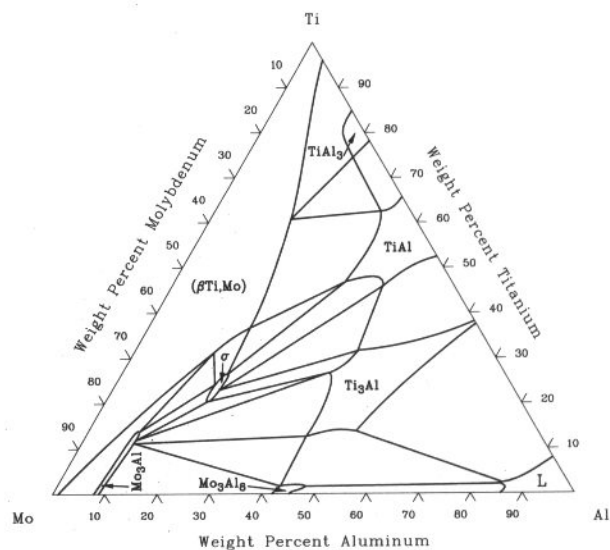


3•20/Ternary Alloy Phase Diagrams

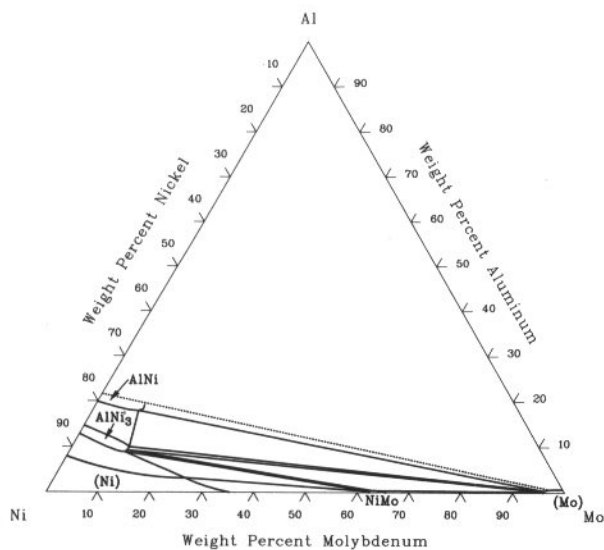
Al-Mo-Ni isothermal section at 1260 °C [84Mir]



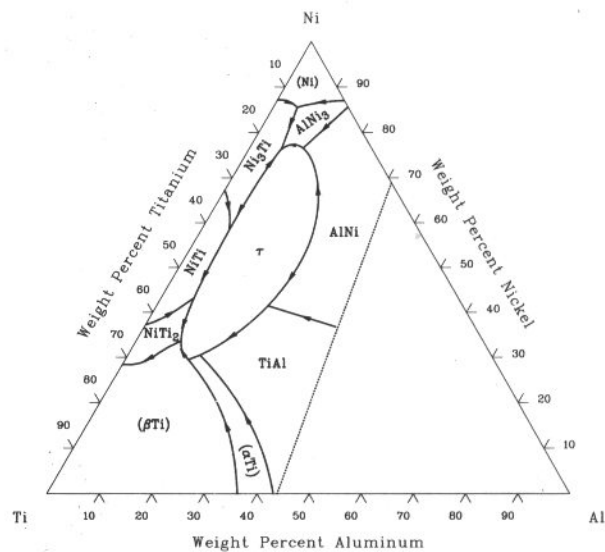
Al-Mo-Ti isothermal section at 925 °C [70Han]



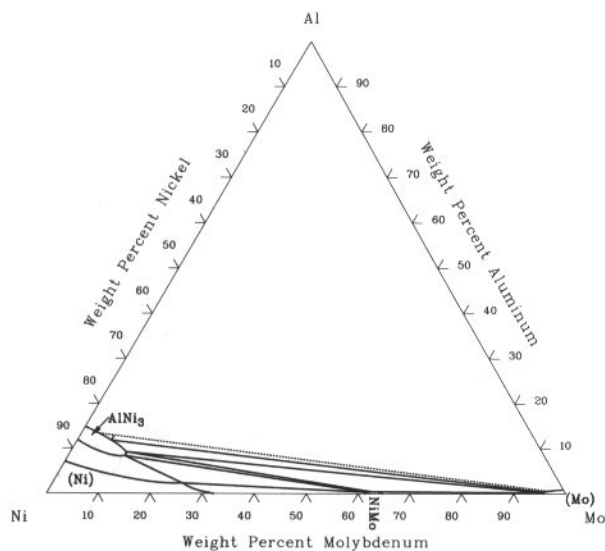
Al-Mo-Ni isothermal section at 1093 °C [84Mir]



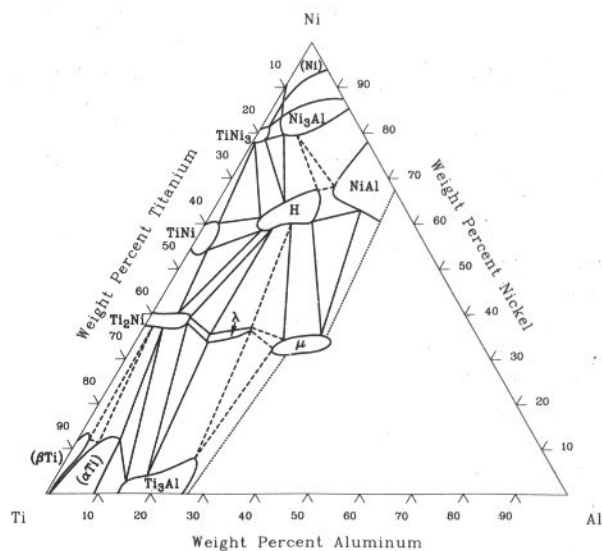
Al-Ni-Ti liquidus projection [85Nas]



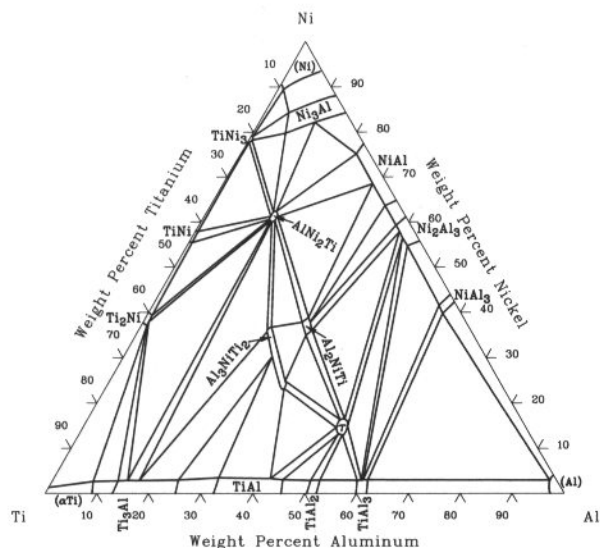
Al-Mo-Ni isothermal section at 927 °C [84Mir]



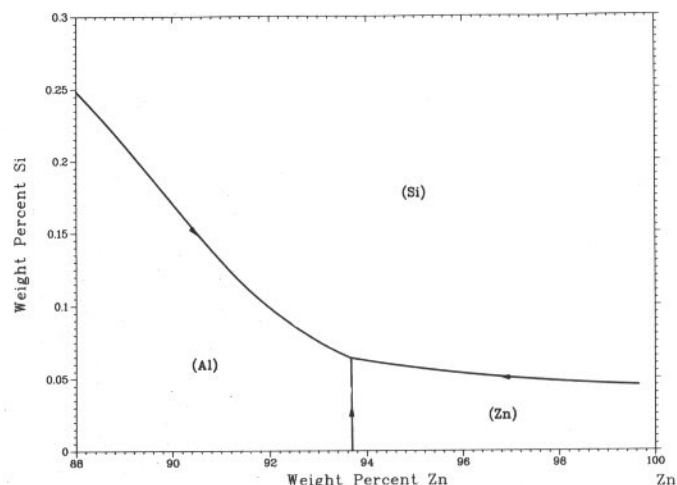
Al-Ni-Ti isothermal section at 900 °C [85Nas]



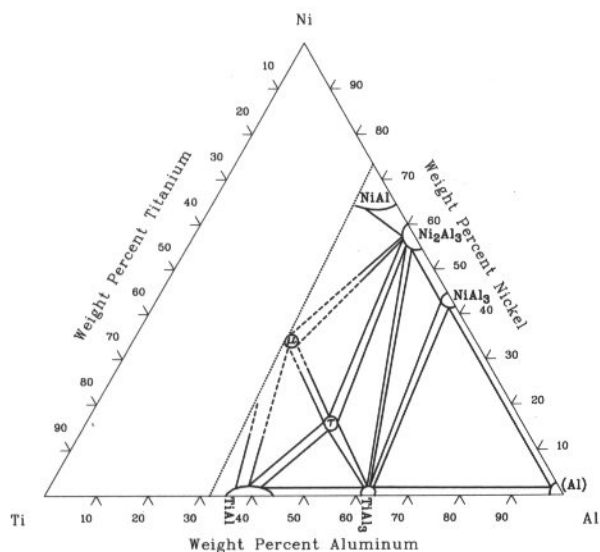
Al-Ni-Ti isothermal section at 800 °C [73Mar]



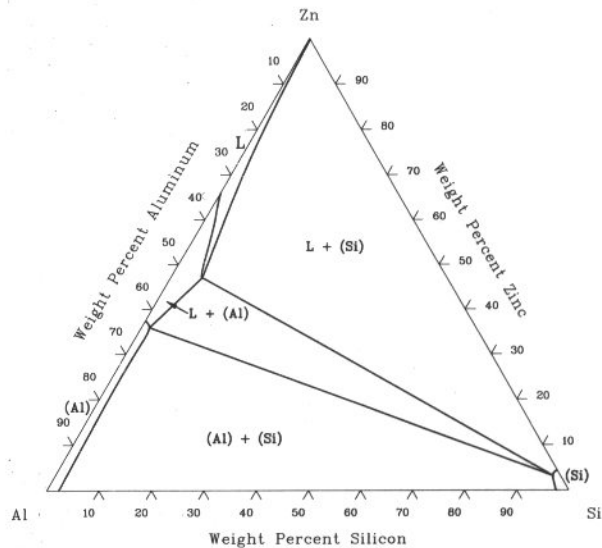
Al-Si-Zn schematic liquidus projection



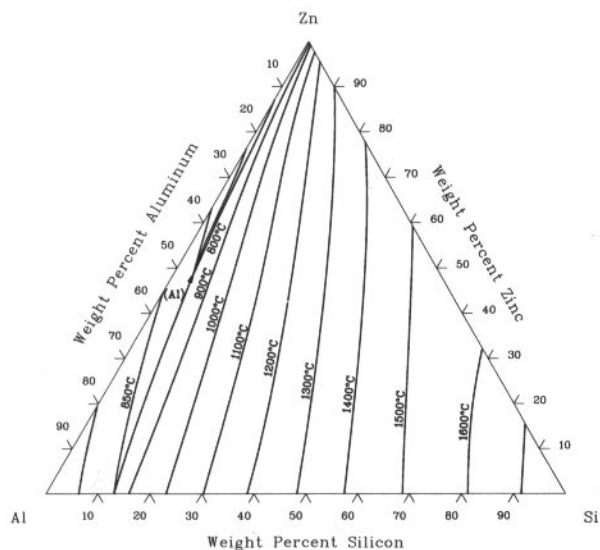
Al-Ni-Ti isothermal section at 600 °C [85Oma]



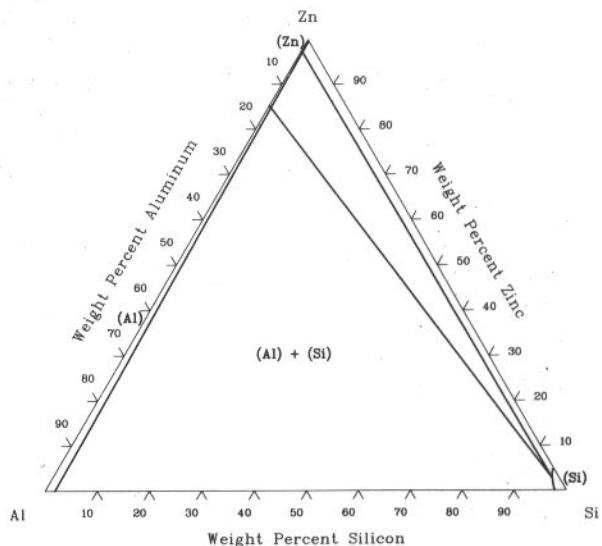
Al-Si-Zn isothermal section at 527 °C [86Mey]



Al-Si-Zn liquidus projection [86Mey]

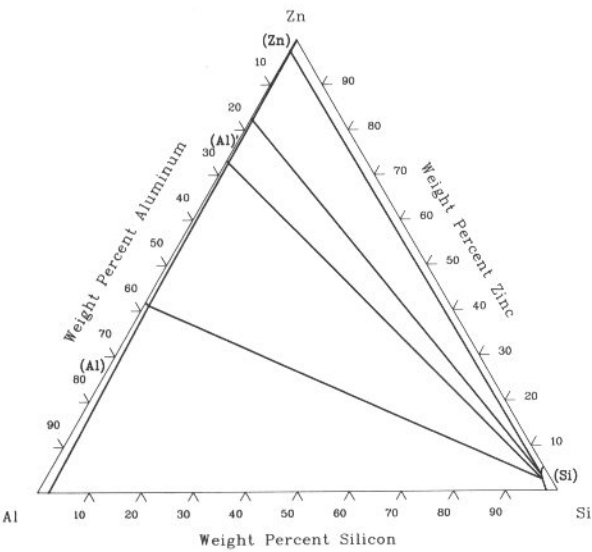


Al-Si-Zn isothermal section at 357 °C [86Mey]

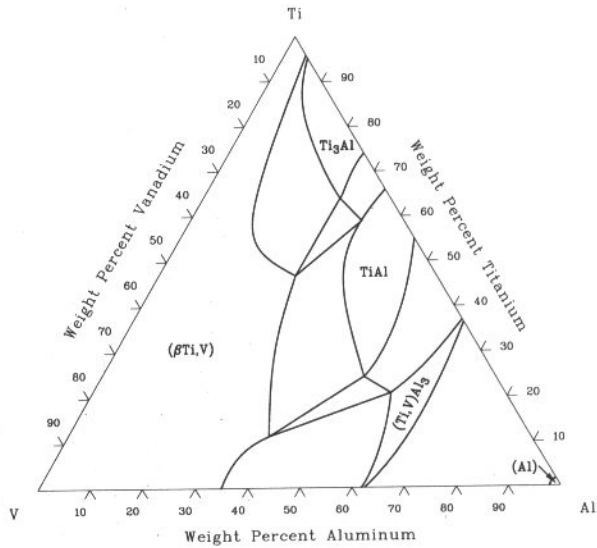


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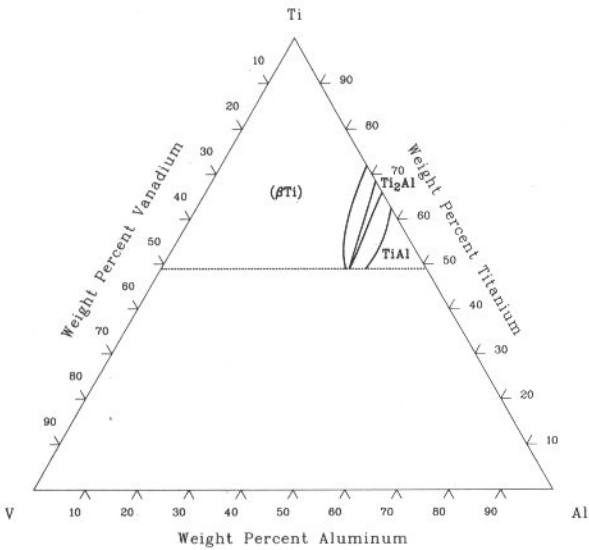
Al-Si-Zn isothermal section at 307 °C [86Mey]



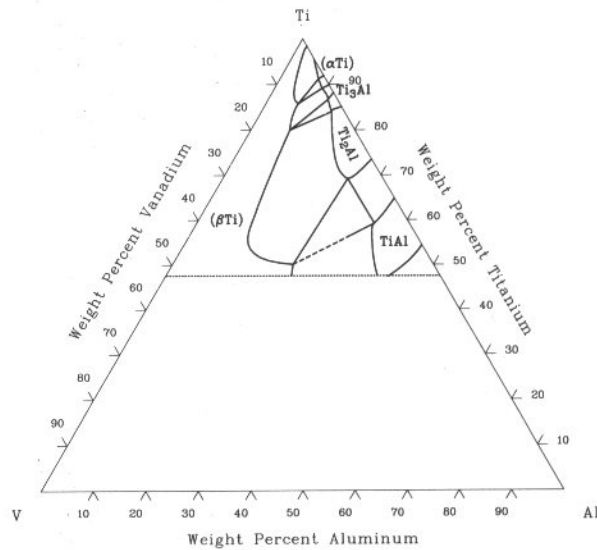
Al-Ti-V isothermal section at 980 °C [56Zwi]



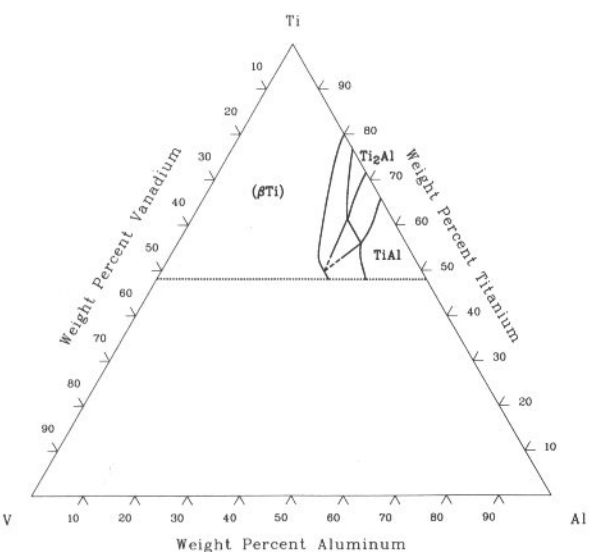
Al-Ti-V isothermal section at 1400 °C [61Far]



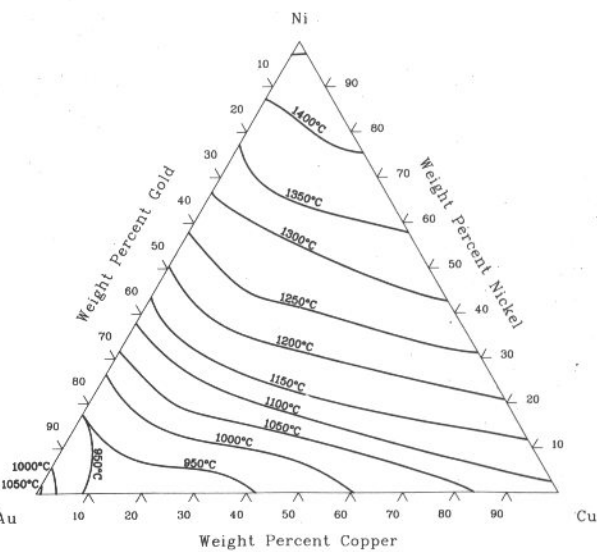
Al-Ti-V isothermal section at 900 °C [61Far]



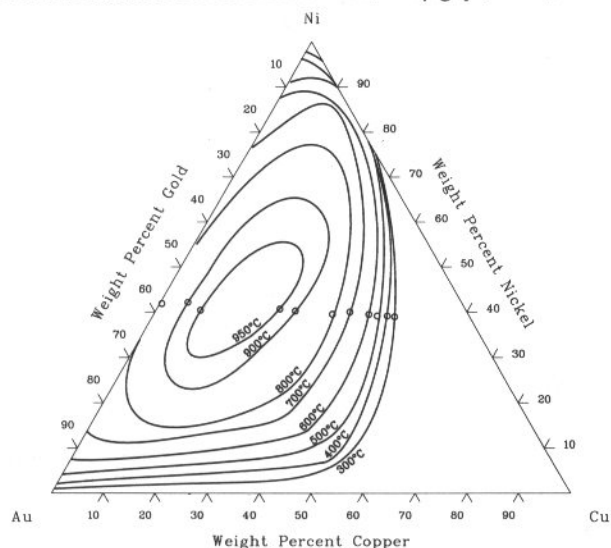
Al-Ti-V isothermal section at 1200 °C [61Far]



Au-Cu-Ni liquidus projection [90Pri]

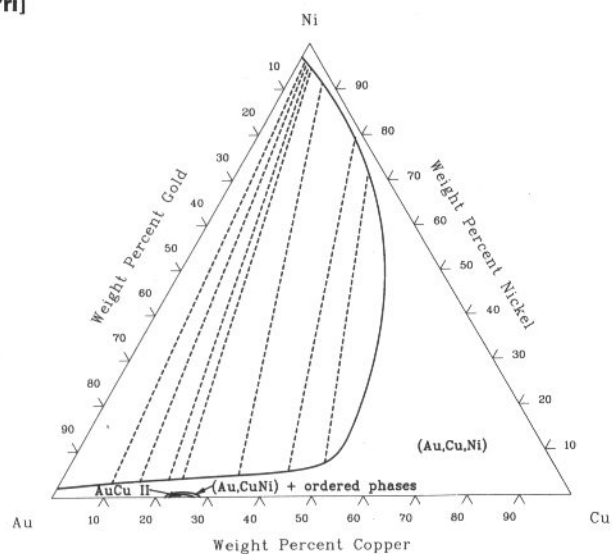


Au-Cu-Ni boundaries of solid-state miscibility gap [90Pri]

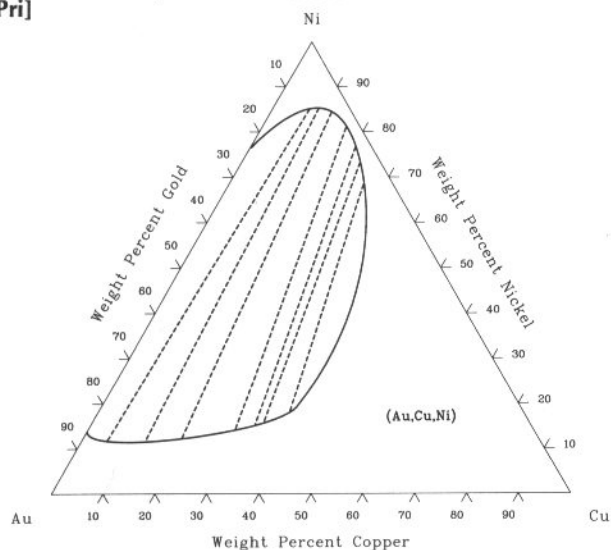


The open circles represent the compositions at which the gap closes.

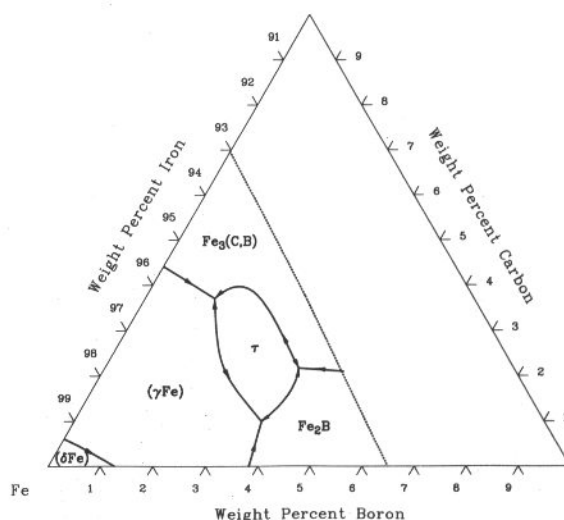
Au-Cu-Ni boundary of miscibility gap at 400 °C, with tie lines [90Pri]



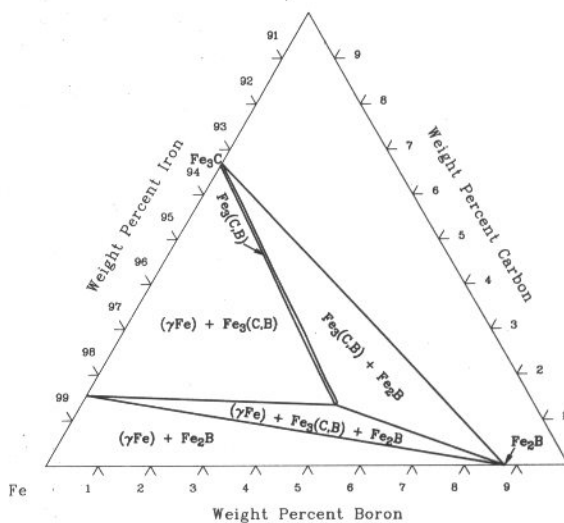
Au-Cu-Ni boundary of miscibility gap at 700 °C, with tie lines [90Pri]



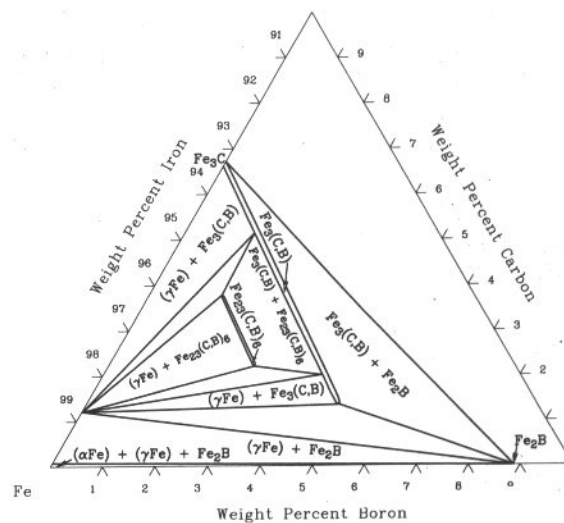
B-C-Fe liquidus projection [63Sta]



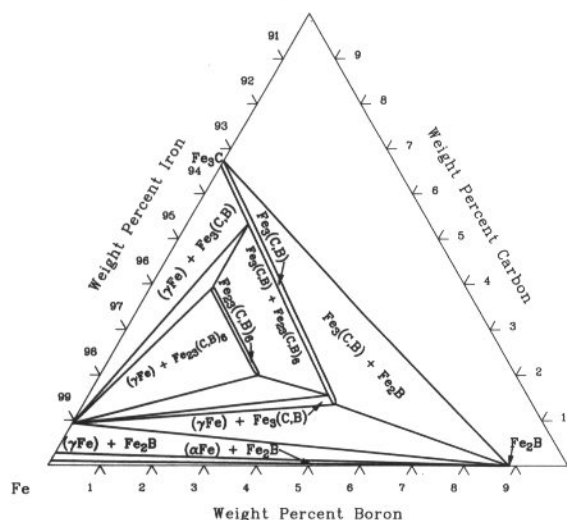
B-C-Fe isothermal section at 1000 °C [73Bre]



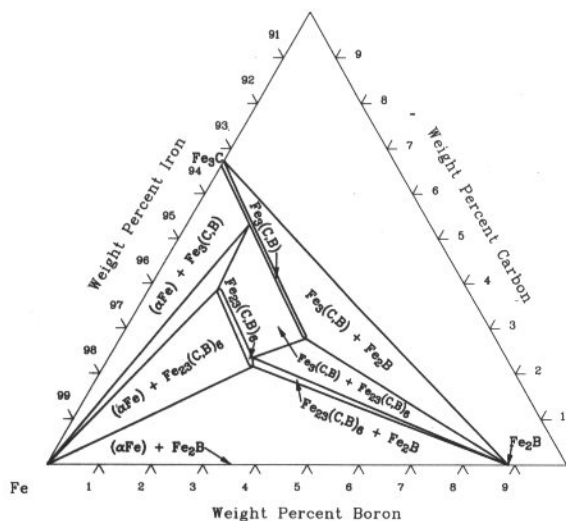
B-C-Fe isothermal section at 900 °C [73Bre]



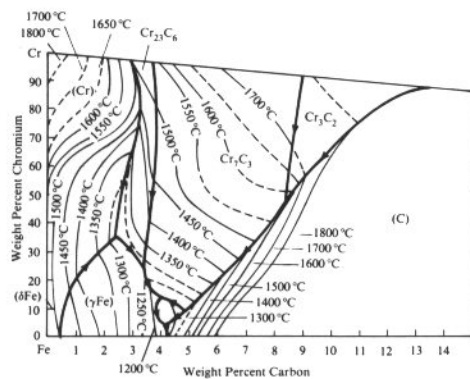
B-C-Fe isothermal section at 800 °C [73Bre]



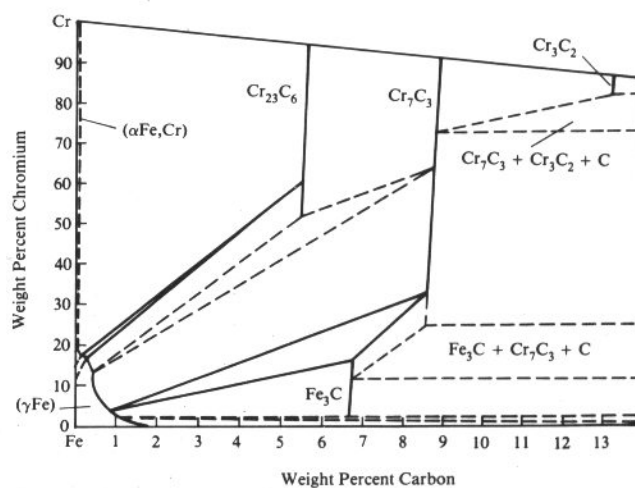
B-C-Fe isothermal section at 700 °C [73Bre]



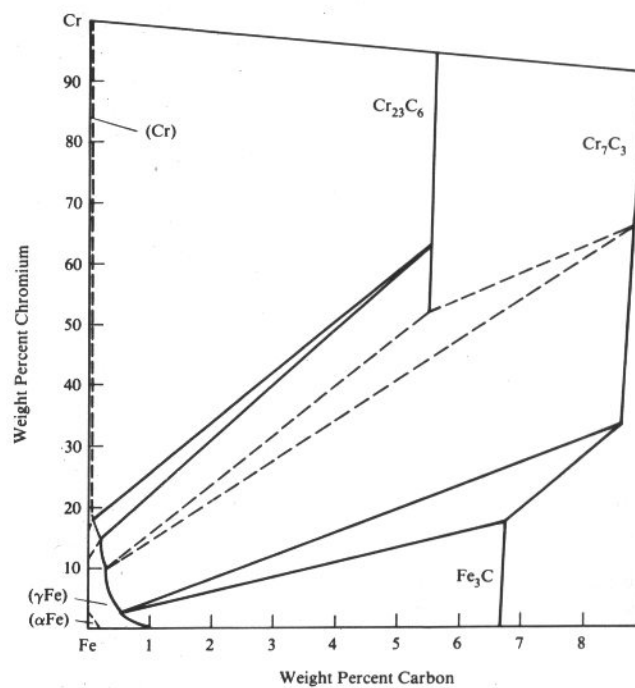
C-Cr-Fe liquidus projection [88Ray]



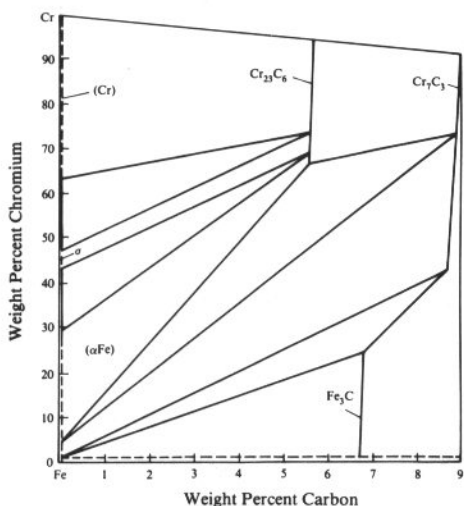
C-Cr-Fe isothermal section at 1000 °C [88Ray]



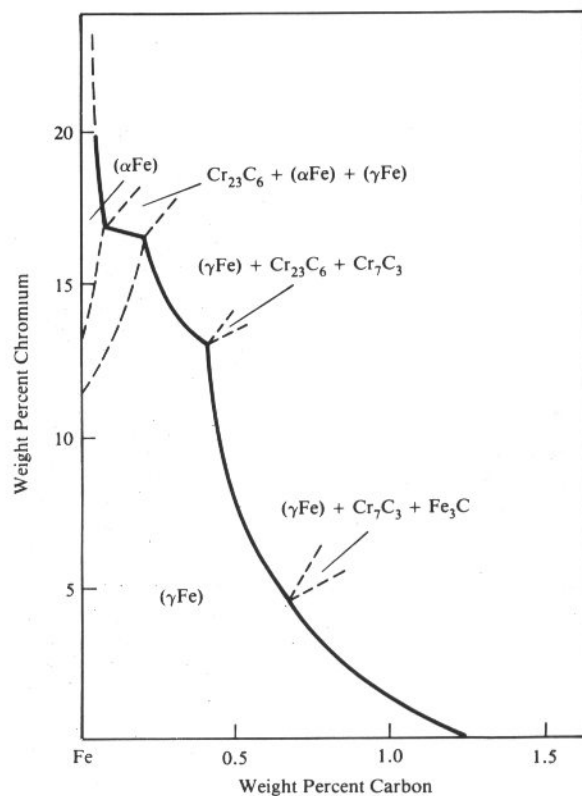
C-Cr-Fe isothermal section at 870 °C [88Ray]



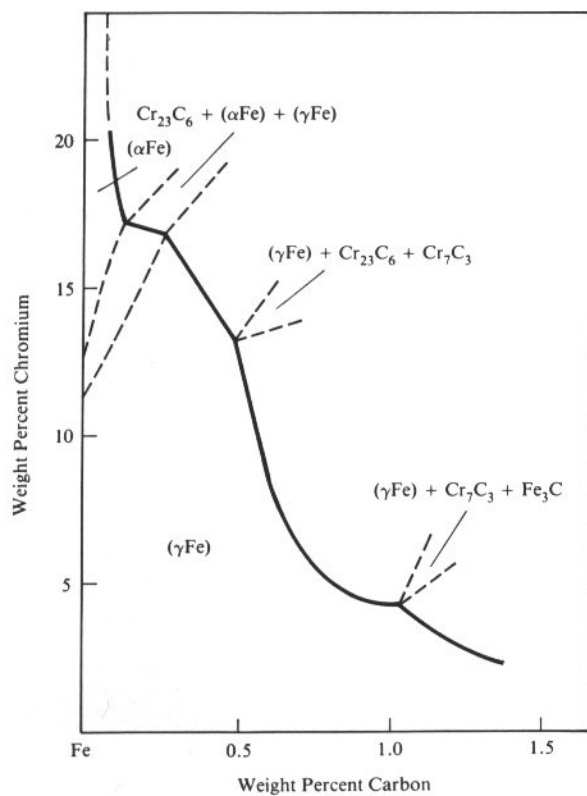
C-Cr-Fe isothermal section at 700 °C [88Ray]



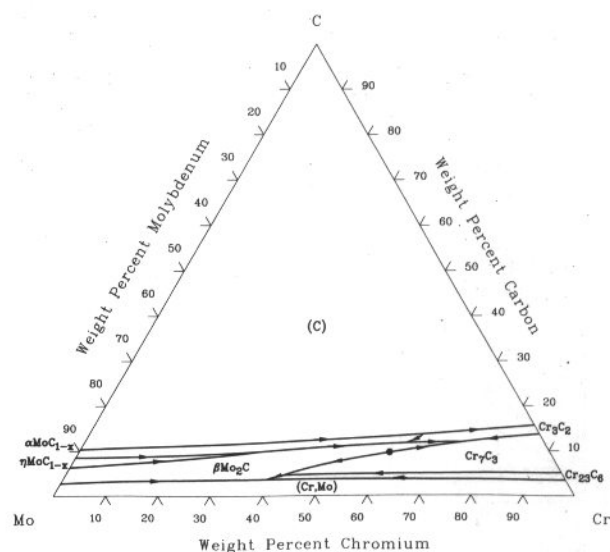
C-Cr-Fe isothermal section at 900 °C [88Ray]



C-Cr-Fe (Fe) isothermal section at 1100 °C [88Ray]

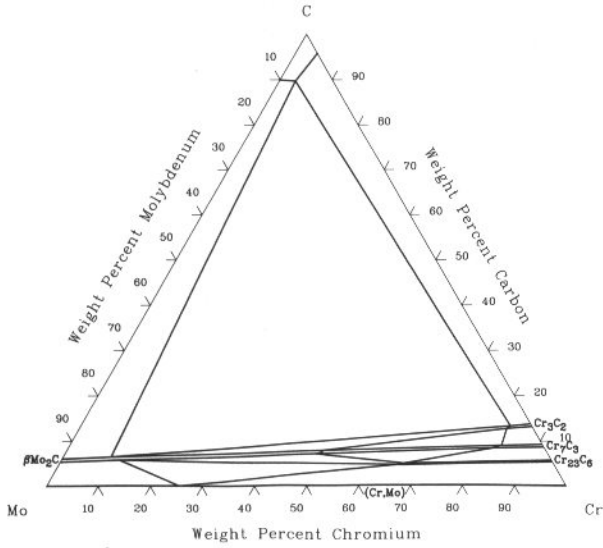


C-Cr-Mo liquidus projection [87Ere]

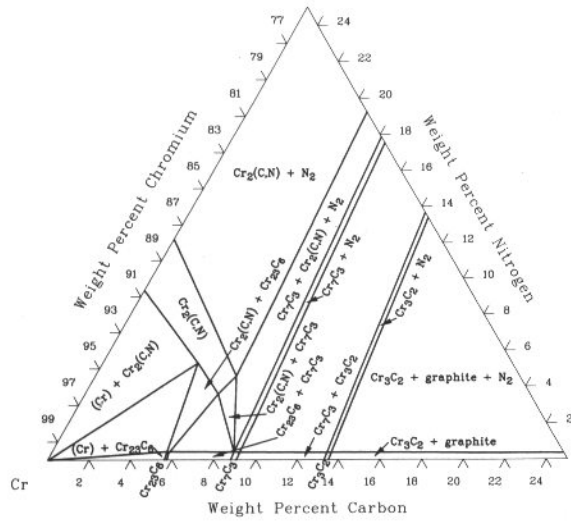


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C-Cr-Mo isothermal section at 1350 °C [65Kuz]

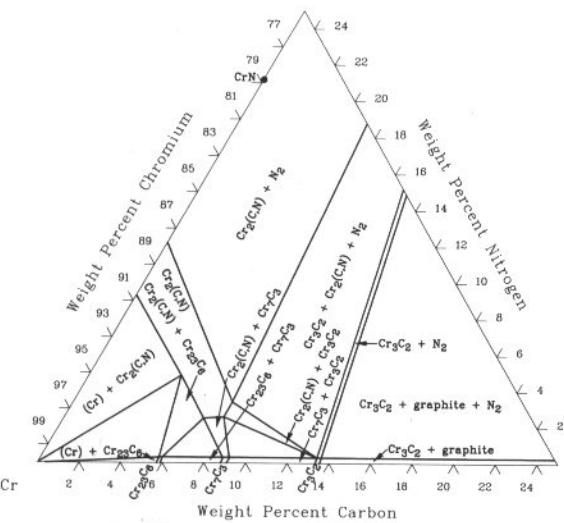


C-Cr-N isothermal section at 1400 °C [73Bre]



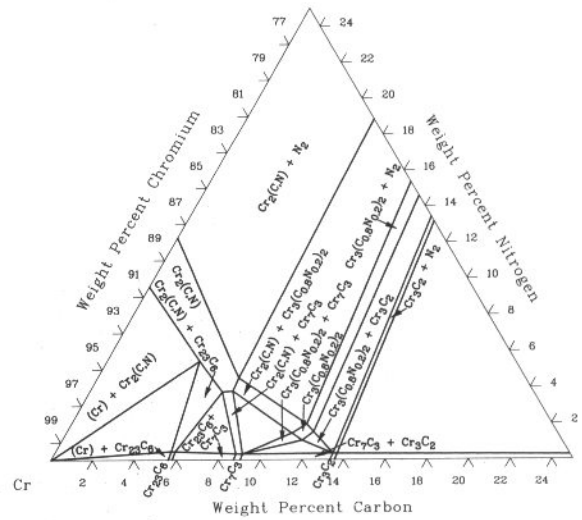
Nitrogen pressure: ≤ 0.1 MPa.

C-Cr-N isothermal section at 1100 °C [73Bre]



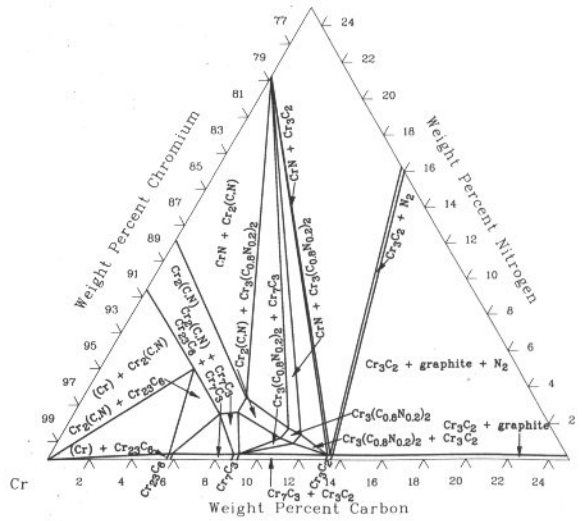
Nitrogen pressure: ≤ 0.1 MPa.

C-Cr-N isothermal section at 1400 °C [73Bre]



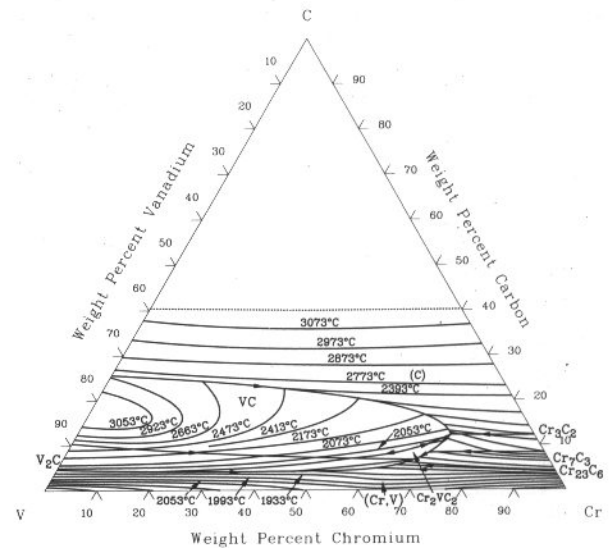
Nitrogen pressure: ~ 3 MPa.

C-Cr-N isothermal section at 1100 °C [73Bre]

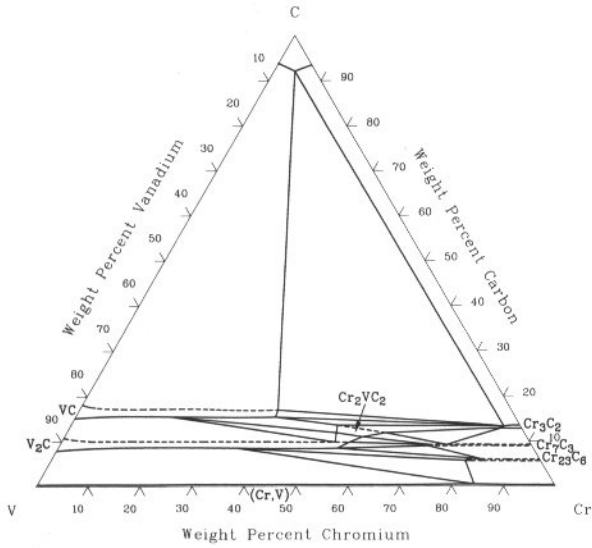


Nitrogen pressure: 0.2 to 3 MPa.

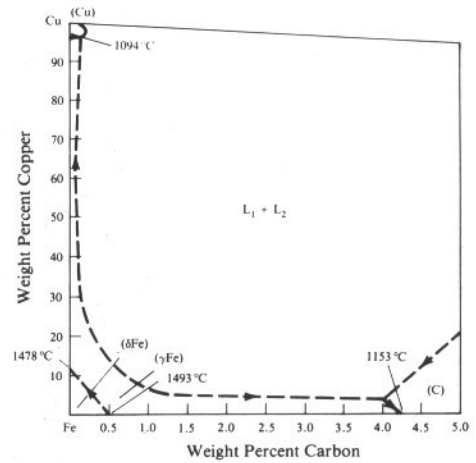
C-Cr-V liquidus projection [66Kie]



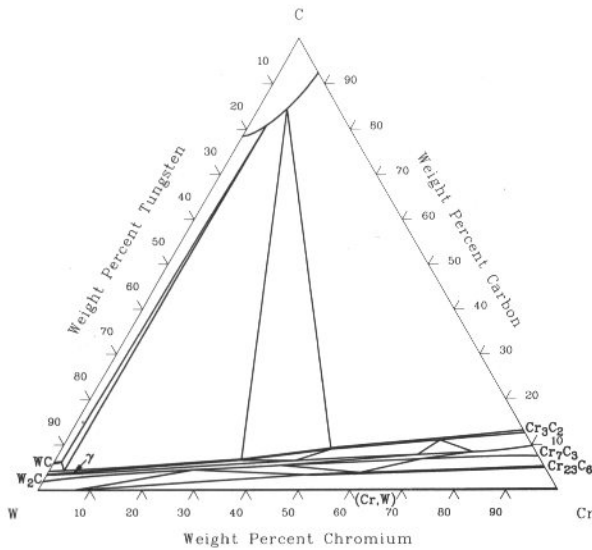
C-Cr-V isothermal section at 1350 °C [66Kie]



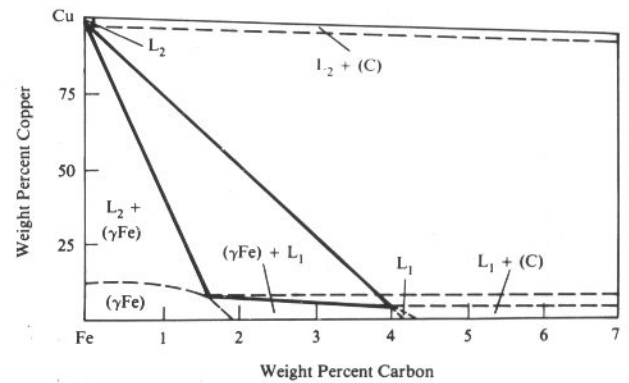
C-Cu-Fe liquidus projection [88Ray]



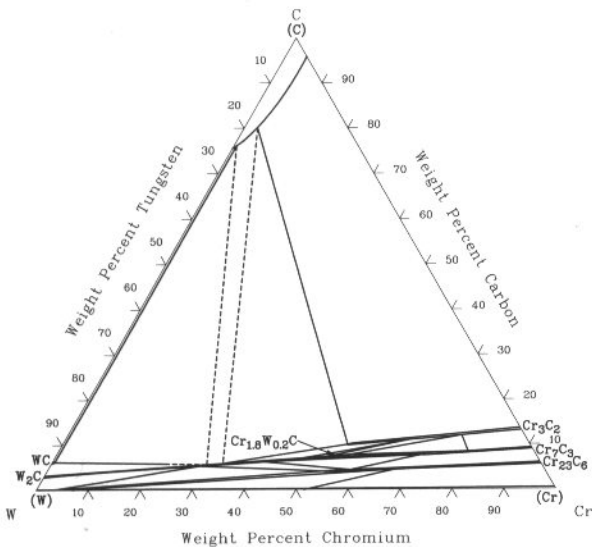
C-Cr-W isothermal section at 1600 °C [86Ere]



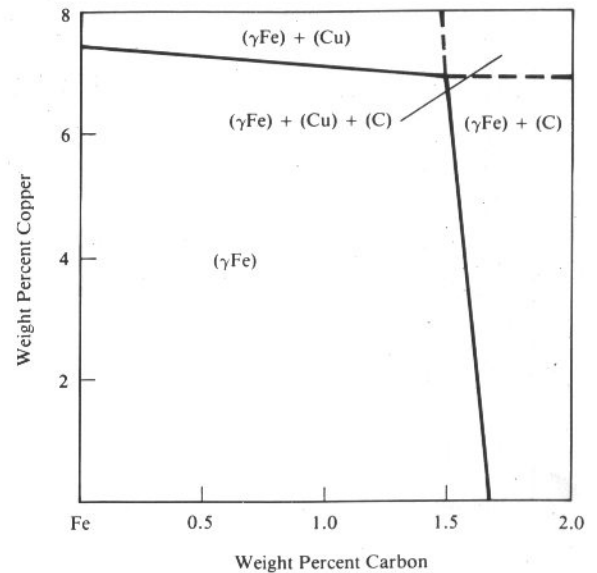
C-Cu-Fe isothermal section at 1172 °C [88Ray]



C-Cr-W isothermal section at 1350 °C [64Ste]

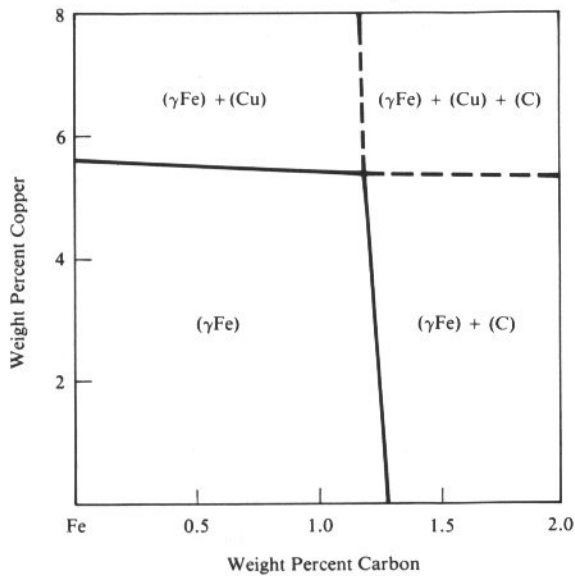


C-Cu-Fe isothermal section at 1050 °C [88Ray]

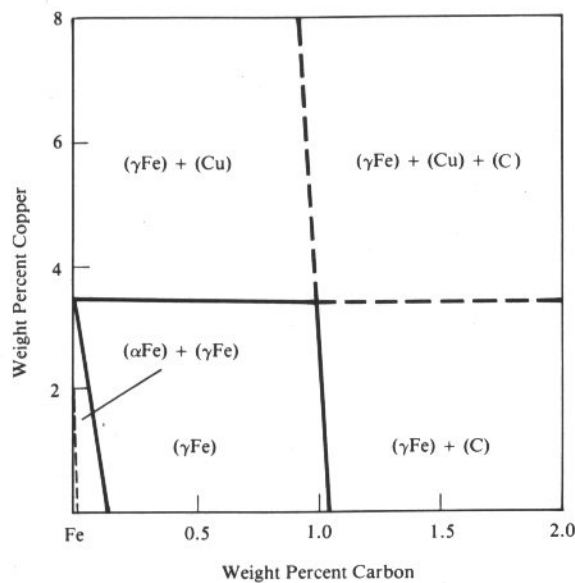


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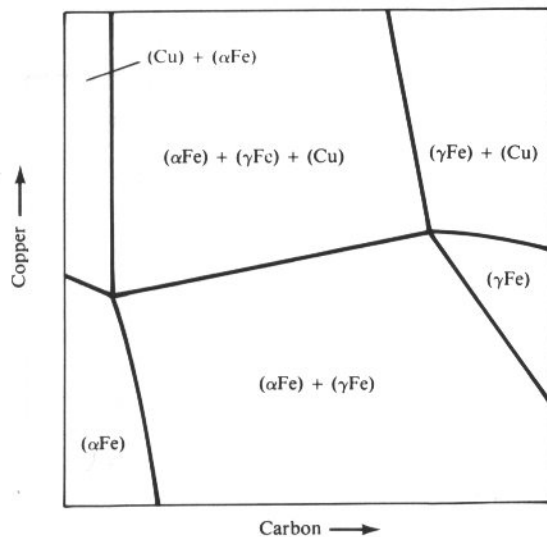
C-Cu-Fe isothermal section at 925 °C [88Ray]



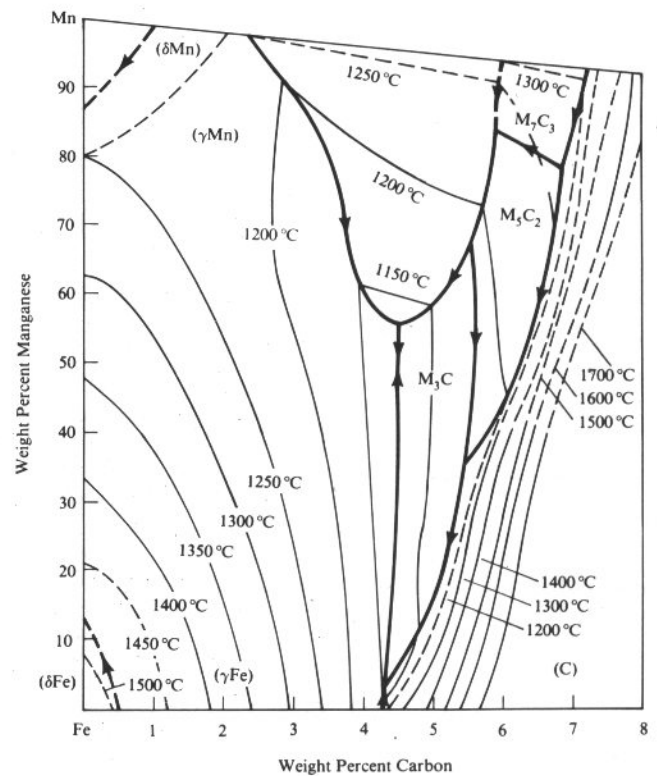
C-Cu-Fe isothermal section at 850 °C [88Ray]



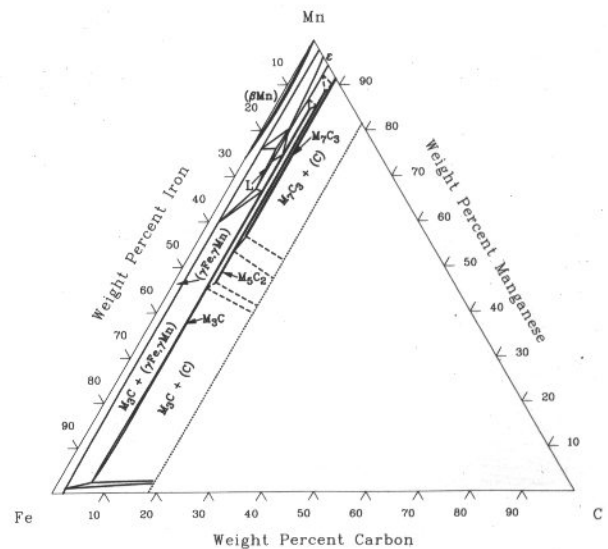
C-Cu-Fe schematic isothermal section at 850 °C [88Ray]



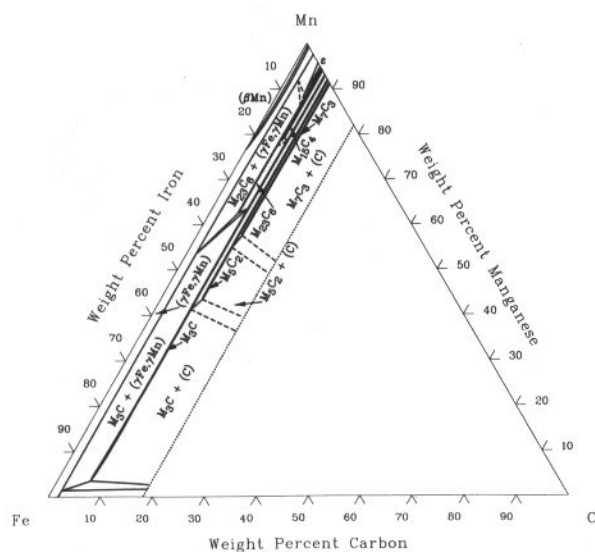
C-Fe-Mn liquidus projection [88Ray]



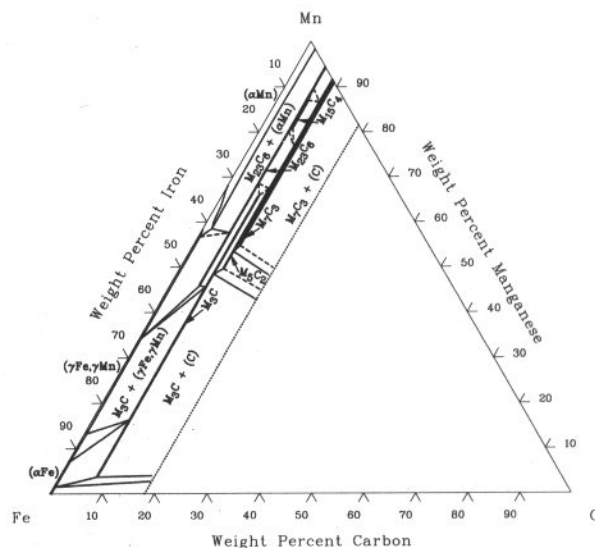
C-Fe-Mn isothermal section at 1100 °C [73Ben]



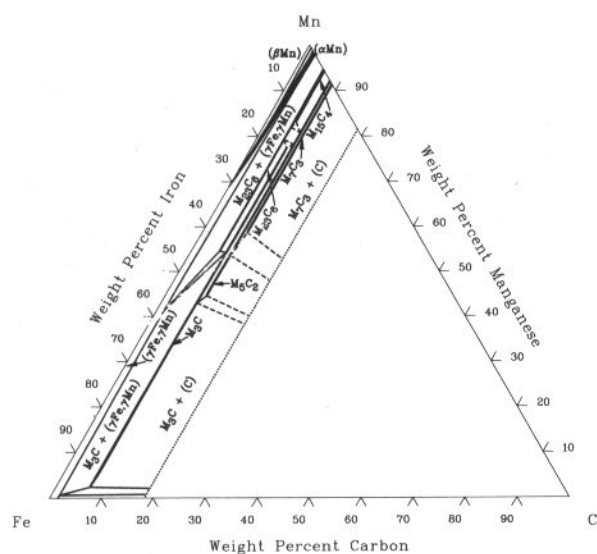
C-Fe-Mn isothermal section at 1000 °C [73Ben]



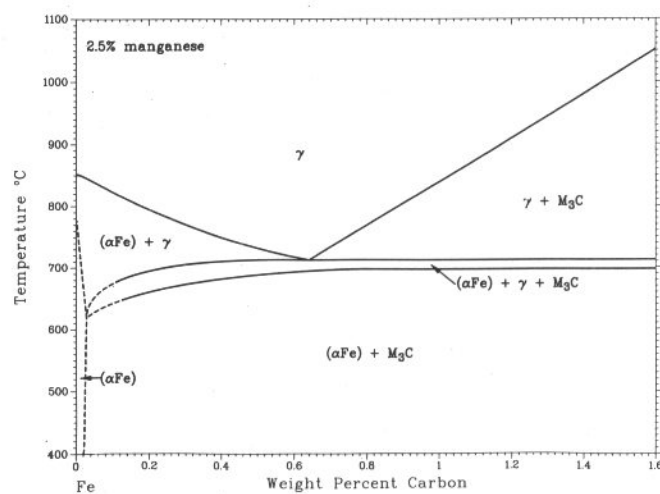
C-Fe-Mn isothermal section at 600 °C [73Ben]



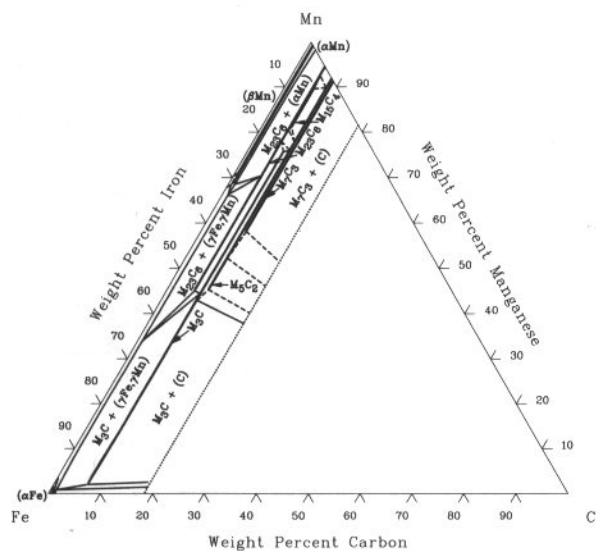
C-Fe-Mn isothermal section at 900 °C [73Ben]



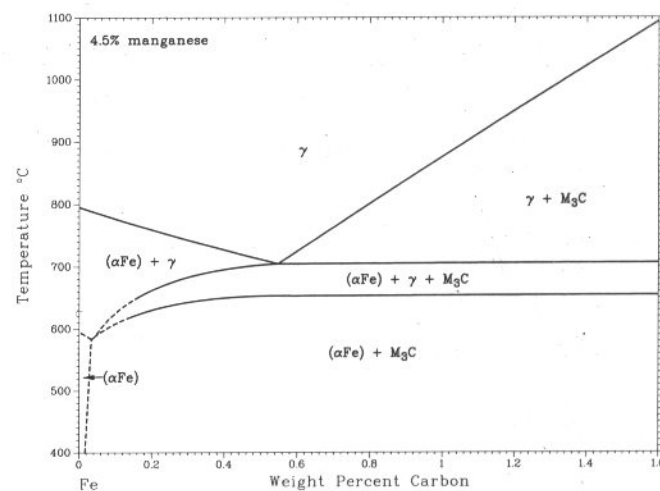
C-Fe-Mn [73Bre]



C-Fe-Mn isothermal section at 800 °C [73Ben]

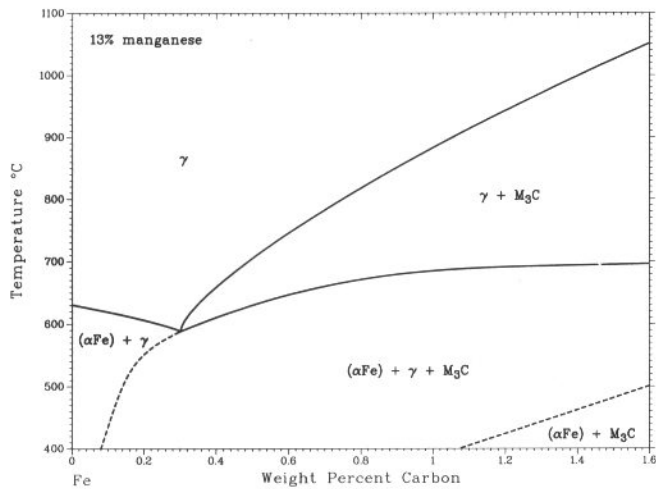


C-Fe-Mn [73Bre]

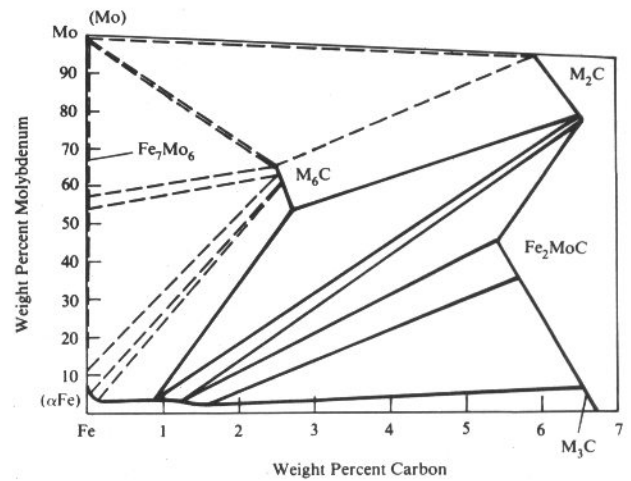


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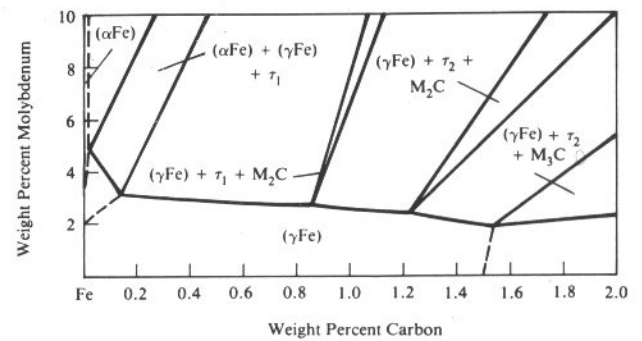
C-Fe-Mn [73Bre]



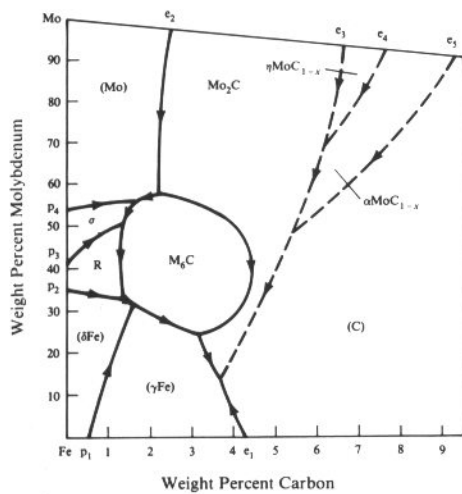
C-Fe-Mo isothermal section at 1000 °C [88Ray]



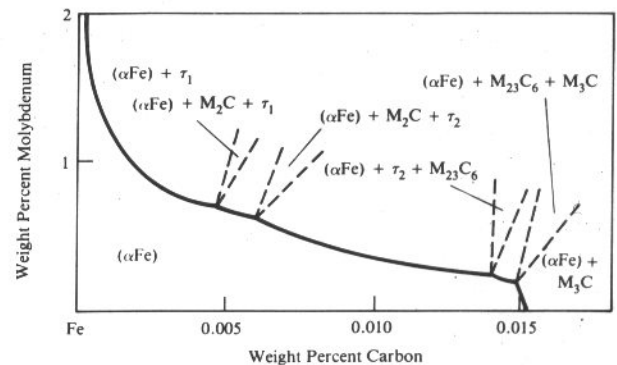
C-Fe-Mo (Fe) isothermal section at 1000 °C [88Ray]



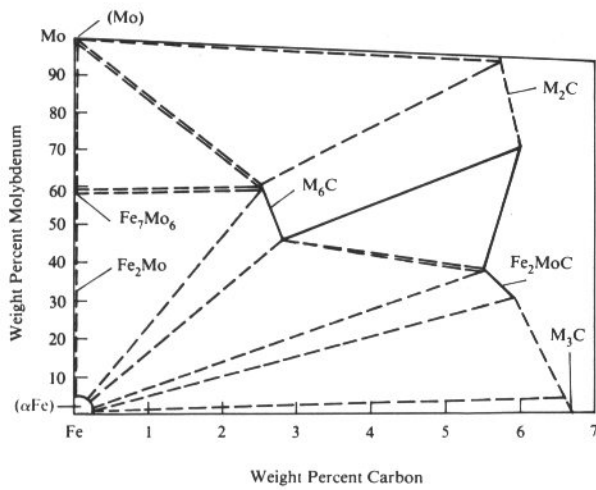
C-Fe-Mo liquidus projection [88Ray]



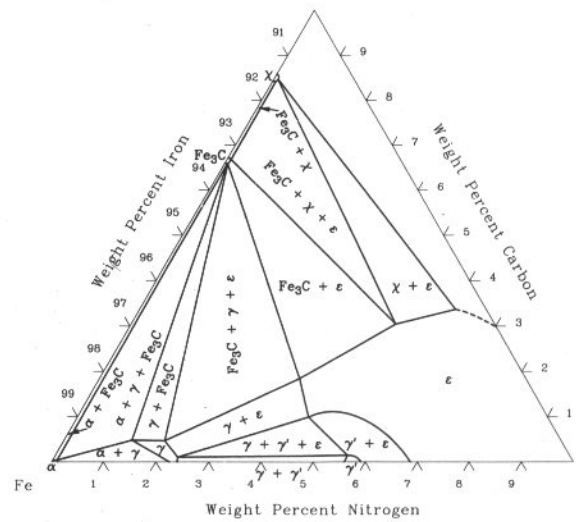
C-Fe-Mo isothermal section at 700 °C (calculated) [88Ray]



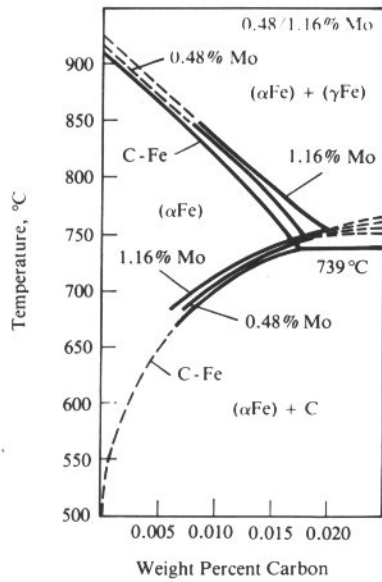
C-Fe-Mo (Fe) isothermal section at 700 °C [Ray]



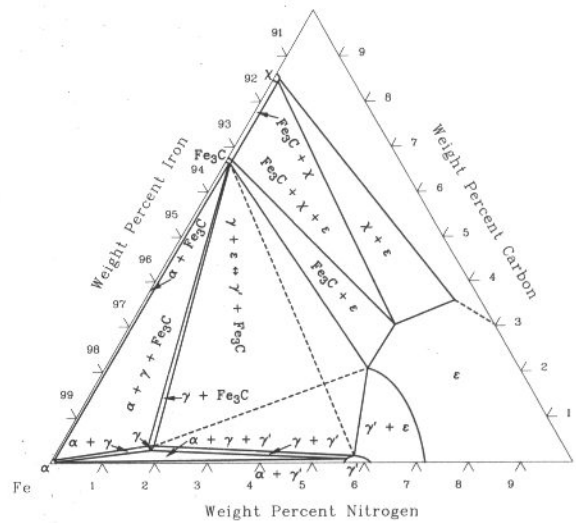
C-Fe-N isothermal section at 600 °C [87Rag]



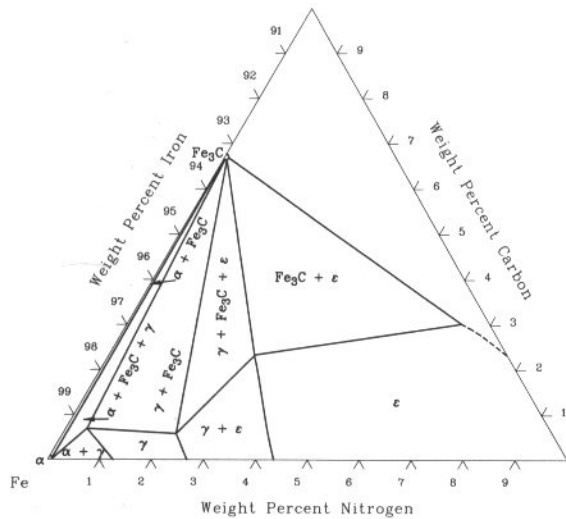
C-Fe-Mo [88Ray]



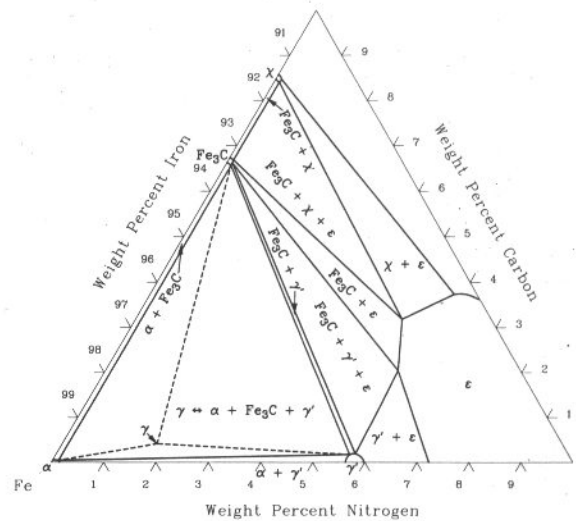
C-Fe-N isothermal section at 575 °C [87Rag]



C-Fe-N isothermal section at 700 °C [87Rag]

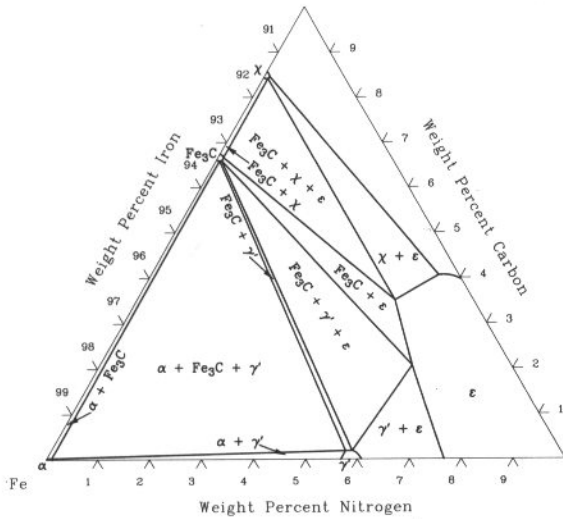


C-Fe-N isothermal section at 565 °C [87Rag]

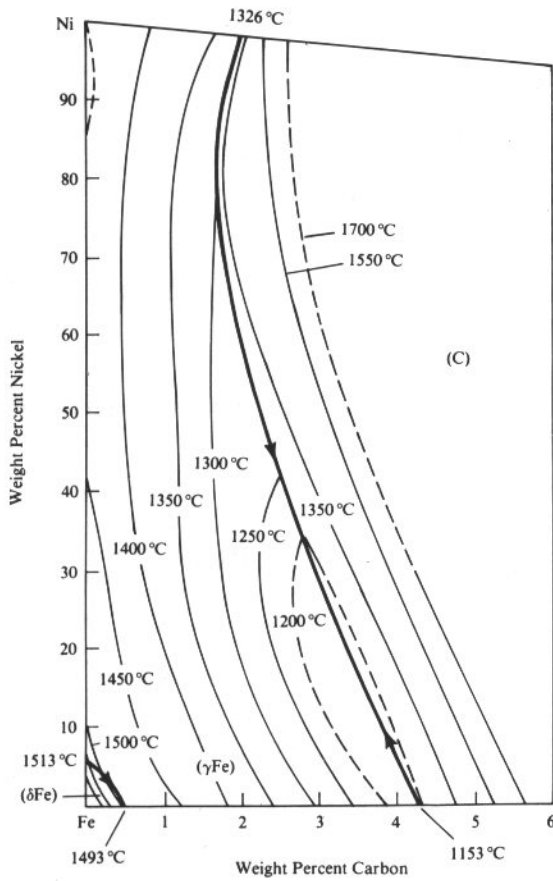


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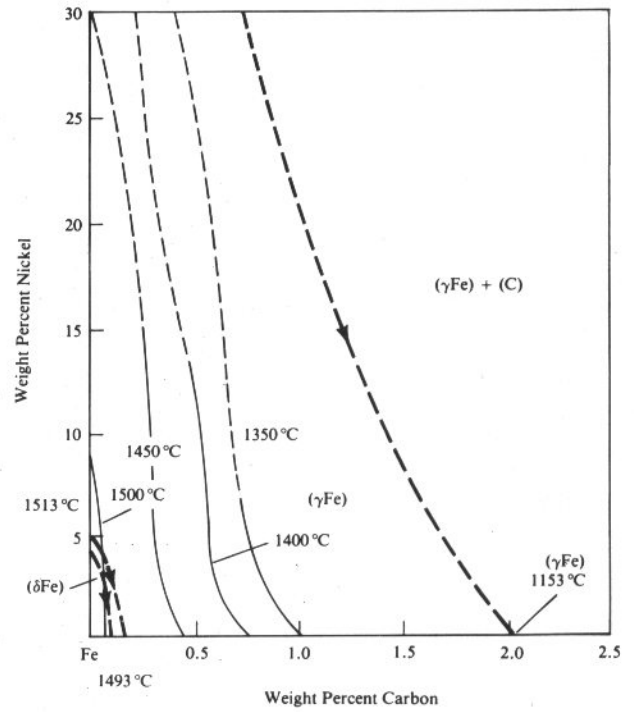
C-Fe-N isothermal section at 500 °C [87Rag]



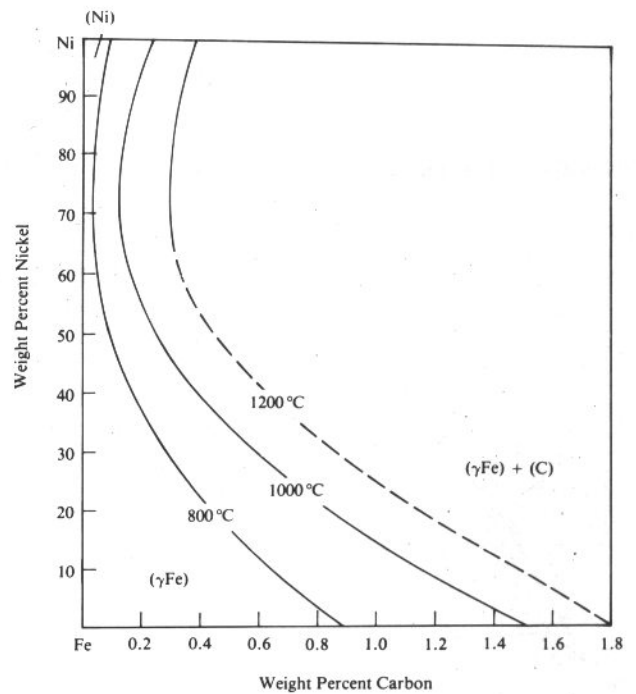
C-Fe-Ni liquidus projection [88Ray]



C-Fe-Ni solidus projection [88Ray]

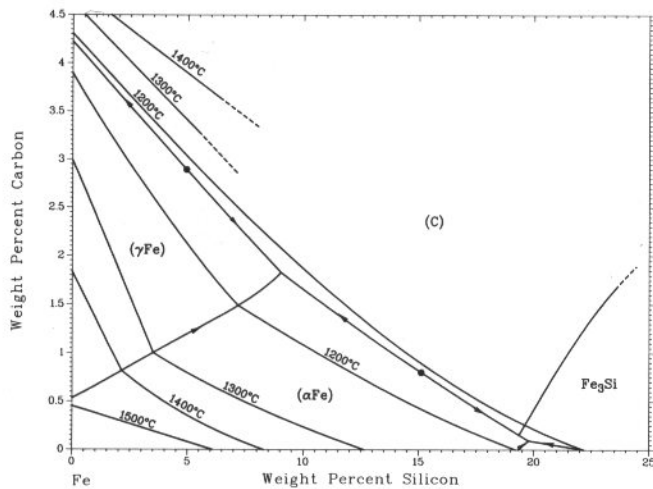


C-Fe-Ni γ Fe / (γ Fe + C) boundary at 800 and 1000 °C [88Ray]

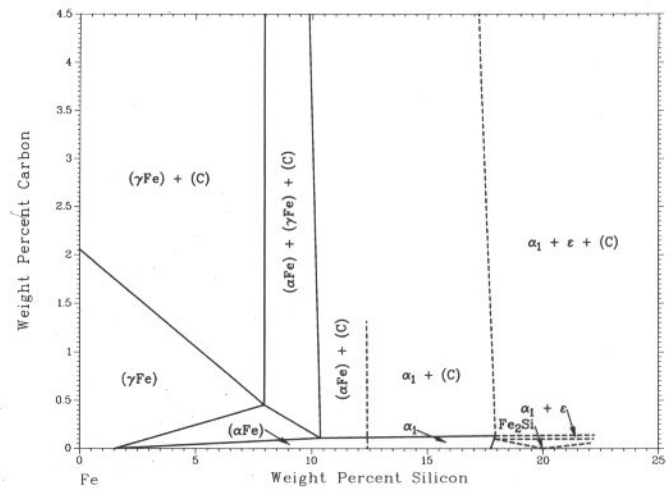


Note that at 800 °C the (α Fe) phase will also appear at low Ni contents.

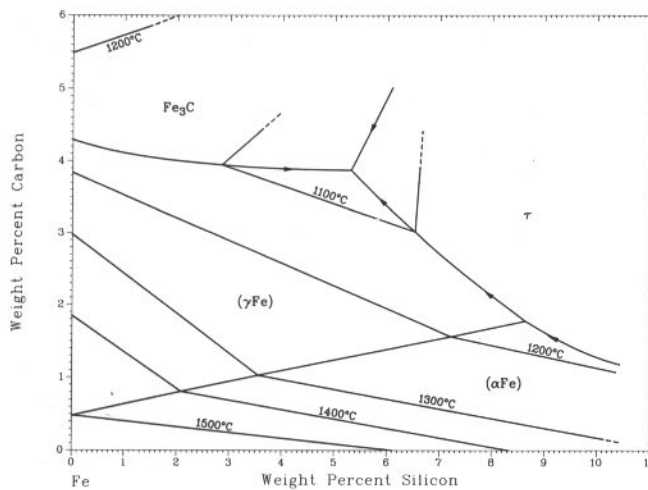
C-Fe-Si liquidus projection (stable equilibrium) [86Rag]



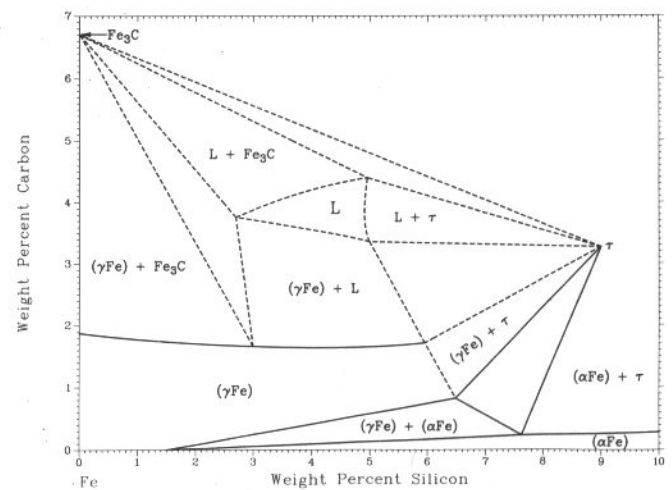
C-Fe-Si isothermal section at 1150 °C (stable equilibrium) [86Rag]



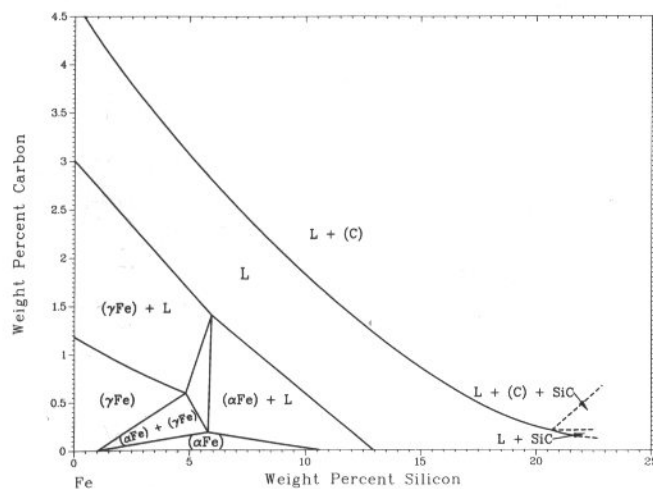
C-Fe-Si liquidus projection (metastable equilibrium) [86Rag]



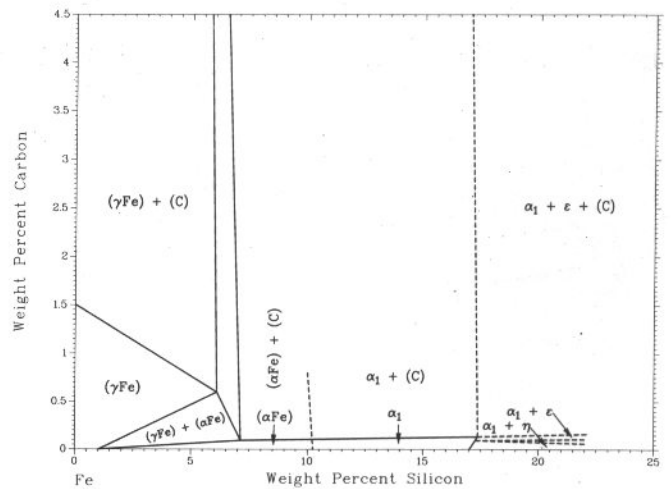
C-Fe-Si isothermal section at 1100 °C (metastable equilibrium) [86Rag]



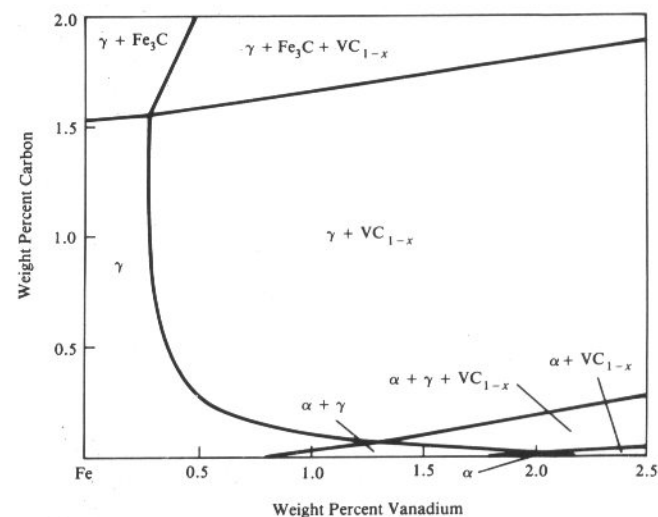
C-Fe-Si isothermal section at 1300 °C (stable equilibrium) [86Rag]



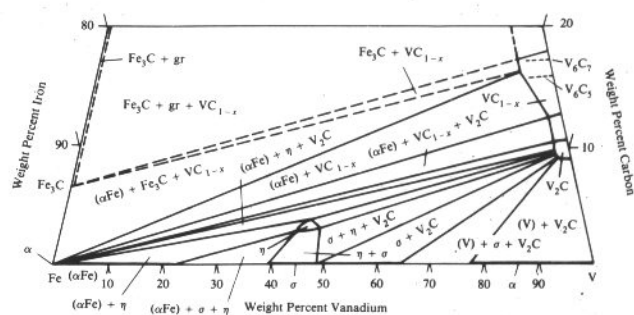
C-Fe-Si isothermal section at 1000 °C (stable equilibrium) [86Rag]



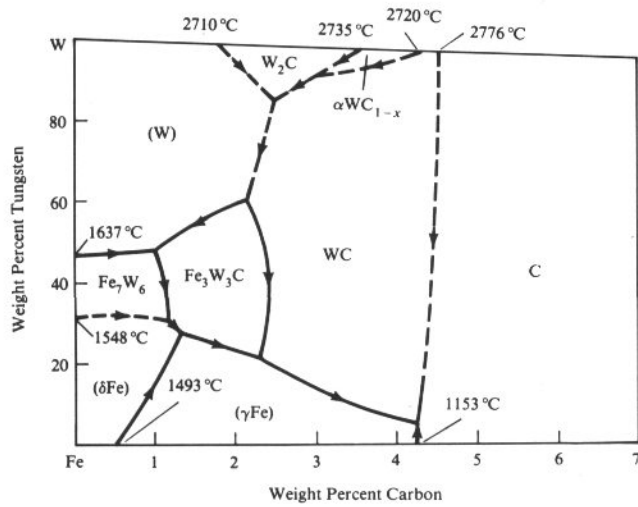
C-Fe-Si isothermal section at 900 °C (metastable equilibrium)
[86Rag]



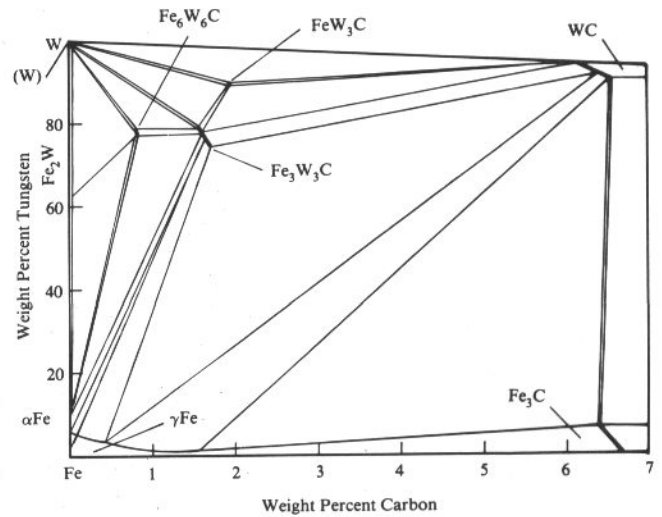
C-Fe-V isothermal section at 500 °C [87Rag]



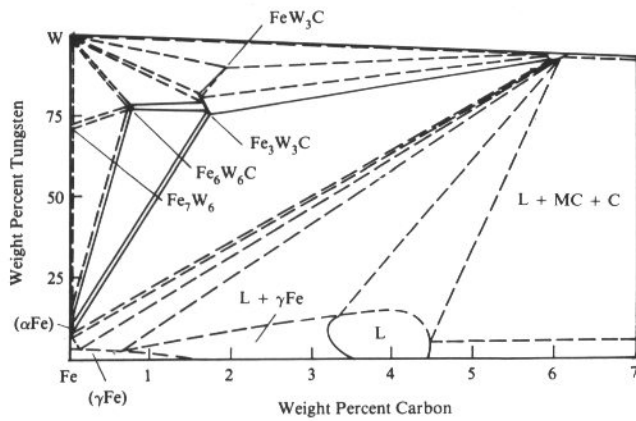
C-Fe-W liquidus projection [88Ray]



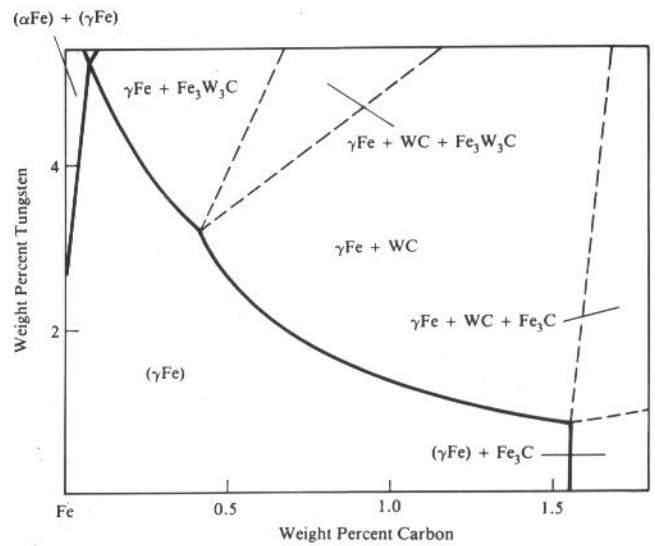
C-Fe-W isothermal section at 1000 °C [88Ray]



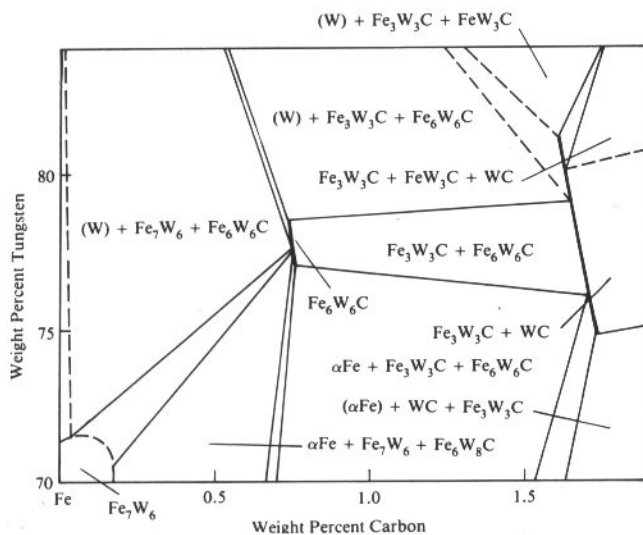
C-Fe-W isothermal section at 1250 °C [88Ray]



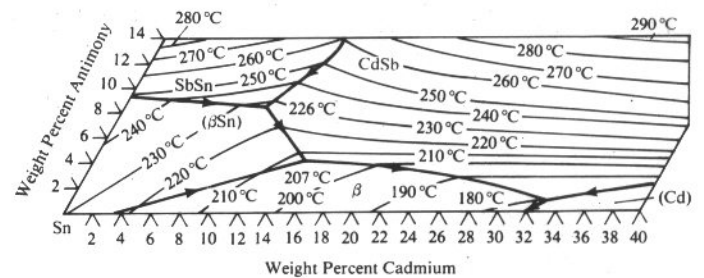
C-Fe-W (Fe) isothermal section at 1000 °C [88Ray]



C-Fe-W (Fe) isothermal section at 1250 °C [88Ray]

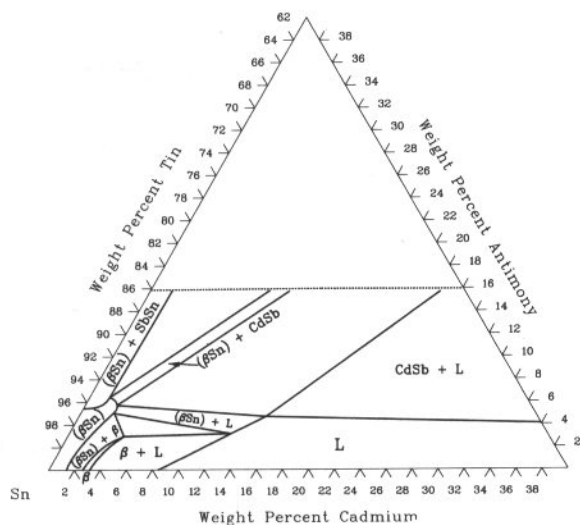


Cd-Sb-Sn liquidus projection [73Pel]

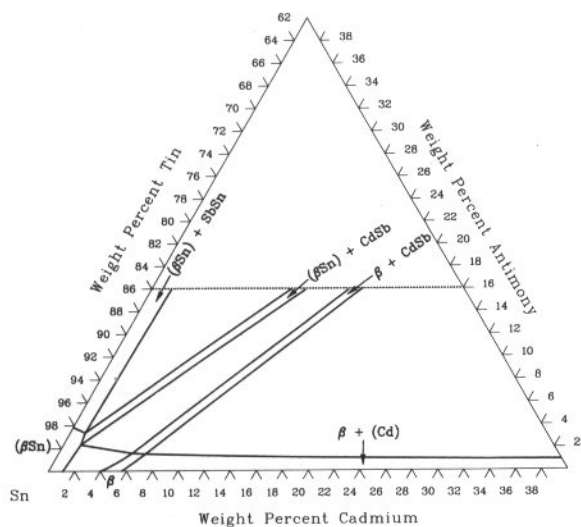


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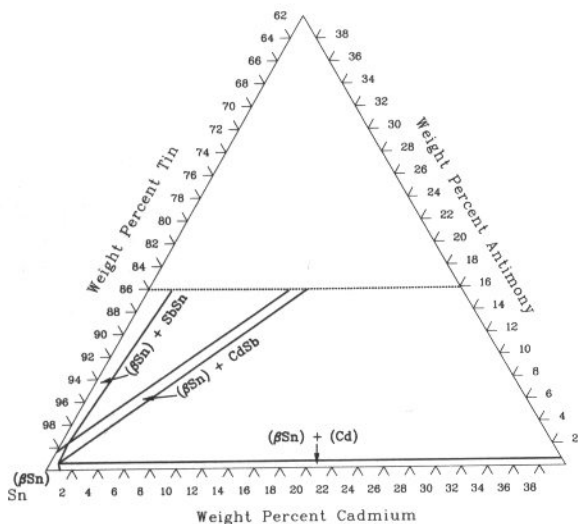
Cd-Sb-Sn isothermal section at 212 °C [73Pel]



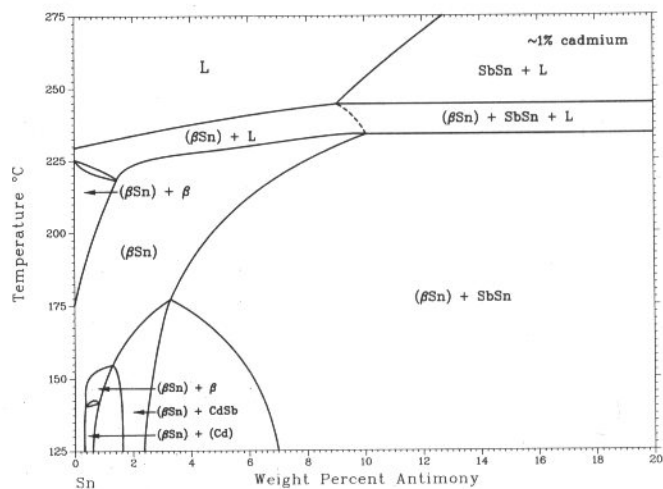
Cd-Sb-Sn isothermal section at 175 °C [73Pel]



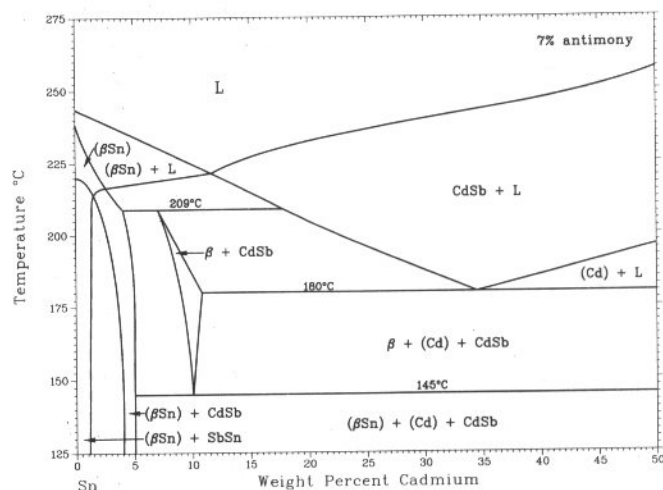
Cd-Sb-Sn isothermal section at 20 °C [73Pel]



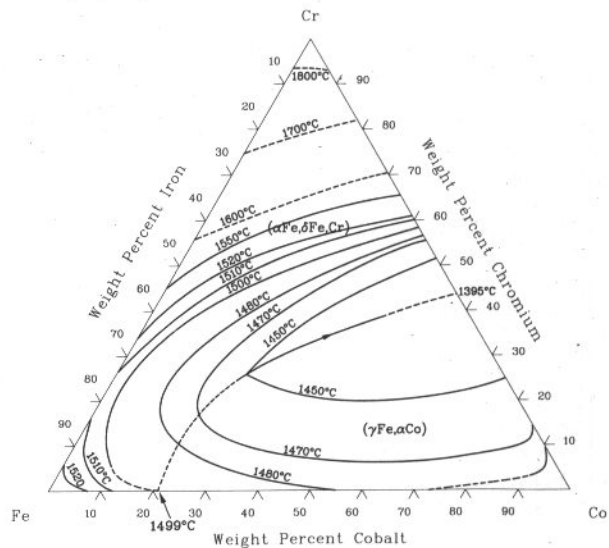
Cd-Sb-Sn [73Pel]



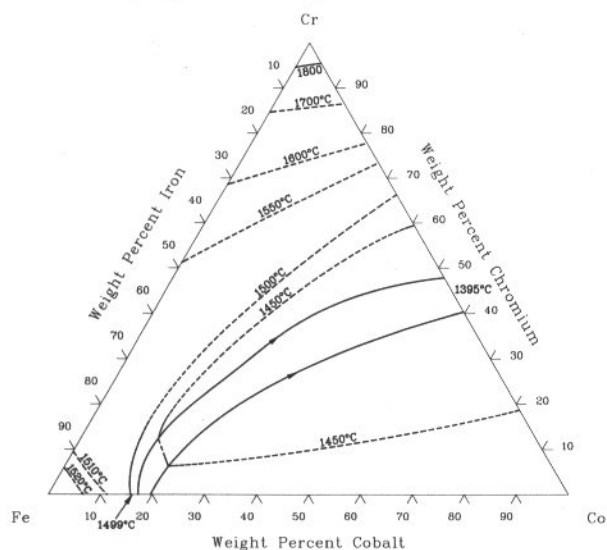
Cd-Sb-Sn [73Pel]



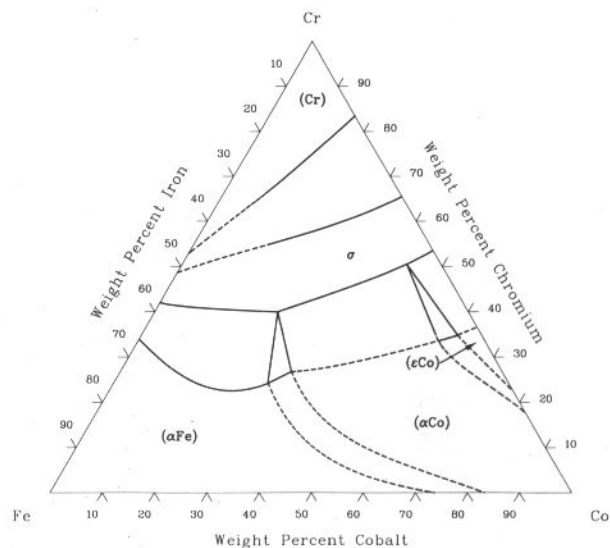
Co-Cr-Fe liquidus projection [88Ray]



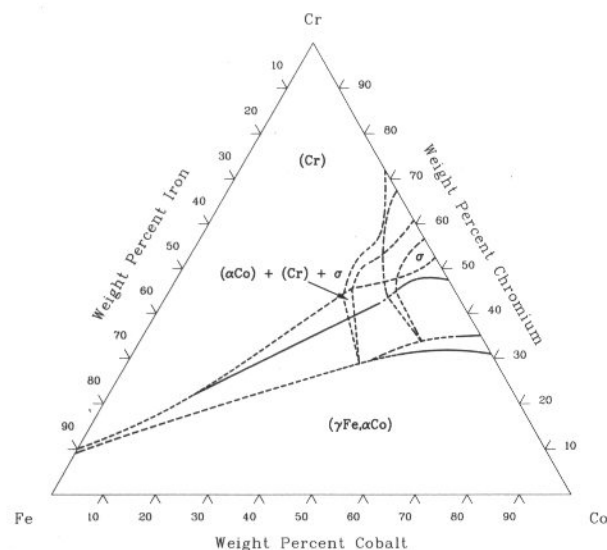
Co-Cr-Fe solidus projection [88Ray]



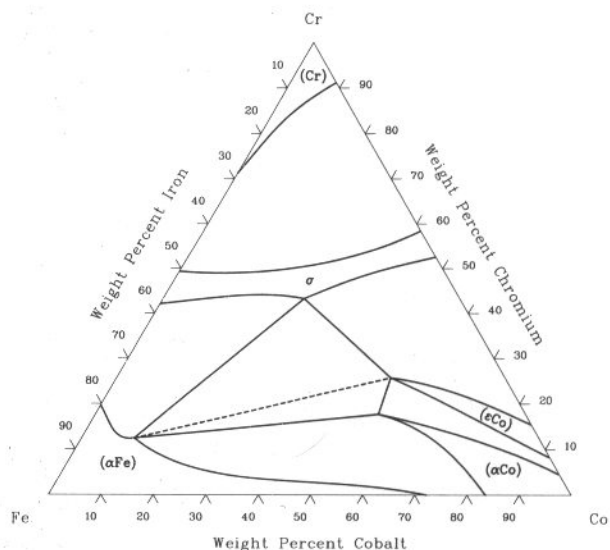
Co-Cr-Fe isothermal section at 800 °C [88Ray]



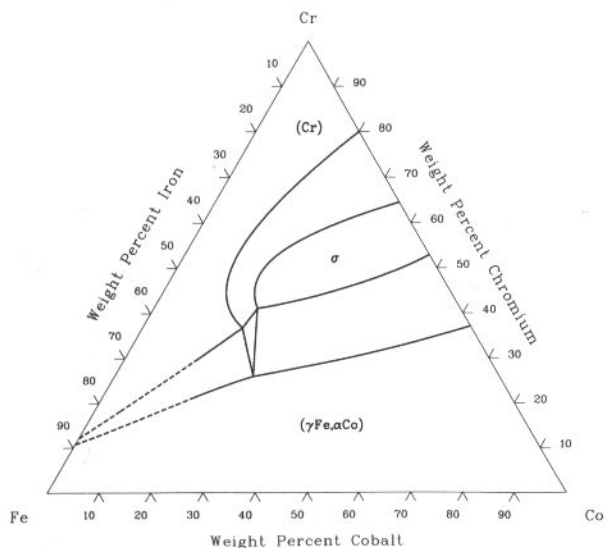
Co-Cr-Fe isothermal section at 1200 °C [88Ray]



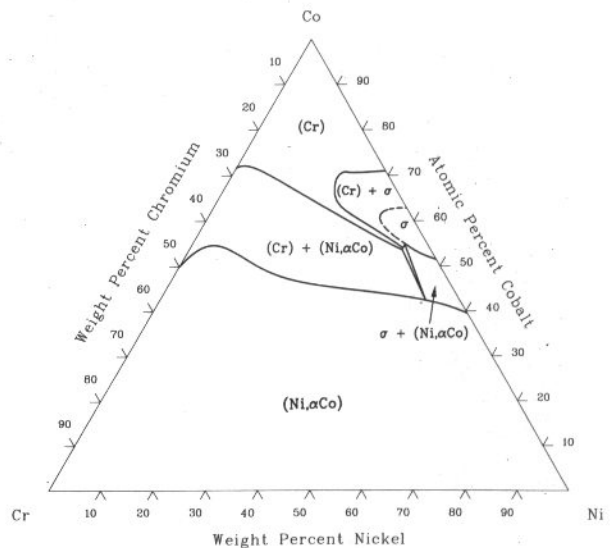
Co-Cr-Fe isothermal section at 600 °C [88Ray]



Co-Cr-Fe isothermal section at 1000 °C [88Ray]

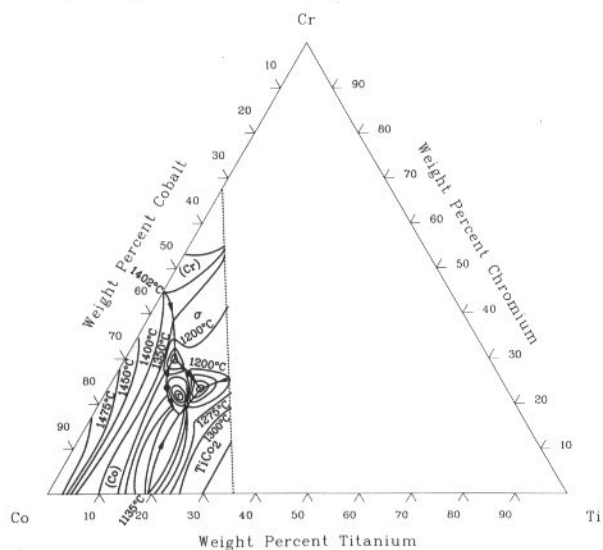


Co-Cr-Ni isothermal section at 1200 °C [81Zha]

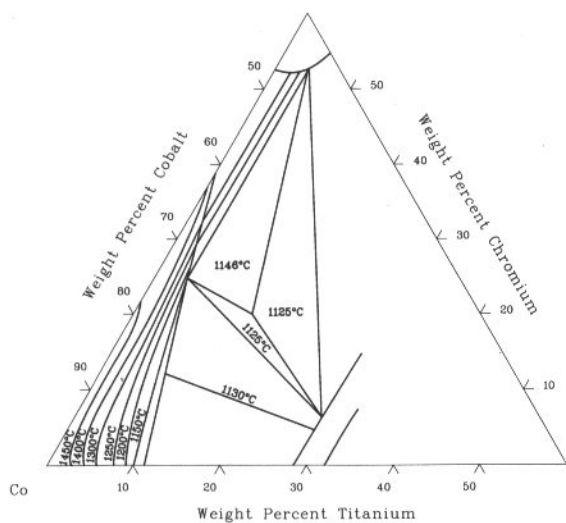


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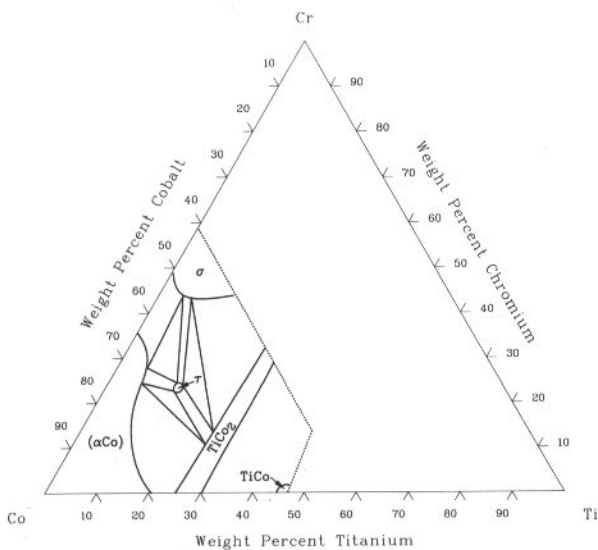
Co-Cr-Ti liquidus projection [62Zak]



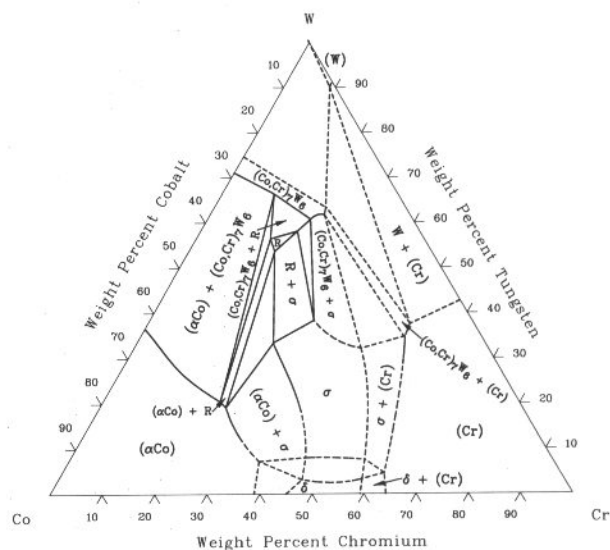
Co-Cr-Ti solidus projection [62Zak]



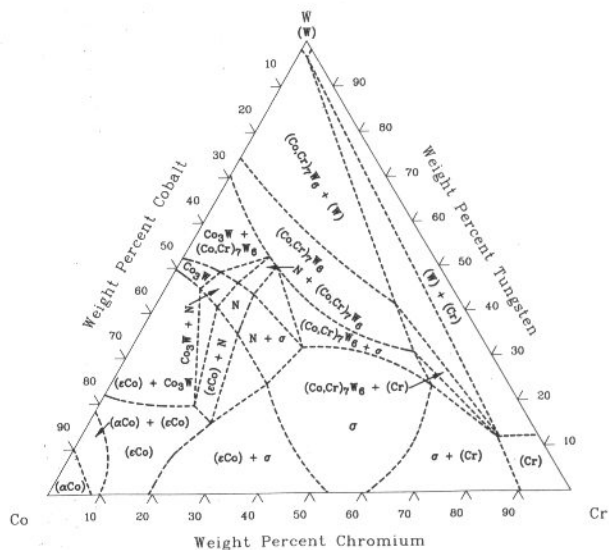
Co-Cr-Ti isothermal section at 1050 °C [58Liv]



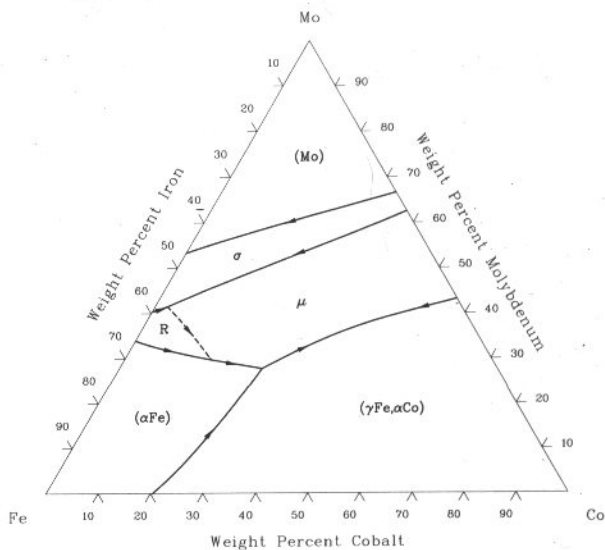
Co-Cr-W isothermal section at 1350 °C [73Dra]



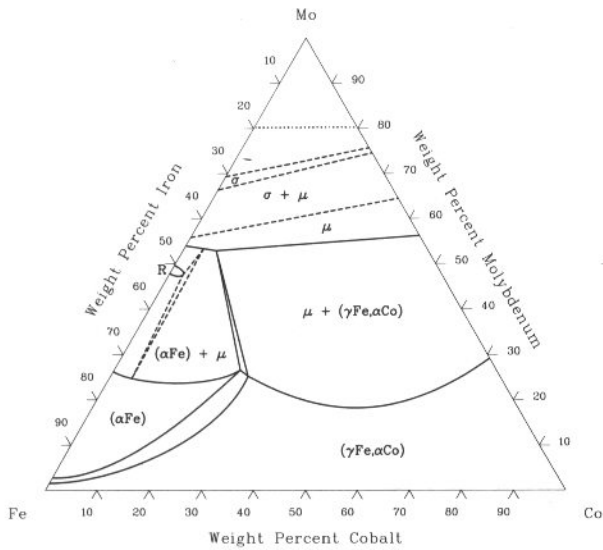
Co-Cr-W isothermal section at 700 °C [73Dra]



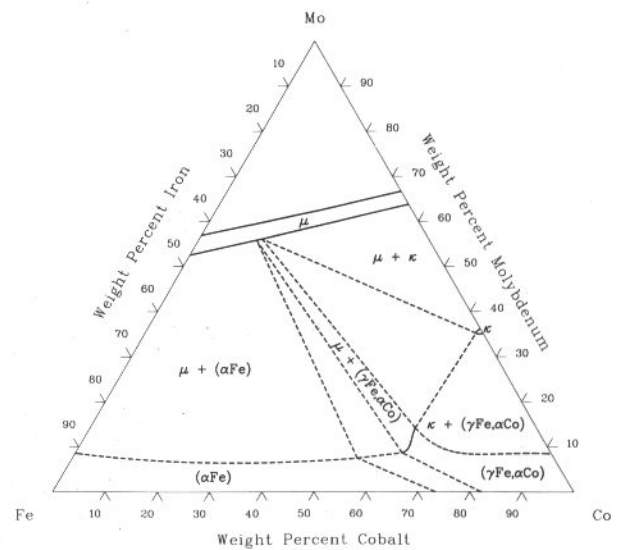
Co-Fe-Mo liquidus projection [88Ray]



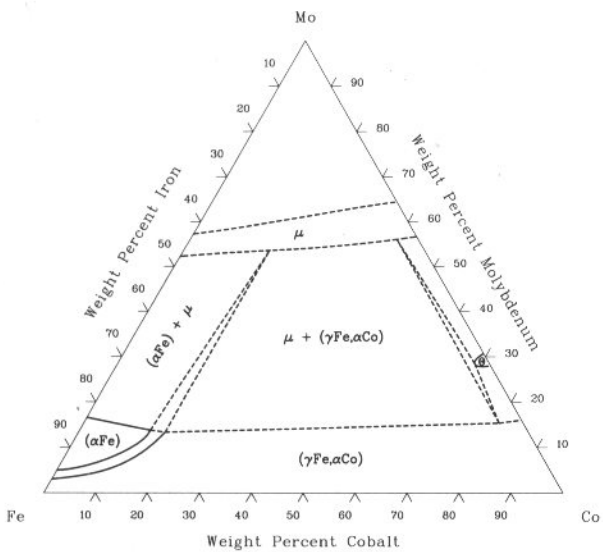
Co-Fe-Mo isothermal section at 1300 °C [88Ray]



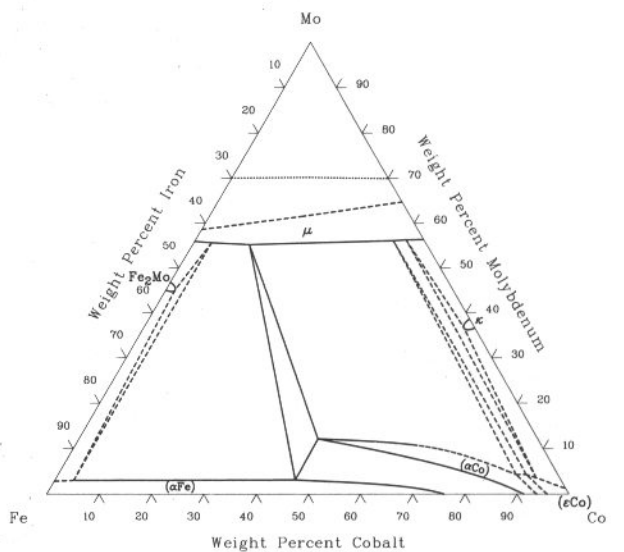
Co-Fe-Mo isothermal section at 800 °C [88Ray]



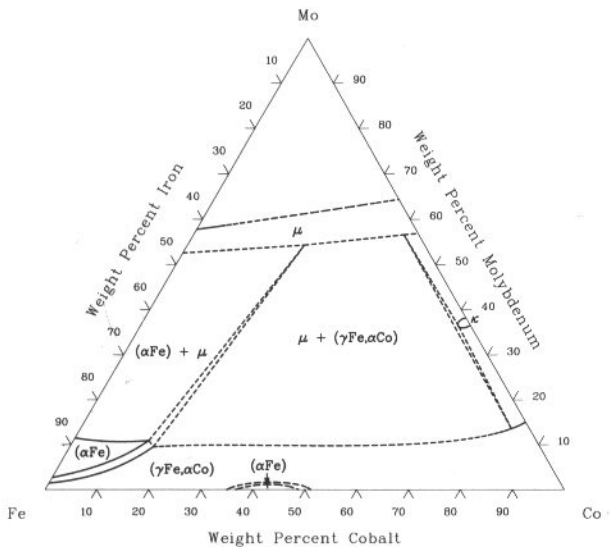
Co-Fe-Mo isothermal section at 1093 °C [88Ray]



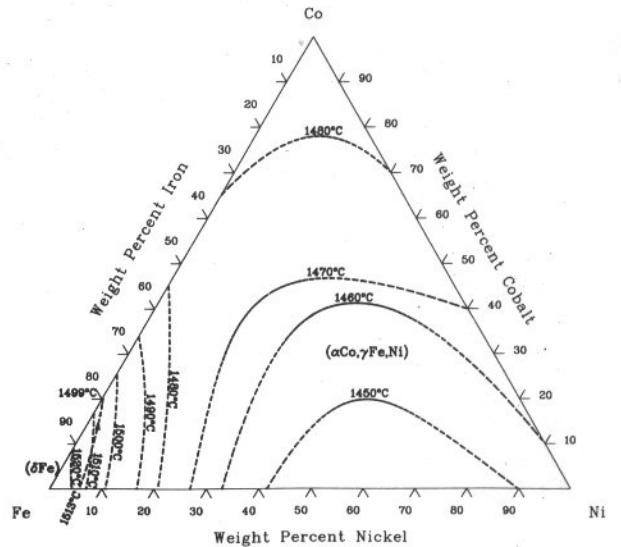
Co-Fe-Mo isothermal section at 20 °C [88Ray]



Co-Fe-Mo isothermal section at 982 °C [88Ray]

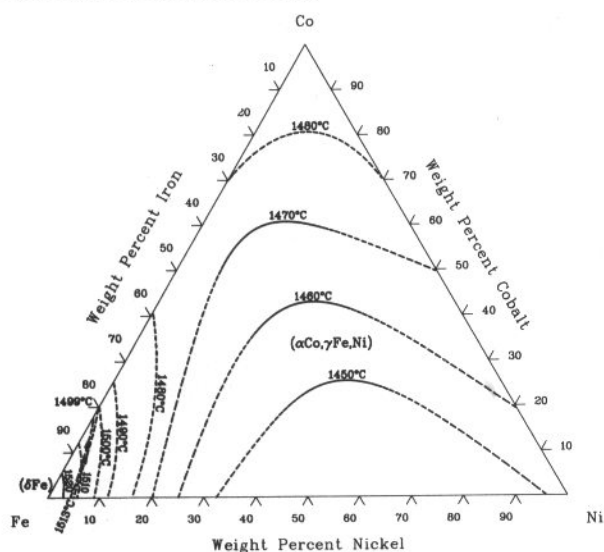


Co-Fe-Ni liquidus projection [88Ray]

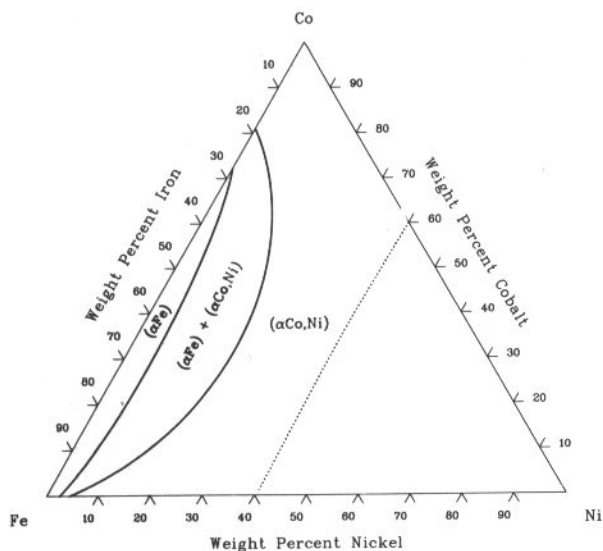


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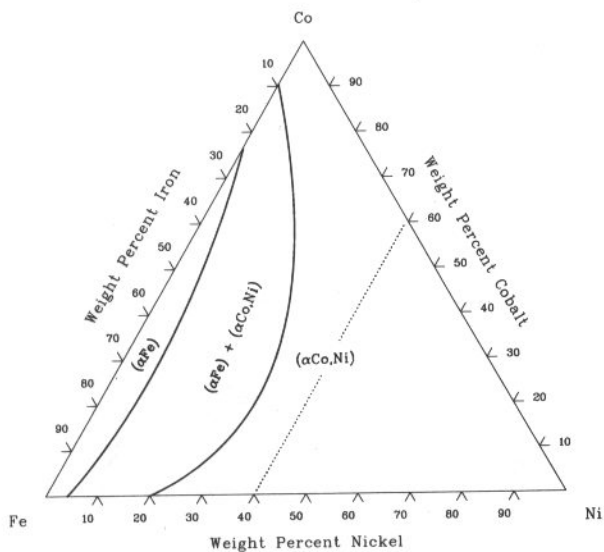
Co-Fe-Ni solidus projection [88Ray]



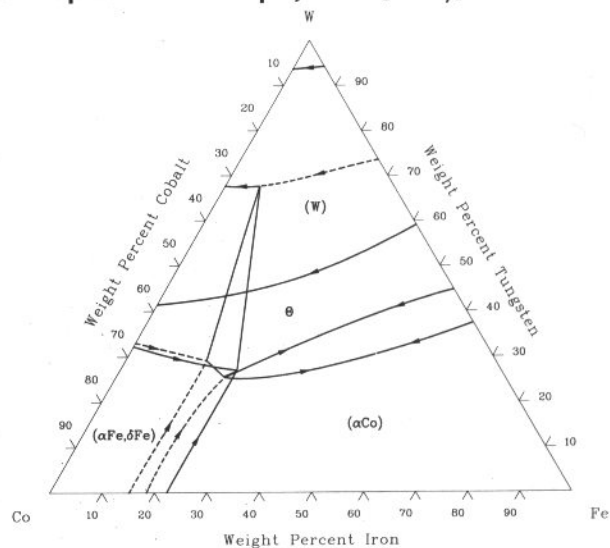
Co-Fe-Ni isothermal section at 800 °C [88Ray]



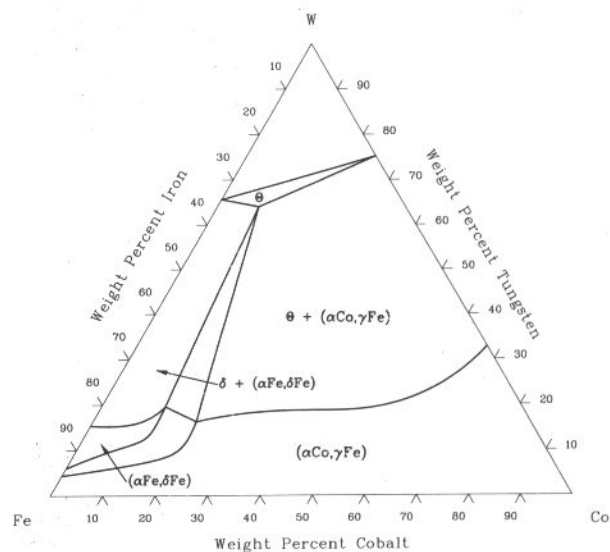
Co-Fe-Ni isothermal section at 600 °C [88Ray]



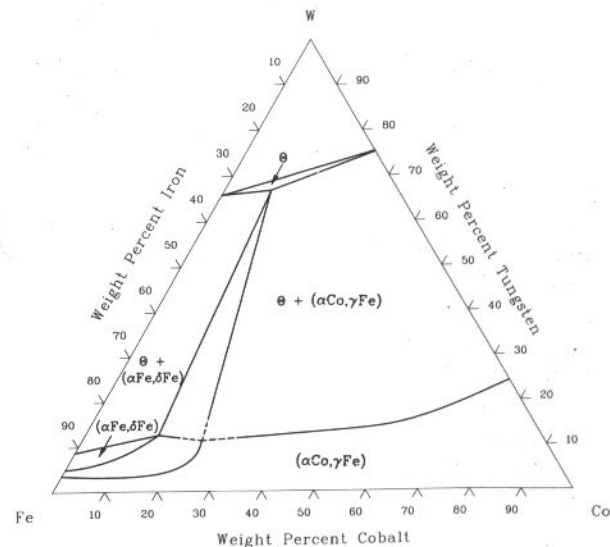
Co-Fe-W liquidus and solidus projections [88Ray]



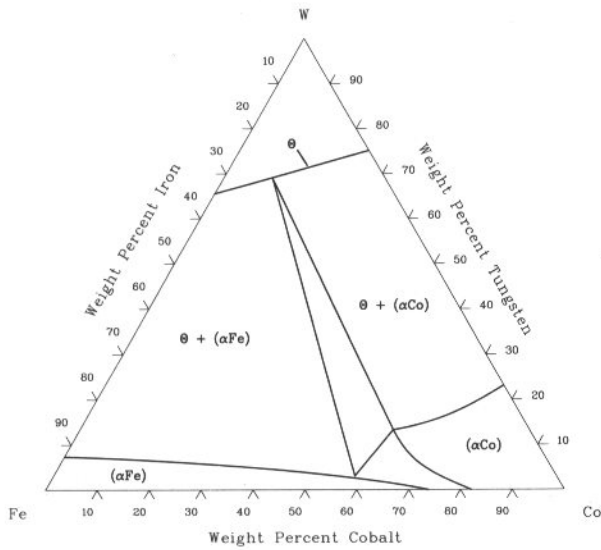
Co-Fe-W isothermal section at 1200 °C [88Ray]



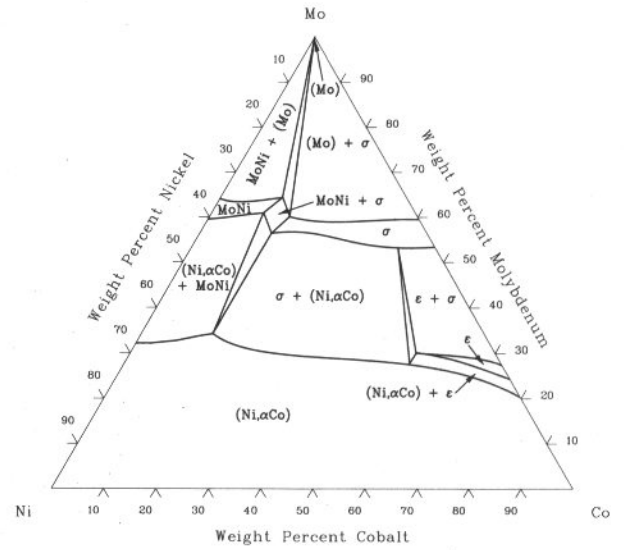
Co-Fe-W isothermal section at 1000 °C [88Ray]



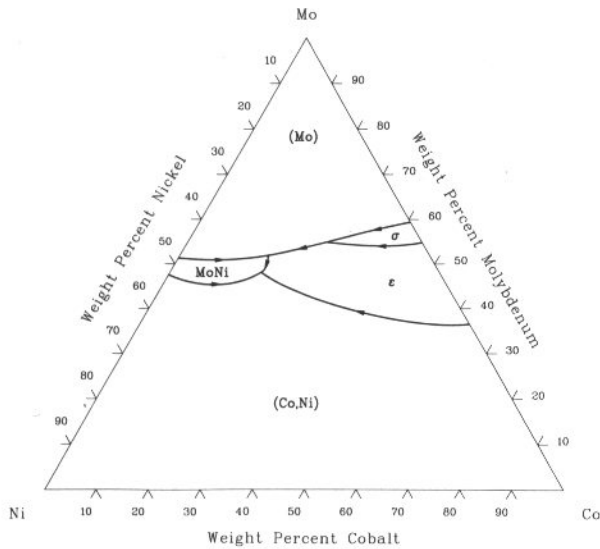
Co-Fe-W isothermal section at 800 °C [88Ray]



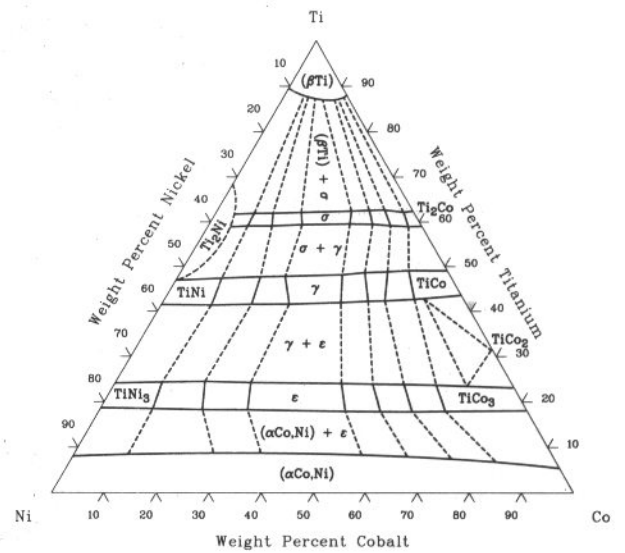
Co-Mo-Ni isothermal section at 1100 °C [80Loo]



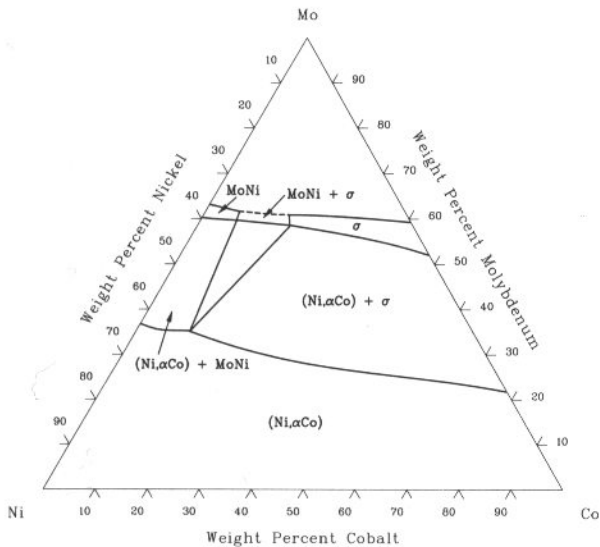
Co-Mo-Ni liquidus projection [84Gup]



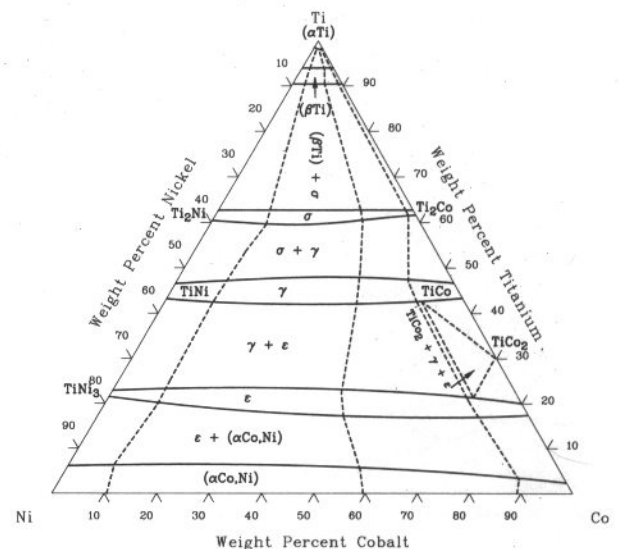
Co-Ni-Ti isothermal section at 1000 °C [83Gry]



Co-Mo-Ni isothermal section at 1200 °C [52Das]

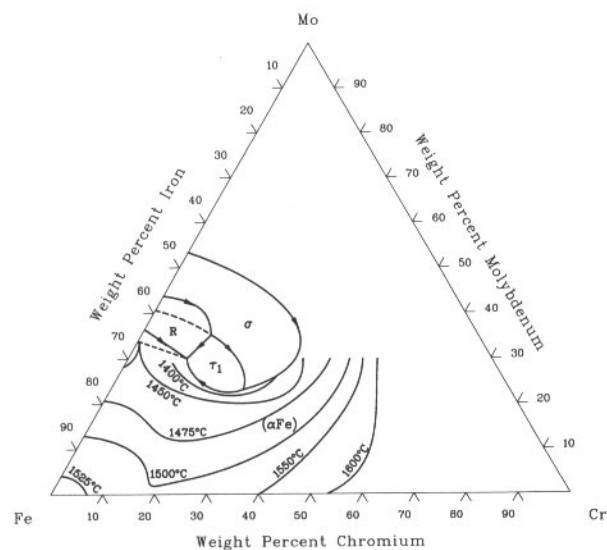


Co-Ni-Ti isothermal section at 800 °C [80Gry]

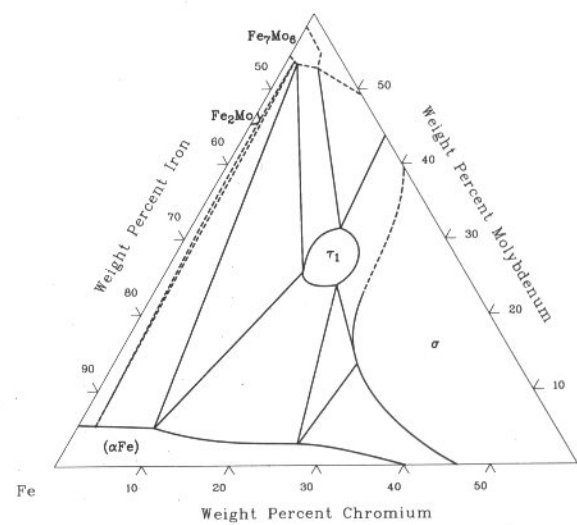


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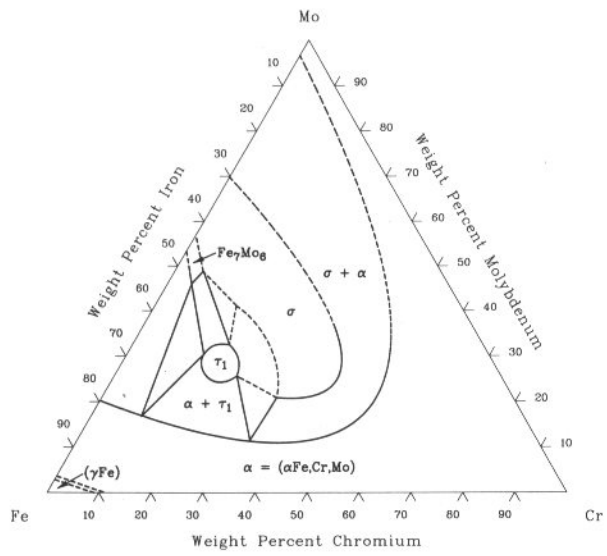
Cr-Fe-Mo liquidus projection [88Ray]



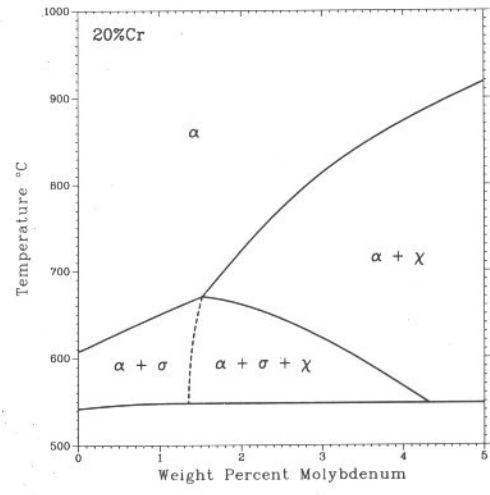
Cr-Fe-Mo isothermal section at 815 °C [88Ray]



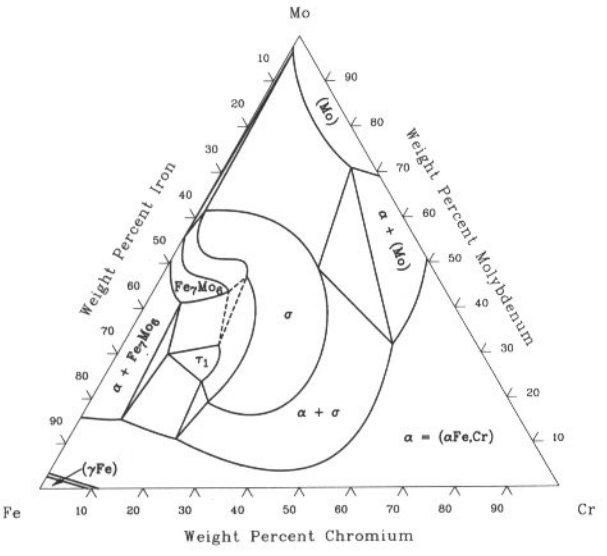
Cr-Fe-Mo isothermal section at 1250 °C [88Ray]



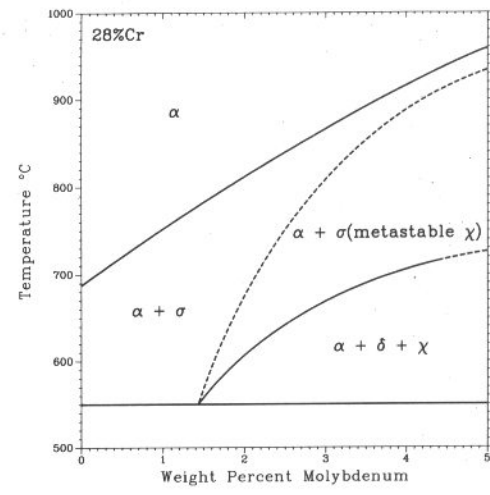
Cr-Fe-Mo [88Ray]



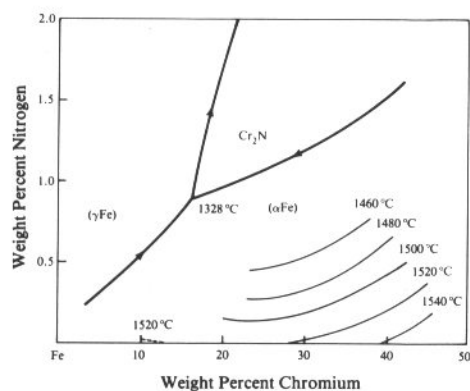
Cr-Fe-Mo isothermal section at 1100 °C [88Ray]



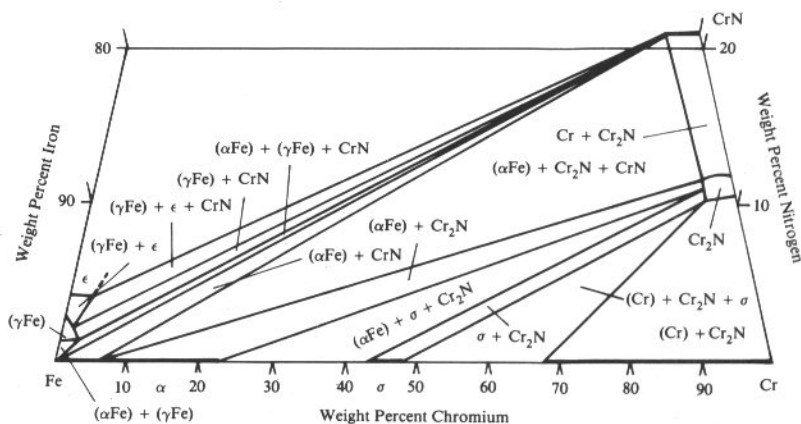
Cr-Fe-Mo [88Ray]



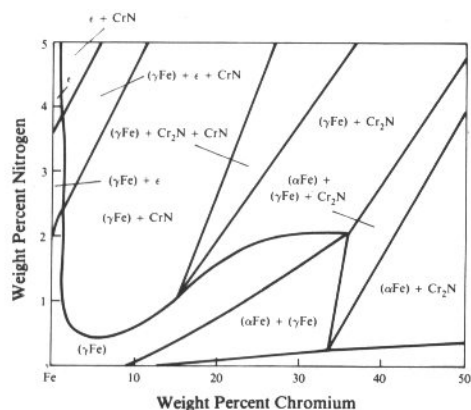
Cr-Fe-N liquidus projection [87Rag]



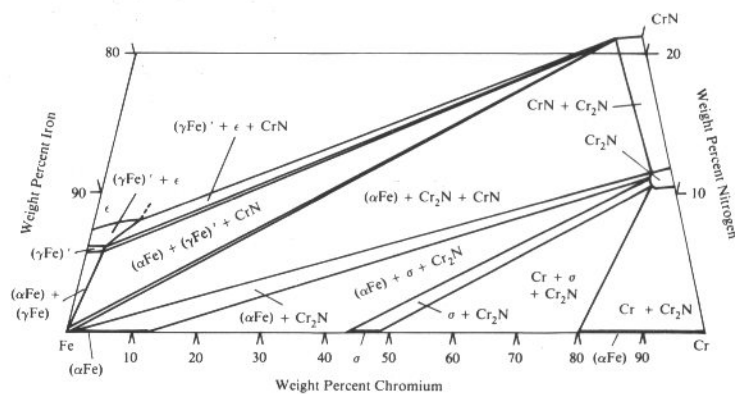
Cr-Fe-N isothermal section at 700 °C [87Rag]



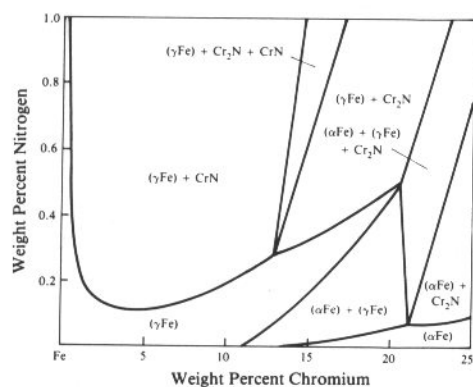
Cr-Fe-N isothermal section at 1200 °C [87Rag]



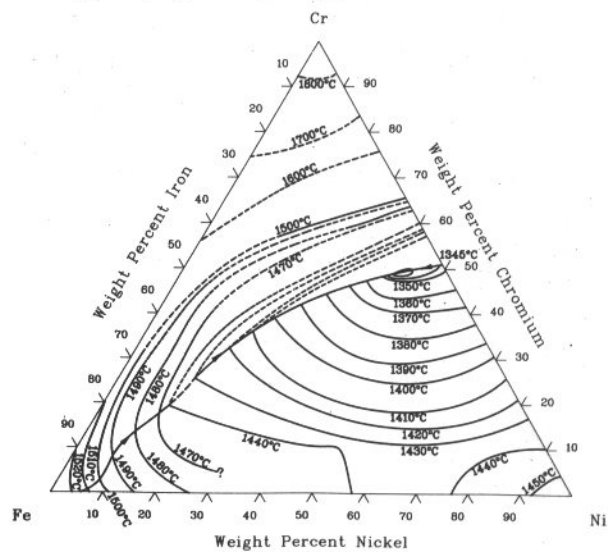
Cr-Fe-N isothermal section at 567 °C [87Rag]



Cr-Fe-N isothermal section at 1000 °C [87Rag]

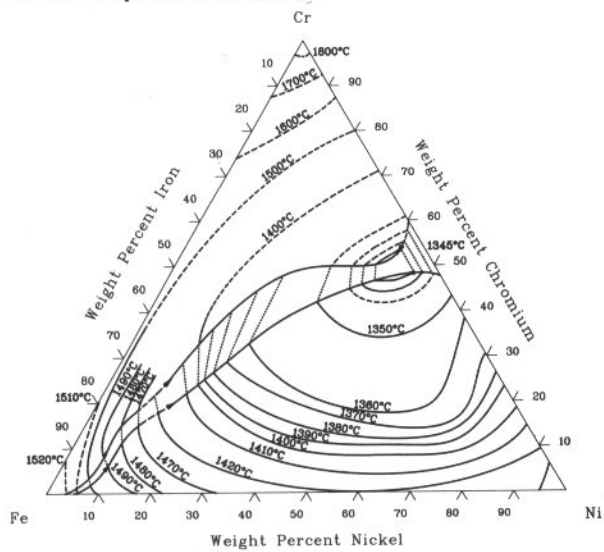


Cr-Fe-Ni liquidus projection [88Ray]

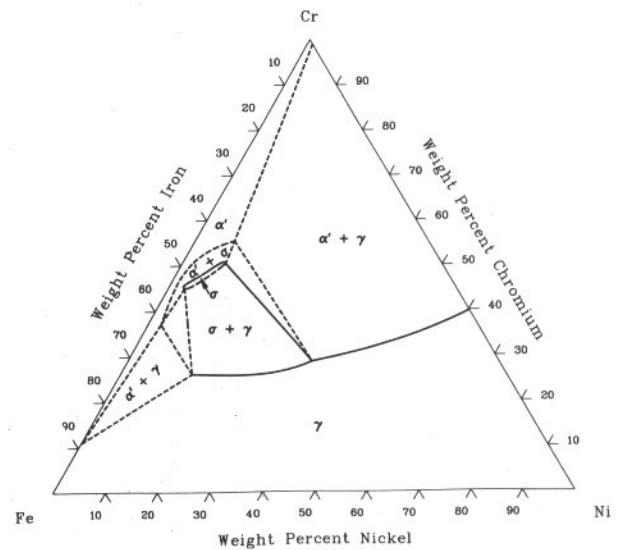


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Cr-Fe-Ni solidus projection [88Ray]

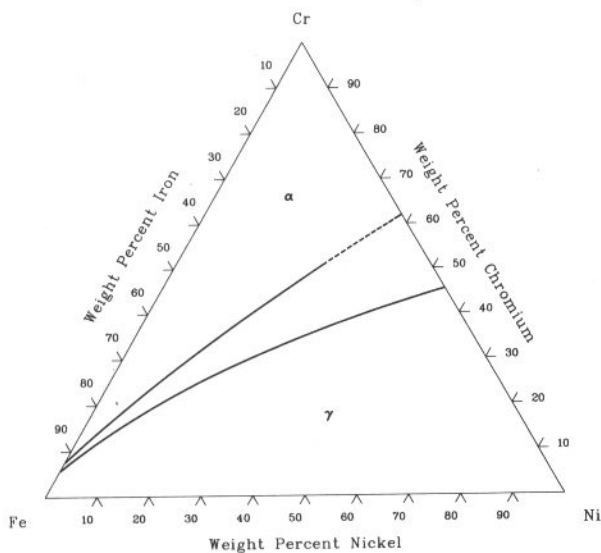


Cr-Fe-Ni isothermal section at 900 °C [88Ray]



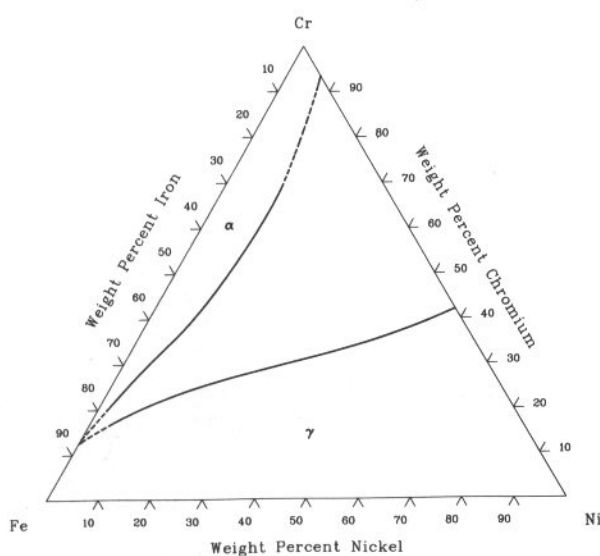
Note: $\alpha = (\alpha\text{Fe,Cr})$; $\gamma = (\gamma\text{Fe,Ni})$

Cr-Fe-Ni isothermal section at 1300 °C [88Ray]



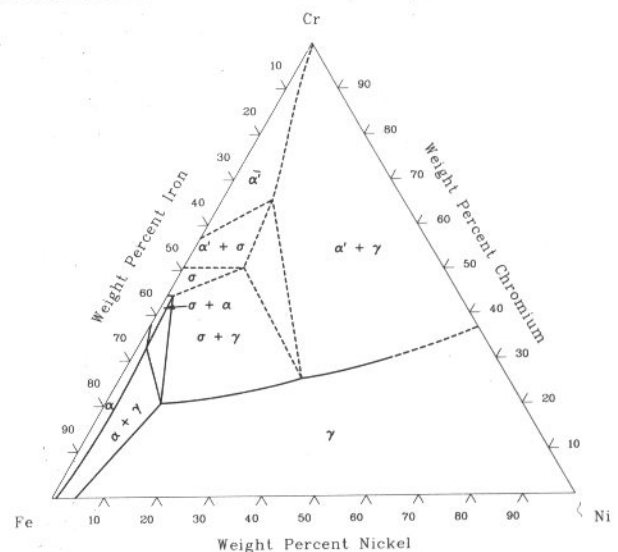
Note: $\alpha = (\alpha\text{Fe,Cr})$; $\gamma = (\gamma\text{Fe,Ni})$

Cr-Fe-Ni isothermal section at 1000 °C [88Ray]



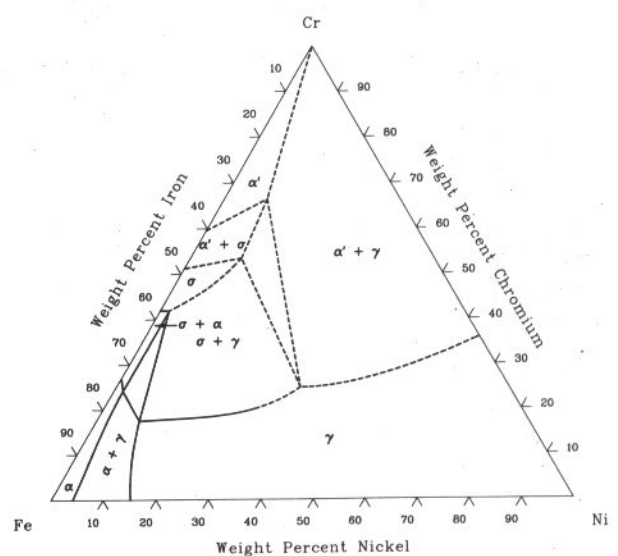
Note: $\alpha = (\alpha\text{Fe,Cr})$; $\gamma = (\gamma\text{Fe,Ni})$

Cr-Fe-Ni isothermal section at 800 °C [88Ray]



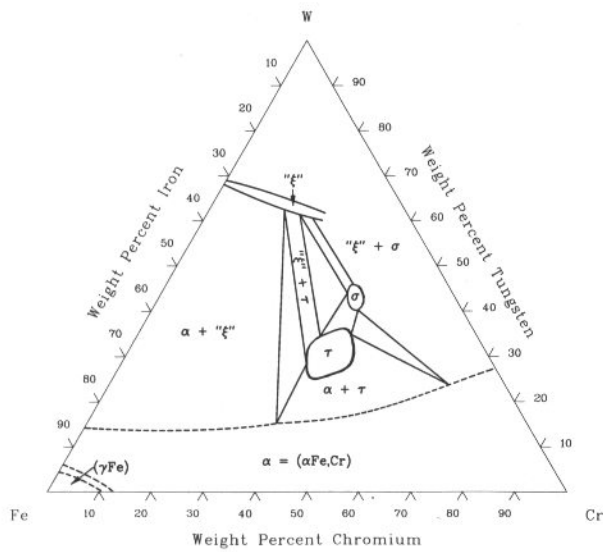
Note: $\alpha = (\alpha\text{Fe,Cr})$; $\gamma = (\gamma\text{Fe,Ni})$

Cr-Fe-Ni isothermal section at 650 °C [88Ray]

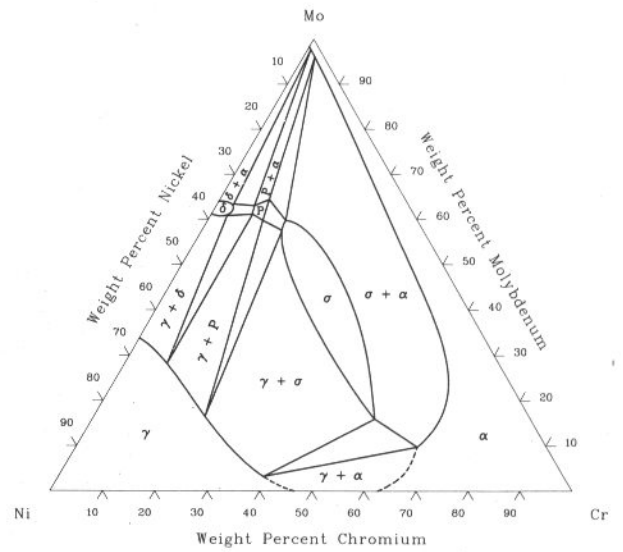


Note: $\alpha = (\alpha\text{Fe,Cr})$; $\gamma = (\gamma\text{Fe,Ni})$

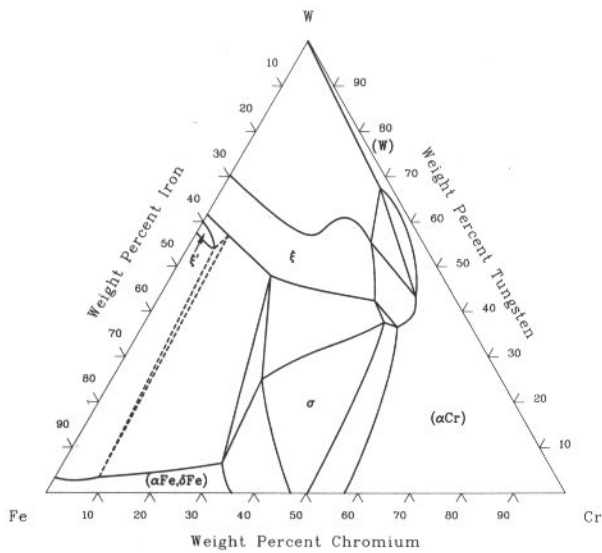
Cr-Fe-W isothermal section at 1200 °C [88Ray]



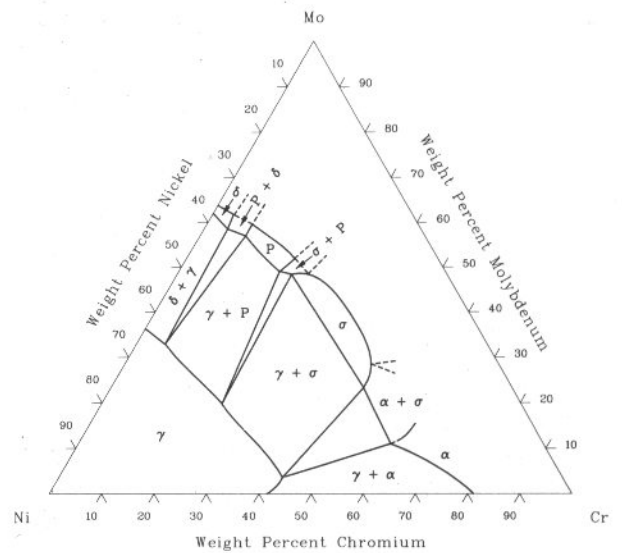
Cr-Mo-Ni isothermal section at 1250 °C [90Gup]



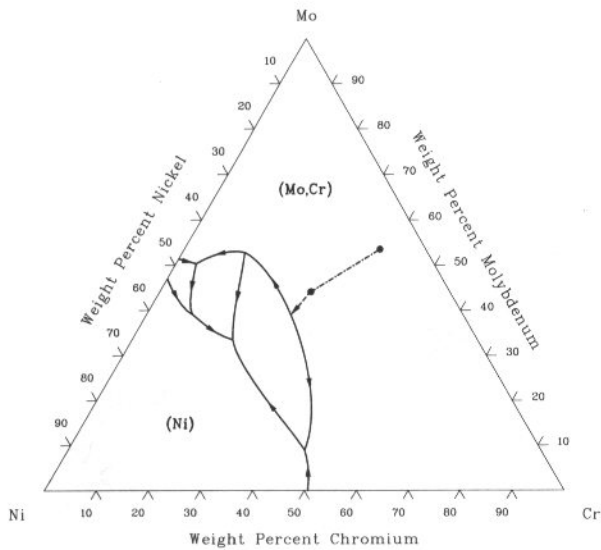
Cr-Fe-W isothermal section at 600 °C [88Ray]



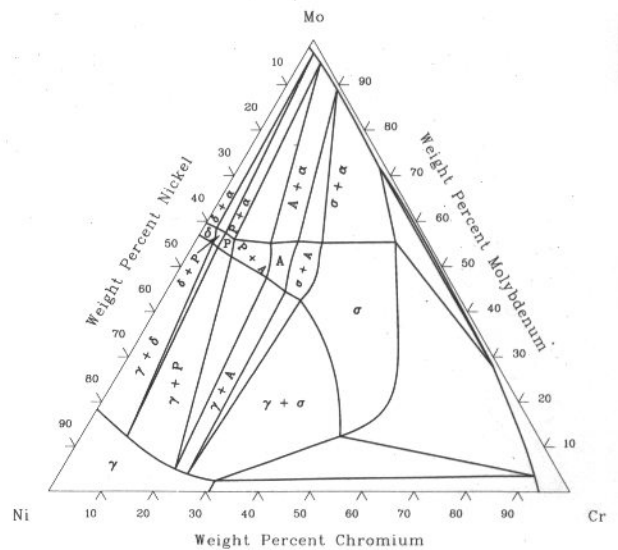
Cr-Mo-Ni isothermal section at 1200 °C [90Gup]



Cr-Mo-Ni liquidus projection [90Gup]

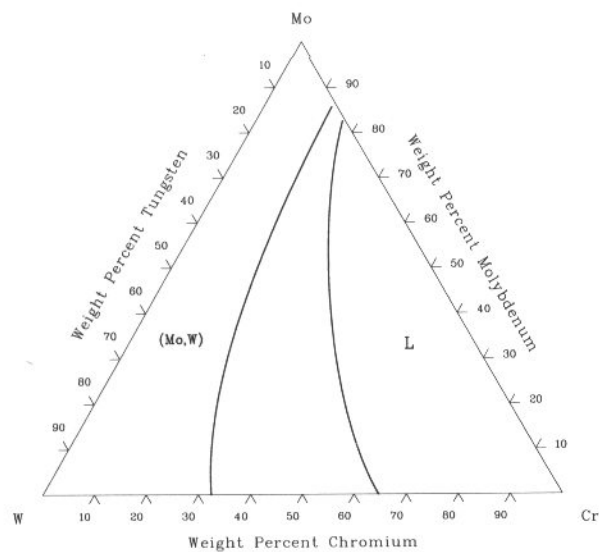


Cr-Mo-Ni isothermal section at 600 °C [90Gup]

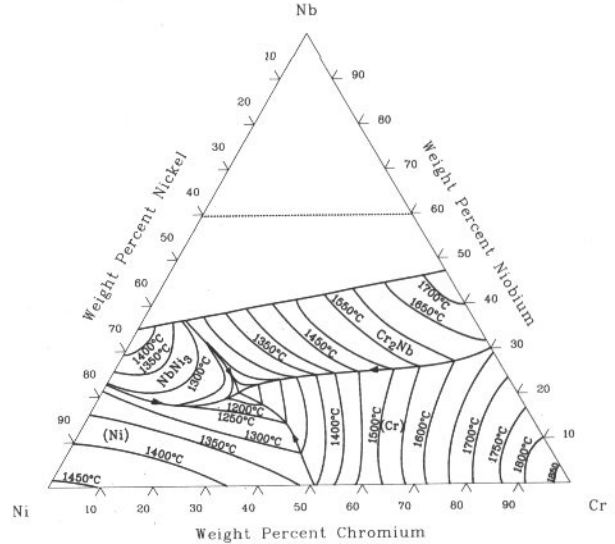


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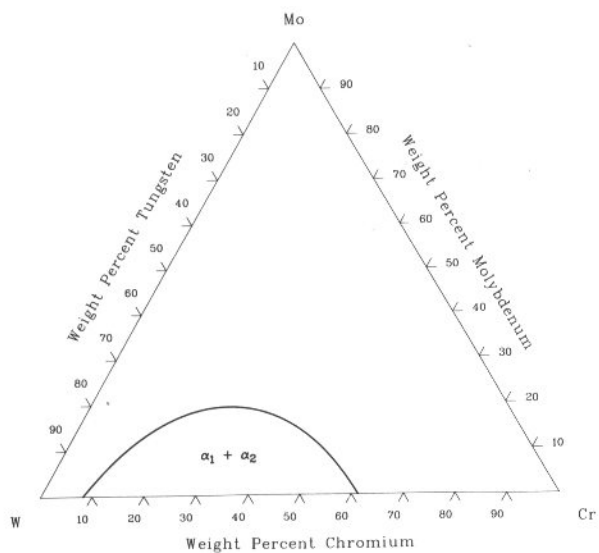
Cr-Mo-W isothermal section at 2227 °C [75Kau]



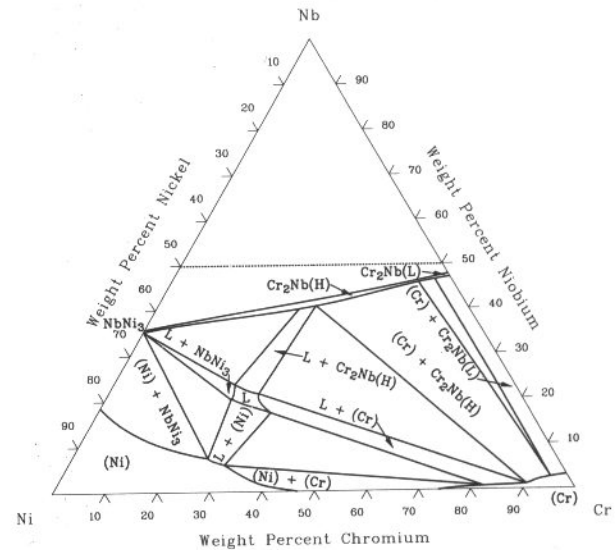
Cr-Nb-Ni liquidus projection [90Gup]



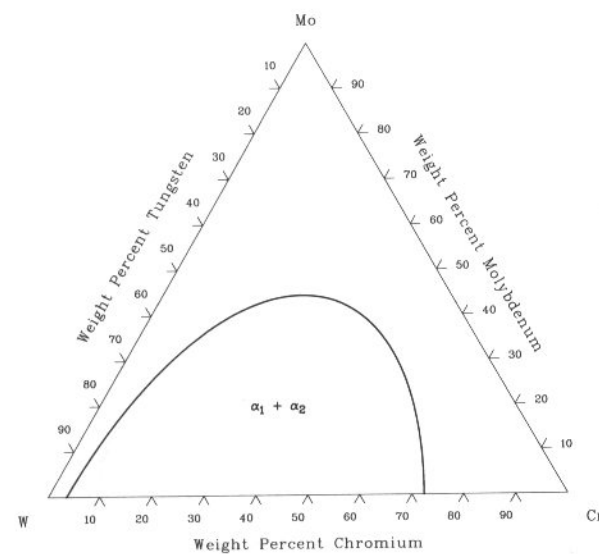
Cr-Mo-W isothermal section at 1300 °C [75Kau]



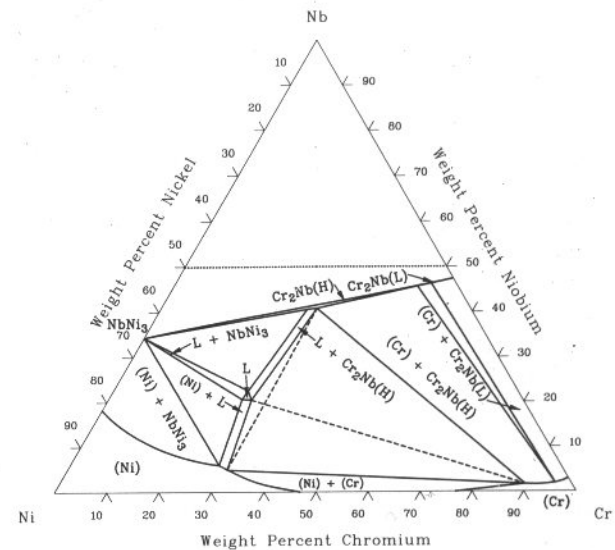
Cr-Nb-Ni isothermal section at 1200 °C [90Gup]



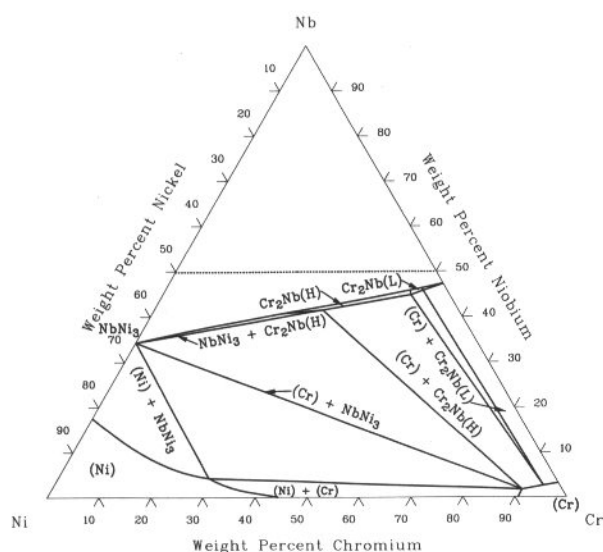
Cr-Mo-W isothermal section at 1000 °C [75Kau]



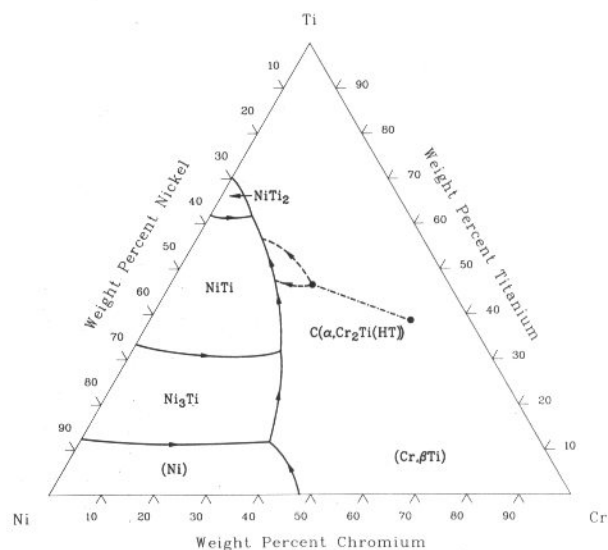
Cr-Nb-Ni isothermal section at 1175 °C [90Gup]



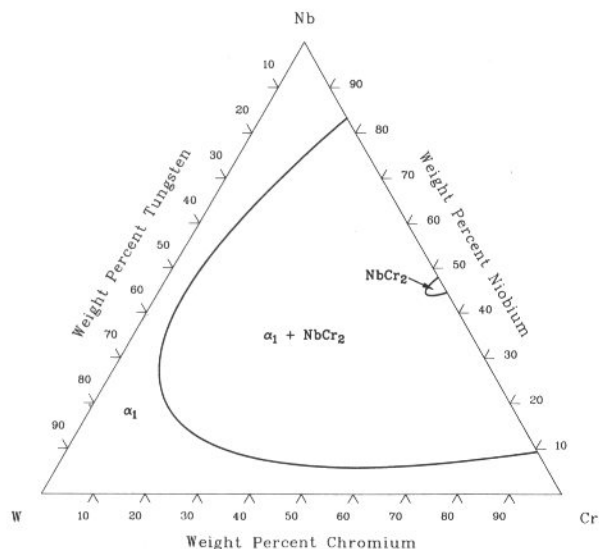
Cr-Nb-Ni isothermal section at 1100 °C [90Gup]



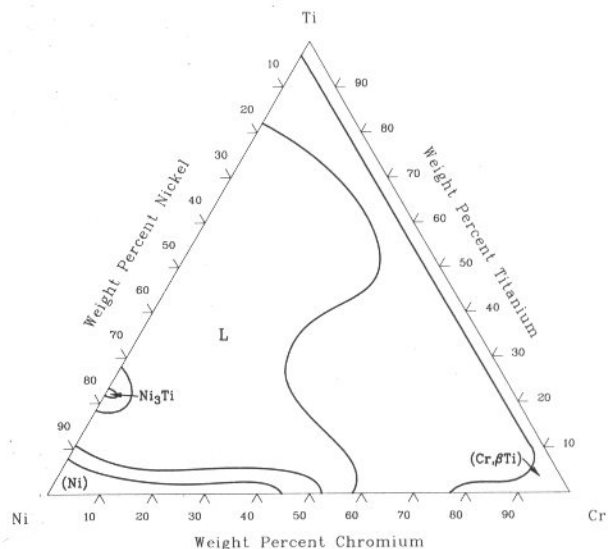
Cr-Ni-Ti liquidus projection [90Gup]



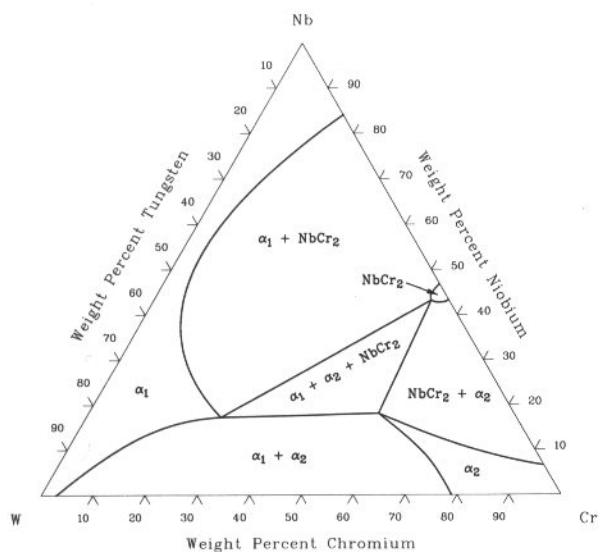
Cr-Nb-W isothermal section at 1500 °C [61Eng]



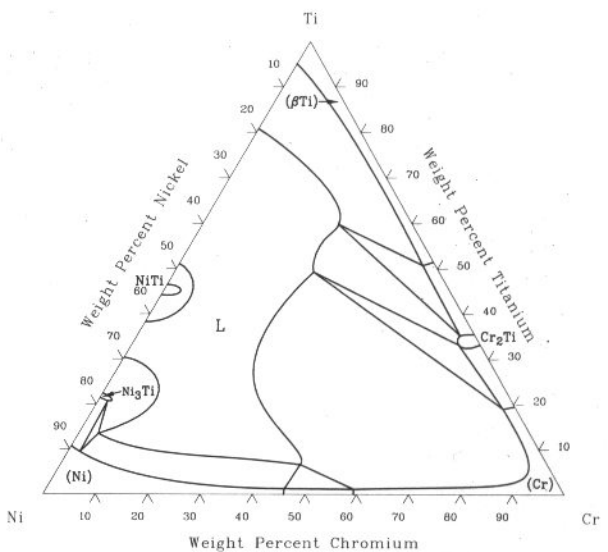
Cr-Ni-Ti isothermal section at 1352 °C [74Kau]



Cr-Nb-W isothermal section at 1000 °C [61Eng]

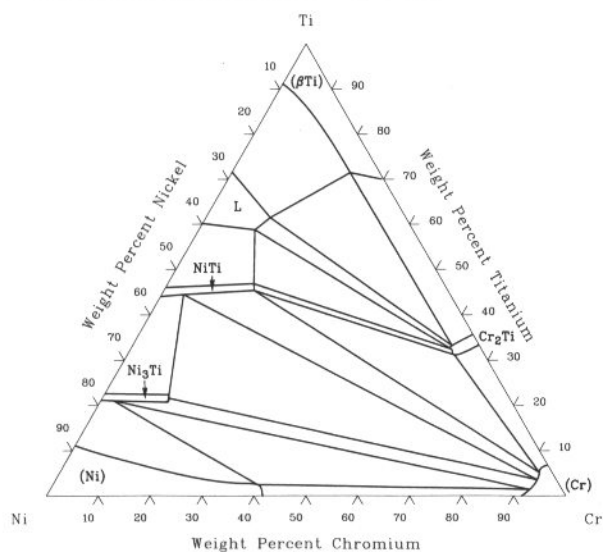


Cr-Ni-Ti isothermal section at 1277 °C [74Kau]

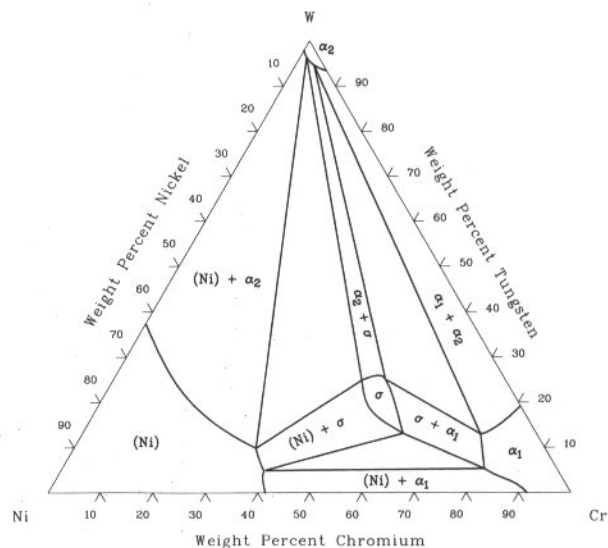


3•48/Ternary Alloy Phase Diagrams

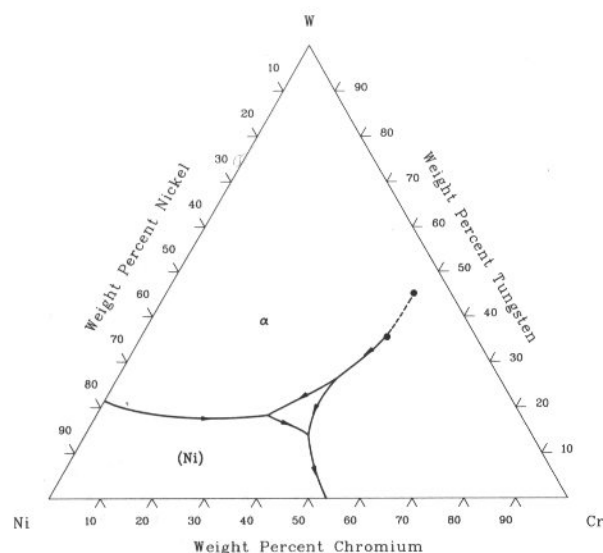
Cr-Ni-Ti isothermal section at 1027 °C [74Kau]



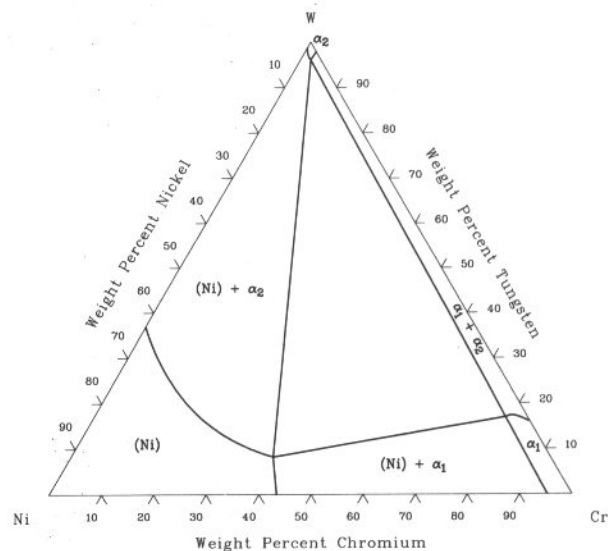
Cr-Ni-W isothermal section at 1000 °C [90Gup]



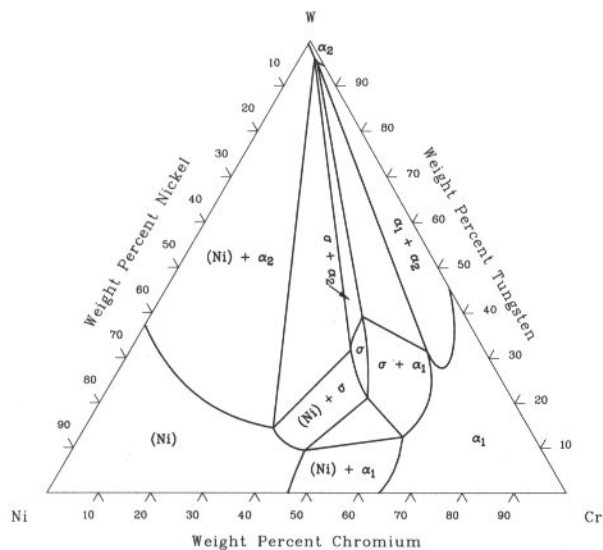
Cr-Ni-W liquidus projection [90Gup]



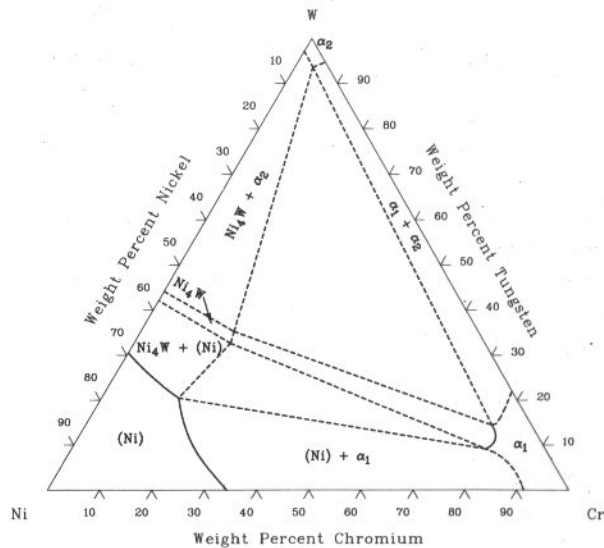
Cr-Ni-W isothermal section at 900 °C [90Gup]



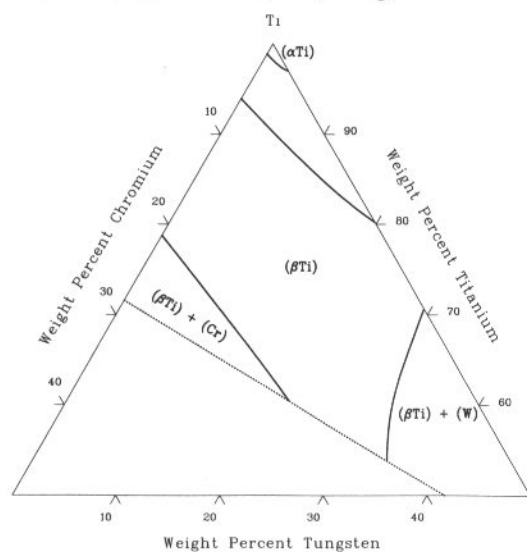
Cr-Ni-W isothermal section at 1250 °C [90Gup]



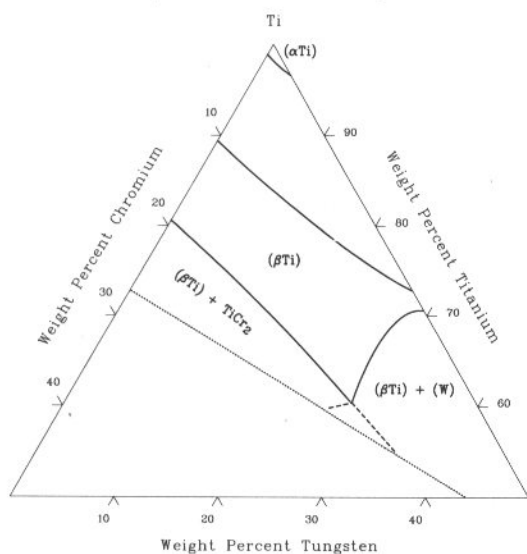
Cr-Ni-W isothermal section at 800 °C [990Gup]



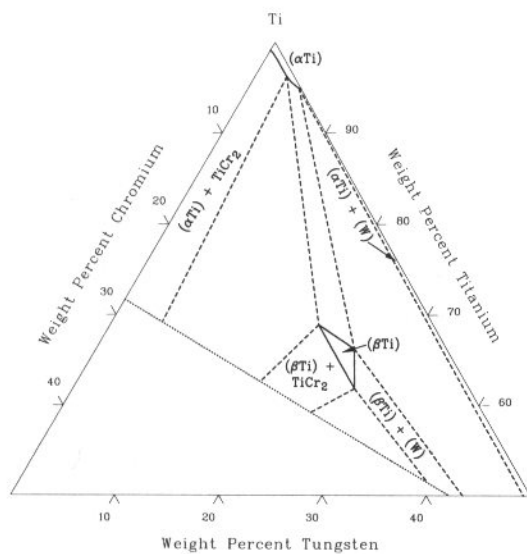
Cr-Ti-W isothermal section at 800 °C [58Bag]



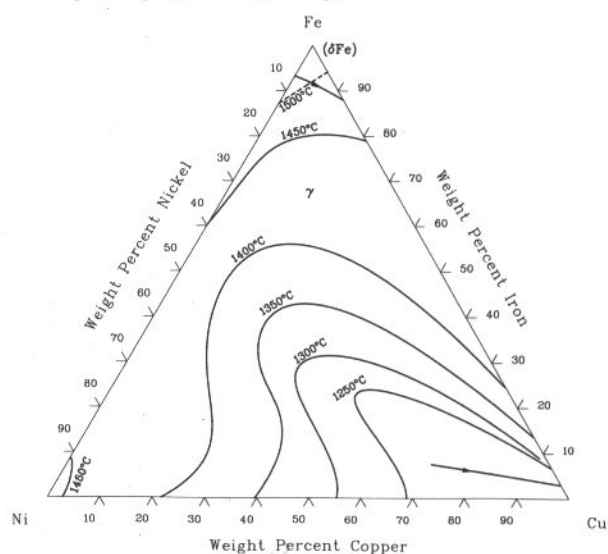
Cr-Ti-W isothermal section at 750 °C [58Bag]



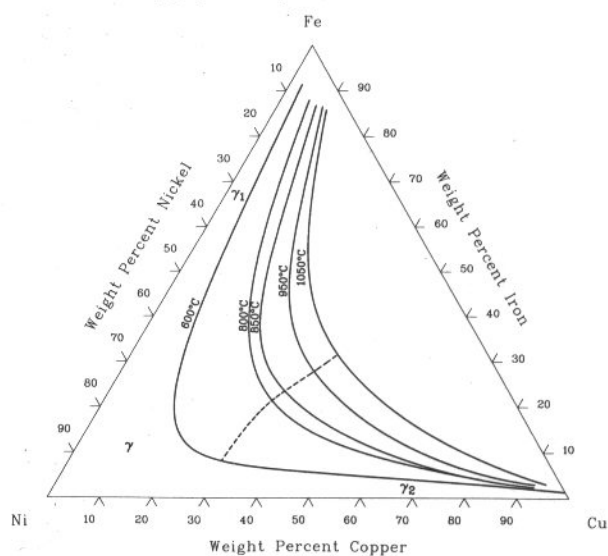
Cr-Ti-W isothermal section at 600 °C [58Bag]



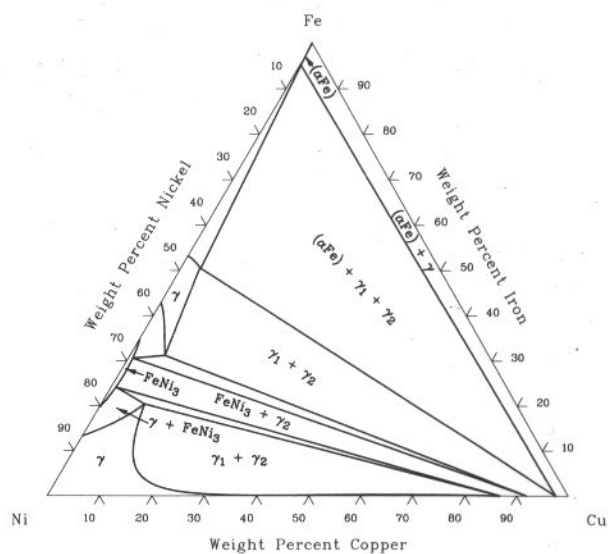
Cu-Fe-Ni liquidus projection [90Gup]



Cu-Fe-Ni miscibility gap [90Gup]

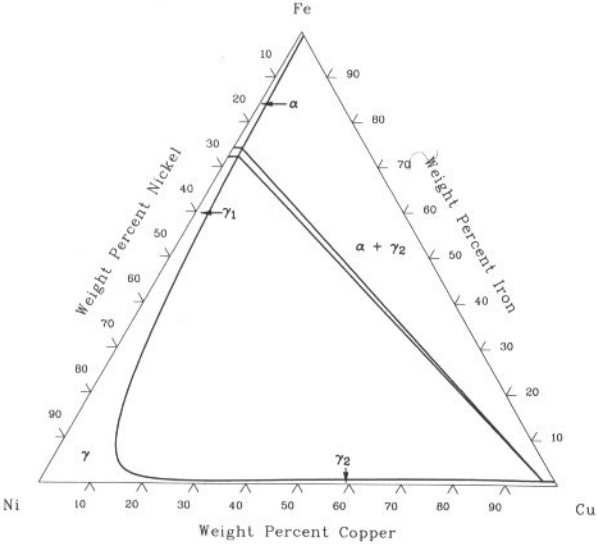


Cu-Fe-Ni isothermal section at 400 °C [90Gup]

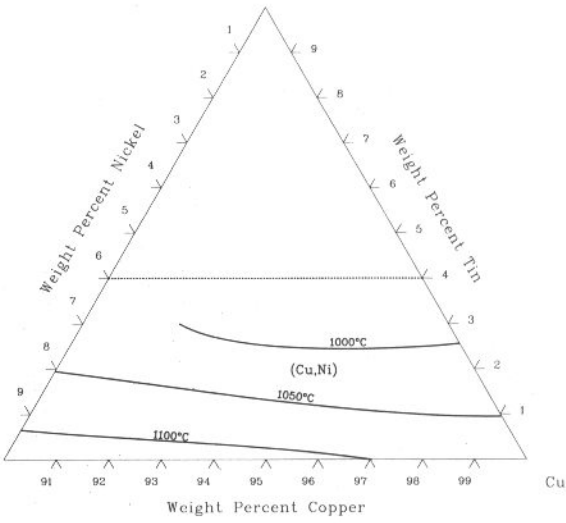


3•50/Ternary Alloy Phase Diagrams

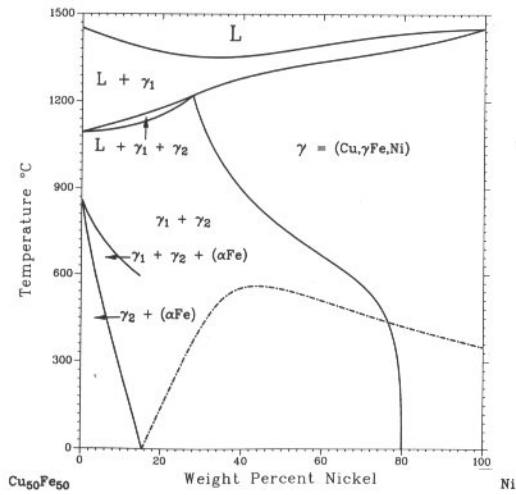
Cu-Fe-Ni isothermal section at 20 °C [90Gup]



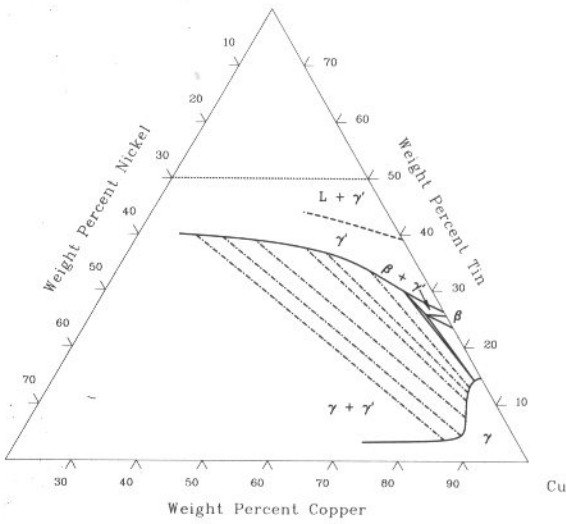
Cu-Ni-Sn solidus projection [90Gup]



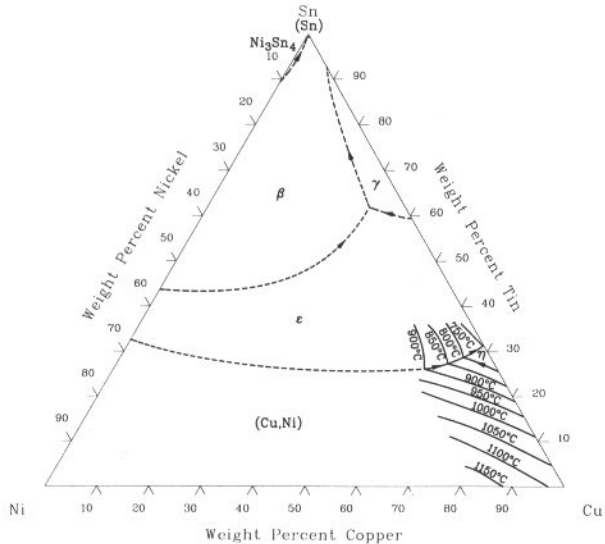
Cu-Fe-Ni [90Gup]



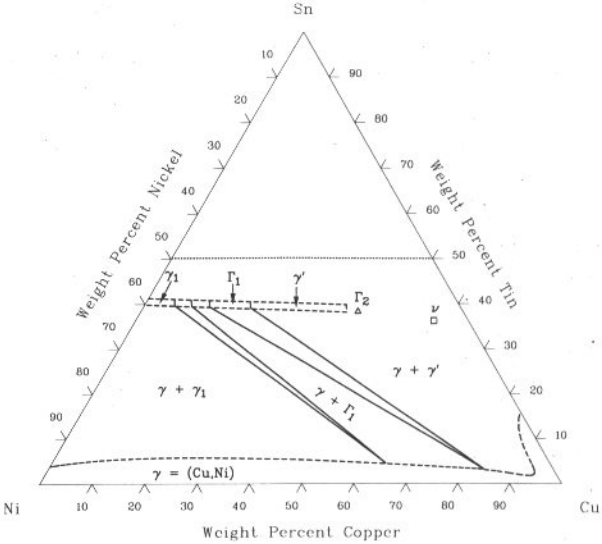
Cu-Ni-Sn isothermal section at 700 °C [90Gup]



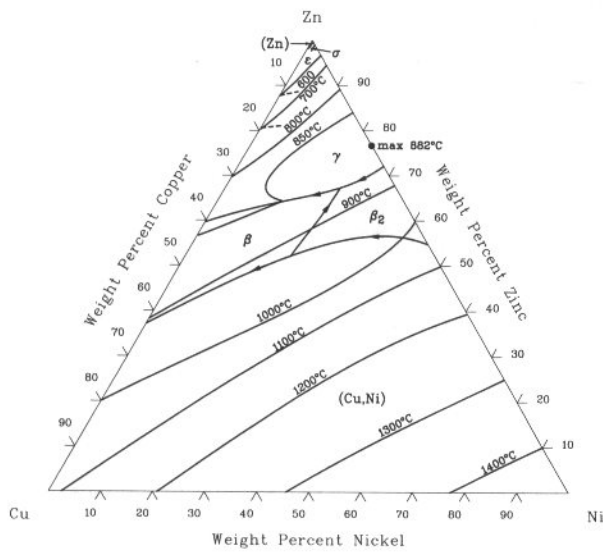
Cu-Ni-Sn liquidus projection [90Gup]



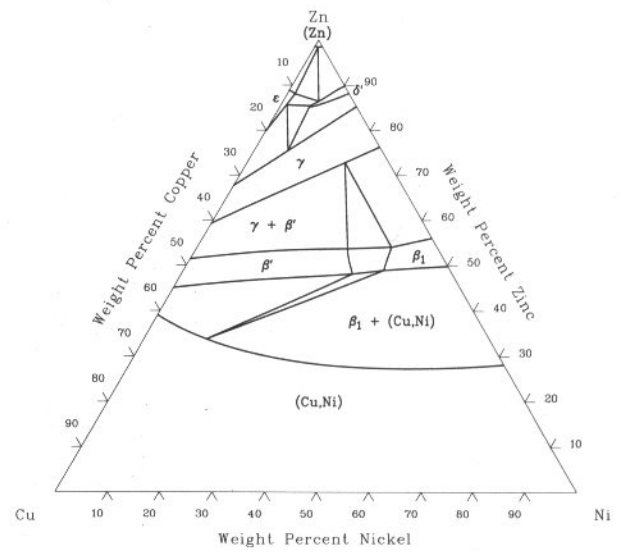
Cu-Ni-Sn isothermal section at 550 °C [90Gup]



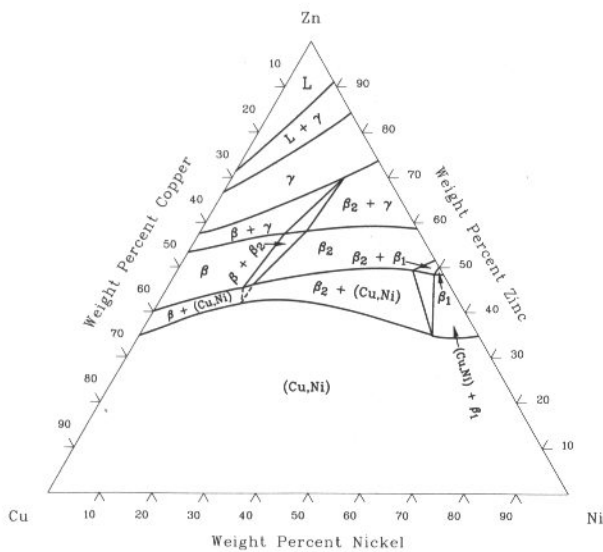
Cu-Ni-Zn liquidus projection [79Cha]



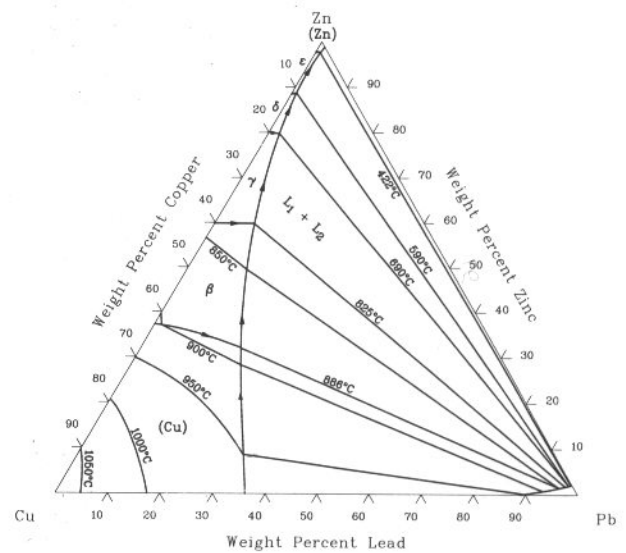
Cu-Ni-Zn isothermal section at 20 °C [73Lev]



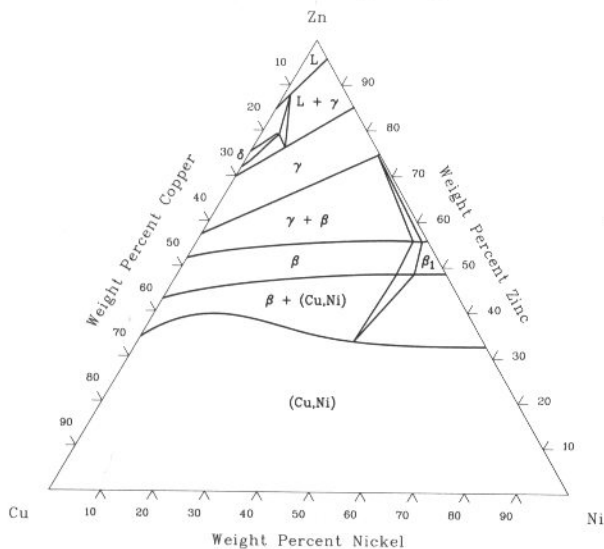
Cu-Ni-Zn isothermal section at 775 °C [79Cha]



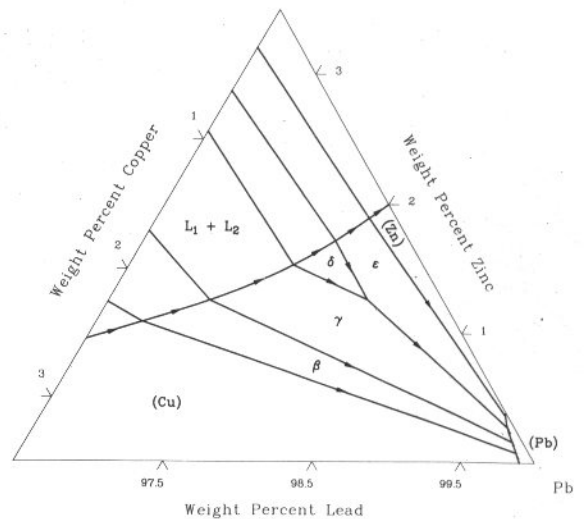
Cu-Pb-Zn liquidus projection [79Cha]



Cu-Ni-Zn isothermal section at 650 °C [73Lev]

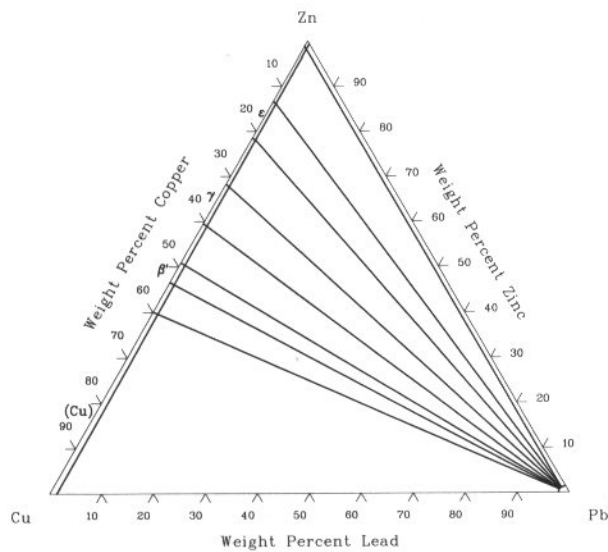


Cu-Pb-Zn (Pb) liquidus projection [79Cha]

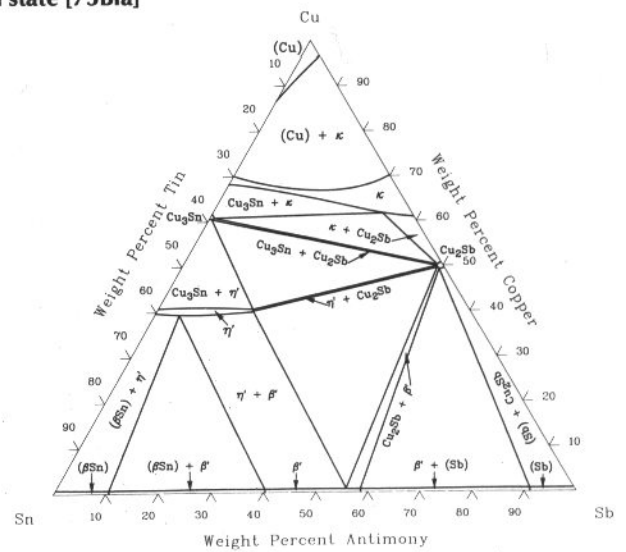


3•52/Ternary Alloy Phase Diagrams

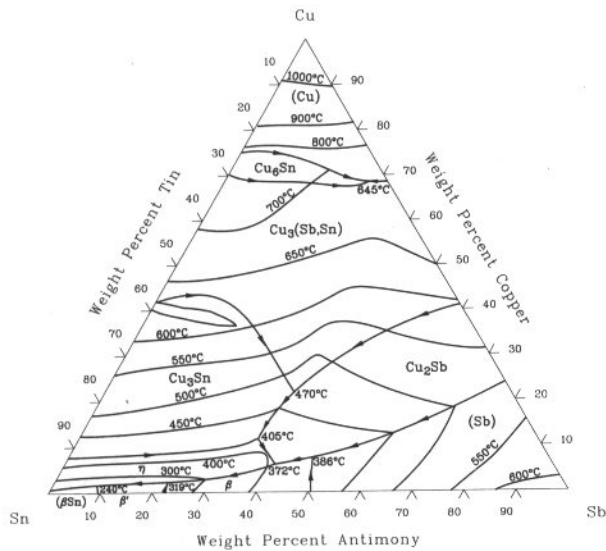
Cu-Pb-Zn isothermal section at 25 °C [29Bau]



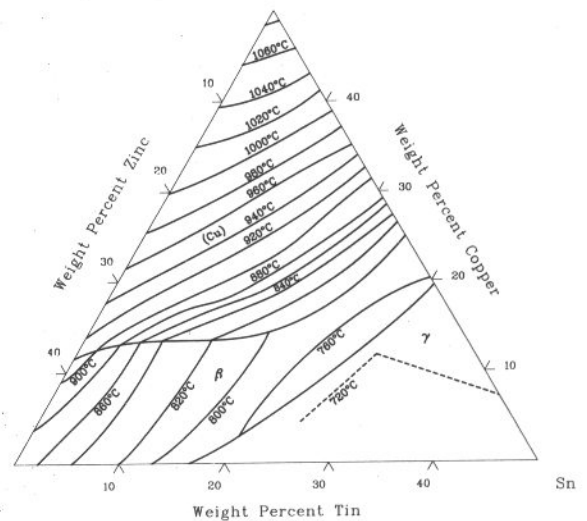
Cu-Sb-Sn phases present at temperatures below the reactions in the solid state [73Bla]



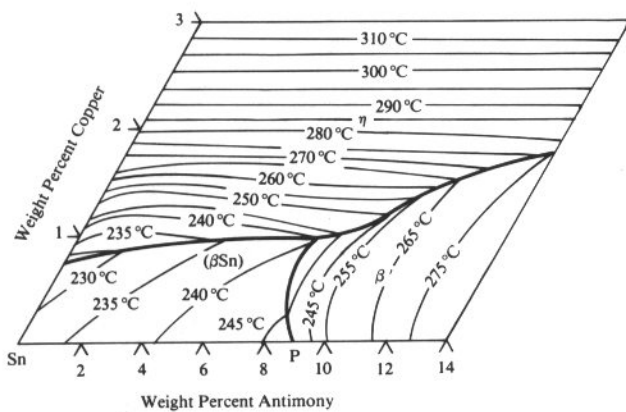
Cu-Sb-Sn liquidus projection [73Bla]



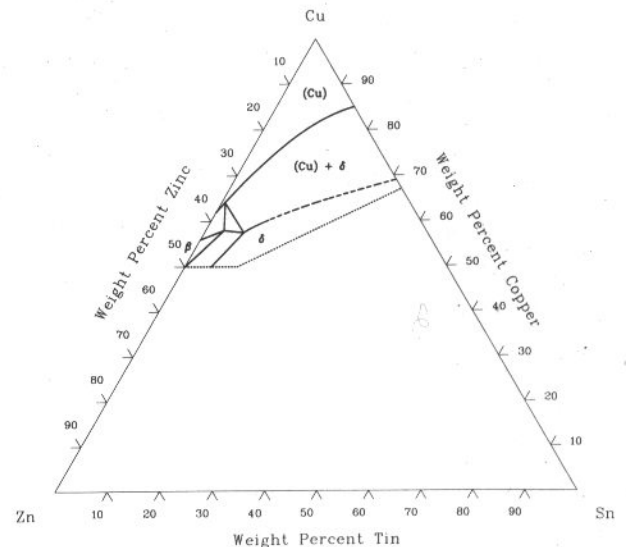
Cu-Sn-Zn liquidus projection [73Smi]



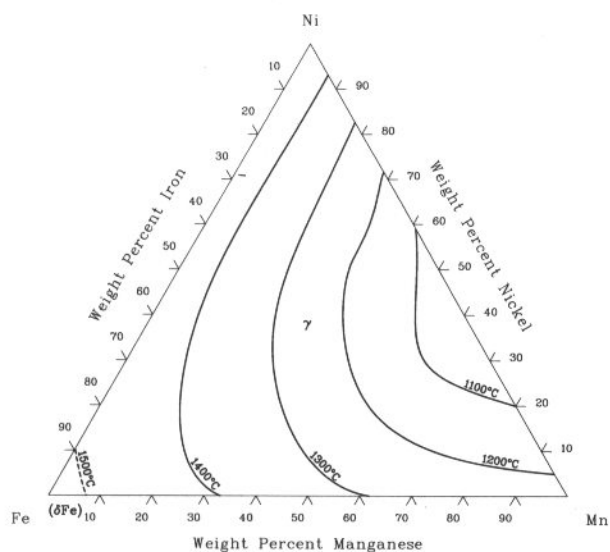
Cu-Sb-Sn (Sn) liquidus projection [73Bla]



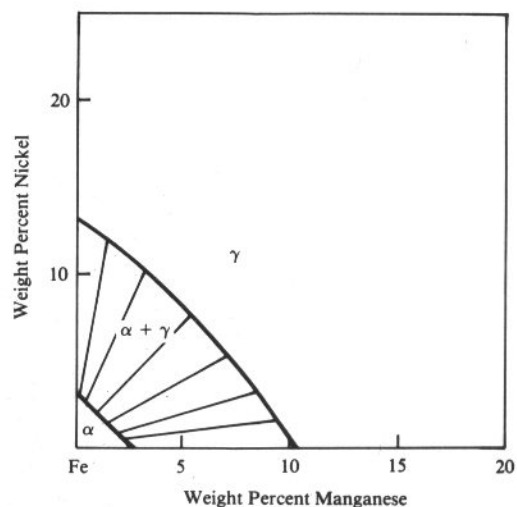
Cu-Sn-Zn isothermal section at 500 °C [73Smi]



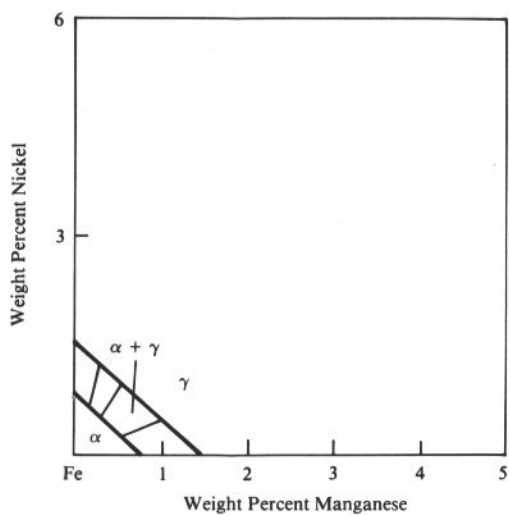
Fe-Mn-Ni liquidus projection [88Ray]



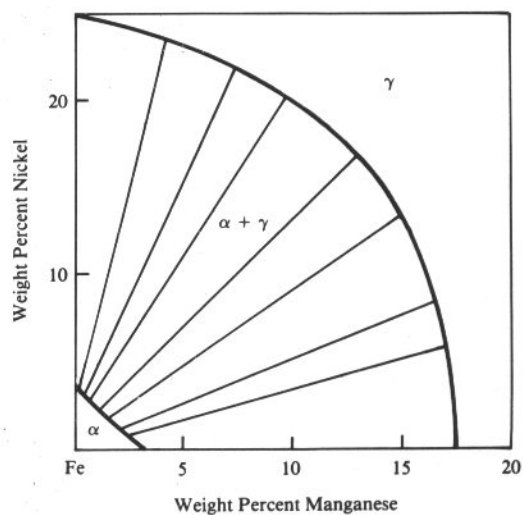
Fe-Mn-Ni isothermal section at 650 °C [89Har]



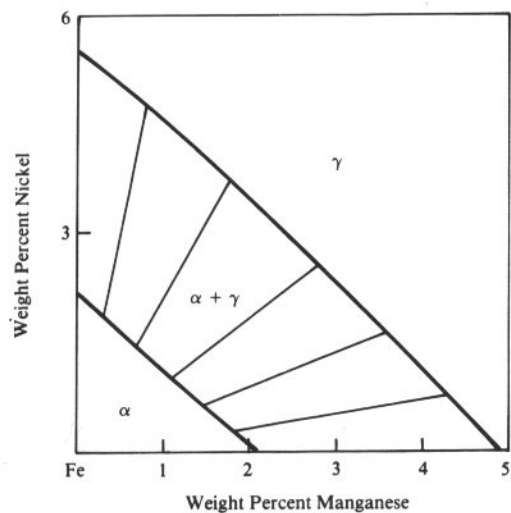
Fe-Mn-Ni isothermal section at 850 °C [89Har]



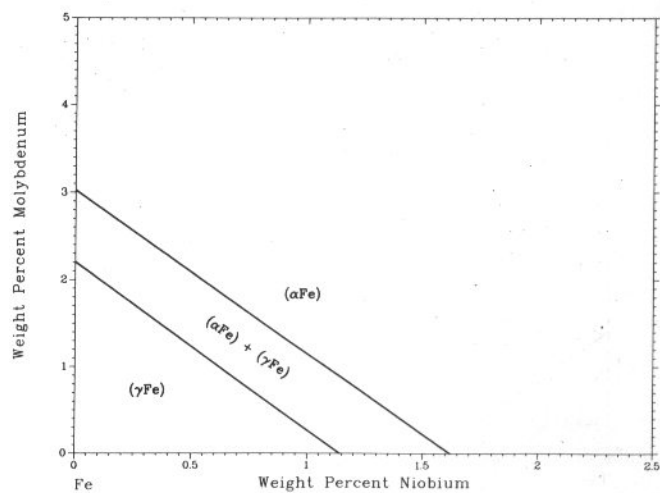
Fe-Mn-Ni isothermal section at 550 °C [89Har]



Fe-Mn-Ni isothermal section at 750 °C [89Har]

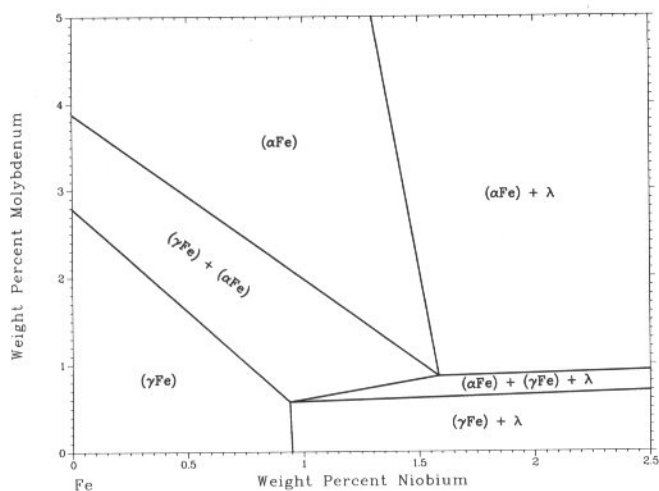


Fe-Mo-Nb isothermal section at 1250 °C [89Har]

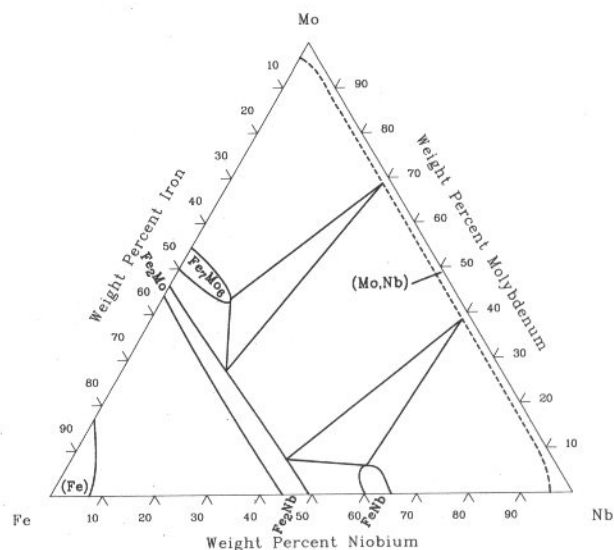


3•54/Ternary Alloy Phase Diagrams

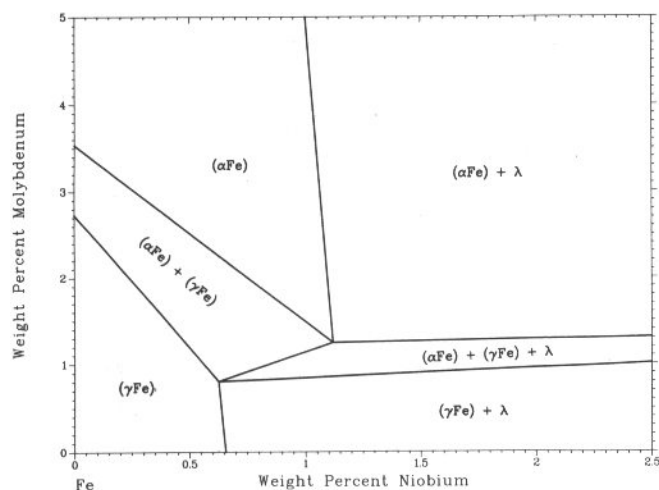
Fe-Mo-Nb isothermal section at 1150 °C [89Har]



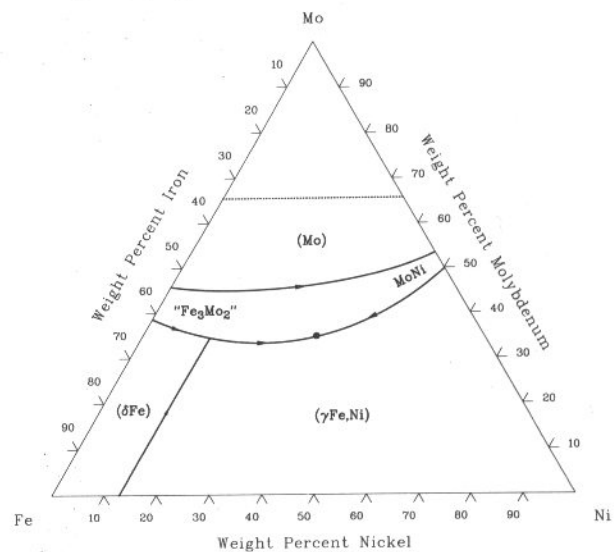
Fe-Mo-Nb isothermal section at 900 °C [87Smi]



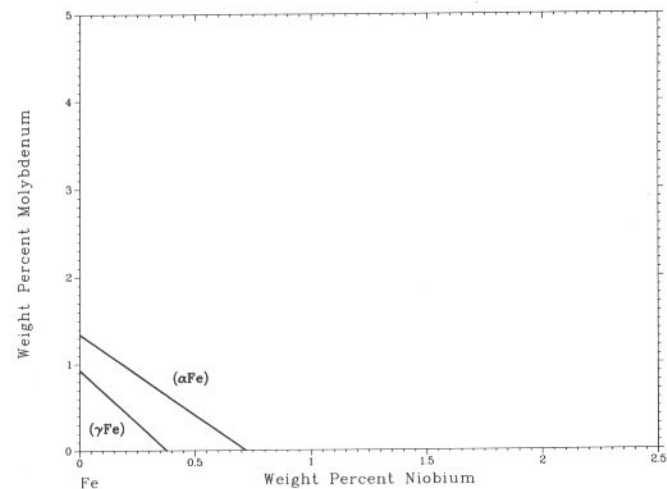
Fe-Mo-Nb isothermal section at 1050 °C [89Har]



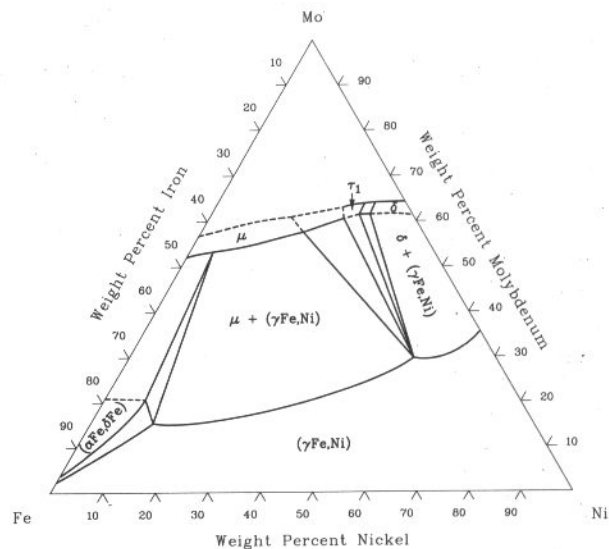
Fe-Mo-Ni liquidus projection [34Kos]



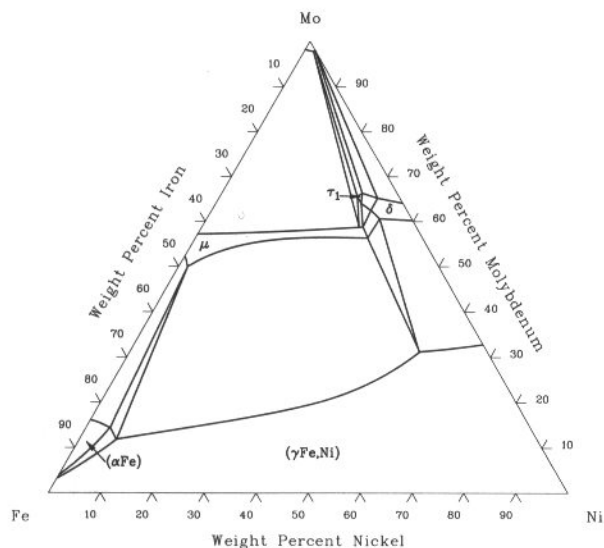
Fe-Mo-Nb isothermal section at 950 °C [89Har]



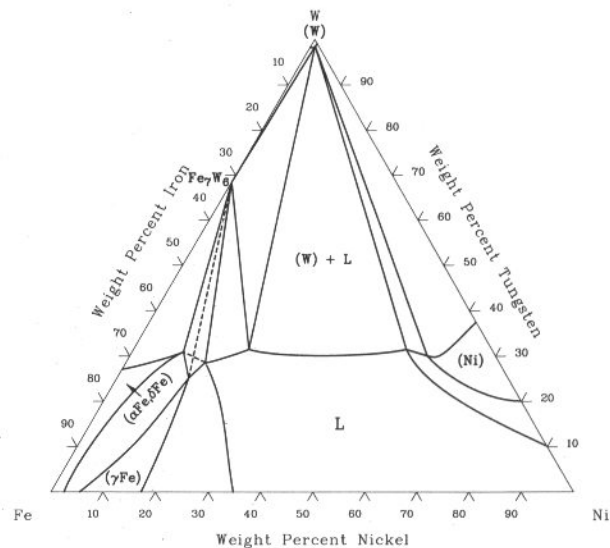
Fe-Mo-Ni isothermal section at 1200 °C [52Das]



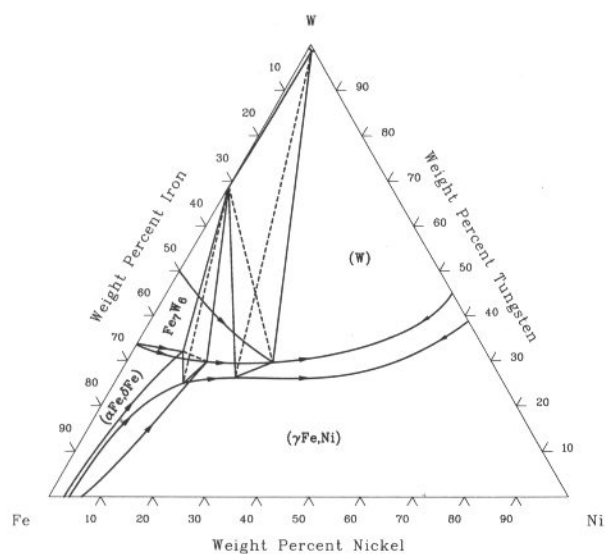
Fe-Mo-Ni isothermal section at 1100 °C [88Ray]



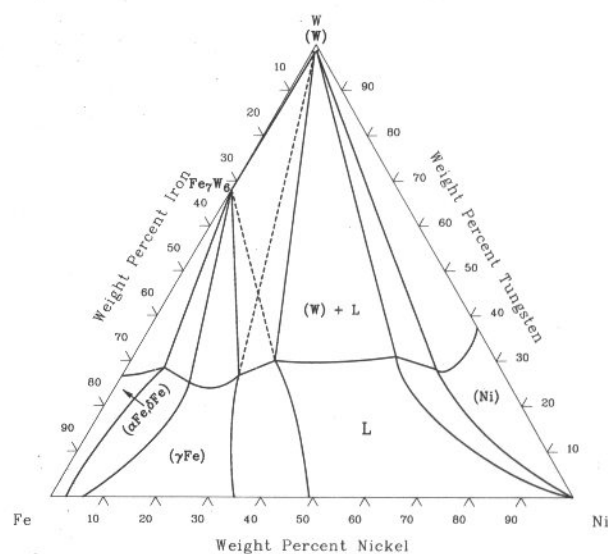
Fe-Ni-W isothermal section at 1465 °C [88Ray]



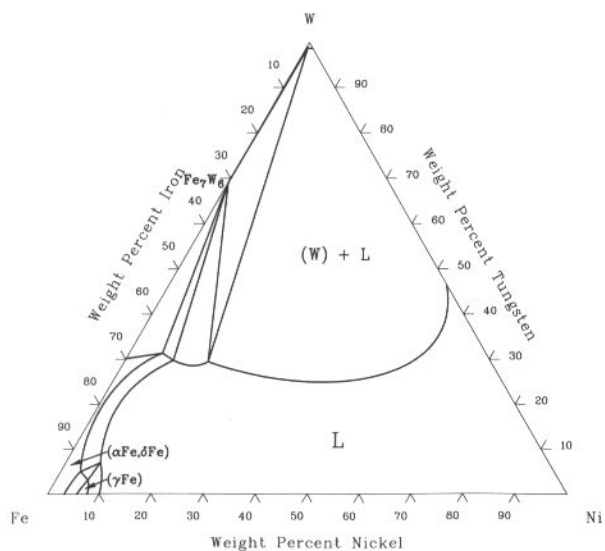
Fe-Ni-W liquidus and solidus projections [88Ray]



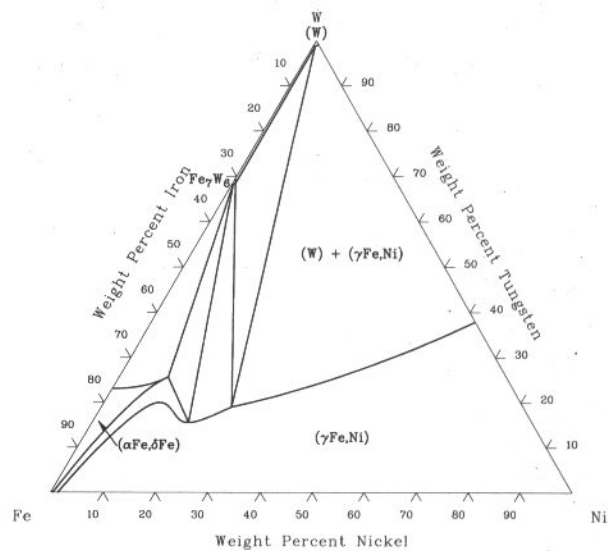
Fe-Ni-W isothermal section at 1455 °C [88Ray]



Fe-Ni-W isothermal section at 1500 °C [88Ray]

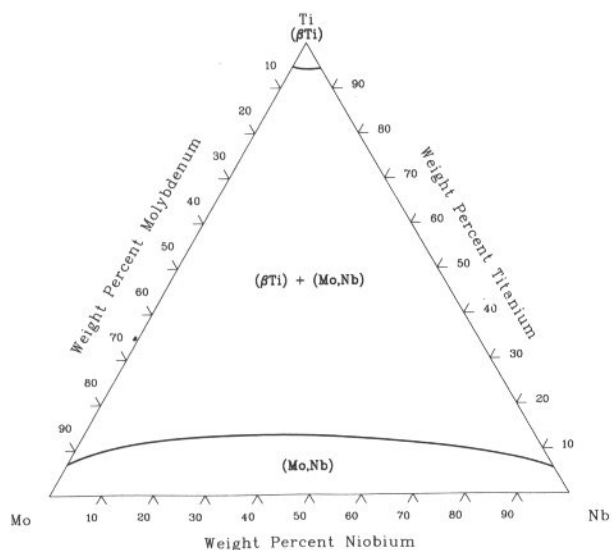


Fe-Ni-W isothermal section at 1400 °C [88Ray]

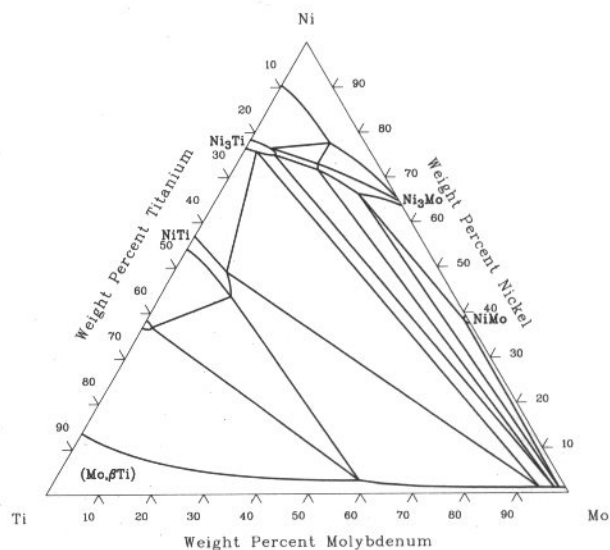


3•56/Ternary Alloy Phase Diagrams

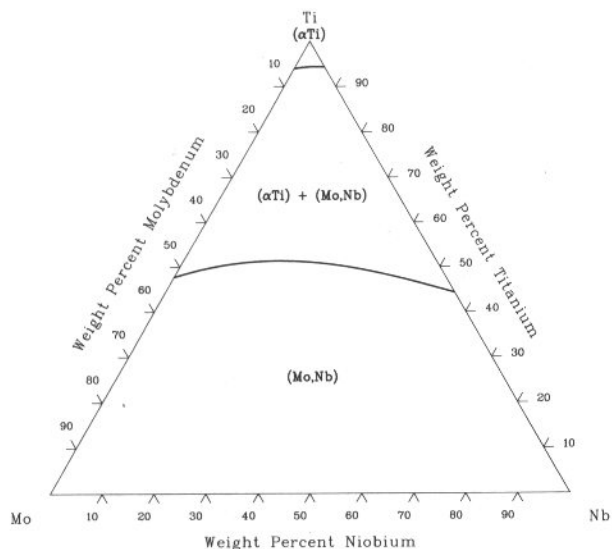
Mo-Nb-Ti isothermal section at 1100 °C [58Kor]



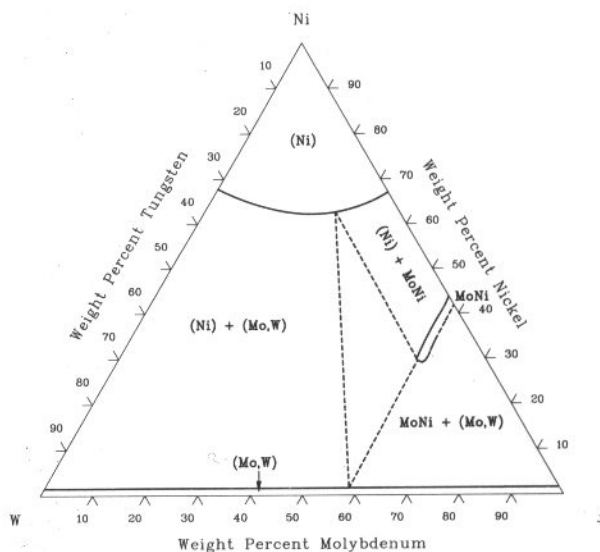
Mo-Ni-Ti isothermal section at 900 °C [84Ere]



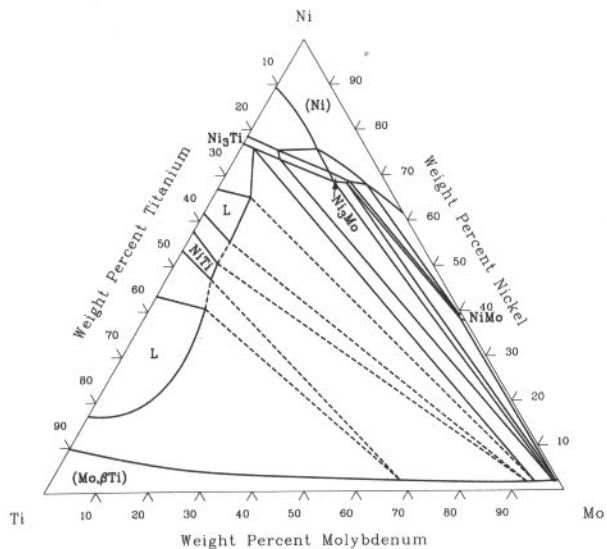
Mo-Nb-Ti isothermal section at 600 °C [58Kor]



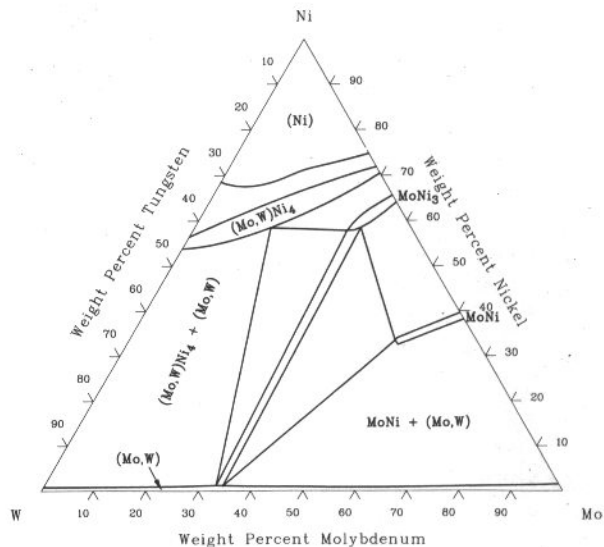
Mo-Ni-W isothermal section at 1000 °C [80Mas]



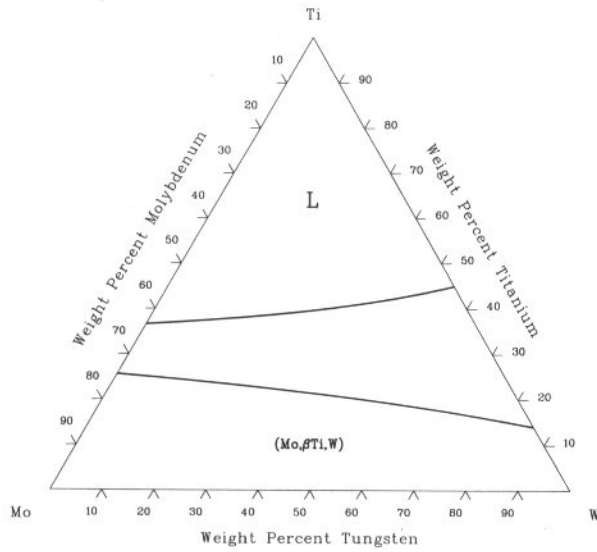
Mo-Ni-Ti isothermal section at 1200 °C [86Pri]



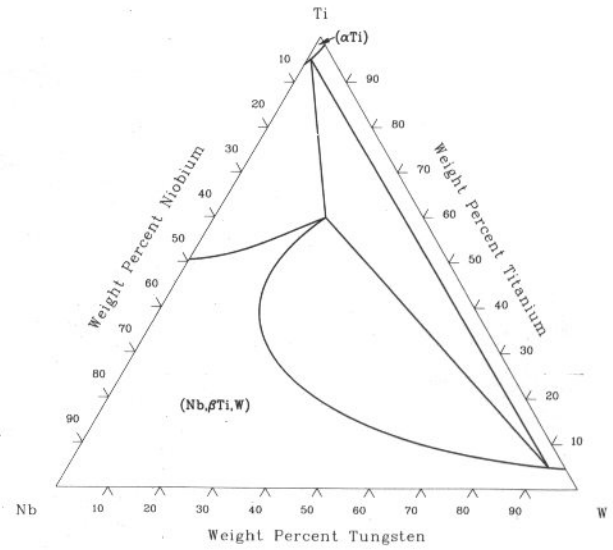
Mo-Ni-W isothermal section at 700 °C [85Mes]



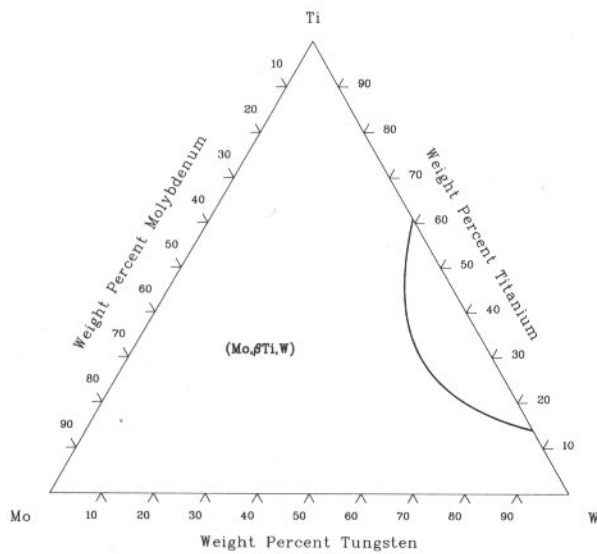
Mo-Ti-W isothermal section at 2227 °C [75Kau]



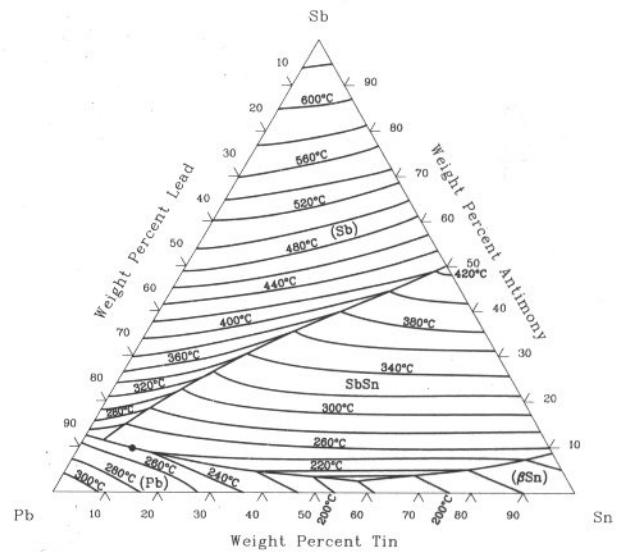
Nb-Ti-W isothermal section at 600 °C [77Lev]



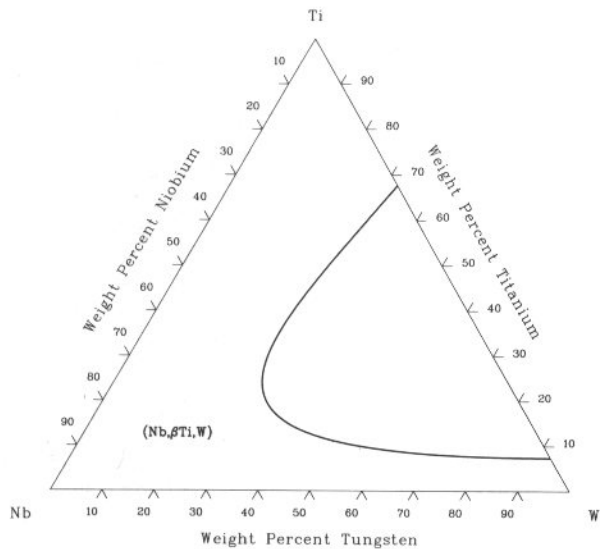
Mo-Ti-W isothermal section at 1000 °C [75Kau]



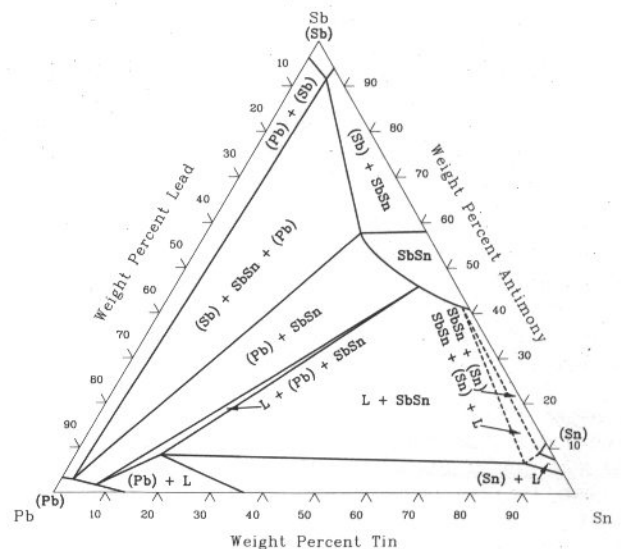
Pb-Sb-Sn liquidus projection [73Bre]



Nb-Ti-W isothermal section at 1000 °C [75Kau]

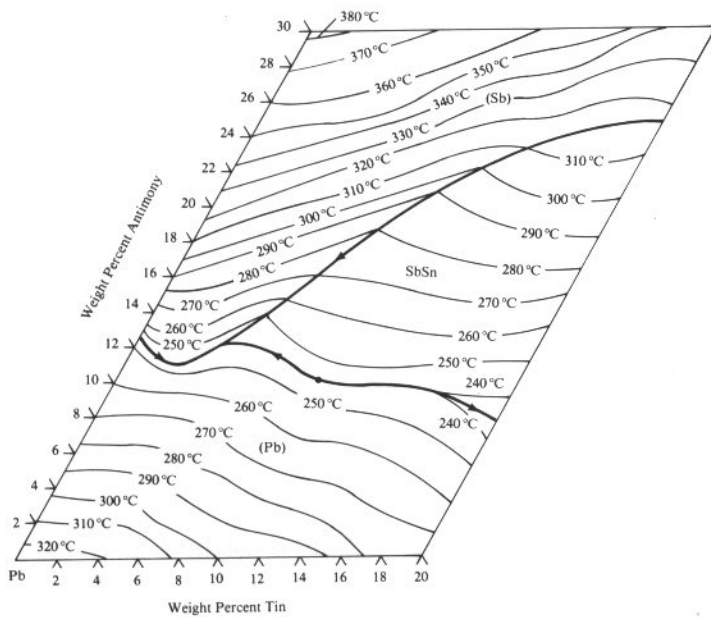


Pb-Sb-Sn isothermal section at 240 °C [85Osa]

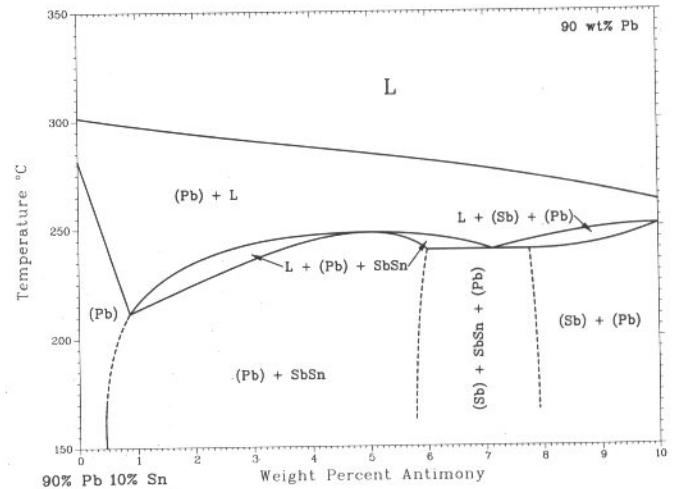


3•58/Ternary Alloy Phase Diagrams

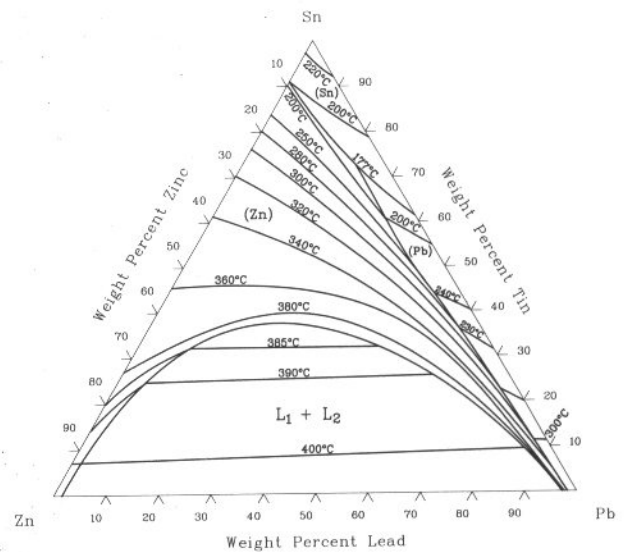
Pb-Sb-Sn (Pb) liquidus projection [73Bre]



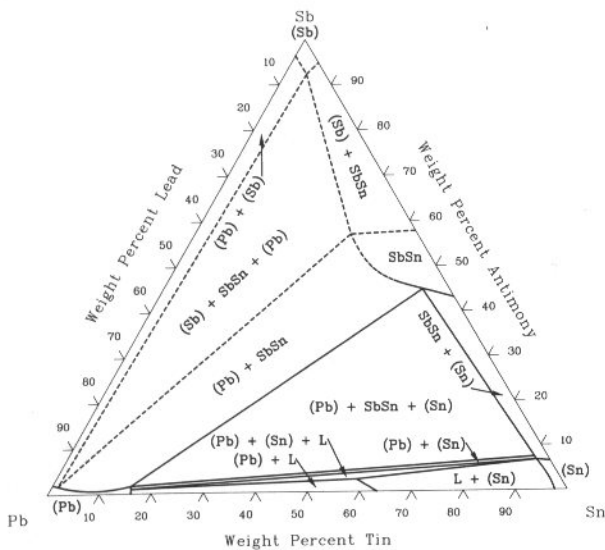
Pb-Sb-Sn [85Osa]



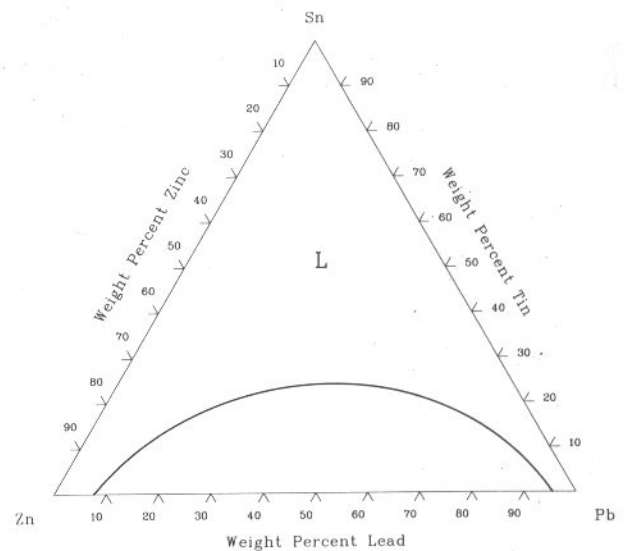
Pb-Sn-Zn liquidus projection [51Lin]



Pb-Sb-Sn isothermal section at 189 °C [85Osa]



Pb-Sn-Zn isothermal section at 532 °C [67PtA]



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Section 4

Appendix

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Symbols for the Chemical Elements

Actinium Ac
 Aluminum Al
 Americium Am
 Antimony Sb
 Argon Ar
 Arsenic As
 Astatine At
 Barium Ba
 Berkelium Bk
 Beryllium Be
 Bismuth Bi
 Boron B
 Bromine Br
 Cadmium Cd
 Calcium Ca
 Californium Cf
 Carbon C
 Cerium Ce
 Cesium Cs
 Chlorine Cl
 Chromium Cr
 Cobalt Co
 Columbium (Niobium) Nb
 Copper Cu
 Curium Cm
 Dysprosium Dy
 Einsteinium Es
 Erbium Er
 Europium Eu
 Fermium Fm
 Fluorine F
 Francium Fr
 Gadolinium Gd
 Gallium Ga
 Germanium Ge

Gold Au
 Hafnium Hf
 Helium He
 Holmium Ho
 Hydrogen H
 Indium In
 Iodine I
 Iridium Ir
 Iron Fe
 Krypton Kr
 Lanthanum La
 Lawrencium Lr
 Lead Pb
 Lithium Li
 Lutetium Lu
 Magnesium Mg
 Manganese Mn
 Mendelevium Md
 Mercury Hg
 Molybdenum Mo
 Neodymium Nd
 Neon Ne
 Neptunium Np
 Nickel Ni
 Niobium Nb
 Nitrogen N
 Nobelium No
 Osmium Os
 Oxygen O
 Palladium Pd
 Phosphorus P
 Platinum Pt
 Plutonium Pu
 Polonium Po
 Potassium K

Praseodymium Pr
 Promethium Pm
 Protactinium Pa
 Radium Ra
 Radon Rn
 Rhenium Re
 Rhodium Rh
 Rubidium Rb
 Ruthenium Ru
 Samarium Sm
 Scandium Sc
 Selenium Se
 Silicon Si
 Silver Ag
 Sodium Na
 Strontium Sr
 Sulfur S
 Tantalum Ta
 Technetium Tc
 Tellurium Te
 Terbium Tb
 Thallium Tl
 Thorium Th
 Thulium Tm
 Tin Sn
 Titanium Ti
 Tungsten W
 Uranium U
 Vanadium V
 Xenon Xe
 Ytterbium Yb
 Yttrium Y
 Zinc Zn
 Zirconium Zr

[illegible]

Melting and Boiling Points of the Elements at Atmospheric Pressure

Symbol	Melting point			Boiling point	
	°C	K	Error limits	°C	K
Ac	1051	1324	±50	3200	3473(a)
Ag	961.93	1235.08	...	2163	2436
Al	660.452	933.602	...	2520	2793
Am	1176	1449	...	...	...
Ar	-189.352(T.P.)	83.798(T.P.)	...	-185.9	87.3
As	614(S.P.)	887(S.P.)	...	...	...
At	(302)	(575)	...	...	...
Au	1064.43	1337.58	...	2857	3130
B	2092	2365	...	4002	4275
Ba	727	1000	±2	1898	2171
Be	1289	1562	±5	2472	2745
Bi	271.442	544.592	...	1564	1837
Bk	1050	1323	...	...	...
Br	-7.25(T.P.)	265.90(T.P.)	...	59.10	332.25
C	3827(S.P.)	4100(S.P.)	±50	...	...
Ca	842	1115	±2	1484	1757
Cd	321.108	594.258	...	767	1040
Ce	798	1071	±3	3426	3699
Cf	900	1173	...	...	...
Cl	-100.97(T.P.)	172.18(T.P.)	...	-34.05	239.10
Cm	1345	1618	...	...	...
Co	1495	1768	...	2928	3201
Cr	1863	2136	±20	2672	2945
Cs	28.39	301.54	±0.05	671	944
Cu	1084.87	1358.02	±0.04	2563	2836
Dy	1412	1685	...	2562	2835
Er	1529	1802	...	2863	3136
Es	860	1133	...	...	...
Eu	822	1095	...	1597	1870
F	-219.67(T.P.)	53.48(T.P.)	...	-188.20	84.95
Fe	1538	1811	...	2862	3135
Fm	(1527)	(1800)	...	...	...
Fr	(27)	(300)	...	...	...
Ga	29.7741(T.P.)	302.9241(T.P.)	±0.001	2205	2478
Gd	1313	1586	...	3266	3539
Ge	938.3	1211.5	...	2834	3107
H	-259.34(T.P.)	13.81(T.P.)	...	-252.882	20.268
He	-271.69(T.P.)	1.46(T.P.)	(b)	-268.935	4.215
Hf	2231	2504	±20	4603	4876
Hg	-38.836	234.210	...	356.623	629.773
Ho	1474	1747	...	2695	2968
I	113.6	386.8	...	185.25	458.40
In	156.634	429.784	...	2073	2346
Ir	2447	2720	...	4428	4701
K	63.71	336.86	±0.5	759	1032
Kr	-157.385	115.765	±0.001	-153.35	119.80
La	918	1191	...	3457	3730
Li	180.6	453.8	±0.5	1342	1615
Lr	(1627)	(1900)	...	...	...
Lu	1663	1936	...	3395	3668
Md	(827)	(1100)	...	...	...
Mg	650	923	±0.5	1090	1363
Mn	1246	1519	±5	2062	2335
Mo	2623	2896	...	4639	4912
N	-210.0042(T.P.)	63.1458(T.P.)	±0.0002	-195.80	77.35
Na	97.8	371.0	±0.1	883	1156
Nb	2469	2742	...	4744	5017

(continued)

4•6/Appendix

Symbol	Melting point			Boiling point	
	°C	K	Error limits	°C	K
Nd.....	1021	1294	...	3068	3341
Ne.....	-248.587(T.P.)	24.563(T.P.)	±0.002	-246.054	27.096
Ni.....	1455	1728	...	2914	3187
No.....	(827)	(1100)	...	...	...
Np.....	639	912	±2	...	...
O.....	-218.789(T.P.)	54.361(T.P.)	...	-182.97	90.18
Os.....	3033	3306	±20	5012	5285
P(white).....	44.14	317.29	±0.1	277	550
P(red).....	589.6(T.P.)	862.8(T.P.)	(c)	431	704
Pa.....	1572	1845	...	...	...
Pb.....	327.502	600.652	...	1750	2023
Pd.....	1555	1828	±0.4	2964	3237
Pm.....	1042	1315	...	...	...
Po.....	254	527	...	...	...
Pr.....	931	1204	...	3512	3785
Pt.....	1769.0	2042.2	...	3827	4100
Pu.....	640	913	±1	3230	3503
Ra.....	700	973	...	...	...
Rb.....	39.48	312.63	±0.5	688	961
Re.....	3186	3459	±20	5596	5869
Rh.....	1963	2236	...	3697	3970
Rn.....	-71	202	...	-62	211
Ru.....	2334	2607	±10	4150	4423
S.....	115.22	388.37	...	444.60	717.75
Sb.....	630.755	903.905	...	1587	1860
Sc.....	1541	1814	...	2831	3104
Se.....	221	494	...	685	958
Si.....	1414	1687	±2	3267	3540
Sm.....	1074	1347	...	1791	2064
Sn.....	231.9681	505.1181	...	2603	2876
Sr.....	769	1042	...	1382	1655
Ta.....	3020	3293	...	5458	5731
Tb.....	1356	1629	...	3223	3496
Tc.....	2155	2428	±50	4265	4538
Te.....	449.57	722.72	±0.3	988	1261
Th.....	1755	2028	±10	4788	5061
Ti.....	1670	1943	±6	3289	3562
Tl.....	304	577	±2	1473	1746
Tm.....	1545	1818	...	1947	2220
U.....	1135	1408	...	4134	4407
V.....	1910	2183	±6	3409	3682
W.....	3422	3695	...	5555	5828
Xe.....	-111.7582(T.P.)	161.3918(T.P.)	±0.0002	-108.12	165.03
Y.....	1522	1795	...	3338	3611
Yb.....	819	1092	...	1194	1467
Zn.....	419.58	692.73	...	907	1180
Zr.....	1855	2128	±5	4409	4682

Note: T.P. = triple point; S.P. = sublimation point at atmospheric pressure. Measurements in parentheses are approximate. (a) ±300. (b) There are various triple points. (c) Red P sublimes without melting at atmospheric pressure.

Allotropic Transformations of the Elements at Atmospheric Pressure

Allotropic transformation of the chemical elements is discussed in the Introduction to Alloy Phase Diagrams, page 1•1 of this Handbook.

Element	Atomic number	Transformation	Temperature, °C	Element	Atomic number	Transformation	Temperature, °C
Ag.....	47	L ↔ S	961.93	Ir.....	77	L ↔ S	2447
Al.....	13	L ↔ S	660.452	K.....	19	L ↔ S	63.71
Am.....	95	L ↔ γ	1176	Kr.....	36	L ↔ S	115.65 K
		γ ↔ β	1077	La.....	57	L ↔ γ	918
						γ ↔ β	865
β ↔ α.....	769					β ↔ α	310
Ar.....	18	L ↔ S	83.798 K	Li.....	3	L ↔ β	180.6
Au.....	79	L ↔ S	1064.43			β ↔ α	-193
B.....	5	L ↔ β	2092	Lu.....	71	L ↔ S	1663
Ba.....	56	L ↔ S	727	Mg.....	12	L ↔ S	650
Be.....	4	L ↔ β	1289	Mb.....	25	L ↔ δ	1246
		β ↔ α	1270			δ ↔ γ	1138
Bi.....	83	L ↔ S	271.442			γ ↔ β	1100
Bk.....	97	L ↔ S	1050			β ↔ α	727
Br.....	35	L ↔ S	265.9 K	Mo.....	42	L ↔ S	2623
Ca.....	20	L ↔ β	842	N.....	7	L ↔ β	63.146 K
		β ↔ α	443			β ↔ α	35.61 K
Cd.....	48	L ↔ S	321.108	Na.....	11	L ↔ β	97.8
Ce.....	58	L ↔ δ	798			β ↔ α	-233
		δ ↔ γ	726	Nb.....	41	L ↔ S	2469
		γ ↔ β	61	Nd.....	60	L ↔ β	1021
		β ↔ α	...			β ↔ α	863
Cf.....	98	L ↔ β	900	Ne.....	10	L ↔ S	24.563 K (T.P.)
		β ↔ α	590	Ni.....	28	L ↔ S	1455
Cl.....	17	L ↔ S	172.16 K	Np.....	93	L ↔ γ	639
Cm.....	96	L ↔ β	1345			γ ↔ β	576
		β ↔ γ	1277			β ↔ α	280
Co.....	27	L ↔ α	1495	O.....	8	L ↔ γ	54.361 K
						γ ↔ β	43.801 K
		α ↔ ε	422			β ↔ α	23.867 K
Cr.....	24	L ↔ S	1863	Os.....	76	L ↔ S	3033
Cs.....	55	L ↔ S	28.39	P (white α).....	15	L ↔ α	44.14
Cu.....	29	L ↔ S	1084.87	Pa.....	91	L ↔ β	1572
Dy.....	66	L ↔ β	1412			β ↔ α	1170
		β ↔ α	1381	Pb.....	82	L ↔ S	327.502
		α ↔ α'	-187	Pd.....	46	L ↔ S	1555
Er.....	68	L ↔ S	1529	Pm.....	61	L ↔ β	1042
Es.....	99	L ↔ S	860			β ↔ α	890
Eu.....	63	L ↔ S	822	Po.....	84	L ↔ β	254
F.....	9	L ↔ β	53.48 K			β ↔ α	54
		β ↔ α	45.55 K	Pr.....	59	L ↔ β	931
Fe.....	26	L ↔ δ	1538			β ↔ α	795
		δ ↔ γ	1394	Pt.....	78	L ↔ S	1769.0
		γ ↔ α	912	Pu.....	94	L ↔ ε	640
Ga.....	31	L ↔ S	29.7741			ε ↔ δ'	483
Gd.....	64	L ↔ β	1313			δ' ↔ δ	463
		β ↔ α	1235			δ ↔ γ	320
Ge.....	32	L ↔ S	938.3			γ ↔ β	215
H.....	1	L ↔ S	13.81 K			β ↔ α	125
Hf.....	72	L ↔ β	2231	Rb.....	37	L ↔ S	39.48
		β ↔ α	1743	Re.....	75	L ↔ S	3186
Hg.....	80	L ↔ α	-38.290	Rh.....	45	L ↔ S	1963
Ho.....	67	L ↔ S	1474	Rn.....	86	L ↔ S	-71
I.....	53	L ↔ S	113.6				
In.....	49	L ↔ S	156.634				

(continued)

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Element	Atomic number	Transformation	Temperature, °C	Element	Atomic number	Transformation	Temperature, °C
Ru	44	L ↔ S	2334	Ti	22	β ↔ α	1360
S	16	L ↔ β	115.22			L ↔ β	1670
		β ↔ α	95.5			β ↔ α	882
Sb	51	L ↔ S	630.755	Tl	81	L ↔ β	304
Sc	21	L ↔ β	1541			β ↔ α	230
		β ↔ α	1337	T	69	L ↔ S	1545
Se	34	L ↔ S	221	U	92	L ↔ γ	1135
Si	14	L ↔ S	1414			γ ↔ β	776
Sm	62	L ↔ γ	1074			β ↔ α	668
		γ ↔ β	922	V	23	L ↔ S	1910
		β ↔ α	734	W	74	L ↔ S	3422
Sn	50	L ↔ β	231.9681	Xe	54	L ↔ S	161.918 (T.P.)
		β ↔ α	13	Y	39	L ↔ β	1522
Sr	38	L ↔ β	769			β ↔ α	1478
		β ↔ α	547	Yb	70	L ↔ γ	819
Ta	73	L ↔ S	3020			γ ↔ β	795
Tb	65	L ↔ β	1356			β ↔ α	-3
		β ↔ α	1289	Zn	30	L ↔ S	419.58
		α ↔ α'	-53	Zr	40	L ↔ β	1855
Te	52	L ↔ S	449.57			β ↔ α	863
Th	90	L ↔ β	1755				

Note: T.P. = triple point.

Magnetic Phase Transition Temperatures of the Elements

Magnetic phase transition, and other higher-order transitions of the chemical elements, is discussed in the Introduction to Alloy Phase Diagrams, page 1•1 of this Handbook.

Chemical symbol	Atomic number	Allotrope	Phase transition temperature (T_c), K	Type of magnetic ordering(a)	Phase transition temperature (T_{c2}), K	Type of magnetic ordering(a)	Phase transition temperature (T_{c3}), K	Type of magnetic ordering(a)	Saturation magnetic moment, μ_B
Ce(b).....	58	β -dcph	13.7	AC?	12.5	AC?	...	...	2.61
		γ -fcc	14.4	AC?	...	...	...	...	...
Cm.....	96	α -dcph	52	AC	...	...	...	...	...
Co.....	27	fcc	1388(1115 °C)	FM	...	...	...	...	1.715
Cr.....	24	bcc	312.7(39.5 °C)	AI	...	...	...	...	0.45
Dy.....	66	α -cph	179.0	AI	89.0	FM	...	...	10.33
Er.....	68	cph	85.0	AI	53	AC	20.0	CF	9.1
Eu.....	63	bcc	90.4	AC	...	...	...	...	5.9
Fe(c).....	26	α -bcc	1044(771 °C)	FM	...	...	...	...	2.216
		γ -fcc	67	AC	...	...	...	...	0.75
Gd.....	64	α -cph	293.4(20.2 °C)	FM	...	...	...	...	0.75
Ho.....	67	cph	132.0	AI	20.0	CF	...	...	10.34
Mn.....	25	α -bcc	100	AC	...	...	...	...	(d)
Nd.....	60	α -dcph	19.9	AI	7.5	AC	...	...	1.84
Ni.....	28	fcc	627.4(354.2 °C)	FM	...	...	...	...	0.616
Pm.....	61	α -dcph	98	FM?	...	...	...	...	0.24
Pr.....	59	α -dcph	0.06	AC	...	...	...	...	0.36
Sm.....	62	α -rhom	106	h, A(e)	13.8	c, A(e)	...	...	0.1
Tb.....	65	α -cph	230.0	AI	219.5	FM	...	...	9.34
Tm.....	69	cph	58.0	AI	40 to 32	FI	...	...	7.14

(a) Type of magnetic ordering indicated by symbols in the table below and the chart on the reverse side: FM = transition from paramagnetic to ferromagnetic state, AC = transition to periodic (antiferromagnetic) state that is commensurate with the lattice periodicity (*e.g.*, spins on three atom layers directed up followed by three layers down, *etc.*), AI = transition to periodic (antiferromagnetic) state that is generally not commensurate with the lattice periodicity (*e.g.*, helical spin ordering), CF = transition to conical ferromagnetic state (combination of planar helical antiferromagnetic plus ferromagnetic component), and FI = transition to ferromagnetic periodic structure (unequal number of up and down spin layers). (b) Ce exists in five crystal structures, two of which are magnetic (γ -fcc; and β -dcph). γ Ce is estimated to be antiferromagnetic below 14.4 K by extrapolation from fcc Ce-La alloys. (α Ce does not exist in pure form below ~100 K.) β Ce is thought to exhibit antiferromagnetism on the hexagonal lattice sites below 13.7 K and on the cubic sites below 12.5 K. (c) Magnetic measurements quoted in table for γ Fe are for fcc Fe precipitated in copper. (d) The magnetic moment assignments of Mn are complex. (e) h, A; c, A = indicate that sites of hexagonal and cubic point symmetry order antiferromagnetically, but at different temperatures.

Source: J.J. Rhyne, *Bull. Alloy Phase Diagrams*, 3(3), 402 (1982).

Crystal Structures and Lattice Parameters of Allotropes of the Metallic Elements

The crystal structure of the allotropic forms of the metallic elements are presented here in terms of the Pearson symbol, space group, and prototype of the structure. The temperatures of the phase transformations are listed in degrees Celsius and the pressures are in GPa. A consistent nomenclature is used, whereby all allotropes are labeled by Greek letters. The lattice parameters of the unit cells are given in nanometers (nm) and are considered to be accurate ± 2 in the last reported digit. Both crystal structure and lattice parameters are discussed in the Introduction to Alloy Phase Diagrams, page 1•1 of this Handbook.

This compilation is restricted to changes in crystal structure that occur as a result of a change in temperature or pressure. Low-temperature structures are included for the diatomic and rare gases, which show many similarities with respect to the metallic elements.

Note that there may be differences between values quoted below and similar values given in another table in this Handbook that has been reproduced from another source. For example, the allotropic transformation temperatures of Mn may differ by as much as 23 °C, etc.

Element	Temperature, °C	Pressure, GPa	Pearson symbol	Space group	Prototype	a	Lattice parameters, nm b	c	Comment, c/a, or α or β
Ac	25	atm	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	Cu	0.5311	...	...	...
Ag	25	atm	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	Cu	0.40857	...	...	...
αAl	25	atm	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	Cu	0.40496	...	...	...
βAl	25	>20.5	hP2	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>	Mg	0.2693	...	0.4398	1.6331
αAm	25	atm	hP4	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>	αLa	0.34681	...	1.1241	2 × 1.621
βAm	>769	atm	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	Cu	0.4894	...	...	...
γAm	>1077	atm	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	W	?	...	...	...
δAm	25	>15	oC4	<i>Cmcm</i>	αU	0.3063	0.5968	0.5169	...
αAr	<-189.2	atm	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	Cu	0.53109	...	...	...
As	25	atm	hR2	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	αAs	0.41319	...	...	α = 54.12°
Au	25	atm	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	Cu	0.40782	...	...	...
βB	25	atm	hR105	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	βB	1.017	...	...	α = 65.12°
αBa	25	atm	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	W	0.50227	...	...	...
βBa	25	>5.33	hP2	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>	Mg	0.3901	...	0.6154	1.5775
γBa	25	>23	?	?	...	...	...	...	...
αBe	25	atm	hP2	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>	Mg	0.22859	...	0.35845	1.5681
βBe	>1270	atm	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	W	0.25515	...	...	...
BeII	25	>28.3	hP*	...	...	0.4328	...	0.3416	0.7893
αBi	25	atm	hR2	<i>R</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	αAs	0.47460	...	...	α = 57.23°
βBi	25	>2.6	mC4	<i>C2</i> / <i>m</i>	βBi	0.6674	0.6117	0.3304	β = 110.33°
γBi	25	>3.0	mP4	<i>P2</i> $\bar{1}$ / <i>m</i>	...	0.665	0.420	0.465	β = 85.33°
δBi	25	>4.3	?	?	...	...	...	...	...
ζBi	25	>9.0	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	W	0.3800	...	...	...
αBk	25	atm	hP4	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>	αLa	0.3416	...	1.1069	2 × 1.620
βBk	>977	atm	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	Cu	0.4997	...	...	...
Br	<-7.25	atm	oC8	<i>Cmca</i>	I ₂	0.668	0.449	0.874	...
C(graphite)	25	atm	hP4	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>	C(graphite)	0.24612	...	0.6709	2.7258
C(diamond)	25	>60	cF8	<i>Fd</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	C(diamond)	0.35669	...	...	...
αCa	25	atm	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	Cu	0.55884	...	...	...
βCa	>443	atm	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	W	0.4480	...	...	...
γCa	25	>1.5	?	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cd	25	atm	hP2	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>	Mg	0.29793	...	0.56196	1.8862
αCe	<-177	atm	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	Cu	0.485	...	...	...
βCe	25	atm	hP4	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>	αLa	0.36810	...	1.1857	2 × 1.611
γCe	>61	atm	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	Cu	0.51610	...	...	...
δCe	>726	atm	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	W	0.412	...	...	...
α'Ce	25	>5.4	oC4	<i>Cmcm</i>	αU	0.3049	0.5998	0.5215	...
αCf	25	atm	hP4	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>	αLa	0.339	...	1.1015	2 × 1.625
βCf	>590	atm	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	Cu	?	...	...	...
Cl	<-100.97	atm	oC8	<i>Cmca</i>	I ₂	0.624	0.448	0.826	...
αCm	25	atm	hP4	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>	αLa	0.3496	...	1.1331	2 × 1.621
βCm	>1277	atm	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	Cu	0.4382	...	...	...
eCo	25	atm	hP2	<i>P6</i> $\bar{3}$ / <i>mmc</i>	Mg	0.25071	...	0.40686	1.6228
αCo	>422	atm	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	Cu	0.35447	...	...	...
αCr	25	atm	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	W	0.28848	...	...	...
α'Cr	25	HP	tI2	<i>I4</i> / <i>mnm</i>	α'Cr	0.2882	...	0.2887	1.002
αCs	25	atm	cI2	<i>Im</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	W	0.6141	...	...	...
βCs	25	>2.37	cF4	<i>Fm</i> $\bar{3}$ <i>m</i>	Cu	0.6465	...	...	...

(continued)

Element	Temperature, °C	Pressure, GPa	Pearson symbol	Space group	Proto- type	a	Lattice parameters, nm b	c	Comment, c/a, or α or β
β'Cs	25	>4.22	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}$ m	Cu	0.5800	...	...	...
γCs	25	>4.27	?	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cu	25	atm	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}$ m	Cu	0.36146	...	...	...
α'Dy	<-187	atm	oC4	Cmcm	α'Dy	0.3595	0.6184	0.5678	...
αDy	25	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}$ /mmc	Mg	0.35915	...	0.56501	1.5732
βDy	>1381	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}$ m	W	(0.398)	...	...	...
γDy	25	>7.5	hR3	R $\bar{3}$ m	CdCl ₂	0.3436	...	2.483	4.5 × 1.606
Er	25	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}$ /mmc	Mg	0.35592	...	0.55850	1.5692
αEs	25	atm	hP4	P6 $\bar{3}$ /mmc	αLa	?	...	...	...
βEs	?	atm	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}$ m	Cu	?	...	...	...
Eu	25	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}$ m	W	0.45827	...	...	...
αF	<-227.60	atm	mC8	C2/c	αF	0.550	0.338	0.728	β = 102.17°
βF	<-219.67	atm	cP16	Pm $\bar{3}$ n	γO	0.667	...	...	...
αFe	25	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}$ m	W	0.28665	...	...	...
γFe	>912	atm	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}$ m	Cu	0.36467	...	...	...
δFe	>1394	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}$ m	W	0.29315	...	...	...
εFe	25	>13	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}$ /mmc	Mg	0.2468	...	0.396	1.603
αGa	25	atm	oC8	Cmca	αGa	0.45186	0.76570	0.45258	...
βGa	25	>1.2	tI2	I4/mmm	In	0.2808	...	0.4458	1.588
γGa	-53	>3.0	oC40	Cmcm	γGa	1.0593	1.3523	0.5203	...
αGd	25	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}$ /mmc	Mg	0.36336	...	0.57810	1.5910
βGd	>1235	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}$ m	W	0.406	...	...	...
γGd	25	>3.0	hR3	R $\bar{3}$ m	αSm	0.361	...	2.603	4.5 × 1.60
αGe	25	atm	cF8	Fd $\bar{3}$ m	C(diamond)	0.56574	...	...	...
βGe	25	>12	tI4	I4 ₁ /amd	βSn	0.4884	...	0.2692	0.551
γGe	25	>12 → atm	tP12	P4 ₁ 2 ₁ 2	γGe	0.593	...	0.698	1.18
δGe	LT	>12	cI16	Im $\bar{3}$ m	γSi	0.692	...	...	...
αH	<-271.9	atm	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}$ m	Cu	0.5338	...	...	...
βH ₃	<-259.34	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}$ /mmc	Mg	0.3776	...	0.6162	1.632
He ₄	-269.67	0.163	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}$ /mmc	Mg	0.3501	...	0.5721	1.634
He	-269.2	0.129	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}$ /mmc	Mg	0.3470	...	0.5540	1.597
αHf	25	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}$ /mmc	Mg	0.31946	...	0.50510	1.5811
βHf	>1743	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}$ m	W	0.3610	...	...	...
αHg	<-38.836	atm	hR1	R $\bar{3}$ m	αHg	0.3005	...	...	α = 70.53°
βHg	<-194	HP	tI2	I4/mmm	βHg	0.3995	...	0.2825	0.707
αHo	25	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}$ /mmc	Mg	0.35778	...	0.56178	1.5702
βHo	25	>7.5	hR3	R $\bar{3}$ m	αSm	0.334	...	2.45	4.5 × 1.63
I	25	atm	oC8	Cmca	I ₂	0.72697	0.47903	0.97942	...
In	25	atm	tI2	I4/mmm	In	0.3253	...	0.49470	1.5210
Ir	25	atm	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}$ m	Cu	0.38392	...	...	...
K	25	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}$ m	W	0.5321	...	...	...
Kr	<-157.385	atm	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}$ m	Cu	0.5810	...	...	...
αLa	25	atm	hP4	P6 $\bar{3}$ /mmc	αLa	0.37740	...	1.2171	2 × 1.6125
βLa	>310	atm	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}$ m	Cu	0.5303	...	...	...
γLa	>865	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}$ m	W	0.426	...	...	...
β'La	25	>2.0	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}$ m	Cu	0.517	...	...	...
αLi	<-193	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}$ /mmc	Mg	0.3111	...	0.5093	1.637
βLi	25	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}$ m	W	0.35093	...	...	...
Lu	25	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}$ /mmc	Mg	0.35052	...	0.55494	1.5832
Mg	25	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}$ /mmc	Mg	0.32094	...	0.52107	1.6236
αMn	25	atm	cI58	I $\bar{4}$ 3m	αMn	0.89126	...	...	...
βMn	>727	atm	cP20	P4 ₁ 32	βMn	0.63152	...	...	...
γMn	>1100	atm	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}$ m	Cu	0.3860	...	...	...
δMn	>1138	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}$ m	W	0.3080	...	...	...
Mo	25	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}$ m	W	0.31470	...	...	...
αN	<-237.54	atm	cP8	Pa $\bar{3}$	αN	0.5661	...	...	...
βN	<-210.004	atm	hP4	P6 $\bar{3}$ /mmc	βN	0.4050	...	0.6604	1.631
γN	<-253	>3.3	tP4	P4 ₂ /mm	γN	0.3957	...	0.5109	1.291
αNa	<-233	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}$ /mmc	Mg	0.3767	...	0.6154	1.634
βNa	25	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}$ m	W	0.42906	...	...	...
Nb	25	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}$ m	W	0.33004	...	...	...
αNd	25	atm	hP4	P6 $\bar{3}$ /mmc	αLa	0.36582	...	1.17966	2 × 1.6124
βNd	>863	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}$ m	W	0.413	...	...	...
γNd	25	>5.0	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}$ m	Cu	0.480	...	...	...
Ne	<-248.587	atm	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}$ m	Cu	0.4462	...	...	...
Ni	25	atm	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}$ m	Cu	0.35240	...	...	...
αNp	25	atm	oP8	Pnma	αNp	0.6663	0.4723	0.4887	...
βNp	>280	atm	tP4	P4 ₂ 12	βNp	0.4883	...	0.3389	0.694
γNp	>576	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}$ m	W	0.352	...	...	...
αO	<-249.283	atm	mC4	C2m	αO	0.5403	0.3429	0.5086	β = 132.53°
βO	<-229.349	atm	hR2	R $\bar{3}$ m	βO	0.4210	...	...	α = 46.27°
γO	<-218.789	atm	cP16	Pm $\bar{3}$ n	γO	0.683	...	...	...
Os	25	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}$ /mmc	Mg	0.27341	...	0.43198	1.5800
αP(white)	25	atm	c**	...	P(white)	0.718	...	...	...
P(black)	25	atm	oC8	Cmca	P(black)	0.33136	1.0478	0.43763	...
αPa	25	atm	tI2	I4/mmm	αPa	0.3921	...	0.3235	0.825
βPa	>1170	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}$ m	W	0.381	...	...	...
αPb	25	atm	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}$ m	Cu	0.49502	...	...	...
βPb	25	>10.3	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}$ /mmc	Mg	0.3265	...	0.5387	1.650
Pd	25	atm	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}$ m	Cu	0.38903	...	...	...
αPm	25	atm	hP4	P6 $\bar{3}$ /mmc	αLa	0.365	...	1.165	2 × 1.60

(continued)

Element	Temperature, °C	Pressure, GPa	Pearson symbol	Space group	Proto- type	a	Lattice parameters, nm b	c	Comment, c/a, or α or β
βPm	>890	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}m$	W	?	...	...	...
αPo	25	atm	cP1	Pm $\bar{3}m$	αPo	0.3366	...	...	...
βPo	>54	atm	hR1	R $\bar{3}m$	βPo	0.3373	...	...	α = 98.08°
αPr	25	atm	hP4	P6 $\bar{3}/mmc$	αLa	0.36721	...	1.18326	2 × 1.6111
βPr	>795	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}m$	W	0.413	...	...	...
γPr	25	>4.0	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}m$	Cu	0.488	...	...	...
Pt	25	atm	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}m$	Cu	0.39236	...	...	...
αPu	25	atm	mP16	P2 $\bar{1}/m$	αPu	0.6183	0.4822	1.0963	β = 101.97°
βPu	>125	atm	mC34	C2/m	βPu	0.9284	1.0463	0.7859	β = 92.13°
γPu	>215	atm	oF8	Fddd	γPu	0.31587	0.57682	1.0162	...
δPu	>320	atm	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}m$	Cu	0.46371	...	...	...
δ'Pu	>463	atm	tI2	I4/mmm	In	0.33261	...	0.44630	1.3418
εPu	>483	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}m$	W	0.36343	...	...	...
Ra	25	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}m$	W	0.5148	...	...	...
αRb	25	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}m$	W	0.5705	...	...	...
βRb	25	>1.08	?	...	...	...	...	...	...
γRb	25	>2.05	?	...	...	...	...	...	...
Re	25	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}/mmc$	Mg	0.27609	...	0.4458	1.6145
Rh	25	atm	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}m$	Cu	0.38032	...	...	...
Ru	25	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}/mmc$	Mg	0.27058	...	0.42816	1.5824
αS	25	atm	oF128	Fddd	αS	1.0464	1.28660	2.44860	...
βS	>95.5	atm	mP64	P2 $\bar{1}/c$	βS	1.102	1.096	1.090	β = 96.7°
αSb	25	atm	hR2	R $\bar{3}m$	αAs	0.45067	...	...	α = 57.11°
βSb	25	>5.0	cP1	Pm $\bar{3}m$	αPo	0.2992	...	...	...
γSb	25	>7.5	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}/mmc$	Mg	0.3376	...	0.5341	1.582
δSb	25	>14.0	mP3	?	...	0.556	0.404	0.422	β = 86.0°
αSc	25	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}/mmc$	Mg	0.33088	...	0.52680	1.5921
βSc	>1337	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}m$	W	0.373	...	...	...
γSe	25	atm	hP3	P3 $\bar{1}21$	γSe	0.43659	...	0.49537	1.1346
αSi	25	atm	cF8	Fd $\bar{3}m$	C(diamond)	0.54306	...	...	...
βSi	25	>9.5	tI4	I4 $\bar{1}/amd$	βSn	0.4686	...	0.2585	0.552
γSi	25	>16.0	cI16	Im $\bar{3}m$	γSi	0.6636	...	...	...
δSi	25	>16 → atm	hP4	P6 $\bar{3}/mmc$	αLa	0.380	...	0.628	1.653
αSm	25	atm	hR3	R $\bar{3}m$	αSm	0.36290	...	2.6207	4.5 × 1.6048
βSm	>734	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}/mmc$	Mg	0.36630	...	0.58448	1.5956
γSm	>922	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}m$	W	?	...	...	...
δSm	25	>4.0	hP4	P6 $\bar{3}/mmc$	αLa	0.3618	...	1.166	2 × 1.611
αSn	<13	atm	cF8	Fd $\bar{3}m$	C(diamond)	0.64892	...	...	...
βSn	25	atm	tI4	I4 $\bar{1}/amd$	βSn	0.58318	...	0.31818	0.5456
γSn	25	>9.0	tI2	?	γSn	0.370	...	0.337	0.91
αSr	25	atm	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}m$	Cu	0.6084	...	...	...
βSr	>547	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}m$	W	0.487	...	...	...
γSr	25	>3.5	cI2	Im $\bar{3}m$	W	0.4437	...	...	...
Ta	25	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}m$	W	0.33030	...	...	...
αTb	<-53	atm	oC4	Cmcm	αDy	0.3605	0.6244	0.5706	...
α'Tb	25	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}/mmc$	Mg	0.36055	...	0.56966	1.5800
βTb	>1289	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}m$	W	(0.402)	...	...	...
γTb	25	>6.0	hR3	R $\bar{3}m$	αSm	0.341	...	2.45	4.5 × 1.60
Tc	25	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}/mmc$	Mg	0.2738	...	0.4393	1.604
αTe	25	atm	hP3	P3 $\bar{1}21$	γSe	0.44566	...	0.59264	1.3298
βTe	25	>2.0	hR2	R $\bar{3}m$	αAs	0.469	...	...	α = 53.30°
γTe	25	>7.0	hR1	R $\bar{3}m$	βPo	0.3002	...	...	α = 103.3°
αTh	25	atm	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}m$	Cu	0.50842	...	...	...
βTh	>1360	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}m$	W	0.411	...	...	...
αTi	25	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}/mmc$	Mg	0.29506	...	0.46835	1.5873
βTi	>882	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}m$	W	0.33065	...	...	...
ωTi	25	HP → atm	hP3	P6/mmm	ωTi	0.4625	...	0.2813	0.6082
αTi	25	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}/mmc$	Mg	0.34566	...	0.55248	1.5983
βTi	>230	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}m$	W	0.3879	...	...	...
γTi	25	HP	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}m$	Cu	?	...	...	...
Tm	25	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}/mmc$	Mg	0.35375	...	0.55540	1.5700
αU	25	atm	oC4	Cmcm	αU	0.28537	0.58695	0.49548	...
βU	>668	atm	tP30	P4 $\bar{2}/mnm$	βU	1.0759	...	0.5656	0.526
γU	>776	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}m$	W	0.3524	...	...	...
V	25	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}m$	W	0.30240	...	...	...
W	25	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}m$	W	0.31652	...	...	...
Xe	<-111.758	atm	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}m$	Cu	0.6350	...	...	...
αY	25	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}/mmc$	Mg	0.36482	...	0.57318	1.5711
βY	>1478	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}m$	W	(0.407)	...	...	...
αYb	<-3	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}/mmc$	Mg	0.38799	...	0.63859	1.6459
βYb	25	atm	cF4	Fm $\bar{3}m$	Cu	0.54848	...	...	...
γYb	>795	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}m$	W	0.444	...	...	...
Zn	25	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}/mmc$	Mg	0.26650	...	0.49470	1.8563
αZr	25	atm	hP2	P6 $\bar{3}/mmc$	Mg	0.32316	...	0.51475	1.5929
βZr	>863	atm	cI2	Im $\bar{3}m$	W	0.36090	...	...	...
ωZr	25	HP → atm	hP2	P6/mmm	ωTi	0.5036	...	0.3109	0.617

Note: Values in parentheses are estimated.

Crystal Structure Nomenclature

The various designation systems for describing crystal structure are discussed in the Introduction to Alloy Phase Diagrams, page 1•1 of this Handbook.

Arranged Alphabetically by Pearson-Symbol Designation

Pearson symbol	Prototype	Strukturbericht designation	Space group	Pearson symbol	Prototype	Strukturbericht designation	Space group
cF4.....	Cu	A1	$Fm\bar{3}m$	hP2(continued)	WC	B_h	$P\bar{6}m2$
cF8.....	C(diamond)	A4	$Fd\bar{3}m$	hP3	AlB ₂	C32	$P6/mmm$
	NaCl	B1	$Fm\bar{3}m$		CdI ₂	C6	$P\bar{3}m1$
	ZnS(sphalerite)	B3	$F\bar{4}3m$		Fe ₂ N	$L'\bar{3}$	$P6_3/mmc$
cF12.....	CaF ₂	C1	$Fm\bar{3}m$		LiZn ₂	C_k	$P6_3/mmc$
	MgAgAs	C1 _b	$F\bar{4}3m$		γSe	A8	$P3_121$
cF16.....	AlCu ₂ Mn	L2 ₁	$Fm\bar{3}m$	hP4	αLa	A3'	$P6_3/mmc$
	BiF ₃	D0 ₃	$Fm\bar{3}m$		BN	B _k	$P6_3/mmc$
	NaTl	B32	$Fd\bar{3}m$		C(graphite)	A9	$P6_3/mmc$
cF24.....	AuBe ₅	C15 _b	$F\bar{4}3m$		NiAs	B8 ₁	$P6_3/mmc$
	SiO ₂ (β cristobalite)	C9	$Fd\bar{3}m$		ZnS(wurtzite)	B4	$P6_3mc$
	Cu ₂ Mg	C15	$Fd\bar{3}m$	hP5	La ₂ O ₃	D5 ₂	$P\bar{3}m1$
cF32.....	CuPt ₃	L1 _a	$Fm\bar{3}c$		Ni ₂ Al ₃	D5 ₁₃	$P\bar{3}m1$
cF52.....	UB ₁₂	D2 _f	$Fm\bar{3}m$	hP6	CaCu ₅	D2 _d	$P6/mmm$
cF56.....	Al ₂ MgO ₄	H1 ₁	$Fd\bar{3}m$		CoSn	B35	$P6/mmm$
	Co ₃ S ₄	D7 ₂	$Fd\bar{3}m$		Cu ₂ Te	C_h	$P6/mmm$
cF68.....	Co ₉ S ₈	D8 ₉	$Fm\bar{3}m$		HgS	B9	$P3_121$
cF80.....	Sb ₂ O ₃ (senarmontite)	D5 ₄	$Fd\bar{3}m$		MoS ₂	C7	$P6_3/mmc$
cF112.....	Fe ₃ W ₃ C	E9 ₃	$Fd\bar{3}m$		Ni ₂ In	B8 ₂	$P6_3/mmc$
	NaZn ₁₃	D2 ₃	$Fm\bar{3}c$	hP8	Na ₃ As	D0 ₁₈	$P6_3/mmc$
cF116.....	Cr ₂₃ C ₆	D8 ₄	$Fm\bar{3}m$		Ni ₃ Sn	D0 ₁₉	$P6_3/mmc$
	Mn ₂₃ Th ₆	D8 _a	$Fm\bar{3}m$		TiAs	B _i	$P6_3/mmc$
cI2.....	W	A2	$Im\bar{3}m$	hP9	CrSi ₂	C40	$P6_222$
cI16.....	CoU	B _a	$I2_13$		Fe ₂ P	C22	$P\bar{6}2m$
cI28.....	Th ₃ P ₄	D7 ₃	$I\bar{4}3d$		ζAgZn	B _b	$P\bar{3}$
cI32.....	CoAs ₃	D0 ₂	$Im\bar{3}$		SiO ₂ (high quartz)	C8	$P6_222$
cI40.....	Ge ₇ Ir ₃	D8 _f	$Im\bar{3}m$	hP10	Pt ₂ Sn ₃	D5 _b	$P6_3/mmc$
	Pu ₂ C ₃	D5 _c	$I\bar{4}3d$	hP12	CuS	B18	$P6_3/mmc$
cI52.....	Cu ₅ Zn ₈	D8 ₂	$I\bar{4}3m$		MgZn ₂	C14	$P6_3/mmc$
	Fe ₃ Zn ₁₀	D8 ₁	$Im\bar{3}m$		SiO ₂ (βtridymite)	C10	$P6_3/mmc$
cI54.....	Sb ₂ Tl ₇	L2 ₂	$Im\bar{3}m$	hP14	W ₂ B ₅	D8 _h	$P6_3/mmc$
cI58.....	αMn	A12	$I\bar{4}3m$	hP16	Mn ₅ Si ₃	D8 ₈	$P6_3/mcm$
cI76.....	Cu ₁₅ Si ₄	D8 ₆	$I\bar{4}3d$		Ni ₃ Ti	D0 ₂₄	$P6_3/mmc$
cI80.....	Mn ₂ O ₃	D5 ₃	$Ia\bar{3}$	hP18	Al ₄ C ₄ Si	E9 ₄	$P6_3mc$
cI96.....	AlLi ₃ N ₂	E9 _d	$Ia\bar{3}$		Al ₈ FeMg ₃ Si ₆	E9 _b	$P\bar{6}2m$
cI162.....	Mg ₃ 2(Al,Zn) ₄₉	D8 _e	$Im\bar{3}$		Mg ₂ Ni	C _a	$P6_222$
cP1.....	αPo	A _h	$Pm\bar{3}m$	hP20	Fe ₃ Th ₇	D10 ₂	$P6_3mc$
cP2.....	CsCl	B2	$Pm\bar{3}m$		Th ₇ Si ₁₂	D8 _k	$P6_3/m$
cP4.....	AuCu ₃	L1 ₂	$Pm\bar{3}m$	hP24	Cu ₃ P	D0 ₂₁	$P6_3cm$
	ReO ₃	D0 ₉	$Pm\bar{3}m$		MgNi ₂	C36	$P6_3/mmc$
cP5.....	AlFe ₃ C	L'1 ₂	$Pm\bar{3}m$	hP28	Co ₂ Al ₅	D8 ₁₁	$P6_3/mmc$
	CaTiO ₃	E2 ₁	$Pm\bar{3}m$	hR1	αHg	A10	$R\bar{3}m$
	Fe ₄ N	L'1	$P\bar{4}3m$		βPo	A _i	$R\bar{3}m$
cP6.....	Ag ₂ O	C3	$Pn\bar{3}m$	hR2	αAs	A7	$R\bar{3}m$
cP7.....	CaB ₆	D2 ₁	$Pm\bar{3}m$	hR3	αSm	C19	$R\bar{3}m$
cP8.....	Cr ₃ Si	A15	$Pm\bar{3}n$	hR4	NaCrS ₂	F5 ₁	$R\bar{3}m$
	FeSi	B20	P2 ₁₃	hR5	Bi ₂ Te ₃	C33	$R\bar{3}m$
	Cu ₃ VS ₄	H2 ₄	$P\bar{4}3m$		Ni ₃ S ₂	D5 _e	$R\bar{3}2$
cP12.....	FeS ₂ (pyrite)	C2	$Pa\bar{3}$	hR6	CaSi ₂	C12	$R\bar{3}m$
	NiSbS	F0 ₁	P2 ₁₃		NiS	B13	$R\bar{3}m$
cP20.....	βMn	A13	$P4_132$	hR7	Al ₄ C ₃	D7 ₁	$R\bar{3}m$
cP36.....	BaHg ₁₁	D2 _e	$Pm\bar{3}m$		Mo ₂ B ₅	D8 _i	$R\bar{3}m$
cP39.....	Mg ₂ Zn ₁₁	D8 _c	$Pm\bar{3}$	hR10	αAl ₂ O ₃	D5 ₁	$R\bar{3}c$
cP52.....	Cu ₉ Al ₄	D8 ₃	$P\bar{4}3m$	hR13	Fe ₇ W ₆	D8 ₅	$R\bar{3}m$
hP1	HgSn ₆₋₁₀	A _f	$P6/mmm$				
hP2	Mg	A3	$P6_3/mmc$				

(continued)

4•14/Appendix

Arranged Alphabetically by Pearson-Symbol Designation (continued)

Pearson symbol	Prototype	Strukturbericht designation	Space group	Pearson symbol	Prototype	Strukturbericht designation	Space group
<i>hR15</i>	B ₄ C	<i>D1_g</i>	<i>R3m</i>	<i>oP16</i> (continued)	CuS ₂ Sb	<i>F5₆</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
<i>hR26</i>	Cr ₅ Al ₈	<i>D8₁₀</i>	<i>R3m</i>		Fe ₃ C	<i>D0₁₁</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
<i>hR32</i>	CuPt	<i>L1₁</i>	<i>R3m</i>	<i>oP20</i>	Cr ₃ C ₂	<i>D5₁₀</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
<i>mC6</i>	AuTe ₂ (calaverite)	<i>C34</i>	<i>C2/m</i>		Sb ₂ S ₃	<i>D5₈</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
<i>mC8</i>	CuO	<i>B26</i>	<i>C2/c</i>	<i>oP24</i>	AuTe ₂ (krennerite)	<i>C46</i>	<i>Pma2</i>
<i>mC12</i>	ThC ₂	<i>C_g</i>	<i>C2/c</i>		CuFe ₂ S ₃	<i>E9_e</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
<i>mC14</i>	δNi ₃ Sn ₄	<i>D7_a</i>	<i>C2/m</i>		TiO ₂ (brookite)	<i>C21</i>	<i>Pbca</i>
<i>mC16</i>	FeKS ₂	<i>F5_a</i>	<i>C2/c</i>	<i>oP20</i>	Sb ₂ O ₃ (valentinite)	<i>D5₁₁</i>	<i>Pccn</i>
<i>mP12</i>	AgAuTe ₄	<i>E1_b</i>	<i>P2/c</i>	<i>oP40</i>	Cr ₇ C ₃	<i>D10₁</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
	ZrO ₂	<i>C43</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>	<i>tI2</i>	αPa	<i>A_a</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
<i>mP20</i>	As ₂ S ₃	<i>D5_f</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>		In	<i>A₆</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
<i>mP22</i>	Co ₂ Al ₉	<i>D8_d</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>	<i>tI4</i>	βSn	<i>A₅</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
<i>mP24</i>	FeAsS	<i>E0₇</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>	<i>tI6</i>	CaC ₂	<i>C11_a</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
<i>mP32</i>	AsS	<i>B1</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>		FeCu ₂ SnS ₄	<i>H2₆</i>	<i>I4₂m</i>
	βSe	<i>A1</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>		MoSi ₂	<i>C11_b</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
<i>mP64</i>	αSe	<i>A_k</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>		ThH ₂	<i>L'2_b</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
<i>oC4</i>	αU	<i>A20</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>	<i>tI8</i>	Al ₃ Ti	<i>D0₂₂</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
<i>oC8</i>	CaSi	<i>B_c</i>	<i>Cmnc</i>	<i>tI10</i>	Al ₄ Ba	<i>D1₃</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
	αGa	<i>A11</i>	<i>Cmca</i>		MoNi ₄	<i>D1_a</i>	<i>I4/m</i>
	CrB	<i>B_f</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>	<i>tI12</i>	Al ₂ Cu	<i>C16</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
	I ₂	<i>A14</i>	<i>Cmca</i>		ThSi ₂	<i>C_c</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
	P(black)	<i>A17</i>	<i>Cmca</i>	<i>tI14</i>	Al ₂ CdS ₄	<i>E3</i>	<i>I4</i>
<i>oC12</i>	ZrSi ₂	<i>C49</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>	<i>tI16</i>	Al ₃ Zr	<i>D0₂₃</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
<i>oC16</i>	BR ₃	<i>E1_a</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>		CuFeS ₂	<i>E1₁</i>	<i>I4₂d</i>
<i>oC20</i>	PdSn ₄	<i>D1_c</i>	<i>Aba2</i>		Ir ₃ Si	<i>D0_c</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
<i>oC24</i>	PdSn ₂	<i>C_e</i>	<i>Aba2</i>		MoB	<i>B_g</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>
<i>oC28</i>	Al ₆ Mn	<i>D2_h</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>		SiU ₃	<i>D0_c</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
<i>oF24</i>	TiSi ₂	<i>C54</i>	<i>Fddd</i>		TlSe	<i>B37</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
<i>oF40</i>	Mn ₄ B	<i>D1_f</i>	<i>Fddd</i>	<i>tI18</i>	Fe ₈ N	<i>D2_g</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
<i>oF48</i>	CuMg ₂	<i>C_b</i>	<i>Fddd</i>	<i>tI26</i>	Mn ₁₂ Th	<i>D2_b</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>
<i>oF72</i>	GeS ₂	<i>C44</i>	<i>Fdd2</i>	<i>tI28</i>	MnU ₆	<i>D2_c</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
<i>oF128</i>	αS	<i>A16</i>	<i>Fddd</i>	<i>tI32</i>	Cr ₅ B ₃	<i>D8_l</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
<i>oI12</i>	SiS ₂	<i>C42</i>	<i>Ibam</i>		Ni ₃ P	<i>D0_e</i>	<i>I4</i>
<i>oI14</i>	Ta ₃ B ₄	<i>D7_b</i>	<i>Immn</i>		W ₅ Si ₃	<i>D8_m</i>	<i>I4/mcm</i>
<i>oI20</i>	Al ₄ U	<i>D1_b</i>	<i>Imma</i>	<i>tP2</i>	AuCu	<i>L1₀</i>	<i>P4/mnm</i>
<i>oI28</i>	Ga ₂ Mg ₅	<i>D8_g</i>	<i>Ibam</i>		δCuTi	<i>L2_a</i>	<i>P4/mnm</i>
<i>oP4</i>	AuCd	<i>B19</i>	<i>Pmma</i>	<i>tP4</i>	βNp	<i>A_d</i>	<i>P4₂12</i>
<i>oP6</i>	FeS ₂ (marcasite)	<i>C18</i>	<i>Pnnm</i>		CuTi ₃	<i>L6₀</i>	<i>P4/mnm</i>
	CaCl ₂	<i>C35</i>	<i>Pnnm</i>		γCuTi	<i>B11</i>	<i>P4/nmm</i>
<i>oP8</i>	αNp	<i>A_c</i>	<i>Pnma</i>		PbO	<i>B10</i>	<i>P4/nmm</i>
	ηNiSi	<i>B_d</i>	<i>Pbnm</i>		PtS	<i>B17</i>	<i>P4₂/mmc</i>
	βCu ₃ Ti	<i>D0_a</i>	<i>Pmmn</i>	<i>tP6</i>	Cu ₂ Sb	<i>C38</i>	<i>P4/nmm</i>
	FeB	<i>B27</i>	<i>Pnma</i>		PbFCl	<i>E0₁</i>	<i>P4/nmm</i>
	GeS	<i>B16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>		TiO ₂ (rutile)	<i>C4</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>
	SnS	<i>B29</i>	<i>Pmcn</i>	<i>tP10</i>	Pb ₄ Pt	<i>D1_d</i>	<i>P4/nbm</i>
	MnP	<i>B31</i>	<i>Pnma</i>		Si ₂ U ₃	<i>D5_a</i>	<i>P4/mbm</i>
<i>oP12</i>	TiB	<i>B_m</i>	<i>Pnma</i>	<i>tP16</i>	PdS	<i>B34</i>	<i>P4₂/m</i>
	Co ₂ Si	<i>C23</i>	<i>Pnma</i>	<i>tP20</i>	B ₄ Th	<i>D1_e</i>	<i>P4/mbm</i>
	Co ₂ Si	<i>C37</i>	<i>Pbnm</i>	<i>tP30</i>	βU	<i>A_b</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>
	HgCl ₂	<i>C28</i>	<i>Pmnb</i>		σCrFe	<i>D8_b</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>
<i>oP16</i>	Al ₃ Ni	<i>D0₂₀</i>	<i>Pnma</i>	<i>tP40</i>	Al ₇ Cu ₂ Fe	<i>E9_a</i>	<i>P4/mnc</i>
	AsMn ₃	<i>D0_d</i>	<i>Pmmn</i>		Zn ₃ P ₂	<i>D5₉</i>	<i>P4₂/nmc</i>
	BaS ₃	<i>D0₁₇</i>	<i>P4₂/m</i>	<i>tP50</i>	γB	<i>A_g</i>	<i>P4₂/nmm</i>
	CdSb	<i>B_e</i>	<i>Pbca</i>				

Arranged Alphabetically by Strukturbericht Designation

Strukturbericht designation	Prototype	Pearson symbol	Space group	Strukturbericht designation	Prototype	Pearson symbol	Space group
<i>A_a</i>	αPa	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4/mmm</i>	<i>A_k</i>	αSe	<i>mP64</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
<i>A_b</i>	βU	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/mnm</i>	<i>A_l</i>	βSe	<i>mP32</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
<i>A_c</i>	αNp	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>	<i>A1</i>	Cu	<i>cF4</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
<i>A_d</i>	βNp	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4₂12</i>	<i>A2</i>	W	<i>cI2</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
<i>A_f</i>	HgSn ₆₋₁₀	<i>hP1</i>	<i>P6/mmm</i>	<i>A3</i>	Mg	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
<i>A_g</i>	γB	<i>tP50</i>	<i>P4₂/nmm</i>	<i>A3'</i>	αLa	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
<i>A_h</i>	αPo	<i>cP1</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>	<i>A4</i>	C(diamond)	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
<i>A_i</i>	βPo	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R3m</i>				

(continued)

Arranged Alphabetically by Strukturbericht Designation (continued)

Struktur- bericht designation	Prototype	Pearson symbol	Space group	Struktur- bericht designation	Prototype	Pearson symbol	Space group
A5	βSn	<i>tI4</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>	C36	MgNi ₂	<i>hP24</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
A6	In	<i>tI2</i>	<i>I4₁/mmm</i>	C37	Co ₂ Si	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pbnm</i>
A7	αAs	<i>hR2</i>	<i>R3m</i>	C38	Cu ₂ Sb	<i>tP6</i>	<i>P4₁/nm</i>
A8	γSe	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>	C40	CrSi ₂	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P6₂22</i>
A9	C(graphite)	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>	C42	SiS ₂	<i>oI12</i>	<i>Ibam</i>
A10	αHg	<i>hR1</i>	<i>R3m</i>	C43	ZrO ₂	<i>mP12</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
A11	αGa	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>	C44	GeS ₂	<i>oF72</i>	<i>Fdd2</i>
A12	αMn	<i>cI58</i>	<i>I43m</i>	C46	AuTe ₂ (krennerite)	<i>oP24</i>	<i>Pma2</i>
A13	βMn	<i>cP20</i>	<i>P4₁32</i>	C49	ZrSi ₂	<i>oC12</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
A14	I ₂	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>	C54	TiSi ₂	<i>oF24</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
A15	Cr ₃ Si	<i>cP8</i>	<i>Pm3n</i>	D0 _a	βCu ₃ Ti	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pmmn</i>
A16	αS	<i>oF128</i>	<i>Fddd</i>	D0 _c	SiU ₃	<i>tI16</i>	<i>I4₁/mcm</i>
A17	P(black)	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmca</i>	D0 _c	Ir ₃ Si	<i>tI16</i>	<i>I4₁/mcm</i>
A20	αU	<i>oC4</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>	D0 _d	AsMn ₃	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pmmn</i>
B _a	CoU	<i>cI16</i>	<i>I2₁3</i>	D0 _e	Ni ₃ P	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4</i>
B _b	ζAgZn	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P3</i>	D0 ₂	CoAs ₃	<i>cI32</i>	<i>Im3</i>
B _c	CaSi	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>	D0 ₃	BiF ₃	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
B _d	ηNiSi	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pbnm</i>	D0 ₉	ReO ₃	<i>cP4</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
B _e	CdSb	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pbca</i>	D0 ₁₁	Fe ₃ C	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
B _f	CrB	<i>oC8</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>	D0 ₁₇	BaS ₃	<i>oP16</i>	<i>P4₂1m</i>
B _g	MoB	<i>tI16</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>	D0 ₁₈	Na ₃ As	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
B _h	WC	<i>hP2</i>	<i>P6m2</i>	D0 ₁₉	Ni ₃ Sn	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
B _i	TiAs	<i>hP8</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>	D0 ₂₀	Al ₃ Ni	<i>oP16</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
B _k	BN	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>	D0 ₂₁	Cu ₃ P	<i>hP24</i>	<i>P6₃cm</i>
B _j	AsS	<i>mP32</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>	D0 ₂₂	Al ₃ Ti	<i>tI8</i>	<i>I4₁/mmm</i>
B _m	TiB	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>	D0 ₂₃	Al ₃ Zr	<i>tI16</i>	<i>I4₁/mmm</i>
B ₁	NaCl	<i>cF8</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>	D0 ₂₄	Ni ₃ Ti	<i>hP16</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
B ₂	CsCl	<i>cP2</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>	D1 _a	MoNi ₄	<i>tI10</i>	<i>I4/m</i>
B ₃	ZnS(sphalerite)	<i>cF8</i>	<i>F43m</i>	D1 _b	Al ₄ U	<i>oI20</i>	<i>Imma</i>
B ₄	ZnS(wurtzite)	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃mc</i>	D1 _c	PdSn ₄	<i>oC20</i>	<i>Aba2</i>
B ₈₁	NiAs	<i>hP4</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>	D1 _d	Pb ₄ Pt	<i>tP10</i>	<i>P4₁/nbm</i>
B ₈₂	Ni ₂ In	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>	D1 _e	B ₄ Th	<i>tP20</i>	<i>P4₁/mbm</i>
B ₉	HgS	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P3₁21</i>	D1 _f	Mn ₄ B	<i>oF40</i>	<i>Fddd</i>
B ₁₀	PbO	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4₁/nm</i>	D1 _g	B ₄ C	<i>hR15</i>	<i>R3m</i>
B ₁₁	γCuTi	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4₁/nm</i>	D1 ₃	Al ₄ Ba	<i>tI10</i>	<i>I4₁/mmm</i>
B ₁₃	NiS	<i>hR6</i>	<i>R3m</i>	D2 _b	Mn ₁₂ Th	<i>tI26</i>	<i>I4₁/mmm</i>
B ₁₆	GeS	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>	D2 _c	MnU ₆	<i>tI28</i>	<i>I4₁/mcm</i>
B ₁₇	PtS	<i>tP4</i>	<i>P4₂/mmc</i>	D2 _d	CaCu ₅	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/nm</i>
B ₁₈	CuS	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>	D2 _e	BaHg ₁₁	<i>cP36</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
B ₁₉	AuCd	<i>oP4</i>	<i>Pnma</i>	D2 _f	UB ₁₂	<i>cF52</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
B ₂₀	FeSi	<i>cP8</i>	<i>P2₁3</i>	D2 _g	FegN	<i>tI18</i>	<i>I4₁/mmm</i>
B ₂₆	CuO	<i>mC8</i>	<i>C2/c</i>	D2 _h	Al ₆ Mn	<i>oC28</i>	<i>Cmcm</i>
B ₂₇	FeB	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>	D2 _i	CaB ₆	<i>cP7</i>	<i>Pm3m</i>
B ₂₉	SnS	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pmcm</i>	D2 _j	NaZn ₁₃	<i>cF112</i>	<i>Fm3c</i>
B ₃₁	MnP	<i>oP8</i>	<i>Pnma</i>	D5 _a	Si ₂ U ₃	<i>tP10</i>	<i>P4₁/mbm</i>
B ₃₂	NaTi	<i>cF16</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>	D5 _b	Pt ₂ Sn ₃	<i>hP10</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>
B ₃₄	PdS	<i>tP16</i>	<i>P4₂/m</i>	D5 _c	Pu ₂ C ₃	<i>cI40</i>	<i>I43d</i>
B ₃₅	CoSn	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/nm</i>	D5 _e	Ni ₃ S ₂	<i>hR5</i>	<i>R32</i>
B ₃₇	TiSe	<i>tI16</i>	<i>I4₁/mcm</i>	D5 _f	As ₂ S ₃	<i>mP20</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
C _a	Mg ₂ Ni	<i>hP18</i>	<i>P6₂22</i>	D5 _i	αAl ₂ O ₃	<i>hR10</i>	<i>R3c</i>
C _b	CuMg ₂	<i>oF48</i>	<i>Fddd</i>	D5 _j	La ₂ O ₃	<i>hP5</i>	<i>P3m1</i>
C _c	ThSi ₂	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4₁/amd</i>	D5 _k	Mn ₂ O ₃	<i>cI80</i>	<i>Ia3</i>
C _e	PdSn ₂	<i>oC24</i>	<i>Aba2</i>	D5 _l	Sb ₂ O ₃ (senarmonite)	<i>cF80</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
C _g	ThC ₂	<i>mC12</i>	<i>C2/c</i>	D5 _m	Sb ₂ S ₃	<i>oP20</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
C _h	Cu ₂ Te	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/nm</i>	D5 _n	Zn ₃ P ₂	<i>tP40</i>	<i>P4₂/nm</i>
C _k	LiZn ₂	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>	D5 _o	Cr ₃ C ₂	<i>oP20</i>	<i>Pnma</i>
C ₁	CaF ₂	<i>cF12</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>	D5 ₁₁	Sb ₂ O ₃ (valentinite)	<i>oP20</i>	<i>Pccn</i>
C _{1b}	MgAgAs	<i>cF12</i>	<i>F43m</i>	D5 ₁₃	Ni ₂ Al ₃	<i>hP5</i>	<i>P3m1</i>
C ₂	FeS ₂ (pyrite)	<i>cP12</i>	<i>Pa3</i>	D7 _a	δNi ₃ Sn ₄	<i>mC14</i>	<i>C2/m</i>
C ₃	Ag ₂ O	<i>cP6</i>	<i>Pn3m</i>	D7 _b	Ta ₃ B ₄	<i>oI14</i>	<i>Immm</i>
C ₄	TiO ₂ (rutile)	<i>tP6</i>	<i>P4₂/nm</i>	D7 _i	Al ₄ C ₃	<i>hR7</i>	<i>R3m</i>
C ₆	CdI ₂	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P3m1</i>	D7 _j	Co ₃ S ₄	<i>cF56</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>
C ₇	MoS ₂	<i>hP6</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>	D7 _k	Th ₃ P ₄	<i>cI28</i>	<i>I43d</i>
C ₈	SiO ₂ (high quartz)	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P6₂22</i>	D8 _a	Mn ₂₃ Th ₆	<i>cF116</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
C ₉	SiO ₂ (β cristobalite)	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>	D8 _b	σCrFe	<i>tP30</i>	<i>P4₂/nm</i>
C ₁₀	SiO ₂ (β tridymite)	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>	D8 _c	Mg ₂ Zn ₁₁	<i>cP39</i>	<i>Pm3</i>
C _{11a}	CaC ₂	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4₁/nm</i>	D8 _d	Co ₂ Al ₉	<i>mP22</i>	<i>P2₁/c</i>
C _{11b}	MoSi ₂	<i>tI6</i>	<i>I4₁/nm</i>	D8 _e	Mg ₃ Z(Al,Zn) ₄₉	<i>cI162</i>	<i>Im3</i>
C ₁₂	CaSi ₂	<i>hR6</i>	<i>R3m</i>	D8 _f	Ge ₇ Ir ₃	<i>cI40</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
C ₁₄	MgZn ₂	<i>hP12</i>	<i>P6₃/mmc</i>	D8 _g	Ga ₂ Mg ₅	<i>oI28</i>	<i>Ibam</i>
C ₁₅	Cu ₂ Mg	<i>cF24</i>	<i>Fd3m</i>	D8 _h	W ₂ B ₅	<i>hP14</i>	<i>P6₃/nm</i>
C _{15b}	AuBe ₅	<i>cF24</i>	<i>F43m</i>	D8 _i	Mo ₂ B ₅	<i>hR7</i>	<i>R3m</i>
C ₁₆	Al ₂ Cu	<i>tI12</i>	<i>I4₁/mcm</i>	D8 _k	Th ₇ S ₁₂	<i>hP20</i>	<i>P6₃/m</i>
C ₁₈	FeS ₂ (marcasite)	<i>oP6</i>	<i>Pnnm</i>	D8 _l	Cr ₅ B ₃	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4₁/mcm</i>
C ₁₉	αSm	<i>hR3</i>	<i>R3m</i>	D8 _m	W ₅ Si ₃	<i>tI32</i>	<i>I4₁/mcm</i>
C ₂₁	TiO ₂ (brookite)	<i>oP24</i>	<i>Pbca</i>	D8 _n	Fe ₃ Zn ₁₀	<i>cI52</i>	<i>Im3m</i>
C ₂₂	Fe ₂ P	<i>hP9</i>	<i>P6₂m</i>	D8 ₁	Cu ₅ Zn ₈	<i>cI52</i>	<i>I43m</i>
C ₂₃	Co ₂ Si	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnma</i>	D8 ₂	Cu ₉ Al ₄	<i>cP52</i>	<i>P43m</i>
C ₂₈	HgCl ₂	<i>oP12</i>	<i>Pnnb</i>	D8 ₃	Cr ₂₃ C ₆	<i>cF116</i>	<i>Fm3m</i>
C ₃₂	AlB ₂	<i>hP3</i>	<i>P6₃/nm</i>	D8 ₄	Fe ₇ W ₆	<i>hR13</i>	<i>R3m</i>
C ₃₃	Bi ₂ Te ₃	<i>hR5</i>	<i>R3m</i>	D8 ₆	Cu ₁₅ Si ₄	<i>cI76</i>	<i>I43d</i>
C ₃₄	AuTe ₂ (calaverite)	<i>mC6</i>	<i>C2/m</i>				
C ₃₅	CaCl ₂	<i>oP6</i>	<i>Pnnm</i>				

(continued)

Arranged Alphabetically by Strukturbericht Designation (continued)

Struktur- bericht designation	Prototype	Pearson symbol	Space group	Struktur- bericht designation	Prototype	Pearson symbol	Space group
D8g.....	Mn ₅ Si ₃	hP16	P6 ₃ /mcm	E9 ₄	Al ₄ C ₄ Si	hP18	P6 ₃ mc
D8g.....	Co ₉ S ₈	cF68	Fm $\bar{3}$ m	F5 _a	FeKS ₂	mC16	C2/c
D8j ₀	Cr ₅ Al ₈	hR26	R $\bar{3}$ m	F0 ₁	NiSbS	cP12	P2 ₁ 3
D8j ₁	Co ₂ Al ₅	hP28	P6 ₃ /mmc	F5 ₁	NaCrS ₂	hR4	R $\bar{3}$ m
D10 ₁	Cr ₇ C ₃	oP40	Pnma	F5 ₆	CuS ₂ Sb	oP16	Pnma
D10 ₂	Fe ₃ Th ₇	hP20	P6 ₃ mc	H1 ₁	Al ₂ MgO ₄	cF56	Fd $\bar{3}$ m
D8j ₁	Co ₂ Al ₅	hP28	P6 ₃ /mmc	H2 ₄	Cu ₃ VS ₄	cP8	P4 $\bar{3}$ m
E0 ₁	PbFCl	tP6	P4/nmm	H2 ₆	FeCu ₂ SnS ₄	tI16	I4 $\bar{2}$ m
E0 ₇	FeAsS	mP24	P2 ₁ /c	L'1.....	Fe ₄ N	cF5	Fm $\bar{3}$ m
E1 _a	MgCuAl ₂	oC16	Cmcm	L'1 ₂	AlFe ₃ C	cP5	Pm $\bar{3}$ m
E1 _b	AgAuTe ₄	mP12	P2/c	L'2.....	ThH ₂	tI6	I4/mmm
E1 ₁	CuFeS ₂	tI16	I4 $\bar{2}$ d	L'3.....	Fe ₂ N	hP3	P6 ₃ /mmc
E2 ₁	CaTiO ₃	cP5	Pm $\bar{3}$ m	L1 _a	CuPt ₃	cF32	Fm $\bar{3}$ c
E3.....	Al ₂ CdS ₄	tI14	I4	L1 ₀	AuCu	tP2	P4/mmm
E9 _a	Al ₇ Cu ₂ Fe	tP40	P4/mnc	L1 ₁	CuPt	hR32	R $\bar{3}$ m
E9 _b	Al ₈ FeMg ₃ Si ₆	hP18	P6 $\bar{2}$ m	L1 ₂	AuCu ₃	cP4	Pm $\bar{3}$ m
E9 _d	AlLi ₃ N ₂	cI96	Ia $\bar{3}$	L2 _a	δ CuTi	tP2	P4/mmm
E9 _e	CuFe ₂ S ₃	oP24	Pnma	L2 ₁	AlCu ₂ Mn	cF16	Fm $\bar{3}$ m
E9 _c	Mn ₃ Al ₉ Si	hP26	P6 ₃ /mmc	L2 ₂	Sb ₂ Tl ₇	cF54	Im $\bar{3}$ m
E9 ₃	Fe ₃ W ₃ C	cF112	Fd $\bar{3}$ m	L6 ₀	CuTi ₃	tP4	P4/mmm

Temperature Conversions

The general arrangement of this table was devised by Sauveur and Boylston more than 40 years ago. The middle column of figures (in boldface type) contains the readings (°F or °C) to be converted. If converting from degrees Fahrenheit to degrees Celsius, read the Celsius equivalent in the column headed "C". If converting from Celsius to Fahrenheit, read the Fahrenheit equivalent in the column headed "F".

F	C	F	C	F	C	F	C	F	C					
.....	-458	-272.22	.....	-308	-188.89	-252.4	-158	-105.56	+17.6	-8	-22.22	287.6	142	61.11
.....	-456	-271.11	.....	-306	-187.78	-248.8	-156	-104.44	+21.2	-6	-21.11	291.2	144	62.22
.....	-454	-270.00	.....	-304	-186.67	-245.2	-154	-103.33	+24.8	-4	-20.00	294.8	146	63.33
.....	-452	-268.89	.....	-302	-185.56	-241.6	-152	-102.22	+28.4	-2	-18.89	298.4	148	64.44
.....	-450	-267.78	.....	-300	-184.44	-238.0	-150	-101.11	+32.0	±0	-17.78	302.0	150	65.56
.....	-448	-266.67	.....	-298	-183.33	-234.4	-148	-100.00	+35.6	+2	-16.67	305.6	152	66.67
.....	-446	-265.56	.....	-296	-182.22	-230.8	-146	-98.89	+39.2	+4	-15.56	309.2	154	67.78
.....	-444	-264.44	.....	-294	-181.11	-227.2	-144	-97.78	+42.8	+6	-14.44	312.8	156	68.89
.....	-442	-263.33	.....	-292	-180.00	-223.6	-142	-96.67	+46.4	+8	-13.33	316.4	158	70.00
.....	-440	-262.22	.....	-290	-178.89	-220.0	-140	-95.56	+50.0	+10	-12.22	320.0	160	71.11
.....	-438	-261.11	.....	-288	-177.78	-216.4	-138	-94.44	+53.6	+12	-11.11	323.6	162	72.22
.....	-436	-260.00	.....	-286	-176.67	-212.8	-136	-93.33	+57.2	+14	-10.00	327.2	164	73.33
.....	-434	-258.89	.....	-284	-175.56	-209.2	-134	-92.22	+60.8	+16	-8.89	330.8	166	74.44
.....	-432	-257.78	.....	-282	-174.44	-205.6	-132	-91.11	+64.4	+18	-7.78	334.4	168	75.56
.....	-430	-256.67	.....	-280	-173.33	-202.0	-130	-90.00	+68.0	+20	-6.67	338.0	170	76.67
.....	-428	-255.56	.....	-278	-172.22	-198.4	-128	-88.89	+71.6	+22	-5.56	341.6	172	77.78
.....	-426	-254.44	.....	-276	-171.11	-194.8	-126	-87.78	+75.2	+24	-4.44	345.2	174	78.89
.....	-424	-253.33	.....	-274	-170.00	-191.2	-124	-86.67	+78.8	+26	-3.33	348.8	176	80.00
.....	-422	-252.22	-457.6	-272	-168.89	-187.6	-122	-85.56	+82.4	+28	-2.22	352.4	178	81.11
.....	-420	-251.11	-454.0	-270	-167.78	-184.0	-120	-84.44	+86.0	+30	-1.11	356.0	180	82.22
.....	-418	-250.00	-450.4	-268	-166.67	-180.4	-118	-83.33	+89.6	+32	±0.00	359.6	182	83.33
.....	-416	-248.89	-446.8	-266	-165.56	-176.8	-116	-82.22	+93.2	+34	+1.11	363.2	184	84.44
.....	-414	-247.78	-443.2	-264	-164.44	-173.2	-114	-81.11	+96.8	+36	+2.22	366.8	186	85.56
.....	-412	-246.67	-439.6	-262	-163.33	-169.6	-112	-80.00	+100.4	+38	+3.33	370.4	188	86.67
.....	-410	-245.56	-436.0	-260	-162.22	-166.0	-110	-78.89	+104.0	+40	+4.44	374.0	190	87.78
.....	-408	-244.44	-432.4	-258	-161.11	-162.4	-108	-77.78	107.6	42	5.56	377.6	192	88.89
.....	-406	-243.33	-428.8	-256	-160.00	-158.8	-106	-76.67	111.2	44	6.67	381.2	194	90.00
.....	-404	-242.22	-425.2	-254	-158.89	-155.2	-104	-75.56	114.8	46	7.78	384.8	196	91.11
.....	-402	-241.11	-421.6	-252	-157.78	-151.6	-102	-74.44	118.4	48	8.89	388.4	198	92.22
.....	-400	-240.00	-418.0	-250	-156.67	-148.0	-100	-73.33	122.0	50	10.00	392.0	200	93.33
.....	-398	-238.89	-414.4	-248	-155.56	-144.4	-98	-72.22	125.6	52	11.11	395.6	202	94.44
.....	-396	-237.78	-410.8	-246	-154.44	-140.8	-96	-71.11	129.2	54	12.22	399.2	204	95.56
.....	-394	-236.67	-407.2	-244	-153.33	-137.2	-94	-70.00	132.8	56	13.33	402.8	206	96.67
.....	-392	-235.56	-403.6	-242	-152.22	-133.6	-92	-68.89	136.4	58	14.44	406.4	208	97.78
.....	-390	-234.44	-400.0	-240	-151.11	-130.0	-90	-67.78	140.0	60	15.56	410.0	210	98.89
.....	-388	-233.33	-396.4	-238	-150.00	-126.4	-88	-66.67	143.6	62	16.67	413.6	212	100.00
.....	-386	-232.22	-392.8	-236	-148.89	-122.8	-86	-65.56	147.2	64	17.78	417.2	214	101.11
.....	-384	-231.11	-389.2	-234	-147.78	-119.2	-84	-64.44	150.8	66	18.89	420.8	216	102.22
.....	-382	-230.00	-385.6	-232	-146.67	-115.6	-82	-63.33	154.4	68	20.00	424.4	218	103.33
.....	-380	-228.89	-382.0	-230	-145.56	-112.0	-80	-62.22	158.0	70	21.11	428.0	220	104.44
.....	-378	-227.78	-378.4	-228	-144.44	-108.4	-78	-61.11	161.6	72	22.22	431.6	222	105.56
.....	-376	-226.67	-374.8	-226	-143.33	-104.8	-76	-60.00	165.2	74	23.33	435.2	224	106.67
.....	-374	-225.56	-371.2	-224	-142.22	-101.2	-74	-58.89	168.8	76	24.44	438.8	226	107.78
.....	-372	-224.44	-367.6	-222	-141.11	-97.6	-72	-57.78	172.4	78	25.56	442.4	228	108.89
.....	-370	-223.33	-364.0	-220	-140.00	-94.0	-70	-56.67	176.0	80	26.67	446.0	230	110.00
.....	-368	-222.22	-360.4	-218	-138.89	-90.4	-68	-55.56	179.6	82	27.78	449.6	232	111.11
.....	-366	-221.11	-356.8	-216	-137.78	-86.8	-66	-54.44	183.2	84	28.89	453.2	234	112.22
.....	-364	-220.00	-353.2	-214	-136.67	-83.2	-64	-53.33	186.8	86	30.00	456.8	236	113.33
.....	-362	-218.89	-349.6	-212	-135.56	-79.6	-62	-52.22	190.4	88	31.11	460.4	238	114.44
.....	-360	-217.78	-346.0	-210	-134.44	-76.0	-60	-51.11	194.0	90	32.22	464.0	240	115.56
.....	-358	-216.67	-342.4	-208	-133.33	-72.4	-58	-50.00	197.6	92	33.33	467.6	242	116.67
.....	-356	-215.56	-338.8	-206	-132.22	-68.8	-56	-48.89	201.2	94	34.44	471.2	244	117.78
.....	-354	-214.44	-335.2	-204	-131.11	-65.2	-54	-47.78	204.8	96	35.56	474.8	246	118.89
.....	-352	-213.33	-331.6	-202	-130.00	-61.6	-52	-46.67	208.4	98	36.67	478.4	248	120.00
.....	-350	-212.22	-328.0	-200	-128.89	-58.0	-50	-45.56	212.0	100	37.78	482.0	250	121.11
.....	-348	-211.11	-324.4	-198	-127.78	-54.4	-48	-44.44	215.6	102	38.89	485.6	252	122.22
.....	-346	-210.00	-320.8	-196	-126.67	-50.8	-46	-43.33	219.2	104	40.00	489.2	254	123.33
.....	-344	-208.89	-317.2	-194	-125.56	-47.2	-44	-42.22	222.8	106	41.11	492.8	256	124.44
.....	-342	-207.78	-313.6	-192	-124.44	-43.6	-42	-41.11	226.4	108	42.22	496.4	258	125.56
.....	-340	-206.67	-310.0	-190	-123.33	-40.0	-40	-40.00	230.0	110	43.33	500.0	260	126.67
.....	-338	-205.56	-306.4	-188	-122.22	-36.4	-38	-38.89	233.6	112	44.44	503.6	262	127.78
.....	-336	-204.44	-302.8	-186	-121.11	-32.8	-36	-37.78	237.2	114	45.56	507.2	264	128.89
.....	-334	-203.33	-299.2	-184	-120.00	-29.2	-34	-36.67	240.8	116	46.67	510.8	266	130.00
.....	-332	-202.22	-295.6	-182	-118.89	-25.6	-32	-35.56	244.4	118	47.78	514.4	268	131.11
.....	-330	-201.11	-292.0	-180	-117.78	-22.0	-30	-34.44	248.0	120	48.89	518.0	270	132.22
.....	-328	-200.00	-288.4	-178	-116.67	-18.4	-28	-33.33	251.6	122	50.00	521.6	272	133.33
.....	-326	-198.89	-284.8	-176	-115.56	-14.8	-26	-32.22	255.2	124	51.11	525.2	274	134.44
.....	-324	-197.78	-281.2	-174	-114.44	-11.2	-24	-31.11	258.8	126	52.22	528.8	276	135.56
.....	-322	-196.67	-277.6	-172	-113.33	-7.6	-22	-30.00	262.4	128	53.33	532.4	278	136.67
.....	-320	-195.56	-274.0	-170	-112.22	-4.0	-20	-28.89	266.0	130	54.44	536.0	280	137.78
.....	-318	-194.44	-270.4	-168	-111.11	-0.4	-18	-27.78	269.6	132	55.56	539.6	282	138.89
.....	-316	-193.33	-266.8	-166	-110.00	+3.2	-16	-26.67	273.2	134	56.67	543.2	284	140.00
.....	-314	-192.22	-263.2	-164	-108.89	+6.8	-14	-25.56	276.8	136	57.78	546.8	286	141.11
.....	-312	-191.11	-259.6	-162	-107.78	+10.4	-12	-24.44	280.4	138	58.89	550.4	288	142.22
.....	-310	-190.00	-256.0	-160	-106.67	+14.0	-10	-23.33	284.0	140	60.00	554.0	290	143.33

4•18/Appendix

Temperature Conversions (continued)

F	C	F	C	F	C	F	C	F	C
557.6	292	144.44	870.8	466	241.11	1832.0	1000	537.78	3398.0
561.2	294	145.56	874.4	468	242.22	1850.0	1010	543.33	3416.0
564.8	296	146.67	878.0	470	243.33	1868.0	1020	548.89	3434.0
568.4	298	147.78	881.6	472	244.44	1886.0	1030	554.44	3452.0
572.0	300	148.89	885.2	474	245.56	1904.0	1040	560.00	3470.0
575.6	302	150.00	888.8	476	246.67	1922.0	1050	565.56	3488.0
579.2	304	151.11	892.4	478	247.78	1940.0	1060	571.11	3506.0
582.8	306	152.22	896.0	480	248.89	1958.0	1070	576.67	3524.0
586.4	308	153.33	899.6	482	250.00	1976.0	1080	582.22	3542.0
590.0	310	154.44	903.2	484	251.11	1994.0	1090	587.78	3560.0
593.6	312	155.56	906.8	486	252.22	2012.0	1100	593.33	3578.0
597.2	314	156.67	910.4	488	253.33	2030.0	1110	598.89	3596.0
600.8	316	157.78	914.0	490	254.44	2048.0	1120	604.44	3614.0
604.4	318	158.89	917.6	492	255.56	2066.0	1130	610.00	3632.0
608.0	320	160.00	921.2	494	256.67	2084.0	1140	615.56	3650.0
611.6	322	161.11	924.8	496	257.78	2102.0	1150	621.11	3668.0
615.2	324	162.22	928.4	498	258.89	2120.0	1160	626.67	3686.0
618.8	326	163.33	932.0	500	260.00	2138.0	1170	632.22	3704.0
622.4	328	164.44	935.6	502	261.11	2156.0	1180	637.78	3722.0
626.0	330	165.56	939.2	504	262.22	2174.0	1190	643.33	3740.0
629.6	332	166.67	942.8	506	263.33	2192.0	1200	648.89	3758.0
633.2	334	167.78	946.4	508	264.44	2210.0	1210	654.44	3776.0
636.8	336	168.89	950.0	510	265.56	2228.0	1220	660.00	3794.0
640.4	338	170.00	953.6	512	266.67	2246.0	1230	665.56	3812.0
644.0	340	171.11	957.2	514	267.78	2264.0	1240	671.11	3830.0
647.6	342	172.22	960.8	516	268.89	2282.0	1250	676.67	3848.0
651.2	344	173.33	964.4	518	270.00	2300.0	1260	682.22	3866.0
654.8	346	174.44	968.0	520	271.11	2318.0	1270	687.78	3884.0
658.4	348	175.56	971.6	522	272.22	2336.0	1280	693.33	3902.0
662.0	350	176.67	975.2	524	273.33	2354.0	1290	698.89	3920.0
665.6	352	177.78	978.8	526	274.44	2372.0	1300	704.44	3938.0
669.2	354	178.89	982.4	528	275.56	2390.0	1310	710.00	3956.0
672.8	356	180.00	986.0	530	276.67	2408.0	1320	715.56	3974.0
676.4	358	181.11	989.6	532	277.78	2426.0	1330	721.11	3992.0
680.0	360	182.22	993.2	534	278.89	2444.0	1340	726.67	4010.0
683.6	362	183.33	996.8	536	280.00	2462.0	1350	732.22	4028.0
687.2	364	184.44	1000.4	538	281.11	2480.0	1360	737.78	4046.0
690.8	366	185.56	1004.0	540	282.22	2498.0	1370	743.33	4064.0
694.4	368	186.67	1007.6	542	283.33	2516.0	1380	748.89	4082.0
698.0	370	187.78	1011.2	544	284.44	2534.0	1390	754.44	4100.0
701.6	372	188.89	1014.8	546	285.56	2552.0	1400	760.00	4118.0
705.2	374	190.00	1018.4	548	286.67	2570.0	1410	765.56	4136.0
708.8	376	191.11	1022.0	550	287.78	2588.0	1420	771.11	4154.0
712.4	378	192.22	1040.0	560	293.33	2606.0	1430	776.67	4172.0
716.0	380	193.33	1058.0	570	298.89	2624.0	1440	782.22	4190.0
719.6	382	194.44	1076.0	580	304.44	2642.0	1450	787.78	4208.0
723.2	384	195.56	1094.0	590	310.00	2660.0	1460	793.33	4226.0
726.8	386	196.67	1112.0	600	315.56	2678.0	1470	798.89	4244.0
730.4	388	197.78	1130.0	610	321.11	2696.0	1480	804.44	4262.0
734.0	390	198.89	1148.0	620	326.67	2714.0	1490	810.00	4280.0
737.6	392	200.00	1166.0	630	332.22	2732.0	1500	815.56	4298.0
741.2	394	201.11	1184.0	640	337.78	2750.0	1510	821.11	4316.0
744.8	396	202.22	1202.0	650	343.33	2768.0	1520	826.67	4334.0
748.4	398	203.33	1220.0	660	348.89	2786.0	1530	832.22	4352.0
752.0	400	204.44	1238.0	670	354.44	2804.0	1540	837.78	4370.0
755.6	402	205.56	1256.0	680	360.00	2822.0	1550	843.33	4388.0
759.2	404	206.67	1274.0	690	365.56	2840.0	1560	848.89	4406.0
762.8	406	207.78	1292.0	700	371.11	2858.0	1570	854.44	4424.0
766.4	408	208.89	1310.0	710	376.67	2876.0	1580	860.00	4442.0
770.0	410	210.00	1328.0	720	382.22	2894.0	1590	865.56	4460.0
773.6	412	211.11	1346.0	730	387.78	2912.0	1600	871.11	4478.0
777.2	414	212.22	1364.0	740	393.33	2930.0	1610	876.67	4496.0
780.8	416	213.33	1382.0	750	398.89	2948.0	1620	882.22	4514.0
784.4	418	214.44	1400.0	760	404.44	2966.0	1630	887.78	4532.0
788.0	420	215.56	1418.0	770	410.00	2984.0	1640	893.33	4550.0
791.6	422	216.67	1436.0	780	415.56	3002.0	1650	898.89	4568.0
795.2	424	217.78	1454.0	790	421.11	3020.0	1660	904.44	4586.0
798.8	426	218.89	1472.0	800	426.67	3038.0	1670	910.00	4604.0
802.4	428	220.00	1490.0	810	432.22	3056.0	1680	915.56	4622.0
806.0	430	221.11	1508.0	820	437.78	3074.0	1690	921.11	4640.0
809.6	432	222.22	1526.0	830	443.33	3092.0	1700	926.67	4658.0
813.2	434	223.33	1544.0	840	448.89	3110.0	1710	932.22	4676.0
816.8	436	224.44	1562.0	850	454.44	3128.0	1720	937.78	4694.0
820.4	438	225.56	1580.0	860	460.00	3146.0	1730	943.33	4712.0
824.0	440	226.67	1598.0	870	465.56	3164.0	1740	948.89	4730.0
827.6	442	227.78	1616.0	880	471.11	3182.0	1750	954.44	4748.0
831.2	444	228.89	1634.0	890	476.67	3200.0	1760	960.00	4766.0
834.8	446	230.00	1652.0	900	482.22	3218.0	1770	965.56	4784.0
838.4	448	231.11	1670.0	910	487.78	3236.0	1780	971.11	4802.0
842.0	450	232.22	1688.0	920	493.33	3254.0	1790	976.67	4820.0
845.6	452	233.33	1706.0	930	498.89	3272.0	1800	982.22	4838.0
849.2	454	234.44	1724.0	940	504.44	3290.0	1810	987.78	4856.0
852.8	456	235.56	1742.0	950	510.00	3308.0	1820	993.33	4874.0
856.4	458	236.67	1760.0	960	515.56	3326.0	1830	998.89	4892.0
860.0	460	237.78	1778.0	970	521.11	3344.0	1840	1004.44	4910.0
863.6	462	238.89	1796.0	980	526.67	3362.0	1850	1010.00	4928.0
867.2	464	240.00	1814.0	990	532.22	3380.0	1860	1015.56	4946.0
4964.0	2740	1504.4	4982.0	2750	1510.0	5000.0	2760	1515.6	5018.0
5036.0	2780	1526.7	5054.0	2790	1532.2	5072.0	2800	1537.8	5090.0
5108.0	2820	1548.9	5126.0	2830	1554.4	5144.0	2840	1560.0	5162.0
5178.0	2860	1571.1	5216.0	2880	1582.2	5234.0	2890	1587.8	5252.0
5246.0	2900	1593.3	5288.0	2920	1604.4	5306.0	2930	1610.0	5324.0
5314.0	2940	1615.6	5342.0	2950	1621.1	5360.0	2960	1626.7	5378.0
5378.0	2970	1632.2	5396.0	2980	1637.8	5414.0	2990	1643.3	5420.0
5442.0	3000	1648.9	5432.0	3010	1654.4	5450.0	3020	1660.0	5466.0
5498.0	3040	1671.1	5504.0	3050	1676.7	5522.0	3060	1682.2	5538.0
5540.0	3080	1683.3	5558.0	3090	1698.9	5576.0	3100	1704.4	5594.0
5600.0	3120	1716.7	5622.0	3130	1722.2	5642.0	3140	1732.2	5658.0
5658.0	3160	1737.8	5682.0	3170	1743.3	5702.0	3180	1752.2	5716.0
5714.0	3180	1757.8	5722.0	3190	1766.7	5742.0	3200	1777.8	5766.0
5766.0	3200	1788.9	5782.0	3210	1793.3	5802.0	3220	1804.4	5818.0
5814.0	3220	1804.4	5822.0	3230	1815.6	5842.0	3240	1826.7	5864.0
5858.0	3240	1826.7	5862.0	3250	1837.8	5882.0	3260	1848.9	5900.0
5900.0	3260	1854.4	5902.0	3270	1860.0	5922.0	3280	1871.1	5938.0
5938.0	3280	1871.1	5942.0	3290	1882.2	5962.0	3300	1887.8	5978.0
5972.0	3300	1893.3	5982.0	3310	1904.4	5992.0	3320	1909.9	6008.0
6008.0	3320	1915.6	6002.0	3330	1926.7	6018.0	3340	1915.6	6028.0
6042.0	3340	1927.8	6022.0	3350	1943.3	6038.0	3360	1921.1	6048.0
6076.0	3360	1937.8	6042.0	3370	1954.4	6058.0	3380	1926.7	6068.0
6108.0	3380	1948.9	6058.0	3390	1965.5	6078.0	3400	1932.2	6088.0
6138.0	3400	1954.4	6068.0	3410	1976.7	6098.0	3420	1937.8	6108.0
6168.0	3420	1960.0	6078.0	3430	1987.8	6118.0	3440	1943.3	6128.0
6198.0	3440	1965.6	6088.0	3450	1998.9	6138.0	3460	1948.9	6148.0
6228.0	3460	1971.1	6098.0	3470	2009.9	6158.0	3480	1954.4	6168.0
6258.0	3480	1976.7	6108.0	3490	2020.0	6178.0	3500	1959.9	6

Abbreviations

antiphase structure	APS	gas	G	megapascal	MPa
atomic percent	at. %	Gibbs energy	G	melting point	M.P.
body-centered cubic	bcc	gigapascal	GPa	metallic element	M
body-centered tetragonal	bct	greater than	>	nanometer	nm
boiling point	B.P.	heat capacity	C	percent	%
Celsius	°C	heat energy	Q	pressure	P
close-packed hexagonal	cph	high temperature	HT	room temperature	RT
components	c	increment (finite)	δ	solid	S
composition	X	increment (infinitesimally		stable phases	p
Curie temperature	T _C	small)	Δ	sublimation point	S.P.
degree (Angular)	°	interaxial angle	A, B, Γ	temperature	T
degrees of freedom	f	internal energy	E	transformation temperature ...	A
differential	d	Kelvin	K	triple point	T.P.
edge length	a, b, c	kilobar	kbar	unknown	
enthalpy	H	kilopascal	kPa	volume	V
entropy	S	less than	<	weight percent	wt. %
face-centered cubic	fcc	liquid	L	work energy	W
Fahrenheit	°F	low temperature	LT		

Greek Alphabet

Greek letter	Name	English equivalent	Greek letter	Name	English equivalent	Greek letter	Name	English equivalent
A, α	Alpha	A, a	I, ι	Iota	I, i	P, ρ	Rho	R, r
B, β	Beta	B, b	K, κ	Kappa	K, k	Σ, σ	Sigma	S, s
Γ, γ	Gamma	G, g	Λ, λ	Lambda	L, l	T, τ	Tau	T, t
Δ, δ	Delta	D, d	M, μ	Mu	M, m	Υ, υ	Upsilon	U, u
E, ε	Epsilon	E, e	N, ν	Nu	N, n	Φ, φ	Phi	Ph
Z, ζ	Zeta	Z, ζ	Ξ, ξ	Xi	X, x	Χ, χ	Chi	Ch
H, η	Eta	E, e	Ο, ο	Omicron	O, o	Ψ, ψ	Psi	Ps
Θ, θ	Theta	Th	Π, π	Pi	P, p	Ω, ω	Omega	O, o

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